THE OTTAWA TIMES.

VOL. VIII. NO. 2583 — OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1874. — PRICE 3 CENTS.

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.
A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of
COFFINS AND CASKETS,
SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 2, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. G. G. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 9, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S. Ont.
Office and Residence—O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 14, 1877. 2529y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence—Corner of Hugh and Sparks-sts.
April 20, 1874. 2558 6m.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S, L.D.S,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—On Sparks-st., a few doors East of O'Connor-st., opposite Henry & Robinson's New Book.
March 2, 1871. 2522y

TAYLOR & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Batty's Block, Rideau Street.
J. G. TAYLOR, F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 3, 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. S. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
1st Feb. 1, 1874. 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
L. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FOLAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2862-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. VALLIFERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.,)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514y

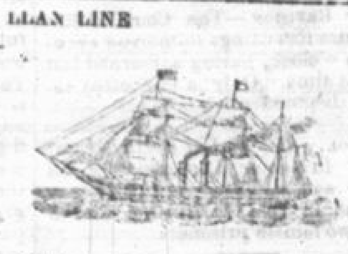
DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 2, 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
OFFICE—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks-street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
USE THE
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
TOOK
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the highest satisfaction of any Machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Call on or address,
GEO. DAWSON,
60 Sparks-st., Ottawa
May 12, 1874. 2567-3m

ALLAN LINE



OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	May	2
From Quebec:		
SARMATIAN	"	9
CIRCASSIAN	"	16
PRUSSIAN	"	23
HIBERNIAN	"	30

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin .... $77 50 to $87 50
Steerage $29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

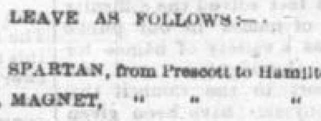
LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874 — 1874

TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, DELTA.
The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from
LONDON
For Quebec and Montreal
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,
(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from
QUEBEC FOR LONDON
ABOUT 7th MAY.
Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and to the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billiter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. A. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
April 14, 1874. 2543.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "
WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2551

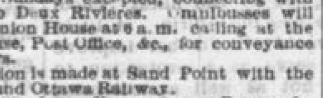


ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudière	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels leaves Aylmer daily at 8.30 a.m., Sundays excepted, connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union House at 6 a.m. calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of passengers.
A connection is made at Sand Point with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7, returning leaving Chapeau same days, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, May 11, 1874. 2587

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.

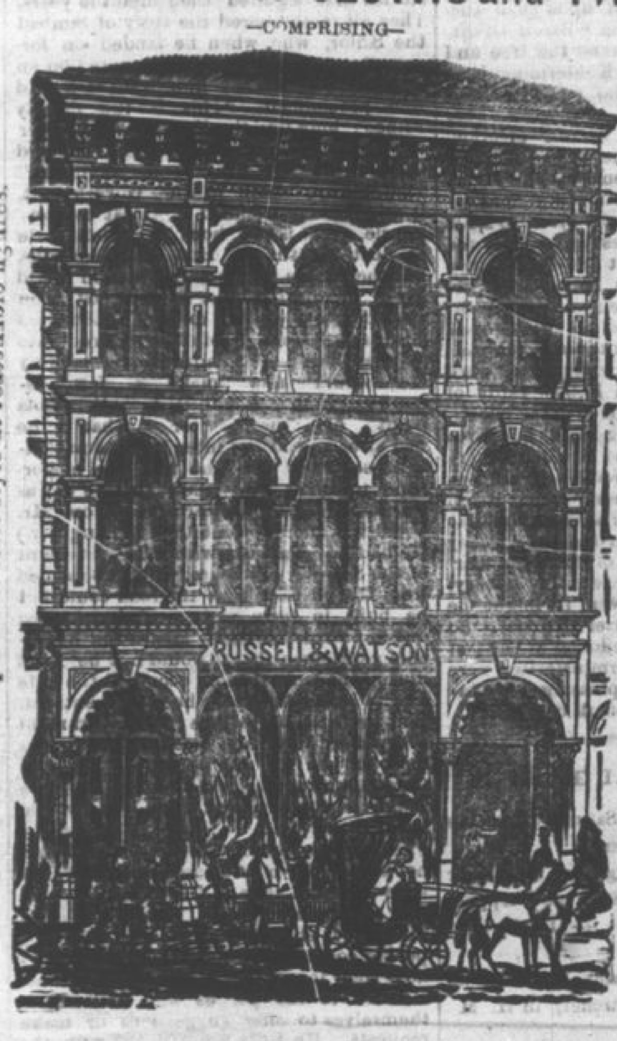


Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonell
" PRINCESS .... P. McGowan
DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a.m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.
UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-rooms extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will pass AND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are not surpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

GOOD TIMES COMING
IN
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

Tailoring Department
RUSSELL & WATSON.
A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS
—COMPRISING—

TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.



WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of FELLING COATINGS and FRENCH SERGES.

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
RUSSELL & WATSON
May 2, 1874.

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S
GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES
FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
1874. 2484

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold $1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
39 SPARKS-ST

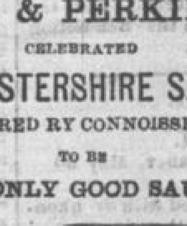
ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!—
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL AND WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 24, 1873. 2523

Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements—which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works.
Ottawa, Sept. 12 1873.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Fifty Cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer. Trade Mark secured. Montreal.

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528



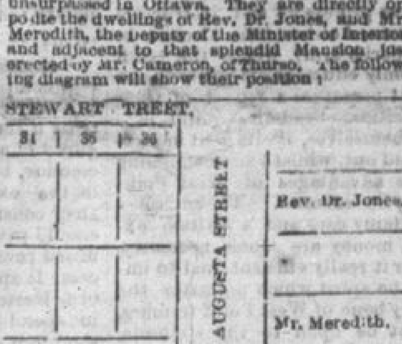
LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or travelling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Address at once, Clendenon, Daniels & Co., Notre Dame-st., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street,

AUCTION! AUCTION! AUCTION!
EXCELSIOR SALE OF CITY LOTS and House Property by Auction, at
BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, ELGIN STREET,
ON
Wednesday, the 3rd of June,
At 12 o'clock, noon, and 7:30 same evening.
The subscriber will sell by Public Auction on above-named day and place, several fine Building Lots, Farms and House Property, comprising in part as follows:—Lots 34, 35 and 36, South side Stewart street; 34, 35 and 36, North side Wilbrod street; 66x99 each. These lots are finely situated and from their high position as well as the respectability of the locality, are admitted to be unsurpassed in Ottawa. They are directly opposite the dwellings of Rev. Dr. Jones, and Mr. Meredith, the Deputy of the Minister of Interior, and adjacent to that splendid Mansion just erected by Mr. Cameron, of Thurso. The following diagram will show their position:



They will be offered en bloc and if not disposed of altogether, will be sold in half Lots of 33x99, the purchaser having the option to take one or more. ... of the subdivisions can be seen at the office of the subscriber. This is a rare chance to purchase cheap Building Lots in a most beautiful and healthy locality. All desirous of investing in valuable City Property, are requested to visit the lots, they can be easily known as there are large posters of the sale on the fence. At same time and place will be sold, 39 South Daly and 39 North Stewart, 66x99 each, and directly opposite Mr. Robillard's new Stone Buildings, now erecting on Daly street. Lot No. 46 South Daly and 46 North Stewart, two fine Building Lots, and well situated. Lot N, North Wilbrod, near the corner of Ottawa and Allbrod streets, and nearly opposite the Catholic College. West Half of Lot 18 St. Paul street, with a story frame house thereon, having a shop and eight good rooms, stable, sheds, and storehouse. This will be found a remunerative investment, as it will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Several other lots that cannot be enumerated will be offered. Terms and conditions made known time of Sale.
Don't forget the day, WEDNESDAY, 3rd JUNE, at Twelve o'clock, and 7:30 same evening.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 26th, 1874.

AUCTION! AUCTION!
The Subscriber is instructed to sell without any reserve, outside his sale rooms, Elgin street, at twelve o'clock on Saturday next, one double seated buggy, nearly new, set of single harness very little used, Gents riding saddle and bridle, used only once, one side saddle, one very fine canoe and about three dozen oars and paddles, several boat rudders, about two dozen cushioned seats and cushioned backs for boats, of all dimensions. One very fine breech-loading rifle, capable of discharging sixteen rounds per minute together with five hundred of ball cartridge. At seven thirty, same evening, will be sold by auction at sale rooms, a second consignment of children's carriages, about two dozen very fine Art Union engravings in handsome gold frames, one hundred toilet sets in all colors, several croquet sets, ten dozen glass goblets and tumblers, ten dozen port and sherry glasses, two cornices, vases, lamps, &c., &c., as well as various other articles that cannot be enumerated. Sale of Dry Goods every evening, commencing Monday evening, June 1st, at 7:30.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
May 27th, 1874. (tf)

TO BE SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE.
Forty five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cummings' Bridge, the city limits, being West half of East half Lot No. 11.
The situation is excellent, and the land very fine.
To speculators this will prove an excellent investment. Terms easy. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM.
That most valuable and centrally situated property, Lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, and directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with the Buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four Lots, twenty-four feet nine inches each.
Apply before sixth of June for a special bargain; after that date a higher price will be put on the property.
All information to be given on application to
J. BERMINGHAM.
Ottawa, May 28, 1874.

FOR SALE.
To be sold at a low price, and on easy terms of payment, a handsome BRICK RESIDENCE, situate near the Munchmore Racing Park, just off the Bank Street Road, and having about one acre of land attached thereto. The House is 28x40, one and a half stories high, and contains eight rooms—four above and four below stairs,—with a cellar the full size of the House, having a wall from two and a half to three feet thick. There are also excellent out-houses and every accommodation requisite for a comfortable rural residence. This will be found an excellent opportunity for persons of limited means who desire to secure a pleasant residence within a convenient distance of the City. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

EXTENSIVE CONSIGNMENT
OF
DRY GOODS,
For a few days
AT PRIVATE SALE.
The Subscriber has received from Messrs. Benning and Barsalou, the largest Wholesale Importers and Auctioneers in Montreal, a large quantity of New Dry Goods direct from England, which will be offered during this month, at private sale, far below any wholesale prices in the country. They are desirous of establishing an Agency in this City, and for that purpose have consigned to me the following goods for immediate sale. Bleached and Half Bleached Damask Linen and Twilled Sheeting, Damask Napkins, Stair Linen, Black Lustre, Marseilles Quilts, Lace Curtains, Balbriggan Hose, White Brilliant Shawls in Variety, Bed Ticking, Striped Dress Goods, Check Dress Goods, Newest Colors in Dress Goods, New Striped Marseilles, New Prints, Gent's Water-proof Overcoats, 500 pairs of Fine White Blankets, selling for $2 per pair worth $4; 500 pairs Excellent Grey Blankets for Shanty or Rafting purposes, selling for $2 per pair, well worth $3.50.
All to be sold at Private Sale, call and get Share of the bargains, at the Sale Room of the subscriber Elgin Street.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa May 12th, 1874.

PLANTS!
Plants, Plants,
100,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.
ALSO:
A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—
Verbenas.
Petunias.
Asters.
Stocks.
Balsams.
Ev[er]lasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c. &c.
For sale at reasonable prices at
ANDREW HICKEY'S
Bank Street Road, adjoining Rideau Canal.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME
$60 a Week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands making money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Rockland, N. J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH
Advocates a "higher type of manhood—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.
$2 a year, with free "Bath." $1.50 without.
ISAAC MAND, J. O. Orwell, New-York.
May 7, 1874.

Dominion Parliament,

First Session Third Parliament.

THE SENATE.

Continued.

SATURDAY, May 23.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD characterized as most erroneous, some of the statements of the honorable member (Mr. Alexander) including the assertion that the Baie Verte Canal was a Maritime Province work. He contended, in reply, that it was one of interest to the Dominion generally. As to the Intercolonial Railway, he protested against the line of his argument. That was also a Dominion work, as shown by the British North America Act. Since its contemplation as a Grand Trunk line, two competing roads have been undertaken—which were not forseen—so that the Intercolonial, the longer line, must fail, since it would become only a local line the moment the others were completed. The honorable gentleman went on to describe the earlier proceedings with respect to the Baie Verte Canal scheme, which had been under consideration for half a century. The N. B. Gov't had, moreover, spent a great deal of money on surveys, but had had in view only a boat canal. The Government had put a vote in the supplies for its commencement, but difficulties existed as to the route and its feasibility. Till thorough surveys were made, there was a doubt as to its practicability. But the report of the Chief Engineer of the Board of Works completely set that question at rest, as also that respecting the proper termini of this great work. Sir Howard Douglas, an artillery officer of great skill and ability, had years ago, pitched upon the two termini now recommended by Mr Page, which were, no doubt, the best. He (Mr. B.) with a few others, had cut a canal, a few miles long, through this very soil, which some had imagined so difficult to pierce. It was 100 feet wide at the entrance, and for a considerable distance, and 13 feet deep, while for six miles it was 30 feet wide. Mr. Page was astonished at this work being done by private enterprise, or without public aid. They had cut through all those morasses spoken of, and he was quite sure that, with engineering skill and capital, there would be no difficulty in constructing the Baie Verte Canal through the Isthmus. He presumed that when the Government put an item for this work in the estimates, they were sincere and meant action. We had the opinion of both Governments as to the necessity of the canal. He read extracts from public and commercial documents all going to show the importance of the canal, through which, it was believed, over 800 vessels would pass each season, irrespective of the tonnage of P. E. Island and other countries, while three-fourths of the 1,400 American vessels fishing in British waters representing 150,000 tons would thereby be accommodated. Americans stated that if this Canal existed they would be able to make two catches a season instead of one. He pointed out the impetus it would give the trade between Western cities and the Atlantic seaboard, vessels taking from Duluth and other Lake ports flour and grain, and returning from the Lower Provinces with coal and fish. The Spring Hill Mines were only 20 miles from the Bay of Fundy terminus. When the canal was completed and the Welland and St. Lawrence enlarged, they would see vessels of 1,000 tons passing from the far West down to the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia seaboard and thence to the West Indies and other countries, from which they could bring back valuable cargoes for the cities of the St. Lawrence and the Lakes. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. READ admitted the importance of the Canal, and said there was no doubt it would be commenced. The Government could not fail to construct it, after their many assurances that they placed nothing in the estimates for sham. The Canal had, however, few friends in the other branch of the Legislature.

Hon. Mr. KAULBACH assumed the Canal was to be constructed, as it would complete the inland navigation of the country. He argued it was more important to the Great West than to the Maritime Provinces. The coast was a dangerous one, and if the Canal were practicable, it should be undertaken.

After a few words from Hon. Mr. McLELAN, and from Hon. Mr. LETELLIER in support of the motion for a second reading of the Bill.

Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER replied to observations elicited by his remarks and said he did not think the answer of the Minister of Agriculture satisfactory. The Government ought not to put in the estimates any item they did not intend to use. Mr. Page had said that the receipts from the canal would not pay the interest on the cost of its construction, and that the interest would amount to $800,000 a year. He agreed to withdraw his motion.

The amendment was withdrawn, and the original motion was carried.

The Bill then went through the remaining stages and was passed.

The Bill amending the Militia Act, and extending it to Prince Edward Island was read a second and third time.

The House rose at six o'clock, to meet at eight.

AFTER RECESS.

The House went into Committee on the Election Bill.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL thought the bill defective in not providing a means of detecting personation.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER said it was too late to make important changes. It was almost impossible to detect personation and preserve the principle of secrecy. But offenders would be proceeded against.

The Bill was reported with the several amendments made, Mr. LETELLIER stating, in reply to Mr. CAMPBELL, he would consult his colleagues before taking the proceeding stages. He would not keep the House waiting many Minutes.

THIRD READINGS.

The following Bills from the Commons were read a first, second, and third times and passed:—

A Bill to extend to British Columbia certain commercial laws now in force in certain of the other sections of the Dominion.

Bill to amend the Act with reference to the North-west Police Force.

Bill to extend the powers of the Canada Permanent Building Society.

Bill to extend certain Acts therein mentioned to Prince Edward Island.

CONCURRENCE.

A number of Bills were received from the Commons, with amendments, which the Senate concurred in.

INDIANS.

A Bill was received from the Commons to amend certain laws relating to Indians, and to extend the operation of the same to Manitoba and British Columbia.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT, in moving the second reading of the Bill, said that he intended to move an amendment to it to provide against the selling of opium to Indians.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD said that he saw in the Bill a clause which he thought an extraordinary one. It provided that a magistrate could on the oath of an Indian send certain offenders to prison for two years, and the persons so convicted could not appeal.

Hon. Mr. CARRALL thought the clause was all right. There were persons engaged in selling poisonous liquors to the Indians in British Columbia, which were killing them off by hundreds, and no measure could be too stringent to put a stop to the traffic.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT said the hon. gentleman was mistaken with regard to the clause. He pointed out that Indians were excepted under the clause in question from giving evidence.

The Bill was read a second time.

THE ELECTION BILL.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST moved that the amendments made by the Committee of the Whole House to the Election Bill be concurred in. (Hear, hear.) At the same time he held that this Chamber should not have made any change in the Bill, as it was one which related entirely to the other House. Notwithstanding the slight amendment that had been made to the Bill, however, there was still enough in it to commend it to the favor of the country, and if the amendment would make the bill more acceptable to the people of Prince Edward Island he would the less regret that it had been made.

After a few remarks from Hon. Messrs. WILMOT and HAVILAND,

The motion was carried.

The bill was then read a third time and passed.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY.

On motion of Hon. Mr. SCOTT,

The House went into Committee.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL asked the mover of the resolution if he did not intend to make any remarks on the Bill.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT said the bill had been pretty well discussed already, and he did not intend to make any remarks on it at the present stage.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he thought that, in a matter involving so much money, and such serious consequences, the House might reasonably have expected some explanations on the measure. He felt it was due to the House to have made some remarks on this subject. The Bill itself, he did not propose to offer any opposition to, but he desired to make some observations upon the differences between it and the bill of last year in certain respects. The subsidy in money was the same as was also that in land, but, in addition thereto, a guarantee of four per cent. was granted by the present bill, on a certain sum not named, for, he thought, a limited period. Now, that was an obligation of an indefinite character, and which might be very onerous in the future. He looked upon it with great distrust. He was quite satisfied that if the late Government had proposed to add to the burdens of the people, such a guarantee upon a vague sum for a period like 25 years, the whole country would have been aroused with appeals against that course. As it was, the scheme devised by the late Government was considered as imposing extraordinary, unheard of obligations upon the community, which could never be sustained. Then he found it was proposed to make the road either the subject of a contract with private individuals, who should take in different sections, or that it might be constructed by the Government in sections; and if constructed by individuals, it was to be worked by them, or might be assumed by the country at any time. Well, he quite admitted, there might be very great difference of opinion as to the relative advantages of constructing this gigantic work in one block, or dividing it into sections, and constructing it piece by piece. It might be advantageous to put it into the hands of a number of different companies, or that the late Government were right in leaving it to one grand company to undertake the whole enterprise. That might have been the most economical way. There were many advantages on both sides. He admitted the Government might be right in granting the work to some large wealthy Company with extensive connections on both continents and powerful means of bringing out emigrants from Europe. It might be too much for one company, and be divided into six sections, although he did not see it very clearly; for rival companies constructing each a certain section would not have the same opportunity or perhaps the same need to use great exertions for collecting emigrants and accumulating supplies of various kinds, and thus might a serious argument against the section system be built up. Then there might not be harmony between the progress made on the different sections, and there was nothing in the bill to show whether the section at the beginning of the road, that opened on the navigable waters, was to proceed first or sections in the interior. He inferred from what had been said in another place that, although the Government were passing a bill for a trans-continental railway, they were not only not committing themselves, but had refused to commit themselves to the construction of the Pacific Railway. (Hear, hear.) What they did commit themselves to was simply the construction of a road from Fort Garry to Pembina. They also spoke of a section from a point on Lake Nipissing to the shores of Lake Huron or the Georgian Bay. Then he found a bill was introduced a few days ago by the Secretary of State to incorporate a company to build a railway between those points; and he presumed the company was composed of gentlemen whom the Government desired to favor, and that they would receive for the work the advantages the Government were enabled to give, and that, when completed, it would be handed over to them to work. He thought it was likely, also, the branch from Pembina to Fort Garry would be dealt with in the same way.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT—By connection with the bill is purely accidental.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—This projected railway of the Ontario and Pacific Junction Railway Company was, apparently to run over the line the bill under discussion contemplated for the eastern section; and from the part taken with regard to it, by the hon. gentleman, he ventured to assume what he had expressed. There was no doubt the Fort Garry and Pembina section ought to be the first entered upon, but there was no American railway to within a considerable distance of Pembina. That, however might be the case for only a short period. Probably next year there would be an extension to the frontier. What the advantage of constructing the branch to Georgian Bay would be, unless the Government carried out in good faith the agreement entered into with British Columbia, he could not see. It seemed to him that it would be a piece of road without any connection, and that it would be of no use to anybody. The other features of the Bill which he contemplated with considerable distrust, were those which related to the working of the road when it shall have been completed, and the option which was given to the Government to construct any section, or to give it out to contractors. He held that by this bill the Government had taken a great deal more power into their own hands than was taken by the late Government. Under the scheme of the late Government it was known to what extent the Government was committed, but by this, the country did not know that, for under this scheme the Government might give to contractors the sections of the road which were easy to construct, but when the sections were difficult of construction they might not get contractors to take them, and have to do the work themselves; and when the road came to be worked the Government would find that they would have to work the difficult sections themselves. The whole subject was left in extreme vagueness, while the bill provided for an accumulation of important power in the hands of the Government which they said they did not contemplate at present using.

Hon. Mr. PENNY—Not till after Parliament has sanctioned it.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—They did not say they would not use these powers till Parliament had sanctioned it, but any charters they made were to be revised by Parliament. The bill made a merit of declaring, in so many words, they should always be submitted to Parliament. He looked upon that as a sort of Pecksniffian virtue displayed, because everybody knew that Parliament was constantly at the bellows; and you could not get such matters outside the purview of Parliament whether the Bill said so or not.

Hon. Mr PENNY—It would not have interfered with your scheme.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—It would have interfered if the occasion had required. Parliament could interfere with a contract in the middle of the work on compensating the parties interested. Then what could Parliament know about a contract beforehand? He would have been much more pleased to believe that the Government intended to prosecute this enterprise in good faith, (Hear, hear,)—and as rapidly as their means permitted. It might be that the late Government were blameable in agreeing to carry on so great an enterprise in ten years, but everybody knew we were making that bargain with a colony coming into the Union, and that is would be as much interested in the affairs of the Confederation as any other portion. Our bargain with British Columbia was like entering into a similar arrangement with a person who was going to become a partner the next day; and no doubt, if fair progress had been made with the road in ten years, and it had been seen that an attempt had been made to carry out the scheme in good faith, the people of British Columbia would be perfectly content though the road was not completed in the time stipulated. He believed that under the arrangement proposed by the late Government, the construction of a road from the shores of Lake Superior to the Pacific would have been undertaken in good faith with British Columbia; that the work would have been in the hands of large contractors, and that it would have progressed as rapidly as a fair application of capital would have permitted. Under this Bill no one knew what degree of rapidity or slowness, in the construction of the road, the Ministry of the day contemplated. He could not but think that this House should have had the fullest explanations from the hon. introducer of the Bill with regard to what they intended to do under this scheme. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. SCOTT said that his hon. friend had endeavoured to leave the impression that it was out of some want of respect to the House that he refrained from going into a discussion of the provisions of the Bill. The reason why he had not done so was that he believed this House and the whole country were so fully aware of the Government policy with regard to the road that it seemed quite unnecessary to make any remarks on the Bill until some objections were raised to it. The hon. gentleman then proceeded to refer to the fact that when the present Government came into power they found that a treaty had been entered into by the late Government to build a railway within ten years, although they had no knowledge as to whether it would be possible for them to fulfil that promise, that the scheme proposed was one which it was utterly impossible to carry out in the time agreed upon, and that when it was taken upon the money market capitalists would scarcely look at it. He pointed out that when the present Government found that the scheme which the late Government had adopted was impracticable, they decided that they would do the next best thing, and avail themselves of the stretches of water communication that were to be met with in crossing the continent, and by building portions of the road over the intervening distances, secure communication with British Columbia as early as possible. The Government desired to open the great North West to settlement, but at the same time they wished the people of British Columbia to understand that they were anxious to carry out the terms of union with them as soon as possible. (Laughter by Hon. Mr. Carrall.) He saw the hon. gentleman smiled, but a confidential agent had been sent to British Columbia by the Government, and when the papers came down the liberality of the terms proposed to that Province by the Government would perhaps be a matter of surprise. When less liberal terms were proposed in the other House the other day, only five gentlemen voted for them, and thus it was seen what the country was with regard to the varying feeling of the out off the terms of union with British Columbia. After entering into an explanation with regard to the four per cent. guarantee, he said that a subsidy was to be given to railways connecting the Canadian system of railways with the eastern terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. This would give a direct connection with Lake Huron, and from the eastern point of Lake Huron, and to the western end of Lake Superior. From that point they intended to construct the road to Fort Garry, and also the branch from Pembina to Fort Garry. He thought that from the experience which the country had had in the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, they would be inclined to adopt the motto of *festina lente* especially seeing the different character of the two roads. The Government would construct the road throughout British territory as soon as they could do so.

Hon. Dr. CARRALL said it would be his duty to detain the House for some time, and to criticise the conduct of the Government. He regretted that it was so, for he would have prefered at this late period and almost the close of the session to have spoken rather words of endearment—(laughter), than otherwise with regard to the policy they had pursued. That policy would call forth some words from him that he hoped would not be taken in a political sense. He shared in the feeling of amazement and astonishment expressed by the hon. member from Kingston, that this Government or any other Government in Canada should think it was discharging their duty sufficiently by laying this bill on the table with sublime indifference without a remark. It was a measure of the greatest importance, and one that had cost the existence of one Government, and might result in the writing of the epitaph of the present on their tombstone.—(Laughter.) He had heard utterances from time to time in which it was propounded that it was in consequence of the admission of British Columbia into the Confederation that the country was called upon to build the Pacific Railway. It seemed that the Government had brought this measure down at the last hour and carried it through the Lower House, and then it was sent to this Chamber as if it was the intention to smuggle it through at the end of the session. This he did not think was fair or just, because it was a matter that required the fullest and freest consideration, and the members of the Government should have come to the Senate with such a statement as would have enabled the Chamber to discuss the matter at length, but instead of that it had been left to the last moment, and was then laid on the table without a word. There was one thing that he felt a deep interest in, and that was in reference to the terms of the agreement made with British Columbia, and he felt it his duty to stand up in defence of those terms. It had been heralded to the world that British Columbian gentlemen were most expensive and luxurious, and to gratify them the nation was bound to build a railway from one end of the continent to the other. He desired to give that a flat contradiction, and he might say for the representatives of British Columbia, without taking upon themselves to boast, that they were actuated, in putting the conditions for building the railway into the agreement, by a desire to unificate and build up the whole Dominion. He looked upon the building of the Pacific Railway as the great agent in the work of European emigration, and a work that would enable them to make the Dominion a competitive nation with our neighbors in the south of the ...

Continued on Second Page.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLARET!

Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin, Margaux.
Do do Medoc.
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,
AT
$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Wellington-st.

May 9, 1874. 2581

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2323-3m

PANAMA HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats

AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS
—AT—
DEVLIN's.

March 25, 1874. 2000-

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

FOUND on the "Lover's Walk," yesterday, a Parcel containing PAPERS. The owner can obtain the same at this office by paying for this advertisement.

Ottawa, May 8, 1874. 2381-1

OTTAWA WATER WORKS.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Owners and Occupants of Houses, Tenements, Lots, or parts of Lots or both, in the City of Ottawa, are hereby notified, that a Water Rate will be fixed by The Water Commissioners for the City of Ottawa, under authority of their Act of incorporation, on all real estate fronting on streets wherein Water pipes are laid, chargeable upon such real estate so soon as the Water Works are in operation whether such real estate be vacant or otherwise, and whether such owner or occupant shall use the water or not, and as the said Water Commissioners are now prepared to place the Service pipes, the attention of all interested is particularly requested to the following Clauses of the Act for the construction of Water Works for the City of Ottawa and the Amendments thereto.

"The Owners and Occupants of premises shall "be compelled to make the necessary provision "to receive the Service pipes in safety, to the "satisfaction of the Engineer of the said Commissioners, and in default of their doing so, the "Commissioners shall have power so to do, and "charge the costs thereof to the owners or occupants of the premises, and such charges shall "be payable with the first charge for Water "Rates, and shall be collected in the same manner from the Owners or Occupants."

"In all such cases where a vacant space intervenes between the line of the Street and the "wall of the building into which the water is to "be taken, the Commissioners are empowered to "lay the service pipe across such vacant space, "and charge the cost of the same to the owner "of the premises—such charge to be payable with "the first payment of water rates, and to be "collected in the same manner from the said "owner." The Commissioners require all basements to be frost proof, and the work of laying service pipes thereto will be proceeded with as rapidly as possible in the order of importance as consumers and of priority of application.

Parties requiring an extra quantity of water for special or manufacturing purposes, are requested to send in their names and residences, or place of business, with a specification of the probable daily consumption of water required.—When the basement is excavated in the rock, applicants will state if there is a drain to the Street, and at what depth below side walk level, and whether the same is deep enough for drainage and protection from frost.

By Order of the Water Commissioners for the City of Ottawa.

C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Secretary.

Ottawa, June 1st June, 1874. 2583.

COMMISSION STORE
—AND—

AUCTION ROOMS

—AT—

D. C. Simon's,

HULL.

The undersigned will be happy to receive all kinds of Goods to Sell on Commission, Patented Articles, Furniture, etc., etc.

Mr. Simon having one of the best Commercial stands in the Village of Hull, and being well known by the public, hopes to meet the encouragement which he thinks he has a right to expect.

Having giving the necessary guarantee for his license his patrons can depend on getting a prompt return after the disposal of their goods. Mr. Simon will also act as Real Estate Agent, on liberal conditions.

May 30, 1874. 2582.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

40,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices,

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

SPRING

IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Are receiving daily shipments of all the delicacies of the season.

Crosse & Blackwell's English List for 1874 is complete in every shape.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED

STILTON CHEESE.

DAVIS' CELEBRATED

HAMS AND BACON

Are worthy of public attention.

OUR SIMCOE RYE

We can recommend as being a genuine article.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS, 86 Sparks-St.

May 14th, 1874.

QUEEN RESTAURANT.

Lunch Bill of Fare.

JUNE 1, 1874.

SOUP:
Ox Tail.

JOINTS.
Roast Beef, Ham, Tongue

HOT.
Irish Stew.

Potato Salad.

Sandwiches,
Tea and Coffee.

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor

THE

NOTMAN STUDIO

OTTAWA.

Mr. TOPLEY has recently been honored with a sitting from

Her Excellency the Countess of Dufferin.

Specially approved portraits may be obtained at the Studio.

Ottawa, May 26th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Gift Enterprise—L. D. Sins.
Ottawa Water Works—C. R. Cunningham.
Bill of Fare—M. Kavanagh.
Importations—D. McDonell
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1874.

The idea that we are to have another Reciprocity Treaty with the States, before long, has been spreading rapidly on both sides of the line, and it is not hazardous to say that the intelligence from Washington is somewhat responsible therefor. It seems to have been admitted at that Capital, that enlarged facilities for trade are desirable in the interest of both countries, and that efforts should be made to secure them. Whether a scheme will be arranged at present, it might be premature to express a positive opinion upon, but there is at least every probability of gratifying progress in this direction in the early future.

MILITARY ACADEMIES.

We have received a pamphlet entitled—"Report on the Military Academy, at West Point, U.S., by Lieut.-Colonel Fletcher, Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor General." The author has, within its pages, given a sketch of the history and experience of this celebrated institution from its foundation. The narrative is clear and succinct, and in view of the interest of the subject at a time when our own Government have obtained a vote for the establishment of a similar Academy in Canada, we cannot do better than give, in the gallant author's own language, the account of the first and some of the subsequent measures taken to supply the army of the United States with a suitable training school for its officers:—

As early as 1776, at the outset of the Revolutionary War, the want of trained officers was much felt, and a Committee appointed to report on the State of the army recommended the formation of a Military Academy for the instruction of officers. Nothing at that time was done to carry into practice the views of this Committee, and the subject was brought up again and again without result, until gradually, as the Artillery and Engineers, consisting in 1794, of four battalions, became better organized, steps were taken for the instruction of the cadets attached to these corps; books were bought, and in 1798, when an additional regiment of the same arm of the service was raised, and when the cadets numbered fifty-six, four teachers were appointed.

The ground work of a Military Academy in connection with a Military force had thus been laid, but it was not until 1802 that an Act of Congress was passed dividing the Artillery and Engineers into two corps, and allotting forty cadets to the former and ten to the latter. These corps were to be concentrated at West Point, and were to form a Military Academy. The selection of West Point was due to its importance as a frontier fortress which commanded the Hudson River at the narrowest portion of its channel, and guarded one of the most important lines of approach from the British Possessions. In 1808, the cadets were increased by 156, and in 1812 their limit was fixed at 260, the strength of the army being at that time over ten thousand men; four professors, in addition to the officers detailed for instruction, were also appointed to the staff of the Academy. Thus a foundation was laid for the training of the officers of the small army with which it was deemed necessary to supplement the State Militia.

Much, however, remained to be done to bring the Academy to its present efficient condition, and it was not until 1818 that a system, which with little modification has been followed to the present day, was finally determined upon. The cadets were declared to be soldiers, subject to Martial Law; two general annual examinations, were ordered, and steps were taken to train the young men during the summer months in camps of instruction. Since then, although many improvements and changes may have occurred, the organization and method of training and discipline have remained the same in principle as in 1818, the growth of the institution depening partly on the interest shewn in its welfare by the successive Secretaries of War, more on the qualities of its superintendents, and somewhat on the tone of the army, which it feeds and from which in return it draws its life.

Among the most efficient and renowned Superintendents of the Academy, the names of Major Thayer, of 1817, and Major Delafield, of 1838, are given, the pamphlet adding—"whilst in 1853 the presence of Col. Robert. E. Lee could not fail to have exercised over all who were brought in contact with him an influence which was subsequently felt in a more extended sphere." We may remark here that this is an appropriate tribute to the character of the great General who, for four years, led the Southern army to victory after victory, being only overcome, at last, by a crushing numerical superiority of forces under General Grant. Col. Fletcher, if we mistake not, had ample opportunity of observing the great abilities and lofty qualities of this distinguished officer, during the latter portion of the war, from the vantage-ground of proximity to General Lee's person. No doubt the skill, excellent character and soldierly qualities exhibited by many of the officers of the Southern as well as the Northern army, were well calculated to excite curiosity in the minds of military students or observers like our author, as to the nature of the institution at which they had received their education. It had been often remarked by foreign soldiers that, whatever deficiencies as to literature or general information many of the West Point officers might labour under, they possessed a varied and practical knowledge of the different branches of the military profession. As Colonel Fletcher has himself noticed, there were no sharp dividing lines between the different branches of the service, so far as the commanders were concerned. A West Pointer, as the regular officer was called, was regarded indifferently as suitable for any arm of the service. He might be in command of a force of Infantry one day, and in charge of a body of Cavalry the next. The American readiness of resource and adaptability favoured this system of exchange, which was a marked feature of the conduct of the war. But Col. Fletcher while admitting the advantages of a general knowledge of the methods and duties of all the branches of an army, points out some of the drawbacks of teaching everything, in the result of the instruction imparted on any of the special branches, being less in amount, and wanting that valuable quality of thoroughness so essential to eminent success in any department. Even the ablest man, the most studious and ambitious, can learn, in a life-time but very little of what is generally called everything, great success in any one sphere being attainable only by a concentration of strength upon one or but a very few subjects. The author's description of the site of West Point Academy is a pleasant one, and suitable to the subject. The place is healthy, the scenery charming in its diversity, while the buildings and other provision secure to the pupils comfort and tolerable enjoyment. The author thinks that all these advantages are necessary to the support of the hard-worked students, who number at present 246 though 300 might be under training. Certainly their experience is calculated to deter all but the youth who is brimful of military ambition, or has a natural taste for study. The age of admission is from 17 to 22. The following sketch of the mental and physical discipline gone through, will confirm our opinion:—

Supposing him to have joined in June, he is at once allotted to a company according to his size, and goes into camp. During the two months he is under canvas, he becomes acquainted with his classmates, and selects one of the same company (to which his choice is limited), to share his room.

When study re-commences at the end of August, he passes into the fourth or lowest class to rise yearly in turn, and after examination to the third, second and first classes. During these four years, the following course of instruction is pursued:

1. Infantry, artillery and cavalry tactics, and military police and discipline.
2. Use of the sword, bayonet, &c.
3. Mathematics.
4. French language.
5. Spanish language.
6. Drawing.
7. Chemical physics, chemistry, mineralogy and geology.
8. Natural and experimental philosophy.
9. Ordnance, gunnery, and the duties of a military laboratory.
10. Ethics, and National, International and Military Law.
11. Practical Military Engineering, Military Signalling and Telegraphing.
12. Military and civil engineering, and the science of war.

As the cadets is supposed to have received, and in many instances has received, only the most elementary education before reaching the Academy, it must be granted that to acquire in any useful degree a knowledge of the subjects contained in this catalogue of studies, will require close and almost incessant application. Such, on reference to the regulations for the employment of time proves to be the case.

From early morning until bed time, the cadet's time is mapped out and occupied, study, parades, and military exercises succeed each other with little intermission; and relaxation is afforded, not by amusement, but by a change of study, or by the training of the body in place of the mind. Excepting on Saturdays and Sundays, when the period of leasure is somewhat extended, the cadet has never more than half an hour at a time for recreation, supposing that he employs, as is intended, the time he remains in his room for private study. The system is to give instruction in the class rooms at what are termed recitations, after the lessions set by the professors or assistant professors have been prepared privately in the cadets' room.

During May, June, July and August the reveille is sounded at 5 a. m., in September and April at 5 30, and during the rest of the year at 6 a. m. Breakfast comes at seven, dinner at one, afternoon, and supper after parade, which follows sunset. The time between eight in the morning and sunset is wholly taken up with study and military exercises, with the exception of the hour between one and two. This is a system of cramming, or prolonged forcing of the intellect which must have its disadvantages in many a case. Every youth cannot so completely devote himself to a series of exacting studies, and escape the consequences of over-work. The result in some cases may be an enfeeblement of the faculties, a reaction after the period of study, in the shape of an aversion thereto for the future, or a condition of superficialty in regard to a number of the subjects deemed important enough to be included in the curriculum. Of course natural students and robust intellects will pass through the ordeal with advantage, or in other words, will gain their education at a smaller cost to brain and body than their less gifted fellows. The Colonel gives further information as to the cadets' experiences, including those gained in active service, and states many facts concerning his social positions, moral characteristics and general qualifications, which should prove interesting to Canadians, in view of their purpose to imitate the Americans in the matter of a Military Academy. Our author shows that he has written his pamphlet not only with a desire to furnish the Canadian public useful information on a subject of peculiar importance at present, but with an object connected with the requirements and duty of this country. He not only lays down the moral, but proceeds to give it application. After showing that West Point has fulfilled its objects, as regards the moulding and efficient maintenance of an American Regular Army, and illustrating the value of the West Point officer in the Mexican and Civil Wars, our author thus concludes this suggestive branch of his subject:

As far as the American nation and the American army were concerned, West Point had proved a success, and every thinking man whether on the Northern or on the Southern side, must acknowledge that the officers it has trained, were not only fully competent for the performance of their duties, but proved on an emergency that they were qualified to undertake responsibilities beyond what could have been reasonably expected from them.

Col. Fletcher next addressed himself to a consideration of the question—does Canada need such an institution, and could she provide the conditions necessary for its success? He has shown the similarity in the circumstances of both countries, and has, it must be admitted, reason, or the probabilities on his side, in offering the following reflections and suggestions as the conclusion of his pamphlet—which has come in good time, and is calculated to prove useful to the authorities charged with the duty of founding a Canadian Military Academy:

Able men as professors and instructors could be obtained either from Canada or from the Imperial army, where the staff college not only educates officers for such positions, but preserves a record of their several capacities. Students would probably offer themselves, if sufficient inducements be held out, whilst a site combining many of the advantages of West Point could readily be secured. To initiate a military academy care and a certain expenditure of money are alone necessary, but to render it really efficient, and to imbue it with the spirit which animates the otherwise dry bone of West Point training, a career must be open to the students, and some means found of continuing the education received at the academy, so that the knowledge acquired from books may be supplemented by contact with military life. In fact, regimental training should follow scholastic education and discipline, whilst in the future should be seen the prospect of honourable employment connected with the profession of arms.

It will be asked how are these conditions to be fulfilled? The reply is not difficult. Gradually, in Canada, permanent military institutions will grow with the growth of the country. The schools of gunnery require officers, the force in the West, call it military, or call it police, requires officers. For the Militia, a trained staff, under the names of Deputy Adjutant Generals, and Brigade Majors is necessary, while to keep in repair and to preserve from decay the fortifications, some of which embody the most modern improvements and were erected after careful consideration of the military condition of the Dominion, a force of engineers (small it may be) whose services could also be utilized in other ways for the public benefit is clearly requisite. These are merely indications of careers which may be open to the successful graduates of a Canadian Military College. Others will doubtless suggest themselves to those who know the country and can appreciate its wants. The prizes will be worth contending for, and the selection of the arm of the service would, as at West Point, be the reward of excellence in discipline and in study. But to make officers, training beyond that of an Academy is necessary, and two years of active employment with some regular troops does not appear to be too long for such a purpose. In Canada, the Schools of Gunnery at Quebec and Kingston, and the garrison at Halifax, would afford means of giving the cadets, were they to be temporarily attached to them, an insight into military life, and would bring them into contact with soldiers. The former (of which, by the way, Canada has reason to feel proud) might, if slightly enlarged, furnish instruction in garrison and field artillery, and some at least of the practical details of military engineering, whilst a knowledge of discipline and of the management of men would be gradually inculcated into the cadets by the performance of the routine of daily duty. The same would apply in even perhaps a greater degree to Halifax, where two infantry regiments of Imperial troops are stationed, as well as detachments of artillery and engineers, and where a garrison instructor is specially charged with the education of the younger officers. If, however, the difficulties in regard to expense could be overcome, there is little doubt but that England possesses advantages for the completion of military training, which cannot be found within the Dominion. Possibly these advantages could be afforded to a few of the cadets, who, during their academic course might evince a special aptitude for a militar career. If so, Chatham for the Engineers, Woolwich and Shoeburyness for the Artillery, and Aldershot and Hythe for Cavalry and Infantry might, there is little doubt, be open to Canadian officers, who would thus be brought into contact with the most recent developments of military thought, and would by association with European officers, extend their views beyond what is possible to men whose military education is acquired solely on this side of the Atlantic. If such a course be pursued, and the qualification for the entry into the Canadian College be somewhat higher than is necessary for West Point, the time at the Academy might be shortened, and the whole education, including the regimental training, be completed in five years, i.e., at 22 years of age capable officers would be available for their country's service. Again,—the college which would probably be situated near one of the Schools of Gunnery,—might serve like West Point, as a means of renewing in the abler officers their professional education, by retaining some of them for limited periods as professors and instructors. This idea might even be extended, by making the Academy the centre, so to speak, of the defensive force, where its records, its traditions, and its efforts for improvement would be preserved and encouraged.

It may be objected that there would be a risk lest the young officers after receiving their education should embrace some other career, and deprive the country of their military services. The best reply is, let the career afford them sufficient advantages to induce them to embrace it. If the service be honorable, there is precedent enough to show that it will be preferred by young officers to a more lucrative employment; but a guarantee might, if thought advisable, be exacted that at least five years, irrespective of the time passed in their education should be given to the State. Judging, however, from the example of other armies, slowness of promotion is more to be feared than failure to embrace a military career after a military education.

The condition of the Southern States has been notoriously bad since the close of the Civil War. To judge of the pictures of the experiences of a people once so proud and prosperous, we should think that it would be hard to find their parallel in any land blessed with free institutions and a country of even indifferent natural advantages. If some improvement does not shortly take place in this unfortunate region, its people will be forced to emigrate to other States and leave their homesteads to the Northern carpet-baggers and Southern negroes. The N. Y. *Herald* says on this subject, under the heading—"The Beauties of Reconstruction:"

"We copy from a Charleston journal one of the most painful stories we have read since the war. In a single county in South Carolina there had been a public sale of property which had not paid its taxes. Within five days twenty-nine hundred pieces of real estate had been thus sold. In other words, the owners of twenty-nine hundred farms and homesteads are so poor that they cannot pay their taxes, and so submit to confiscation. Surely there must be a cause for this a cause, the existence of which is a sin and a shame. We say nothing of the scenes of devastation inflicted upon the Carolinas by Sherman's army; upon the fact that the army was virtually permitted to pillage the State which generated secession and was the home and grave of Calhoun. Let history pass upon that as it may; we pass it as one of those dark memories which we would gladly forget. But here is a case for which no war necessity can be pleaded. South Carolina has been governed so wantonly, with such a total disregard of public rights and private security, that she sinks into inanition, that liberty, comfort and the pursuit of happiness seem to be impossible. The single incident thus recorded illuminates the whole Southern situation and dishonors the administration of General Grant. When he accepted the Presidency his yearning was for peace. But can there be peace with a government which amounts to confiscation?"

It must be confessed that a great change has been effected in the election law of England by recent legislation. It is hard to believe, in the light of its present vigour, and that severe virtue aimed at, that, only a few years ago, a lavish public expenditure marked elections, candidates and voters looking as naturally to the expenditure of thousands, as to the rise of the sun on the polling-day. A contemporary remarks, on this altered state of affairs:—

"Members of the British Parliament are now compelled to be uncommonly careful. Not only are they in danger of losing their seats if they can be shown to have been guilty of anything like bribery before their election, but they must not be too effusive in the expression of their gratitude to their consituents after election, lest they should incur the suspicion of having promised rewards contingent upon their success. It appears that when "Baron Grant, of Leicester Square," asked the free and independent voters of Kidderminster to send him to Parliament he intimated that he would give the people of the town a big dinner in the event of his election. He was elected, and as he is a man of his word he made arrangements to carry out the agreement. Whitsuntide was fixed for the feast. A dinner was to be given to 2,500 persons on Whitsun Tuesday, and a tea to 6,000 on the next day. To give greater eclat to the feast he ordered the dishes to be manufactured at a neighboring pottery with his portrait upon each plate, cup, and urn. Six thousand medals with his image and superscription were struck, and these, with 10,000 yards of blue ribbon, were to be given to the guests. Three and a half tons of cake, 6,000 loaves of bread, 12 000 buns, and all other things in proportion were ordered, and all was nearly ready for the feast, when Baron Grant's lawyer in London advised him that he was running into great danger. Already twelve of the members of the New Parliament have been unseated for bribery, and if this feast were given it might be construed into bribery after the act. So the whole thing was abandoned at the last moment, and the Kidderminsterites were plunged from a state of pleasing expectation into a condition of blank despair.

CANADA OFFICIAL GAZETTE.

The official *Gazette* of Saturday contains the following appointments:

Vice-Chancellor Strong, to be Senior Justice of the Court of Error and Appeal of Ontario, under an Act of the Ontario Legislature.

Wm. Bate, of Bridgewater, N. S. to be Landing Waiter and Searcher, in H. M. Customs.

James Barber, of St. John N. B., to be Surveyor of Shipping for that port.

George Hattee, of Pictou, N. S., to be Surveyor of Shipping for the Port of Pictou.

M. J. Patterson, of Toronto, Ont., to be Landing Waiter and Searcher in H. M. Customs.

The return of J. A. Skinner for the Riding of South Oxford, is gazetted.

A Bill to incorporate the Meduxnikik Boon Company, reserved by the Lieut.-Governor of New Brunswick for the assent of the Governor General, is assented to.

Notice is given of the erection of a lighthouse on the South East side of Entry Island, Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Benediction and Translation of the Statue of Notre Dame de Lourdes.

The unfavorable weather which characterized the early part of yesterday gave way about 2 p.m., the hour appointed for the Benediction and Translation of the Statue intended for the new parish of Notre Dame de Lourdes. About the above hour immense numbers intending to take part in and to witness the procession, congregated in and around the neighbourhood of the Cathedral, and between eighty and a hundred vehicles were in waiting to carry such as were unable to walk the long distance. About 3 o'clock the ceremonial commenced with the benediction of the statue, which was preformed by the Very Rev. D. Dandurand, administrator of the diocese, assisted by the clergy of the Cathedral on the steps leading to the church. The Statue, which was in a canopy, and very beautifully decorated was then raised on the shoulders of four English speaking bearers, who in turns with four of their French speaking brethern bore it along the line of route. The procession was formed and proceeded in the order set-forth in our issue of Saturday morning. It proceeded through St. Patrick Street where there were several triumphal arches, and continued through Augusta and Rideau Streets and the Montreal Road to the parish of Notre Dame de Lourdes which was reached about 5 p. m. All along the line of route large crowds of spectators collected, and every window and other point had its full number of occupants. On reaching the chapel an address was delivered in English and French by the Very Rev. Father Dandurand, and the ceremony concluded with the Bendiction of the Blessed Sacrament.

Police Court.

Before Mr. O'Gara, P. M.

SATURDAY, May 30.

Richard de Cross, charged with drunkenness, was remanded until this morning.

John Martel arraigned for assault, not appearing a warrant was issued for his apprehension.

Edward Goodhall on a similar charge failed to appear, and a warrant was also issued in his case.

TOO FOND OF COMMENT.—The *Citizen* is altogether too fond of commenting and criticising as to the freshness or staleness of the news this journal furnishes the public. Did we choose to adopt this role with regard to that journal, it would become a daily nuisance, and this infliction we want to spare a rather too indulgent public. Our evening contemporary having, however, been denied admission by Judge Lyon into the *green room* of the Division Court, has in consequence for lack of better to fill its columns, resorted to this diportive style of journalism. The *Citizen* must not arrogate to itself the right to exclusively give information to the community, for it must be aware that since it inaugurated its licentious system of scurrility, a few months ago its number of readers has become very limited indeed.

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar 24 Sparks street. 2575

GOOD GRACIOUS.—Go and see the Flowers at Forfar's Seed store, Rideau St. 2580

Continued from First Page.

continent, in trading with the rest of the world. Still further, it would be the means of settling the country with an industrious population, and the railway system would offer such great advantages that in no long time Canada would have the lion's share of the carrying trade between the East and West. He would not go into the comparative merits of what would be the advantages that would accrue to the Dominion; but he would say that his motive in advocating the speedy construction of the road was not influenced by any narrow parish, or colonial, or provincial ideas. He held that if the Government carried out the line of policy in good faith that had been adopted, they would build up a great future for Canada. As far as personal convenience was concerned, he looked upon that as of no moment whatever. It was not a matter of personal convenience at all for the nine gentlemen who had to come from his province to Parliament, because they experienced little difficulty at present from the want of railway accommodation to reach the capital. It was not a mere desire for pelf, or that there should be so much money expended in the province. The people of British Columbia looked upon the line as a great competing line with the United States. Such would be the result in his judgment, and in the opinions of those who had carefully looked into the matter—such would be the result which would follow the construction of the railway now under consideration. He was glad to see from the Bill that was before the House, and from the remarks of the members of the Government, non-committal as they were, as he had read them in the papers, that a change had come o'er the spirit of their dream in regard to the necessity for this railroad. In Opposition, they held that it would be ruin to the country, but now they admitted its necessity, and he believed they, as a Government, would sign their death warrant if they did not follow that policy. He did not think they should forget the stories that beguiled their infantile years. They all remembered the story of Simbad the Sailor, who, when he landed on foreign shores, saw the King mounted on an elephant, and before him went a herald who proclaimed—"This is the mighty Prince; long live the King!" And after the procession, came another who said 'Great as that King is he shall die." That was applicable to the Government, It might be proclaimed; "Great is Mackenzie, great is the hon. Mr. Letellier de St. Just, great is the House of Commons, but the people in solemn procession would say of them all "Great as thou art thou shalt perish if you fail to carry out in good faith the solemn liabilities entered into by Canada." (Applause and a laugh.) He would now make a few remarks from a British Columbia point of view, for what he had already said was intended in a national sense. Any one who had the misfortune to know him knew that he was as sincere about this matter as the Hon. Mr. Vidal was about prohibition. (Laughter.) He had no sympathy with the statement of the Secretary of State, who proclaimed from the hustings that the road could not be built in forty years. If that turned out to be true, he could assure the honorable gentleman that it would not be built during the time that he occupied the side of the House on which he at present sat. But he wished to give the Government every fair play, and he thought it was most unjust for any person to come to Ottawa, and press them to locate the line in any particular place. The road would have to be built to some point on the Pacific coast, but the Government should not be tied down to do anything until they were sure that they had secured the best line of communication. He maintained that they should not be harrassed by people coming here and asking them to do certain things that might be of personal interest to the parties who took upon themselves to offer suggestions or make requests. He fully sympathised with the Government in matters of that kind, for he was above sectional, provincial, political or party considerations in this great undertaking. He believed the Government was right in not committing themselves at present to say what terminal point was best at present, and there were things that he was not preparred to force on any Government to have done until they were fully informed regarding them. He wished this to be made known, as his opinion to the country through the Fourth Estate. While he did not wish to hamper the Government in any way, he had a right to ask whether what they proposed was no sham, and whether they really meant business and were going to build the road? The spirit of the negotiations that were first entered into was what ought to be carried out and the Government should do their best to inform themselves as speedily as possible on all matters that would place them in a position to carry out those terms at as early a date as possible. He had as much right to interpret the future as any one, and he could not see that the country would not be able to bear the cost of this road. He did not think that the elasticity of the resources of the Dominion of Canada would be strained or overtaxed in carrying out the work in the course of years. If Mr. Fleming's report could be believed, the road could be constructed in a less time than had been spent in building the Union Pacific, so that he believed it was within the ability of the Dominion to construct the road. He looked upon it as a national necessity, and he was persuaded that it was a commercial absurdity to make the patch work scheme proposed by the Government in making the water connections. To his mind it was simply absurd to make a little stretch of railway through British Columbia. It would cost a good deal of money, but the other parts of the line would be left untouched for years to come. By this scheme it would leave the road a drug on the Dominion, but if the road was put through it would build up the country and be what the Grand Trunk had been to Canada.

Hon Mr. LETELLIER—Is the Grand Trunk paying now?

Hon. Dr. CARRALL—It was the making of the country.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER—There were some people in that portion of the country through which it passed.

Hon. Dr CARRALL went on to criticise the policy of the Government in relation to the scheme, stating that it been their boast they were going to save thirty millions of dollars to the country, but he did not see in what way that saving was going to be effected. He expressed his satisfaction with the bill as a whole without going into details; yet he had no confidence in the present Government, or in their intention to build the road. He doubted the sincerity of the Government because of their conduct while in opposition, and their determined hostility to the road. Even since they have held the seals of office he doubted their intention and their ability to build this rail road. Indeed, he did not think they intended to build it. He believed the present Bill was so constructed as to prove the intention of the Government to make it only what would prove to be a fraud and a snare to the public; and unless the treaty with British Columbia was followed out, he had no hesitation in saying that the Government would be turned out of office, and others put in their place that would act with good faith in carrying out the obligations of the Dominion. (Cheers and laughter).

A petition has been presented to the House of Lords, on behalf of the infant Tichborne baronet, by his guardians, acting by the direction of the Court of Chancery, praying that leave may be given them to bring in the Estate bill, which has been settled by the Court, and whereby the Trustees are authorised to raise the money to defray the heavy expenses occasioned by the claims set up by Arthur Orton. The Tichborne and Doughty estates in the proportions directed by the Court are to stand as the security for the loan, and other consequential powers are to be embodied in the bill.

$55,000.—Ladies secure some of the cheap Print Grandines, Tussos and Muslins at Stitt & Co's cheap sale. Decided bargains are to be had. 2582

CITY AND VICINITY

CITY COUNCIL.—The City Council meets this evening, it being the night for a regular meeting. The new Fire By-law new City Hall and other questions of importance are likely to be discussed.

COURT OF REVISION.—The Court of Revision resumes its sittings to-morrow evening at seven o'clock, having adjourned last week to that time. Only a few cases remain to be disposed of.

PERTH GAOL.—The gaol of Perth is commanded by Inspector Langmuir for its good order and cleanliness. There are now confined in that institution eleven male and two female prisoners.

CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.—The Directors of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at a meeting held in Toronto on Thursday last, declared a dividend of five per cent for the current half year.

ST. ANDREW SOCIETY.—The managers of this institution meet this evening in their Hall, Elgin street, for the transaction of general business, and also to take preliminary steps towards getting up the annual games in August.

AN IMPROVEMENT.—A new drain on Gloucester and Stewart streets will when completed, have the effect of removing a very disagreeable stagnant pool adjoining the residence of Col. Thos. Ross on Sandy Hill, referred to by us a few days ago. These nuisances so injurious to the public health are gradually disappearing.

ON DIT.—It is said that Mr. Hickson Secretary and Treasurer of the Grand Trunk Railway, has been appointed Managing Director of that Company in the room of Mr C. J. Brydges, resigned. Those who know the gentleman seem to think the appointment will give general satisfaction.

DERANGED.—A Kingston exchange says that one Theresa Penny, who was taken off the cars some time ago at that place by the police, who found her mind deranged, was taken in charge to-day by a gentleman from Ottawa, probably a relative, who will convey her to her home in that city. We must confess that the name is not familar to us but may be to some of our readers.

THE WEATHER.—The intense heat of the past few days was greatly moderated yesterday by a heavy fall of rain. After the shower a green mantle seemed to at once spread itself over the fields, so spontaneous was the vegetation. The weather is beautiful now, and is soon likely to regain for the season whatever lost time has been sustained owing to the lateness of the Spring.

PROHIBITORY PETITIONS.—The number of signatures attached to petitions presented to Parliament during the late session, praying for the enactment of a Prohibitory Liquor Law was as follows: Ontario, 94.831; Quebec, 12,565; New Brunswick, 13,536; Nova Scotia, 14,437; Prince Edward Island, 3,340; British Columbia, 208; or in all a total number of petitioners in the Dominion of 127,817.

ACCIDENT.—A man named Devereau, received a severe fracture in one of his feet on Friday evening last while working at Capt. Young's Mill. It seems that he fell a distance of something like 39 feet off the board slide, causing the fracture before referred to. The surgical aid of Dr Henderson was at once secured, who set the fractured limb; after which the unfortunate patient was removed to his home.

NEW JOURNAL.—A new journal entitled "The Scotsman" has just been started in New York by a Publishing Company in that city to be devoted to the interests of Scotsmen resident on the continent. It is a weekly journal of eight pages, neatly printed, and is ably edited by Mr. John Laird Wilson, who also assumes the management for the company. As a national journal it will doubtless meet with a liberal support from Scotsmen in Canada and the United States, whose interests it is the main object of the enterprise to promote. The price mailed to any address will be $3 per annum.

A GOOD MOVE.—The Board of Works seems to have at last solved the difficulty of a repetition of names in our public streets as well as a variety of names for one continuous thoroughfare, and will bring in a report to the Council this evening. Patronymics have been given in commemoration of persons who have filled the civic chair, as well as names of many of our present City Fathers. Friel street, Lyon street, Featherston street, Bangs street, Pratt street, and Rocque street, if not perhaps euphonious names, are at least an improvement of recurrence of names in various parts of the city.

A MUCH NEEDED IMPROVEMENT.—For several years the rate-payers on Besserer street have been promised a grading and macadamizing of their street, but as yet there are no signs of the work being done. From Cumberland street eastward over the sand hill it is simply disgraceful. No vehicles can pass without the danger of being lost sight of in the quicksand referred to. A stone wall too is built on the line of the street, which requires to be removed in the grading and laying out of the street. This street runs parallel to one of the main arteries of the city, and does not progress simply from the fact of the Corporation neglecting to improve it.

SHADE TREES.—The front of the Central School West has been planted with an assortment of beautiful young maple trees, as also the sides of the School property on Mira and Slater streets. They are all neatly enclosed in boxes, and in a few years hence will materially improve the vicinity, of this, one of the finest School Sites in the Province of Ontario. A little paint applied would still further improve the boxes and serve as a protection to them from the hot as well as inclement weather. It is to be hoped public bodies and private citizens will emulate the example thus set them by the Board of Public School Trustees; for nothing adds to the appearance of a city like a number of avenues of shade trees.

SMALL POX.—Notwithstanding all that has been said to the contrary, small pox is epidemic to a fearful extent in Hull. It has also reached the flats on the city side of the river, and will require a rigid system of inspection on the part of the Board of Health, and the adoption of prompt sanitary precautions to prevent its again reaching that degree of danger manifested two years ago. Let the authorities take time by the forelock this time, and stay this loathsome disease at its very inception. Vans should be provided for the removal of patients affected with the disease to the hospital, as some complaint has been made in this direction since carters have very properly declined to allow the use of their vehicles for that purpose.

THE NEW GAME OF CHIVALRIE.—Messrs. Noyes, Holmes & Co., of Boston have laid on our table a small hand-book, which describes in a very detailed manner the new game of "Chivalrie." The game is somewhat analagous to Croquet, but it is more scientific in its character. The materials used are not unlike in name to those employed in chess, comprising as they do, three Castles, two bustiles, and the throne, with a garde and forte. The price of these vary in proportion of the design, and range from $4 to $5 per set. Like chess, it admits of many combinations, and like chess is far in advance of croquet. The winners of the game attain their object by count as in billiards, and not by being the first party out as in croquet. From an advertisement in another column it would seem that the necessary materials have reached Ottawa and can be had at the Bazaar, from Chalmers & Co., on Sparks Street.

TRIAL OF HOSE.—The Conquerer Fire Company was out on Saturday evening with the hose alone, for the purpose of testing the force pumps at T. W. Currier & Co's., Sash Factory in the Canal Basin. The experiment was a very successful one. A line of hose some 2000 feet was laid around a couple of blocks and a handsome stream thrown. The hose was then adjusted to suit the Court House, when a powerful stream was brought to bear which completely surmounted that building. The purpose for which this test was sought is to make provision for any fire that might occur in that vicinity, for should a fire break out in this locality, the new company could utilize their hose without the steamer at all. Mr. Currier has very generously guaranteed the use of his pumps in the event of such a casualty taking place.

HUSSEY'S CONSTELLATION.—By request, this splendid combination troupe will give a farewell entertainment this evening at Gowan's Hall. The evening's programme will embrace the Musical Barletta of Jenny Lind, Miss Blanche Clifton appearing as "Jenny Lind," with new songs, F. Hussey as "Manager Granby-gog," and Saml. Collins as the "German Student," and will close with "Les Miserable." The Messrs Arnold will appear in the colored "Aristocracy and Sarah Jane." The Rosario's will perform the three flying men closing with Leoni's celebrated mid-air somersault. The performance on Saturday evening was a great success, and the troupe through the entire entertainment was warmly applauded by the audience. They will doubtless be accorded on this evening, their last entertainment, a crowded house.

CARMEN STAND ON THEIR DIGNITY.—It would seem that the troubles that have for some time existed between the cabmen and the authorities of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway came to a crisis on Friday night last, the former having entirely resolved to forgo hereafter calling at the depot. The company finding the cabmen very troublesome secured the services of Policeman Switzer to enforce their new regulations in regard to carters at the station. Constable Switzer immediately upon the arrival of the afternoon train, finding the cabbies as usual, ran right into the train, drove them all back to the place assigned for them, whereupon the Jehus immediately betook themselves to their hacks and drove away vowing vengence on the Railway authorities. They have not since been troubled with the carters, but have been under the necessity of sending for buggies to meet the convenience of passengers. This state of things is likely to continue unless a compromise is effected.

Temperance Meeting.

The usual Sunday Temperance Meeting was held in the Temperance Hall yesterday afternoon Mr. Johnston, Assistant Commissioner of Customs, in the Chair. Amongst those on the platform we observed the Rev Johnston McCormac, of the Reformed Episcopal Church, Dr. Beattie, Messrs. J. P. Taylor and A. Russell.

After the opening devotional exercises, the Chairman addressed the meeting with a few preliminary remarks, reviewing the work of the Society for the past winter and concluded by urging perseverance still in the work of temperance as there remained yet a good deal to do. He then introduced the Rev. Mr. McCormac to the audience.

The Rev. gentleman in coming forward was afraid that from what the chairman had said of him they would be somewhat disappointed in their expectations as created by that gentlemen. He however, looked upon the work of the temperance movement as a great undertaking for the relief of suffering humanity. He contended that it was a work of God himself, and as such, and having his countenance it could not do otherwise than succeed. He had been connected for a number of years with the temperance movement, and from what experience had taught him, he believed it to be a mighty work. He next graphically detailed some harrowing accounts of the results of intemperance in California and Nevada, where he had pursued his ministerial labors for upwards of 30 years. He argued from this that there existed a great necessity for the stoppage of this evil that brought ruin and distress into so many households. The question usually asked was how could this be effectually done? He would answer by saying that much could be done and was being done by temperance organizations, but he would like to see more sweeping measures adopted. He thought our City Council should prohibit its sale *in toto* in the city, and that the people should insist upon Parliament enactiong a law that would stop the sale, traffic and even manufacture of liquor, as nothing short of this would terminate the evil. He concluded a very practical address by promising that while amongst them he would do his utmost to assist the friends of temperance in their noble mission. The speaker then resumed his seat amid applause.

Dr. Beattie and Mr. J. P. Taylor next followed in a few remarks on the subject of temperance; after which a collection was taken up and the meeting brought to a close by the singing of a Doxology and the benediction.

Base Ball.

On Saturday afternoon a match game between the Mutuals and Unions came off on the grounds of the Ottawa Base Ball Club, and was witnessed by a large number of spectators.

A little after three o'clock the Mutuals having won the the toss, sent their opponents to the bat, Cass and Duffy pitching and catching so effectually as to retire with a blank. Each succeeding inning shared the same fate until the ninth when they scored the only run of the game. The score of the Mutuals would not have been so large had the Unions played towards the last as they did at the start, but seeing the way the game was going they seemed to lose all confidence in themselves, more especially the catcher, who, after the ball had passed him, walked leisurely after it, allowing two men to come home. Some splendid opportunities for double play were presented on both sides, but were not taken advantage of owing to the players having insufficient knowledge of the many fine points of the game.

Both clubs have the material for the making of two good nines, but first all should make themselves thoroughly conversant with the rules of the game. On the side of the Mutuals the playing of Latham on 1st base was as usual up to the mark. Connell's batting and fielding was very much admired. Of the Unions, Sterling on 1st base and Mason in the left field were particularly noticeable.

The following is the score of the game which was impartially umpired by Mr. Chalmers, of the Ottawa Club, to the satisfaction of the players:

MUTUALS.	R.	O.	UNIONS.	R.	O.
Cass, p	2	2	Mason, l f	0	[illegible]
Duffy, c	3	2	Sterling, 1st b	0	[illegible]
Latham, 1st b	2	4	Smith, s s	0	[illegible]
O'Brien, 2nd b	2	5	Welch, c f	0	[illegible]
Connell, 3rd b	4	2	Kennedy, p	0	[illegible]
Driscoll, s s	3	2	Keough, c	1	[illegible]
Mahoney r f	1	4	Clarke, 2nd b	0	[illegible]
J. Driscoll, c f	1	2	Kinsella, 3rd b	0	[illegible]
McDonald, l f	2	4	Curran, r f	0	[illegible]
	20	27		1	[illegible]

BOY'S CLOTHING.—Mr T. Lawrence desires to intimate to his customers and the public generally, that he has just received in connection with his Tailoring Establishment at No. 76 Sparks Street, a large and beautiful assortment of Boy's Clothing. The entire stock is to be disposed of cheap for cash. Give Mr. Lawrence a call at once if you desire to secure a good bargain. 2582

30,000 plants in bloom for sale cheap at Forfar's Seed Store, Rideau street 2581

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

West Peterboro Election—A Drowned Man Identified—Hospitals for Incurables.—Prohibitory League.

TORONTO, May 30.—It is rumored that neither Cox nor Dumbell is likely to be selected to run in the Reform interests for West Peterboro. The name of R. W. Scott is mentioned on the Tory side.

The remains of a man found in the Bay on Thursday have been identified. Papers were found on the deceased which show him to be James Nibbook, a dry goods clerk not long out from Ireland, and recently employed on Yonge Street.

At the Monthly meeting of the Visiting Committee of the Hospital for Incurables it was stated that 7 patients have been admitted and that there is room for 17 more, but funds are very low.

At a meeting of the Ontario Prohibitory League yesterday with Mr. Wallace in the chair, it was resolved to hold a grand Temperance Convention next September.

Increasing warmth of weather has put almost a complete stop to the demand for fresh pork. Beef still continues dear. Prices as follows: Beef, best, prices per pound. 12c to 13c. Boiling pieces, 5c to 8c. Mutton, 10c to 12c. Lamb, $1 25 per quarter.

MONTREAL.

Dinner to Judge Sanborn—Corpus Christi—Missisquoi and Black River Railway—Transfer of St Helen's Island—The Quebec Quota for Wimbledon—A Forgery by a Woman Business Very Dull.

MONTREAL, May 30.

A public dinner will be given on the 9th prox., to Judge Sanborn at Sherbrooke.

It is proposed to celebrate the annual festival of Corpus Christi with more than usual pomp in Caughnawaga, on the 4th June next. Bishop Fabre will attend and head the procession.

The Directors of the Missisquoi and Black River Valley Railway Company have unanimously ratified the arrangements recently made in England by the Managing Director, Mr. J. H. Graham, of Richmond, regarding stocks, bonds, debentures, rails etc.

The Mayor has gone to Ottawa at the request of the Hon. Mr. Dorion. It is to be inferred that the negotiations with regard to the transfer of the greater portion of St. Helen's Island to the city will be shortly concluded in a satisfactory manner to all parties concerned.

The Dominion Rifle Association seem to have made a selection for themselves to represent the province at Wimbledon, as the Quebec Provincial Association apparently declined to submit to their regulation. Seven names are reported: Lieut.-Col. Hanning, Capt. Whiteman, Thomas Campbell, Sergeants Thorbull, Wynn and Frazen. Of these, four are supposed to go, but it has not been heard whether any of them will choose to go under their regulations.

Madame F. C. Lacroix a widow living at Point St. Charles was, arrested yesterday morning on a charge of having forged or procured forged signatures of the names of her sons Louis and Theophile to a promissory note dated 24th February last and drawn for $57 payable in monthly instalments of 10 dollars each. She gave the note to Remi Forgas a grocer doing business on the Corner of Centre and Edward Streets, whose brother Medard deposes that, he wrote the note for Madame Lacroix, who undertook to obtain to it the signatures of her sons and in fact on the day following, the 25th Feb, returned with the note apparently so signed. The sons have testified that they do not know how to either read or write. That they never authorized any one to seign their names to this paper and that they never knew anything of the matter. The accused gave bail of her appearance at the preliminary enquiry, on Wednesday next.

Business very quite yesterday as it was a close holiday in the United States, and the Stock Board here did not meet, nearly all the brokers being out of town.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

SPAIN.

Reception of U. S. Ministers.

MADRID, May 31.—Caleb Cushing, the United States Minister, was received today by President Tabois, with customary ceremonies.

Press Restraint.

Senor Mantilla has been appointed Minister of Spain at Washington. Government has forbidden the Press from attacking its financial schemes.

Carlist Success.

BAYONNE.—Hernani is completely infested by Carlists who have had some sharp skirmishes with the garrison.

FRANCE.

The Assembly.

PARIS, MAY 31.—The Assembly has settled up the following as the order in which important business before it is to be taken up—first municipal electoral Bill, second municipal organization Bill and third general Electoral Bill.

The Pilgrims.

The Catholic Club of Paris has been entertaining pilgrims from United States.

PARIS, May 31.—At the meeting of Left today, it was resolved that motion for dissolution of Assembly should be pressed and that overtures should be made to other sections of the Chamber to secure their co-operation in the movement.

UNITED STATES.

Base Ball.

HARTFORD, CONN.—In the American Base Ball match yesterday, 30 of the players were injured, and the game ended with 5th inning. One had his finger broken and his jaw broken, and six of his teeth knocked out, a third received a severe cut in his head which threatens fatal results.

Murder and Lynch Law.

NASHVILLE, May 30.—A man named Murphy, claiming to have come from Dover, Stewart county, Tennessee, went to a house in Tipton county yesterday, and cut Mrs. Milton Donaldson's head open with an axe, killing her instantly. He also cut two great gashes in the head of a negro servant girl, who subsequently gave the alarm. Murphy was caught, and confessed cutting the negress, but he denied the murder of Mrs. Donaldson. The negro woman, however identified him as having committed both deeds and he was shot at 8 o'clock last night by citizens, his guilt being fully established. He committed the deed with a view of robbing Mr. Donaldson's safe which he supposed contained $7,000. The Negress cannot survive.

Rochefort.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Rochefort arrived here by Niagara train at 7·30 p. m., accompanied by Oliver Paine and George Benedigue, fellow refugees. They declined all formal receptions from representatives of French societies, assembled to meet them, and went in a carriage to a hotel, where they remained quietly during the evening denying themselves to numerous persons who called.

Murder.

MEMPHIS, May 30.—The body of Winn Lake, formerly Deputy Sheriff was found two miles east of this city at day light this a. m. His head was beaten into a shapeless mass and his body stripped almost nude; he sold some property yesterday and left the city last night with about $150. It is supposed that he was murdered by two negroes seen with him Saturday.

At Frenchman's Bay in Mississippi County, Arkansas, two brothers named Blair went to the house of a planter named Campbell, aged 60 years, and in the presence of his family, they shot and killed him using a shot gun and rifle. They were arrested and taken to Osceola and committed to jail. The murder created great excitement in the neighbourhood.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FRANCE.

The Treaty of Luxemburg.

PARIS, May 30—It is alleged in official quarters that the German Diplomacy is working to annul the London Treaty, settling the neutrality of Luxemburg.

SPAIN.

The American Minister.

MADRID, May 30—Caleb Cushing, American Minister, was received officially today by Marshal Sarrano.

UNITED STATES.

Reported loss Overboard of Judge Doolittle.

UTICA, N. Y., May 30—Intelligence was received here this morning that the Hon. Chas. H. Doolitte, Judge of the Supreme Court District, was lost overboard from the 'Abyssnia,' on the 21st. He was on his way to Europe on a short vacation for the restoration of his health.

The Currency Bills.

NEW YORK, May 30—A Washington despatch to the *Tribune* says that the Capitol is full of speculation as to the fate of the Currency Bills that have gone to a conference committee. A majority of the committee is in favor of a large expansion of currency, and is no doubt a most liberal bill. To effect this, it would be reported, were it not known, that it would have again to run the gauntlet of the President's veto. As it is, there are several points upon which it may be safely predicted that the Committee will agree.

Free Banking will of course be the basis of any compromise or measure that may be reported. Two opinions prevail as to the result of this conference; the first is that the committee will be unable to agree at all, and the other is that they may agree, but that the President will veto anything they are likely to report.

SATURDAY'S MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

Central and Union Pacific Railroads.

SALT LAKE CITY, May 29.—The presidents and general superintendents of the Central and Union Pacific Railroads have been looking over the grounds in the vicinity of Ogden, to-day, with a view of determining the permanent junction of railroads.

Death of General Fleming.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., May 29—General Robert Fleming died at his residence this morning. He was senior member of the Lycoming bar, member of the Constitutional Convention of 1837 8, and formerly member of the State Senate.

Transit of Venus.

NEW YORK May 29—Parties who are to make observations of transit of Venus in Southern hemisphere, are ordered to report here next Wednesday in readiness to sail in 'Swatara' for their stations.

Charge of Treason in Havana

NEW YORK, May 30—It is reported that private advices from Havana state the notorious Col. Herrera, of the 5th Regt., Spanish Volunteers, has been sent to Spain for trial on a charge of treason, arising from the fact that a steamer belonging to him, which went ashore recently near Neuvitates, was found to be loaded with arms and ammunition, of which no account as to their destination could be given.

Press Association.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30.—The New York Press Association arrived here this morning from the South. They called on the President, who received them in the East Room.

Attempted Suicide.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Sirne, who was yesterday convicted of perjury, attempted suicide by taking Paris Green, but was saved.

Decoration Day.

Despatches from all parts of the United States record the observance of Decoration Day.

Railroad Robbery.

DETROIT, May 29.—Last night as the Atlantic express from Chicago, 5:15, was between New Buffalo and Niles, two unknown men prized open the front door of the express car and knocked down S. B. Heath, messenger, who was sorting his money packages for the different stations. One of the robbers seized packages containing $2,700, jumped from the cars and escaped, leaving the other struggling with Heath. In the darkness, the light having been extinguished, Heath drew a pistol and shot the scoundrel in the head and then fell insensible from injuries. As the train was approaching Niles he recovered sufficiently to call for help but was unable to rise. The robber lived only a few seconds after taken from the cars.

BILLIARD MATCH.—Mr. W. W. Callaghan, champion of the New England States, and Alphonse Derome, champion of Quebec, will give an exhibition at Kilby' Saloon Duke street, Chaudiere, this (Monday) evening. At the close of the match Mr. Callaghan will play a number of fancy finger shots. Admission 25 cents.

FOREIGN IMPORTATION.—D. McDonell, Special Family Grocer, is receiving foreign importations and will advertise in a few days.

POND'S EXTRACT never fails. Try it once, and you are always its friend. This is its history. Try it.

LITTLE BEGINNINGS.—The steam which raised the lid off the kettle led a philosophic mind to utilize it for man's benefit. No one dreamed that we should now be dragged along by it at the rate of 60 miles an hour. When Perry Davis made a preparation for the medicinal use of his family, thirty years ago, neither he nor any man imagine that it would now be sold in every land, and prove be the Pain Killer of the world. 2583

The immense rush still continues. Crowds of people at Metcalf's every day. Goods going off rapidly. 2577

TRUNKS, VALISES, BAGS, the cheapest place in the city at T. SHORES & Co., Sparks Street near Bank-st

Just received at the Bazar, 24 Spark street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once, J. METCALFE. 2577

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected," but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the condition of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers; to avoid both use "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. 2572

$55,000.—Ladies are well satisfied with the bargains to be had at Stitt & Co's cheap sale now going on. The store is crowded every day. 2582

DID YOU EVER see such a lot of beautiful flowers as Furfar has at his seed store, Rideau street, opposite Dalhousie. 2582-1

POND'S EXTRACT
CURES

Rheumatism,	Scalds,	Lameness,
Neuralgia,	Burns,	Soreness,
Sore Throat,	Boils,	Wounds,
Hoarseness,	Ulcers,	Bruises,
Headache,	Piles,	Sprains,
Toothache,	Colic,	Old Sores,

All Hemorrhages, Diarrhœa, etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisava. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitalizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1 00.

Pain Killer
The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, in cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price 25 cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1874.

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000
In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 } EACH IN } **Greenbacks.**
Five Prizes $500 }
Ten Prizes $100 }

Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two Fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1 00 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2, Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, 101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 86 Cincinnati, O

June 1 1874 2554 d&w.

STICKNEY & SONS'

WORLD'S CIRCUS!

S. P. STICKNEY & SONS, . . Proprietors.

WILL EXHIBIT IN

OTTAWA

—ON—

LOT ON OTTAWA STREET,

—ON—

Wednesday AND Thursday

June 3rd and 4th.

Two Grand Performances Daily.

Afternoon at 2½ o'clock. Evening at 8.

Doors open one hour previous.

Mr. STICKNEY most respectfully calls the attention of the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity to the fact that this Circus is organized, equipped and furnished in Montreal, for the express purpose of travelling in the Canadas, and every attention has been given to procuring the very best Artistes in the Profession, and with the intention of making

STICKNEYS' WORLD CIRCUS

Second to none. Every effort will be made to please and amuse. While making no show of waggons and used-up horses, our performances will be the very best in the country, rendered by the ladies and gentlemen, the best in the profession.

An Array of Talent Wholly Unequalled in the Country!

Every Act New! Every Act Good!

Go early and see the grand entree.

The best Clown the best Riders, the handsomest Ladies, in fact the best Circus ever in Canada.

PROFF. E. PERRY, . . Leader of Band.

Admission 50c. Children under 12 years 25c.

May 26, 1874. 2580-6in

Easter Beef
AT
C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2, 1874.

FOUND.—A Lady's BROOCH. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement, on application to this office

May 28, 1874. 2587.

METCALFE'S
Change of Business!

As the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease. Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. **J. METCALFE**

MOWAT & SON,
50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,
FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces	Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c.
15 "	Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30 "	Fancy Coburg	2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.		
200	Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 "	Sac Coats	2.25
500 pairs	Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.	

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.
House Furnishing Establishment
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON
Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venosti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S
SIGN OF THE
RED HAT
33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874. 518ly

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P. Q.

2323-6m.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—28 bales of new patterns Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even More complete and extensive than in any former season, and the prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
Ottawa Carpet House
30 SPARKS-ST.

REGENT HOUSE,
30 SPARKS-ST.

'74. Spring Announcements. '74.

J. R. STITT & CO.

HAVING completed their arrangements for the SPRING AND SUMMER in every Department, and in view of the brilliancy of the approaching season, have made preparations on a larger scale than usual.

They beg to invite your attention to their large and varied STOCK OF DRESS FABRICS, including all the NOVELTIES produced for the Spring and Summer of 1874, full particulars of which will be found below.

They are also in a position to announce that the extension in their COSTUME, MANTLE AND DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENTS, enables them to execute all orders with promptness and punctuality. In the Show Room, ladies can select both material and style. The latest London and Paris Fashions are received monthly.

Silks—C. J. Bonnet & Co.. Black Silks.
These Goods are made from the best Italian silk, is free from any inferior dye and warranted not to cut.

Coloured Silks
In all the New Shades and Leading Colors

Japan Cloths, or Washing Japanese Silk.
This is made in grey and black, in a large variety of patterns, and can be worn as Skirts, Costumes or Polonaises. It has a silky appearance and both sides are alike.

Danish Silk—Finished Tinted Alpacas
This beautiful Fabric is noted for the perfection of finish, the surface always looking bright and silky which ever way it is held and is pronounced lovely in all the new tints.

Dagmar Twill Camlet.
This is a pretty material with rich silk and satin stripes, and is made in the new and delicate tints especially adapted for the Spring season for promenade and walking costumes.

Challis de Russe.
This is a soft, silky looking Fabric variegated with rich satin stripes, possessing great beauty combined with durability, for Costumes, Dresses and Polonaises.

Indian Tussores.
China Glass Cloths, Japan Basket Cloth, Ashantee Grasses and Africans Lawns.

Tussores D'Entelle.
This Fabric is made with an alternate lattice stripe which gives it a handsome appearance, is especially intended for Casaques, Polanaises, Tuniques, &c.

White Trellis Muslins.
For Garden Parties, Fetes, Robes de Chambre, &c.

St. Marguerite Lawn.
Is a beautiful White Material with rich Satin Stripes and will be a great favorite for Ladies morning dresses.

Grenadines Algerines and Greadines Raye.
For Weddings, Balls, Dinners and Evening Wear. It is composed of Satin Stripes of various widths alternated with Lace, open work lines, forming a beautiful texture for occasions where lightness and elegance are desirable.

Percales and Brilliantes.
A choice assortment of the newest patterns.

New Prints.
Always make a fresh and pretty morning dress, at a price beneath consideration. No lady could pass over our beautiful assortment of patterns without at least making one selection from them.

Domestic Department.
Table Linen, Towellings, Sheetings, Hollocks, Long Cloths, Canadian Cotton Quilts, Curtains, etc., etc.

Gloves.
Josephine Kid Gloves, one and two buttons best make. Ladies' and Children's Lisle Thread, Spun Silk and Taffets.

Hosiery.
Lisle Thread, Balbreggan and Cotton Hose in all sizes for Ladies and Children. The new Graduated Stripes in all colors, quite the rage.

Trimmings.
The novelties consist in Beaded Passementerie, Beaded Fringes and Laces Oxydised Buttons Old Silver and Silver Buckles and Buttons to match, White and Smoked Pearl ditto.

Ribbons.
Every color and width in Sash and Bonnet Ribbons kept in stock. The new Blue a specialty.

Lace and Embroideries.
Novelties in frillings and collarettes. Lace Jackets and Tunics, plain and figured. Net Polonaises.

Underclothing.
Now ready a choice stock of new pattern in Ladies and Misses' Night Dresses and Chemises full range of prices.

New Costumes.
A splendid assortment of Paris and London Costumes, in the newest designs, now ready.

MILLINERY.
The Show Rooms are now open for the Season with all the latest London and Paris Fashions in Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Wings, etc. A choice collection of Evening Flowers.

MOURNING GOODS
Persian Cords, Hets Cords, Albert Cords, Summer Cords, Barathens, Paramattas and Silk finished Alpacas,
COURTALD CRAPE.

DRESS-MAKING.
This Department is under the control of an experienced manager, and a perfect "fit" is guaranteed with as economical a charge as is consistent with good work and style.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

May, 11, 1874.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE.

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied. We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Scott Street, Toronto,
Agents for Ontario.
Or DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal:
Agents for Province of Quebec.

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874. 2572

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 7th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874. F. BRAUN, Secretary.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,
Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment
—AT—
234 | WELLINGTON-ST. | 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2575

Slaughter! Slaughter.
SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.39, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half, whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17.
IN THE THE TWO STORES,
36 Sparks st AND Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. 2545-2m **W. E. BROWN.**

FIRST-PRIZE FANCY

MAPLE SUGAR,
AT D. McDONELL'S

TRY WILSON'S CELEBRATED

CHAMPAGNE CIDER,
AT D. McDONELL'S

April 20, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2nd DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 2, 1874. 2569y

BOARD.

MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.

May 5, 1874.

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS

Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

LOST.

A DELIVERY BOOK lost on Wellington St., yesterday, going towards Hull. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the TIMES office, or returning it to the owner, whose name appears in it.

Ottawa, May 28, 1874. 2580

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between us, the undersigned, Robert Moore, John Moore and Nelson Moore, as dealers in Hardware, Stoves, and manufacturers of Tinware, at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, under the names, style and firm of "Moore Bros.," was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said Nelson Moore, who has retired from the concern; and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said Robert Moore and John Moore, who will continue the said business under the same name and style.

As witness our hands, this fifth day of May, A.D., 1874.

ROBERT MOORE,
JOHN MOORE,
NELSON MOORE.

Witness—F. PENNOCK, Jr.

SEA-SIDE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Sale of a Most Valuable Property at Riviere du Loup, En Bas.

ONE OF THE MOST POPULAR AND ATTRACTIVE SEA BATHING PLACES ON THE LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

The undersigned Notary Public is authorized to sell by Public Auction at his Office, No. 22, ST. PETER Street, Lower Town of Quebec, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of JUNE next, at ONE o'clock in the afternoon, a certain Lot of Ground, situate in the village of Riviere du Loup, en bas, containing Ninety-seven feet in front by One Hundred and Eighty-Five feet in depth, together with a Two-Storied Wooden House and other buildings thereon erected.

The above property is well deserving the attention of intending purchasers, from its eligible situation and the fine view it commands of the River St. Lawrence.

S. I. GLACKMEYER, N. P.

Quebec, May 18, 1874. 2574-2-w

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles
AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S
34 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no sale.

March 25, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives 9.10 a.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

Steamer *Peerless* leaves at 7 a.m.
Steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 8 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.........112¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Times Office, June 1.

GRAIN.

	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 20 to 1 25
Fall Wheat	1 20 to 1 30
Oats	0 35 to 0 00
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	7 00 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken—per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 45 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 00

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 08 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 00
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock do do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 1 00
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, June 1.—Receipts of hogs, 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1.18¼ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64½c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62½c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46½c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91½c for No. 2,

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8½c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4¼c; Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, June 1.—Cotton, dull at 18¼ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged,

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17 05.

Lard, 15 1 6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c. for State and new.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil — Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes —"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., write—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.Q., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We have ... to take well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
Note—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

FLOWERS AND SEEDS.—J. S. Forfar, although burnt out on York street, has still a full stock of Garden and Flower Seeds, tools and implements, roses, geraniums, fuchsias, verbenas, pansies, dahlias in bloom; the cheapest place in the city Ottawa Valley, Rideau street. 258

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

THE MISSES SINGLETON,

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Children's Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B.—A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 2357-3m

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

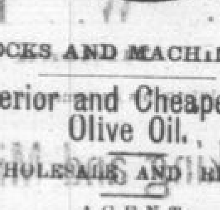
First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York.
P. O. Box 1847. 2377m

Trade Mark.



STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2345-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time substituted for Ottawa time.

1874 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAIL.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Savings Bank Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

NEW

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO.
Ottawa, March 2 1872 2555

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.
Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2499

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors, and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871) take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

JOHN B. DRAKE, & ... Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2395 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
6 " each,	50,000	100 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	300 " "	200
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100
400 Gold Watches			$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines			60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos			250 to 700
50 Melodeons			50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, draw $15,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.
April 22, 1874. 2550-2m

MANITOBA AND NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

On and after the 5th JUNE next, the following rates will be charged for passengers and freight between Prince Arthur's Landing, Thunder Bay and Fort Garry, Manitoba.

Each passenger, adult, with 200 lbs. of baggage	$10.00
Each passenger under fourteen years of age, with 100 lbs. of baggage	$ 5.00
Children under three years of age	Free.
All freight securely packed (not including Household Furniture Machinery) per 100 lbs	2.00
Household Furniture (at owner's risk), per 100 lbs	$3.00

All Machinery, special rates.

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, &c., at special rates.

No Wines or Spirituous Liquors will be carried over any part of the route.

Through Tickets from Thunder Bay to Fort Garry can be had at the office of the Contractors, W. H. Carpenter & Co., Thunder Bay.

By direction,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, 2572-12in2awk
Ottawa, 18th May, 1874.

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 26th, 1874. 2579-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Copartnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Grant, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned

W. A. ARMSTRONG.
Ottawa, May 16th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,

Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 251 3-6m

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.

A New Glee Book For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method	Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice: Ludden's School for the Voice	Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor: Worrall's Guitar	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices: Sangerfest	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices: Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home: The Cluster	Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book: Fairy Echoes	Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by

J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music will *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work.

A New Music Book For Public Schools. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.

Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but the selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Presentation, Repeaters, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing Room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, and exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court and other distinguished personages, &c.

Presentation Plate:—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable quality. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. Nothing is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying. Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled men. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
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Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION.

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO

Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the

LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
86 A ... -st., New York City
April 20 1874.

DATURA TATULA,

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H. I. M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st., London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street West, Toronto, Ontario.

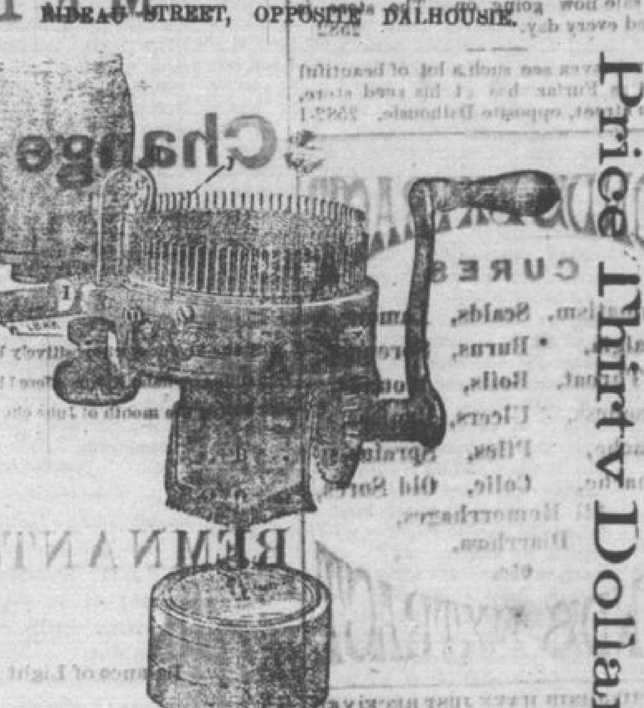
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 stitches per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Mufts, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF

Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING

ROOMS,

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

T. E. MOORE

RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can now make up the tangled saving of the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 SPARKS-ST.

May 1, 1874.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of *CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.*

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874. 2505y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, by private contract, Lot No. 63, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE,

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x30, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

Apply to A. BOWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent
Ottawa, March 17 1874 22

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Marches, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for Violin and Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 100 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements. Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not as large as the "Musical Garland" and "Music Flowers," containing so much "Flute or Violin" Music, without Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

Continues to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred.

The above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place the Sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.
Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

THOS. S. SARNEY,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER

AND

AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances.

Light Engines and General Machinery

For inventors and parties requiring experimental work done, T. S. S. has fitted up a strictly private work-shop, replete with best tools and machinery. His personal attention given to work of this kind.

Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
April 8, 1874. 2558-tf

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St. : Opposite the Post Office
May 7, 1874. 2561y

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

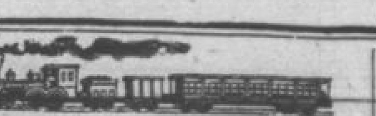
6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa
18



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.20 P.M.
†3 Mail	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.35 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.30 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A. M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P. M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P. M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A. M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.

ARRIVE.

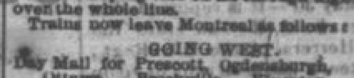
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.15 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new Ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9.00 a.m.
Night Express	9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations	6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations	5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at	1.85 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.20 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.	
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.30 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.	
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	3.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at	5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at	10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe	11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Steamers, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at	2.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at	3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. | R. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874. 249y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the John on Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 38 Sparks Street.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do, Felt Boots—wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
No. 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSEFRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOF-CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CUPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for building any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 7 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. BREIFENSTEIN.

Caution.

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis or Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, Messrs SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them which are put forth as possessing the real and properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the true Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE,"

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, besides being rich in Pancreatic juice, has the delicate milky appearance and consistency of fresh cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada.
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., King Street, Toronto
February 28th, 1874. 2509

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright! Cheerful! Earnest! and ...

The "Home" takes rank with ... of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social life ... than any other. Every yearly subscriber ... a choice of the following large and elegant Engravings, one of which ...

First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace," "Seed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles."

Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to

J. W. JONES, London, Ont.,
Sole General Agent
Nov ... '31

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronized by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh

FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.

W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibusses,

ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability, are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1951

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders ... will be satisfactorily ...

Lumbermen's inspection to our ... of Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug 5 1873. 289

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalisation, wishes to give lessons in Vocalisation. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between 2 and 5 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's Cottage, Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872. 2033

THE TIMES is printed and published by MACLEAN, ROGERS & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Ordnance Lands) Centre Town, Ottawa.

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The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2584 — OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1874 — PRICE 3 CE[NTS]

ANGUS & IRWIN, FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,

38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of

COFFINS AND CASKETS.

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.

Jan. 2, 1873. 2478-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.

Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

Ottawa, May 8, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.

Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.

Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.

Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.

Ottawa, March 24, 1873. 2323y

DR. BURROWS,

C. M. L. C. P. S. L. C., M. C. P. S. O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.

Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.

April 20, 1874. 2558-3m

W. McCONNELL, DDS, LDS,

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

OFFICE—On Sparks-st., a few doors East of O'Connor-st., opposite Honey & Robinson's New Block.

March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.

Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.

Office—Baily's Block, Rideau Street.

O. Taillon. F. H. CHRYSLER.

Ottawa, June 3, 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.

Feb. 5. 87 2435

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c.,

(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)

OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.

Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.

Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.

Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2461

THOMAS P. FOLAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No 12 St. James-S. MONTREAL.

Sept. 9, 1873. 2862-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c

OFFICE:

Master in Chancery Chambers,

COURT HOUSE,

OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,

Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.

March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,

ADVOCATE.

Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,

MAIN STREET, HULL.

Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,

(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)

Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.

March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT

Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated. Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nov. 27 1873. 2436-ly.

F. YIELDING,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Office—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton B os.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

—TOOK—

ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

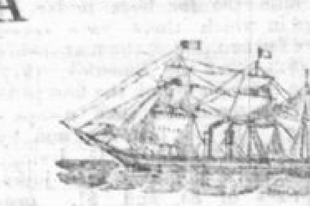
They are used by nearly all the leading Mantle Makers, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.

Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Call on or address,

GEO. DAWSON, 60 Sparks-st., Ottawa

March, 1874. 2507-3m

ALLAN LINE



OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	May	2
From Quebec:		
SARMATIAN	"	9
CIRCASSIAN	"	16
PRUSSIAN	"	23
HIBERNIAN	"	30

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin $77 50 to $87 50

Steerage $29 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

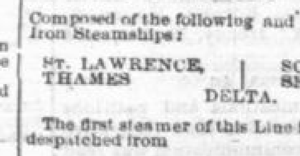
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, DELTA.

The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from

LONDON

For Quebec and Montreal

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,

(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season.) and from

QUEBEC FOR LONDON

ABOUT 7th MAY.

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec; DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or

C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.

April 14, 1874. 2543.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.

OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2 51

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daly
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m., for passengers.

Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted] at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.

A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.

Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p m.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS P. Macdowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p.m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.

Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.

The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.

Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.

Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.

R. W. SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

GOOD TIMES COMING

—IN—

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874.

—IN—

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,

C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.
(Late Desbarats' Property.)

May 13, 1874.

Tailoring Department.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS

—COMPRISING—

TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.

WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of [illegible] COATINGS and FRENCH SERGES.

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.

RUSSELL & WATSON

May 2, 1874

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER

BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.

All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, and guaranteed.

, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS. 2484

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold $1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

39 SPARKS-ST

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL

Branches of Builders Work!—

Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application

COAL AND WOOD STOVES.

HOUSEFURNISHINGS.

IRON BED-STEADS.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex Street,

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.

N. S. BLASDELL & Co.

Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,

Ottawa Sept. 12 1873. 2366

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (trade Mark secured) Montreal. 2120-ly

A LARGE VARIETY OF

GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER

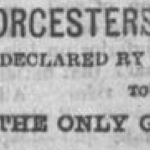
SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT

DACIER'S DRUG STORE,

43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.

March 28, 1874. 2528



LEA & PERKINS

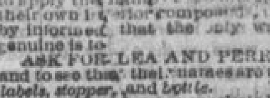
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free — Employment at your homes or travelling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Address at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co., 280 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street,

AUCTION! AUCTION! AUCTION!

EXCELSIOR SALE OF CITY LOTS and House Property by Auction, at

BERMINGHAM'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, ELGIN STREET,

ON

Wednesday, the 3rd of June,

At 12 o'clock, noon, and 7:30 same evening.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction on above-named day and place, several fine Building Lots, Farms and House Property, comprising in part as follows:—Lots 34, 35 and 36, South side Stewart street; 34, 35 and 36, North side Wilbrod street; 66x99 each. These lots are finely situated and from their high position as well as the respectability of the locality, are admitted to be unsurpassed in Ottawa. They are directly opposite the dwellings of Rev. Dr. Jones, and Mr Meredith, the Deputy of the Minister of Interior, and adjacent to that splendid Mansion just erected by Mr. Cameron, of Thurso. The following diagram will show their position:

STEWART STREET.

34	35	36	AUGUSTA STREET	Rev. Dr. Jones.
34	35	36		Mr. Meredith.

WILBROD STREET.

They will be offered as one and if not disposed of altogether, will be sold in half Lots of 33x99, the purchaser having the option to take one or more. Plan of the subdivisions can be seen at the office of the subscriber. This is a rare chance to purchase cheap Building Lots in a most beautiful and healthy locality. All desirous of investing in valuable City Property, are requested to visit the lots, they can be easily known as there are large posters of the sale on the fence. At same time and place will be sold, 39 South Daly and 39 North Stewart, 66x99 each, and directly opposite Mr. Robillard's new Stone Buildings, now erecting on Daly street. Lot No 46 South Daly and 46 North Stewart, two fine Building Lots, and well situated. Lot N, North Wilbrod, near the corner of Ottawa and Wilbrod streets, and nearly opposite the Catholic College. West half of Lot 18 St. Paul street, with a story frame house thereon, having a shop and eight good rooms, stable, sheds, and storehouse. This will be found a remunerative investment, as it will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Several other lots that cannot be enumerated will be offered. Terms and conditions made known time of Sale.

Don't forget the day, WEDNESDAY, 3rd JUNE, at Twelve o'clock, and 7:30 same evening.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 26th, 1874.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

The Subscriber is instructed to sell without any reserve, outside his sale rooms, Elgin street, at twelve o'clock on Saturday next, one double seated buggy, nearly new, set of single harness very little used. Gents riding saddle and bridle, used only once, one side saddle, one very fine carved about three dozen cars and paddles, several oat rudders, about two dozen cushioned seats and cushioned backs for boats, of all dimensions. One very fine breech-loading rifle, capable of discharging sixteen rounds per minute, together with five hundred of ball cartridge. At seven thirty, same evening, will be sold by auction at sale rooms, a second consignment of children's carriages, about two dozen silver Art Union engravings in handsome gilt frames, one hundred toilet sets in all colors, ten dozen toilet bats, ten dozen glass goblets and tumblers, ten dozen port and sherry glasses, two counter glass cases, window hangings, window cornices, vases, lamps, &c., &c., as well as various other articles that cannot be enumerated. Sale of Dry Goods every evening, commencing Monday evening, June 1st, at 7.30.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

May 27th, 1874. (tf)

TO BE SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE.

Forty five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cummings' Bridge, the city limits, being West half of East half Lot No. 11.

The situation is excellent, and the land very fine.

To speculators this will prove an excellent investment. Terms easy. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, Lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, and directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with the Buildings and Stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four Lots, twenty-four feet nine inches each.

Apply before sixth of June for a special bargain: after that date a higher price will be put on the property.

All information to be given on application to J. BERMINGHAM.

Ottawa, May 28, 1874.

FOR SALE.

To be sold at a low price, and on easy terms of payment, a handsome BRICK RESIDENCE, situate near the Motonmore Racing Park, just off the Bank Street Road and having about one acre of land attached thereto. The House is 28x40, one and a half stories high, and contains eight rooms—four above and four below stairs,—with a cellar the full size of the House, having a wall from two and a half to three feet thick. There are also excellent out-houses and every accommodation requisite for a comfortable rural residence. This will be found an excellent opportunity for persons of limited means who desire to secure a pleasant residence within a convenient distance of the City. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM, Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

EXTENSIVE CONSIGNMENT

OF

DRY GOODS,

For a few days

AT PRIVATE SALE.

The Subscriber has received from Messrs. Benning and Barsalou, the largest Wholesale Importers and Auctioneers in Montreal, a large quantity of New Dry Goods, direct from England, which will be offered during this month, at private sale, far below any wholesale prices in the country. They are desirous of establishing an Agency in this City, and for that purpose have consigned to me the following goods for immediate sale. Bleached and Half Bleached Damask Linen and Twilled Sheeting, Damask Napkins, Stair Linen, Black Lustre, Marseilles Quilts, Lace Curtains, Balbriggan Hose, White Brilliant Shawls in Variety, Bed Ticking, Striped Dress Goods, Check Dress Goods, Newest Colors in Dress Goods, New Striped Marseilles, New Prints, Gent's Water-proof Overcoats, 500 pairs of Fine White Blankets, selling for $4 per pair worth $6; 500 pairs Excellent Grey Blankets for Shanty or Rafting purposes, selling for $2 per pair, well worth $3.50.

All to be sold at Private Sale, call and get Share of the bargains, at the Sale Room of the subscriber Elgin Street.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa May 12th, 1874.

PLANTS!

Plants, Plants,

100,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.

ALSO:

A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—
Verbenas.
Petunias.
Asters.
Stocks.
Balsams.
Ev-lasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c., &c.

For sale at reasonable prices at

ANDREW HICKEY'S,
Bank Street Road,
adjoining Rideau Canal.

2565-1m

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME — $30 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address

S J SPAWNON, [illegible]

THE HERALD OF HEALTH"

Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The Best People like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.

$2 a year, with pre [illegible]; $1.50 without.

J. ACKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.

May 7, 1874. 2561-1m

Dominion Parliament,

First Session Third Parliament.

THE SENATE.

Continued.

SATURDAY, May 23.

Hon. Mr. READ moved the adjournment of the debate, but as there was a general feeling expressed that it should be proceeded with, he went on to say that at the opening of the session he had stated that he would support the Government in any reasonable scheme for the construction of the Pacific Railway, because he was thoroughly convinced that if Canada was ever to be a great country the road must be built. When it was remembered that the descendants of old France had come to the country, men of sterling worth who cut their way through the woods and settled down to make a living in the forests, and when they came down to a later date and found the hardy emigrants from England, Ireland and old Scotia, and when they came to combine these elements to make up a nationality, he believed there was nothing that a community composed of men of that sort could not carry out. Still, it was doubted by some whether it was the intention of the Government to build the road; but if they were not going to utilise the country that had been given to them—a country nearly as large as the whole of Europe, for which they only had to pay $300 000—it would have to be given up to others who would make use of it. He held that if the people of this country were not educated up to the standard of constructing the Pacific Railroad, they must be educated to that point. He would give the Government his support in any honest measure for building the road, and would not cavil much about their plan, but give them every latitude necessary to carry out this great undertaking. But he did see some things in the proposed scheme which he did not understand. [Laughter]. If it was intended to construct the road proper, then there was no necessity for some of the provisions in the measure now under consideration. He did not get much information as to the intention of the Government when the bill was thrown on the table, and although he gave strict attention to the proceedings he had to ask what bill they were in Committee upon. It was a bill most intimately affecting the future of this great country, yet it was thrown on the table without a word of explanation. When it was allowed to be read a second time it was on the distinct understanding that a discussion should take place in Committee. It had been said by the Hon. Secretary of State, that the House was thoroughly versed in the Government policy, but that he much doubted, and further, he doubted whether the Government knew themselves what their policy was. (Laughter.) At least the bill now under consideration did not show it, and therefore he could not see why the Senate should be expected to be thoroughly versed in that policy. He looked upon the using of water and railway communication as an abortion of a scheme. It was proposed to go to French River, but he could not see the object of going to French River if they were not going to build the main line. Since this project had been up he had been trying to study the maps, and he did not find any reason for going to French River if they were going to make the terminus at Lake Nipissing. French River is about half a degree southwest of Lake Nipissing, so that there would be 200 miles of road to be built at a cost of $3,000,000 in order to get to Georgian Bay. They all knew that Montreal must be the starting point, and for half a million of dollars a communication could be effected with Georgian Bay in less than two years. He did not see that the plan proposed would be of much use, and he was most anxious to have the road constructed at the earliest possible date. He did not think that they could construct the road all the way through without increasing the taxation, but all that would be wanted for last year and all that would be wanted for the next year the tariff would be sufficient.

Hon. Mr. MACDONALD (Victoria) said: I certainly thought that I could congratulate the Government on the abandonment of a mixed land and water communication as a part of the great trans-continental highway—however useful such a work might be, and no doubt will be at some future day for local and colonization purposes, yet as a competing line it will be useless. From all the information which I can gather on the navigation of the Saskatchewan, it could only be used for about three months in the year after a large outlay, first in removing obstructions. The Bill now before us gives no indication of a route similar to that alluded to by the Secretary of State—the Bill is purely a Railway Bill—and does not give the Government power to spend money in improving rivers, canals or navigation of any kind—the proposed mixed communication would be a great commercial failure. The present Government have been accused by many of having no intention of building this railway. But I cannot imagine a man, in the position of the Premier of Canada, stand before Parliament and the country, and say that he was going to do certain things that he had no intention of doing. I have heard him in the other branch of the Legislature repeat offers made to British Columbia, and saying that he would not make a sham commencement, that he hated shams. I for one believe that the Government is in earnest. Two years ago when the former Government brought in their Pacific Railway Bill I gave it my support, believing it to be a good measure, which, with fair treatment, would have brought a large amount of foreign capital into the country, and would have formed a wealthy corporation into an active immigration society, whose interests it would have been to colonise the enormous tracts of land over which it would have had control. Our business, now, however, is not with the former bill, or the company, or aught in connection with it, for reasons to well known to be repeated, it failed in its object. To the bill now before us I intend giving my support also, although I would like it had been more definite on many points. Yet I have no doubt but it has been carefully prepared, and the money and land grants proposed to be made under it carefully weighed, and I do hope that it will meet the object in view. Our large tracts of lands whether in the hands of Government or in the hands of Companies are valueless until placed in communication with the outside world, and disposed of to actual settlers—then, and not until then will the great North West be of value. It is much to be regretted that the Minister of Finance, in his Budget Speech, should have taken such a gloomy view of the state of the country. Surely it could never have occurred to that hon. gentleman that his words would operate against himself and the country as soon as we became borrowers in the money market of the world. In all the arguments adduced in favor of increased taxation and a high tariff, in order to meet the large contemplated expenditure for railways and canals, calculations have been based on the present revenue, and no allowance made for increase, while we have ample proof that the revenue has grown steadily year by year. The Government is about to borrow $40,000,000. Now it is not likely that it will be necessary to borrow in any one year more than $8,000,000, the interest on which for one year would be, at 4½ per cent, $360,000 and sinking fund at 1 per cent $80,000; but as this sinking may be invested in good security, a portion of this amount would be saved; but taking the whole amount, the interest and sinking would be $440,000 for the first year. Now for the sake of illustration, I will take the first two years in which we would borrow say $16,000,000, the interest on which would be $1,580,000 and sinking fund $240,000, making a total outlay for two years $1,320,000. The point which I wish to place before the House is this, that allowing for a reasonable addition to the revenue for the next two years—say at the rate of $750,000 per annum, or $1,500,000 for the first two years—the interest on our loan would not cost the country one dollar of fresh taxation; and with the progress of these great works, the large expenditure of money, the stimulus given to trade, and the increase of population, is it not a reasonable expectation that the revenue will largely increase, and the burden on the country be very light? With regard to satisfying my own province, which is supposed to have a direct interest in the Pacific Railway, although I cannot speak with authority for all parts of that country, yet I will undertake to say that a reasonable prosecution of the work will be accepted; and although the people are opposed to opening our terms of union, yet when the ten years in which the work was to have been completed have expired, there will be little difficulty in extending the time provided always that in the meantime good progress has been made. A great deal of valuable time has already been lost which is a very strong reason for making good use of that now before us. Although I hold my own opinions as to route and terminus, I shall urge or press them in this House or on the Government; but, while I am willing to leave this question in the hands of the Government and competent engineers, feeling that they will exercise wisdom and discretion in the matter, yet I must say that it is in the interests of commerce, and in order to compete successfully with the American routes the terminus should be in the harbor most accessible to the Pacific ocean, as well for the reasons mentioned as to fulfill the treaty obligations.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD said his principal objection to the Bill was that the Government had taken power to construct the road themselves, rather than by giving bonuses and such encouragement as to induce companies to underate it. He did not believe from his own experience in regard to public works, that the Government could construct this railway as cheaply themselves as they might have got it done by companies properly aided and encouraged. He would also suggest that the Government do not commit themselves to any guage for the road, but merely provide that the guage should not exceed four feet eight and a half inches. The hon. gentleman went on to describe the Festiniog railway, in Wales, as under two feet guage, while accommodating a traffic greater than the Grand Trunk, yet worked at two-fifths of the cost. Judging from this experiment, and information collected from all parts of the world, the ablest engineers had decided that the guage might be limited to three feet. Sweden, Norway and other countries had adopted this guage, and why was it necessary for us in a thinly settled country to do otherwise, when we had such a long line as 2,500 miles to construct? It was an admitted fact that they could complete a narrow guage railroad, sufficient to carry traffic for a century, at three fifths the cost of a four feet eight and a half. The broad guage had been one of the reasons of the failure of the Intercolonial. He hoped the same failure would not be the result under similar circumstances, of the Pacific.

Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER urged the adjournment of the debate.

After some remarks,

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST moved that the Chairman report progress.—Carried.

ADJOURNMENT.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST JUST moved that when the House adjourn, it stand adjourned till Monday at 12 o'clock.—Carried.

BILLS FROM THE COMMONS.

Sundry disagreements by the Commons to amendments in bills were announced to the House, and the amendments were not insisted on.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT moved the adjournment of the House.

The House adjourned at 11.30 p. m.

MONDAY, May 25th.

The House met at twelve o'clock.

MINISTERS IN THE SENATE.

Hon. Mr. READ enquired if it was the intention of the Government to have an additional number of Ministers in this House at the next meeting of Parliament?

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST said that it was not.

Hon. Mr. READ said that he regretted that it was not. He held that it was not fair to this House, and not consistent with its dignity, that now, when new Provinces had been added to the Confederation and the number of the Cabinet had been increased, there were only two Ministers sitting in this Chamber. In England a third of the Cabinet had seats in the House of Lords, and he believed that if there were more Ministers in this House business would be got through much better than at present. He moved that in the opinion of this House a fair proportion of Ministers have not seats here.

Hon. Mr. HAVILAND regretted that his hon. friend had not brought his motion forward at a period of the session when there was less press of business than now, at the eleventh hour. He thought that if the Government were satisfied with having only two Ministers representing them in this House it was nothing for this House to grieve over. In England the number of members of the Cabinet in the House of Lords varied with the different Ministries. He hoped his hon. friend would withdraw his motion.

Hon. Mr. KAULBACH said that his views were fully in accord with those of the hon. gentleman who had just spoken. He had seconded the motion, but only out of politeness to the mover, and he hoped the latter would now withdraw it, as it was too late in the session to bring the matter before the House. There were enough Ministers to bring Government measures fairly before the House. This was, at any rate, a matter for the Government themselves. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST remarked on the lateness of the period at which the motion had been brought forward, and said if the mover did not withdraw it he would be obliged to move the previous question. He went on to say that at the time of Confederation there were four members of the Cabinet in this House, but that number was subsequently reduced gradually to two, and it would be more difficult to return to that state of things than it would have been to maintain it. Two new Colonies had been added to the Confederation, one of which had received representation in the Cabinet, at the expense of the other Provinces. That was a further reason why they could not have a larger number of Ministers in the Senate.

HARBOR MASTERS.

The House went into Committee on the bill for the appointment of Harbor Masters in certain ports, which was explained by Hon. Mr. Scott. Their salaries would range from $300 to $800 a year, according to the importance of the harbor.

Hon. Mr. RYAN—By whom to be appointed?

Hon Mr. SCOTT—By the Government in Council.

The bill was reported without amendment and passed.

THE MONTREAL HARBOR COMMISSION.

The House went into Committee on the bill respecting the Montreal Trinity House and Harbor Commissioners. Hon. Mr. Kaulbach in the chair.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT explained the measure, one of the chief objects of which was to give the Government the control of the Board, which would be composed of nine gentlemen, five appointed by Government. A large amount of public money was spent on that harbor for which the goods distributed all over the Dominion had paid duties. Therefore, though the harbor was, in a sense, a local work, in other senses it concerned the whole Dominion, a very large amount of public money being annually spent upon its improvement. It was necessary, then, that Government should be responsible for its due expenditure. Of the remainder of the Board, one gentleman was to represent the shipping interests, one the Board of Trade, another the Corn Exchange, and the fourth would be the Mayor of the city. Heretofore each of those bodies elected its representative at the Harbour Board, but it was proposed, for hereafter, to take the already elected head or president. The President of the Commission would receive an annual indemnity not exceeding $2,000 a year, from the revenues.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL could not say he approved of the changes described by the Secretary of State. He did not think it was fair to legislate in the direction contemplated by the first clause. The present Commissioners had been elected under an existing Act of Parliament, those representing the Board of Trade, Corn Exchange and City Corporation for five years, subject to a removal any year by a ballot. They might remain in for five years, or be changed by one going out yearly. This bill then, said in the most arbitrary way, they should cease to form a portion of the Board after the first of August next.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER—How did you treat the Legislative Council of Quebec and Ontario when you passed Confederation? You did the same thing.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL denied it.

Hon. Mr. PENNY—Yes, you did. There was the case of Mr. Philip Moore.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said there was an easy explanation; there were not seats enough for all the members of the Council representing Quebec under the old system. They Legislated nobody out of his seat, nor did they say that Philip Moore should not hold a seat. But in this case Government desired to act in a way extremely arbitrary, and contrary to the ordinary spirit of Legislation. He did not see any reason in the world why they should assent to a change of that kind, to the prejudice of those three gentlemen who had been elected by proper authority, under an Act of Parliament for five years. The Ministers, who called themselves Liberals, proposed to take from the Corporation, the Board of Trade and Commercial Exchange the right hitherto enjoyed, of electing their several representatives, and to say, absolutely, the Mayor and the two Presidents of those bodies should be their representatives. The Mayor, for example, might or might not be the sort of man desirable for a seat at the Board. Then why should he be thrust upon it? Why should not the Corporation of Montreal be allowed to choose its representative? Was this the change one would have expected from a Liberal Government? Certainly it was not. The Board of Trade and the Corn Exchange were very much interested, too, in the duties performed by these Commissioners, and it might not be desirable at all times that the President of the former should let that body judge whether he was the right man to send there or not. He believed that the aim of the Government in thus limiting the power of these several corporations and arbitrarily saying who should represent them was directed against certain individuals, because the shipping interest was allowed to elect its own members. He did not know these gentlemen, who had made themselves obnoxious to the Government, neither did he know the extent of their sins, nor even whether they had sinned at all. He did not speak as a citizen of Montreal, but as a citizen of the Dominion, and he contended that, even if these gentlemen had made themselves obnoxious to the Government, this was not the way to get rid of them. He condemned the proposed change as a limitation of the election principle which had obtained hitherto, as a retrograde movement, and as a diminution of the liberties enjoyed by those bodies who should be allowed to choose whomsoever they pleased to represent them. He also considered that clause in the bill unfair, which diminished by two years the length of tenure of office by the gentlemen in the shipping interest. He said nothing as yet about the Government commanding a majority in the Board. This had been explained by the Secretary of State on the ground of its being a public work, and therefore that the Government ought to command a majority. Well, it was, and it was not, a public work. The funds, for the most part, all came from Montreal, from the tax on shipping, and he really did not see why the Government should desire to have that majority. Four would be representation enough. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST was surprised that the hon. gentleman had made it a question of vested right existing in this corporation which the Government were about to take away. He would again call the attention of the hon. gentleman to the Legislative Council of Quebec, some of whose members had certainly been deprived of their seats though elected for a term of eight years. Their tenure was guaranteed by the constitution. Not only did the Government declare they might follow a principle contrary to the rights of those gentlemen under the constitution, but the subsequent appointments should be filled by the Crown. If he remembered well, a gentleman on the then opposition side was deprived of his seat. The opponents of this bill could not argue, therefore, that Government had no right to interfere with the seats of the Harbour Commissioners, because they had been elected for five years. That would be equivalent to saying that there should be no legislation on this important subject till that period expired. He believed that since the country had such an extensive stake in that harbour it should, to a certain extent, control the revenues and expenditure. Some of the charges brought against members of the Board were true, which constituted an additional argument for the bill. If Montreal shall not be able to select her best men for the position, she would not be worthy of her opportunities. The different corporations, when electing their presidents, would, of course, be influenced by their knowledge of the positions they would have to occupy at the Board. The hon. gentleman [Mr. Campbell] opposing this measure, would show that he had lost some of his Conservative principles since he crossed the House. [Hear, hear, and a laugh.]

Hon. Mr. SCOTT said that as he read the statute, the present Commissioners were not in for five years, nor could five new members take their seats till next August.

Hon. Mr. READ argued that, as regards the constitution of the Senate, at Confederation, it was the act of the Legislative Council, of the whole body of this House, if any hon. gentleman was left out, it was not by the act of other people.

BOY'S CLOTHING.—Mr. T. Lawrence desires to intimate to his customers and the public generally, that he has just received in connection with his Tailoring Establishment at No. 76 Sparks Street, a large and beautiful assortment of Boy's Clothing. The entire stock is to be disposed of cheap for cash. Give Mr. Lawrence a call at once if you desire to secure a good bargain. 2582

30,000 plants in bloom for sale cheap at Porter's Seed Store, Rideau street. 2561

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLARET!

Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin, Margaux.
Do do Medoc.
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Wellington-st.

May 9, 1874 2581

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2528-3m

PANAMA HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats

AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS

—AT—

DEVLIN'S.

March 25, 1874. 2008.

☞ Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

COMMISSION STORE

—AND—

AUCTION ROOMS

—AT—

D. C. Simon's,

HULL.

The undersigned will be happy to receive all kinds of Goods to Sell on Commission, Patented Articles, Furnitures, etc., etc.

Mr. Simon having one of the best Commercial stand in the Village of Hull, and being well known by the public, hopes to meet the encouragement which he thinks he has a right to expect.

Having giving the necessary guarantee for his license his patrons can depend on getting a prompt return after the disposal of their goods. Mr. Simon will also act as Real Estate Agent, on liberal conditions.

May 30, 1874. 2582.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

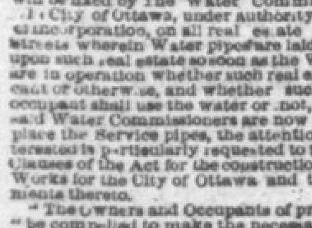
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices,

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.



ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY,

A Special Meeting of the Members of this Society will take place at Mr F. Chapness Hotel, Rideau Street, [to-day] Tuesday the 2nd inst., to discuss matters of importance, at 8 o'clock sharp.

By Order.
J. YEOMAN.
Secretary.

Ottawa, June 2. 2584-1in.

OTTAWA WATER WORKS.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Owners and Occupants of Houses, Tenements, Lots, or parts of Lots or both, in the City of Ottawa, are hereby notified, that a Water Rate will be fixed by the Water Commissioners for the City of Ottawa, under authority of their Act of incorporation, on all real estate fronting on streets wherein Water pipes are laid, chargeable upon such real estate so soon as the Water Works are in operation whether such real estate be vacant or otherwise, and whether such owner or occupant shall use the water or not, and as the said Water Commissioners are now prepared to place the Service pipes, the attention of all interested is particularly requested to the following Clauses of the Act for the construction of Water Works for the City of Ottawa and the Amendments thereto.

"The Owners and Occupants of premises shall "be compelled to make the necessary provision "to receive the Service pipes in safety, to the "satisfaction of the Engineer of the said Com-"missioners, and in default of their doing so, the "Commissioners shall have power so to do, and "charge the costs thereof to the owners or occu-"pants of the premises, and such charges shall "be payable with the first charge for Water "Rates, and shall be collected in the same man-"ner from the Owners or Occupants."

"In all such cases where a vacant space inter-"venes between the line of the Street and the "wall of the building into which the water is to "be taken, the Commissioners are empowered to "lay the service pipe across such vacant space, "and charge the cost of the same to the owner "of the premises—such charge to be payable with "the first payment of water rates, and to be "collected in the same manner from the said "owner." The Commissioners require all basements to be frost proof, and the work of laying service pipes thereto will be proceeded with as rapidly as possible in the order of importance as consumers and of priority of application.

Parties requiring an extra quantity of water for special or manufacturing purposes, are requested to send in their names and residences, or place of business, with a specification of the probable daily consumption of water required.—When the basement is excavated in the rock, applicants will state if there is a drain to the Street, and at what depth below side walk level, and whether the same is deep enough for drainage and protection from frost.

By Order of the Water Commissioners for the City of Ottawa.

C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Secretary.

Ottawa, June 1st, 1874. 2583.

SPRING

IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Are receiving daily shipments of all the delicacies of the season.

Crosse & Blackwell's English List for 1874 is complete in every shape.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED

STILTON CHEESE.

DAVIS' CELEBRATED

HAMS AND BACON

Are worthy of public attention.

OUR SIMCOE RYE

We can recommend as being a genuine article.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
86 Sparks-St.

May 14th, 1874.

THE

NOTMAN STUDIO

OTTAWA.

Mr. TOPLEY has recently been honored with a sitting from

Her Excellency the Countess of Dufferin.

Specially approved portraits may be obtained at the Studio.

Ottawa, May 26th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Clearing Sale—J. R. Stitt.
Union Forwarding Company—R. S. Cassels.
Concert—Philip Phillips.
St. George's Society—J. Yeoman.
To Let—J. S. Nicholson.
Lost—P. Kattey.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1874.

The Hon. George Brown arrived in this city yesterday, and will remain in town for the present.

Drs. Grant and Lynn have left the city to attend the Medical Council of the Province of Ontario at Toronto, as representatives of Bathurst Division and of the Ottawa University respectively.

Considerable doubts have been entertained for some time as to the existence of a harbor at the mouth of French River, some authorities stating that nine feet of water could not be found there. It is now reported that Messrs. Mortimer and Brunel have found that place suitable for this purpose.

The Government have already given ample evidence of their desire to hasten the construction of the Pacific Railway by their directing Mr. Hazlewood, late Engineer on the Intercolonial Railway, to make a survey of the country from French River to Pembroke, with a view to the location of the eastern end of that line.

The surveying party under Mr. William Murdoch, C. E., which had been entrusted with the survey of that section of the Pacific Railway from Fort Garry to Lake Nipegon, have returned to this city. Mr. Murdoch is reported to have done excellent work in that locality, and has succeeded in obtaining a good location for the proposed railway.

The New York *Herald* says all the provisions of the Treaty of Washington are now in full force, the Legislature of Newfoundland having assented to the sections relating to the fisheries, and the President having made his proclamation to that effect. We shall, therefore, have fresh fish from Newfoundland as well as from the other parts of British America, for all of which we ought to be sufficiently grateful.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY—MR FLEMING'S REPORT.

We publish to-day, a review of Mr Sandford Fleming's report on the exploratory survey for the Canadian Pacific Railway, taken from a contemporary. At the outset he states:—

By the end of last year, a vast amount of work had been accomplished, and an exact data acquired. I have, however, to report, with much regret, that on the 16th inst. a fire broke out in the building occupied as offices in this city, by which the greater part of the plans, field notes and records of the surveys were completely destroyed.

In consequence of this serious disaster, much inconvenience and difficulty will be experienced in connection with the work in hand. General results are, however, known; and it will be one of the objects of this report, while the subject is fresh in the memory, with the help of such fragments of plans and documents as have escaped destruction, to place the whole on record, as fully and accurately as possible.

The above calamity is deplorable in a variety of respects, including the delay occasioned in the submission of this interesting and valuable report, the pecuniary loss involved, and the necessity for re-acquiring information, plans and so forth, that have perished in the flames. But for the fire, Parliament might have been in possession of the Report early in the Session, and been enabled to form more correct views with regard to the Great North West, including British Columbia, the physical features of the region to be intersected by the Railway, its resources, advantages and difficulties. Thus, many erroneous opinions might have been corrected, and the question of the Railway discussed with something like a proper estimate of the character of the work, its probable cost, and the best policy for Canada in regard to the methods of its construction. Failing this information, now fortunately, at hand, the most absurd theories prevailed in the minds of many members who, while manifesting an extraordinary anxiety for the supposed interest of British Columbia in the matter, seemed to forget their duty to Canada, and the line of conduct expected of men with the slightest pretensions to common sense. The great staple of the complaints against the Government on this head was the imaginary intention to do something, or leave, undone, some other thing, vaguely described as breaking faith with British Columbia. This set of critics would be content with nothing but an off-hand commencement of a work about which neither they nor the friends of the late Government knew anything worth mentioning. More than that, they were most urgent in their demands for its energetic prosecution at what ever cost or hazard. Difficulties that would appal ordinary men counted for nothing with them. The millions to be spent on the road were a mere trifle, unworthy of a thought—men who never had a thousand dollars in their lives, and who would be utterly unknown on the London market, fancying they could knock Sir Hugh Allan, a capitalist of six millions, sky-high in the task of raising the necessary capital. Of course, when this important preliminary could be so easily disposed of, there was no need to boggle at the mechanical and engineering problems to be met. Why should such geniuses hesitate at plunging into a forbidding wilderness north of Lakes Huron and Superior, and running the line, in a twinkling, from the head waters of the Ottawa to Thunder Bay? What signified the rivers and lakes to be bridged or dodged, the ravines to be spanned or filled and the hills scaled or tunnelled? Did not Sir John and Tupper say that this section and the remaining 2,000 miles across the prairies, and the lofty mountains and canyons of the Pacific Province, should be constructed in ten years? Certainly; then what more was wanted but a few flourishes of the potent wand, wielded by these mighty magicians, to make all obstacles disappear, and secure, in fullest measure, the general desire? It is amusing to reflect on one of the chief objections to the scheme of the present Government, that it is certain to cost far more than the scheme of the late Ministry, which was only to entail on Canada an expenditure of thirty millions. One would think that, with the railroad experience of this country, and particularly under its twenty years of Conservative Government, men should not be such fools as to be gulled by this kind of nonsense, or that, if they knew better, they would be ashamed to attempt to impose it upon the intelligent people of Canada. If we had had no Grand Trunk, Great Western, or Intercolonial Railway to look back to, there might have been some little excuse for the delusion that thirty millions, and in the hands of such honest and enlightened administrators, as the late Government, would have sufficed to secure the building of the road, together with the land grant. What could they have known of the character of the routes through the great Eastern and Western sections of it, a couple of years ago, when the money grant was decided upon? Even yet, in 1874, with this lengthy report of Mr. Fleming's, and after his having crossed the Continent from the St. Lawrence to the Pacific, himself, he confesses the need of further topographical information, particularly with regard to British Columbia, and that most difficult western section of it including the Coast Range. Mr. Mackenzie has infinitely more facts upon this whole important subject than had his predecessor, yet, with that conscientious regard for the interest of the public and for his reputation as a man of truth, he prudently insists upon further exploratory surveys before committing the country to a precise scheme as to route and time. In order to know the nature of the various competing lines between the Rocky Mountains and the Ocean, fresh surveys have been ordered, so that no ruinous mistakes may be made, as in the case of the Intercolonial, and that the people, who will, under the most favourable circumstances, have to bear very heavy burdens for this work, may yet something like a fair return for their money. The present Government should not only not be asked to stultify themselves by pursuing phantoms and methods with respect to public works, by which their predecessors brought serious injury upon the country and disgrace upon their whole party, but should be highly commended for their determination to take a different course, despite all the pressure put upon them. How could Mr. Mackenzie and colleagues be expected to throw themselves recklessly into the greatest undertaking of modern times, with the disastrous fruits of the slap-dash policy of the late Ministry, before their eyes? The 500 miles of Intercolonial, for instance, constitute a mere holiday diversion compared with the 2700 now to be entered upon; and yet, with all the advantages of the former including lower prices of every thing, from labour to materials, during the first four years, and the proximity of the scene of operations to all the great marts and sources of supply, it will take more than seven years in all to complete the road, while its cost will reach over twenty millions. Notwithstanding the Pacific was to have been built for thirty, with the land—of course under the miraculous supervision of Sir John Macdonald! What a pity it was not brought into more beneficial play in the construction of the Intercolonial and other roads. The hasty glance we have been able to give at this most interesting and carefully prepared report, convinces us of the wisdom of prosecuting the explorations and surveys, until the character of our whole western region is fully ascertained. We should have this information even were we going to build no railway, in order to understand the value of the magnificent domain to which we have fallen heirs. The more one reads of it—of its vast extent, its variety of feature, its wealth of splendid soil, prairie and woodland, its mineral treasures and salubrious climates—the higher does the admiration rise, the more anxious must every lover of this country become for a wise, honest and efficient use of these great national advantages.

We believe it was generally understood, previous to the meeting of Parliament, that it was the intention of the Government to pay the remainder of the bonus to the Civil Service employees at head quarters. Ministers being so pressed for time, latterly, it may have been found necessary to put it off till the close of the Session. Now that Ministers enjoy a little more time, it is to be hoped they will see their way to repairing this omission, to which the circumstances of many of the employees present strong claims. The Government will, no doubt act with justice and consideration in the matter.

The Canadian Commissioner sent to Washington for the re-opening of the Reciprocity Question has, we believe, reason for satisfaction with his experiences. It is reported, on what is considered fair authority, that the skeleton of a treaty has been agreed upon, the minor features or details to be filled in hereafter. The Americans were found in an agreeable mood, and in their treatment of Mr. Brown were the reverse of unfriendly. It is not presuming on credulity to say that his antecedents as a Canadian Statesman and contributor to the formation of public opinion, had something to do with this pleasant circumstance. As we have already informed the public, there is a cheering prospect of freer commercial relations between Canada and the States within no distant period. Hon. Mr. Brown will probably lay his report before the Governor in Council to day.

We understand that the utmost satisfaction is felt in official circles with the skilful and workmanlike style in which Mr. Forin is performing the contract for the Normal School. We believe that the most captious, will in this case, have no reason for complaint, either as to mistakes or deficiencies, or an overstepping of the terms and conditions. The Province, while getting the full worth of its money, is not likely to be troubled with claims for extras should matters proceed as they have been doing so far. It is very probable that, encouraged by the success of this contractor, and earnestly desirous of supplying all the educational requirements of our Capital, the Model School will not be felt long in abeyance. It is felt to be about as necessary as the other establishment of which it will be the useful complement. Nor need there be any reason to apprehend a less successful issue as regards the Model than what is promised with respect to the Normal School.

The Hon. Mr. McKellar, Provincial Secretary and Minister of Agriculture for the Province of Ontario, appears to be uniting business with pleasure at this point of his wedding tour, since he has been giving some attention to that Public Work in which our citizens are so greatly interested, the Normal School. The happy countenance of the gay bridegroom may be assumed to prove two things, first that he possesses a mind at perfect ease with itself, and second, that matrimony can rejuvenate even hard worked Ministers carrying many responsibilities. The estimation in which the hon. gentleman is held by the workingmen of the Province may be judged from the fact, that on his approach to the Site of the new institution yesterday, the workmen greeted him with a hearty cheer, which he cordially acknowledged. The hon. gentleman has expressed himself as highly pleased with the progress the work is making and with the quality of the material being used. He also visited the new Collegiate Institute a little beyond, and expressed himself equally well pleased with the Site of this new institution. Mr. and Mrs. McKellar are the guests of the Premier while they remain in the city.

The appointment of the Hon. Mr. Dorion to the position of Chief Justice of Lower Canada, in the room of Chief Justice Duval, will be received with mingled feelings by that great majority of the people of Canada in accord with the principles of the party with which he has hitherto been connected. On the one hand, the justice of his claims and his fitness for the office, will be generally conceded, while on the other the sentiment of regret at the loss to his party and the Government, involved in his retirement, will be fully as widespread. It would be superfluous in us at present to depict the pure character and extensive attainments of the gentleman; they have been for a generation a household word. Suffice it to say, his presence in any Cabinet would have given it great moral strength, while his character for liberality of opinion and self-denial would have cleared for him in any British Protestant constituency in Upper Canada a path to victory at the polls. The career of this gentleman is one worthy to set before his profession and fellow countrymen of Quebec as a model for their imitation. No successor to this gentleman in the Cabinet has yet been named, though speculation as to the probable successor is rife enough. We congratulate the new Chief Justice on his well earned elevation, which he could have secured as early as 1864.

The Canadian Pacific Railway.

In the report of Mr. Sandford Fleming upon the survey of the Canadian Pacific Railway, he says that, by the end of last year a vast amount of work had been accomplished, and exact data acquired, but, unfortunately, on the 16th January, (ten days before the date of the present report,) the plans, field-notes and surveys were almost completely destroyed by fire. The exploration may be assumed to extend from a point on the Ottawa River, near the capital of the Dominion, to that portion of the Pacific Coast, lying between Alaska and the Straits of San Juan de Fuca. Its extreme limits embrace fifty-four degrees of longitude and ten degrees of latitude, which, reduced to miles, give a length of twenty-seven hundred miles, with a breadth of from three to five hundred miles. The botanical, geological and topographical features of the country divide the district into three great regions, the Eastern, Western and the Central, the former being densely wooded, the second, wooded and mountainous, and the third and last, lowland, for the most part prairie. The Western portion embraces the mountain ranges and elevated plateaux that occur between the Pacific coast and the low and level plains watered by the Saskatchewan and the tributaries of the Mackenzie River. In a northerly and southerly direction it extends from Washington territory in the United States to the latitude of Peace River. The two prominent and important mountain chains in the region are the Caskades and the Rocky Mountains proper. The former chain rises abruptly from the sea level, the average of many of its serrated summits ranging from 5,000 to 8,0000 feet above the sea level, some of its crests and peaks rivalling the main mountain chain. On the west flank of the main Rocky Mountain chain are found high mountain masses, in independent groups, separated from each other and the main chain by deep chasms. Including these subsidiary groups the breadth of the main chain varies from one to two hundred miles. Much of this rises over 8,000 feet above sea level, some of the peaks reaching an elevation of 15,000 feet. Several of the passes through the chain are from 6,000 to 7,000 feet above the sea level. Between the Cascades and the Rocky Mountains extends a plateau averaging from 3 000 to 4,000 feet above the sea level grooved by deep river channels and broken by rocky ridges and inferior mountain masses. At the extreme west of the Dominion are several large islands, washed by the waters of the Pacific, temperate in climate and rich in minerals. These are Vancouver and the Queen Charotte group, each having distinct mountain ranges of its own, their central peaks rising to double the height of Snowdon. On the coast line there is a very large number of arms of the sea, of very great depth; in some cases it being possible for the very largest iron clads to steam eighty miles into the very heart of the Cascade chain. In this section two very important problems are presented—the first being the discovery of the best way of piercing the mountain chains; and the second, the choice of a terminating point on the sea-board, easy to be reached by the largest class of vessels. The Central or Prairie region lies between Lake of the Woods and the base of the Rocky Mountains. It forms about an isosceles triangle, one side reaching along the United States boundary line, the other from the Rocky Mountains to the Mackenzie River, with its base from the Mackenzie River to Lake of the Woods. This triangle will contain about 300,000,000 of acres of land. Its apex at the base of the Rocky Mountains, between the sources of the Missouri and the South Saskatchewan is about 4,000 feet above sea level, while its base, extending from Lake of the Woods to Great Slave Lake will not average a higher elevation than from 900 to 1,000 feet above the sea. The river system of this long sloping plain are the Assiniboine, the Saskatchewan, the Athabaska, and the Peace River. All the rivers flow in deeply eroded channels, some of them of considerable width; but these generally present from the base of the mountains, throughout their course, a uniform descent. The surface of the triangle from its apex to its base, is not, however, perfectly uniform and unbroken. Terraces and escarpments stretch across the country at intervals. Much of the surface is gently rolling, and distinct hills, some of them five hundred to eight hundred feet above the surrounding level, are occasionally met with. On Peace River the prairies are extensive, and of exceedingly rich soil. In other localities, and as far as 400 miles to the north of the Saskatchewan, there is an agreeable mixture of woodland and prairie. A large area of prairie however, adjoining the United States boundary, and midway between Manitoba and the Rocky Mountain Zone, is arid and unfavorable for agriculture. Immediately to the east of Manitoba begins the eastern or woodland region, which extends through the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, north of the St. Lawrence. Compared with the Pacific coast country none of this can be called mountainous. Broken, elevated ground is to be found along the shores of Lakes Superior and Huron, but the maximum elevation will not exceed 2,000 feet. Between Manitoba and Lake Superior the drainage is mainly westward, into Lake Winnipeg, the water shed between the two lakes being quite close to Lake Superior, and of a nearly uniform elevation of from 1,400 to 1,500 feet. Lake Superior is 600 feet, and Lake Winnipeg 710 feet above the level of the sea, but the descent Westward is very gradual. This section is intersected by numerous lakes and rivers, so close that an Indian can travel in almost any direction, in a canoe, by making an occasional portage. Directly North of Lake Superior is Lake Nepigon, the descent to it being 252 feet. To the rear of Lakes Superior and Huron the country East descends Northerly in easy slopes. The passage from Lakes Nipissing to Lake Nepigon has less of an ascent than the route by any railway across the Peninsula of Western Ontario. The agricultural resources of this district are not of the most promising nature, but its timber becomes every year more and more valuable and the indications are that it has great mineral wealth. Mr. Fleming having disposed of the physical characteristics of these regions now addresses himself to the subject of the operations in connection with the survey. All information went to show that the difficulties to be met with in the woodland and mountain regions, were of a formidable character, and that in the Prairie District no great engineering obstacles were like to be encountered, all that would be necessary being judgment in locating the route. When the survey was commenced, several leading principles were laid down, viz; that the shortest and best line should be found in the Woodland Region between the railway systems of the two oldest provinces and Manitoba, that this line should touch or connect with Lake Superior to constitute the best outlet to the waters of the St. Lawrence, that in the Western Region should be discovered, as quickly as possible, the best practicable line through the Rocky Mountain Zone, which would lead to the best harbor on the Pacific Coast, and that the route through the Prairie Region should be projected to avoid the most formidable river crossings, approach the deposits of coal and iron and at the same time be conveniently near the land available for settlement. Deeming a personal survey advisable, Mr. Fleming started in July, 1872, across the continent. From his notes of the journey it appears that from Prince Arthur's landing to the Mattawa, the country is adapted for settlement, its flora being the same as the country North of Lake Ontario. The Rainy River country, too, appears to offer great inducements to settlers. From the North West Angle to Red River the district is capable of development but requires extensive drainage. As to the extent of land fit for cultivation, special examination must be made. The soil of the Assiniboine is remarkably fertile for a distance of 70 miles, but, hitherto, no effort has been put forth to induce settlement. Here, according to the few parties who have settled, there is no difficulty as to supplies of wood and water. The winters are said to be very pleasant, and the railway would not be impeded by heavy falls of snow, of great depth, and of frequent occurrence. Westward the country alters its character. The prairie of the Red River gives way to more rolling land, the soil being good sandy loam. Before and after reaching Fort Ellice, Mr. Fleming was occasionally at a loss for good water, there being long stretches between the streams, and the ponds which intervened being frequently saline or brackish. This leads to the very important question whether or not water of good quality can be obtained generally, and the Engineer-in-Chief suggests that it be made matter for an independent enquiry. If it be ascertained that the supply of water is certain in all directions, a great impetus would be given to immigration. For a short distance Westward of Fort Ellice the land is light and sandy, but shortly again it becomes richer and the country more rolling and broken. About 110 miles North Westward of Fort Ellice are met the Touchwood Hills of remarkably good soil, and apparently well adapted for settlement, except the difficulty of obtaining water. Here and there slight wooded knolls are met with, but fires have almost entirely destroyed the heavy timber. From Fort Garry to Fort Edmonton there is a rise of 1,400 feet in a distance of 900 miles, while a further rise of 900 feet is experienced before the base of the mountain is met, making over the 1,000 miles an average grade of 23 feet to the mile. It is confidently believed that ballasting could be found without great difficulty. Before reaching the South Branch of the Saskatchewan, the country is an agreeable mixture of woodland and prairie, with excellent soil. Between the North and South Saskatchewan Rivers the soil, though light, is of good character, and the two streams, by the removal of sand bars, will be found navigable for vessels of light draught. From Fort Pitt, along the North Saskatchewan, the soil improves. At Edmonton the question of coal presented itself, some being dug out of the river bank. This was of inferior quality, but Hudson Bay officials said that better was to be found up the river. All the rivers between Prairie Portage and Edmonton run in wide and deep valleys, the circumstances suggest no special engineering difficulty but point to heavy expense in construction where rivers are to be crossed. Looking back over the thousand miles of Prairie crossed between the Woodland districts and Fort Edmonton, absolutely level plains formed no great proportion of the vast area which came under observation. By far the larger proportion was undulating, while eminences not inferior to the Montreal Mountain were occasionally to be met with. Leaving Fort Edmonton, swamps were occasionally encountered, and the country became more wooded. The vegetation was particularly luxuriant, the grass being in some places from five to six feet high. On the River Pembina, seventy miles west of the Saskatchewan, thick out-cropping beds of coal were found, of far better quality than the Edmonton specimens. The McLeod River was ascended for seventy miles to the Athabaska River, which runs through cliffs of sand stone, shale and clay, and from here was the first view of the Rocky Mountains obtained. Following the river the portals of the Jasper valley were reached, which was literally in the heart of the Mountains. Mr. Fleming remarks that so easy an ingress could never have been hoped for. Jasper House is but 3,300 feet above the sea; Lake Jasper being ten miles long. The locality of the junction between the Miette and the Athabaska is called Caledonia Valley. The immediate ascent to the Yellow Head Pass is not difficult, and the Pass was like an open meadow. In the middle of September the flowers were in bloom and the lower slopes of the mountain covered with verdure, but the large rocky masses above them, crowned with perpetual snow. Leaving the meadow at the summit of the Pass, the party immediately struck one of the sources of the Fraser River. The passage from the Miette to the Fraser is so gentle that it is barely perceptible, and it would be easy to make the summit water flow in either direction. Following the Fraser River about sixty miles from the Yellow Head Pass, the party arrived at a turn in the river called Tete Jaune Cache. Here, the Fraser taking a northwardly direction, the party turned southward toward the River Canoe. This country is remarkably well wooded and wonderfully level, considering the magnitude of the mountains by which it is enveloped. Having forded the River Canoe, the surveying party passed to the north branch of the Thomson River. This being crossed, the valley was narrow and appeared a mere gorge. Several streams of very great width were crossed. Ten or twelve miles over this trail the Canon, the Porte d'Enfer was met with, which presented obstacles that would entail very great expense. In the 45 miles immediately above clear water, the stream falls 750 feet and the succeeding 73 miles has a fall of 240 feet. At Kamloops and the surrounding district, the country is arid and almost treeless, and so continues until the Cascade Range is reached at Lytton, on which the Fraser is again reached, the river flowing through canons to the head of steamboat navigation at Yale. Further information as to his own trip, Mr. Fleming says, can be obtained from the Rev. Mr. Grant's "Ocean to Ocean." As to the question of water supply, Mr. Fleming states that Mr. Selwyn, of the Geological Survey, has commenced the work of boring, by which means all conjecture will be set at rest. The importance of a thorough geological examination can scarcely be overrated, inasmuch as if Captain Palliser be correct, and coal and iron could be obtained in near proximity, the manufacture of rails would be possible near the middle of the line, thus obviating the immense cost of a long land transportation. In this way, too, would be assured the establishment of local manufacturing industries. Mr. Fleming says that on 27th August, 1872, he despatched Mr. Charles Horetzky and Mr. Macoun, to ascertain if an easy passage did not exist by the valley of the Peace River. Both of these gentlemen bear testimony to the remarkable opening through the main Rocky Mountain chain, and confirm nearly all that had been previously made known. They speak in glowing terms of the beauty of the country, the fertility of the soil and the salubrity of the climate over wide areas on the eastern side of the Mountain Zone. Mr. Macoun furnishes a list of plants he collected, and by analogy of the flora with those of Ontario and Quebec arrives at conclusions with respect to the agricultural capabilities of the country. The report goes on to give the arrangements made for the different surveying parties the divisions of the work and the results arrived at by each party, a summarised detail of which we reserve for a subsequent issue.—*Montreal Herald*.

CITY AND VICINITY

CUSTOMS DUTIES.—The amount of duties collected at this Port for the year ending May 30, was $12,880.64.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVED.—The steamship Scandinavian arrived at Quebec yesterday, from Liverpool.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—His Excellency the Governor General will lay the corner stone of the new Collegiate Institute on Thursday afternoon next.

PISCATORIAL.—Some boys fishing at Hartwell's, above the Swing Bridge, succeeded on Saturday in securing a very large maskalounge.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Thos. Reynolds, managing director of the St Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, left yesterday morning on a fishing excursion for Gaspe and the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—The following are visitors at the Protestant Hospital this week:—Directors, Messrs. William Mills, and Andrew Mann; Clergy, Rev. Johnson McCormack, Rev. Mr. Pope; Physician, Dr. McGillivray.

CANADA PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.—The Canada Presbyterian Assembly will be inaugurated this evening at half-past seven o'clock, in Knox Church, City Hall Square. The proceedings this evening and throughout the week will be open to the public.

KIRK SYNOD.—The Kirk Synod will assemble this evening in St Andrews' Church, when the preliminary business of the session will be transacted. The retiring Moderator will also preach the usual annual sermon. Proceedings will begin at 7.30 o'clock, and will be open like all sederunts of the Synod to the public.

THE following note was handed the President or Chairman of a State Sunday School Convention, where Philip Philips was leading in singing: "Mr. President—Me and my daughter have come forty miles to hear Mr. Philips sing. Won't you have him sing Shoo Fly and Sweet Hour of Prayer." The magical spell of his voice will doubtless attract a large audience to hear him in the Methodist Church, Metcalfe street, on Friday evening. Secure your tickets early.

OBITUARY.—Ex-Alderman Berrichou died yesterday, King Street, at the age of 54 years. He represented Ottawa Ward in the Council for 15 years, in which capacity he, in a very satisfactory manner, discharged his duty. He was much respected by a large circle of acquaintances, and by his death his friends have suffered a great bereavement. In this they have our sympathy. Out of respect to his memory the City Corporation will attend his funeral in a body to-day at 5 o'clock.

BOUNDARY SURVEY.—Mr. J. L. P. O'Hanly and his surveying party have returned from the sources of the Ottawa, where they have been for some time, determining the boundary between the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. They left the head of Lake Temiscamingue on the 20th of May, and had to contend with a good deal of ice upon the lake. They were obliged to camp above the lake for nearly a month waiting for the ice on the lake to break up.

Ottawa Unity Protestant Benefit Society.

Yesterday this society, which has now been in existence for about eight years, celebrated another anniversary under most favorable circumstances, the weather being neither extremely hot, nor too cold to permit of the wearing of holiday garments without risk from colds. The society we understand, is in a flourishing condition, its members numbering over 120 who have to their credit over $10,000, saved out of the subscriptions of $3 per annum from each member and other sources of income and it may be mentioned in this connection that for an extra payment of 50 cts. a year to the sick fund, each member can have the benefit of the professional assistance of Dr. Sweetland, and medicine. The members of the society and their friends assembled at the Odd-Fellows' Hall, Rideau street, from whence they walked through some of the principal streets in procession headed by the excellent band of the Governor General's Foot Guards. They had service in the Chapel of Ease about ten o'clock, at which the Rev. Mr. Pollard officiated, and preached not only an appropriate but an eloquent sermon. They again formed procession and proceeded to the MacKay Estate, near the Vice regal residence, and certainly no spot could be better adapted for the picnicing of a large company than that so generously granted them for the occasion. After the various edibles that the different groups had provided themselves with had been disposed of to the satisfaction of all, a variety of athletic sports were entered into in the presence of a large number of spectators. The first of these was a half mile race for boys under 14 years of age in which there were seven competitors for two prizes, the first being F. Heany, ($2), 2nd R. Smedley, ($1). Next, a mile race, for which the first prize was $5, and the second $2, five competitors starting. The first prize was won by McDarbey, and the second by G. Irving. A contest called a hop-step and jump, for two prizes of $3, and $1, produced only three competitors, the winner of the 1st being P. M. Duffey, who jumped 36 feet 4 inches, and the 2nd Joseph Maguire. In the half mile race four went, when McDarbey again showed his fleetness of foot, winning the first prize of $3, and Irving the second of $1. The same number entered for the running jump, Duffy jumping 19 feet and winning the first prize of $3, and Maguire the second of $1. In the three standing jump contest, F. Dunning cleared 35 feet, winning the first prize of $3, and A. Dunning the second of $1. The quarter of a mile hurdle race was contested by six competitors, who were members of the Society Mr. S. Shore, taking the first prize of $3, and Mr. Wm. Harvey the second of $1. A game of quoits was the next variety, Wm. White getting 21 marks and gaining the prize of $7 and J. M. Taylor winning the second of $5, with 17 marks. Then there was a contest which seemed to put "life and mettle in the heels" of all present, four couple going in to contend for a prize of $10, as the best waltzers. The Judges awarded the prizes to Mrs. Tupper and Mr. John Dewan, and from that until the twilight closed in darkness, dancing was kept up on a platform erected for the occasion to the sweet strains of the Artillery band. Altogether the day was a most enjoyable one for those who shared in the celebration of the Society's anniversary.

City Council.

A regular meeting of the City Council was held last night, His Worship the Mayor in the chair. Present: Aldermen Bangs, Pratt, David, Bronson, Christie, Rowe, Birkett, Robertson, Rocque, McDougal, O'Connor, Groulx, Heney, Waller, and Durocher.

PETITIONS, &C.

Several communications and petitions were read and referred to their respective committees. A communication was read from George Parsons offering some property for the enlarging of the site of By-Ward Market.

On motion of Ald. McDougal, seconded by Ald. O'Connor, the communication of Mr. Parsons was referred to the Market Committee with authority to accept his offer if they deemed it expedient to do so, and report to the Council at the next meeting.

On motion of Ald. Waller the petition of Mr. Egleson was referred to the Board of Works to report thereon at the next meeting of the Council.

On motion of Ald Bronson, seconded by Ald. Waller, the City Collector was authorized to continue the collection of unpaid taxes in the manner and with the powers provided by Statute for the general levy and collection of the same until the sixth day of July next, and that he also be instructed to collect all arrears previous to that date.

REPORT OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Ald. Waller next presented the report of the Finance Committee recommending the payment of official salaries, including the Police Force, for the past month, the accounts of the Fire Department, Street Improvements, and a number of miscellaneous accounts.

On motion of Ald. Waller, seconded by Ald. McDougal, the report of the Finance Committee was adopted.

DEATH OF AN EX-ALDERMAN.

It having been announced that ex-Alderman Berichon was dead, and would be buried to-morrow, Ald. McDougal moved, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the Council, out of respect to his memory, attend the funeral in a body to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

The resolution was carried.

BOARD OF WORKS REPORT.

Ald. Pratt presented the fifth report of the Board of Works. It showed that the tender of Patrick Burns at $1 85 per lineal yard, had been accepted for drains in Theodore and O'Connor streets, and that of William Cox, at $1 10 per yard for Cathcart street. It also recommended the granting of the petition of C. T. Bate & Co., and Garland & Mutchmor, to erect vaults under the sidewalk opposite their respective places of business, provided they agree to submit to any by-law that may in the future be enacted for the protection of public interests. It also recommended an arbitration for the securing of such property as may be necessary for the opening up of the west end of Sparks street. It recommended the advertising for tenders for the construction of such platforms as may be necessary for the current year. It also recommends the following changes in the names of various streets in different parts of the city:—

Bay, Ashburnham and Water streets to be called Bay street throughout.

St. Paul and Besserer streets to be called St. Paul street throughout.

Lewis and By streets to be called Lewis street throughout.

Biddy street to be changed to Lisgar street.

By street to be called Featherston street.

Centre street to be called Lyon street.

Isabella and Centre streets to be called Isabella street throughout

Concession Line to be called Concession street.

Cumberland and Carleton streets to be called Cumberland street throughout.

Frank, Sully and John streets to be called McGillivray street throughout.

Franklin, Perry and Clarence streets to be called Clarence street throughout.

George, Victoria Terrace and Richmond Road to be called Wellington street in continuation of the present street of that name.

George street, Wellington Ward, to be called Workman street

Gloucester street, Wellington Ward to be called Friel street.

Kent and Hugh streets to be called Kent street throughout.

Little Sussex to be called Sussex street, as well as Metcalfe street in Ottawa Ward.

Church and Napoleon streets to be called Church street throughout.

O'Connor and Tylee streets to be called O'Connor street throughout.

St. Patrick and Ottawa streets to be called St. Patrick street throughout.

Ottawa street in St. Georges Ward to be changed to Besserer street.

St. Andrew and Park streets to be called St. Andrew's street throughout.

Percy street to be called Arthur street.

Queen street, Wellington Ward, to be called Skead street.

Rear street, Victoria Ward, to be called Prince street.

Slater from Wilbrod to Canal to be called Wilbrod street.

STREETS NEVER NAMED.

From Canal Basin to Nicholas street, to be Graham street, Wilbrod street to Theodore street, to be King street, Ottawa river across Middle street, to be Pratt street. Ottawa river across same street and parallel with the aforesaid, to be River street. Victoria Terrace to Albert street, to be Hill street, Isabella street to city limits, to be Bangs street, Richmond road to Reserve, to be Rowe street. Richmond road to Reserve, to be Perkins street, Richmond road to Reserve to be Abbott street, King street towards Rose street, to be Rocque street, Sapper's bridge to Canal basin, to be Canal street. Maria street bridge along west bank of Canal to be, McDermott street. Montreal street to Water works tail race, Perley street, Cobourg street north side of Cemeteries, Heney street, Cobourg street south side of Cemeteries, Tormy street.

NAMES CHANGED.

Bolton and Water streets to be called Nunnary street throughout.

Wurtemburg street to be changed to Aumond street.

A motion of Ald. Pratt seconded by Ald. Heney to adopt the report was lost.

An amendment by Ald. Rocque to go into Committee of the Whole to consider the report was carried.

The Council accordingly went into Committee of the Whole, Ald. Waller in the chair.

After a considerable amount of discussion and wrangling, the report was adopted without any serious alteration.

On motion of Ald. Pratt the Committee rose and reported.

His Worship having resumed the chair, Ald. Pratt moved the adoption of the report.

A discussion followed, and as the hour of 11 o'clock approached, a motion to extend the time was put and lost.

The hour for adjournment having arrived, the Council rose and the report accordingly lies on the table till the next meeting.

Police Court.

Before Mr. O'Gara, P. M.

MONDAY, June 1.

Denis Hogue, arraigned for assault was fined $20 and costs.

John Martel for a like offence was relieved of $5 and costs.

Margaret Price, charged with using abusive language was mulcted in $2 and costs.

E. Goodhall charged with assault was fined $2 and costs.

A man named Doucette, brought up on a charge of having foul premises, was remanded.

J. Lang, on a similar charge had his case adjourned.

The Organ's Appeal.

They take the timbrel and harp, and rejoice at the sound of the *organ*.—Job 21 ch. 12.

1

In the world's history as writ by Moses,
(By all conceded, *that*, we now suppose, is)
We read of Jubal, with what care he chose his
First harp and organ.

2

In later years, the crafty polished Greeks
Depict the rural Pan with puffed-out cheeks,
When melody to make he vainly seeks
From piping organ.

3

In modern times we treat Dame Music kinder,
Entrusted to enlightened hands we find her,
(When rescued from that grating plague,—the Grinder
Of worn-out organ.)

4

From things so small to things more great to pass,
In leading Wesley's hymns, or Haydn's mass,
What instrument can equal, not surpass,
The grand full organ?

5

The minstrel's skill to him more credit brings
Than Glory's triple crown, or Fame's broad wings;
He well may scorn the boasted power of kings
Who rules the organ.

6

Through long-drawn aisle, the sweet-voiced singers raise
The pious hymn, which swells the note of praise,
Or Psalm inspired of David's wondrous days;
Sustained by organ.

7

With upward-lifted brow and bended knee
The worshippers adore, and follow me
To Calvary's Mount, won by the melody
Of Heaven-sent organ.

8

All this I'll gladly do, and much more yet:
But one thing makes me sigh and groan and fret,
Do pray good people take the load of debt
From off your organ.

9

Follow your brave Bazaarist's good example
Of all my friends the very fairest sample;
I know your hearts are right,—your means are ample,
Redeem your organ.

10

And when this weight is off my bellows taken
The echoes of the church for joy I'll waken;
And greater pleasure, you I'm sure will take in
Your happy organ.

Christ Church Chancel,
Ottawa, 1st June, 1874.

R. J. W.

FOREIGN IMPORTATIONS.—D. McDonell, Special Family Grocer, is receiving foreign importations and will advertise in a few days.

POND'S EXTRACT never fails. Try it once, and you are always its friend. This is its history. Try it.

LITTLE BEGINNINGS.—The steam which raised the lid off the kettle led a philosophic mind to utilize it for man's benefit. No one dreamed that we should now be dragged along by it at the rate of 60 miles an hour. When Perry Davis made a preparation for the medicinal use of his family, thirty years ago, neither he nor any man imagine that it would now be sold in every land, and prove be the Pain Killer of the world. 2583.

The immense rush still continues. Crowds of people at Metcalf's every day. Goods going off rapidly. 2577

TRUNKS, VALISES, BAGS, the cheapest place in the city at
T. SHORES & CO.,
Sparks Street near Bank-st

Just received at the Bazaar, 21 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once,
J. METCALFE.
2577

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar 24 Sparks street. 2575

GOOD GRACIOUS.—Go and see the Flowers at Forfar's Seed store, Rideau St. 2550

$55 000.—Ladies secure some of the cheap Print Grandines, Tussos and Muslins at Stitt & Co's cheap sale. Decided bargains are to be had. 2585

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected," but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the condition of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers; to avoid both use "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. 2572

DIED.

On Monday the first of June after a long and painful illness, Elizabeth Eales, relict of the late William Wall, in the 56th year of her age.

The funeral will take place this, Tuesday, afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of her son, W. Wall, corner of Rideau & Nicholas Streets, Ottawa. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

In this city on the 1st inst., Henry Robinson, the youngest son of W. H. Walker, Esq., barrister, aged 11 months and 16 days.

LOST—On Monday afternoon between the Senate Chamber and the Post Office, Official Cheque No 671 made by Robert Lemoine in favor of P. Kattey, for sixty two dollars and fifty cents. The finder will be suitably rewarded on returning the same to Peter Kattey, Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584.

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighbourhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets.

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Judge of the Court of Error—Sensational Announcement — Excursions—Funeral Service.

TORONTO, June 1.

The rumoured appointment of vice-Chancellor Strong to the Judgeship of the Court of Error and Appeal meets with general approval as legal ability fits him well for the position.

The *Leader* which has been making desperate attempts at being sensational, has startled the public this morning by the statement that J. J. Vance, Clerk of Routine and Record, was probably lost on his voyage to Europe. According to that paper he left this city shortly after the rising of the Local House to join his wife in France, and a cable telegram was received saying that her husband had not arrived and that she could find no trace of him. Upon enquiry it turns out that Mr. Vance left to visit his daughter in Heidleburg, and that a letter had been received from that young lady casually remarking that her father had not yet reached her. On this slender foundation the sensation was built up, the fact being that there is very little margin over the proper time for reaching Heidleburg since Vance left the city.

Goodrich & Yates' sloop-rigged yacht with some 7 gentleman on board reached here from Rochester. They left on their return trip yesterday afternoon.

Funeral services of late Wm. McMullen, who was killed on the Northern Railway, was preached yesterday by Rev. Mr. Poole from Job ch. 38, verse 17.

MONTREAL.

Collectorship—Boat Accident — Run Down—Archbishop Tache—Commercial.

MONTREAL, June 1.

It is reported that Mr Dunbar Brown, advocate, has been appointed Collector of Inland Revenue in this city, vice Dunn, resigned.

This morning two young men were crossing from this side to St. Helen's Island in a jolly boat, when the tug St. Andrew struck the boat and cut it into pieces. One boy named Chapleau was rescued, but the other was drowned.

A boy named King, six years old, while crossing St. Columbia street, at the corner of Wellington street, yesterday after noon, was run over by a horse and hack belonging to Mr. David Walker. The boy was seriously injured.

The *Minerve* says that Archbishop Tache and Bishop Grendin left the city on their return to Manitoba this morning. They purpose to arrive home in time to take part in the *fete dieu*. They are accompanied by three oblat priests, Rev. Messrs. Bonald, Bruch and Chapelieve, also Frere Tousee Deacon, and ten other freres, or young men, who go direct to St. Albert, in Saskatchewan, to engage in mission work, accompanied by the Abbe Forget, Mgr. Tache's secretary. By the same train, the Rev. Sisters St. Roch, Ste. Genevieve, Sctette, Payette and Brouillet, of the Grey Nuns, also left for the regions of the North West.

The Stock market here this morning was quiet, brokers being generally engaged making settlements. The Merchants Bank has announced that its next dividend will be at the rate of ten per cent per annum. The Bank of Montreal held its annual meeting this afternoon which was very harmonious and satisfactory.

Montreal 185, closing 184¼ to 185. Merchants 122. Union 107¼, closing 107¼ to 107¾. Commerce 135¼, closing 135 to 135¼.

AUSTRALIA.

The British Admiral a total Wreck—73 lives lost—King's Island the Scene.

MELBOURNE, May 30.—The ship 'British Admiral' from Liverpool for this port, went ashore on King's Island in Bass Strait and became a total wreck.

She had on board 44 passengers and a crew of 38 persons all lost except four passengers and five seamen.

King's Island is uninhabited and very dangerous. Several vessels having gone ashore there and become totally lost.

ARNPRIOR.

Body Found.

JUNE 2d.—The body of the cook Derocher, one of the seven men was found to-night.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

News from Morocco—Troubles expected from an objectionable Tax.

LONDON, June 1st.—A despatch from Morocco says 12,000 inhabitants of the City of Fez have risen in consequence of re imposition of gate tax.

An Amnesty or French Exiles—Disapproval of Communist Acts.

Directly, Rochefort says, MacMahon goes out there will be an amnesty to political offenders, then I'll return to France, I will not go on a single pardon, there must be a general amnesty.

In relation to Communists, he says they would have a very different name, had it not been for a stupid mistake of killing the archbishop.

UNITED STATES.

Rochefort, the Elephant of New York.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Rochefort was besieged by lion hunters, communists and reporters yesterday, but saw very little company.

Thiers' Prospects—His opinion of Gambetta

On the subject of the future fralities of the French, the *Herald* reports him as speaking thus:—"MacMahon cannot last three months, that's certain; he has not the least idea about the Government, and is simply the most prominent and incapable in France.

Only one thing is to be done, that is to elect a new Assembly. Eighty Departments will elect Thiers, and when the new Assembly sees, they will have to make him President.

Gambetta has to come, and he is a statesman that would give the reforms that the Republicans who are in such a majority want.

The Treasury Changes at Washington.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A *Tribune's* special says, Richardson acknowledges at last that he is going out of office. His resignation will probably occur to-day, when Gen. Brestows name will be sent to the Senate as successor. Richardson will be nominated for the vacant Judgeship of Court of claims Assistant Secretary and Lawyer, and Collector Banfield will also retire.

Terrible Fire in Chicago—Loss about $400,000.

CHICAGO, June 1.—A large and excellent brick block, corner of Madison and Market streets, owned and occupied by D. Wells & Co., wholesale manufacturers in boots and shoes, was entirely destroyed by fire this morning.

The loss on the stock is not less than $300,000, and on the building $90,000. The building was insured for $60,000, and on the stock the insurance was $200,000.

A Man in Imminent Danger at Niagara Falls.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 1.—A painter named McCullough, while on one of the bridges of the Three Sister's Islands, Niagara Falls, fell off the scaffold, and was carried by the current near the edge of the falls and caught on a rock. He is still hanging. Great excitement prevails in the vicinity.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

English Money Market.

LONDON, June 1.—Erie shares 30½ to 30¾.

LONDON, 2:30 p. m.—Rate of discount in open market for three months, 3 per cent, or ¼ per cent below the Bank of England rate.

The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England, on balance to-day was £194,000.

Foreign Markets.

ANTWERP, June 1.—Petroleum 28¾ for Franco-American.

FRANKFORT, June 1.—Bonds, 9¾ for 1862's.

PARIS, June 1.—Rentes at 39f. 60c.

Attempt to Assassinate a Prince.

The New York *Herald* special from London says as Prince of Saxe-Weimer was leaving his residence this afternoon to attend levee, he was fired at by an unknown assassin who escaped. The Prince was not hurt. He had previously received threatening letters, as had also the Duke of Cambridge and Disraeli.

Curtailment.

LONDON, June 1st.—In the House of Commons this evening Sir H. Wolff moved that the salary of the British Minister at Washington be redued $5,000. Motion rejected by vote of 89 to 2.

News from India.

LONDON, June 1.—The Viceroy of India Telegraps that rain has been general north of the Ganges and portions of the country south of the River have been visited with rain, fears of further distress are partialy allayed.

FRANCE.

Escape from New Caledonia.

PARIS, June 1.—Intelligence has been received here that the Communist Colonel who was sent to New Caledonia has made his escape.

The Political Situation.

PARIS, June 1.—The Left Centre at the meeting to-day took action toward an alliance with Right Centre. A motion was drawn up declaring in favour of establishment of Republican Government, which all members of Left will sign in hope that Right Centre will support it when it is submitted to Assembly. Gambetta, it is announced, is about to deliver an important speech on the political situation.

SPAIN.

Another Collision Between Carlists and Republicans Imminent

BAYONNE June 1.—The Town of Herroi is hard pressed by the Carlists and the Republican commander there requires reinforcements. General Loma with the first corps of army of the North has joined General Concha's command at Miraude.

UNITED STATES.

Naval Appointments.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1. Captain George H. Treole was ordered to take command of the Philadelphia Navy Yard and Naval Station, at League Island, relieving commander J. P. M. Hullaney who was detached therefrom and ordered to command the North Atlantic Station.

Arrival of Emigrants.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Three thousand emigrants arrived to-day.

Early Wheat.

ST. LOUIS, June 1.—First new wheat of the season was received from Ponola County, Miss., and sold at auction on change for $3 per bushel.

The Niagara Falls Man Rescued.

BUFFALO, McCullough who was in such a dangerous position at Niagara Falls this morning, was rescued this afternoon by Thomas Conway, who volunteered and who let himself down by a rope to McCullough, when both were safely hauled ashore.

Grand Lodge of Freemasons.

NEW YORK June 1.—The annual Session of the Grand Lodge of Masons of this state meet here to-morrow.

Reduction of Debt.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The public debt statement shows a reduction of $4,456 838.

DITSON & CO.'S

HOME MUSICAL LIBRARY!

PRICE OF EACH BOOK IN BOARDS, $2.50, CLOTH, $3. FULL GILT, $4.

Musical Treasure. Vocal.
Silver Chord. Vocal.
Wreath of Gems. Vocal.
Gems of Sacred Song. Vocal.
Gems of German Song. Vocal.
Gems of Scottish Song. Vocal.
Operatic Pearls. Vocal.
Shower of Pearls. Vocal Duets.
Organ at Home. Reed Organ Music. Instrumental.
Gems of Strauss. Instrumental.
Home Circle, Vol. I. Instrumental.
Home Circle, Vol. II. Instrumental.
Pianists Album. Instrumental.
Piano-Forte Gems. Instrumental.

Large splendid books of bound music, 200 to 250 pages, full sheet music size, and contain a very large proportion of all the good sheet music ever published.

Sold by all dealers. Either book sent, post-paid for retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and shipping orders executed with care and despatch. 2244

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.

And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st. 2244

DR. WHEELER'S COMPOUND ELIXIR OF Phosphates and Calisaya contains elements absolutely essential to cell-growth and the formation of the system. Dr. Dusart, a celebrated Physiologist, of Paris, says that "Phosphate of Lime is eminently an exciting agent of the functions of nutrition; in other words, a nutritive tonic—that it induces the albumenoid matter to assume the cellular shape, and that it controls the formation of tissues. When taken into the system more food is absorbed, and the weight of the body rapidly increased, owing to the transformation of albumenoid matter into muscular fibre." Sufferers from imperfect nutrition, as in scrofulous and tuberculous diseases, will derive immediate benefit from its use. For sale by all druggists.

$55,000.—Ladies are well satisfied with the bargains to be had at Stitt & Co's cheap sale now going on. The store is crowded every day. 2582

DID YOU EVER see such a lot of beautiful flowers as Furfar has at his seed store, Rideau street, opposite Dalhousie. 2582-1

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism,	Scalds,	Lameness,
Neuralgia,	Burns,	Soreness,
Sore Throat,	Boils,	Wounds,
Hoarseness,	Ulcers,	Bruises,
Headache,	Piles,	Sprains,
Toothache,	Colic,	Old Sores,

All Hemorrhages, Diarrhœa, etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitilising all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1.00.

Pain Killer

The Great

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, in cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price 25 cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1874.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE.

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and it acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. When never introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied. We redeem the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Scott Street, Toronto,
Agents for Ontario.
Or DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal:
Agents for Province of Quebec.

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874. 2572.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 / Five Prizes $500 / Ten Prizes $100 — EACH IN Greenbacks,

Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1,000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, 101 W. Fifth St.
L. D. SINE, Box 86 Cincinnati, O.

June 1 1874 2554 d&w

Easter Beef

AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2, 1874.

FOUND.—A Lady's BROOCH. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement, on application to this office.

May 28, 1874. 2587.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

J METCALFE

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces	Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c.
15 "	Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30 "	Fancy Coburg	2.50

A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.

200	Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 "	Sac Coats	2.25

500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 25, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalised; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2498

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venosti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christies

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874. 2581y

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,

Main-St.,

HULL, P.Q.

2523-6m.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb 23 1874.

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—26 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and the prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO

Ottawa Carpet House

30 SPARKS-ST.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts now	11½
2,550 "	20 "	14½
8,000 "	25 "	19
5,175 "	30 "	22½
3,985 "	36 "	26½
2,275 "	40 "	31
3,000 "	50 "	39½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
1,100 yards	$0 90 now	$0 78
1,225 "	1 25 "	1 00
1,800 "	1 40 "	1 25
1,875 "	1 55 "	1 28½
550 "	1 75 "	1 40½
500 "	2 00 "	1 47½
400 "	3 00 "	2 50

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
Splendid	18cts. now	14
Assortment	20 "	16
Plain Black	25 "	19½
and	30 "	22
Coloured	35 "	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
1,500 yards	12cts. now	9½
2,275 "	14 "	11
3,025 "	15 "	11½
2,150 "	18 "	16
3,185 "	20 "	16

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons	10cts. now	7½
	13 "	10½
	15 "	12½
	17 "	14½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, &c., at 20 per cent. reduction.

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50 "	7 25
	9 50 "	8 10
	12 00 "	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White and	15c. now	12c.
Coloured	20 "	15½
	25 "	19
Cotton	30 "	18
	35 "	24½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batistes and Lawns.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
33,000 yards	17cts now	14
	20 "	16
	22 "	17½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins	20cts now	16½
Stripe	25 "	19
Muslins	30 "	25
4,000 yards	35 "	28

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
Grass Cloths	20cts. now	16½
Splendid	25 "	19½
Assortment	30 "	23
	35 "	26½
	45 "	35

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
400 yards	17cts. now	14
450 "	20 "	16½
475 "	25 "	19½
350 "	30 and 35 "	25 & 29½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
Dresses	$4 60 now	$3 75
	6 75 "	5 75
Polonaises	8 50 "	7 25
	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,

30 SPARKS-ST.

STICKNEY & SONS'

WORLD'S CIRCUS!

S. P. STICKNEY & SONS, . . Proprietors.

WILL EXHIBIT IN

OTTAWA

—ON—

LOT ON OTTAWA STREET,

—ON—

Wednesday AND Thursday

June 3rd and 4th.

Two Grand Performances Daily.

Afternoon at 2 o'clock, Evening at 8.

Doors open one hour previous.

Mr. STICKNEY most respectfully calls the attention of the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity to the fact that this Circus is organized, equipped and furnished in Montreal, for the express purpose of travelling in the Canadas, and every attention has been given to procuring the very best artistes in the Profession, and with the intention of making

STICKNEYS' WORLD CIRCUS

Second to none. Every effort will be made to please and amuse. While making no show of waggons and used-up horses, our performances will be the very best in the country, rendered by the ladies and gentlemen, the best in the profession.

An Array of Talent Wholly Unequalled in the Country!

Every Act New! Every Act Good!

Go early and see the grand entree.

The best Clown, the best Riders, the handsomest Ladies, in fact the best Circus ever in Canada.

PROFF. E. PERRY, . . Leader of Band.

Admission 50c. Children under 12 years 25c.

May 24, 1874. 2590-6in

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of E. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfillment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN Secretary

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfillment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 | WELLINGTON-ST. | 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.

Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2575

Slaughter! Slaughter.

SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,103.99, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-third their original price; other goods to one-half, whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st AND Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

W. E. BROWN.

April 16, 1874. 2546-2m

FIRST-PRIZE FANCY

MAPLE SUGAR,

AT D. McDONELL'S

TRY WILSON'S CELEBRATED

CHAMPAGNE CIDER,

AT D. McDONELL'S

April 20, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 8, 1874. 2582y

BOARD.

MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.

May 5, 1874.

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS

Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

LOST.

A DELIVERY BOOK lost on Wellington St., going towards Hull. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the TIMES office, or returning it to the owner, whose name appears in it.

Ottawa, May 26, 1874. 2580

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between us, the undersigned, Robert Moore, John Moore and Nelson Moore, as dealers in Hardware, Stoves, and manufacturers of Tinware, at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, under the names style and firm of "Moore Bros.," was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said Nelson Moore, who has retired from the concern; and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said Robert Moore and John Moore who will continue the said business under the same name and style.

As witness our hands this fifth day of May, A.D., 1874.

ROBERT MOORE,
JOHN MOORE,
NELSON MOORE.

Witness—P. PERRAULT, Jr.

SEA-SIDE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Sale of a Most Valuable Property at Riviere du Loup, En Bas.

ONE OF THE MOST POPULAR AND ATTRACTIVE SEA BATHING PLACES ON THE LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

The undersigned Notary Public is authorized to sell by Public Auction at his Office, No. 22, ST. PETER Street, Lower Town of Quebec, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of JUNE next, at ONE o'clock in the afternoon, a certain Lot of Ground, situate in the village of Riviere du Loup, en bas, containing Ninety-seven feet in front by One Hundred and Eighty-Five feet in depth, together with a Two-Storied Wooden House and other buildings thereon erected.

The above property is well deserving the attention of intending purchasers, from its eligible situation and the fine view it commands of the River St. Lawrence.

S. I. GLACKMEYER, N. P.

Quebec, May 18, 1874. 2574-3-w

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S,

31 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no sale.

March 18, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and those who visit the Capital. It is important for all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 3.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.20 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

Steamer Peerless leaves at 7 a.m.
Steamer Queen Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer Jessie Cassels leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.......112¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 2.

GRAIN.

	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl.	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt.	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz.	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl.	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 00 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 00 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 2.—Receipts of hogs, 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1.18¼ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64¼c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62¼c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46¼c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91¼c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8¼c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4¼c, Kingston, 9¼c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 2. Cotton, dull at 18⅞ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged.

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17.05.

Lard, 15 1-6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c, for State and new.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes "send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, "I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We fin[d] to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—Electric—Selected and Electrized

FLOWERS AND SEEDS.—J. S. Forfar, although burnt out on York street, has still full stock of Garden and Flower Seeds, tools and implements, roses, geraniums, fuchsias, verbenas, pansoys, dahlias in bloom; the cheapest place in the city Ottawa Valley, Rideau street. 258

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B.—A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

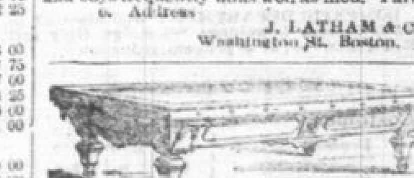
April 30, 1874. 3557-3m

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St., Boston, M



STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York

P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCK'S EXTRA — MANUFACTURED BY STOCK & WEBSTER TORONTO — MACHINE OIL

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,

Hardware Merchant,

SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 18. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time, 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.B., St. John, N.B., etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9:00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only registered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent, per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 30 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

NEW

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are preprepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the nee referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO.

Ottawa, March 2 1874. 255

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM,

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

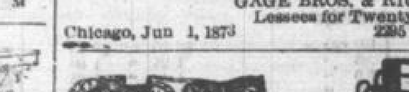
Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees [well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871] take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000		
6 " each,	50,000	300	"	"	500
12 " "	25,000	200	"	"	200
20 " "	5,000	550	"	"	100

400 Gold Watches.....$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines.....60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos.....250 to 700
Melodeons.....75 to 200
Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.

April 27, 1874. 2550-2m

MANITOBA AND NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

On and after the 5th JUNE next, the following rates will be charged for passengers and freight between Prince Arthur's Landing, Thunder Bay and Fort Garry, Manitoba.

Each passenger, adult, with 200 lbs. of baggage.....$10.00
Each passenger under fourteen years of age, with 100 lbs. of baggage.....$ 5.00
Children under three years of age.....Free.
All freight securely packed (not including Household Furniture or Machinery) per 100 lbs.....$ 2.00
Household Furniture (at owner's risk), per 100 lbs.....$3.00

All Machinery, special rates.

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, &c., at special rates.

No Wines or Spirituous Liquors will be carried over any part of the route.

Through Tickets from Thunder Bay to Fort Garry can be had at the office of the Contractors, W. H. Carpenter & Co., Thunder Bay.

By direction,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 18th May, 1874. 2573-12in2awk

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 28th, 1874. 2579-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Co-partnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Grant, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned.

W. A. ARMSTRONG,

Ottawa, May 16th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,

Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 2bl 8-6m

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland. 57 ydaw

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors. **A New Glee Book For Temperance Use.** Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.,
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic.....Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method.....Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice: Ludden's School for the Voice.....Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor: Worrall's Guitar.....Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices: Sangerfest.....Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices: Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book.....Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home: The Cluster.....Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book: Fairy Echoes.....Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion: Sedgwick's Complete Method.....Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina: Sedgwick's Complete Method.....Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by

J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. **A New Music Book** The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work. **For Public Schools.** SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents, Price, $6 per dozen.

Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns. Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, &c.	Of all kinds, from 2s to 1000 Gns. Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure some materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. Nothing is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION.

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO

Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the

LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
April 20 1874. 86 A[nn]-st., New York City

DATURA TATULA.

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,
And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12in

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street west Toronto Ontario.

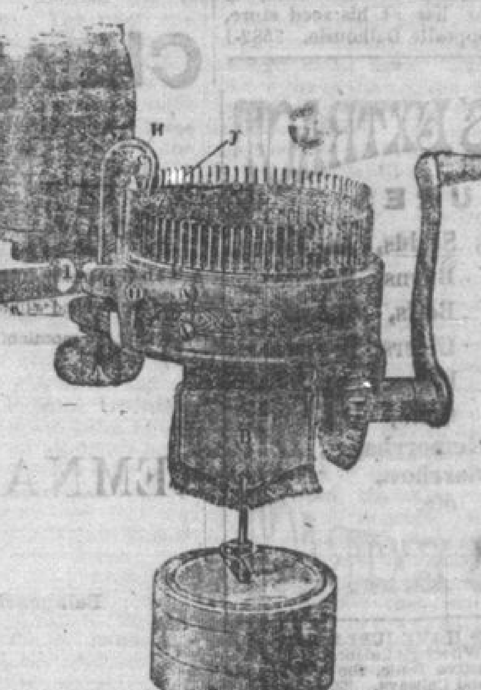
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

-THE IMPROVED-

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 Stitches a Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggings, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF

Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING

ROOMS.

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA,

T. E. MOORE

RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can now make up the tangled saving[s] the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 SPARKS-ST.

May 1, 1874.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.

March 24, 1874. 2525y

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa
19 249

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 28th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by Sep. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Mazurkas, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

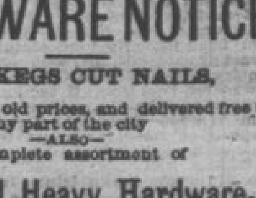
Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers," containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

Continues to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred.

The above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.



HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shlf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place the sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre
Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

THOS. S. SARNEY,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER

AND

AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances,

Light Engines and General Machinery

For Inventors and parties requiring experimental work done, T. S. S. has fitted up a strictly private work-shop, replete with best tools and machinery. His personal attention given to work of this kind.

Orders or enquiries at

CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
April 8, 1874. 2538-tf

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

[OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St: Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2564y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

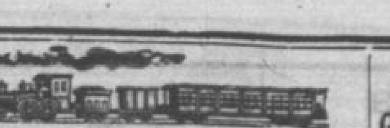
For sale, by private contract, Lot No 68, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE,

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a

COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x20, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

Apply to A. BOWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent
March 17, 1874



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1 30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
13 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

‡ Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.,	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.,	4.20 p.m.
ARRIVE.		
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.,	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.,	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.,	9.10 p.m.

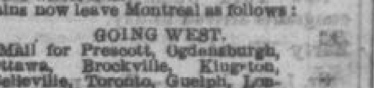
10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.....9.00 a.m.
Night Express.....9.00 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations.....6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations.....5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreiul on Saturday at.....1.55 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations.....6 45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations.....3.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at.....5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at.....10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe.....11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at.....3.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at.....3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leaves Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 26rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. | A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874. 2499y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 38 Sparks Street.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do. Felt Boots—wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
No. 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOF-CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CAPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 3 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. HEFFENSTEIN.

Caution.

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them which are put forth as possessing the remedial properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without any trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to affect the reputation which the Genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE"

The Original and only Manufacturers Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which acting upon the fat, produced the saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, besides being true Pancreatic juice, has the delicate appearance and consistency of fresh cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada.
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & Co., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & Co., King Street, Toronto
February 28th. 1873.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE

Bright! Cheerful!

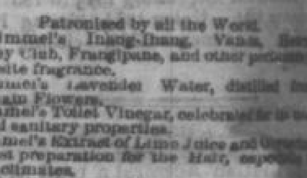
The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life, than any other.

"Peace Be Unto This House"

J. W. JONES



RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronized by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Lent, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

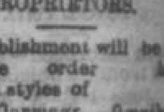
Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumers Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh

FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made order latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1931y

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS.

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our stock of Blankets,

Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins

Is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.

Ottawa, Aug 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, wishes to give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residence, or receive them at her house, between 2 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's Cottage, Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872. 3031

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, Opposite Her Majesty's Theatre, Centre Town, Ottawa.

Cution.

NE PANCREATINE
ATIC EMULSION.

...cy of these Medicines in the ... of Indigestion, Bronchitis or ... Catarrh, Consumption, Wast... &c., depending entirely upon ... ity and strength. Messrs ... MOORE caution the pu... ...ations of them ... ...ssing the real and proper ... true preparations, but which ... lity either saponaceous ... ments or pomades, without ... Pancreatic principle and ... t and useless as medicines ... tions are calculated to produce ... ppointment and to inj... ...ously ... reputation which the Genuine ... and Pancreatic Emulsion ... ed. It is therefore highly ... purchasers examine the label ... les for the names and Trade

SAVORY & MOORE,"
...nal and only Manufacturer ... to the Queen, H.R.H. the ... of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon ... Third, His Highness the ... hedive of Egypt, &c.,
BOND STREET, LONDON.

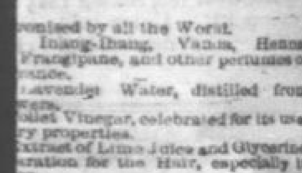
...om an Analytical Report upon ... pecimen of a so-called Prep... ncreatine.
...mpound resembled an Oint... ...nside in appearance and con... ...t was flavored with Essence of ... Prussic Acid. It was strongly ... ...icating free alkali, which, acting ... e fat, produced the usual sapo... ...t; the whole forming a grained ... ass of fat, soap, glycerine and ... s ointment was physically ... different from the true Pan... ...lsion which I have also exam... ...which, besides being rich in ... uice, has the delicate smooth... ... and consistency of fresh ... latable and readily taken."

...sale Agents for Canada.
...MAN, CLARK & CO., 377 & ... st, MONTREAL.
...N BROTHERS & CO., 157 ... et, Toronto
...23th. 1873.

...'S HOME MAGAZINE.

...and more thoroughly identified ... in their social and domestic life ... Every yearly subscriber has a ... of the following large and elegant ... ...ngs, one of which was awarded the ... at the Late Provincial Exhi... ...bition in London.

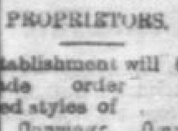
...Be Unto This House."
...n Graces," "The Angel of Peace" ... and "The Wreath of Immortelles" ... Wanted on salary or commission ... ...s for circulars to
J. W. JONES, London, Ont.,
Sole General Agent



...S CHOICE PERFUMES

...tronised by all the World.
... Inang-Ihang, Yanis, Henna ... Frangipane, and other perfumes of ... ...rance.
...avender Water, distilled from ... ...illet Vinegar, celebrated for its use... ...ry properties.
...Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine ... ...aration for the Hair, especially in ...
...Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with ... ...calyptus.
...Glycerine, Honey, Costum and ... ...ers, very amusing for Bal and ...
...Toilet, Rose, ... Rice, and other ... ...s. A liberal allowance to shippers. ...mmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the ... ...ales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, ...ill, London, 17 Boulevard des ... ...s, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. ...fumery Vendors.

... STEAM
...age and Sleigh
FACTORY,
...U STREET, OTTAWA.



...ockdale & Co
PROPRIETORS.

...tablishment will be found on ...de order latest and ...ed styles of
... Carriages, Omnibusses,
...YS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS
...nt of finish and durability, ...assed in any market.
...ork warranted for one year ...ds of repairing carefully and ...ne.
...rge amount of new and im... ...inery has lately been added, ...hole is driven by steam power ...ablishment so supplied in this ...untry), we are in a position ... work more promptly and ... any one else.
...etors are practical workmen ...onal supervision to all work.
...March 25, 1872. 1931tf

...TUMN 1873

...EARA & CO.
...rks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of
...-made Clothing

...pleted, we have the pleasure of ... with our Autumn Circular ... medium we beg to inform you ... ...omit for your inspection a com... ...ete assortment of
...URED CANADIAN TWEEDS ...AND CLOTHS,
...urpassed by any other house in ... energies have been particularly ... ...d to the manufacture of
...UITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE.
... that all orders entrusted to us ... be satisfactorily ... ...men's inspection to our stock of ...

Buck and ... Beef Moccasin ... ...

O'MEARA & CO.
... 1873. 289

...SIC.

...S. ROBERTSON,
... Signor Leon Corelli, the ... ...cher of Vocalization, wishes ... in Vocalization. She will ... at their residences, or ... at her house, between 2 and ... Terms made known on ... Residence Joyce's Cottage, ... Sandy Hill.
... 23, 1872. 3083

... printed and published by ... ROGER & CO., at the ... Number 12, Wellington ... ...te Her ...jesty's Theatre ... Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2585 OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1874 PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 27, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. G. WOOD,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks St. Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancer cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 8, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, North side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 11, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours ... 2 to 11a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.
Special attention given to diseases and ... ...

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. ... 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M. C. P. S. O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry, Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 29, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—On Sparks-st., a few doors East of O'Connor-st., opposite Heney & Robinson's New Block.
March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F.-H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 3, 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. S. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
5 Feb. 5, '67 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | M. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.

S. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2461

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 11 St. James-S MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2362-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
... Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 25149

DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 17, 1873. 2426-ly.

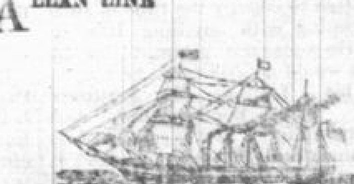
F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
OFFICE:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
...

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the highest satisfaction of any Machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines.
GEO. DAWSON,
... Sparks-st., Ottawa
March 1, 1874. 2567-3m.

ALLAN LINE



OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	May	2
From Quebec:		
SARMATIAN	"	9
CIRCASSIAN	"	16
PRUSSIAN	"	23
HIBERNIAN	"	30

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage..........$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

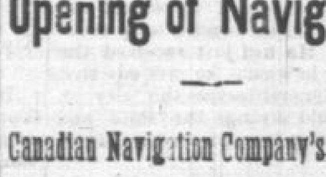
1874. 1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, DELTA.

The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from
LONDON
For Quebec and Montreal
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,
(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from
QUEBEC FOR LONDON
ABOUT 7th MAY.

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and to the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billiter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Ottawa.
April 14, 1874. 2543.

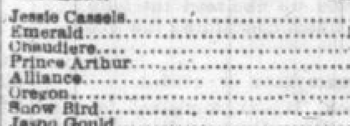


Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2551



ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Bajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a. m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:30 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. M ...
" PRINCESS.........P. ... Cowan

DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed; whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD,
President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

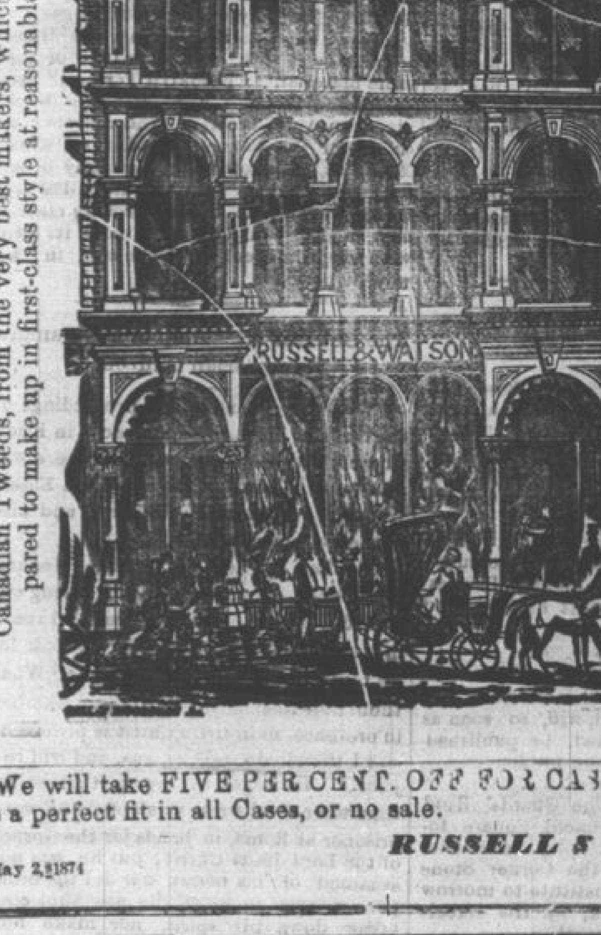
GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

Tailoring Department.
RUSSELL & WATSON.
A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS
—COMPRISING—

TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.



WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue; VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of ... (CATLINGS and FRENCH SERGES.

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
RUSSELL & WATSON
May 2, 1874

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, &c. guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
..., 1874. 2484

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo........75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner..........60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold..........$1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
139 SPARKS-ST

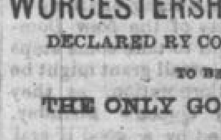
ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work! —
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application.
COAL and WOOD STOVES,
HOUSEFURNISHINGS,
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523

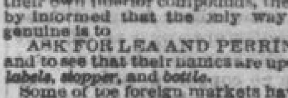
Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2369

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug stores HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal. 2488-ly

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528



LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free Send at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-st., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street,

AUCTION! AUCTION! AUCTION!

EXCELSIOR SALE OF CITY LOTS and House Property by Auction, at
BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, ELGIN STREET,
ON
Wednesday, the 3rd of June,
At 12 o'clock, noon, and 7:30 same evening.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction on above-named day and place, several fine Building Lots, Farms and House Property, comprising in part as follows:—Lots 34, 35 and 36, South side Stewart street; 34, 35 and 36, North side Wilbrod street; 66x99 each. These lots are finely situated and from their high position as well as the respectability of the locality, are admitted to be unsurpassed in Ottawa. They are directly opposite the dwellings of Rev. Dr Jones, and Mr. Meredith, the Deputy of the Minister of Interior, and adjacent to that splendid Mansion just erected by Mr. Cameron, of Thurso. The following diagram will show their position:

STEWART STREET.

34	35	36	AUGUSTA STREET	Rev. Dr. Jones.
34	35	36		Mr. Meredith.

WILBROD STREET.

They will be offered en bloc and if not disposed of altogether, will be sold in half Lots of 33x99, the purchaser having the option to take one or more. ... of the subdivisions can be seen at the office of the subscriber. This is a rare chance to purchase cheap Building Lots in a most beautiful and healthy locality. All desirous of investing in valuable City Property, are requested to visit the lots, they can be easily known, as there are large posters of the sale on the fence. At same time and place will be sold, 39 South Daly and 39 North Stewart, 66x99 each, and directly opposite Mr. Robillard's new Stone Building, now erecting on Daly street. Lot No. 48 South Daly and 46 North Stewart, two fine Building Lots, and well situated. Lot N. North Wilbrod, near the corner of Ottawa and Wilbrod streets, and nearly opposite the Catholic College. West half of Lot 18 St. Paul street, with a story frame house thereon, having a shop and eight good rooms, stable, sheds, and storehouse. This will be found a remunerative investment. ... It will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Several other lots that cannot be enumerated will be offered. Terms and conditions made known time of Sale.
Don't forget the day, WEDNESDAY, 3rd JUNE, at Twelve o'clock, and 7:30 same evening.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 28th, 1874.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

The Subscriber is instructed to sell without any reserve, outside his sale rooms, Elgin street, at twelve o'clock on Saturday next, one double seated buggy, nearly new, set of single harness very little used, Gents riding saddle and bridle, used only once, one side saddle, one very fine ... about three dozen oars and paddles, several ... rudders, about two dozen cushioned ... and cushioned backs for boats, of all dimensions. One very fine breech-loading rifle, capable of discharging sixteen rounds per minute together with five hundred of ball cartridge. At seven thirty, same evening, will be sold by auction at sale rooms, a second consignment of children's carriages, about two dozen very fine Art Union engravings in handsome gold frames, one hundred toilet sets in all colors, ... ticket bats, ten dozen glass goblets and ... tumblers, ten dozen port and sherry glasses, two counter glass cases, window hangings, window cornices, vases, lamps, &c., &c., as well as various other articles that cannot be enumerated. Sale of Dry Goods every evening, commencing Monday evening, June 1st, at 7.30.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
May 27th, 1874. (1f)

TO BE SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE.

Forty five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cummings' Bridge, the city limits, being West half of East half Lot. No. 11.
The situation is excellent, and the land very fine.
To speculators this will prove an excellent investment. Terms easy. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, Lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, and directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with the Buildings and Stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four Lots, twenty-four feet nine inches each.
Apply before sixth of June for a special bargain: after that date a higher price will be put on the property.
All information to be given on application to
J. BERMINGHAM.
Ottawa, May 28, 1874.

FOR SALE.

To be sold at a low price, and on easy terms of payment, a handsome BRICK RESIDENCE, situate near the Mutchmore Racing Park, just off the Bank Street Road and having about one acre of land attached thereto. The House is 20x40, one and a half stories high, and contains eight rooms—four above and four below stairs,—with a cellar the full size of the House, having a wall from two and a half to three feet thick. There are also excellent out-houses and every accommodation requisite for a comfortable rural residence. This will be found an excellent opportunity for persons of limited means who desire to secure a pleasant residence within a convenient distance of the City. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

EXTENSIVE CONSIGNMENT
OF
DRY GOODS,
For a few days
AT PRIVATE SALE.

The Subscriber has received from Messrs. Benning and Barsalou, the largest Wholesale Importers and Auctioneers in Montreal, a large quantity of New Dry Goods, direct from England, which will be offered during this month, at private sale, far below any wholesale prices in the country. They are desirous of establishing an Agency in this City, and for that purpose have consigned to me the following goods for immediate sale. Bleached and Half Bleached Damask Linen and Twilled Sheeting, Damask Napkins, Stair Linen, Black Lustre, Marseilles Quilts, Lace Curtains, Balbriggan Hose, White Brilliant Shawls in Variety, Bed Ticking, Striped Dress Goods, Check Dress Goods, Newest Colors in Dress Goods, New Striped Marseilles, New Prints, Gent's Water-proof Overcoats, 500 pairs of Fine White Blankets, selling for $4 per pair worth $6; 500 pairs Excellent Grey Blankets for Shanty or Rafting purposes, selling for $2 per pair, well worth $3.50.
All to be sold at Private Sale, call and get Share of the bargains, at the Sale Room of the subscriber Elgin Street.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa May 12th, 1874. 2567

PLANTS!
Plants, Plants,

100,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.
ALSO:
A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—
Verbenas.
Petunias.
Asters.
Stocks.
Balsams.
Ev-rlasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c., &c.
For sale at reasonable prices at
ANDREW HICKEY'S,
Bank Street Road,
adjoining Rideau Canal.
2565-1m

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
S. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH.

Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.
$2 a year, with premium; $1.50 without.
J. ACKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.
May 7, 1874. 2561-1m

Dominion Parliament,

First Session Third Parliament.

THE SENATE.

Continued.
MONDAY, May, 25th.

Hon. Mr. VIDAL argued there was no analogy between the members of the Legislative Council, years ago, legislating in a way to exclude themselves from Parliament, and an outside body ruling them out, and also, that not one single reason had been given for the change proposed by the bill, except that the Government desired to have control of the Board. He held that the qualifications required for heads of corporations were often very different from those required in representatives of those bodies elsewhere. He presumed, neither the Corn Exchange nor the Board of Trade had been consulted, nor notified in regard to this measure. He took a very decided objection then to the principle of the bill, whose preamble was not proved. He thought it should be thrown out.

Hon. Mr. PENNY said he was very much surprised at some of the objections to this bill, as to legislating out of office, the same was done as regards Trinity House, by the bill of last year, which legislated out of existence the Harbor of Montreal, the lights on the river, and such other matters, concerning the navigation, were looked after. He went on to argue in reply to other objections that this was a public bill to all intents and purposes since Montreal harbor derived its revenue from the whole country. Every bale of goods sent to Upper Canada was taxed for the improvement of that harbor. At first, the Board consisted of men nominated by the Government, and it never gave more satisfaction. (Hear, hear.) They converted Lake St. Peter from a three hundred ton to a one thousand-ton channel, but were all dismissed in one day by a notice in the *Gazette*. This was the way the hon. gentlemen on the Opposition benches dealt with vested rights. When the change took place, moreover, this very principle of *ex-officio* representation on the Board was the one adopted. Up to last August the members of the Board were *ex-officio* members. It was the Mayor of the city and the Presidents of other corporations who represented them; so this elective principle was quite a new thing. For his own part he was rather in favour of it, and if he had drawn the bill, would have introduced the principle. His hon. friend (Mr. Vidal) had stated there was no complaint of the present Board, but the fact in connection with the giving out of the contracts for the dredges, should convince him of his error. Tenderers had come down materially in their second offers, while the Board had given out contracts at prices considerably higher than they could have got the work done for by other parties. All this proved the interest the country generally had in the proper administration of the affairs of the Harbor.

Hon. Mr. VIDAL said he did not affirm there had been no complaints, but that in the proceedings taken here, none were stated.

Hon. Mr. PENNY said he referred to this matter, not to find fault with what the Commissioners did, but to show what the Dominion had to gain or lose by a improper or proper constitution of the Board. Though himself in favor of the elective system, he would be willing to leave the matter in the hands of the Government, who, he contended should possess the control, as they were responsible for the public expenditure. He argued that some of the members had no inherent rights to affect, and that the Board was to some extent a consultative body which the bill designed should give the Government advice. The measure took away nobody's right.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT—We are just going back to the system previously and long in force. The hon. gentleman in opposition made the change.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—Of course we made the change in the interest of the advancement of the elective principle; we introduced it last year.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT—Under the old act, also, Government had the control.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—Not under the elective principle.

Hon. Mr. RYAN expressed regret at the reference to the changes against the Commissioners, which had been much discussed and very well cleared up by the Montreal papers. He denied some of the changes brought against them, including that of imposing duties to the amount of 60 per cent on the inhabitants of Ontario, and asserted, as regards the action they had taken, that in the end they had reached a better result than could have been come to in any other way. Without going back to the accusations against the Commissioners, whether elective or nominative, he held that the business of the past had been most admirably conducted. (Hear, hear.) Its management had reflected credit not only on Montreal, but on the trade of the country in general; and he knew that the Harbour bonds were at a considerable premium, showing that the administration of the affairs of the harbour must have been very good and satisfactory indeed. He did not believe the trade of the country, that passed through Montreal, would be benefited by the change proposed by the Government, which was a retrograde change. The merchants who had most interest in the conservation of this harbour, having obtained the privilege of electing their representatives—a step in advance—were now to be put back, the Government proposing, because some of the Commissioners were not acceptable to them, to change the elective system, and replace these gentlemen by *ex officio* members the residents of the Corporations. The practical effect upon the Board of Trade and Corn Exchange would be to make them a little political arena, bodies which should devote themselves exclusively to the interests of trade, apart from politics. If the Government particularly wished for a favourite on the Harbour Commission, they would, of course, set about canvassing to secure his election as President of either Corporation. He did not think the Government would gain much in the opinion of the intelligent and independent people of Montreal, by this measure, for he had received many remonstrances from merchants, on the subject. He did not care what Government was in power, local works were best managed by the people on the spot, if upright and sensible. While determined to vote against the first three clauses of the bill, and the seventh, which was connected with them, he was quite willing to let the fourth stand, which enabled the Commissioners to pay their Chairman, although the first merchants in Montreal had worked on that Board as long as it had been a Board, which was nearly 40 years, without any pay whatever. This was a new feature undoubtedly. He did not mean to say it was not proper, but it opened another way of dispensing a little patronage. (Hear, hear, and oh, oh!) The other clauses of the bill were very good. But instead of restricting the elective principle, there were other classes, entitled to votes for the Commissioners, to whom it should be extended. He was sorry to say no provision had been made for them in the bill—he meant the rate payers, who belonged neither to the Corn Exchange nor Board of Trade, and their numbers were very considerable.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT—They are represented by the Mayor.

Hon. Mr. RYAN concluded by suggesting, with the other amendments the addition of a clause, giving Montreal importers and exporters, and all who contributed directly to any considerable extent to the revenue of the Commission, the right of electing representatives at the Board.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT, after a few words of reply, moved the adoption of the first clause,

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL repeated that he was opposed to it, and would ask for the question.

A division then took place: contents 15; non-contents, 14.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said Mr. Lacoste had not voted, when Mr. SCOTT argued the matter should be considered decided.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL insisted upon the hon. gentleman's vote being taken.

Hon. Mr. SCOTT protested against a second division.

At length, the Clerk obtained from Mr. Lacoste the reply that he would vote against the first clause. There was then a tie, but the Chairman, Mr. Kaulbach, also cast his vote with the non-contents, defeating it.

The Committee then rose and reported progress, Ministers stating they would consult their colleagues with regard to the amendments.

ALBION MINES SAVINGS BANK.

Hon. Mr. HAMILTON reported from the Banking Committee a bill respecting the Albion Mines Savings Bank, and moved that it be not proceeded with.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT moved that the bill be read a third time. He explained the character of the bill, which was to enable the miners, who were mostly Scotch, to deposit their small savings in this bank.

After some remarks from Mr. Campbell, who opposed the bill.

Hon. Mr. PENNY explained the difference between the savings banks here and in the old country, the latter being managed by the Government, and therefore being perfectly secure, while the former were limited liability companies; and the Scotch miners would invest their savings in this bank under the mistaken notion of its security.

The House adjourned for an hour at 2 o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

The SPEAKER resumed the chair at 3 p.m.

The following, among other bills, from the Commons were also reported from the Banking Committee, read a third time and passed:

To enable the Montreal and Ottawa Colonization Company to build a bridge over the Ottawa River.

The Colonial Building Investment Association bill.

The Lumber Exchange of St. John, New Brunswick bill.

The International Express Company's bill with amendments.

BILLS NOT DISTRIBUTED.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT objected to all these bills that they had passed through Committee without copies of them being distributed to the members. He had nothing to say, however, against the bills themselves.

FREE POSTAL DELIVERY.

Hon. Mr. READ enquired whether the returns as to the localities where letters were delivered free, which he had asked for in the early part of the session, had been brought down.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST said that the Post Office Department had not been able to prepare the returns in time, but he believed Halifax was the only place where this occurred.

Hon. Mr. DEVER considered it very unfair that this boon should be extended to Halifax and not to St. John.

The matter then dropped.

PARLIAMENTARY PRINTING.

On the motion of Hon. Mr. READ the eighth report of the Joint Committee on Printing was adopted.

INSPECTION OF STAPLE ARTICLES.

The House then went into Committee on the Inspection of Staples Law Amendment Bill, from the Commons, and reported the same amended on the third reading.

Hon. Mr. KAULBACK moved that the bill provide for the compulsory inspection of butter, lard, corn and flour. He argued that no exception should be made in the case of fish, which would be an injustice to a deserving class, who contribute largely to the revenue. Why not inspect other articles as well as fish?

Hon. Mr. SCOTT said these were optional, because inspection was an impossibility.

The amendment was lost, and the bill read a third time and passed.

BILLS PASSED.

The Port Wardens' Appointment Bill; the Windsor branches of Nova Scotia Railway Transfer Bill, and the Indian Laws Extension to Manitoba Bill were put through Committee of the Whole, reported with amendments, read a third time and passed.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Pacific Railway Construction Bill.

Hon. Mr. KAULBACH said he would not take up much time, but he looked upon the question of constructing this railway as a matter of Imperial interest, and one which he believed the resources of the country were quite equal to. He had no inclination for fettering the country beyond the power possessed by her for building the railway. The late Government had a definite scheme and a definite time in which to do the work. He had no doubt but they, in the course of time, would have built the road in the way most advantageous to the country; but in this Bill it was otherwise, for there was no definite amount named, nor any definite time fixed in which the work was to be completed. There was no doubt that the whole country was in favor of the line. No section of the people nor of the public press opposed it, and the country was obliged to build it if the plighted faith given to British Columbia was to be observed. As he had said, if the Government had been a little more definite as regards the cost of the work more reliance could have been placed on their intentions; but there was no statement as to what the cost would be. In the late scheme it was proposed to give a grant of $30,000,000 in money, and 50,000,000 acres of land, but by the present plan nothing so definite was proposed. He held that before they went to work they should sit down and count the cost, but the Government not having done this, and not having come before Parliament with anything definite or that could be relied on as to the amount that it would cost, or when it would be finished, it appeared to him that the Government was not very desirous to complete the scheme. He thought they were rather governed by the public sentiment than by their own scheme, and in this he was the more convinced by some remarks he had heard. Objections had been made as to the difficulties that the Rocky Mountains would present, but there were natural openings through the mountains that could be used for the railway route. He did not think that there were any insuperable barriers until they got across the Fraser River, and therefore they should not look upon the building of the road as one of those undertakings that was hardly practicable. He was sure the late Government was in real earnest about the matter, and if it had not been for certain occurrences this railway would have been commenced long ago. If it had not been for McMullan's scheme and other hon. gentlemen's political schemes—(hear, hear, and laughter)—it would not have proved abortive. It was to be regretted that it had turned out as it did, and that the country was now in the position of not knowing what the railway would cost. They had no assurance from the Government that it would be within the means of the resources of the country to build the road, but his own opinion was that it is perfectly within the power of the country to bear the taxation to put the railway through. He hoped the Government would show that they were in real earnest, and that they would put the matter through as speedily as possible.

Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER regretted that there was not sufficient time remaining to discuss the question, as he would have liked to occupy the attention of the House for a considerable time; but the feeling of the House was that the session should terminate in a few minutes.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER—We will give you five hours for your speech if you like.

Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER went on to offer some objections to the scheme on the ground that the Government was taking too much power by providing that they should construct any portion of the line. He looked upon that as the most dangerous clause of the bill no matter from what point they looked upon it. With the evidence before them of past experience he looked upon it as strange that the Government should think of constructing any portion of the railway. In the United States, the plan adopted was to give private companies bonuses of land and money and be thought we should act on the same principle. If $10,000 per mile was not enough to build the road, they should increase it, but let the Government not dream of building any portion of the road as a public work. He did not agree with the late Administration that it could be carried through in ten years, and even if it could, he believed it would be a calamity to the country construct it throughout, unless there were about six millions of population. There was a large portion of the road that should be built soon, but the feeling of the country was that they should proceed cautiously with the construction of the road. They should have early railway communication with Fort Garry, and he asked why, with half a million of money expended, there was no survey yet to Fort Garry? There should be no time lost in completing that survey, and what he maintained now was the sentiment of every commercial man. They ought to build the line from Thunder Bay to Fort Garry, and from thence to Pembina. They were bound to make a certain connection there as soon as they could ascertain from the survey what was practicable. He proceeded to give a calculation of the distances between various places, and the probable cost he put down at $35,000 per mile, while he proposed to provide by a money bonus, and a grant of 20,000 acres of land per mile, which would be value for a dollar an acre. He felt persuaded that the money could be raised in England to carry out the work, because, when the road was built, the land would become valuable, as in the case of Illinois, where it had been sold at from ten to fifteen dollars an acre. He maintained that the road could be built without increasing the burdens of the country, because the money could be had under an Imperial guarantee at four and a half per cent, and there was a steady annual increase going on in the revenue of the country, which would produce $250,000 as the work proceeded. Then as to how the residue was to be raised, he thought $250 000 could be saved from local grants, such as had been given to local municipalities. Then again with regard to the working of public institutions, there could be a saving effected as for instance the sum $180,000, which would not be again required, and which expenditure was occasioned by two extra sessions in the last year. No doubt it would be said that money was wisely spent. True, men who had served the country for half a century, had been hurled from office, and a large number of votes were recorded against them, but he thought the time would come when the verdict of the country would be reversed, and whatever else might be said it could not be alleged that the members of the late Administration had put one dollar into their pockets. They had become poor in the public service, and if they had made a mistake with regard to the Pacific Railway, it could not be denied that a certain party in the country had done everything they could to destroy the chances of raising the required capital in England. However, he was inclined to forget the past, and he only hoped their successors would show their ability to deal with this great national matter successfully. He regretted that there was no mind at the head of affairs, like that of Sir Francis Hincks, to make proper calculations as to the probable increase of the country's resources.

Hon. Mr. FLINT would have been perfectly willing to allow the bill to pass without saying a word, because there were certain portions of it which he approved, and others that he regarded as injurious and which, in his opinion, should not be passed. In looking carefully over the bill, he did not find anything to guard against letting out this contract wholly to americans, and as they were aware from past experience, at the last session very much was said about the Northern Pacific; the promoters of which were very anxious to get hold of the Canadian road in order to stave it off, so as to help their own road. There should be a clause in the bill to say that the road should be built by British subjects. The absence of such a clause was one great fault of the bill. Then there was another fault of which he complained. There was no time specified in which the work shall be completed. He thought when British Columbia was taken into Confederation on certain terms they should endeavor to carry out those obligations. He did not say that they could build the road in the time that was first mentioned, but if the Government had come down with a measure asking for five years more, he believed the time would have been granted, and British Columbia would have been satisfied. But they brought forward a measure for a land and water communication which he thought would not be of very great advantage to the country. It struck him that they wanted a line of communication that could be kept open all winter—all the year round in fact. It would not do to have people who intended to get to the North West spending six months waiting until the water communication could be open, and before they could get to the place that they intended to make their homes. These were the two principal points to which he took exception, but there were many other points in the bill of which he approved.

Hon. Mr. GIRARD did not hesitate to say that he approved to a certain point with the principle of the bill. The scheme he considered a good one, and if put in execution the effect will be to put Canada in a superior position before the world. He did not desire to ask from the Government extraordinary things, and he understood the work could not have been done in the time that was specified at the first, but it must be done and he had no doubt would be done. In undertaking such a giant enterprise which must have the effect of doubling the population of the Dominion, it would be necessary to increase the taxation. He approved of the plan of using the natural advantages which the country possesses in her great lakes and streams. He thought it was possible to complete that part of the line between Fort Garry and Lake Superior by 1876. He thought when the work was commenced the population of the country would rapidly increase, and that was very important because the population at present is not large enough for the expenses of such an undertaking. It might be said that they should wait for a larger population, but he wanted the door opened so that provision could be made for others coming to the country. It could not be expected that people would go and settle in a country where they had no means of getting out of it if they desired to do so for any object. If a man went there with his family he could not suffer the idea of being shut in, and that he could not get out in case of

Continued on Second Page.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestier, Margaux.
Do do Medoc.
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY.

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Wellington-st.

May 29, 1874. 2581

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

76] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 2?d, 1874. 2553-3m

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AT DEVLIN'S.

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March 25, 1874. 2500

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS.

Attractive, Useful and very Popular!

CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS

For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.

River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Cantata of Esther. Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.

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Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book, 75c.

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Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass. Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
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COMMISSION STORE

—AND—

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D. C. Simon's,

HULL.

The undersigned will be happy to receive all kinds of Goods to Sell on Commission, Patented Articles, Furnitures, etc., etc.

Mr. Simon having one of the best Commercial stand in the Village of Hull, and being well known by the public, hopes to meet the encouragement which he thinks he has a right to expect.

Having giving the necessary guarantee for his license his patrons can depend on getting a prompt return after the disposal of their goods. Mr. Simon will also act as Real Estate Agent, on liberal conditions.

May 30, 1874. 2582

OTTAWA WATER WORKS.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Owners and Occupants of Houses, Tenements, Lots, or parts of Lots or both, in the City of Ottawa, are hereby notified, that a Water Rate will be fixed by The Water Commissioners for the City of Ottawa, under authority of their Act of incorporation, on all real estate fronting on streets wherein Water pipes are laid, chargeable upon such real estate so soon as the Water Works are in operation whether such real estate be vacant or otherwise, and whether such owner or occupant shall use the water or not, and as the said Water Commissioners are now prepared to place the Service pipes, the attention of all interested is particularly requested to the following Clauses of the Act for the construction of Water Works for the City of Ottawa and the Amendments thereto.

"The Owners and Occupants of premises shall be compelled to make the necessary provision to receive the Service pipes in safety, to the satisfaction of the Engineer of the said Commissioners, and in default of their doing so, the Commissioners shall have power so to do, and charge the costs thereof to the owners or occupants of the premises, and such charges shall be payable with the first charge for Water Rates, and shall be collected in the same manner from the Owners or Occupants."

"In all such cases where a vacant space intervenes between the line of the Street and the wall of the building into which the water is to be taken, the Commissioners are empowered to lay the service pipe across such vacant space, and charge the cost of the same to the owner of the premises—such charge to be payable with the first payment of water rates, and to be collected in the same manner from the said owner." The Commissioners require all basements to be frost proof, and the work of laying service pipes thereto will be proceeded with as rapidly as possible in the order of importance as consumers and of priority of application.

Parties requiring an extra quantity of water for special or manufacturing purposes, are requested to send in their names and residences, or place of business, with a specification of the probable daily consumption of water required.—When the basement is excavated in the rock, applicants will state if there is a drain to the street, and at what depth below side walk level, and whether the same is deep enough for drainage and protection from frost.

By Order of the Water Commissioners for the City of Ottawa.

C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Secretary.

Ottawa, June 1st, 1874.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Are receiving daily shipments of all the delicacies of the season. Crosse & Blackwell's English List for 1874 is complete in every shape.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED

STILTON CHEESE.

DAVIS' CELEBRATED

HAMS AND BACON

Are worthy of public attention.

OUR SIMCOE RYE

We can recommend as being a genuine article.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
36 Sparks-St.

May 14th, 1874.

THE NOTMAN STUDIO

OTTAWA.

Mr. TOPLEY has recently been honored with a sitting from

Her Excellency the Countess of Dufferin.

Specially approved portraits may be obtained at the Studio.

Ottawa, May 26th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Importations—D. McDonell.
Flowers—M. Forfar.
Canadian Washer—A. R. Giles.
Music Books—Ditson & Co.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1874.

The Hon. George Brown left town last evening for Toronto.

MANITOBA SENTIMENTS.

It is natural when times are dull or when people's expectations of success are not being realised as rapidly as desirable, that there should be a considerable amount of grumbling. It is the Briton's privilege to grumble, whether there be sufficient cause for it or not, and apart from the consideration of the utility of the process. When the complaints coincide with a determination to make personal efforts for the improvement of the circumstances which are their subject, they are less offensive than in the opposite case. Men now, as ever, dislike lazy appeals to Jupiter for that help which they might give themselves by some sacrifice and effort. We are led to the conclusion that business has not been brisk in Manitoba, this Spring, from the complaints of some of its people, and their impatience with respect to the delay of the Pembina branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway. At a meeting that took place in Winnipeg, a few days before the last man left for Ontario, the discontent of a portion of the people found utterance, as well as the sentiment of another section not disposed to take such a melancholy view of the situation, or to exhibit an unreasonable spirit towards the Canadian Government. True, the Pacific Railway resolutions, submitted by Mr. Mackenzie to Parliament, had not then reached that Province, but it should have been generally known that the Pembina section of the railway was promised months ago by the present Ministry, and that their character for caution and veracity afforded a guarantee for the honest performance of all their undertakings. They are slow to promise, because averse to deception, and anxious to make deeds correspond with words. We believe the above resolutions and the statements they elicited in discussion will bring comfort to the hearts of the Manitoba people, and convince them that, if they are not all making fortunes, they are not overlooked at Ottawa, and their claims to an early connection with the railway system of the United States and Canada will be satisfied at no distant day. It is, doubtless, hard to have to wait the convenience of the rest of the Dominion, but few places can get all they want within the desired period any more than Manitoba, while fewer still succeed in achieving their objects as quickly as she is likely to do in the matter of this Pembina branch. The following is the Manitoba *Gazette's* report of the meeting in question, with regard to which we need only say, in the way of comment, that the inhabitants of that Province must have learned by this time that they have no reason for aught but hearty satisfaction at the practical interest the rest of the Dominion is about to manifest in its behalf:—

"The meeting called for Thursday evening in front of the old Parliament buildings, for taking into consideration the attitude of the Government towards Manitoba in the matter of railways and other public works, was very numerously attended. There seemed to be a general feeling of deep-seated uneasiness with regard to the future prospects of this Province, unless the Government took speedy steps towards fulfilling some of their many and long neglected pledges. A universal sentiment of regret was also perceptible at the unsatisfactory and contradictory nature of the telegrams lately received, in which, though there appeared a certain gloss of sincerity on the surface, still the statements contained were so conflicting, that it was impossible to decide what we were really to expect after all.

Messrs. Villiers, 1st Vice-President Board of Trade, Bathgate, of Gerrie & Bathgate, and Clark, of Clark & Weedon, all addressed the meeting, deploring the policy of the Government, as far as known, showing that the country was almost on the verge of bankruptcy for the want of some public works going on in our midst, and stating that though it was very far from their wish or intention to embarrass the Government at this juncture, still it was absolutely necessary that they should be made aware of the feeling of the people on these questions, and the advisability of speedily prosecuting any work they may have in view. Messrs. Luxton and Macdonald spoke in favor of the Government policy. They stated that they thought the promises we have received were full and satisfactory, and that the country stood pledged to see them carried out, and therefore, in their opinion, this meeting was uncalled for.

The following resolution was proposed by Mr. McDonald, and seconded by Mr. Luxton:—

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this meeting that the assurance given by the Government at Ottawa, of their willingness to proceed with the public works in the Province, and their desire to push them to comple[illegible] as practicable, meet the [illegible] meeting; and further that any disapproval of the policy of the Gov[illegible] in regard to these questions is also [illegible] called for and injurious to the [illegible] the Province. [illegible] was moved in [illegible] seconded by [illegible] gether unto [illegible] best interests of [illegible]

The following resolution [illegible] amendment by Mr. Bathgat, [illegible] Mr. Clark, and carried.

Resolved, That this meeting, representing the inhabitants of Manitoba, earnestly and respectfully call upon the Dominion Government to proceed without delay with the prosecution of the railway from Winnipeg to Pembina and the building of the necessary local public works.

It was decided to telegraph amendment of resolution to Government at Ottawa."

NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE! BOGUS NEWS.

We learn by telegraph from our Washington correspondent, that Senator Brown had announced his intention of returning to Canada at once, in order to confer with Ministers at Ottawa regarding terms of the proposed Reciprocity treaty. If this is true, the Canadian Commissioner may be expected in Ottawa to-day or to-morrow.

LATER.—Hon. Geo. Brown arrived in Ottawa by the afternoon train.—*Citizen of Monday.*

A stranger would suppose that the *Citizen* really had a Washington correspondent who sent a message on Monday morning advising it of the Hon. Mr. Brown's proposed action, though the fact is, the whole of the above paragraph and the addendum as well, were concocted after the Hon. gentleman's arrival in the city. A Washington correspondent would not be likely to send a message like the above on Monday, when he would have known, if he knew anything, that Mr. Brown left Washington two days before. This disreputable system of making up news had better be given up by our enterprising contemporary. A regard for truth is more appreciated by the public than a flimsy appearance of being ahead. Lounging round the telegraph offices, listening to conversations, acting the spy in general, and inserting bogus despatches may, to a distorted mind, seem to be enterprise, but the public will look upon this conduct only as an illustration of meanness which no honorable man would care to be engaged in.

The political battle in New Brunswick will be fought mainly on the school question. It would seem there are few or no great social or material evils to remove, that, in fact, grievances are not numerous in that Province, when no other issues of any importance are before the public. To judge from the New Brunswick papers, the school question is the absorbing one, the great grievance, especially with the Roman Catholics, who will be satisfied with nothing short of such a change of the Act as will give them separate schools for secular as well as for religious instruction. It seems the friends of the existing free common schools, designed for the education of all denominations, would be willing to allow the clergymen of any or all to teach religion to their respective flocks at a particular hour, rather than break up the present establishments; but the Catholics will make no compromise; they insist on separate buildings for all descriptions of teaching. The parties on both sides of this question seem determined to fight hard for their opinions at the forthcoming elections, but the result is not easy to anticipate. Though the Separate School party may gain some strength, for reasons besides those connected with the school controversy, they may not succeed in defeating the present Government. That they should not is another question, into which we shall not enter at present, though we do believe the Local Government is far from perfect. The following extract from a recent number of the St. John *Telegraph* affords a good indication of the spirit in which the contest is being carried on:

"The despatch from Gloucester, which we publish this morning, supplies a proper commentary on the "side issues," which opponents of the Government have been seeking to raise. The clergy have taken the field in earnest in that quarter, and traced boldly the plan of the campaign from the Opposition standpoint. There is no beating about the bush in the speeches which we report. Disdaining to hide behind the petty subterfuge of excessive taxation, and never once alluding to the small details of departmental administration, the clergy throw down the gauntlet of separate schools, and tell the Gloucester electors to disregard all other issues. They quote the Pope's authority for their course; and in intervening actively in the elections and naming the candidates on whom the people's lot should fall, they express themselves so boldly, so clearly and so emphatically that neither friend nor opponent can claim to misapprehend their meaning. They know the real issue, and they do not hesitate to avow it, and we give them credit for their candor. They are in dead earnest in the expression of their convictions, and they intend to carry their point by all legal and moral influences. They are quite right in acting up to their convictions. The Non-Sectarian party are equally justified in resisting all such influences—in meeting argument with argument and ballot with ballot—in battling earnestly, strenuously, and, we trust, successfully against what they regard as a most pernicious principle. Now that those on the opposite side, who fully understand and are prepared to grapple with the real issue, have stated their case, we hope that it will not be pretended that we are not fighting for or against an attempt to fasten separate schools on New Brunswick forever."

The Unruly Redskins.

Official reports from the frontier predict a general Indian war, and one close at hand at that. General Sherman announces warlike movements among the Sioux that are very ominous for the welfare of the settlers in their vicinity, and the most powerful tribes in the Southwest are also taking to the warpath. So much for the peace policy and government presents supposed to be sufficient to keep the savage quiet. Those reports also rebuke in a very significant manner the criminal policy that suggests skeletoning our small army. A general Indian war would do much towards disabusing the public mind of such a suicidal course and showing what insufficient protection is exercised at present by the government over the frontier settlers. The entire army would be inadequate to the task of guarding such an immense extent of territory against a wily, unscrupulous foe, armed and trained at the government expense.—United States paper.

A few days ago the U S. Senate took up and discussed most of the bill to create the new Territory of Pembina and then rejected it. A long discussion incidentally arose on a proposition to provide for female suffrage in the new Territory. Messrs. Morton, Carpenter, and Sargent warmly favored it, while others declared that universal female suffrage was the coming political event, and that it was time that Congress took some action on it where it had the Constitutional right to exercise it either in this District or other Territories. The amendment received twelve votes, which under the circumstances, was surprisingly large. The rejection of the bill indicated very clearly the indisposition of the Senate to create new Territories as well as new States.

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Continued from First Page.

emergency. The branch from Fort Garry to Pembina was a great necessity, and the country could not be advanced without it. Without this they would be always dependent upon the American railways. [illegible] lines, communication by [illegible] railway. All these pending [illegible] There were stage [illegible] single day if [illegible] river, and the Pacific ra[illegible] to [illegible] lines would not subsist for a sing[illegible] the people of Winnipeg were not here to give them the traffic. He had tried to show [illegible] that it would not be an extraordinary expense to [illegible] complete the line from Thunder Bay to Fort Garry, and he thought it would be very easy to [illegible] farther and profit by the water of the [illegible] rivers. The Assiniboine was not a navigable river for any extent, but at the same time he thought it would be very easy to make a canal that would draw the water of Manitoba Lake into the Assiniboine River so as to render it for miles and miles perfectly navigable for all vessels. Then there would have to be a cut of five miles made to arrive at the Saskatchewan, which would afford easy navigation to the foot of the Rocky Mountains.

Hon. Dr. CARROLL—How many months in the year would it be navigable, and for what kind of boats?

Hon. Mr. GIRARD—It would be navigable to all kinds of boats, and it will be navigable for 800 miles. You must commence at the heart of the Province.

Hon. Dr. CARRALL—How many months will it be open, taking into account the ice and the low water season?

Hon. Mr. GIRARD said the low water season was very short. He looked upon the scheme as affording two ways of improving the country. If they improved the water communication it would not cost the Government so much more money. He hoped the Government would proceed with the work, and he would do anything in his power to advance it.

Hon. Mr. READ mentioned that he had got a botanical report put into his hands from which it appeared that flowers and plants were to be found a thousand miles West of Fort Garry of a similar character to those growing naturally about Belleville, so that the climate might be assumed to be much the same.

Hon. Mr. DEVER said he had only a few observations to make, and first that from the adverse remarks of hon. gentlemen from whom he was often obliged for information, he must say that he was led to think very unfavorably of this bill; but since that time he had come to look upon it as a very wise and cautious measure. He held that there was very little prospect that a work of this kind should be commenced and not carried out. He spoke with some earnestness on this matter, because the people of the Lower Provinces would look on this railway as a national one, which would be built out of the revenue, especially in view of the fact that the people were heavily taxed, so much so that they were about as far as they could arrive at. They could not afford any more taxation until the population was increased. It would be necessary to go on cautiously. Taking this view, he was disposed to support any measure involving but little expenditure, and tending to public welfare, no matter what Government was in power. He might also say in reference to the Baie Verte Canal, it would be highly in the interest of his Province that the loop should be completed. It was a national matter, one that should be recognized as a Dominion work. It had also been pointed out that the Intercolonial road to New Brunswick was a national work, and it was one of those works that Canada must have in order to carry out the great union. In the great work of constructing the Pacific Railway, it was essential to keep in view that there was no intention to go to any gigantic expenditure, but only as the revenue of the country increased the work should progress. He hoped the Government would act with energy as well as with due caution in the undertaking.

The Committee then rose, and the bill was reported without amendment, read a third time on the motion of the Hon. Mr. SCOTT and passed.

MONTREAL HARBOUR COMMISSION.

The House again went into Committee of the Whole on the Montreal Harbor Bill, which, after some slight additional amendments, was reported, read a third time, and passed.

[The House of Commons concurred in most of the amendments made, and, as it now stands, the present elective principle is restored to the Board of Trade, the Corn Exchange and the Corporation, but the former body are to return only one member, thus giving the Government the majority.]

Hon. Mr. WILMOT then moved the third reading of the Albion Mines Savings Bank Bill, which was carried unanimously.

The House, after eight, having disposed of its business, adjourned during pleasure and, finally, to meet at two on Tuesday, for prorogation.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE TIMES will not be held responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

Bronson and others vs. Blasdell and others.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—It appears that on the 28th of last month the Chancellor's judgment in this case was received by Mr. Matheson, the Deputy Registrar of the Court of Chancery at Ottawa. As the case is important and of some public interest, I take the liberty of asking a place in your valuable paper for a short statement of what was asked by the plaintiffs and what was granted by the Chancellor. The plaintiffs in their bill after stating that they had erected certain dams, piers, booms and other works in the Ottawa river, below the little Chaudiere Falls, in respect of which Mrs. Blasdell brought her action for damages, prayed (1) that the Court of Chancery might declare that the plaintiffs (the mill owners) were entitled in equity as against the defendants (Mrs. Blasdell, A. H. Baldwin and myself) to the undisturbed enjoyment of the said dams, piers, booms and other works alleged to be obstructions of the said river freed from any claim to damages by reason thereof (2) And that the said defendants might be restrained from prosecuting the said action, and from commencing any other actions in the premises or interfering with such undisturbed enjoyment as aforesaid of the said alleged obstructions. The Chancellor's judgment is as follows, viz:—

"I think the bringing of the action at law, inequitable—and upon the circumstances before me, I see no reason for granting other than a general injunction to restrain it.

An injunction will therefore issue to restrain the further prosecution of that action, and the plaintiffs in this suit are to have their costs of this suit. I make no declaration of the rights of the parties."

Thus, it will be seen, that the mill owners have, even by this decision, obtained but a small portion of what they asked and strained for. In short their position is in no way bettered, or protected by the decision; nor does the injunction interfere with or derogate from the right and privileges of us (the defendants) in any degree or respect, beyond forbidding Mrs. Blasdell to take further proceedings in the action at law already commenced by her. They have gained nothing: and we have lost nothing but the costs. Mrs. Blasdell is at full liberty to begin and prosecute another action at law as soon as she pleases, for the same cause and against the same parties. The only question for her consideration now, is, whether to do that, or to appeal from the Chancellor's judgment with the expectation of reversing it. And the only real difference between the two courses, is the question of costs—a small matter compared with the importance of the rights and privileges involved.

In fact, the mill owners have failed—have obtained no advantage by their recourse to Chancery. I may add, that Mrs. Blasdell is determined to have compensation for the damage done to her property, if there is law to compel it: and to that end, she has put the matter in the hands of her legal adviser, the Hon. Mr. O'Connor.

The mill owners, in their eagerness to obtain a cheap monopoly of the privileges of the Chaudiere, have "shewn their hand," as well as exhibited their intentions.

Yours, &c.,
T. M. BLASDELL.

Ottawa, June 2nd, 1874.

BOOK NOTICE.

We have just received from the Leonard Scott Publishing Company, through Messrs. Durie & Son, booksellers, Sparks street, "Blackwood's Magazine," which opens with [illegible] continuation of "Valentine and his Brother." The [illegible] interest of the story increases, as the boys and [illegible] have been so strangely se[illegible], who [illegible] drawing very near to each [illegible] separated, are [illegible] other.

The article on "Hercules" was suggested by a recent picture—the Alcestis of Mr. Leighton—which the writer characterizes as one of the most beautiful of modern pictures. It is illustrated with copious translations from the Alcestis and Frenzied Hercules of Euripides, and the Trachiniae of Sophocles, all of which tragedies were founded on the legend of Hercules. The comparisons on the treatment of the subject by the two dramatists will be interesting to classic readers.

"Convivium Templare" is a festive scene, somewhat in the style of the "Noctes Ambrosianae," and, like them, requiring minute local knowledge for full appreciation.

In "Alice Lorraine, Part III," we are carried to a lovely valley on the Medway, and are treated to a graphic medley of fruit-picking, trout-fishing and love-making in an old-fashioned Kentish farm.

The present series No. V, of "International Vanities," treats of Emblems. "The word emblem, in its national application, represents to most of us a flag, and little else. But it has other meanings, too; less important and less self-evident, it is true, but which well merit to be remembered. Images of animals, badges, war-cries, cockades, liveries, coats-of-arms, tokens, and tattooing, have all been accepted symbols of distinction between races." A brief description is given of these various symbols, followed by a very entertaining history of the French and other flags.

"Dates and Dates," by Lord Lytton, a clever off-hand plea for fable, by way of good-humoured response to some recent criticisms on "Fables in Song."

In the "Budget and the Income Tax" we are told that "there is hardly any subject within the range of English politics about which so much has been written and spoken as the Income-Tax, and there is hardly any subject about which the public mind is so little matured." A history of the tax in question follows this remark, and we are assured, in conclusion, that it would be "extremely unwise to part with the system by which a considerable revenue may with so little difficulty be raised."

CITY AND VICINITY.

BASE BALL.—The Merrickville Base Ball Club met and organized on the 25th May, and are again ready for play. Their "team" is as good if not better than that of last year. F. Bisset was appointed Secretary.

Hanging Baskets, Roses, double, single and variegated Geraniums, Pelargoniums, Dalias, Bridal Roses, Verbenas, Pansies, are selling cheap and fast at Forfar's seed store, Rideau street.

BRONSON VS BLASDELL.—The evidence in the late great Chancery Suit between the Mill owners and Blasdell, will, so soon as the manuscript is obtained, be published for the information of the public.

THE GUARDS' BAND.—The Guards' Band will not play in Parliament Square to-night, but instead will play in Cartier Square at the laying of the Corner Stone of the New Collegiate Institute to-morrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, by His Excellency the Governor General.

PULLMAN CARS.—Pullman cars are still running between Ottawa and Montreal and Ottawa and Toronto over the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, but we learn that at the end of this week the one running between here and Toronto will be withdrawn. The one to and from Montreal will continue to run tri-weekly for the present.

A DASTARDLY ACT.—On Monday night, a cowardly sneak threw a large stone through one of the fine plate glass windows of Messrs. Haney & Forgie, Wellington street. The injury done is a serious one, and will require a considerable sum to repair the damage. A reward has been offered for the arrest and conviction of the perpetrator, and it is to be hoped that the rascal may be secured and due punishment meted out to him.

ROSA D'ERINA—IRELAND'S QUEEN OF SONG.—Scarcely has the gifted Rose of Erin returned to Belleville, for the St. Thomas Church Grand Recital and Temperance Society Concert, then she receives telegrams and letters re-engaging her for another Western tour. This week she performed on Monday last at Toronto, honored by the patronage of the Lieut. Governor and Mrs Crawford, on Thursday, the Falls, Wednesday, at St. Catharines for the Convent of St. Joseph. Thursday, Thorold, for the good pastor, then Friday, Welland and Sunday last Storer.

FAIR PLAY.—An evening contemporary very unfairly reflects upon the whole Corporation in reference to the discussion on the report of the Board of Works on Monday night in regard to changing names of certain streets. It is well known that but for two members of the Council the report would have been unanimously passed, and their opposition was from no motive of jealously, as they acted purely on principle. It is unfair not only to the members of the Council, but to the general public, to misconstrue in this hap-hazard style the actions and motives of members of any public body of men.

DOMINION DAY.—The people of Brockville are putting forth most extraordinary efforts to celebrate Dominion Day. A municipal grant, private subscriptions and other means are being resorted to in order to raise a large fund for this purpose. Our citizens, if they purpose doing anything to celebrate the natal day of the New Dominion, had better begin to take some steps towards doing so. A small grant might be obtained from the Corporation, as they did nothing on the Queen's Birthday, which, if supplemented by a good liberal public subscription would do something towards getting up an attractive programme for Dominion Day.

L'ORIGNAL SUGAR.—The L'Orignal *Advertiser* gives a flat denial to the report going the rounds of the press to the effect that Messrs. Cass and Marston of that place have been exporting poisonous Maple sugar. It says that neither of these gentlemen manufacture sugar at all, but that they turn all their sap into syrup, and in doing so use no copper kettles or any other utensil that could in any way deteriorate from the quality of the article. It further says that their syrup is bottled and labelled with the name of the Manufacturers, and always commands the readiest sale and highest price of any maple syrup in the Market. The two gentlemen thus grossly libelled intend to prosecute in the matter, with a view to get a full and searching investigation.

BOY'S CLOTHING.—Mr. T. Lawrence desires to intimate to his customers and the public generally, that he has just received in connection with his Tailoring Establishment at No. 76 Sparks Street, a large and beautiful assortment of Boy's Clothing. The entire stock is to be disposed of cheap for cash. Give Mr. Lawrence a call at once if you desire to secure a good bargain. 2582

DRYING A WELL.—The Chaudiere Engine was out last evening to dry a well containing some 13 feet of water on the site of Mr. O'Dell's new building on Sparks street.

THE COURT OF REVISION.—The Court of Revision resumed its sittings last night in the City Hall. A number of cases were disposed of but being unable to get through all, a further adjournment of the Court took place.

LITTLE BEGINNINGS.—The st[illegible] raised the lid off the kettle [illegible] phic mind to utilize it [illegible] No one dreamed [illegible] steam which [illegible] led a philoso[illegible] dragged al[illegible] for man's benefit [illegible] an hour [illegible] that we should now be [illegible] ing by it at the rate of 60 miles [illegible] When Perry Davis made a preparation for the medicinal use of his family, thirty years ago, neither he nor any man imagine that it would now be sold in every land, and prove be the Pain Killer of the world 2583.

SCARCITY OF MECHANICS.—Contractors are daily complaining of the great scarcity of men in the city to place on the public works now in progress. Upwards of $3,000,000 are being expended this year in improvements, and considering this fact it is little wonder men are scarce. In other cities and towns men are plentiful, and will very soon come to where there is abundance of labour. Our emigrant agents, too, should be made aware of this fact, as it has a tendency to retard the progress of the city.

BATHING IN THE CANAL.—Now that the warm weather has set in, bathing in the Canal and other public places has begun. Young urchins in a nude state keep running along the banks exposed to the public gaze, which bespeaks a laxity in the the morals of a law-abiding community. Complaints are also made as to the same offense on the banks of the Canal, after turning the head of the Deep Cut. People in that locality wonder how redress is to be had in such cases, as they reside without the city limits. An appeal to County Constable Gordon will, we think, have the desired effect. Within the limits, we expect the city police will be fully equal with the occasion, and abate the nuisance.

SANDY HILL IMPROVEMENT.—Every day reveals the fact of evident progress on Sandy Hill, the finest location in the city for private residences. The stately mansion of Mr. John A. Cameron, at the east end of Wilbrod street, is fast approaching completion, and will, when finished, be one of the handsomest buildings in the city. Mr. Robillard's stone block of six dwellings, on Daly street, will also greatly improve that locality. It is a fine limestone block, with neat dressings of the same material. "Brooklyn Terrace," just completed is also a magnificent brick block on Augusta street, and reflects credit upon the enterprise of Mr. Alex. McIntosh, the proprietor. In many other localities cottages and private villas are rising up by the dozen, proving clearly that Sandy Hill is bound to hold its own with any other section of the city, in the way of progress.

The General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

Yesterday evening the proceedings of the General Assembly commenced in Knox Church, City Hall Square, when there was a large attendance of Ministers and Elders from the respective Presbyterys, and also of the general public.

The Rev. W. Reid, of Toronto, Moderator, opened the proceedings by giving out the 46th Psalm, offering prayer and reading a portion of Scripture. He took for his text Philippians, ch. I, verse 18. "What then? notwithstanding, every way, whether in pretence, or in truth, Christ is preached; and I therein do rejoice, yea, and will rejoice." He began by saying that at the time when Paul wrote this epistle, he was a prisoner at Rome, in bonds for the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ; but he was not ashamed of his bonds, nor did the cruel persecutions to which he was subjected break down his spirit, nor make him swerve in the least degree from the Saviour on whom he trusted. As to himself, his bonds only served to bind him all the more closely to the Saviour, to deepen his love for Him, and strengthen his resolution to serve Him. In regard to others, the bonds produced different effects, but his example encouraged and enabled them to be still more resolute in preaching the Gospel of the Cross, and go on testifying for their Master. The preacher proceeded to consider the words of the text as first used by Paul, who, he said, was not an austere or unfeeling man, for he had a generous and sympathising nature, a large loving heart. His religion was not one of gloom, but of joy, notwithstanding his trials and persecutions. From the text there were several important lessons to be taken, the first of which was that the preaching which ministers should aim at, and which should give them joy was the preaching of Christ. He did not insist that the same round of doctrines, that the same circle of truths should be set forth in the same form. There might be variety for useful ends, and things new and old brought forward, but the great fundamental truths of the Gospel—the great facts of the Christian system; the guilt of sin, the death and resurrection of Christ, and His power to save should be brought out in some connection in all manner of preaching. It was quite possible to gain popularity by preaching, and to improve and stimulate the intellects of the hearers, but the salvation of sinners should not be lost sight of. It was also, in the second place, to be observed that the apostle rejoiced when the gospel was preached by others, and if the ministers of the present day were of the same mind and spirit, they would rejoice when they knew that the gospel was preached by all who believed on the Saviour. It should not be for their own glory that they should not be ambitious of success; but the glory of the Saviour should be the great aim of each, and the result should be left in His hands. Even if the position of some should be inferior to that of others, they should rejoice if He is exalted, if His work is done, and His Kingdom extended. There might be, as was in the time of Paul, some who preached the gospel in the spirit of contention and envy, but still they preached the gospel, and therefore there was cause for joy. Then addressing the congregation generally, he urged them to accept with gladness the truth as taught by the ministers, because, just as it is the great work of ministers to preach Christ, then He ought to be to all hearers of that preaching, all in all.

At the end of the religious services the general Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church, was formally constituted.

The names of ministers and elders from Montreal, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Cobourg, Ontario, Toronto, Simcoe, Owen Sound, Hamilton, Guelph, Paris, Durham, Bruce, London, Stratford, Chatham, Huron and Manitoba Presbytery's were called the majority of whom answered to their names.

The Moderator said the time had now come when he must ask them to appoint his successor; but he could not leave the Moderator's chair, without tendering the fathers and brethren his thanks for the honor they did him in calling him to fill that position, and for the very great kindness and forbearance which they had manifested towards him in his imperfect attempt to discharge the important duties of the Moderatorship. He thanked God for the great good they had experienced during the past year. The foreign work of the church was being extended, as well as the home mission work. He should ever remember that in the year of his Moderatorship one college building had been finished and occupied, and another had been begun and very well advanced. They had not been without solemn warnings, however, as instanced by the death of two of the eldest and two of the youngest ministers of the Assembly, and these warnings should induce them to "work while it is day." He [illegible] upon the House to appoint a Moderator for the ensuing year.

Rev. Thos. McPherson, of Strat[illegible] unanimously elected, and [illegible] chair he was congratulated [illegible] on taking the Moderator, who [illegible] by the retiring [illegible] would be as [illegible] hoped that his reign had been [illegible] peaceable and pleasant as his [illegible]

The Moderator elect said at that late hour of the night he would feel it utterly out of place to occupy the time of such a large meeting with anything like an address. He would not attempt, for he was sure he would utterly fail if he did, to express his feelings of gratitude for the high honor they had conferred upon him. It was just 25 years yesterday since he left his native land at the call of the Colonial Mission of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland, to come to Canada and cultivate the waste places of the land. When he looked back upon the past, he could not but feel deeply impressed with a sense of the obligation he was himself under and the obligation that lay upon the church with which he had been associated, for God's goodness to them. Remarkable had been the changes in the material condition of the country and equally remarkable had been the happy changes in the progress of the church. The numbers had been increased fourfold from what they were when he came to the country, and in and around Stratford the number of the congregations had increased sixfold. Were he to say that he thanked them for the honor conferred upon him to preside over the deliberations of that Assembly, they would not think that he was using the language of cold formality. He did not think himself well qualified for the position, but he believed the Church had higher aims in view than anything of a personal motive, though he could appreciate the motives that had induced them to call upon him to the Moderator's chair. He trusted it would not be looked upon as presumptious on his part to express his hope that they would all remember the solemn position that they occupied and the deep responsibility that lay upon them. They met as the ambassadors of Christ, representing the largest section of one of the Protestant Churches in the country, and the highest court of that church, the future welfare of which depended upon the wisdom of their deliberations and acts. The eyes of the whole Christian community were upon them, and they needed Divine guidance to direct them so that they might show to the world "how pleasant a thing it is for brethren to dwell together in unity," looking up to Him who is the King and head of the church for His blessing to rest upon them. He had now the honor of taking his position as Moderator.

Rev. Dr. Topp, of Toronto, said that as his acquaintance with the retiring Moderator was of longer duration than that of any of the brethren, as he had known Mr. Reid before he came to this country, and intimately since then, and the longer he knew him he had learned to respect him the more; he might be allowed to move a vote of thanks to him, for the very sensible, able and effective exposition of Divine truth that he had given the Assembly. It was not for the personal respect alone in which Mr. Reid was held that he brought forward this motion, but his sermon had been of a most useful and practicable character, reminding them of their duty and the great business of their preaching. He trusted all would profit by the admirable lessons that had been brought before them. He also desired to add that the thanks of the assembly be given to Mr. Reid for the manner in which he had discharged the important duties of Moderator during the time which he held that office.

The motion was seconded by Rev. Dr. Taylor, of Montreal, who endorsed the sentiments of the mover, and it was carried unanimously.

The Moderator having tendered the thanks of the meeting to Rev. Mr. Reid, announced that he had met the Premier, and had told him that it was customary for the Assembly, to present an address to His Excellency the Governor General. If they should decide to do so on this occasion, as he understood His Excellency was about to leave the city shortly, he requested Mr. MacKenzie to let him know when His Excellency would be pleased to accept the address if it should be decided to present him with one. He had just received the Premier's reply in which he stated that the Governor General leaves the city on Friday, but would arrange the time and place for receiving the address on Thursday.

The matter was referred to the Committee on Bills and Overtures, and after some routine business had been gone through the House adjourned until 11 o'clock this morning.

KIRK SYNOD.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland was organized last night in St. Andrew's Church, Wellington Street. The Moderator, Rev James Patterson, presiding.

There was a large attendance of the congregation and others of the citizens on this occasion.

After being duly constituted the retiring Moderator preached a very fine discourse from 2 Corinthians, 4 chapter and 5 verse:

"For we preach not ourselves, but Christ Jesus the Lord; and ourselves your servants for Jesus sake."

The excellent choir of the Church contributed materially to the service.

After the Service the Synod was constituted for order of business.

SYNOD ROLL.

The clerk, the Rev. J. H. Mackerras, M. A., next made up and read the following as the Roll which constituted the present Synod:—

PRESBYTERY OF QUEBEC.

John Cook, D. D. Minister, John C. Thompson, Elder, Quebec; D. Anderson, M. A., Minister, Alex. Fraser, Elder, Point Levi; Jas. McCaul, B. A. Minister, Alex. Baptist, Elder, Three Rivers; Peter Lindsay, B. A. Minister, Sherbrooke.; Henry Edmison, B. A. Minister, Robert Ross, Elder, Melbourne.

PRESBYTERY OF MONTREAL.

James C. Muir, D. D. minister, Arch. Cameron, elder, Georgetown; William Simpson, minister, D. McNaughton, elder, Lachine; John McDonald, minister, Donald McKay, elder, Beechridge; James Patterson, minister, Thomas Kyle, elder, Hemmingford; William Masson, minister, William Wood, elder, Russeltown; John Jenkins, D. D., minister, James Croil, elder, Montreal; Donald Ross, D. D. minister, Alex. Cameron, elder, Chatham and Grenville; R. Campbell, M. A. minister, Robert Brodie, elder, Montreal; J. F. Lochead, M. A. minister, Elgin and Athelstane; C. A. Doudiet, minister, T. A. Roger, M. D., elder, Montreal; Gavin Lang minister, John L. Morris, elder, Montreal; D. W. Morrison, B. A., minister, William White, elder, Ormstown; W. M. Black, minister, Robert Kerr, elder, Montreal.

PRESBYTERY OF GLENGARRY.

T. Macpherson, M.A., minister, Robert Sangster, elder, Lancaster; Peter Watson, B.A., minister, Malcolm McMartin, elder, Williamstown; John Davidson, minister, Duncan McArthur, elder, Williamsburg; John S Burnet, minister, John Urquhart, elder, Martintown; James S Mullan, minister, Samuel Ault, elder, Osnabruck; N McNish, B D, L L B, minister, James Craig, elder, Cornwall; George Porteous, minister, Adam Harkness, elder, Matilda; H Lamont, D D, minister, Finch.

PRESBYTERY OF PERTH.

Alex Mann, M A, minister, James Conkey, elder, Pakenham; William Bain, D D, minister, John Hart, elder, Perth; Solomon Mylne, minister, Robert Hutton, elder, Smith's Falls; James Wilson, M A, minister, Charles McIlraith, elder, Lanark; Walter Ross, M A minister, Robert Bell, elder, Beckwith; D McGillivray, minister, James Hall, elder, Brockville; R Campbell, M A, minister, John Fisher, elder, Macnab and Horton; William Cochrane, minister, William Morris, elder, Middleville and Dalhousie.

PRESBYTERY OF OTTAWA.

William T Canning, minister, John Anderson, elder, Oxford; Thomas Scott, minister, James Anderson, elder, Plantagenet; Elias Mullan, minister, James McGowan, elder, Spencerville; D M Gordon, B D, minister, Andrew Drummond, elder, Ottawa; James Fraser, B A, minister, John Stevenson, elder, Litchfield; D J McLean, B A, minister, A Garrioch, elder, Arnprior; Joseph Gandier, minister, Coulonge; Alex Campbell, B A, minister, John Porteous, elder, Westmeath; John Fairlie, minister, George Clarke, elder, L'Orignal and Hawkesbury; Frederick Home, minister, Buckingham and Cumberland.

PRESBYTERY OF KINGSTON.

Robert Neill, D D, minister, Thomas Home, elder, Seymour; J William[illegible], L L D, minister, Queen's College; Alex Buchan, minister, G H Boulter, M D, elder, Stirling; J B Mowat, M A, minister, Queen's College; W Snodgrass, D D, minister, Queen's College; J H Mackerras, M A, minister, Queen's College; James [illegible] Gray, minister, James Balcanqual, elder, Roslin and Thurlow; C A Ferguson, B A, minister, Queen's College; [illegible] stone, B A, minister, John Nicoll, elder, Pittsburgh; W McLean, M A, minister, Thos Rutherford, elder, Belleville; Thos G Smith, minister, John Duff, elder, Kingston.

PRESBYTERY OF TORONTO.

John Brown, minister, Jacob Wells, elder, Newmarket; James Bain, minister, J Russell, elder, Scarboro'; W. E. McKay, B A., minister, A Skelton, elder, Orangeville; James Carmichael, minister, James Burns, elder, King; Walter A Ross, minister, James Madill, elder, Pickering; [illegible] Maclennan, B A, minister, M [illegible], elder, Nottawasaga; D J Macdonnell, minister, T A McLean, elder, [illegible] Adam Spenser, minister, M [illegible], elder, Darlington; Donald Strachan, [illegible] Robert Ferguson, elder, [illegible] ald, M A, minister, D [illegible], D [illegible] ple Hill and E Nottawasaga; [illegible] en, B A, minister, [illegible] David P [illegible] Georgina; J Carmichael, [illegible] Peter Beard, elder, William [illegible], M A, minister, Hutcheson, [illegible] elder, Markham; [illegible] elder, [illegible] minister, Richard [illegible], A D Forgie [illegible] James B Mullan, minister, B A, [illegible] elder, Fergus; Joshua Fraser, Whitby, minister, Wm Macpherson, elder, [illegible] John Ferguson, B A minister, [illegible] elder, Osprey; William Cleland, minister, A Johnston, elder, W Gwillimbury and Innisfil.

PRESBYTERY OF VICTORIA.

David Watson, M A, minister, Angus McKay, elder, Thorah; Arch. Currie, M A, minister, John Carmichael, elder, Beaverton; William White, minister, Clark; J Allan, Murray, minister, James Watson, elder, Lindsay; K Maclennan, M A, minister, Robert Romaine, elder, Peterboro; James T Paul, minister, Alexander Allan, elder, Dummer; Alex McKay, M A, minister, John Jackson, elder, Eldon; James Cleland, minister, Thomas Crossan, elder, Port Hope.

PRESBYTERY OF HAMILTON.

Robert Burnet, minister, Alexander Craig, elder, Hamilton St. Andrew's; W Livingstone, minister, John [illegible], elder, Simcoe; James Herald, minister, John Gilmour, elder, Dundas; [illegible] Campbell, minister, R N Ball, elder, Niagara; John Hogg, D D, minister, William Alexander, elder, Guelph; William Stewart, minister, George Ford, elder, Barby; James B Muir, M A, minister, David Blythe, elder, Galt; G A Yeomans, B A, minister, James Hall, elder, Woolwich; Robert Dobie, minister, Thomas [illegible], B A, elder, Milton; E W Waits, minister, Ezra Showers, Litchwood and Showers' corners; Jas C Smith, M A, James Hutchison, Hamilton, St. Paul's.

PRESBYTERY OF LONDON.

Jas McEwen, M A, minister, Gilbert Taylor, elder, Westminster; John Rannie, M A, minister, Henry Bisset, elder, Chatham; Hamilton Gibson, minister, Charles Tough, elder, Bayfield & Varna; James Gordon, M A, minister, Robert Wood, elder, N Dorchester; David Camelon, minister, James Gowan, elder, London; James Sieveright, B A, minister, Robert Wilson, Goderich; J S Eakin, B A, minister, Andrew Elliot, elder, Parkhill; R Chambers, B A, minister, Duncan McEwan, elder, Ben. Williams; Wm T Wilkins, B A, minister, Samuel Robb, elder, Stratford; J L Taylor, minister, Lucknow; Hugh Cameron, minister, George Thompson, elder, Kippen.

PRESBYTERY OF SAUGEEN.

D Morrison, M A, minister, James Young, elder, Owen Sound and Derby; Donald Fraser, M A, minister, John [illegible]son, elder, Priceville; E S Rodgers, minister, James Corbett, elder, Leith and Johnson; W M Anderson, M A, minister, M Macpherson, elder, Kincardine; John Gordon, B A, minister, Samuel [illegible], elder, Paisley; M M McNeil, minister, Samuel Wallace, elder, Mount Forest; George Bell, L L D, minister, A [illegible], B A, elder, Walkerton.

DELEGATE FROM MARITIME PROVINCES.

A communication was read from the Synod of the Maritime Provinces, [illegible] the Rev. Dr. Brooks of Fredericton, N. B., is the representative of the Synod of the Maritime Provinces to the Synod of Ottawa.

Dr. Brooks was then introduced by [illegible] Snodgrass and admitted as a Member of the synod.

NEW MODERATOR.

An overture from the College of Moderators was next presented, recommending the Rev. John Rannie M. A., of Chatham, as Moderator of the New Synod.

The Rev. Robert Campbell of St. Gabriel's Church, Montreal moved the appointment of the Rev. John Rannie of Chatham, Ontario, as the next Moderator of Synod.

The Rev. Andrew Mann of Pakenham, Ontario, seconded the nomination.

The Rev. J. Carmichael of Markham, Ontario, regretted the system of [illegible] Moderators, and thought irrespective of age, or other considerations the best man fitted for the position should be chosen, besides that the choice ought to be made by the whole Synod. He therefore moved in amendment that the Rev. Gavin Lang of Montreal be appointed, Moderator of Synod.

The Rev. D. McGillivray of Brockville said it gave him much pleasure to second the amendment just proposed. He was also opposed to the principle usually followed in electing a Moderator, and thought it should be left entirely to the Synod. An overture in this direction was likely to come in and it would be for the Synod to make a change. He thought Mr. Lang in every way qualified to fill the office, and it would only be paying a graceful compliment to that gentleman's services in connection with the church in the mother country to place him in the Chair of the High Court of the Church.

The Rev. Mr. Lang thanked the gentlemen who had spoken in such courteous terms of himself, but he thought owing to his being but a short time in the country and as service in the old country was not usually recognised, he must again as he did last year decline the nomination.

The Rev. Mr. Morrison thought as Mr. Mann was a member of the College, which nominated the Rev. Mr. Rannie, he should have let some person outside of that body second the resolution. It, however, made but little difference, for he thought Mr. Rannie was well qualified for the office of Moderator. Apart from this he thought as an eastern man had held the office last year, it was but right that a western man should receive the nomination this year.

Principal Snodgrass said that the College of Moderators nominating a man for moderator, did not prevent any member of Synod from moving for the appointment of any one else. The system was adopted to simply give the new officer an idea of his duties and to enable him to prepare himself for the office. It had been said the principle was borrowed from the mother country, but he said [illegible] there any member need not accept the man named by the college of moderators. He thought it, however, unnecessary to discuss this subject at this stage as an overture on the subject would shortly be brought before the Synod.

The Rev. Mr. Carmichael not desiring to force Mr. Lang into a position against his wish, withdrew, with the consent of his seconder, the amendment.

The Rev. J. Rannie, M. A., of Chatham was then declared unanimously elected.

POOR COPY

Moderator of the Synod for the ensuing year.

The new Moderator on taking office regretted that he had not been fortunate enough to be present at any installation to the office to which he had been chosen, for he felt somewhat at a loss in his new position. On coming to Ottawa, however, he had been accosted by his friend Dr. Bell, who accompanied him on the journey, with the remark that he supposed I was investing in some candies which I was purchasing on the train, with a view to prepare my voice for an inaugural address on taking the Moderator's chair to-night. He must say, however that he was totally unprepared in this respect. He would, however, thank the members of the Synod for the great honor done him, in electing him to the highest office in the gift of the Synod. He must say that he felt that he was not possessed of that ability necessary to fill so responsible a position, and he must therefore depend altogether for assistance upon the Synod. There were at this times matters of the highest importance to be brought before them that demanded their most careful consideration, and he trusted their deliberations would be distinguished by the greatest amount of wisdom. He again thanked them for the honor done him in electing him Moderator of the Synod (Cheers.)

The Rev. K. Maclennan, of Peterborough, moved a vote of thanks to the retiring Moderator.

The Rev. Mr. Livingstone, of Pittsburg, seconded the resolution.

The Moderator conveyed to Mr. Patterson the wishes of the Synod.

Mr Patterson briefly acknowledged the compliment.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEES.

The Synod next proceeded to appoint the usual Committees, "In Memoriam," "On Business," "To Draft an Address to the Queen," "To Draft an Address to the Governor General," "To Examine Returns to remit on Union."

TRUSTEES OF QUEEN'S COLLEGE.

On motion of the Rev, Mr. Mann, seconded by Dr. Jenkins, the Rev. Dr. Neil and the Rev. Gavin Lang were reappointed Trustees of Queen's College.

REPORT OF THE TEMPORALITIES BOARD.

Mr. James Croil of Montreal, laid on the table the Report and Financial statements of the Temporalities' Board.

REPLIES TO ADDRESSES.

The following replies to addresses were received from Col. Fletcher, Secretary to the Governor General, and read:—From Earl Kimberly on behalf of Her Majesty the Queen, and from Earl Dufferin, Governor General of Canada, in reply to the addresses sent each last year.

FROM HER MAJESTY.

DOWNING STREET,
3rd October, 1873.

MY LORD,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's despatch (No. 217) of the 10th ult, forwarding an address to Her Most Gracious Majesty from the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland.

I request that you will inform the Synod that their address has been laid before the Queen who was pleased to receive it very graciously.

I have, &c,
(Signed) KIMBERLY.

To the Rt. Hon.
The Earl of DUFFERIN, K.P., K.C.B.

FROM HIS EXCELLENCY.

To the Ministers and Elders of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland:—

It has given me sincere gratification to receive an Address from the members of a church which has done so much to spread the doctrines of religion and the principles of morality throughout the Dominion of Canada. I am deeply convinced that no civilization can be real and no prosperity stable, unless the people are imbued with faith in religion, and with a thorough appreciation of its influence over all the concerns of life.

I shall watch with no common interest the efforts made by the churches of Canada to secure to the population of the vast country now in process of colonization, the blessings of religious teaching, and I feel confident that its humanizing influence will be the means of softening the asperities which too often disfigure society globe removed from the ordinary restraints imposed by civilized life.

In my own name and in that of the Countess of Dufferin, I thank you for the kind expressions which you have employed towards me, and I trust that assisted by the efforts of the various churches and religious denominations in the Dominion, my administration may fulfil the wishes and expectations of those to whom the true prosperity of the country is so anxious a care.

Quebec, Sept. 15 1873.

The Synod then adjourned to meet again to day at 11 o'clock, a. m.

BY TELEGRAPH

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 2

Stocks dull and weak. Montreal 183¼, closing ¼ to ½; Commerce 134¼; City 103; Merchants' ex-div. 116; Royal Canadian 99.

PERTH.

Death of Mr. G. L. Walker, Editor of the Perth "Courier."

PERTH, June 1

Mr G. L. Walker, editor and proprietor of the Courier, died here this morning, of typhoid fever, after four days illness. He had been travelling in connection with his business in Brockville, and it is supposed caught the infection, which proved to be of the most malignant type. He had been for the past twelve years editor of the Courier, which paper he conducted with marked ability, and his death is regarded as a public loss, and has caused a gloom over the community among who he had many warm friends.

QUEBEC.

Miraculous Escape — Accidents — Launch—Collision—Annual Meeting of the Quebec Bank—Collision on the River

QUEBEC June 1.

During the last month 481 patients were gratuitously attended at the dispensary of the Sisters of Charity.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Bank took place to-day. There was a large attendance. The report showed the total profits on the year's business, after deducting charges for management, to have been $234,522; the balance to the profit and loss account is $27,141.50, and there has been added to the rest during the year the sum of $125,000, raising the reserve fund to a total of $400,000, or 14 per cent of the subscribed capital. The following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year:—Messrs. James G Ross, W Withall, N F Belleau, Henry Fry, T H Dunn, R H Smith, and A F A Knight.

The Union and National banks are enlarging and improving their banking houses.

Four ships collided in the river to day, fortunately doing little damage.

On Saturday a servant girl of a family in Bade street, while throwing water from the third story window into the yard, lost her balance and fell headlong to the ground, carrying with her the blinds. She was picked up in a partially insensible condition, and Dr Marsden was called in. With the exception of a bruised face she was uninjured. Her escape is a wonderful one.

Quite an excitement was created in the Upper Town market yesterday at the appearance of an apparently frantic madman held in a waggon by two policemen. He was a French Canadian, who having spent all his money in the vilest of whiskey, was in the worst stage of *delerium tremens*, and had been picked up by the police in this shocking condition. His yells were appalling to hear, and his appearance simply frightly. He was taken to the Central Station, where two men were required to hold him down until a doctor could be sent for.

A letter from St. Raymond, dated the 26th of May, says that five men in the employ of Mr. Hall were drowned while endeavouring to run two rafts down a rapid of the St. Anne River. High wind and water caused the disaster. The names of the drowned men were L. Morasse, Francis Gilbert, Joseph Dion, the son of Camille Gilbert, and Garneau.

A serious accident befel Mr Thomas Burns, Stevedore, last week. He was superintending the moving of the cylinder of the burnt steamboat Mars from one portion of his wharf to another, when the purchase gave way, and the heavy mass fell upon him, fracturing one leg and tearing the flesh from the foot of the other.

Coroner Prendergast held an inquest on Saturday on the body of a boatman named Auguste Trembly, aged 40 years, and belonging to Chateau Richer, who was drowned on Friday night. A verdict of death from drowning.

At 10:30 a.m., on Saturday, as the ship 'Bruce' was towing up to her mooring berth she took a shear and ran into the ship 'Governor Langdon' anchored in the stream striking her amidships, breaking her port bulwarks, staunchions, &c. She also broke her own jib-boom, bowsprit, cut water, and all attached. The 'Bruce' was afterwards towed up to the Queen's wharf and moored.

Capt. Mitchell of the steamship 'Ariel' at this port, on Saturday, reports having left Natashquan on May 26th; had a strong gale of east wind on the 27th at Esquimaux Point; Wednesday fresh west wind; passed about 30 vessels below Point des Monts, and about 50 from that to Crane Island; had light east wind from the 28th; passed ship Anstruther from London at St. Thomas

On Saturday morning E. W. Sewell launched from his shipyard a very fine spruce ship of 1,100 tons. She was built under the inspection of Lloyd's surveyor, and the surveyor for the Bureau Veritas, to class A 1 for eight years. She is the first spruce ship ever built at Quebec.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

The withdrawal of the Cunard Line from Boston.

LONDON, June 2.—The *Times* contradicts reports of the complete withdrawal of the Cunard Steamers from Boston because of scarcity of freight and states that the only change to be made is that some of the steamers which go to Boston, will return by way of New York. The National Line will establish a weekly service to Boston on a similar plan.

The Epsom Races.

LONDON, June 2.—The Epsom Summer meeting began to day. The Derby Stakes to-morrow. Thus far Lord Falmouth's *Ch. C. Atlantic*, is the favorite for the Derby; but to-day betting turned in favor of Sir Tatton Syke's *Br. C. Couronne De Fer*.

Adjournment for the Races.

Parliament has decided to adjourn over Derby Day. Disraeli moved to that effect in the House of Commons.

FRANCE.

Vote on the Municipal Bill—A Dissolution expected.

VERSAILLES, June 2.—The vote in the Assembly last night passing the second reading of the Municipal Bill, was 394 to 298 There was considerable anxiety in the Chamber during the vote, as it is well understood that an adverse vote will precipitate a dissolution of Assembly.

UNITED STATES.

Opposed to the Landing of a New Cable.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The *Herald* says it is reported from Washington that Secretary Fish will interfere to prevent the landing on the Atlantic Coast of the new Cable and asks in whose interest.

The Communist Rochefort.

The Communist Rochefort dined with Mr. Pelletier last evening, and received four members of French Societies, but declined attending any of their meetings, or take any action in politics at present. He will lecture here Friday p.m. and sail for Europe next week.

Antarctic Explorations,

NEW YORK, June 2.—A letter from Lt. Hynes, of the British Party Explorers that were on the British ship Challenger, to Dr. Hayes of this city, states that the 'Challenger' in its researches in the Antarctic Ocean failed to discover the so called Antarctic continent said to have been discovered by Wilkes' American Exploring Expedition some years ago.

The South Pole almost reached.

The 'Challenger' went within 1 400 miles of the South Pole, and 120 miles further south than Wilkes went.

A Woman Attacks her Husband and then Knocks the Brains out of her three Children.

Mrs. Michael Devine, living with her husband and her three children on 35 North Eight Street, Brooklyn, early this morning, came behind her husband and struck him a violent blow on the head with a cooper's adze. He rushed to the station house and the officers immediately started for the house. On arriving they discovered the woman had murdered her three children aged 7, 4 and 2 years. She had beat the children's brains out with a large flat iron. On being asked why she killed them, said she was going to heaven and wanted her children to go before her. The husband's wounds will probably prove fatal. He has been on strike for the past week and he thinks that has led to his wife's derangement. She seems undoubtedly hopelessly insane and has been taken to the station house under close guardianship. The blood of her little children was all over her clothing and face and the floor of their room.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

House of Commons—The Washington Treaty.

LONDON, June 2 —Mr. George Anderson, member for Glasgow, called attention to the losses of British subjects through the escape of the Alabama and other causes. He complained of the high-handed manner in which the late Government had prevented the timely criticism of the Treaty of Washington. There were three classes of British subjects who deserved compensation.

1st. Residents in the Southern Confederacy who lost their property through inability of the United States to inforce the laws.

2nd. Those whose property was destroyed after Lee's surrender.

3 d. Owners of goods on board prizes of Confederate cruisers, and he believed the United States was willing to recognize these claims.

Mr. Anderson then moved, in opinion of this House, it is wrong that individuals should suffer severe loss through national wrong doing, that as England has been adjudicated at fault in permitting the Alabama, and has compensated Americans for losses incurred thereby, similiar compensation is due to British sufferers from the same cause.

Mr Burke, Under Secretary for the Foreign Department replying, declined to enter upon a discussion of the merits of the Treaty of Washington. The Joint High Commission had decided that the United States Government was not responsible for the acts of the rebels, as that Government had agreed to appoint a commission to examine claims for losses arising after Lee's surrender. He hoped the subject before the house would not be pressed.

The motion was then negatived.

FRANCE.

The Election Bill—Gambetta's Speech

PARIS, June 2—In the Assembly to-day the general election bill was taken up, and a stormy debate followed.

Mr. Brisson, Radical, in the course of a bitter speech taunted the Bonapartists with leaving France.

A scene of wild excitement ensued, and at one time some of the Deputies almost came to blows.

Gambetta delivered a speech at Uxerre to-day; he made a comprehensive statement of the position of the Republican party, and declared that the progress it had made was owing to its admirable organization, and he predicted that the final struggle would be between the Republicans and Bonapartists. He severely denounced the conduct of the Bonapartists, and concluded with an earnest and eloquent appeal to the Liberals to unite on a work of consolidating the Republic.

Gambetta's audience numbered about 500, and included many members of the Assembly and several Mayors who were dismissed by the late Government.

General E Spain,

It is reported in Paris on good authority that Marshall Serrano will soon order a general election in Spain, and if monarchists are in majority he will propose the enthronement of the Prince of Asturias, under his own regency.

UNITED STATES.

The Reciprocity Treaty,

WASHINGTON, June 2—Gen. Wm, Wells Collector of Customs at Burlington, New York, and deputy Mr. Arthur have effected a change in customs regulations of Treasury Department, governing trade between Canada and the United States, so that Canadian merchandise may be entered under a combined entry at Island Pond for exportation by way of either Portland or Boston. Other important changes have also been effected relative to the entry of merchandise at the frontier for consumption, tending to make Island Pond on the Grand Trunk Railroad of more importance than heretofore.

A Chapter of Murderers.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Dr. Uhling and two others, charged with loading a coffin with bricks to personate the body of Miss Herms, to defraud a life insurance company, were to-day remanded for trial.

John Gilney, for the murder of Policeman Given, was to-day sentenced to two years in prison.

Mrs. Dewitte, not Devine, who murdered her children to-day, was recently the inmate of a lunatic asylum.

Penitentiary Mutiny.

ST. LOUIS, June 2.—The convicts in the Jefferson City Penitentiary mutinied yesterday on account of bad grub. The convicts began a second revolt whereupon an armed company of citizens filed into the yard, and by threatening to fire on them suppressed the revolt.

DIED.

In this city on the 1st inst., Harry Robinson, youngest son of W. H. Walker, Esq., Barrister, aged 11 months and 25 days.

The funeral will take place on Thursday next, at 3 o'clock p.m., from his father's residence, corner of Stewart and Gloucester streets, to the place of interment, Beechwood Cemetery.

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitalizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1 00.

Pain Killer
The Great
Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Price 25cts per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
May 18, 1874.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.

Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.

A. R. GILES,
Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.
Made and for sale at Eight Dollars.
June 3, 1874. 2565-y

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2581.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000
In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE,
$10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 } EACH IN
Five Prizes $500 }
Ten Prizes $100 } Greenbacks,

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two Fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1 00 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

BOOKS!
Books, Books!
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices,
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 7, 1874.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard,

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

J. METCALFE

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874.

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venosti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennetts & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874. 5151y

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,

Main-St.,

HULL, P. Q.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

NEW CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—25 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

30 SPARKS-ST.

STICKNEY & SONS'

WORLD'S CIRCUS!

S. P. STICKNEY & SONS, . . Proprietors.

WILL EXHIBIT IN

OTTAWA

—ON—

LOT ON OTTAWA STREET,

—ON—

Wednesday AND Thursday

June 3rd and 4th.

Two Grand Performances Daily.

Afternoon at 2 o'clock. Evening at 8.

Doors open one hour previous.

Mr. STICKNEY most respectfully calls the attention of the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity to the fact that this Circus is organized, equipped and furnished in Montreal, for the express purpose of travelling in the Canadas, and every attention has been given to procuring the very best Artistes in the Profession, and with the intention of making

STICKNEYS' WORLD CIRCUS

Second to none. Every effort will be made to please and amuse. While making no show of waggons and used-up horses, our performances will be the very best in the country, rendered by the ladies and gentlemen, the best in the profession.

An Array of Talent Wholly Unequalled in the Country!

Every Act New! Every Act Good!

Go early and see the grand entree.

The best Clown the best Riders, the handsomest Ladies, in fact the best Circus ever in Canada.

PROFF. E. PERRY, . . Leader of Band.

Admission 50c. Children under 12 years 25c.

May 24, 1874. 2590-6in

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of E. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

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By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2,000 yards	10cts	now	11½
2,500 "	20	"	14½
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	23½
2,085 "	38	"	28½
2,275 "	40	"	31
3,0,0 "	50	"	38½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90	now	$0 78
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,300 "	1 40	"	1 25
1,675 "	1 55	"	1 28½
550 "	1 75	"	1 40½
300 "	2 00	"	1 47½
400 "	3 00	"	2 30

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

Splendid Assortment	17cts.	now	14
	20	"	16
Plain Black and Coloured	25	"	18½
	30	"	22
	35	"	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	12cts.	now	9½
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,025 "	15	"	12½
2,150 "	18	"	15
2,155 "	20	"	16

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons.	10cts.	now	7½
	13	"	10½
	15	"	12½
	17	"	14½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
	8 50	"	7 25
Polonaises	9 50	"	8 00
	13 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

White and	15c.	now	12c.
	20	"	15½
Coloured	25	"	19
	30	"	22
Cotton	35	"	28½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batistes and Lawns.

8,000 yards.	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White Trielis and Satins.	20cts	now	16½
Stripe	25	"	[illegible]
Muslins	30	"	[illegible]
4,000 yards	35	"	[illegible]

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	16
Splendid	25	"	[illegible]
Assortment	30	"	[illegible]
	35	"	[illegible]
	45	"	[illegible]

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16½
475 "	25	"	19½
350 "	30 and 35	"	[illegible]

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60	now	$3 75
	8 75	"	6 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	8 00	"	6 00
	13 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 60	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 15	1 60

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,

30 SPARKS-ST.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874.

Slaughter! Slaughter.

SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,101.29, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st AND Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

W. E. BROWN.

April 16, 1874.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds		82½c
15 " Fine Scotch	do	$1.10
80 " Fancy Coburg		2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.		
200 Men's Shooting Coats		3.50
150 " Sac Coats		2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.		

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 28, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2nd DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874.

BOARD.

MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.

May 4, 1874.

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS

Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

LOST.

A DELIVERY BOOK lost on Wellington St., yesterday, going towards Hull. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the TIMES office, or returning it to the owner, whose name appears in it.

Ottawa, May 28, 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between us, the undersigned, Robert Moore, John Moore and Nelson Moore, as dealers in Hardware, Stoves, and manufacturers of Tinware, at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, under the name, style and firm of "Moore Bros.," was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said Nelson Moore, who has retired from the concern; and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said Robert Moore and John Moore, who will continue the said business under the same name and style.

As witness our hands, this fifth day of May, A.D., 1874.

ROBERT MOORE,
JOHN MOORE,
NELSON MOORE.

Witness—F. PERRAULT, Jr.

SEA-SIDE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Sale of a Most Valuable Property at Riviere du Loup, En Bas.

ONE OF THE MOST POPULAR AND ATTRACTIVE SEA BATHING PLACES ON THE LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

The undersigned Notary Public is authorized to sell by Public Auction at his Office, No. 28, St. PETER Street, Lower Town of Quebec, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of JUNE next, at ONE o'clock in the afternoon, a certain Lot of Ground, situate in the village of Riviere du Loup, en bas, containing Ninety-seven feet in front by One Hundred and Eighty-Five feet in depth, together with a Two-Storied Wooden House and other buildings thereon erected.

The above property is well deserving the attention of intending purchasers, from its eligible situation and the fine view it commands of the River St. Lawrence.

S. I. GLACKMEYER, N. P.

Quebec, May 18, 1874.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS.

At W. YOUNG'S,

32 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no sale.
March 18, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West, and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

Steamer *Peerless* leaves at 7 a.m.
Steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD............112¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 3.

GRAIN.	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 00 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 00
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 10
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chesnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg, do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 07 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 13 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 2 —Receipts of hogs, 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1.18½ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64½c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 52c to 62½c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46½c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91½c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8½c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4½c, Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 2. Cotton, dull at 18¾ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged.

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17 05.

Lard, 15 1 6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c. for State and new.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes "send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, "I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.Q., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We fi[illegible] to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once,

J. METCALFE.
2577

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women **Business That Will Pay** from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St., Boston, M

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B.—A beautiful assortment of Infant Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 2557-3m

STANDARD
AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated "*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*" of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847.

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA

Arrival and Departure of Mails

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Ottawa, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich.; British Columbia and Vancouver Island Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith's Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 5 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9.00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa,
May 25th, 1874.

NEW

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO.

Ottawa, March 2 1872. 2165

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees [well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871] take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2519y

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS. A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift, $100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
5 " " each, 50,000	200 " "	500
12 " " 25,000	200 " "	200
20 " " 5,000	550 " "	100
400 Gold Watches		$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines		60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos		250 to 700
Melodeons		50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000.

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

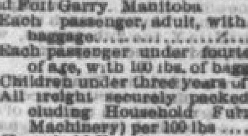
REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5, 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.

April 29, 1874. 2560-2m



MANITOBA AND NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

On and after the 5th JUNE next, the following rates will be charged for passengers and freight between Prince Arthur's Landing, Thunder Bay and Fort Garry, Manitoba:

Each passenger, adult, with 200 lbs. of baggage.......$10.00
Each passenger under fourteen years of age, with 100 lbs. of baggage.......$5.00
Children under three years of age.......Free.
All freight securely packed (not including Household Furniture or Machinery) per 100 lbs.......$2.00
Household Furniture (at owner's risk), per 100 lbs.......$3.00

All Machinery, special rates.

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, &c., at special rates.

No Wines or Spirituous Liquors will be carried over any part of the route.

Through Tickets from Thunder Bay to Fort Garry can be had at the office of the Contractors, W. H. Carpenter & Co., Thunder Bay.

By direction,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 18th May, 1874. 2578-12in&wk

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 20th, 1874. 2579-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased the Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Copartnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Grant, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned.

W. A. ARMSTRONG.

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.

Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 2[illegible] 3-6m

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland

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Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors. **A New Glee Book For Temperance Use.** Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

Address,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method	Price, 2 50
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The Best Guitar Instructor: Worrall's Guitar	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices: Sangerfest	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices: Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home: The Cluster	Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book: Fairy Echoes	Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by

J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. The singing-class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work. **A New Music Book For Public Schools.** SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.

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To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

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Manufactory and City House—58 and 60, Ludgate Hill.

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MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

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Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
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English Ormolu Clocks designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court and other distinguished personages.

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Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure so materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No [illegible] is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

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Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

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And all the London Wholesale Houses.

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MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO

Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the

LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant, accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
April 20 1874. 88 A[illegible]-st., New York City

DATURA TATULA.

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastilles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

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Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

"Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

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COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12in

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Hope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address the HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street west Toronto Ontario.

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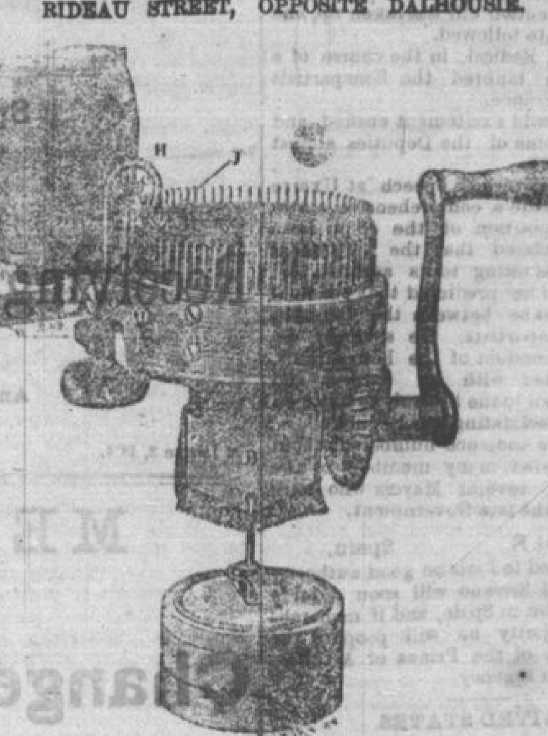
The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 stitches a Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

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Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau st., opposite Dalhousie,
Ottawa, Oct 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING

ROOMS,

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RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Cumbings, with the roots all one way, and can now make up the tangled saving of the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

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Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts. San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts. N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

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Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
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March 24, 1874. 2535y

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Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to. Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

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Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
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JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Marches, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for Violin with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers," containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

C[illegible] to attract general attention as one of the [illegible] SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred.

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OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

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1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS.

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shlf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place—the sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

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PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,
Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Phillion & Lefebvre
Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

THOS. S. SARNEY,

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For Inventors and parties requiring experimental work done, T. S. S. has fitted up a strictly private work-shop, replete with best tools and machinery. His personal attention given to work of this kind.

Orders or enquiries at

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April 8, 1874. 2588-1f

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Mills' Supply Agency,

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CALDWELL & CO. - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874.

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SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

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Elgin-St.: Opposite the Post Office

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A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A

GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, by private contract, Lot No 66, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE,

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a COMFORTABLE DWELLING 22x22, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17, Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold. Apply to A. BOWE, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, March 17th, 1874 2[illegible]

THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And accelleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	5.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.30 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	2.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 2. Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

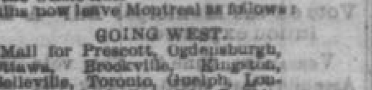
10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at....... 9.00 a.m.
Night Express....... 8.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations....... 6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations....... 5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday....... 1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations....... 6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations....... 2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at....... 5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at....... 10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe....... 11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at....... 8.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at....... 3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N. B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. | A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874. 2499y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 38 Sparks Street.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do., Felt Boots—wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
No. 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOF CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CAPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 8 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. [illegible]

Caution,

GENUINE PANCREATINE
PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis or Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength. Messrs SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them [illegible] forth as possessing the same properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the Genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE."

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an Ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, besides being rich in Pancreatic juice, has the delicate smooth appearance and consistency of fresh cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada,
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 38[illegible] Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., 15[illegible] King Street, Toronto
February 28th, 1873. 2[illegible]

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE

Bright!
Cheerful!
Earnest! and
Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

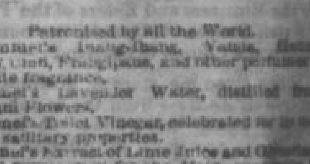
Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber [illegible] choice [illegible] of the following large and elegant Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London,

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace," "[illegible]ood Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles." Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to J. W. JONES, [illegible], Ont., Sole General Agent

Nov [illegible]



RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihlang-Ihlang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

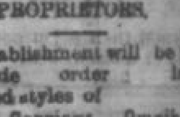
Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 9 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh

FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1931y

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS.

in a variety unsurpassed by any other in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE.

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our stock of Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug 5, 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon [illegible], the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, wishes to give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between 2 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's Cottage, [illegible] Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872. 2031

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre) Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2586 — OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.
A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS.
SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 2, 1873. 2176-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the Times office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 8, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, North side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.
Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 21 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2023y

DR. BURROWS,
C. M. L. C. P. S. L. C., M. C. P. S. O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 29, 1874. 2598-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—On Sparks-st., a few doors East of O'Connor-st., opposite Henry & Robinson's New Block.
March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 3, 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM.
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 5, '87. 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 4, 1874. 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
S. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 11 St. James-st. MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2382-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, JR.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
26 Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 6, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
OFFICE—No. 3 Ball's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 426-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
OFFICE:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines.
Call, or address,
GEO. DAWSON,
66 Sparks-st., Ottawa
May 13, 1874. 2567-3m

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	May	2
From Quebec:		
SARMATIAN	"	9
CIRCASSIAN	"	16
PRUSSIAN	"	23
HIBERNIAN	"	30

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage........................$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 5th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
1874 1874

TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, DELTA.
The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from
LONDON
For Quebec and Montreal
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,
(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from
QUEBEC FOR LONDON
ABOUT 7th MAY.
Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billiter st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
April 14, 1874. 2543.

Opening of Navigation.
Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "
WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554

ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mullican
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Baily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted] at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2.30 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2581

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers,
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonell
" PRINCESS............ P. McGowan
DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.
UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a.m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess", for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
31 and 33 SPARKS ST.
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

Tailoring Department.
RUSSELL & WATSON,
A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS
—COMPRISING—
TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable prices.

WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also a large Stock of [illegible]
We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
RUSSELL & WATSON
May 2, 1874.

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
1874. 2484

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo.......75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner.......60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold.......$1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
139 SPARKS-ST

ANCHOR LINE,
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast;
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

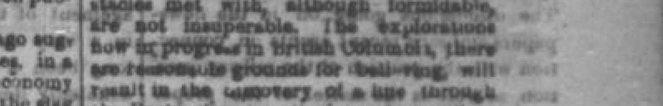
GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles, illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL AND WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT.
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873.

Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa, Sept. 12, 1873.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchical and Throat Affections. Price 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal. 2430-ly

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
45 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874.

LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes, or travelling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash Wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send at once. Claremont, Daniels & Co., 239 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

AUCTION! AUCTION!
The Subscriber is instructed to sell without any reserve, outside his salesroom Elgin street, at twelve o'clock on Saturday next, one double seated buggy, nearly new, set of single harness very little used, Gent's saddle and bridle, used only once, one side saddle, one very fine canoe and about three dozen oars and paddles, several oat rudders, half dozen cushioned seats and cushioned backs for boats, of all dimensions. One very fine breech-loading rifle, capable of discharging sixteen rounds per minute together with five hundred of ball cartridge. At seven thirty, same evening, will be sold by auction at sale room, a second consignment of children's carriages, about two dozen very fine Art Union engravings in handsome gold frames, one hundred toilet sets in all colors, several cricket bats, ten dozen glass goblets and tumblers, ten dozen port and sherry glasses, two counter glass cases, window hangings, window cornices, vases, lamps, &c., &c., as well as various other articles that cannot be enumerated. Sale of Dry Goods every evening, commencing Monday evening, June 1st, at 7.30.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
May 29th, 1874.

TO BE SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE.
Forty five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cummings' Bridge, the city limits, being West half East half Lot No. 11.
The situation is excellent, and the land very fine.
To speculators this will prove an excellent investment. Terms easy. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM.
That most valuable and centrally situated property, Lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, and directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with the Buildings and Stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four Lots, twenty-four feet nine inches each.
Apply before sixth of June for a special bargain; after that date a higher price will be put on the property.
All information to be given on application to
J. BERMINGHAM.
Ottawa, May 28, 1874.

FOR SALE.
To be sold at a low price, and on easy terms of payment, a handsome BRICK RESIDENCE, situate near the Mussmore Racing Park, just off the Bank Street Road, and having about one acre of land attached thereto. The House is 3x41, one and a half stories high, and contains eight rooms—four above and four below stairs—with a cellar the full size of the House having a wall from two and a half to three feet thick. There are also excellent out-houses and every accommodation requisite for a comfortable rural residence. This will be found an excellent opportunity for persons of limited means who desire to secure a pleasant residence within a convenient distance of the City. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

EXTENSIVE CONSIGNMENT
OF
DRY GOODS,
For a few days
AT PRIVATE SALE.
The Subscriber has received from Messrs. Benning and Barsalou, the largest Wholesale Importers and Auctioneers in Montreal, a large quantity of New Dry Goods, direct from England, which will be offered this month, at private sale, far below any wholesale prices in the country. They are desirous of establishing an Agency in this City, and for that purpose have consigned to me the following goods for immediate sale. Bleached and Half Bleached Damask Linen and Twilled Sheeting, Damask Napkins, Star Linen, Blue Lustre, Marseilles Quilts, Cotton Curtains, Bathing Towels, White Brilliant Shawls in Variety, Bed Ticking, Striped Dress Goods, Cheap Dress Goods, Newest Colors in Dress Goods, New Striped Marseilles, New Prints, Gent's Waterproof Overcoats, 500 pairs of Fine White Blankets, selling for $2 per pair worth $4; 500 pairs Excellent Grey Blankets for Shanty or Rafting purposes, selling for $2 per pair, well worth $3.
All to be sold at Private Sale, call and get Share of the Bargains, at the Sale Room of the subscriber Elgin Street.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa May 12th, 1874. 2567

PLANTS!
Plants, Plants,
10,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.
ALSO:
A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, Plants consisting of:—
Verbenias.
Petunias.
Asters.
Stocks.
Balsams.
Ev rlasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c., &c.
For sale at reasonable prices at
ANDREW HICKEY'S,
Bank Street Road,
adjoining Rideau Canal.
2565-1m

NEW
GOODS
Suitable for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English
Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.
And English and French
PERFUMERY
From the best makers; also
DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's
PERFUME CASES,
SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES,
IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS,
TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.
And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.
A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

NOTICE.
Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.
PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.
CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.
GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.
Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.
THOMAS MORSON, & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and shipping orders executed with care and despatch.

Easter Beef
AT
C. KENNEDY'S,
WELLINGTON-ST.,
Opposite Bank of B. N. A.
April 2, 1874.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME
$50 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coming money. Full instructions and samples that retail for $5 mailed free. Address
G. J. STANTON, Newark, N. J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH!
Advocates a "higher type of manhood—physical, intellectual and moral." Just what you need. "We like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.
$2 a year, with premium; $1.50 without.
J. AUCKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.
May 7, 1874. 256-1m

L. D. SINE'S
GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$100,000
In Valuable Gifts,
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th S. mi-Annual
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE,
$10,000 IN GOLD!
One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!
Five Prizes $1,000 } EACH } Greenbacks.
Five Prizes $500 }
Ten Prizes $100 }
Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each! 1500 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2551 d&w

BOOKS!
Books! Books!
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices,
AT E. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 1, 1874.

NOTICE
All parties indebted
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 28, 1874.

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS.
Attractive, Useful and very Popular!
CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS
For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.
River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.
Cantata of Esther, Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.
Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes. 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.
River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.
Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book, 75c.
River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.
Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass.
Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of E. W. Pearse, Esq., C. E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stock, to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stock, to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the contract.
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F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

WISCONSIN AND MINNESOTA COLONY.

First Detachment Arrived—Plans and Prospects of the Colonists—The Projected Town of Emerson.

From time to time we have kept our readers informed of the movements of United States citizens at Redville, Wisconsin; Red Wing, Minnesota, and other places who had resolved on emigrating to Manitoba in a body, and settling here under the name of the Wisconsin and Minnesota Colony. We are glad to state that the first detachment of the party arrived by the International, on the 21st, and were landed at their destination, which is on the east side of Red River, near Dufferin, and immediately northeast of some of the Menonite Townships. Our readers are aware that the projectors of this colony, Mr. W. N. Fairbanks and Mr. Carney, explored this Province some time ago and, having had a recent interview with Mr. Fairbanks, we are enabled to supply additional and interesting particulars concerning this important movement. Having on their tour of exploration last year, examined the country to their satisfaction, they came to the conclusion that the southern section, adjoining the Boundry Line, was the most desirable; and then, having communicated with the Dominion authorities, they received a grant of four townships in that vicinity,—viz., townships one and two in ranges three and four east. The land thus set apart is a total of about 80,000 acres, and is, in fact, land opened for homestead, or pre-emption entries of such persons as may be approved of by the Managers of the Colony,—all the entries made being subject to the regulations of the Dominion Land Act. The reservation is for one year, and is made with the understanding that one hundred families are to take up locations in the Colony during that time.

The soil of this reservation is, like the greater part of the Red River Valley, a rich black loam, lighter in some sections, we believe, than is to be found in other districts of the Province. The country, generally, is pretty well watered by the Roseau River and the streams which empty into it. And good spring water will, no doubt, be had in abundance, as it is found in adjoining localities at a depth of eight or nine feet.

For timber supplies the Pembina River will, we imagine, be the main dependence.

The probable strength of the colony for the first year, it is difficult to forecast, the managers have circulated in the United States a great deal of information concerning this project; and have had extensive correspondence with persons in several of the States, who were desirous of information as to the movement. The result so far has been the registration of 140 heads of families as members of the colony. But it may be supposed that, as is commonly the case, some may back out at the last moment; and allowance being made for defections from various causes, it is still estimated that at least seventy families will come on this year. In counting on this number the managers, it will be observed, have made a most liberal discount. The colonists will not be exclusively farmers; but most of the mechanics joining it intend, we believe, combining farming with their business. A carpenter, say, builds a house for a person who has a breaking team, and takes out part or all of his pay for building in having his land broken up. Out of the 140 registered, all are citizens of the United States—only some ten or twelve families having ever seen Canada at any time.

This colonising experiment will attract a good deal of interest on all sides, and should affairs proceed prosperously and harmoniously for a year or two, and the location prove to be all that was expected, —their ranks will, in all likelihood, receive large accessions, and the town of Emerson and adjoining townships will become among the most important in the Province. A number of men of means are, we learn, watching the upshot of this scheme with the intention of "taking a hand in," should it be successful.

An Important Application of Agricultural Science.

A new and most important application of a waste product, in the practical processes of agricultural chemistry, has been recently proposed by a foreign engineer. In the manufacturing and coal consuming districts of Great Britain the enormous profits derivable from the utilization of slag, coal ashes and the refuse of minerals after passing through the furnace, have been within a few years much discussed. The so-called "volcanic stone," manufactured from slag and hydraulic lime, has been demonstrated to be one of the cheapest and most durable building materials. But now the far more economic and valuable use of the same waste matter for enriching the soil has been pressed upon public attention.

The great chemist, Liebig, long ago suggested the important part silicates, in a soluble form would play in the economy of plants, and since Kohlmann has, in all the slag produces. Lands otherwise highly improved and fertilized, but lacking in the one ingredient of soluble silica, may produce fine crops of wheat, but the straw is found to be too weak to sustain the ears, and whole fields of grain are thus easily prostrated by the summer storms. The free use of disintegrated slag, which supplies silica to the straw and hardens and strengthens it, enables the golden harvest to resist the tempest. It has been observed that in the midst of fields in which the grain has generally succumbed to the blast patches in which the ground had been fertilized with the silicious refuse of brick burning stood erect with their well filled ears. In the wide wind-swept prairies of the West, whose wheat harvests are the main supply of food for many millions besides their home consumer, the application of this discovery may prove of the greatest benefit and largely add to the total annual yield of the grain growing states. The process of disintegrating the slag, so as to render it soluble by running it into water while in a fluid state, appears to be inexpensive. And as the porous soluble fertilizer that results is rich in lime, a double purpose is served, which justify considerable expenditure in preparing it for the agricultural market. The utility of this important chemical compound will probably be felt in the sugar-cane regions, where silicious fertilizers are in so great demand, and where it is often necessary to burn the standing stripped cane for the sake of restoring vigor to the exhausted soil.

Science has a greater work to do in transmuting the waste and refuse materials, elements of pollution, into sources of economy and wealth. The utilization of sewage of our great cities, for agricultural ends, has virtually been a demonstrated success. We doubt not the same success, by patient experiment, is obtainable in the case of many other waste products, which, in ignorance of their value, we suffer to defile our streets, pollute our rivers and taint the air we breathe.—*N. Y. Herald.*

LITTLE BUSINESS.—The steam which raised the lid off the kettle led a philosophic mind to utilize it for man's benefit. No one dreamed that we should now be dragged along by it at the rate of 60 miles an hour. When Perry Davis made a preparation for the medicinal use of his family, thirty years ago, neither he nor any man imagine that it would now be sold in every land, and prove to be the Pain Killer of the world. 2583

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar 24 Sparks street. 2575

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

After the Resignation.

The following record of events after the defeat and resignation of the De Broglie Ministry is from the Paris correspondence of the London papers:—

In consequence of a statement in some of the Bonapartist papers to the effect that, after the defeat of the Government, the heads of the three divisions of the Left—namely Left Centre, Republican Left and Republican Union—had requested an interview with M. Rouher, the presidents of "those" three parties have thought it advisable to publish an explicit and positive denial that any thing of the kind had occurred. On the day after the overthrow of the Cabinet it was announced by an authoritative organ that the Duc de Broglie, when consulted by the Marshal as to the course he should adopt in consequence of his resignation, advised the Chief of the Executive to send for the leaders of the Left Centre and Moderate Left, those two groups combined constituting the most numerous and compact section of the majority which had just turned out the Government. This advice was proper and constitutional, but it was unlikely to be accepted, because it led the Marshal further towards the Left than he was willing to go. Moreover, some of the Duc de Broglie's colleagues were there to neutralize his advice. M. de Lurcy opposed it. According to a Legitimist journal likely to be well informed, he strove with all his might against the idea of entrusting to M. de Goulard the formation of a Cabinet, "and thereby," says the journal in question, "did the Conservatives the last service which it was in the power of our royal friends in the Ministry to render." The divisions in the Assembly have been the stumbling block of the De Broglie Cabinet, as they were of the Government which preceded it, and as they must be of the one that comes after it. Great trust is placed by all who dread a disturbance of order, in Marshal MacMahon, and in his personal influence with the army, which people rejoice in it without any drawback, because they know he is not the man to make a coup d'etat. Dissolution may come like a thief in the night, and surprise it when least expected, but however much it may rely on its own sovereignty the Assembly will see how little it and that conventional sovereignty is to resist the unanimous instinct and injunction of France and of the whole political world. That dissolution between different character according to the point of view from which it is considered, from the Right or from the Left. If the Assembly were surprised by dissolution in the present state of affairs, if new elections were made under the existing law, the Republicans of all shades would be in a majority in the future Chamber against the other united sections. Bonapartism would be represented in it by a considerable minority, and the Orleanists and Legitimists together, would constitute an insufficient weight to incline the balance towards the Right. If such an assembly were constituent or sovereign, the conflict between it and the Septennial power would define itself immediately, giving the Assembly an immense advantage of legality, as it would be the sovereign maker or promoter of laws. That prospect exasperates the whole of the Right, which appreciates all the consequences of an unexpected dissolution, to which nevertheless, in spite of a clear perception of the situation an important fraction of it has not hesitated to expose itself. Political affairs at the present time in France have this peculiarity, that they cannot be discussed without being explained, and that during the explanation they have already changed. The Marquis d'Harcourt, French Ambassador in Vienna, has arrived at Versailles, and has had several interviews with the Marshal. Just as eels get used to skinning people in Paris at least get used to chaos. The long continuance of the Ministerial crisis has no perceptible effect on the outward life of Paris. Jokes are exchanged about the inability of the Marshal to get a Ministry formed. At the Chamber at Versailles, on the Boulevards in Paris, people, instead of exchanging the usual common-place remarks about the weather, ask each other if they do not happen to have found a ministry. The Bourse keeps up with wonderful steadiness; the Assembly goes on discussing a bill about the employment of children of tender years in manufactories with as much composure as though France were not on the verge of a crisis as momentous as any that has occurred in her chequered history of the last eighty years.

Sandford Fleming's Report.

I. Though the explorations in connection with the Rocky Mountain Zone are not yet completed, sufficient information has been obtained to make it certain that there are several routes on which the obstacles met with, although formidable, are not insuperable. The explorations now in progress in British Columbia, there are reasonable grounds for believing, will result in the discovery of a line through the Rocky Mountain Region, which will be more eligible than any yet surveyed.

II. It is now "established beyond doubt" that a favorable and comparatively easy route, considering the line as a whole, has been found along the Eastern Section, that is to say, from Ottawa to Lake Superior.

III. It will be possible to locate the line direct from the northerly side of Lake Superior to the Prairie Region without unusually expensive works of construction, at the same time with remarkably light gradients in the direction of the heavy traffic.

IV. The main line to Manitoba from the eastern terminus can be located in such a way as to render unnecessary the construction of a branch to reach the navigable waters of Lake Superior.

V. There will be no difficulty whatever in finding a comparatively easy route across the Prairie Region; the bridging of the large rivers, with proper care in location, will form no large portion of the cost of the entire line.

VI. The lakes and rivers of the Prairie Region, Mr. Fleming says: "may be advantageously used in the introduction of settlers and in the construction of the railway"—a pretty definite way, we take it, of condemning Mr. Mackenzie's scheme of a joint rail and water route for permanent use.

VII. As regards the working of the railway in winter the chief difficulties would be found on the western slopes of the mountain ranges of British Columbia; but, except in these localities, the Canadian Pacific Railway will have, on an average, considerably less snow than existing railways have to contend with.

VIII. That the practicability of establishing railway communication across the continent wholly within the limits of the Dominion is no longer a matter of doubt. It may indeed be now accepted as a certainty that a route has been found, generally possessing favorable engineering features, with the exception of a short section approaching the Pacific coast; which route, taking its entire length, including the exceptional section alluded to, will, on the average, show lighter work and will require less costly structures than have been necessary on many of the railways now in operation in the Dominion.—*Mail.*

ROY'S CLOTHING.—Mr. T. Lawrence desires to intimate to his customers and the public generally, that he has just received in connection with his Tailoring Establishment at the Sparks street, a large and beautiful assortment of Roy's Clothing. The entire stock is to be disposed of cheap for cash. Give Mr. Lawrence a call at once if you desire to secure a good bargain. 2582

SPRING

IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

—AT—

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Are receiving daily shipments of all the delicacies of the season.

Choice Blackwell's English List for 1874 is complete in every shape.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED

STILTON CHEESE.

DAVIS' CELEBRATED

HAMS AND BACON

Are worthy of public attention.

OUR SIMCOE RYE

We can recommend as being a genuine article.

I CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
88 Sparks-St.

May 14th, 1874.

THE

NOTMAN STUDIO

OTTAWA.

Mr. TOPLEY has recently been honored with a sitting from

Her Excellency the Countess of Dufferin.

Specially approved portraits may be obtained at the Studio.

Ottawa, May 28th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Flowers—Forfar's.
Evening of Sacred Song—Phillip Phillips.
Photographic Gallery—Jarvis & Arless.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1874.

It is understood that Militia General Orders, now being issued, provide for the holding this year of Brigade Camps in the several military districts. The force to be called out for drill will be thirty thousand, and the first camp will be formed on the 18th of the current month. The period of drill has been fixed at twelve days; and the allowance sixty cents per day.

There is a strong desire on the part of a respectable portion of our citizens to have the name "Notre Dame" substituted for that of "Gloucester" street, in compliment to the friends and managers of the handsome educational institution there built. There can be no objection on the score of euphony, while there is the example of Montreal and Quebec to plead in support of the change, each city having a street called by that name. It is to be hoped this suggestion will receive at least consideration.

The New York *Herald* says: "It is reported from Washington, 'on good authority,' that Secretary Fish will interfere to prevent the landing on our Atlantic coast of the new telegraph cable, in whose interest?" We should reply to our contemporary—in the interest of the present Anglo-American Atlantic Cable Monopoly so effectively assailed lately by the Dominion Act, designed to terminate its exclusive privileges as far as this country is concerned. We may add that the Act has given great satisfaction in Newfoundland, whose people have had a good opportunity of noticing the evil working of this arrogant combination.

MR. EDGAR'S MISSION TO BRITISH COLUMBIA.

We notice in our exchange from British Columbia, received yesterday, bearing dates down to 23rd May, that the leading topic of discussion in that Province continues to be the Canadian Pacific Railway. As in other parts of the world, men differ there, touching the best policy for the Local Government in dealing or corresponding with the Federal on this subject. The discussions going on in the newspapers embrace recent events in connection with the position of the railway question, as well as the matter of the proper policy for the Province under present circumstances. With regard to the former theme, we have conflicting statements in the papers, even allegations even in the same paper which, to say the least, present a difference of hue. The *Colonist*, it appears, had been asserting that the Dominion Government had submitted proposals to the Local for a change in the railway clauses of the terms of union, which it condemned the latter for withholding from the people. On the other hand, the *Standard*, which would seem to be the organ of the Local Ministry, and very friendly to Mr. De Cosmos, has taken the trouble to publish an elaborate denial of those assertions in one article, while admitting in another that a change or relaxation of the railway terms had been proposed by Mr. Edgar, who was supposed by many people, and not unnaturally, to possess to some extent a representative character so far as the Dominion was concerned. Of course the allegations made by one set of people as to the amount of representative authority possessed by this man, in regard to the alteration of the railway clauses, may be wide of the mark, while the denials may err in an opposite direction. On the one hand, Mr. Edgar may be credited with purposes and a character to which he has never laid claim, while, on the other, it is just possible he may be in a position to make enquiries and offer suggestions of an important nature, and which under favorable circumstances, might lead to results highly advantageous to British Columbia and Canada. It would be idle to speculate, at present, upon the nature of Mr. Edgar's powers, or the manner in which he may have acquitted himself. Enough will be known before long, no doubt, to warrant opinions on this subject; but we can conceive of his being well employed apart from a mission involving some of the radical proposals which have been attributed to him. It is generally admitted that little is as yet known by the people of Canada of British Columbia, which we believe none of the present Ministers have ever seen, and only one member of the last Cabinet, Mr. Langevin. Now it must be very desirable to learn all that is possible by intelligent, reliable agents, both of the people, especially the local authorities, and of the physical character and resources of a country till within a very short period a mystery to us, less known from published or verbal descriptions than China or Japan. The absence of a deep interest, at present, in all that relates to this Province would be inexplicable, short of suicidal folly on the part of a country pledged to build a railway, through this remote region, and conscious of at least this fact, that its cost could not f it to be enormous. We can understand therefore, the desire of the Government, amounting to anxiety, to make themselves as thoroughly acquainted as they could be, short of a personal tour, with the Province which is to entail upon Canada such serious obligation. Ministers being responsible to the people for the careful, the judicious administration of their means should in all cases endeavour to put themselves in a position to understand the character of the enterprises to which they are to be devoted, and more especially when these enterprises are manifestly of a very onerous description. Canada is not so rich as to be indifferent in matters of this kind. Her aims in this direction have come home to her with telling effect, and she has the interest of her future success as a nation to inspire her with the utmost care in embarking upon this trans-continental railway scheme, in present circumstances. If mistakes from ignorance were less hurtful from the monetary standpoint than errors from other causes, we might rest comparatively indifferent as to our knowledge on the occasion of the commencement of a great public work. Unfortunately, however, there is not this difference; a false step at the outset, a wrong route even for a comparatively short section of the road, might, in a region of great physical difficulties, like British Columbia, involve an unnecessary expenditure of several millions. As we already remarked, more than once, the railway must cost some parties a vast amount of money, nobody putting it below one hundred millions, while many say this figure might safely be doubled. Of course the whole should not fall on the Dominion, but assuming the most fortunate run of events, a very large portion of it cannot fail to be a charge upon it. This being the case, we are among those who would not only favour the obtainment of all possible information with regard to the Pacific Province by means of envoys, engineers or explorers of whatever kind, but also any step that promises to reduce to a minimum the difficulties and expense of the undertaking. No party squeamishness, or false pride, should deter us from efforts in this direction. Standing on one's dignity may be very fine, at times, but there are occasions when it cannot be dissociated from absurd vanity and hurtful folly. If a bad bargain has been bequeathed to the present Government, it is their bounden duty to endeavour to make the best of it, by instigating, to the fullest extent possible, any evils and inconveniences therewith connected. We publish, in another column, a portion of the British Columbia *Standard's* article with reference to Mr. Edgar's action, for the sake of letting our readers judge of the nature of the assertions afloat in that Province on this subject, though, without in any way committing ourselves to their veracity. It will also be seen from another editorial extract from the same paper, that a party has sprung up in British Columbia, favorable to a change of the actual terms, for which its journalistic opponents are treating it sound abuse.

The N. Y. *Herald* thus, editorially, notices the recent Washington negotiations:

"The proposed Reciprocity Treaty for the trade between the British North American colonies and the United States, has been conducted very quietly, but progress has been made in the negotiations notwithstanding. It is believed in Washington that the provisions of the treaty will be submitted soon to the Senate with a view to ascertain the opinions of that body before the instrument is formally signed. The treaty, it is said, will be a comprehensive and liberal one, and will amount almost to a commercial union between the Dominion and this Republic."

The London *Free Press* recommends the removal of the duty on American crude, or mineral oil, of $2 50 a barrel, even in advance of a Reciprocity Treaty, in order to the relief and encouragement of the Canadian oil trade, now in a very depressed condition. It has long been a suffering interest, and undoubtedly deserves consideration. The duty was at first supposed likely to prove a protection to the producing and refining trade of Canada, but, like other protective imposts it has turned a killing kindness, as they seem as depressed as it would be possible to become. The American oil has more of the burning property than they the Canadian, and could be usefully employed to mix with it. This preparation would be more valuable than either oil alone, and its free introduction for the purpose of refining would help this as well as the producing branch of the trade, by commanding a market for the Canadian oil dealer. The permission to introduce the American article, and refine it in bond, for export, would, it is argued, to some extent, help the trade. It is likely the whole question will be dealt with by the framers of the forthcoming treaty, pending which, however, it might be worth while for the Government to consider these representations of the oil interest, with a view to any relief that can conveniently be given.

Judicial Appointments.

Although some progress has been made in constituting the new Court of Appeals, the arrangements are yet incomplete, as well as the appointments that must follow upon the elevation of some of the present occupants of the Bench to a seat in the Appellate Court. The nomination of Vice-Chancellor Strong, to the position of senior Justice (not Chief Justice as he has been incorrectly designated) of the new Court has been gazetted. It is understood that Mr. Justice Gwynne has also been invited to become a Judge of Appeal, but that he has not yet signified the acceptance of the honor. Mr. Proudfoot, Q. C. of Hamilton, will take Mr. Strong's place as Vice-Chancellor, an appointment that will be received very favourably. The names of one or two other gentlemen have been very freely mentioned, but nothing is yet known either as to the successor to Mr. Justice Gwynne, should he leave the Common Pleas, or as to the third judge of the Court of Appeal, necessary, with Chief Justice Draper as President, to make up the number of members prescribed by law.—*Globe.*

30,000 plants in bloom for sale cheap at Forfar's Seed Store, Rideau street. 258

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

The General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

WEDNESDAY, June 3.

MORNING SEDERUNT.

The Assembly met in Knox Church, at eleven o'clock, the Rev. Thomas McPherson, of Stratford, Moderator, presiding. According to a resolution of the previous sitting, the first hour was spent in religious exercises, consisting of prayer, reading of the Scriptures and praise.

The minutes of the proceedings of the previous evening were read and sustained.

The Clerk read a list of the changes in various presbyteries during the year, which was ordered to be recorded in the minutes.

Mr. R. H. Warden, presented the report of the Committees on Bills and Overtures, with the list of business. The report was adopted.

The Committee on Commissions gave in a report recommending that certain changes be made in the Assembly roll. The adoption of the report was moved, and during the discussion of it a point of order was raised as to whether the motion was competent. While this point was being discussed, the time for adjournment arrived, and the Court adjourned until three o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

The Court resumed at three o'clock and was opened in the usual way, and the minutes of the morning's sitting were read and confirmed with a slight amendment. The question of the point of order in reference to the adoption of the report of the Committee on Commissions was resumed, when it was moved by Principal Cavan, seconded by Dr. Proudfoot, that substitutes recommended be allowed.

A conversational discussion took place of a most bewildering character, and after some time, the Moderator decided that in accordance with the strict letter of the law, the motion was not in order, yet there were precedents which would warrant the admission of the motion. Several fresh motions were brought forward, amongst which was one by Mr. McLeod to the effect that, notwithstanding the irregularity that has occurred with regard to the commissions of the gentlemen recommended as substitutes, the court resolve to admit them as members of the Assembly.

Dr Burns proposed to send the question back to the Committee and the matter could be brought up as an interem question.

In reference to this latter motion, the Moderator ruled that it was the only one before the Court that could be entertained.

It was ultimately decided, on the motion of Principal Cavan, that the substitutions recommended be allowed, anotwithstanding the irregularity, and that a committee be appointed to consider that part of the act constituting the General Assembly which seems in conflict with the action of Presbyteries.

STATISTICS.

The next business was the report of the Committee on Statistics, but before that was read.

Mr. Cochrane intimated that Dr. Waters, of St. Marys, having removed to St. Johns, New Brunswick, the committee was left without a convenor. In November last Mr. J. W. Mitchell, of Mitchell, had been appointed Convenor, but at a recent date he had resigned, and Mr. Torrens was then appointed Convenor. Under these circumstances, it was not to be expected that the report should be as full and complete as under more favorable circumstances, but Mr. Torrens had prepared the report according to the best of his ability and the time allowed him to make it from the materials at his command.

Mr. Torrens read the report which, on the whole, he regarded as satisfactory. It set forth that number of families in connection with the Church are 20,918, or 578 more than last year, and as there were some places where no reports had been received from, it might be assumed that the increase was much greater. If they took five persons as belonging to each family it might be calculated that there are 140,000 persons under the pastoral oversight of a stated ministry, or enjoying such means of grace as the Church could afford. The number of communicants was 49,315, but there were actually more, as there were several congregations that had not made the necessary returns under this head. In confirmation of that statement there had been 5,847 persons added to the Church during the year. There were in attendance at the Sabbath Schools 34,267 children, making an average of between eight and nine scholars to each teacher, and there were Bible classes in operation for more grown persons as well as mission stations. The number of Elders was 1,987, while other officers numbered 3,041. During the year 28 churches and 21 manses had been built. The amount of stipend showed a slight increase, and the whole amount gave an average stipend of $700 to the ministers, but while this was the average amount, in some instances a most inadequate stipend was paid. The returns showed an increase of arrears of stipend. It was bad enough to have such an evil at all, but it was worse to hear of its increase. The report went on at great length to give comparative statements of the figures showing the various sources from which income was derived, and its subdivisions.

Mr. Gray moved the adoption of the report, with thanks to the Committee, and especially to the Convenor for the time and pains and labour spent in its preparation. He should suggest that the returns that have not been sent in until it was too late for them to be incorporated should be incorporated in the minutes or records, and further that the usual grant be given to the excellent Convenor as some slight reward for the labour he had taken.

The motion was seconded by Professor Proudfoot, and its various recommendations were considered seriatim, amongst which reference was especially made to returns from mission stations, and that presbyteries be enjoined to take the earliest opportunity of dealing with the congregations that are in arrears for stipend.

After some considerable discussion, the recommendations were agreed to, and the report generally adopted.

STUDENTS.

An application from the Presbytery of Hamilton was read in reference to a student named Henderson, that he should be admitted as a second year's student of theology.

Mr. McNeill explained that Mr. Henderson had for some years pursued a course of study under the supervision of the Presbytry, and he went down to Toronto to attend lectures at Knox College. Up to that time the Presbytery had not been aware that the sanction of the Assembly had not been given. The Presbytery, however, knowing that Mr. Henderson was a very promising and studious young man, recommended him to go down after the Christmast vacation and attend the lectures. That had been done, and it was under these circumstances that the request was made by the Presbytery.

The request was complied with.

An application was also received from the Presbytery of Manitoba with reference to three students, named Samuel Colson, R. H. Knight, and J. Duncan, intimating that it had been resolved to ask permission of the Assembly for these young men to receive instruction under the care of the Presbytery at Manitoba College.

The application was referred to the committee on the general question of Theological Education.

It was also decided that leave be granted to retain the name of Dr. Jennings on the Presbytery roll of Toronto.

It being six o'clock the court adjourned until seven.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

The Court resumed at 7 30, when the proceedings were opened with praise and prayer, after which the minutes of the afternoon's sitting were read and confirmed.

HOME MISSION.

Mr. Cochrane, (Grantford), presented the annual report of the Home Mission Committee, which stated that at no former period in the history of the Presbyterian Church in Canada has such an amount of Home Mission work been performed as in the past year, but it was to be regretted that the increase of contributions which was naturally to be expected had not been realized. The disbursements had been $149 52 in excess of the receipts, which amounted to $2,581 27. The expenditure amounted to $20,730 79, and it required the utmost care to keep it so low as that sum. This economy had not been in all cases justifiable, and could not be continued without danger to the usefulness of the mission. The contributions of 50,000 members should be such as to place the Committee in a position of carrying on the work without fear of debt. Now, however, they were obliged to borrow for eight months in the year to meet present needs, and to trust to future contributions for paying that money. The report set forth the amounts contributed by the congregations and Sabbath schools in connection with the respective Presbytries. It also detailed at great length the mission work in the various provinces, in some of which many difficulties had to be overcome, or still remain as obstacles, while in others there was much reason for thankfulness for the success which had attended mission labor. At present there are 116 mission stations under the control of the Committee, and of 70 supplemented churches last year, three had become self sustaining congregations. There was no cause to apprehend that, on the whole, the Home Mission work would continue to prosper.

Principal Cavan moved that the general assembly receive the report of the Home Mission Committee and heartily thank the Committee, especially the convenor, (Mr Cochrane,) for the valuable services he has rendered in the office which he has held, and that the report be remitted to consider the same and report upon it. He thought that there would not be any difficulty in passing the motion. They were under great obligations to committees who do a great work for the Church. The work of committees devolved in a large measure on the convenors, and in the present case they were fortunate in having a convenor who is capable of a large amount of work, and it would be no other than an injury if he should withdraw from that position. He thought it worthy of remark that the revenue of the mission had increased in the past year, though it was not equal to the expenditure. He thought the sum contributed was not equal to what it ought to be. It only amounted to about 40 cts. per member. What was the sum of $23,000 from 50,000 members in a year? He thought that if they were really in earnest they could remedy this state of things. Did they believe in their Presbyterian system? Did they not say it was the best system of church government; that it was thoroughly scriptural; that the Calvinistic doctrine was most in accordance with the Word of God? That being so, they should be in earnest. The field was before them and they should go on in God's name and possess it. He knew that there were a great number of people who thought that the sum given for the general work of the Church was just so much taken from their own particular congregations. Now he was convinced that the same warm Christian sympathies permeated all departments of the Church's work, and if one department were stimulated all would be benefited. He concluded by proposing the motion.

Mr. King seconded the motion, which was supported by Dr. Proudfoot.

Mr. McFarlaih was anxious to have the whole report discussed before it was referred to the special committee for a finding upon it, because the committee might not be as well prepared to come to a finding as if they had the expression of the Assembly upon it. He thought it was a disgrace to the people that their average contributions to this mission should be 40 cents each. If the price of the tobacco of the members of congregations was given to the Church it would pay the ministers, and if the whiskey as well as tobacco was given up, he did not know how much good could be done. He preferred pence to prayers to carry out the work of missions.

Mr Rodgers (Collingwood), made some remarks as to his experience in visiting mission stations.

Dr. McVicker said that the much talked of 40 cents per member did not represent the liberality of the people, and he thought there was little to complain of on that score, for the members of the Presbyterian Church fully appreciated their advantages and were anxious to extend them to others. With regard to the question of pence or prayers from the people he was inclined to accept both.

Principal Cavan said it was not often he had to offer any thing in the way of explanation, but he felt that something which he had said were misunderstood. He had not complained of the liberality of the people, for he was sure the fault did not rest with the people but with the ministers who did not show them how essential it was that they should be thoroughly in earnest about missionary work.

Mr. Warden made some observations tending to show that the majority of the people were both generous and liberal; for, although the sum contributed might look small as compared with the number of people, still, it should not be forgotten that in the Presbyterian Church the wealthy people had not as yet given large donations to swell the sum total, but the contributions had been general, and there were no instances of $1000 being contributed towards the Home Mission.

It being ten o'clock, after some announcements had been made as to the time of the meetings of committees, the Court adjourned until 11 o'clock this morning.

KIRK SYNOD.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SEDERUNT.

OTTAWA, June 3.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland met this morning at 11 o'clock, p.m., and spent an hour in devotional exercises.

The minutes of the previous days proceedings were then read and agreed to, and Committees were appointed

On References, Complaints and Appeals.

On Overtures and Bills.

To revise Synod and Commission Records.

To revise Presbytery Records, and

On applications for leave to retire from the active duties of the Ministry.

APPLICATIONS FOR LEAVE TO RETIRE.

An application for leave to retire from the active duties of the Ministry was received from the Rev. W. Johnston, in consequence of suffering from disease of the heart, and the application was referred to the proper Committee.

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE.

Applications for license were submitted as follows:

From Queen's College, by Rev. Mr. Snodgrass, for A. H. Cameron, J. J. Cameron, M. A., and R. J. Craig, all of Queen's College, Kingston. The applications were referred to the proper Committee.

APPLICATIONS FOR ADMISSION.

Applications for admission to the Ministery were submitted from Rev. Alexander Smith of the Presbyterian Church of the United States, Rev. James Sullar, of the Congregational Church, and Rev. H. D. Steele, of the Canada Presbyterian Church of Ramsay, which were referred to the examining Committee.

EXAMINING COMMITTEE.

The following gentlemen were appointed an Examining Committee for 1874-75,—Convener—Dr. Hogg, Secretary, Mr. Donald Ross, Chatham. Members—Dr. Muir, Dr Jenkins, Dr. Bain, Dr. Bell, Rev. Messrs. Mann, Morrison Rennie, Lindsay, Mylne, R. Burnet, D. Watson, Wilson, R. McLennan, James Gordon, Carmichael, (West King), John Ferguson, H. Edmison, James C. Smith, D. M. Gordon, McNish, Lang, D. Fraser, S. Campbell, D. W. Morrison, and James Cleland.

WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND.

Dr. Cook, Mr. Archibald Ferguson, and Mr. James S. Hunter were elected managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund.

The following report from the managers of the Fund for the present year was submitted:—"The Fund continues to prosper with the advancing prosperity of the Church. The scheme is one which appeals not only to the self-interest of the ministers, but also to the most generous instincts of the people; and the practical benefits which it confers, far more liberal than the best conducted Assurance Companies offer, when the character of the risks is taken into account, being now seen in all sections of the Church, it must continue to draw to itself an increasing measure of support. As might be expected in these circumstances, the congregational collections have been both more general and more liberal than ever before, amounting to $2 454.91 up to date against $1,819 70 last year. The ministerial contributions have been $1,566; last year they were $1,600. With this yearly increase in the Endowment Fund, a larger revenue from this source than in any former year was to be looked for—$4 998 75 as compared with $4,437.92 last year; and the Board have great satisfaction in being able to inform the Synod that they confidently expect to have it in their power a year hence to report an increase of nearly $1,000 upon this sum, as the Dominion legislature has passed a law empowering all such corporations to charge 8 per cent. upon their investments, whereas they could formerly collect only 6 per cent. Advantage has already been taken of this law by the Board, and $17,222 of the Fund that yielded only 6 per cent, has been invested at 8 per cent. As soon as further safe and desirable investments can be found at an advanced rate of interest all the 6 per cent. stock and mortgages, as they become due, will be similarly placed.

The Annuities paid amount to $5,428 50, being $702.25 more than in 1872 73. The amount to be carried to the Endowment Fund is $3,514.92, while last year it was $3 365.68. The Endowment Fund has now reached the sum of $73 453.92—$58,353.92 being mortgages, and $15,100 bonds and stock.

The number of Widows receiving allowances from the Fund is 38; the number of Orphans, 53.

Nothing has been done towards an arrangement with the Synod of the Maritime Provinces with reference to the proposed amalgamation of their Widow's Fund with ours, further than a little correspondence on the subject.

Several congregations have again to be reported as defaulting, and among them some that might naturally be expected to take a leading part in this, as in other schemes of the Church.

The following statement of the general current account for the year ending 25th May was submitted by the Treasurer:

To balance of last year	$ 853.02
" Congregational Collections	2454 91
" Interest on general account	4998 75
" Temporalities	
" Sustentation Fund	1566.00
" Returned Loans	3160 00
" Corporation Bonds sold	14732 57
" Collected by Archd. Ferguson	127.00
" " J. L. Morris	80.00
	$28762.27
To balance due the Fund	$602.00
Invested	$22615.50
Annuities to Widows, July	2707.75
" " July, 1874	2720.75
Charges	76.25
By Balance	602.02
	$28762.27

Rev. Mr Campbell moved the adoption of the report at once, without be usual reference to a committee, which he said would save a great deal of the time of the Convention.

After some discussion the motion was withdrawn, the feeling of the Synod being that it would be better not to depart from the usual practice. The report was then referred to the committee composed of Rev. Messrs. Mann, J. Gordon, A. Gordon, Masson, ministers, and Messrs. James Craig, and Robert Bell, elders.

SUSTENTATION BOARD.

Rev. Dr. Jenkins, Rev. Mr Masson, and Rev. Mr. Lindsay were appointed members of the Sustentation Board.

TEMPORALITIES BOARD.

The following report was submitted from the Temporalities Board.

With the exception of one Harbor Bond for $1 000, which matured last January and was paid in to the general account, the investments of the Board have undergone no change. The revenue, however, was considerably increased by the payment of 3½ per cent. dividend by the City Bank in December last, instead of 3 per cent as formerly. A further advance to 4 per cent., declared for the current half-year, increases the estimated revenue by $710 per annum as compared with last year's estimate.

The only other item in the Treasurer's statement calling for notice is the withdrawal from the fund of $1,233.24—the amount of Miss Fisher's legacy, with interest from 24th April, 1860, to the 24th January, 1874. The original amount of the legacy was $800, the balance represents accrued interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The proceeds of the bonds for $1,000, above mentioned, were applied to payment of said sum of $1,233 24, consequently the sum of $200 is to be returned to capital out of the revenue of next half year. The Board has made a temporary investment of the sum thus separated in bank stock, yielding 8 per cent per annum, and has reason to believe that ere long it will be relieved of further responsibility in connection with the matter.

Since the date of last report the names of two commuting ministers have been removed by death from the roll of payments—the Rev. Alexander McKidd, of Goderich, who died on the 23rd of May last, and the Rev. William Bell, of North Easthope, who died on the 17th December. Of the seventy-three ministers who originated the fund in 1855, only thirty-three now remain, of whom eight have, with the leave of the Synod, retired from the active duties of their office, and three are professors in Queen's College. The number of non-privileged ministers on the Synod's Roll is at present ninety, and the total number of ministers having claims upon the fund, through the College and otherwise, one hundred and thirty-three. The Board expects to make provision for the payment of fifty non-privileged ministers on the 1st July next—four more than at the corresponding period last year. There remain forty to be provided for by the Sustentation Fund.

The retiring members of the Board are the Rev. Dr. Cook and the Rev. Dr. Jenkins, Messrs. William Darling and Sir Hugh Allan, all of whom are eligible for re-election.

The Synod adjourned for recess at one p. m.

AFTERNOON SEDERUNT.

The Synod resumed business at 3 p.m.

MINIMUM STIPENDS.

Several returns from Presbyteries anent the overture for the increase of the minimum stipend from $400 to $500 per annum were submitted, approved of almost unanimously, Hamilton being the only exception. Six of the Presbyteries approved of the overture simpliciter, and it passed into a permanent Act of the Synod accordingly.

GENERAL SUSTENTATION FUND.

A report from the Board of managers of Synod's General Sustention Fund was submitted by the Rev. D. Jenkins.

The retiring members of the Board appointed by the Synod, are the Rev. Alexander McKay, M.A., and the Rev. W. C. Clarke, B.A.

The report was referred to the proper committee.

DEPUTATION TO SCOTCH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Professor Snodgrass, delegate to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, reported verbally in that connection. He expressed his thanks to the Synod for having given him the appointment, and spoke in glowing terms of what he saw and heard there, both as to the conduct of the business, and the unanimity with which the members agreed upon whatever was likely to infuse new vigour, he might use, the word in the parent church. He had entered into whatever business fell to his lot eagerly and earnestly, and took the opportunity of seeing and hearing all that was to be seen and heard. He had attended the annual dinner of the Assembly, at which were present some of the most distinguished divines and laymen connected with the Church, and he took the opportunity of conveying to that august body the congratulations of this reverend court On the occasion of the presentation of the report of the Colonial Committee, he spoke of the general work of the Church in Canada, referring more particularly to the negociations in progress for bringing about the Union. The feeling in the Church as a Church, he said, was to leave the matter in the hands of the people of this country themselves, thinking that the Church here had arrived at a state of manhood, when they could decide such a question for themselves. The Synod was aware that the Church of Scotland, while always ready to assist the Church in Canada wherever and whenever it was possible to exercise any jurisdiction over this court (Hear, hear) Having addressed himself in this manner to the Moderator of the General Assembly, that reverend gentleman, Dr. Gillan, whose duty it was to reply to various deputations during the sitting of the Assembly, and who had apparently a special adaptation for the performance of that duty, made a remarkable and characteristic rejoinder He observed in the first place, his congratulations to the Church of Canada and its representatives, the Speaker and Rev. J. M. Pollok, of New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, who was appointed by the Church of the Lower Provinces to represent them. Referring to the basis of Union, he made use of a remarkable expression. The General Assembly of the Free Church was meeting on the opposite side of the street and discussing the question of eligibility of inter-ministration with the United Presbyterian Church of Scotland. Making a characteristic gesticulation towards that building, he replied to the references to Union by saying, "Young gentlemen, is no mean compromise. We have perfect confidence in you in this matter, and we are satisfied that you are able to take into consideration all circumstances in connection with this movement and to act accordingly with judgment and prudence. May God bless you with success, and although I am not in a position to commit the Church of Scotland to any policy in regard to the question of Union, rest assured that the paternal feeling of this venerable church will follow you in the Unit d Church as it followed you in the past, if you succeed in bringing about a Union. (Applause) This was the reply of Dr. Gillan to his remarks upon this great and important question. The reception he got was on the whole cordial in the extreme, the attention paid, of the most hearty and genuine character by all the members of the General Assembly.

On the motion of Dr. Jenkins, the thanks of the Synod were awarded to Principal Snodgrass, for the admirable manner in which he had discharged the duties imposed upon him. Some discussion having taken place as to whether he was empowered to make any representation with regard to the question of union, the objection was raised by Mr. Lang, but a resolution of the Synod, giving such power to Dr. Jenkins the previous year having been quoted, the feeling seemed to be that Mr. Snodgrass was acting quite in accordance with his duty as a representative and the will of the court.

DEPUTATION TO THE CHURCH OF THE LOWER PROVINCES.

Rev. Mr. Lang reported verbally that he had attended the deliberations of the Synod of the Maritime Provinces at Pictou last year. The church there, he said, was not a large one, but a very unanimous and compact body. He had addressed the Synod on the subject of Union giving as far a conception as far as in his power lay of the stage at which the proceedings here had arrived. He took a subsequent opportunity of giving his own individual ideas on the same subject, much against his own will, but in deference to the desire of the members of the Court. He spoke in high terms of the great pleasure his visit had afforded him personally.

Rev. Mr. Macdonald (Nottawasaga) another of the delegates gave a somewhat similar account of his visit, expressing the satisfaction he derived therefrom, and the kindly reception accorded him. He spoke in high terms of the order with which the Synod conducted its deliberations, made some comparisons, not very complimentary, between them and those of the Synod now in session, which caused some laughter. He had spoken on the position of the union question, upon which there was the greatest unanimity there, and had at a late stage of the proceedings expressed the deep zeal with which he supported the movement himself, asserting, as far as he was concerned, there would be no backing out at the 11th hour, and if there was to be any backing out, it would rest upon other heads.

Rev. Mr. Ross, Beckwith, gave a similar testimony as to the character of the reception given him, the pleasure he derived from his visit, the decorum with which the Synod conducted their proceedings, the unanimity on the Union question, and the work in which they are engaged at home and abroad.

Rev. Mr. McLellan, Peterborough, moved a vote of thanks to the delegates and to the Church of the Lower Provinces for the manner in which they were received.

The motion was cordially agreed to.

The roll was then called and the Synod adjourned for recess at 5 o'clock.

THE EVENING SEDERUNT

was opened at 7.30 by praise and prayer, the devotional exercises being conducted with the more especial purpose of invoking the divine blessing, aid and guidance in the deliberations of the Court during the approaching discussion on the important question of Union.

THE UNION QUESTION.

A tabular statement of returns to the Synod's remit on Union from Presbyteries, Kirk sessions and congregations was then submitted, which showed that nine Presbyteries, 83 Kirk sessions and 107 congregations approved of the basis simpliciter; one Presbytery, four Kirk sessions and six congregations approved of it with modifications or reservations. Three Kirk sessions and three congregations approved of the first and second articles of the basis, but disapproved of the third; one Presbytery, 14 Kirk sessions and 12 congregations disapproved of the basis simpliciter, and one Kirk session disapproved of it with modifications. Eleven Presbyteries, 110 Kirk sessions and 129 congregations reported.

Formal protests against the basis of Union were then read from Rev. Hugh Niven, of Herdman's Corners, a retired minister; Messrs. W. A. Ross and Douglas Brymner, of Ottawa; five members of the Presbytery of Toronto, and from two members of the Presbytery of Hamilton.

Principal Snodgrass suggested that if a statement were prepared, showing the number of the ministers and elders on the roll of Synod voting for or against the basis, it would greatly facilitate the proceedings.

Rev. Mr. Burnet held that it was impossible to obtain that information from the returns before the Synod, as the question of union or non union had not in reality been submitted to the Church. It was only a few articles of faith that was submitted, upon which very few people differed.

Rev. Mr. Bain said surely if the basis of Union was agreed to, no Christian could refuse to accede to the Union.

Mr. Lang complained that the question had been too much a clerical one hitherto, and he hoped that the will of the people would in some way be consulted.

Rev. D. J. Macdonald regarded the complaint as scarcely fair, and held that the mind and will of the people had been fully expressed. It was in his opinion absurd to say that approval of the articles of the basis was not approval of the basis itself and a direct expression of approval of the Union itself.

Rev. Mr. Macpherson said that until the protest of the Canada Presbyterian Church was withdrawn, he thought the people would never agree to the Union.

Mr. Craig, M. P. P. for Glengarry Rev. Mr. Campbell, of Montreal, and Rev. Dr. Cook, of Quebec, held that it was absurd to argue that the people were so ignorant as not to know that in agreeing to the articles of Union they were signifying their approval of the Union itself.

Mr. J. A. McLean, Toronto, differed from the former speaker entirely, and would take the opportunity to-morrow to give his reasons for so doing.

Mr. Morris, Montreal, said the people fully understood the question upon which they were asked to pronounce.

Rev. Mr. Fraser, Whitby, gave his testimony to this statement so far as his knowledge went.

After some further discussion, the report was referred back to the Committee for the purpose of again considering and amending it.

ADDRESS TO THE QUEEN.

A congratulatory address to the Queen, expressing pleasure and gratification at the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh with the Princess Alexandrowna of Russia, and also at the success of the British arms on the Gold Coast, was adopted and had applause.

ADDRESS TO EARL DUFFERIN.

A congratulatory address to His Excellency the Governor General was also adopted by acclamation, and the Synod adjourned at 10 o'clock.

OPINION IN BRITISH COLUMBIA ON THE RAILWAY.

The Railway Clause of the Terms of Union.

(*From the Standard.*)

We feel once more called upon to deny most emphatically that Mr. Mackenzie has ever made any proposition to the Local Government in regard to a relaxation of the railway clause of the terms of Union but as Mr. Edgar has undertaken, according to yesterday's *Colonist*, to inform a deputation of gentlemen who waited upon him, to the contrary, we feel that we may be excused for alluding to a certain phase in connection with this subject, which we have previously refrained from touching, as we did not wish to place that courteous gentleman in an unfavorable position before the public. It would appear that on the 9th inst. (just about a week ago) Mr. Edgar undertook, in the private capacity of a gentleman visiting this Province, to place certain propositions which he stated emanated from Mr Mackenzie, and referring to the railway clause of the Terms of Union, before Mr. Walkem stating at the same time that a copy thereof had been enclosed by him to His Excellency the Lieut. Governor. Mr. Walkem on the same day replied, informing Mr. Edgar that before he could place any such proposition before the Government as emanating from Mr. Mackenzie it would be necessary that he (Mr. Edgar) should forward his authority to act for that gentleman in that capacity. This of course, as a punctilio of business cannot fail to commend itself to all thinking men, but strange to say up to the present time Mr. Edgar has not replied. To those who are as well acquainted with official routine as undoubtedly Mr. Edgar must be, this course is most inexplicable, as the usual business course on the most trifling subject between the Dominion and Provincial Government, is for the Secretary of State for Canada to address the Lieut.-Governor upon receipt of which this Excellency refers the communication to the Executive through the Premier for information or advice. The statement Mr. Edgar is reported to have made to the deputation in reference to his credentials are hardly be in accordance with facts, as, had his credentials been forwarded to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, he doubtless would have referred them to the Executive and we find upon inquiry that this has not been the case, and that up to the present time the Executive are totally in the dark in reference to Mr. Edgar's authority to act on behalf of anyone but himself. The public will readily see how utterly incompetent the present Ministry would have proved themselves to conduct the most ordinary business negotiations had they acted otherwise than they have done, and when we consider the importance of the subject, we can only feel thankful that we have men at the head of affairs who cannot be entrapped into any such negotiations with a gentleman, no matter how courteous he may be, who neglects to produce his authority to act. British Columbia wants no relaxation,—but if Mr. Mackenzie feels that it is incumbent upon him, in order to appear consistent, to make certain propositions to the local Government, in reference to any subject, he can either officially authorise Mr. Edgar to act for him, or he can make his propositions in the usual business form, and we feel confident that there will be no delay on this side; but if Mr. Edgar is acting in his present course in accordance with instructions from Ottawa, we must be permitted to doubt the wisdom of such a proceeding.

Sudden Conversions.

Sudden conversions and death-bed repentances are not always looked upon as genuine evidences of soundness of faith or sorrow for past sins. What is true in a spiritual sense, is likewise true in relation to politics. The sudden conversion of Messrs. Helmeken, Macdonald, Roscoe & Co.,—in fact the whole tyle of leaders who cut such a prominent figure on the occasion of the invasion of the Legislative Assembly in February last,—from rabid sticklers for "the whole forms and nothing but the terms," to submissive acceptors of Mr. Mackenzie's policy for a relaxation of the "cast-iron" obligations which bound the Dominion Government to construct the Pacific Railway in ten years will constitute one of the remarkable features in the history of this country. When it is borne in mind how bitterly and how unreasonably these persons opposed the Local Government, and how they hounded after Mr. DeCosmos, circulating broadcast over the country the most wilful falsehoods about them, because they dared to propose a scheme by which to raise a large sum of money to construct a graving dock at Esquimalt and build roads and bridges throughout the country, is it any wonder that people are somewhat perplexed at the present attitude of the gentlemen, who now clamour so lustily for a relaxation of the Terms, and ask each other on the street what has come over the spirit of their dream to induce them so suddenly to change their minds in relation to a modification of the Terms of Union?

BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

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...x, has, we understand, ...River as the headquarters ...this summer. Should ...pleted, it will probably ...so late to perform of the ...ning this fall, and ar... ...possibly be made with the ...t, which will enable the ...into winter quarters at

...he U. S. branch of the ...we understand, all read... ...ng will not leave St. Paul ...ment have made appro... ...service. At last accounts ...were anxiously awaiting ...e, and when that comes ...proceed by rail on the ...to Bismarck, from thence ...some distance, and then ...s to meet the English ...ns 25th ult.

...ND VICINITY

...ful flowers, who can re... ...of Forfar's flowers or ...m.

...TRUSTEES.—The Board ...rustees meet in the City ...at eight o'clock.

...LEGIATE CORNER STONE.— ...e Governor General will ...at three o'clock, the ...e new Collegiate Insti... ...tler Square. The Guards' ...ership of Mr. Carter, ...he ceremony.

...s regular communication ...ge, No. 52, C. R., last ...s Egleson was elected W. ...ng year; W. Bro. Davis ...unanimously re-elected, ...Wetman Tyler.

...s Photographic Gallery ...and ready for business, ...enerally invited to call ...y establishment, Sparks ...or to Davidson's drug 2586

...terday evening a rumour ...a man was stabbed in ...ut it turned out that ...who was unable to stand ...his ear. That was the ...ting rumour he has to ...ce magistrate to-day for

...TORONTO.—The Premier, ...ouse, and the Ex-Pre... ...ion. Sir John Macdonald, ...'s Church at the opening ...Kirk Synod on Tuesday ...remained for some time ...deliberations of that dis... ...bly.

...ontractor named Pigeon ...arrested yesterday after ...r named Riopelle. The ...d out of an accusation by ...Pigeon was trespassing ...perty belonging to him. ...ly denied the charge and ...e received some rough ...elle has been arrested.

...STUDENT.—The Kingston ...s of an Ottawa man who ...ew years been a teacher in ...stitute of that city: "We ...cTavish, at present assist... ...the Grammar School, ...the law the benefit of his ...his place will probably be ...Donald, at present teach... ...Grammar School. Mr. ...ways proved himself an ...and whoever may succeed ...we can hope is, that he ...ful as his predecessor."

...Tabernacle was filled last ...nday School Teachers and ...to the gifted singer of ...r. Philip Phillips, of New ...e sweet, and his enu... ...lous, filling the utmost ...large Tabernacle. The ...re given to the Spurgeon ...London Christian Times. ...of Sacred Song" on Fri... ...Metcalfe Street Church, ...ces of the O. Y. M. C. A. ...very enjoyable occasion ...vise all to secure tickets

...SALES.—Mr. James Ber... ...d of the following pr... ...n to-day at noon:—No. ...d, $900, Mr. R. Graburn, ...wart street, Sandy Hill ...raburn; No. 34, south ...750, Mr. Coyle; No. 35, ...725 Mr. Ira Morgan; No. ...d street, $740, Mr. Ross ...rth Wilbrod, $750, M... ...40, south Daly, and 41, ...ere purchased by Mr. ... ...each—cash transaction. ...Lot No. 18, south St. Paul ...e building thereon, was ...by, Mr. E. Griffin for ...No. 39, south Daly, and ...th Stewart street, were ...0. The sale was quite ...nded, and, as usual, well ...r. Bermingham.

..."It is among the most ...ed tribes only that the ...omfort of the horse have ...but we believe there are ...countries who are guilty ...ect, and without the ex... ...ner; here all may avail ...he use of an article which ...han anything else is reto... ...mprove the condition and ...tion of the horse. Those ...it will be the losers, their ...rers; to avoid both use ...ition Powders and Arn... ...Remedy," and you ...fied with the result ...name, and see the ...the ...d & Co. is no each pack... ...& Lyman, Newcastle, On... ...anada. Sold by all deale... 172

...TION.—Yesterday evening ...hose company assembled ...reet Fire Station twenty ...heir usual practice. The ...e took suction from one ...s made in the By wash ...let on abundant suction ...he engine. With one ...of steam, a jet of solid ...ed to a distance of two ...rty five feet through five ...three-and-a-half inch hose, ...d being one inch and a ...eter. The steamer was ...to ordinary fire pressure ...purt was attempted. the ...to a distance of at least ...forty-five feet. A verti... ...the same line of hose ...t of not less than one ...ghty feet. The new hose ...ed remarkable proficiency ...hose, and the result of ...ctice cannot fail to be be... ...tory to them as it was to ...ours of spectators who ...stances the performance of ...engine company. There ...t spurting, and the engine ...t is capable of doing on ...be called out for, either ...uty.

...ice Court.

...am, P.M.

WEDNESDAY, June 3.

...yman, arrested for vag... ...$5 and costs. ...charged with drunk and ...ct was relieved of $2 and ...for having filthy premises ...costs. ...y for having cows running ...d $2 and costs. ...r on a similar charge was ...amount. ...similarly charged had his

BY TELEGRAPH

MONTREAL.

The Stock Markets.

MONTREAL, June 3.

The stock market here this morning was dull and slightly weaker in some things. Sales—100 Merchants at 120, closing at 119½ to 0.14; Royal Canadian at 92¼, closing at ½ to 3; Commerce at 134, closing at 3½ to 4; Telegraph at 187, closing at 7 to 7½; Toronto at 205; Union 106¼; Montreal at 183½.

QUEBEC.

Shipping—Religious.

QUEBEC, June 3.

The barque 'Ossian,' 600 tons, Captain R. Kerr, built by Mr. Marquis, Point Levis, sailed on the 28th ult. for Greenock with a cargo of timber, shipped by J. Burstall & Co. This is the first new ship to leave the port of Quebec this year.

The rumour is again current that the Rev. Antoine Racine, Rector of St John's Church in this city, is to be appointed Bishop of Ottawa.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

The Derby.

LONDON, June 3—The great race of the year in this country, the Derby Stakes, took place on the Epsom Downs to-day, and was won by Mr. W. S. Cartwright's c. h.c. 'George Frederick,' Lord Roseberry's, formerly Sir Tatton Syke's b.r c. 'Couronne de Fer,' which since yesterday morning has been the favorite for the race took second money.

Lord Falmouth's c h. c. 'Atlantic' was victor in the 2,000 guineas, and which up to yesterday morning was the favorite, came in third; twenty started out of 212 subscribers.

Betting just before the commencement, was 5 to 1 against 'George Frederick', 4 to 1 against 'Couronne De Fer' and 11 to 1 against 'Atlantic'. The weather was delightful and very favourable for the race. The number of people that congregated at Epsom is said to have been larger than ever before. Hegenia from London to Epsom commenced early in the morning and continued for hours. The metropolis during the day presented a Sunday like appearance, Parliament having adjourned and it being a quasi holiday on stock exchange, 2 railway lines connecting London with Epsom Downs which under ordinary circumstances are almost deserted were crammed with passengers, while the carriage road was filled with the seething tide of humanity; everything that went on wheels was at a premium. Vichles were four deep and the police and spectators lined the road from one end to the other.

Time of race was 2 46. George Frederick' won by two lengths. There was but a neck between second and third horses. The course was unusually hard owing to the heavy rains of last night.

FRANCE.

The Electoral Bill.

PARIS, June 3.—In the Assembly to-day the debate on the Electoral Bill was continued.

Ledru Rollin made the principal speech of the sitting. He denied that the Assembly had the right to alter the franchise. The present system of general elections should not be touched, nor should any other be substituted therefor. A plebescitum which some envoked was a parody of universal suffrage. At this point there were loud protests from the Bonapartist benches and cheers from the left. The noise and confusion was so great that the speaker could not be heard for some minutes, when the excitement had subsided he resumed. Alluding to the failure of the majority to restore Monarchy or even a form of Government, he declared that the Assembly being powerless to constitute a Monarchy should maintain a Republic Government, which had never been seriously tried, and he concluded by urging a speedy dissolution of the Chamber.

Thiers in favor of Peace

President Thiers to-day received a deputation of Frenchmen from Peru, and in reply to their address said he believed in the maintenance of peace, which was in accordance with the wishes of the people.

PRUSSIA.

The Czar—The Spanish Crown.

BERLIN, June 3.—The Czar will meet the Emperor of Germany about the middle of June at Ems.

Official denial is given to the report that the candidature of the Hohenzollern Prince for the crown of Spain is to be revived.

ITALY.

Ovation to American Pilgrims.

ROME June 3.—The American and English Catholics in Rome propose to give a public reception to the American pilgrims, on their arrival here, and to make other demonstrations of sympathy.

SPAIN.

New Appointment.

MADRID, June 3.—General Loma has been appointed Captain General of the Basque provinces.

Impending Battle

BAYONNE June 3.—A battle is imminent at Estella, where Carlists are in great force.

UNITED STATES.

The Belgium and U S. Treaty

WASHINGTON, June 3.—In the House of Representatives a joint resolution was passed for giving the requisite twelve months' notice of the termination of the treaty of Belgium, owing to inequalities in it many against American Commerce.

Grand Lodge of Masons.

NEW YORK June 3—The Grand Lodge of Masons have received and accepted an invitation from the Grand Lodge of Illinois to attend the laying of the corner stone of a new building in that State.

A resolution was passed to take up a collection in the Grand Lodge in aid of the Louisiana sufferers.

Brother Raymond reported that he had visited every section of the State and found that all the lodges, with a few exceptions, adhering strictly to abandon work, and recommends the granting of warrants to lodges under dispensation.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Arrival.

QUEENSTOWN, June 3.—Arrived: s.s. 'Samaria,' from Boston.

The Epsom Races—The Winner of the Derby.

LONDON, June 3.—The race for the Derby started at Epsom to-day, and won by W. S. Cartwright's ch. c. 'George Frederick.' Sir Tatton Syke's b. c. 'Cour nne' in second, and Lord Falmouth's ch. c. 'Atlantic' third. There were twenty starters.

Fight and Mutiny at Sea.

The crew of the ship 'Alptuna' mutinied yesterday when the vessel was leaving the dock, bound for New York. After a general fight in which hawsers and marling spikes were freely used, fifteen of the mutineers were arrested and removed to shore. Several persons were wounded.

UNITED STATES.

Arrival.

NEW YORK, June 3.—Arrived: s.s. 'Frisia,' from Hamburg.

Change of Railway Officials.

It is now settled that Mr. Watson will retire from the Presidency of the Erie Railway at the election in July, and Hugh J. Jewett, 'Director of the Panhandle Road, is the most prominent candidate for his place.

The *Tribune* says it has been offered to the Vanderbilts, who decline; also to Thomas Scott who would have accepted it but for the death of Edgar Thompson, which imposes additional responsibility on him in connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Melancholy Yacht Disaster.

A yacht containing three ladies and two gentlemen was seen near the Communipaw Ferry, New Jersey, on the Jersey side last evening, when the ladies waived their handkerchiefs at the passengers of the ferry boat. About ten minutes after, the yacht was found floating bottom up, and it is supposed that the parties in it were drowned.

Sad Shooting Affray.

CINCINNATI, June 3.—A despatch from Nicholasville, Ky., says, yesterday morning Harding P. Masters, merchant of that town, went to all the saloon keepers in the town and requested them not to sell liquor to his sisters husband. All consented except J. H. Soters, who used opprobrious epithets and assaulted Masters, N. H. Soters, brother of the saloon keeper, interfered and a friend of Masters interfered, when a melee ensued, in which Wm. H. Soter, son of the proprietor of the saloon, shot Masters, killing him almost instantly.

Excitement in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The amendment to the Revenue Bill authorizing the revival of a tax on the sales of gold or silver bullion, railroad bonds, &c., excites the indignant protest of Wall Street Brokers, who say it is an outrage to impose a special tax on their branch of business, and its effect would be to drive honest Brokers out of business, while dishonest ones would evade the tax.

The Stock and Corn Exchange will today appoint Committees to go to Washington and oppose the passing of the Bill.

Another Fearful Tragedy

About noon another tragedy occurred 12 miles south of Nicholasville, in which Granville Smith, aged 60 years, killed his nephew Wm. Hughes and then shot himself. Both men were farmers living near Danville. Hughes failed recently, involving Smith in a loss of $20,000. Nearly all the money he had.

Later News of the Disaster.

The small yacht which capsized off Jersey City last evening, had three gentlemen and three ladies on board. All were saved by a passing steamer.

Tenacious of Office

A Washington despatch to the *Herald* says, Assistant Secretary Sawyer, states that neither the Ways and Means Committee, nor the censure of the combined press of the country can move him from his office, He is going to remain.

GOOD GRACIOUS.—Go and see the Flowers at Forfar's Seed store, Rideau St. 2580

The immense rush still continues. Crowds of people at Metcalf's every day. Goods going off rapidly. 2577

TRUNKS, VALISES, BAGS, the cheapest place in the city at T. SHORES & Co., Sparks Street near Bank-st

$55 000.—Ladies secure some of the cheap Print Grandines, Tussos and Muslins at Stitt & Co's cheap sale. Decided bargains are to be had. 2582

$55,000.—Ladies are well satisfied with the bargains to be had at Stitt & Co's cheap sale now going on. The store is crowded every day. 2582

DID YOU EVER see such a lot of beautiful flowers as Furfar has at his seed store Rideau street, opposite Dalhousie. 2582-1

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 2nd inst., the wife of Mr. T. E Moore, of the Burlington Hairdressing Saloon, of a daughter.

DIED.

In this city on the 1st inst., Harry Robinson, youngest son of W. H. Walker, Esq., Barrister, aged 11 months and 25 days.

The funeral will take place on Thursday next, at 3 o'clock p.m., from his father's residence, corner of Stewart and Chapel streets, to the place of interment, Beechwood Cemetery.

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism,	Scalds,	Lameness,
Neuralgia,	Burns,	Soreness,
Sore Throat,	Boils,	Wounds,
Hoarseness,	Ulcers,	Bruises,
Headache,	Piles,	Sprains,
Toothache,	Colic,	Old Sores,

All Hemorrhages, Diarrhea, &c.

POND'S EXTRACT.

THE Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya has become a great favorite on account of its perfect reliability in treating derangement of the stomach, liver complaints and diseases of the kidneys, which are the causes of poor blood and breaking down of the general health. It restores vitality to all the organs, removing suppressions, irregularities, and exhausting discharges, and every description of humors which disfigure the body. It is adapted to all ages and conditions of life, being a blood food and nutritive tonic. Sold at $1.

THE PHYSICIANS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up health in those who have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitalizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and for delicate children, it supplies a want long felt, in the form of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1 00.

Pain Killer

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price 25 cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1874.

"QUITE INDISPENSIBLE."—*Nation.*

Ready this Day!

THE CANADIAN PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION FOR 1874.

Edited by Henry J. Morgan, Barrister-at-Law.

Containing the usual biographical sketches of the members of both Houses of the Federal Parliament and of the several Local Assemblies, their political predilections, and pledges; also Official Returns of the last General Election; sketches of the chief officers of the Civil Service; the addresses of the chiefs of political parties; the "platforms" of parties; list of political societies and organizations, &c.

TO BE HAD AT E. A. PERRY'S, Elgin-St.

May 14, 1874.

FOUND.—A Lady's BROOCH. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement, on application to this office.

May 22, 1874. 2557.

D. McDONELL,

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to Stockdale's Block, RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P.S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

CALL AT MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best for the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 25-dy

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatines; Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

May 5, 1874. THOS PATTERSON'S.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874.

THOUSANDS CURED Every Week, IN THE DOMINION BY THE DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really glad and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place here-to-fore unoccupied. We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy, from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Scott Street, Toronto, Agents for Ontario.

Or DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame Street, Montreal, Agents for Province of Quebec.

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874. 2572.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L., BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c., Main-St., HULL, P.Q. 2372d-6m.

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

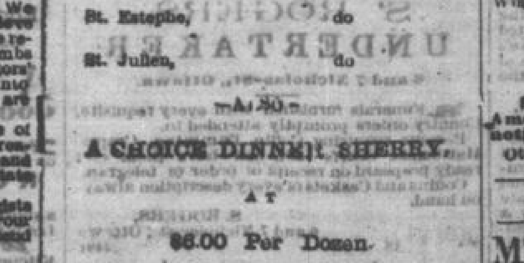
SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874.

CLARET!

Claret! Claret!



IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin,	Margaux.
Do	do M. doc.
St. Estephe,	do
St. Julien,	do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH, Wellington-st.

May 6, 1874. 2561

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts	now 11½
2,000 "	20 "	14½
3,000 "	25 "	19
3,175 "	30 "	22½
2,025 "	36 "	26¼
2,275 "	40 "	31
3,050 "	50 "	38½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90 now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25 "	1 00
1,300 "	1 40 "	1 25
1,575 "	1 55 "	1 28½
550 "	1 75 "	1 40½
500 "	2 00 "	1 47½
400 "	3 00 "	2 50

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

Splendid Assortment	17cts. now	14
	20 "	16
Plain Black	25 "	19½
and	30 "	23
Coloured	35 "	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	11cts. now	9½
2,275 "	14 "	11
3,025 "	15 "	12½
2,150 "	18 "	15
3,185 "	20 "	16

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons.	9cts now	7½
	12 "	10½
	15 "	12½
	17 "	14½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50 "	7 25
	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

White and	15c. now	12c.
	20 "	16½
Coloured	25 "	19
	30 "	23
Cotton	35 "	28½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batisles and Lawns.

$3,000 yards.	17cts now	14
	20 "	16
	22 "	17½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts now	16½
Stripe	25 "	19
Muslins	30 "	25
4,000 yards	35 "	26½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts. now	15½
Splendid	25 "	19
Assortment	30 "	25
	35 "	29½
	45 "	35

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts. now	14
450 "	20 "	16½
475 "	25 "	19½
350 "	30 and 35 "	23 & 26½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60 now	$3 75
	6 75 "	5 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 60	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co., 30 SPARKS-ST.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venosti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S SIGN OF THE RED HAT 33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

COMMISSION STORE

—AND—

AUCTION ROOMS

—AT—

D. C. Simon's, HULL.

The undersigned will be happy to receive all kinds of Goods to Sell on Commission, Patented Articles, Furnitures, etc., etc.

Mr. Simon having one of the best Commercial stand in the Village of Hull, and being well known by the public, hopes to meet the encouragement which he thinks he has a right to expect.

Having giving the necessary guarantee for his license his patrons can depend on getting a prompt return after the disposal of their goods. Mr. Simon will also act as Real Estate Agent, on liberal conditions.

May 30, 1874. 2532.

PANAMA HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats

AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS

—AT—

DEVLIN'S.

March 25, 1874. 2503-

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76. SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2528-6m

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.

Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2575

Slaughter! Slaughter.

SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.39, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half, whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE TWO STORES.

36 Sparks st and Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. W. E. BROWN.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweeds	82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg	2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c, and upwards: splendid value.	
200 Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 " Sac Coats	2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.	

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

May 29, 1874. A. Mowat & Son.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 25dy

BOARD.

MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.

May 5, 1874.

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS

Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

LOST.

A DELIVERY BOOK lost on Wellington St., yesterday, going towards Hull. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the TIMES office, or returning it to the owner, whose name appears in it.

Ottawa, May 8, 1874.

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location, is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.

Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, sold me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.

A. B. GILLES, Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.

Made and for sale at Eight Dollars.

June 5, 1874.

NEW CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—Bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Matings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS.

At W. YOUNG'S

Sparks-st.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.

March 2, 1874.

KEATING PERSIANS INSECT DESTROYING POWDERS.

This Powder is quite harmless to animals, but unrivalled in destroying Fleas, Bugs, Emmets, Flies, Cockroaches, Beetles, Gnats, Mosquitoes, Moths in Furs, and every other species of insects in all stages of metamorphosis. Sold in packets, tins, and bottles of various sizes.

CAUTION.—The public are requested to observe that all the above preparations bear the Trade Mark as herein shown. Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL. The distinctive characteristics which have gained for DR. DE JONGH'S OIL so much celebrity, the entire confidence of the most eminent members of the Medical Profession, and notwithstanding the active and unscrupulous opposition of many interested dealers, an unprecedented amount of public patronage may be thus concisely enumerated:—

I.—Its genuineness, purity, and uniform strength are ascertained and guaranteed.

II.—It contains all the active and essential principles that therapeutic experience has found to be the most effective in the operation of the remedy.

III.—It is palatable, easily taken, and creates no nausea.

IV.—It is borne with facility by the most delicate stomach and improves the functions of digestion and assimilation.

V.—Its medicinal properties and remedial action have been found to be immeasurably greater than those of any other kind of Cod Liver Oil.

VI.—From the unequalled rapidity of its curative effects, it is infinitely more economical than any which is offered, even at the lowest price.

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST.

The extraordinary virtues of DR. DE JONGH'S Light Brown Cod Liver Oil in Pulmonary Consumption may now be considered as fully established. No remedy so rapidly restores the exhausted strength, improves the nutritive functions or produces a more marked and favorable influence on the local malady.

The following high testimony to the efficacy of DR. DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL in Consumption is afforded by ALLEN G. CHATTAWAY, ESQ., M.R.C.S., L.S.A., of Leominster:—

"Having for some years extensively used DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL, both in public and private practice, I have no hesitation in stating its effects are very far superior to those of any other Cod Liver Oil. Nearly four years since, two cases of confirmed Consumption were placed under my care. In both, the lungs were a mass of tubercular deposit, and every possible sound to be heard in phthisis was present. The sole remedy employed was DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL; and now the patients are strong and fat; the diseased (abnormal) sounds nearly inaudible; and in the one case (male), hunting, fishing, and shooting, are freely indulged in, the patient expressing himself quite capable of undergoing as much fatigue as any of his fellow sportsmen."

GENERAL DEBILITY AND EMACIATION.

In cases of prostration and emaciation, where the vital forces are reduced, and where life appears to be even at its lowest ebb, the restorative powers of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL are remarkably manifested. By its administration the natural appetite is revived, and the functions of digestion and assimilation are improved, reanimated, and regulated; and, when its use has been steadily persevered in, its peculiar tonic and nutritive properties have entirely restored health and strength to the most feeble and deteriorated constitutions.

The actual benefit derived is thus described by ROWLAND DALTON, ESQ., M.R.C.S., L.S.A., District Medical Officer at Bury St. Edmunds:—

"In giving my opinion of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I have no hesitation in saying that I have not the slightest confidence in any other kind. The effects of DR. DE JONGH'S OIL are sure and most remarkable, especially in that broken down state of health and strength which usually precedes and favors tubercular deposit; and I never recommend any other sort. The Oil I have had from you was for my own use, and it has certainly been the only means of saving my life on two occasions, and even now, when I feel 'out of condition,' I take it, and like it, unmixed with anything, as being the most agreeable way. I could wish that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL would come into general use, and entirely supersede the Pale and other worthless preparations."

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

From innumerable medical and scientific opinions of the highest character in commendation of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL, the following are selected:—

Sir Henry Marsh, Bart., M.D., Physician in Ordinary to the Queen in Ireland.

"I consider Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil to be a very pure Oil, not likely to create disgust, and a therapeutic agent of great value."

Dr. David Smith, F.R.S., Medical Officer to the Poor Law Board of Great Britain.

"We think it a great advantage that there is one kind of Cod Liver Oil which is universally admitted to be genuine—the Light Brown Oil supplied by Dr. De Jongh. It has long been our practice, when prescribing the Oil, to recommend this kind, since, amidst so much variety and uncertainty, we have confidence in its genuineness." (Extract from "Consumption: its early and Remediable Stages.")

Dr. Barlow, F.R.S., Sen. Physician to Guy's Hosp.

"I have frequently recommended persons consulting me to make use of Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil. I have been well satisfied with its effects, and believe it to be a very pure Oil, well fitted for those cases in which the use of that substance is indicated."

Dr. Lawrence, Physician to H.R.H. the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

"I invariably prescribe Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil in preference to any other, feeling assured that I am recommending a genuine article, and not a manufactured compound in which the efficacy of this invaluable medicine is destroyed."

Sir Joseph Olliffe, M.D., Physician to the British Embassy at Paris.

"I have frequently prescribed Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil, and I have every reason to be satisfied with its beneficial and salutary effects."

Dr. Lankester, F.R.S., Coroner for Central Middlesex.

"I consider that the purity of this Oil is secured in its preparation by the personal attention of so good a Chemist and intelligent a Physician as Dr. De Jongh, who has also written the best Medical Treatise on the Oil with which I am acquainted. Hence, I deem the Cod Liver Oil sold under his guarantee to be preferable to any other kind as regards genuineness and medicinal efficacy."

Dr. Granville, F.R.S., Author of the "Spas of Germany."

"Dr. Granville has found that Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil produces the desired effect in a shorter time than other kinds, and that it does not cause the nausea and indigestion too often consequent on the administration of the Pale Oil."

Edwin Canton, Esq., F.R.C.S., Surgeon to Charing Cross Hospital.

"For several years past I have been in the habit of prescribing Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil, and find it to be much more efficacious than other varieties of the same medicine which I have also employed with a view to test their relative superiority."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL is sold only in Imperial Half-pints, 2s. 6d.; Pints, 4s. 9d.; Quarts, 9s.; Capsuled and Labelled with his Stamp and Signature

WITHOUT WHICH NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE

By all respectable Chemists and Druggists throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,

ANSAR HARFORD & Co.,

77, STRAND, LONDON, W.C.

CAUTION.—Beware of unprincipled attempts to substitute inferior or worthless preparations.

The New York Tribune

THE CONSOLIDATION OF ITALY, so long fragmentary and impotent, into one powerful state, with Rome as its capital; the humiliation of France through a series of crushing defeats, ending with the siege and capitulation of her proud and gay metropolis; the expulsion of the Bourbons from the Spanish throne, and the obliteration of them of a whole of the most illustrious among royal houses; the virtual absorption of the kingdoms of Saxony, Wurtemburg, Bavaria, with Baden, Hesse, the Hanse Towns, &c., under the headship of Prussia, into the triumphant and powerful empire of Germany; and the arming of Russia to re-assert her preponderance in the councils of Europe, or to prosecute her often postponed but never relinquished designs on the great city founded by Constantine, and the vast but decaying and anarchical dominions of the Sultan, all combine to invest with profound interest the eventful tidings of the Old World. The *Tribune*, through trusted correspondents stationed at all points in Europe where great movements are in progress or imminent, aims to present a complete and instructive panorama of events on that continent, and to mirror the prolonged struggle between middle age Feudalism and Ecclesiasticism on the one hand and Nineteenth-Century Scepticism and Secularism on the other. Recognizing a Divine Providence in all the proceeds and in it looks hopefully on the real conflict as destined (through our own recent convulsion) to evolve from strife, disaster, and seeming chaos, a fairer and happier future for the toiling masses of mankind.

In our own country, a war upon corruption and rascality in office has been inaugurated in our city, whereby the government of our State has been revolutionised through an initial triumph of Reform which surpasses the most sanguine anticipations. It is morally certain that the movement thus inaugurated cannot, in its progress, be circumscribed to any locality or any party, but in its purifying influence is destined to be felt in every part of the Union, rebuking venality, exposing robbery, wresting power from politicians by trade, and confiding it to those worthiest and fittest to wield it. To this beneficent and vitally needed reform, the *Tribune* will devote its best energies, regardless of personal interests or party predilections, esteeming the choice of honest and faithful men to office as of far greater moment than a New Departure the most emphatic and auspicious.

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE.

DAILY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, $10 per annum.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, $4 per annum. Five copies or over, $3 each; an extra copy will be sent for every club of ten sent for at one time; or, if preferred, a copy of "Recollections of a Busy Life," by Mr. Greeley.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of the table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 5.30 p.m.
Arrives, 8.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.00 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 3.30 p.m
Arrives, 12.50 p.m., 9.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company,

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 3 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 9 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.....1 12½

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 4.

GRAIN.	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 20 to 1 25
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 o 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	5 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 80
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Pheasants	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 08 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 12
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 09 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 06 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddocks, per lb	0 8 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 10
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 00 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 00 to 10 00
do Scrf, do	10 00 to 10 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, June 3.—Receipts of hogs, 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 $1.18½ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64½c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62½c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46½c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91½c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8½c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4½c, Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, June 3. Cotton, dull at 18¾ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged,

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17 05.

Lard, 15 1 6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c. for State and new.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 4 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it sells like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now.' H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.Q., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be sold will do well to come at once. J. METCALFE.
2577
Ottawa, March 2, 1874.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclose to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 255

WANTED.—We will give men and women Business That Will Pay from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood. It is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address,
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston.

THE MISSES SINGLETON
HAVE REMOVED
Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 191 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.
N.B.—A beautiful assortment of Imper Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.
April 30, 1874. 2557-3m

STANDARD
AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES
First-class Bevel, 5 x 70 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated *Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions* of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.
H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York.
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.
Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
AGENT:
G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 16, 1874. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
All Mails are closed by Montreal time, a minute faster than Ottawa time.
1874 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
DELIVERIES	7.00	10.00	1.00	4.00

CLOSING.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

MAILS.

[illegible]

Matter posted up to 5:00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packet the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 00 p.m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be opened at 5:30 p.m., in which only registered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office, interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9:00 a.m. to 4 p.m.
O. P. BAKER,
Postmaster
Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

NEW
Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,
No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.
The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop
At No. 54, Sussex Street,
Where they will be prepared to execute all work in
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING,
Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.
Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.
We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the business.
All work warranted for One Year.
JAMES MITCHELL.
MASON & COOK.
Ottawa, March 2, 1874.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL
(Formerly the British Hotel.)
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.
This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.
The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.
CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.
Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.
J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.
Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 249y

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.
ROBERT GRAHAM,
Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.
In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well lighted.
The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.
Good Yard and Stables.
ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 242

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,
Chicago,
The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.
The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.
GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jan 1, 1874. 236 5 law

The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of N. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery Stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 251y

CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE
Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, whether from childhood or manhood.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures glandular swellings,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores;
Cures cancerous tumors,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor submits authority to give it a trial to test its value.
Thousands of testimonials from all parts.
Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, its each—sufficient to cure the worst and most long great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.
Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London
Newbery & Sons, 27 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873 2467-1wly

$955,000
IN CASH GIFTS
TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE
Mercantile Prize Association
OF NEW YORK.
DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000	
6 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500	
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200	
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100	
500 Gold Watches			$75 to 300	
275 Sewing Machines			60 to 150	
5 Grand Pianos			250 to 700	
1,000 Gold Pieces			50 to 300	

Also Silver-Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000.
A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25 cents. Circulars describing prizes are sent in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.
You will know what your Prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.
OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 22. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the city.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 8.
REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, Ky., $10,000; Miss Hattie Sanker, Quincy, Ill., $1,000; Mrs Julia F. Blake, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1,000; Samuel W. Raymond, Boston, $3,000; Greene, Bracket, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Anna Capsol, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.
Gold Coin Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. Tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $5, 55 for $10, 100 for $20.
Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.
Address, MONAY, GRAY & CO.,
April 29, 1874. 88 Nassau-st., New York City.

MANITOBA AND NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.
On and after the 5th JUNE next, the following rates will be charged for passenger and freight between Prince Arthur's Landing, Thunder Bay and Fort Garry, Manitoba.
Each passenger, adult, with 20 lbs. of baggage.....$10.00
Each passenger under fourteen years of age, with 20 lbs. of baggage.....$5.00
Children under three years of age.....Free.
All freight securely packed (not including Household Furniture, Machinery) per 100 lbs.....$ 4.00
Household Furniture (at owner's risk), per 100 lbs.....$3.00
All Machinery, special rates.
Horses, Cattle, Sheep, &c., at special rates.
No Wines or Spirituous Liquors will be carried over any part of the route.
Through Tickets from Thunder Bay to Fort Garry can be had at the office of the Contractors, W. H. Carpenter & Co., Thunder Bay.
By direction,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 18th May, 1874. 2575-12m3w3

NOTICE.
Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. FRNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.
R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 28th, 1874. 279-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given, that having purchased Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Co-partnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Orpwood, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned.
W. A. ARMSTRONG.
Ottawa, May 16th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.
J. H. BELL, M.A. L. G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Bell's Block, No. 2 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 9, 1874. 2b 8-6m

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time than at any thing else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

Just Issued! STEPPING STONES to the place of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.
A New Glee Book For Temperance Use Price 75 cents each Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.
ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.
(P. O. Box 5429.)
GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method	Price, 2 50
The best Instructor for the Voice: Ludden's School for the Voice	Price, 2 50
The Best Guitar Instructor: Worrall's Guitar	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices: Sangerfest	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices: No Plus Ultra Glee Book	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home: The Cluster	Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book: Fairy Echoes	Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Association: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Postpaid, by
J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.
Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the
A New Music Book latest and best work for Singing Classes. The singing-class department is unequaled, and the Music is all New, Fresh, and *Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work.
For Public Schools. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.
Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.
J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER;
Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60, Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Gold Watches, from £10 to £100	Gold Chimes, Turret, Carriage, Clinik, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.
Lever, Various, Horizontal, Duplex, Cuvonometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at the establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by H. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure so materials and a sufficient coating of silver to insure long and hard wear. Manufactory, No. 58 and 60, Ludgate Hill.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17, 1874. 2467-1wly

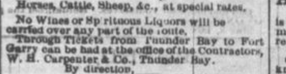
ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.
is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 1s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
Apothecaries' Hall, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES
FOR
CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,
Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine,
As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The Nourishing Qualitative Properties are prolonged, appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.
Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,
SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,
And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World. Who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO
Farmers and Gardeners.
All persons who wish to raise the LARGEST AND BEST
CABBAGES,
IN THE WORLD,
Should send 25cts for one package of imported
ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED
Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of 25 lbs. readily may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions how and when to plant accompany each package.
M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
April 30, 1874. 88 Nassau-st., New York City.

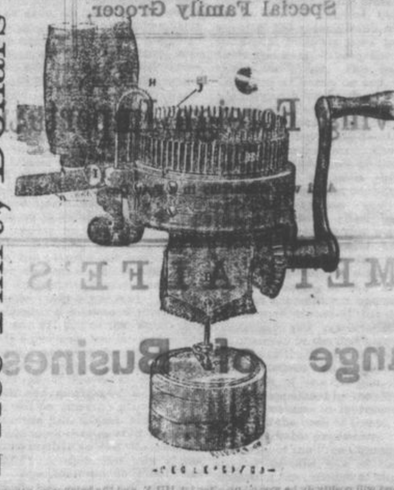
DATURA TATULA,
FOR
Asthma and Bronchitis,
is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.
General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."
Dr. M. Veagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect ever witnessed."
Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes, Pastilles, for inhalation, in boxes.
Wholesale and Retail of
SAVORY AND MOORE
143 New Bond-st., London, W.
And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatic and Pancreatine Wine, by the use of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR
Savory & Moore's
PREPARATIONS, &c.
Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.
" Lyman Bros. & Co., 137 King-st., Toronto.
Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal Preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H. I. H. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.
143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.
COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st., London; and all Chemists, Druggists and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.
March 17, 1874. 2518-12m



MANITOBA AND NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.
On and after the 5th JUNE next, the following rates will be charged for passenger and freight between Prince Arthur's Landing, Thunder Bay and Fort Garry, Manitoba.
Each passenger, adult, with 20 lbs. of baggage.....$10.00
Each passenger under fourteen years of age, with 20 lbs. of baggage.....$ 5.00
Children under three years of age.....Free.
All freight securely packed (not including Household Furniture, Machinery) per 100 lbs.....$ 4.00
Household Furniture (at owner's risk), per 100 lbs.....$3.00
All Machinery, special rates.
Horses, Cattle, Sheep, &c., at special rates.
No Wines or Spirituous Liquors will be carried over any part of the route.
Through Tickets from Thunder Bay to Fort Garry can be had at the office of the Contractors, W. H. Carpenter & Co., Thunder Bay.
By direction,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 18th May, 1874. 2575-12m3w3

REMOVAL
The undersigned HAS REMOVED to
Stockdale's Block,
RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.



Price Thirty Dollars — Price Thirty Dollars
Family Knitting Machine
A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 stitches a Minute. It will Knit
Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Mufflers, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Leggins, Mats, Cord, Underskirts, Shawls, Jackets, Gloves, Fancy Articles, Suspenders, Wristlets, Tidies, Tubes Work.
JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.
OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 6th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON
HAIR-DRESSING
ROOMS
72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

T. E. MOORE

LADIES!
life has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can new make up the largest switch, 22 inches, equal to comb equal to half of finest quality.
72 SPARKS-ST.
May 1, 1874.

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE
PURELY
DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
FREE FROM
TURKEY
VINEGAR BITTERS
Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.
The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

SPRING 1874.
Edwards & Rutledge,
FAMILY GROCERS,
Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.
A full stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES
Just received. Also a large supply of
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.
Strict attention paid to the supply of families.
A TRIAL SOLICITED.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874. 2557y

S. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER,
6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.
Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.
Persons requiring Coffin Furniture, Crapes, Hat-bands, Gloves, &c., can depend upon being ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.
Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.
S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 28th, 1874.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.
Ottawa, April 28th, 1874.
Authorized Discount on American currency, on ll further notice, 11 per cent.
R. R. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.
The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.
ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.
ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—
GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	6.30 P.M.
13 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mixed	2.30 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

1 Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Home & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	6.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.
Time faster than by any other route.
Trains are run on Montreal time.
THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville & Ottawa Railway
For Ottawa via Brockville.
TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY
LEAVE

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	3.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.

ARRIVE

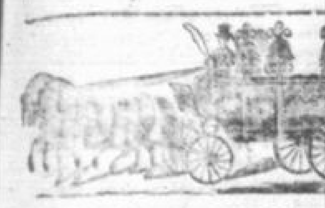
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	8.10 p.m.

The 10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.00 p.m.
The 4.30 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 5.45 p.m.
Connections made at Saint Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.
A. E. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
SPRING ARRANGEMENTS, 1874.
Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new Ordinary Cars on all

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2587 — OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS



ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

Orders by telegraph promptly attended to. 2476-ly

DR O. C. WOOD,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, Day office opposite the Times office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.

Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

Ottawa, May 1, 1870.

DR J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.

Dec. 8, 1873. 2454

DR LOGAN.

Homeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and inflammatory affections. 1758

DR J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.

Ottawa, Oct. 14 1873. 2401-3m.

DR HENDERSON,

Homeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.

Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.

Ottawa, March 23, 1872. 2023y

DR BURROWS,
C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.

Office and Residence;—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.

April 29, 1871 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, DDS, LDS,

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

Office—Sparks-st.

March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,

Barristers and Attorneys-at Law.

Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.

Office—Gatty's Block, Rideau Street,

G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.

Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW FIRM

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. F. REMON.

Feb. 1, 67 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,

(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)

Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.

Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

ARCHAMBAULT, ANDREW LEAMY, Notary. Advocate.

Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.

Hull, Jan 14, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2383-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c

OFFICE:

Master in Chancery Chambers,

COURT HOUSE,

OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, JR.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,

Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.

March 6, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,

ADVOCATE,

Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,

MAIN STREET, HULL.

Hull, March 8, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,

Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)

Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.

March 5, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 13, 1873. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT

Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.

Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.

Nov. 12 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Office:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

JNO. WILLIAMS

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

—TOOK—

ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any machine in the market.

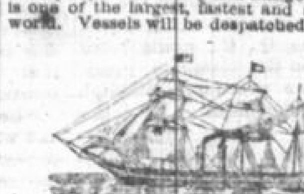
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell Singer's and other popular machines. Apply in person or by address.

GEO. DAWSON,
98 Sparks-st., Ottawa
2267-3m

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



POLYNESIAN	June	6
SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin......$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage......$39 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

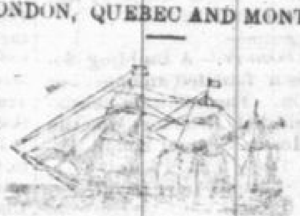
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN,
DELTA.

The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from

LONDON

For Quebec and Montreal

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,

(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from

QUEBEC FOR LONDON

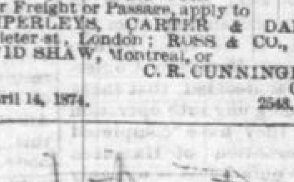
ABOUT 7th MAY.

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and to the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st, London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or

C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.

April 14, 1874. 2548.



Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

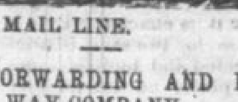
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.

OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2564



ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.

Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted] at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.

A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.

Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS......P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.

Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.

The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.

Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.

Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.

R. W. SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa, May 2, 1874. 2576-ly

GOOD TIMES COMING

—IN—

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,

—IN—

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,

I remain, &c.,

C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)

May 13, 1874.

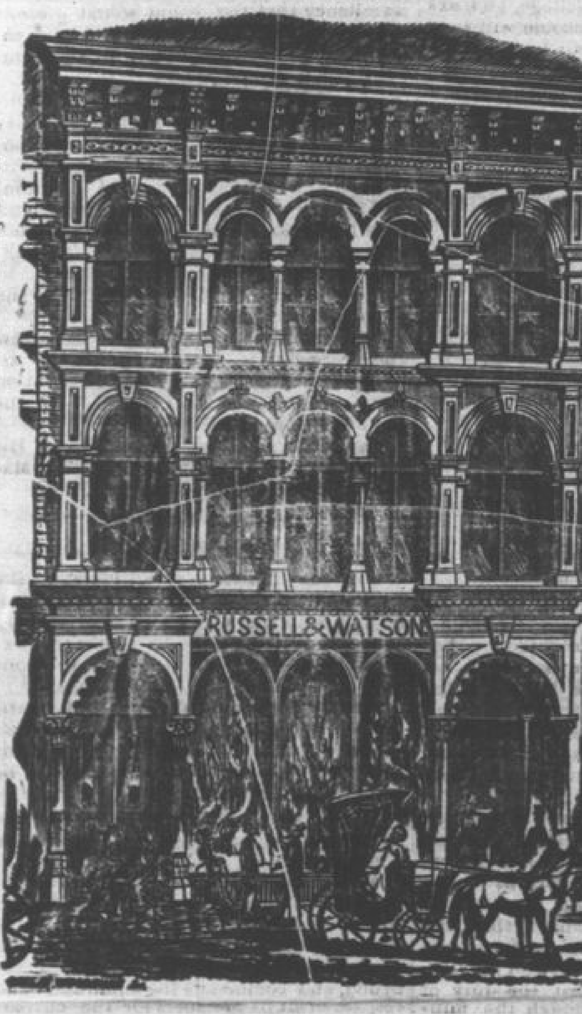
Tailoring Department.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS

—COMPRISING—

TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable prices.



WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock [illegible]

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.

RUSSELL & WATSON

May 2, 1874

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER

BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.

All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

, 1874. 2494

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo......75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner......60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold......$1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

139 SPARKS-ST

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL

Branches of Builders Work!

Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application

COAL and WOOD STOVES,
HOUSEFURNISHINGS,
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,

31 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2528

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.

N. S. BLASDELL & Co.

Victoria Foundry & Machine Works, Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2385

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [illegible] Montreal. 2421-ly

---

A LARGE VARIETY OF

GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER

SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT

DACIER'S DRUG STORE,

43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.

March 23, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS

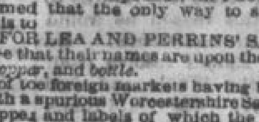
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other immitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free

Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent *free.* Send at once. Claremont, Daniels & Co., 265 Notre Dame-st., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built, three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $40. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Ledoc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable *in this locality.*

No 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 5 and 6, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold *en bloc,* with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.

J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 2x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $4,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

PLANTS!

Plants, Plants,

100,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.

ALSO:

A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—

Verbenias,
Petunias,
Asters,
Stocks,
Balsams,
Everlasting Flowers,
Dianthus, &c., &c.

For sale at reasonable prices at

ANDREW HICKEY'S,
Bank Street Road,
adjoining Rideau Canal.

2565-1m

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's
PERFUME CASES,
SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES,
IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS,
TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.,

And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medalists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES

Selected, and Shipping orders executed
re and despatch 2245

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME

$60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address

R J STANTON Hoboken, N.J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH

Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.

$2 a year, with premiums; $1.50 without.

J. ACKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.

May 7, 1874. 2561-1m

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5.000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 EACH
Five Prizes $500 EACH
Ten Prizes $100 EACH
} Greenbacks,

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $500 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1 00 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c. Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.

June 1 1874 2554 d&w

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices, AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa. Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co

Feb. 23 1874.

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS,

Attractive, Useful and very Popular!

CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS

For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.

River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Cantata of Esther. Dramatized. 40c. Immensely popular.

Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes. 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.

River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book, 75c.

River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.

Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass. Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874. F. BRAUN, Secretary.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

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This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

OTTAWA COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

The Governor General Laying the Corner Stone.

The ceremony of laying the corner stone of the new building for the Collegiate Institute, was performed yesterday by His Excellency, the Governor General, in the presence of a large concourse of people as well as the pupils of the Institute and several other educational establishments in the city.

The new building is situated in the corner of Cartier Park, near the Canal, and will be sufficiently retired for educational purposes. His Excellency arrived on the ground soon after three o'clock accompanied by Colonel Fletcher, and was received by Mayor Featherston and the Trustees of the Institute, and he was also introduced to the Trustees of the Public and Separate Schools.

The following address was presented to Lord Dufferin by the Board of Trustees:

To His EXCELLENCY EARL DUFFERIN,

May it please Your Excellency:

The Board of Trustees of the Collegiate Institute of the City of Ottawa, are aware of the great interest that Your Excellency takes in all matters that tend to the welfare of Canada, and especially of its educational institutions, having respectfully prayed Your Excellency to lay the foundation stone of this building, which, when completed, will be devoted to the purpose of teaching the higher branches of a classical, scientific, and English education, and Your Excellency having graciously consented to comply with its prayer, now expresses to Your Excellency their sincere satisfaction for the encouragement Your Excellency this day gives to its endeavors to establish in Ottawa a Collegiate Institute worthy of the Capital of the Dominion.

The Board wishes further to convey to Your Excellency its constant desires for the welfare of Your Excellency and the Countess of Dufferin, and its hope that Canada under the fostering care of Your Excellency, as the representative of its Gracious Sovereign, will advance in intellectual culture, as it has heretofore advanced in material prosperity.

JOHN P. FEATHERSTON, Chairman.

Ottawa, June 4, 1874.

His Worship the Mayor also read the following *resumé* of the history of the Institute:

The Ottawa Collegiate Institute, formerly known as the Grammer School, was established in the year 1843, at the time when the Bathurst District was divided, and the Eastern Division became the Dalhousie District, now the County of Carleton. The Rev. Thomas Wardrope, afterwards Pastor of Knox Church, Daly street, now of Guelph, was the first Head Master. He received his appointment from the then Governor of the Province, Sir Charles Metcalfe.

The first Board of Trustees consisted of the Rev Dr. Strong, Rev. J. Cruickshank, Rev. Father Phelan, Messrs. J. B. Lyon Fellows, and Joseph Coombs. The Rev. Mr. Wardrope held office for two years, when he resigned, and was succeeded by the late Rev. John Robb, whose tenure of office extended from 1845 to 1850.

Mr. William A. Ross, of the firm of Scott, Ross & Stewart, of this city, was the next head master, and held the appointment from 1850 to 1856. Mr. Miller, M. A. of Trinity College, Dublin, followed from 1856 to 1858; the Rev. H. J. Borthwick, M. A. now Public School Inspector of this city, from 1858 to 1862. The present head master, Mr. J. Thorburn, M. A., received his appointment in 1862.

The first house leased as a school building for the grammar school, was that recently occupied by Mr. Patterson, east side of Ottawa street, between Daly and Stewart Streets. The school was next removed to a house on the same site as that now occupied by the store of Mr. Jas. Hope, corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. It was next moved to a building on the corner of Elgin and Albert streets, the present site of Dufferin Terrace. Again it was moved to Cook's building, south side of Queen street. The building at present occupied by the Institute on Queen street City Hall Square, was leased in 1862.

This institution, as will be seen from the above statement, has hitherto been leading a somewhat nomadic life, without any local habitation, moving from one building to another, as circumstances necessitated. It is therefore a matter deserving of special thankfulness, that this unsatisfactory state of affairs will soon be obviated by the erection of a suitable and commodious building, which will be an ornament to the city.

By a recent act of the Provincial Legislature the grammar schools were remodelled and received the designation of High schools, and by a clause of that act it is provided that, to encourage the establishment of superior classical schools, it shall be lawful for the Lieut. Governor in Council to confer on any high school in which not less than four masters are fully engaged in teaching the subjects of the prescribed curriculum, and in which the daily average of male pupils studying the Greek or Latin language shall not be less than sixty, the name of Collegiate Institute. In terms of this provision the Ottawa High School received the status of Collegiate Institute in November 1872.

The Trustees of the Collegiate Institute Board for the current year are: J. P. Featherston, Chairman; E. McGillivray, Geo. Hay, Rev. D. M. Gordon, B. D., Jas. Warnock, Wm. Pennock, Francis Clemow, A. Rowe John Pennock, Secretary-Treasurer. M. Nile, Messenger.

STAFF OF TEACHERS.

J. Thorburn, M. A., Head Master; J. McMillan, B. A., Assistant Classical and Science Master; Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A., Mathematical Master; Thos. Hislop, Graduate of Normal School, Toronto, English Master; Mons. Ami, French Master.

The stone, which is a massive block of angular shape, so as to fit the corner of the building and rest on both walls, will have a marble slab let in with the following inscription: "Architect, W. T. Thomas, Superintending Architect, W. Chesterton, Contractor, George Crain; Trustees, J. P. Featherston, F. Clemow, E. McGillivray, G. Hay, Rev. D. M. Gordon, W. Pennock, J. Warnock, A. Rowe. This stone was laid by His Excellency, Lord Dufferin, June 4, 1874."

In the cavity of the stone were deposited the record, coins, and newspapers published below:

The following coin, all of late dates, were put in a leaden casket:

1 50 cent silver piece; 1 25 cent do; 1 10 cent do; 1 5 cent do; 1 1 cent.

The following are the names of the newspapers sacrificed to the ceremony:

Ottawa *Free Press*, TIMES, *Daily News, Courier D'Outouais, Citizen;* Toronto *Globe* and *Mail;* Montreal *Herald* and *Gazette, Grip.*

The site for the building was selected by the Board, and purchased at a cost of $3,000.

The designs, drawings, &c., were prepared by W. T. Thomas, of Montreal, Architect. The style of the building is gothic, and simple in character.

The main body of the masonry is to be faced stone from the quarry of Mr. Robert Skead, the projecting portions of the window dressings to be limestone. The oriel windows and labels to be of Berea stone from Ohio.

The whole of the basement is to be used as a play room, and to have entrances on either side. On the ground floor will be two large charcoal rooms, library, apparatus room, and small rooms for the use of the teachers. The first floor will be divided into study and class rooms, and the attic to be formed into one large lecture room.

The principal entrance will be on Lisgar street, and a smaller one on the side next to Cartier Square, for the use of the teachers.

The total cost, exclusive of the heating, amounts to $25,594.

Mr. George Crain has taken the contract for the erection of the entire building, and Mr. Walter Chesterton is the architect superintending.

LATIN ADDRESS.

The following address was presented on behalf of the students to His Excellency;

PACE TUA, ILLUSTRISSIME,

Nos, discipuli Ottawaensis Academiae Scholae, animis libentissimus et maxima voluntate salutem tibi dicimus.

Per gratum nobis fecisti, quod, a cura tua regni et aitis laboribus cessans ad hoc festum solenne nostrum venisti, ut primum lapidem hujus academici aedificii pro doctrina et educatione juvenum instituti ponas.

In rem tuam erat ut, in juvenilibus annis more majorum tuorum, animus tuus insigni fonte literarumque aleretur, et postea, annis volventibus, ductus delectatione tam audiendi quam videndi novas res in altis regionibus septentrionum, onustus tuorum itinerum ad multas exteras nationes opimis fructibus domum incolumis redires.

Iste praeclarus cultus artis literarumque, qui vitam tuam adornat, nos certiores facit ut studia, quae ad humanitatem et bonos mores pertinent, quae in majus triumphos scientiae provehunt, et itaque adjumenta gerendi vitae opera dant, benigne aestimes.

Haec schola permultos annos artes praeceptaque morum docest, lumina scientiae et literarum diffundat, et fons sempiternus inviolatae fidei veritatisque nulis postmodo multis sit.

Ne te diutius sermone nostro detineamus, oramus ut amico et benigno animo haec dicta accipias, et magna multaque bona tibi et conjugi tuae pulchrae praeclaraeque precamur.

Nunc dicendum est
Valeatis tuque tuique.

His Excellency, in reply, read the following:—

Alumni, Ottawaensis Academiae Scholae:—

Dies notandos mihi candidissimis calendis istos semper puto in quibus vitam dare, et amico vultu aspicere in instituta disciplinae litterisque dedita mihi occurrat.

Viatores nunc estis per semitas arduas angustiasque, ut mature in jucundissima istague scientia prata viniastis.

Labores, crede mihi, me cognoscentes magno praemio compensati erunt, praemia potestatis; scire, hoc est potestatem habere.

Hoc saxo quadrato posito, tam certa sedes ad praeclarum aedificium struendum Spectantes mementote Ciceronis verborum—"Senectus fundamentis adolescentia constituta est."

Restat ut vobis gratias referam propter amica verba erga meipsum conjugemque; Vobis vestrisque multam salutem dico, multos annos famae notissimos praedico.

Master Bradley, a boy of eleven years of age read the following address with remarkable clearness and propriety:—

May it please Your Excellency:

Having been invited by the Directors of the Collegiate Institute of which you have just laid the foundation stone, to be present on this occasion it was thought that Your Excellency would not be displeased if we ventured to present you with a short address, and, accordingly 45 boys and 31 girls tried their hands at it. Out of these 76 attempts the following remarks have been selected and the address therefore embodies just what the pupils of the Public Schools themselves thought to say to Your Excellency. In the first place we desire to thank Your Excellency for the great interest you take in the education of the young, and we remember with gratitude the good advice you gave us at our Annual Exhibition last Christmas, when Your Excellency and the Countess of Dufferin were so kind as to honor the meeting with your presence. As a proof that Your Excellency's instructions were attentively received, it may not be improper to say that in about forty of the seventy-six drafts out of which this address is made, that speech was referred to as a cause of great encouragement. We have tried to follow your good counsel and many of us are now looking forward to the time when we shall be sufficiently advanced in our studies to enter in the Collegiate Institute. It is our hope that like the Public Schools, it will be free to all the children who may, be qualified to enter it, and if it shall be so, it cannot fail to be of the greatest advantage to Ottawa and the country generally.

We desire to say that we value our great privileges and that we hope to prove our gratitude by cherishing a loyal attachment to our noble Queen, whom we have all so much reason to reverence and love.

As Your Excellency is the first Governor General, so far as we know, who has honored the Public Schools by his countenance, we desire to thank you for having set the example, and we beg to assure Your Excellency that we shall esteem it a very great honor if you should again countenance our anniversaries.

These are only a few of the remarks contained in the papers submitted by the scholars but they are those most frequently repeated and as such are offered to Your Excellency with sincere good wishes for your health and happiness and for the health and happiness of Her Ladyship the Countess of Dufferin, whose goodness in accompanying Your Excellency at our Christmas meeting and her nice pleasant looks while there we shall never forget.

His Excellency very kindly enquired the boy's name, and then said: Master Bradley, I beg to thank you for the admirable address that you have presented me with, from your school fellows, both girls and boys, and I must say that they have done very wisely in choosing you, who can read with such propriety, and with such feeling, and with a diction so pure and classical; and the school which you represent could not have devised a better method of convincing those who stand around me of the admirable way of the conduct of that institution. Such a satisfactory specimen of your efforts is the best proof of the excellence of your training. You will have the kindness to return on my behalf, to your school fellows, my best thanks; and I can assure you that Lady Dufferin will very much appreciate the very gallant expressions in which you have been kind enough to allude to her Excellency. (Applause.)

His Excellency further said:—Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen, I have already on so many previous occasions had the opportunity of expressing to the public of Canada the deep interest that I take in all these institutions, and the confirmed conviction that I entertain that there is nothing more calculated to promote the prosperity of the country than establishments of this kind, founded on pure and sound principles, that it will be unnecessary for me to repeat those observations or to give you any fresh assurance of my sentiments in this regard, but I do not wish to let this opportunity pass without expressing my extreme satisfaction for the very satisfactory account with which I have been favored. Of the circumstances which have led to the foundation of this institution — of the prosperous condition in which it is at its commencement, and the promising future that lies before it. And I can assure you that so soon as the object which you have in view is in progress—when the walls of this hall are raised, I shall consider it one of my chief privileges to come and visit the school, (cheers). I may also be forgiven if I take this opportunity of expressing the personal gratification I feel in congratulating those

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Continued from First Page.

who are interested in the success of this institution upon its possession in the Head Master, of a person so admirably qualified to secure the prosperity of the school and conduct it on proper principles. He was one of the first persons with whom I became acquainted on arriving in Ottawa, and I must say that I esteem it as a great privilege that I should have had opportunities of maintaining my intercourse with him, and conversing on many classical subjects. I also have the pleasure of knowing one of his assistants, whom I am perfectly justified in considering a great acquisition to the teaching staff of the College. I trust that in future years it may be my good fortune to extend my acquaintance to the other gentlemen who assist him. I may also be permitted to say that it is my intention to give a silver and a bronze medal to be annually competed for by the pupils on conditions that can be settled between the Head Master and myself. I need only say further that it must be a source of pride and gratification to every inhabitant of Canada to know that there are institutions of this kind, founded on such principles, and administered with such sound judgment, established on such satisfactory conditions in almost every city and centre in the Dominion. It affords the strongest evidence that for the future the young of Canada will have the means of obtaining an education and the development of their natural intelligence, and which will also inculcate the principles of virtue and morality as well as literary wisdom, by which the civilization of the world is maintained.

A silver trowel was then presented to His Excellency, and the corner stone having been lowered to its bed of mortar, he declared it [illegible] laid.

The Rev. Mr. Gordon then offered prayer for the prosperity of the institute, and the protection of those engaged in the work, and the ceremony was brought to a close after three hearty cheers, called for by the Mayor, had been given for the Queen, and three for His Excellency and the Countess of Dufferin.

The band of the Foot Guards played "God Save the Queen," and His Excellency drove off amid cheers.

SPRING

IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Are receiving daily shipments of all the delicacies of the season.
Crosse & Blackwell's English List for 1874 is complete in every shape.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED

STILTON CHEESE.

DAVIS' CELEBRATED

HAMS AND BACON

Are worthy of public attention.

OUR SIMCOE RYE

We can recommend as being a genuine article.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS, 86 Sparks-St.

May 14th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Property for Sale—J. Bermingham.
Flowers—Forfar's.
Concert—Philip Philips.
Offices to Let—R. C. McCuaig.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1873.

It is not improbable that the Brigade Camp for this Military District, shortly to be formed, will this year be in Ottawa, instead of as formerly in Prescott. Lieut. Col. Jackson, Assistant Deputy Adjutant General, arrived in town last night to enter upon the work of preparation.

The scarcity of labor in this part of the country has become a matter of serious consideration with persons engaged in large contracts. Reliable parties say that from three to four hundred persons could find immediate employment in this city. Emigrants of a good class could not find anywhere a better opportunity than is now open to them here of making a start in the world.

PRESBYTERIAN UNION.

With much appropriateness, the Supreme Courts of the two bodies into which the Presbyterian Church of Canada is divided, and which have for some years been negotiating with a view to union, met in this city concurrently on Tuesday, and inaugurated a season the result of the deliberations of which is fraught with momentous consequences to each of them in the future. It will be remembered that last year a joint committee of both bodies submitted to their respective Courts a basis of union, and this basis was remitted by the Supreme Court to the lower courts and the various congregations for their consideration and approval or disapproval. The returns to these remits, as will have been apparent from the detailed reports we have already submitted through the columns of THE TIMES, were of such a nature as to leave no possible room to doubt that the mind of both the Churches was very decisively in favour of the proposed amalgamation. We do not propose now to discuss the propriety or impropriety of the union, although there seems to be little real ground of objection to it, but on the contrary many reasons why its consummation is desirable; nor yet do we intend to enter into the merits of the controversy which has arisen regarding the basis upon which that union is proposed to be accomplished. These may, and we think very properly, form the subject of future comment. In the meantime, it will suffice to state briefly the stage at which the negotiations had arrived in each of the church courts at its adjournment last night.

In the Synod of the Old Kirk—or, more properly, the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland—the issue was submitted fairly and squarely. Mr. McLean, one of the Elders of the Toronto Presbytery, in a motion, with a lengthy preamble, wherein he recited the reasons for his action, moved that the further consideration of the matter be now dropped, which was seconded in a remarkably strongly worded speech by the Rev. John Burnet, of the Hamilton Presbytery. An amendment was moved by the Rev. Mr. Gordon, of this city, seconded by the Rev. Mr. Campbell, Montreal, which, in effect, expressed approval of the union on the proposed basis, and both gentlemen warmly supported the cause in able but temperate speeches. The Rev. Gavin Lang, Montreal, who has taken a very prominent part in opposition to the movement, is the first speaker to-day, having moved the adjournment of the debate last night. So the matter stands at present, so far as this court is concerned, but it is perfectly evident even at this stage that the amendment will be carried by an overwhelming majority.

In the general assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church the position of matters is very similar. The assembly yesterday afternoon resolved itself into committee of the whole to discuss the question, when a motion was submitted by the Rev. Mr. Middlemiss, who, by the way, was at one time opposed to the union, seconded by Dr. Topp, that the Westminster Confession of Faith, without any explanations or commentaries, be made the basis of union. The discussion upon that motion will be proceeded with before this body this morning also, and there is every reason to believe that the result in this instance will be just as in the other, viz.:—an approval of the proposed union by a very large and decisive majority. The debate may be expected to be somewhat exciting; it is to be hoped it will be otherwise with those who take part in it, for the subject is deserving of the most grave and serious consideration of the reverend bodies whose interests it so clearly affects.

HARD UP FOR A CASE.

An Opposition print at Halifax, the *Reporter*, enlarges at length upon the unpopularity of Mr. Mackenzie's Administration. But we cannot judge so harshly of the intelligence of any portion of the reading people of Nova Scotia as to express the fear that they will be at all impressed with what the *Reporter* says. Before admitting that the Government has become unpopular, we must examine the evidence upon which our contemporary bases a statement that cannot be expected to stand without proof. It gives evidence, but what is it? Is there proof, or an attempt to give proof, of a wide-spread disaffection in the Lower Provinces, where our contemporary may possess exceptional means of observation? A change or threatened change of public opinion in Ontario or Quebec, where but a few months ago the expression of confidence by the electors was scarcely less unanimous or less remarkable than in Nova Scotia itself? Was there any indication at any period of the late Session of Parliament that the confidence of the House in Ministers was weakening, or that Mr. Mackenzie was weaker at the close than at the opening of the Session? Nothing of this kind is attempted by the organ of the gentleman who comprises in his own person the leader and the followers of his party from Nova Scotia. Our contemporary is not without its authority, however, such as it is. The broad assertion is made that the "sentiment of disgust," experienced in the Maritime Provinces, is felt in Ontario and is "spreading with great rapidity," and the authority given in support of this strong language is the Renfrew *Mercury*, from which lengthy quotations are made. The article quoted from the *Mercury* is somewhat remarkable in its way. This paper has the misfortune of standing alone amongst the organs of the party to which it is claimed to belong, but to which it does not appear to yield allegiance. Even were it the most faithful of party organs its solitary utterances would at the most prove only its own disaffection. Certainly nothing like a "sentiment of disgust," but in its stead unqualified approval, has been expressed, as far as we have seen without a single exception, with respect to the conduct and the policy of Mr. Mackenzie's Administration. If our Renfrew contemporary has really been giving utterance to sentiments that are indicative of sore-headedness, a fellow in distress could not be found for it amongst the Reform journals of either Ontario or Quebec, nor, do we believe in the Lower Provinces. There is in fact capital evidence of the weakness of our Halifax contemporary's position to be found in the circumstance that its only proof of a surprising and previously unheard of statement is drawn from an obscure local journal published in the backwoods of Ontario. That is the proof given of the existence and rapid spread in Ottawa of what was already prevalent in the Maritime Provinces, of which latter fact we are thus incidentally informed for the first time, but of which no proof whatever is offered. We must be presumed to know something of this matter, although it may be urged against us that our partiality to the Government would prejudice our interpretation of public opinion, just as our Halifax contemporary's antipathy to Mr. Mackenzie would make fair play towards him impossible. But we challenge those who prate about the unpopularity of Ministers to sustain their nonsensical statements by the general voice of the country. The fact is that the party whose leader Mr. Mackenzie is are more devoted to their leader to-day than they ever were before. Mr. Mackenzie did well in Opposition; he is doing far better, it is universally admitted, as leader of the Government. His management of the public business and his lead of the House during the recent session was successful to a degree that was never achieved by his predecessor. The Opposition, on the other hand, went from one failure to another, until latterly their leaders left the House. There was nothing like success at any point achieved by the Opposition. They left the House at the end of the Session weaker in numbers, weaker, if possible, in prestige, and weaker in character than they entered it at the beginning. Yet, with a Government and an opposition thus relatively situated, respectable journalists have the presumption to tell us that a sentiment of disgust prevails, and is spreading, and that, of all places, in the Province of Ontario.

The political adventurers who sold their country for cash with which to corrupt the electoral body, and their followers, who, by attempting to justify their crime, made it their own, have found the contest between themselves and the Government sadly unequal. They are likely to find it so for some time yet to come; and there is no better proof of their consciousness of this truth than their resort to such broken reeds as the Renfrew *Mercury* for consolation.

LITTLE BEGINNINGS.—The steam which raised the lid off the kettle led a philosophic mind to utilize it for man's benefit. No one dreamed that we should now be dragged along by it at the rate of 60 miles an hour. When Perry Davis made a preparation for the medicinal use of his family, thirty years ago, neither he nor any man imagine that it would now be sold in every land, and prove be the Pain Killer of the world. 2583.

The General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

The Moderator took the chair yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, when the Court was opened in the usual manner, and the minutes of the previous sitting read and confirmed.

The Rev. Henry Gordon, delegate of the United States Presbyterian Church, was introduced by Mr. Chambers and took his seat on the platform.

The Committee on Bills and Overtures brought up the order of business, and the Moderator named a committee to provide for the supply of the pulpit in Knox Church on Sabbath next.

ADDRESS TO HIS EXCELLENCY.

Dr. Topp read the report of the committee appointed to draft an address to the Governor General, and the address was read and approved of, and the Moderator, the two Clerks, Hon. John McMurray, D. Topp, Dr. Taylor, and Principal Cavan were appointed to wait upon His Excellency and present the address which was as follows:—

To His Excellency Earl of Dufferin, Governor General of the Dominion of Canada:

The Moderator and members of the Canada Presbyterian Church, in session in this city, beg leave to approach Your Excellency with this declaration of their loyalty and devoted attachment to the person and Government of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, and to assure Your Excellency that they consider it an evidence of the wisdom by which the public acts of Her Majesty are distinguished, and of the deep interest which she takes in her Canadian subjects, that she made choice of a nobleman of Your Excellency's high character and abilities to be her representative in this Dominion.

They recognise the difficulties necessarily connected with the position which Your Excellency has been called to occupy as the ruler over so wide a territory, comprehending such a diversity of national origin and religious belief; and they beg to assure Your Excellency of the cordial support of the people to whom they minister, in all your endeavours to uphold the authority of our beloved Queen in this part of her Empire, and to sustain the institutions of the country, and advance the interests of the people.

It gives them special pleasure to acknowledge Your Excellency as a patron of learning, and a supporter of the literary institutions of the country, and they humbly thank Your Excellency for your generous gift to one of the colleges of this Church, which they have no doubt will prove an incentive to the young in the prosecution of their studies.

It is our prayer that "He by whom kings reign and princes decree justice," may ever guide you in the difficult and responsible duties of your high station, and that His blessing may descend on Your Excellency's person and family.

Done at Ottawa this 4th day of June, A. D. 1874, in the name of the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

Signed by

T. MCPHERSON, Moderator.

WM. REID, M.A. }
WM. FRASER. } Joint Clerks.

Mr. Thompson (Sarnia) said that the Premier would be down, and would introduce the deputation to His Excellency at the Parliament Buildings at 2 o'clock.

A letter was received from the Premier informing the Assembly that the Parliamentary Library would be open to the members daily from 9 until 5 o'clock.

The Home Mission report was agreed to without amendment.

An overture from the Presbytery of Cobourg in favor of a revision of the Home Mission scheme was referred to a committee.

An overture from the Presbytery of Montreal in reference to increased remuneration to students was referred to the committee on the Home Mission report.

An overture from the Ottawa Presbytery praying that the congregation of North Gower and Gloucester be transferred to the Presbytery of Brockville, was agreed to.

Several other overtures of a similar character were disposed of.

Overtures were read from the Presbytery of Toronto, the Presbytery of Hamilton, and communications from the committee in New York of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, all referring to the propriety of holding a Œcumenical Council of the Presbyterian Church.

The Court adjourned at one o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

The Moderator took the chair at three o'clock, and after the meeting had been constituted with the usual religious observances

Mr. James White (Osgoode) moved an expression of approval of the objects named in the communications and the appointment of a committee to meet or correspond with committees from other Presbyterian denominations on the subject.

An eloquent address was delivered by Mr. Gordon, the delegate from the United States Church, and he was cordially thanked by the Moderator.

Several overtures were considered with reference to the admission of students under certain circumstances for theological study.

A question as to assimilating the Church's financial year with the calendar year was brought forward, and it was sent for consideration by Presbyteries.

The report from the committee appointed to consider the modification of the Act relating to the appointment of representatives of Presbyteries at the General Assembly, stated that they had so amended the second section as to enable any Presbytery, in the event of a commissioner being unable to attend, to appoint another at a special or general meeting any time before the meeting of the Assembly.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

The Moderator took the chair at 7:30, and after religious exercises the minutes of the previous sitting were read and confirmed.

THE QUESTION OF UNION.

The Clerk announced that the first business was the report of the Committee to examine returns in Remits sent down on the matter of Union.

Professor Dr. McLaren brought up the report giving the names of the Presbyteries and their votes in approval or disapproval. The returns showed that there were 153 votes of Presbyteries approving, and 89 disapproving, while the London and Ontario disapproved but the votes were not sent in by these Presbyteries. The returns from sessions and congregations were by no means complete, and from two Presbyteries no returns had been received from sessions or congregations. The summary of the votes as far as the returns had been received showed that 274 sessions approved of the basis and resolutions; then there was one who gave a qualified approbation; there were 6 that approved of the basis only, not approving of the resolutions. There were 85 sessions returned disapproving. Of congregations there were 168½ approving; (the half meaning where one congregation had two stations and one station did not agree with the other,) there were 8 in addition that approved of the basis only, but not of the resolutions. This gave 176½ approving. There were 88½ that disapproved, and one that gave a qualified disapproval, making altogether 89½ disapproving.

General dissatisfaction was expressed with the report as it was brought up from the Committee, and it was moved that it be referred back for consideration.

A good deal of discussion took place, and it was necessary to send for some documents in order to give information required.

Dr. Topp, when called upon to produce the report of the Union Committee, stated that a meeting had been held since the Assembly met, but he would rather not make a report of what took place in Committee, until the Conference that he understood was to be proposed, should be held.

It was then moved by Mr. Middlemiss, seconded by Dr. Topp, "The General Assembly having had laid before it the returns to the Remit on union, with certain churches, sent down to Presbyteries, Kirk Sessions and congregations by last Assembly; and also a report from its Committee on Union with said churches, and finding that while a majority of the Presbyteries have expressed approval of the same, there exists considerable difference of opinion in the Church in reference to union on the terms of the Remit, yet believing that notwithstanding this difference, the end which the remit has in view is attainable:—With a view to the attainment of that end, agrees before proceeding further to resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for the purpose of free and brotherly conference on the subject, and with the special object of ascertaining how union may be attained on terms most generally if not universally satisfactory to the Church." He assumed, however anxious, a great majority of the Assembly was for the consummation of union; that there was a general desire that union should be consummated with the least possible offence to conscience and even to feeling. There was a general disposition to use all available means to secure union on terms to which all without exception might feel constrained at least to submit if they did not heartily concur in it. It would be admitted, at least, that if there was not this desire and this disposition that there out to be, and that unless there is real evidence to the contrary it ought to be assumed there was such a disposition pervading the Assembly. He had been careful to draw up this motion in such terms that no one could reasonably object to it. Reference was made to a summary of the facts that had been laid before the Assembly. It committed the Assembly to no expression of opinion except by implication. There was an opinion implied that there was such a state of feeling that, before taking up the subject of Remit there should be a free brotherly conference as not unlikely to bring about an amicable settlement of their difficulties, because difficulties there were on all hands. He felt quite certain that no one would say that this motion was likely to prevent union. It was not going to say with a friend of his that there seemed to be a union phrensy at present. The object of the motion was to lead the Church to pause before committing itself to the principle of union on the Remit, and to consider whether there might not be other courses whereby the same end might be attained; but if on no other terms the union was attainable than on the Remit, then it would be better for all to do what their consciences told them was right. He thought it was manifest that there might be a wiser course than pressing union without delay at all hazards. He felt that they might get the union on the Australian basis.

Dr. Topp in seconding the motion regretted that the mover had seen fit to doubt the possibility of a union on the basis of the Remit.

Some conversation took place as to the terms of the motion, and by a general expressed desire Mr. Middlemiss agreed to alter it so as to ask the Assembly simply to go into committee of the Whole on the question.

The Committee was presided over by Mr. McTavish, who called upon the convenor of the Union Committee to introduce the subject.

Dr. Topp said that it was felt they had come to a satisfactory state in reference to this subject of union, and he was sure that not only the members of the Assembly but all others throughout the country, as well as the brethren who had not seen their way to enter into the mission, would rejoice with them that they could feel that a light had been shed unexpectedly in their path, and that they had been led by a way that was smooth and not upon rocks that would rend them, but to a safe and smooth anchorage where they could gather their forces and proceed on their voyage under the great captain of Salvation. (Applause). Under these circumstances he thought it would be out of place were they to take under review all that had been spoken in Presbyteries and Church Courts, and all that had been written in the newspapers on this subject of union. He thought that every one had had ample opportunity of stating his views and sentiments before the public; and the matter seemed too important and too deeply to affect the interests of Presbyterianism and the kingdom of Christ in this vast Dominion of Canada, and that it was likely to be imperilled by raking up the embers and fanning them into controversy again; therefore, he thought, as there was no desire on the part of any minister in the Assembly to deal with this subject in any other than a desire to maintain the truth, this sort of thing should be avoided. If they could maintain the truth on any basis of union they ought to be satisfied, for they could not settle everything at once. He thought that the report which had been presented by the Convenor of the Committee on Remits showed a very large majority had approved of the basis of union. It would appear from all the returns that had been received from Presbyteries, from sessions and congregations, that the great bone of contention had been in reference to the Headship, but if they could agree to the Confession of Faith they agreed to the doctrine of the Headship in its fullest extent. At a meeting of the Committee on Tuesday morning there was a proposition made, as it was necessary to have a preable to the basis of union which made a clear statement of the doctrine of Headship which he thought would be agreed to. He hoped that there should be union on the basis of the standard, pure and simple. If there were to be any explanations of the standards it must be on the principle of confidence. The present Remit awakened old controversies, and the only way to bury these was to go back on the standards without note or comment. He included in the standards the Westminster Confession of Faith, and the Larger and Shorter Chatachism. He held in accordance with the articles of the present basis as to the spiritual independence of the Church. There were ministers who held the Church is bound to carry out the rules and powers under the control of the civil power.

Mr. Middlemiss wished to intimate what he thought was the course that would preserve unanimity in reference to the question. He felt that the terms of Union that have been before the Church for some years would not effect real union. He thought it well to drop the fourth article in the remit, and the third resolution be dropped, as it was unnecessary if the principle of the independence of the Church was recognized, the fourth and eighth resolutions, the latter having reference to money. He thought there was no hope of going into Union on the Westminster standard, pure and simple.

Mr. Ure held that in respect to property and character, and for their protection, the Civil Court had the right to review the acts of the Church, to see whether malice or anything of the kind prompted the action.

Mr. Middlemiss said that if malice was averred, that would be a question of evidence.

The question was still being discussed when the hour for adjournment arrived. The Committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

The Assembly then adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

GOOD GRACIOUS.—Go and see the Flowers at Forfar's Seed store, Rideau St. 2580

The immense rush still continues. Crowds of people at Metcalf's every day. Goods going off rapidly. 2577

TRUNKS, VALISES, BAGS, the cheapest place in the city at T. SHORES & Co., Sparks Street near Bank-st

$55,000.—Ladies secure some of the cheap Print Grandines, Tussos and Muslins at Stitt & Co's cheap sale. Decided bargains are to be had. 2582

KIRK SYNOD.

THIRD DAY.

MORNING SEDERUNT.

THURSDAY, June 4.

In pursuance to adjournment the Synod of the Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland, met in St. Andrew's Church, at 11 o'clock, the Moderator presiding.

A communication was received from J. Durie, Esq., on behalf of the ladies of Knox's Church, extending an invitation to the members of Synod to attend a tea meeting in their church, Friday evening, at six o'clock, which invitation was accepted.

An invitation was also extended to the Synod by the Mayor, Mr. Featherston, to attend the laying of the corner stone of the Collegiate Institute.

The Synod next proceeded to the election of managers to the Temporalities Board. Rev. Dr. Cook, Dr. Jenkins, Wm. Farling, Esq., and Sir Hugh Allan were elected.

A resolution was adopted that the next annual meeting of Synod be held in St. Paul's Church, Montreal, on the first Tuesday in June, next year.

It was resolved that the services should be conducted as follows in St. Andrew's Church on next Sabbath: Dr. Cook, of Quebec, to officiate at the morning service at 11 o'clock, and Dr. Jenkins, of Montreal, to officiate in the evening at 7.

The Rev. Principal Snodgrass presented and read the Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of "Queen's University," shewing in detail the work that had been done during the past year. An exhibit of the financial condition of the affairs of that institution were presented at the same time.

After considerable discussion on the report, the following resolution was put and carried:—

"Moved by Mr. R. Bell, of Carleton Place, and seconded by the Rev. Mr. Carmichael, of Markham, "That the Synod receive and adopt the report, is pleased to hear of the continued improvement of the financial condition of the College, and express the hope that the income will soon be still more enlarged both by the payment of outstanding subscriptions to the Endowment Fund and the receipt of new contributions, record its satisfaction with the careful administration of the affairs of the Institution, and especially with the marked increase in the attendance of students during the past session; express anew the importance it attaches to the production of lectureships, and regards with special interest the action recently taken by the Colonial Committee of the Church of Scotland for the encouragement of young men willing to leave Scotland in order to prosecute their studies in this Country with a view to the ministry therein, and believe it to be well fitted to promote the important object which the Committee has in view.

The Synod after some routine business then adjourned for recess till 3 p. m.

AFTERNOON SEDERUNT.

In pursuance to adjournment, the Synod met at 3 o'clock, p. m.

REMIT ON UNION.

The Rev. Mr. Burnet presented, on behalf of the Committee, the amended report of the Returns to the Remit of the Synod to Presbyteries, Kirk Sessions and Congregations, held over from yesterday. It differed but little, being merely corrections in the tabular statement previously handed in.

The Rev. Principal Snodgrass said that it ought to be a great source of satisfaction to find that the Synod was by this report put in possession of the returns to the remit. It was also pleasing, he said, to find under the circumstances that the church had been greatly in favor of the proposed Union. He need not adduce any arguments to show what the duty of the court now was, for although the minority was small, it had rights that must be respected. It was necessary to take such steps as would remove causes of difference by an amendment of the basis of Union in order to make the question at issue one of harmony, and as unanimous as possible. He was satisfied by the returns that the great majority of the Curch had approved of the action taken by the Synod, nevertheless he was disposed to do everything towards conciliation. He thought there were but two ways of disposing of the report either to go on, as they were justified in doing by the strength of the returns, and complete the Union under one General Assembly or to proceed to examine more fully the difficulties that stood in the way of Union and to remove them if possible. The latter he thought perhaps the better plan and with that object in view he would therefore move that, as the Remit was so largely in favor of Union, and that the mind of the Church strongly tended in that direction, yet, as there was a small minority opposed to it, a Committee composed of an equal number of those in favor and those opposed to Union meet together in conference with a view to arranging matters of difference and to report to the Synod at the Evening Sederunt.

Elder Croil of Montreal seconded the resolution, hoping it might be the means of bringing about the desired result of conciliating all difference with a view to unanimity on the question of Union.

Elder McLean of Toronto, thought the resolution would prove unexceptionable if the mover would alter that portion commenting on the returns to the remit of the Synod, as that should be a part of the work of any Committee appointed. He approved of a conference between the parties in favor of and opposed to Union.

Rev. Mr. Burnet of Hamilton, thought the Preamble objectionable too, as it was really assuming to be true what was as yet a question of considerable doubt. He believed it necessary to examine the details of the returns with a view to more fully determining their character. He would be only too happy to meet in conference to discuss the question.

Elder Craig of Glengarry, although in favor of Union, would have no objection to alter the preamble to meet the wishes of those who disapproved of it; hoping that by so doing a good result might be attained.

Rev. Mr. Campbell of Montreal thought the returns were satisfactory and objected to any analysis of returns to ascertain the individual opinions of those interested.

Rev. Mr. Lang of Montreal at first thought he liked the resolution but after looking into the matter further, he did not feel that he should be bound to appear before any such committee. He might have to stand alone in his opinion, but he thought a discussion in open Synod was preferable to any conference of committee.

Rev. Mr. Fraser, of Whitby, thought after the remarks of at least some of the minority it would be utter folly to defer the matter any further. He was opposed to a conference, as it courted delay. He would therefore oppose the resolution.

Rev. D. J. Macdonnell of Toronto, thought the resolution should be received unanimously as it was the only feasible plan of solving the difficulties that existed.

The Rev. Mr. Patterson, of Hemmingford, thought the Synod would be stultifying itself by not respecting the returns to the remit, and for this reason he would oppose the proposed conference. He thought the Synod should resolve itself into Committee of the Whole and deal with the subject fairly. He would therefore move that the Synod go into committee of the whole at the Evening Sederunt, to consider the returns to the remit of Union.

The Rev. Mr. Mann, of Pakenham, seconded the amendment.

The Rev. Principal amended his resolution by striking out the preamble so seriously objected to by those opposed to Union.

Dr. Cook, of Quebec, thought the Synod should fearlessly deal with this question as with any other question, and determine in full constituted Synod upon the returns to the remit. It was not treating those who responded to the remit courteously to either hold a conference or go into committee of the whole, as it would provoke a prolonged and needless discussion, and would then afterwards have to come before the Synod to be again discussed. He thought it best to come to the subject at once and economize time. He would therefore move in amendment to the amendment, that when the Synod meets this evening the question of the returns to the remit of the Synod on Union be taken up and discussed by the Court.

Dr. Muir, of Georgetown, seconded the amendment of Dr. Cook.

Elder Morris, of Montreal, would support the resolution for a Conference, and trusted that as it had been amended it would prove acceptable to all.

Dr. Jenkins, of Montreal, thought a Conference very desirable, but if not unanimous it would be productive of no good.

A desire was expressed that Mr. Paterson would withdraw his amendment, to which he objected.

Rev. Principal Snodgrass intimated his desire to withdraw his resolution, but to this the Synod objected.

A division was then taken on the amendment of Dr. Cook, which was declared carried.

A PRIVATE CONFERENCE.

Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, of Toronto moved the adjournment of the Synod when it rose, till 8.30 p. m., with a view to allowing time for six of those favorable to Union meeting six of those opposed to it, to privately discuss the question of Union, with a view to the better understanding of the subject when it came up for discussion in the evening.

The resolution was carried.

ADDRESSES.

The Rev. Mr. Gordon, of Ottawa, desired to call the attention of the Synod to the fact, although somewhat irregular, of a mistake having been made by Colonel Fletcher in supposing that but one Synod was in session in this city, instead of two, and that he had made arrangements for His Excellency to receive the address at the wrong place. He had, therefore, of his own accord, undertaken to say to His Excellency that the Synod would present the address at Rideau Hall, at 5 30 p. m.

The Synod then adjourned till 8:30 p.m.

DEPUTATION TO GOVERNOR GENERAL.

The Very Revd. the Moderator, Very Rev. Principal Snodgrass, Revd's. Professor MacKerras, Clerk of Synod, Professor Williamson, Gavin Lang, Daniel M. Gordon, and Messrs. James Croil, John Morris and Adw. Drummond, moved; were in accordance with a resolution to that effect by the Rev. Mr. Gordon, appointed a deputation to proceed at once to Rideau Hall for the purpose before alluded to.

The deputation accordingly withdrew and proceeded to Rideau Hall. On arriving—the Members of the Deputation were introduced to His Excellency by the Rev. Mr. Gordon.

The Moderator next presented to His Excellency for transmission to Her Majesty the Queen the following address.

ADDRESS TO THE QUEEN.

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty:—

We, the Ministers and Elders of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland, in Synod assembled, desire to renew the expression of our loyal devotion to Your Majesty's person, family and throne.

We have received, with heartfelt gratification, through Your Majesty's honored representative in Canada, the gracious reply which Your Majesty caused to be transmitted to this Synod, in acknowledgment of the Address with which, last year, we had the honor of approaching Your Majesty.

Your Majesty's assurance of regard for this Church, no less than the evidences which, from time to time, reach us of Your Majesty's attachment to the Church of Scotland, is deeply gratifying to the Synod, and commands the admiration and respect of all its members for the character of Your Majesty as a Christian Queen and Ruler.

We take this opportunity of expressing to Your Majesty the sincere pleasure with which the Synod regards the late marriage of His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh to the Imperial Princess Alexandrowna of Russia; and we earnestly pray that this auspicious union may, under God, contribute to Your Majesty's personal happiness, and also to the peace of Europe and of the world.

We rejoice that peace now prevails throughout Your Majesty's vast Dominions. We especially rejoice with all Your Majesty's loyal subjects, in the success which, by the blessing of Providence, has attended the operations of Your Majesty's forces in the recent war against the King of Ashantee, under the conduct of a commander long and honorably identified with Your Majesty's military service in this country.

That Almighty God may bless your Majesty with health and happiness and long life, for the Empire's sake, and for His great Glory, is our constant prayer at the Throne of Grace.

Signed in name and by appointment of Synod, at Ottawa, this fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

J. H. MACKERAS, Clerk. J. RANNIE, Moderator.

He afterwards read the following address to His Excellency the Governor General.

ADDRESS TO HIS EXCELLENCY.

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Earl of Dufferin, K. P., K. C. B, Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, &c., &c.

May it please Your Excellency:

We, the Ministers and Elders of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland, in Synod assembled, beg leave anew to tender to you, as Her Majesty's representative, our expressions of loyalty and regard.

Last year we hailed with satisfaction the appointment to the government of this Dominion, in the person of Your Excellency of a nobleman of eminent intellectual ability, and private and public virtue, and in whom, with pardonable pride, we recognised the descendant of an ancient and illustrious Scottish house.

From the high position which Your Excellency had before occupied in public affairs, and your well known literary attainments, we had a right to suppose that we were peculiarly favored by such an appointment, and to anticipate the happiest results from your administration.

We rejoice now to think that, by general acclaim, it is acknowledged that such anticipations have been more than realised, and we earnestly trust Your Excellency may be spared to us to complete the full term of office of the Governor Generals of this Dominion, and that every year, under your fostering care, it may continue to enjoy the blessings of peace and increasing prosperity. Above all, we feel deeply grateful for the happy influence which your own example and that of Lady Dufferin, have had in advancing those objects which it is our great business to promote, and we assure Your Excellency, that it shall be our constant and strenuous endeavor to inculcate that righteousness, without which no Government can be stable, and no country can be prosperous.

That every spiritual and temporal blessing may ever attend Your Excellency is our earnest prayer.

Signed this fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

J. H. MACKERAS, Clerk. J. RANNIE, Moderator.

His Excellency stated that he would in due time answer their very kind address by a written reply.

The deputation then withdrew and returned to the city.

$55,000.—Ladies are well satisfied with the bargains to be had at Stitt & Co's cheap sale now going on. The store is crowded every day. 2582

DID YOU EVER SEE such a lot of beautiful flowers as Forfar has at his seed store, Rideau street, opposite Dalhousie. 2582-1

The Court of Appeal.

We believe that the arrangements for constituting the new Court of Appeal are so far advanced, that the names of the judges composing it may be safely indicated. Chief Justice Draper retains his position as President of the Court, Mr. Justice Strong being the senior of the three new judges. Mr. George W. Burton, Q.C., of Hamilton, who was called to the Bar in 1842, and appointed one of Her Majesty's Counsel in 1863, will be next in order of seniority to Mr. Justice Strong—Mr. Justice Gwynne having declined the offer of a seat in the Appellate Court. Had Mr. Justice Gwynne accepted the appointment, it is understood that Mr. Christopher S. Patterson, Q. C., would have been his successor in the Common Pleas. As matters stand we presume, although no official announcement to the effect has been made, that Mr. Patterson will now be the fourth judge of the Court of Appeal, the organization of which will thus be completed. Mr. Patterson was called to the Bar in 1851, and made a Queen's Counsel during Mr Blake's Administration in 1872. He has been well known as enjoying an extensive practice in this city, where he has resided for the past eighteen years. Both Mr. Burton and Mr. Patterson are sound and able lawyers, and will bring a large experience to assist them in the discharge of their judicial duties.—*Globe.*

CITY AND VICINITY

Who ever saw a man that was truly bad that loved the beauties of nature or art, or who ever saw a truly good man that would not buy Forfar's Flowers when they are so cheap.

PHILIP PHILLIP'S singing delights the heart as well as the ear, and this it seems to us is the real soul of music. His concert in the Metcalfe Street Church to-night is to be given under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. Tickets are to be had at Nordheimer's and Orme & Sons.

NEW BUILDING SOCIETY.—A Building Society has just been founded amongst our French population. The following gentlemen have been elected directors for the ensuing year. Messrs. Samuel Benoit, Dr. St. Jean, Joseph Tasse, J. A. Pinard, F. G. Coursolles, O. A. Rocque, Levi David.

ANNUAL DRILL.—It is said that on or about the 18th inst., the Ottawa Brigade of Garrison Artillery will go to Fort Henry, Kingston, to serve the usual 16 days drill. The fine band of the Corps will accompany the battalion. It is to be hoped there will be a full muster of the Battalion, that they may thereby, in a strange city, reflect creditably upon the city from which they go.

WESLEYAN CONFERENCE.

Historical Review, 1816-1874.

To-morrow morning at nine o'clock the Wesleyan Conference will be formally opened for the transaction of business. Our citizens will have noticed the advent of a very large number of clerical gentlemen during the past few days, more especially since Sunday. We are informed on good authority that this meeting of the Wesleyan Conference in Hamilton will bring together the largest number of ministers of any denomination who have at any one time assembled in any part of the Dominion. They have ecclesiastical business to transact of vital importance to themselves and this expanding country. Measures discussed, as we shall hereinafter show, at a former Hamilton Conference, have been so far decided, that there is a probability of their going into operation immediately after they have completed its work. The association of Hamilton with the Wesleyan Conferences is not only historically interesting, but the status of each at this time, as compared with former times, presents itself as one of the most gratifying evidences of the progress of Canada.

On the opening of the Canadian Conference in 1867, the *Spectator* gave its readers a very interesting resume of the various Conferences which had up to that time been held in this city, together with statistical information on the rise and progress of Hamilton. In looking over it at this distance of time from its original publication, we are quite sure our readers will not regret if we republish a few of the leading facts. Hamilton was in 1867 considerably depressed in a business point of view, and there was a good deal of despondency about its future. The circumstances of the city are very different. We are sure that to the reverend gentlemen who visited Hamilton at that time the difference is quite apparent and very gratifying. They may be assured at any rate that the Hamilton of 1867 could not have comfortably entertained the Conference of 1874. But although more than double the number of ministers will be here, they are all, to the number of 500 or more, accommodated with homes without more than the usual difficulties attending the billeting of visitors.

But let us go back some years; we shall be better enabled to judge of facts by contrast. In the Upper Canada Parliament of 1816, in the 56th year of George III., the District of Gore was formed out of certain parts of the Home and Niagara Districts defined in said Act. In the 4th section of the same it is enacted "That a jail and court house for the said District of Gore shall be erected and built in some fit and convenient place, on lot number fourteen in the third concession of the Township of Barton, to be called the Town of Hamilton." Thus the now fair and flourishing city was first incorporated as a Town in 1816. Contracts were entered into for the completion of this work, but the sparseness of the population and various impediments prevented the whole design from being carried into effect. So that more than ten years after the passing of the Act, the Magistrates were obliged to apply to Parliament for additional powers. In 1827 an Act therefore was passed, giving larger powers to the inhabitants, to raise the sum of four thousand pounds, by loan, at six per cent interest, &c. In this lowly way Hamilton commenced its Municipal existence.

On the 30th of August in the same year, (1827) the Methodist Conference for the first time met in the town of Hamilton. The spiritually minded and sagacious Bishop Hedding presided on that occasion, and the Rev. Wm. Case was appointed Secretary. Not more than thirty-five ministers were present on that occasion. The entire number of efficient preachers that year did not exceed forty, whereas the Stationing Committee of 1867 numbered nearly fifty. The membership of the church reported in 1827 was 8,665. The Bishop and Secretary have both ceased from their labors, and so have most of those who were then present. But we note with pleasure two or three of the records of the Conference of 1827. In answer to the question, "Who are admitted on trial?" we find the name of "Richard Jones." This name is familiar as household words throughout Canada, and it is expected that he will be present to-day. The amiable "John Black" was received into full connection in 1827, His death was reported in 1867. Dr. Anson Green was one of the young men of that time, and the venerable Chief Superintendent of Education Dr. Ryerson was received into full connection in 1827. Both of whom survive and will be found in the Conference of 1874, taking an active and useful part in its deliberation.

We may just observe in passing, that the minutes of the Hamilton Conference, 1827, occupy a little over three pages of letter press, while those of 1867 require about twenty.

Passing over the civil and religious agitations which had now fairly begun, as against the lofty pretensions of ecclesiastics and sinecurists, and which have long since been settled on a basis satisfactory to most parties, we observe with pleasure the tendency towards unity and co-operation between the British and Canadian Conferences. The initiative was taken by the Canada Conference in 1828. Having received authority from the General Conference of the United States to organize the Societies as "a separate and independent Church," the Conference appointed a committee "to correspond with the British Conference in order to establish a friendly relation and intercourse between the two connexions. A union was proposed in 1832 and ratified by both [illegible] in 1833.

The Hamilton Conference of 1835 was held under the presidency of the Rev. Mr. Lord, and the Rev. Egerton Ryerson was appointed Secretary. At this Conference the ministers who had been sent out in 1834 by the British Conference were formally received on trial and reported as having travelled one year. They were R. Slight, J. Scott, W. Steer, J. Douse, and J. Gladwin. The first and last have ceased from their labors. Messrs. Scott, Steer and Douse sustain a superannuated relation. The Conference passed certain resolutions on religious grants, which were further defined and amplified in 1837, and which, we may observe, subsequently caused considerable discussion. A committee was appointed, consisting of certain ministers and lay gentlemen, to whom was assigned the duty of guarding the rights, privileges and property of the connexion. This committee was continued for a few years, but has been allowed to drop, perhaps for good and sufficient reasons. The Methodist Church now numbered 15,100 nearly double those of the first Hamilton Conference of 1827.

In 1839 the Methodist Conference again assembled in Hamilton; the lamented and much loved Joseph Stinson was President, and Egerton Ryerson was again elected Secretary. Many memorable discussions took place at that time, and among the visitors, courteous mention is made in the minutes of the Rev. Robert Alder, who took part in some important debates.

Four years passed away and the Conference again met in Hamilton. The Rev. John Ryerson was President, and the Rev. A. McNab was elected Secretary. There were in Church fellowship at this time 33,341. It is worthy of notice that at the Hamilton Conference in 1843 "Indian Taylor" was received into full connection. Of his course of usefulness we shall not venture to speak. In the possession of mental vigor and unsurpassed powers of eloquent utterance, he will at this Conference take his place as the Secretary-Treasurer. Dr. Wood being the [illegible] Secretary.

In 1849 the Conference met once more in Hamilton. The Rev. M. Richey, D.D., was the President, and we may say here that the Conference this year received as representative of the Eastern British American Conference. The Rev. [illegible] Dusen was appointed Secretary. The records show an increase of 500 members for the year, the total number being 24,268. Hamilton had, before this time, taken another step in advance. By reason of its growing wealth, increasing population, and reasonable aspirations, the town of Hamilton had, in 1846, sought and obtained incorporation as a city, under [illegible]. The Canada Conference address to the British Conference dated at Hamilton, 14th June, 1849, contains a paragraph which, in view of the present discussion on the Confederation of Methodism and the proposed visit of Dr. [illegible] will be regarded as a somewhat remarkable circumstance. The Conference says: "We do indeed anticipate the day when the Wesleyan Churches in all the British North American Provinces will be formed into one great communion—the preachers mutually itinerating from Province to Province as occasion may suggest—and the whole work consolidated by one united machinery, in connection with the parent body in England."

It will be regarded as a happy coincidence that the foregoing large hearted views expressed in 1849 are to culminate in 1874, by the practical carrying out of the resolutions of the Canada Conference and of the Conference of Eastern British America, whereby Wesleyan Methodists in this Dominion becomes a confederated body.

In the year 1853 Hamilton again received the Conference under the presidency of "Enoch Wood," now Dr. Wood. It was the third time of his presidency, and to mark the high esteem entertained for him by his brethren, Dr. Wood held the office for four years more, making in all the unprecedented period of seven years. He was again elected in 1862 and still as Missionary Secretary enjoys the confidence and affection of his brethren. At this Conference the Rev. Wellington Jeffers was elected Secretary. He also sustained the dignity of a doctor of divinity and fulfilled the duties of the presidency for the year 1852-53 with great acceptance.

At the Hamilton Conference in 1853 we mark another evidence of the progress of the principle of union and co-operation. A deputation was received by the Conference consisting of three ministers from what was then known as the Canada East District of the British Conference. They were the Rev. Messrs. Jenkins, Borland and Brock. In the pastoral address of that year it was observed, "That preliminary arrangements have been made for the consolidation of Methodism in [illegible] the union of the union of the E[illegible] District with our body." "The [illegible] expressed it unanimous and cordial concurrence in the measure." Thus Hamilton has especially been honoured as the place from whence have emanated measures of importance tending to the unity and consolidation of Methodism. The city, loyal to constitutional principles, has fostered a Methodism equally loyal in regard to the great constitutional principles of the Wesleyan Church.

In 1859, the Wesleyan Conference was once again gathered in Hamilton, greatly increased in numbers and strength. The late Dr. Stinson was the presiding officer and the Rev. E. B. Harper, M. A., was chosen Secretary. We dare venture to enlarge on the doings of this Conference. It was a very pleasant and harmonious meeting.

In 1867, as before indicated, the Conference was here. Dr. Jeffers opened the Conference, and introduced the President, the Rev. J. Elliott, who conducted the business with great fairness and ability. The great question of the Division of the Conference was debated at this meeting, based on the report of a Committee which had been previously appointed. The motion to divide was negatived, but the purpose gathered strength from that date, and has finally prevailed. The division becomes a part of the scheme of the Conference, now to be put into operation. The membership of the Methodist Church to the Canada Conference in 1867 was about 60,000; in 1873 the societies numbered 70,084. In 1867 Hamilton had a population of 21,485; in 1874 the census gives 31,9[illegible]. Methodism has made great progress since that time.

The Centenary Church has been completed since the Conference of 1867, and now another large and beautiful edifice is in course of erection, to be called "Mount Zion Tabernacle."

Look back for one moment: In 1827, when the first Hamilton Conference was held, there was on this city site, only one Church or place of religious worship, and that was a Wesleyan Church. Methodism has now six churches in Hamilton, and other Christian bodies are exerting themselves nobly for the spiritual good of the people. Methodism, as the pioneer of Christianity in this land, bids them God speed, and to-day many are the Christian homes of other churches cheefully open for the reception of the many successors of the hardy, earnest, useful men who first unfurled the banner of the cross in the old District of Gore, in the township of Barton, where stands the now flourishing city of Hamilton.

The public debt, according to the statement just published, was reduced during the last month $4,456,838. This is not equal to the monthly reduction previous to the panic, but it is gratifying to know there is a decrease of the debt, and that the Treasury Department is in a position to use spare funds for that purpose. The Treasury has recovered from the shock, as we hope the country has, in a great measure. Deducting the coin certificates ($33,179,500) there was a balance of coin in the treasury of $46,779,479 and a currency balance of $11,177,703. The outstanding legal tenders remained at $382,000,000. The gold sales for the month of June are to be $5,000,000, in four instalments—namely, on the 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th of the month.—*Am. Paper.*

e Conference appointed a orrespond with the British ller to establish a friendly rcourse between the two union was proposed in f by both Conferences

Conference of 1835 was residency of the Rev Mr. v. Egerton Ryerson was ary. At this Conference o had been sent out in ritish Conference were l on trial and reported as one year. They were B. W. Steer, J. Douse, and first and last have ceased . Messrs. Scott, Steer in a superannuated rela- erence passed certain re- gous grants, which were nd and amplified in 1837, r observe, subsequently le discussion. A com- nted, consisting of certain gentlemen, to whom was of guarding the rights, perty of the connexion s continued for a been allowed to drop and sufficient reason- rch now numbered 15 those of the first Hamil- 1827.

hodist Conference again milton; the lamented and h Stinson was President rson was again elected memorable discussions t time, and among the mention is made in the ev. Robert Alder, who important debates. ed away and the Confer- Hamilton. The Rev. President, and the Rev. lected Secretary. There fellowship at this time rthy of notice that at the rence in 1843 Lachin ved into full connection. sefulness we shall not In the possession of unsurpassed powers of r, he will at this Con- place as the Secretary. Wood being the Senior

nferance met once more e Rev. M. Richey, D. D., t, and we may say here nce this year receives him of the Eastern British nce. The Rev. C. Van ted Secretary. The re- ncrease of 500 members he total number being n had, before this time, p in advance. By reason aith, increasing popula- ble aspirations, the town in 1846 sought and ob- on as a city, under 10,000. nference address to the ce dated at Hamilton, contains a paragraph the present discussion eration of Methodism l visit of Dr. Richy will a somewhat remarkable The Conference says, anticipate the day when urches in all the British Provinces will be formed mmunion—the preachers ating from Province to ssion may suggest—and k consolidated by one y, in connection with the ngland."

garded as a happy coin- foregoing large hearted n 1840 are to culminate in tical carrying out of the e Canada Conference and nce of Eastern British y Wesleyan Methodists in becomes a confederated

1853 Hamilton again nference under the presi- h Wood," now Dr. Wood. time of his presidency, high esteem entertained retaren, Dr. Wood held r years more, making in dented period of seven gain elected in 1862 and ry Secretary enjoys the ffection of his brethren. e the Rev. Wellington d Secretary. He also at- y of a doctor of divinity duties of the presidency 53 with great acceptance. on Conference in 1853 was ience of the progress of nion and co-operation s received by the Confer- of three ministers from nown as the Canada East ritish Conference. They essrs. Jenkins, Borland the pastoral address of observed, "First principles have been made for the Methodism in Canada by e union of the Eastern body." "The ... mims and cordial ... nsweure." Thus Hamil- y been honoured as the ce have emanated many ortance tending to the olidation of Methodism constitutional principles ethodism equally loyal to at constitutional princi- eyan Church.

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BY TELEGRAPH

MANOTICK.

The Drowning Case Verdict—Spearing Fish in the Rideau.

MANOTICK, June 4.

The verdict in the case of the infant drowned in the locks, was rendered from the medical evidence of Drs. Kidd and Merrick, no other being obtainable to throw light on the inhuman action of parties unknown.

Spearing and net fishing has become a contemptible and dangerous amusement along the Rideau. Two special constables being engaged in the secret and night service, resulting in the fining of several parties and the confiscation of their boats, nets, &c.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, June 4.

Arrival of Hon. Mr Dorion.

Hon. Mr. Dorion arrived here this morning, and is stopping at the St. Louis Hotel. Many officials and members of the Bar paid their respects to the new Chief Justice. There is some talk among the lawyers of the long robe of giving him a dinner. We may here add the appointment gives general satisfaction among all parties. The Dorion family are known everywhere, and the name has got to be a household word.

There appears to be something wrong about the Local Government, and things are not going on as smoothly as one would expect. They have stopped the repairs to the Jesuits' Barracks, very few public improvements are going on, and the whole policy simply amounts to nothing. The Provincial Treasurer goes to Europe next week to sell the Provincial Government railway bonds, and of course at the same time to run off the Eastern Townships' ones. The general elections next year will go hard against the Government. In the Eastern Townships the Conservative members will be defeated. In Megantic things are going hard against Irvine, and and if he does not succeed with Robertson, Provincial Treasurer, to build the Eastern Railway running through Megantic to Levis, he will be defeated at the polls. Lebouteillier will oppose Fortin in Gaspe. The Opposition are organizing.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Danger to the Czar Apprehended.

LONDON, June 4.—Letters all mention extraordinary precautions taken by the police to prevent the Czar of Russia being assassinated while there, by fugative Poles. No attempt was made, however.

Contraband of War.

LONDON, June 4.—Advices from Spain state that Lequitio a maritime town in the Province of Biscay, 17 miles E. N. E. of Bilboa and on the Bay of Biscay has been bombarded by a schooner belonging to the Republican navy. The cause was the admission into port of a foreign ship containing a cargo of contraband of war.

FRANCE.

The Assembly.

PARIS, June 4.—The Assembly to day passed the Electoral bill to its second reading by a vote of 393 yeas to 38 nays. Louis Blanc and M. Gambetta opposed the bill and at the conclusion of their speeches received perfect ovations from the Left. Babie and Dafaure advocated the bill. The Right and Centre have issued a programme, drawn up by the Dukes De Broglie and D Audiffert, Pasquires, Goulard and Savergne, favoring immediate organization of supporters. MacMahon is for the continuance of the title of President of the Republic and maintenance of political true at the end of the present seven years' tenure, or in the event of an occurrence of vacancy in the presidency in the meantime. The Left and Centre are dissatisfied with the programme, as not conceding sufficiently to them.

ITALY.

ROME June 4.—The Pope is somewhat better. He refuses to quit the Vatican, although change of air is recommended by his physicians.

UNITED STATES.

Reciprocity.

BOSTON, June 4.—A Congress of brewers to-day passed resolutions asking the Government to remit the duty on barley imported from Canada and not to increase the duty on imported hops.

NEW YORK June 4—The Chamber of Commerce to-day adopted resolutions strongly in favor of a liberal and just Reciprocity Treaty between Canada and the United States as to commerce and navigation. A memorial was ordered to be prepared in accordance with the spirit of the resolutions and forwarded to the President of the United States, and two Senators from this State. A Committee of five was also appointed on canal and Railroad Legislation to consider the subject of cheapening the transportation by those routes and co-operate with similar committees from other commercial bodies on that subject.

Enormous Bequest.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4—The act of James Lick deeding the whole of his property to the public, excites much comment. He denotes $700 000 to the construction of the largest and best Telescope in the world for the observatory at Lake Tahoe; $420 000 for public monuments; $150,000 for public baths. This city $100,000 for old Ladies Home; $100,000 to the Society for the protection of animals; $25,000 to Ladies Protection relief Society, $100,000; to Mechanic's Library $25 000; to Protestant Orphan Asylum $25,000; City San Jose Orphan Asylum, $150,000; for the erection of a bronze monument to author of "Star Spangled Banner" on Golden Gate Park, $150 000; for endowment of School of Mechanical Arts in California its residue in excess $1,780,000. And makes ample provision for relatives and Homestead.

Marriage in High Life.

The marriage of the Rev. Morgan Dix D.D. son of Governor Dix, and rector of Trinity parish, to Miss Emily Soulter, daughter of the late James Soulter, banker, was celebrated at the residence of the bride to-day.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

The Conflict in the French Assembly

LONDON June 4.—The *Times* says attempts at an alliance between the Centres of the French Assembly will probably fail. The Right objects to recognition of the Republic, which the Left Centre considers indispensable.

SPAIN.

New American Minister.

MADRID, June 3—The name of Senor Rancos is now mentioned in connection with being Spanish Minister at Washington.

UNITED STATES.

Mutineers Arrested on Landing.

NEW YORK, June 3—Three Sailors were arrested this afternoon on arrival of steamer Fusia, charged with mutiny. The Captain charges them with leading an attack on Cuban passengers, breaking down several cabin doors and refusing to obey orders. They were finally overpowered and put in irons and will be sent to Hamburg on Saturday for trial.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to
R. C. MACCUAIG,
Agent, Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2567

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar 24 Sparks street. 2575

POND'S EXTRACT
CURES
Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness, Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness, Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds, Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises, Headache, Piles, Sprains, Toothache, Colic, Old Sores, All Hemorrhages, Diarrhœa, etc.
POND'S EXTRACT

THE Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya has become a great favorite on account of its perfect reliability in treating derangements of the stomach, liver complaint and diseases of the kidneys, which are the causes of poor blood and breaking down of the general health. It restores vitality to all the organs, removing suppressions, irregularities, and exhausting discharges and every description of humors which disfigure the body. It is adapted to all ages and conditions of life, being a blood food and nutritive tonic. Sold at $1.

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitilizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1 00.

Pain Killer
The Great
Family Medicine of the Age.
Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.
Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Price 25cts per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
May 18, 1884.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa Post Office, May 30th, 1874.

Abbott J H 2	Lawrence H
Aikins J	Larcher L C
Agin Miss M	Leggie P
Abendroth B	Lemin Miss E
Abbott W J	Lindsay Mr
Armstrong W	Levings Miss L A
Armstrong D	Lothian W 2
Armstrong R	Lyne Jno
Ashford J A	Lyons Mrs E A
Austin J E	Maloy Miss M
Aylen Jno	Marchant C
Bailey Jas	Martin H J
Barney Mrs A	Matser J
Barrie Miss S M	Martin Miss S J
Baldwen A C	Masse R
Barber A C	Madigan J C
Beck Miss F	Mellow C
Bennitt B	Merfield Miss L M
Beaton Miss A	Mitchell W
Berrigan L	Middleton W
Bourg N	Mills Jas
Bollomby W C	Miller Mr
Brown J G	Miller C E
Brophy M	Moss Chs
Branchaud E 3	Morris G
Burk H W	Moore Miss S A
Butler Ellen	Michol Jas
Burroughs G A	Northrup A G
Burton J	O'Connel Bros
Carmelly Sarah	O'Connor J M
Caldow W J	O'Brien J W
Carruthers Mary	O'Donnell P
Caxul Mary	Parker Jos
Chase Bros & Bowman	Parker A L
Childs Jno	Perry S
Chambers Jane	Pettapice Jas
Clark A	Pike J A
Clarkson T D	Power Mrs
Cochran C	Proudlove W
Cowan R	Quinn Jas
Coleman H	Ratt A
Carrie Geo	Reid Miss F
Comfort S	Rees Bros
Cooper W H	Rea Jas
Cochrane Miss D W	Richard Mrs
Cook A	Rice E
Cough Mrs Dr	Row E G
Coughlan Mrs A	Rowan A
Cochrane Mrs M	Roberts Capt O
Crosby A C	Roy B
Crabtree Jno	Rogers Mrs M T
Cruickshank A D	Robson J N
Dempsey Jas	Robertson A
Dinsmore Jos	Scrimegeour Geo
Donoho J	Scott A 2
Dobell R R	Scott J
Donison Jno	Seivright Jas
Dolan Miss C	Shaw H 2
Doyle Miss C	Sheldon H H 2
Drew Jas	Sheisnow Mrs
Dunfield H	Sharp J E
Duanty P	Skinner C
Dunlop Jas	Sinclair Wm
Duggan Ed	Smith W J
Dunlop Jas	Smith Miss E
Edwards Miss E A	Smith M
Ellis Jas	Smith Mr
Erwin D	Sparks S J
Ferguson W	Sparks Miss E
Fee H	Spier J A
Finley Mary	Sprague M H
Filion J	Stevens H
Finch W	Stewart J C
Fleming A	Stevenson Jas
Flann Jno	Stout J M
Fleming F S	Staples M
Fowler & Smith Messrs	Starkey H
Fobert J	Strong O K
Ford T J	Stewart A
Foby Miss M A 2	Stafford P C
Foster Jas	Stewart J.
Forsythe R	Stack R
Fowler F	Swyer W H
Fearher A	Sullivan J S
Fraser John 2	Taylor S
Fraser T	Taylor Capt J W
Gallagher R	Tanney R
Grant D	Tallon L A
Gilroy Jos 2	Taylor W H
Glassford A 2	Telford W 2
Nolan B B	Ternan H
Gow H	Thompson N P
Graham H	Traveler Miss H
Gunn A	Tozer A
Hall Jno	Tobin R
Hapley M	Tucker C
Hawver J	Van Sorvan P
Haxpin P	Watkins Mrs W A
Hueston A	Watson Miss M A
Hamilton J	Watson E W
Hall L	Waddle J
Hay Miss C	Watts E
Handrettry Miss M A	Whissel Geo
Harker J	Whitten Mrs A S
Heard E	Wilter Mrs H B
Hepinstall Geo	Williams J
Helmer C D	Wilson Miss M J
Hewlen B F	McAvoy E J
Hill J	McArthur J
Hillinsdon A E	McCormac A
Hill G 2	McMillan R N
Higgings Miss K	McCagren H
Hindinarst M	McLeod ...
Holmer T	McDowell Dr
Hannester R H	McDowell J
Holt Jno A 2	McDonald D C
Horan C H	McDonald R
Howard A M	McEwan J
Inch J	McDonald C
Irvine W J	McDermott H
Jackson J B	McDonald D
Johnson T H	McFarlan D
Johnston Miss Jane	McDougall W
Johnston R W	McGillivary D
Kelly Mrs	McKay Jas
Kebon Jas	McLean R
Kearns Jno	McLean J
Kerwin A	McNaught on C
Knox Jno	McNally D
Kutzing Miss E	McRae J
Lafilley T.	McPhail J
Signed,	G. P. BAKER
	Postmaster.

"QUITE INDISPENSIBLE."—*Nation.*
Ready this Day:
THE CANADIAN
PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION
FOR 1874,
Edited by Henry J. Morgan, Barrister-at-Law,
Containing the usual biographical data respecting the members of both Houses of the Federal Parliament and of the several Local Assemblies, their political predilections, and pledges, &c. Official Return of the last General Election; sketches of the chief officers of the Civil Service; the addresses of the chiefs of political parties; the "platforms" of parties; list of political societies and organizations, &c.
TO BE HAD AT
E. A. PERRY'S,
Elgin-St.
May 14, 1874.

FOUND.—A Lady's BROOCH. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement, on application to this office.
May 28, 1874. 2567.

Easter Beef
AT
C. KENNEDY'S,
WELLINGTON-ST.
Opposite Bank of B. N. A.
April 2, 1874.

D. McDONELL,
Special Family Grocer,
—IS—
Receiving Foreign Importations
And will Advertise in a Few Days.
June 2, 1874.

METCALFE'S
Change of Business!
AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.
REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.
Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.
A still Further Reduction
—IN—
Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks
Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.
All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.
P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.
J. METCALFE.
Ottawa, 30th May, 1874.

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.
House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,
And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.
May 25, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.
THOS. PATTERSON
Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.
Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c
PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.
Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.
FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.
Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S.
May 5, 1874.

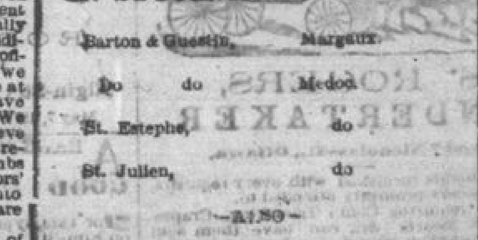
JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,
Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

THOUSANDS
CURED
Every Week,
IN THE
DOMINION
BY THE

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE
This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.
DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE
In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and it acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied. We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.
Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.
This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Scott Street, Toronto
Agents for Ontario.
Or DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal,
Agents for Province of Quebec.
Ottawa, May 19th, 1874. 2592.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P. Q.
2828-6m.

SPRING 1874.
H. HODGES,
56, SPARKS STREET,
Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
FELT HATS!
Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's
SILK HATS,
For Spring Trade.
March 18, 1874. 5181y

CLARET!
Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:
Barton & Guestin, Margaux.
Do do Medoc
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do
—ALSO—
A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,
AT
$6.00 Per Dozen.
JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Wellington-st.
May 28, 1874 2581

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!
J. R. STITT & CO.
Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.
STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.
As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.
***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.
The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2 000 yards	16cts.	now	11¼
2,500 "	20	"	14½
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	22½
2,085 "	36	"	26¼
2,275 "	40	"	31
3,050 "	50	"	38½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90	now	$0 78
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,300 "	1 40	"	1 25
1,575 "	1 55	"	1 28¼
550 "	1 75	"	1 40½
500 "	2 00	"	1 47½
400 "	3 00	"	2 50

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts.	now	14
Assortment	20	"	16
Plain Black	25	"	19½
and Coloured	30	"	23
	35	"	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	13cts.	now	9½
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,025 "	15	"	12½
2,150 "	18	"	15
3,185 "	20	"	16

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

White and Grey Cottons.	Old Price.		Sale Price.
	10cts.	now	7½
	13	"	10½
	15	"	12½
	17	"	14½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costomes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Hosiery.

White and	18c.	now	12½
	20	"	15½
Coloured	25	"	19
	30	"	23
Cotton	35	"	26½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Batisles and Lawns.

83,000 yards	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts	now	16½
Stripe	25	"	19
Muslins	30	"	25
4,000 yards	35	"	28½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	15½
Splendid	25	"	19½
Assortment	30	"	23
	35	"	28½
	45	"	35

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16½
475 "	25	"	19½
850 "	30 and 35	"	23 & 28½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60	now	$3 75
	6 75	"	5 75
	8 50	"	7 25
Polonaises	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.
J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

HATS!
SPRING OF 1874.
Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats............Peacock
Christy's Hats............Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats............Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats............Peacock
Wolseley Hats............Peacock
Castellar Hats............Peacock
Cheltenham Hats............Peacock
Spencer Hats............Peacock
Sorento Hats............Peacock
Cordova Hats............Peacock
Venosti Hats............Peacock
Clinton Hats............Peacock
All the above Styles of Hats to be found at
PEACOCK'S
SIGN OF THE
RED HAT
33 RIDEAU STREET.
April 2, 1874.

COMMISSION STORE
—AND—
AUCTION ROOMS
—AT—
D. C. Simon's,
HULL.
The undersigned will be happy to receive all kinds of Goods to Sell on Commission, Patented Articles, Furnitures, etc., etc.
Mr. Simon having one of the best Commercial stand in the Village of Hull, and being well known by the public, hopes to meet the encouragement which he thinks he has a right to expect.
Having given the necessary guarantee for his license his patrons can depend on getting a prompt return after the disposal of their goods. Mr. Simon will also act as Real Estate Agent, on liberal conditions.
May 30, 1874. 2582.

PANAMA HATS
AT DEVLIN'S.
Leghorn Hats
AT DEVLIN'S.
STRAW HATS
AT DEVLIN'S.
HATS THAT R HATS
—AT—
DEVLIN'S.
March 25, 1874. 2503-

FASHIONABLE
TAILORING
ESTABLISHMENT.
[76] SPARKS STREET [76.
T. LAWRENCE
begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of
CLOTHS
now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring
A FASHIONABLE SUIT
would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of
HABERDASHERY
On hand.
Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.
Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2723-3m

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at
NOONAN'S.
Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.
NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,
Rideau Street,
BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class
Dress Making and Millinery Establishment
—AT—
234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234
With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection
SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.
***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris
Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.
May 21, 1874 2575

Slaughter! Slaughter.
SLAUGHTER.
The subscriber having purchased the Stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES
in the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.29, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half, whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on
FRIDAY, APRIL 17,
IN THE THE TWO STORES,
36 Sparks st and Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex-st
And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.
Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.
Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.
W. E. BROWN.
April 16, 1874. 2545-3m

MOWAT & SON,
50 Sussex-st.,
OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of
Cloths and Men's Clothing,
FOR TWO WEEKS
Previous to giving up their Retail Business.
20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds............82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do............$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg............2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.
200 Men's Shooting Coats............3.50
150 " Sac Coats............2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.
Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.
A. Mowat & Son.
May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL
In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they
HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST
With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS
Plain and Fancy Furniture,
Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a
SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.
Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874. 2561y

BOARD.
MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.
May 4, 1874.

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS.
Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

LOST.
A DELIVERY BOOK lost on Wellington St. yesterday, going towards Hull. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the TIMES office, or returning it to the owner, whose name appears in it.
Ottawa, May 28, 1874. 2580

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. R. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.
A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.
Mr. Musgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bonnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.
A. R. GILES.
Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.
Made and for sale at Eight Dollars
June 5, 1874. 2585-y

NEW
CARPETS.
SPRING 1874.
JUST OPENED—.. bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.
Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.
SHOOLBRED & CO
Ottawa Carpet House
39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S
Perfected Spectacles
AND EYE GLASSES,
In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,
At W. YOUNG'S,
34 SPARKS-ST.
A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.
March 28, 1874.

KEATING'S PERSIAN INSECT DESTROYING POWDER.
This Powder is quite harmless to animals, but unrivalled in destroying Fleas, Bugs, Emmets, Flies, Cockroaches, Beetles, Gnats, Mosquitoes, Moths in Furs, and every other species of Insect in all stages of metamorphosis. Sold in Packets, tins, and bottles of various sizes.
CAUTION.—The public are requested to observe that all the above preparations bear the Trade Mark as herein shown. Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL. The distinctive character which have gained for Dr. De Jongh's Oil so much celebrity, the entire confidence of the most eminent members of the medical profession, and notwithstanding the active and unscrupulous opposition of many interested dealers, an unprecedented amount of public patronage may be thus concisely enumerated:—
I.—Its genuiness, purity, and uniform strength are ascertained and guaranteed.
II.—It contains all the active and essential principles that therapeutic experience has found to be the most effective in the operation of the remedy.
III.—It is palatable, easily taken, and creates no nausea.
IV.—It is borne with facility by the most delicate stomach and improves the functions of digestion and assimilation.
V.—Its medicinal properties and remedial action have been found to be immeasurably greater than those of any other kind of Cod Liver Oil.
VI.—From the unequalled rapidity of its curative effects, it is infinitely more economical than any which is offered, even at the lowest price.

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST.
The extraordinary virtues of Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil in Pulmonary Consumption may now be considered as fully established. No remedy so rapidly restores the exhausted strength, improves the nutritive functions or produces a more marked and favorable influence on the local malady.
The following high testimony to the efficacy of Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil in Consumption is afforded by ALLEN G. CHATTAWAY, Esq., M.R.C.S., L.S.A., of Leominster:—
"Having for some years extensively used Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil, both in public and private practice, I have no hesitation in stating its effects are very far superior to those of any other Cod Liver Oil. Nearly four years since, two cases of confirmed Consumption were placed under my care. In both, the lungs were a mass of tubercular deposit, and every possible sound to be heard in phthisis was present. The sole remedy employed was Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil; and now the patients are strong and fat; the diseased (abnormal) sounds nearly inaudible; and in the one case (male), hunting, fishing, and shooting, are freely indulged in, the patient expressing himself quite capable of undergoing, as much fatigue as any of his fellow sportsmen."

GENERAL DEBILITY AND EMACIATION.
In cases of prostration and emaciation, where the vital forces are reduced, and where life appears to be even at its lowest ebb, the restorative powers of Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil are remarkably manifested. By its administration the natural appetite is revived, and the functions of digestion and assimilation are improved, reanimated, and regulated; and, when its use has been steadily preserved in, its peculiar tonic and nutritive properties have entirely restored health and strength to the most feeble and deteriorated constitutions.
The actual benefit derived is thus described by ROWLAND DALTON, Esq., M.R.C.S., L.S.A., District Medical Officer at Bury St. Edmunds:—
"In giving my opinion of Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil, I have no hesitation in saying that I have not the slightest confidence in any other kind. The effects of Dr. De Jongh's Oil are sure and most remarkable, especially in that broken down state of health and strength which usually precedes and favors tubercular deposit; and I never recommend any other sort. The Oil I have had from you was for my own use, and it has certainly been the only means of saving my life on two occasions, and even now, when I feel 'out of condition,' I take it, and like it, unmixed with anything, as being the most agreeable way. I could wish that Dr. De Jongh's Oil would come into general use, and entirely supersede the Pale and other worthless preparations."

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.
From innumerable medical and scientific opinions of the highest character in commendation of Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil, the following are selected:—
Sir Henry Marsh, Bart., M.D., Physician in Ordinary to the Queen in Ireland.
"I consider Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil to be a very pure Oil, not likely to create disgust, and a therapeutic agent of great value."
Dr. David Smith, F.R.S., Medical Officer to the Poor Law Board of Great Britain.
"We think it a great advantage that there is one kind of Cod Liver Oil which is universally admitted to be genuine—the Light Brown Oil supplied by Dr. De Jongh. It has long been our practice, when prescribing the Oil, to recommend this kind, since, amidst so much variety and uncertainty, we have confidence in its genuineness." (Extract from "Consumption: its early and Remediable Stages.")
Dr. Barlow, F.R.S., Sen. Physician to Guy's Hospital.
"I have frequently recommended persons consulting me to make use of Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil. I have been well satisfied with its effects, and believe it to be a very pure Oil, well fitted for those cases in which the use of that substance is indicated."
Dr. Lawrence, Physician to H.R.H. the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.
"I invariably prescribe Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil in preference to any other, feeling assured that I am recommending a genuine article and not a manufactured compound in which the efficacy of this invaluable medicine is destroyed."
Sir Joseph Olliffe, M.D., Physician to the British Embassy at Paris.
"I have frequently prescribed Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil, and I have every reason to be satisfied with its beneficial and salutary effects."
... Lankester, F.R.S., Coroner for Central Middlesex.
"I consider that the purity of this Oil is secured in its preparation by the personal attention of so good a Chemist and intelligent a Physician as Dr. De Jongh, who has also written the best Medical Treatise on the Oil with which I am acquainted. Hence, I deem the Cod Liver Oil sold under his guarantee to be preferable to any other kind as regards genuineness and medical efficacy."
Dr. Granville, F.R.S., Author of the "Spas of Germany."
"Dr. Granville has found that Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil produces the desired effect in a shorter time than other kinds, and that it does not cause the nausea and indigestion too often consequent on the administration of the Pale Oil."
Edwin Canton, Esq., F.R.C.S., Surgeon to Charing Cross Hospital.
"For several years past I have been in the habit of prescribing Dr. De Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil, and find it to be much more efficacious than other varieties of the same medicine which I have also employed with a view to test their relative superiority."
DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL is sold only in Imperial Half-pints, 2s. 6d.; Pints, 4s. 9d.; Quarts, 9s.; Capsuled and Labelled with his Stamp and Signature
WITHOUT WHICH NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE
By all respectable Chemists and Druggists throughout the World.
SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR HARFORD & Co.
77, STRAND, LONDON, W.C.
CAUTION.—Beware of unprincipled attempts to substitute inferior or worthless preparations.

The New York Tribune

THE CONSOLIDATION OF ITALY, so long fragmentary and impotent, into one powerful State, with Rome as its capital; the humiliation of France through a series of crushing defeats, ending with the siege and capitulation of her proud and gay metropolis; the expulsion of the Bourbons from the Spanish throne, and the substitution for them of a scion of the most liberal among royal houses; the virtual absorption of the kingdoms of Saxony, Wurtemburg, Bavaria with Baden, Hesse, the Hanse Towns, &c., into the headship of Prussia, into the triumphant and powerful empire of Germany; and the striving of Russia to reassert her preponderance in the councils of Europe, or to prosecute her often postponed but never relinquished designs on the great city founded by Constantine, and the vast but decaying and anarchical dominions of the Sultan, all combine to invest with profound interest the ever-changing phases of our tidings from the Old World. The *Tribune*, through trusted correspondents stationed at all points in Europe where great movements are in progress or imminent aims to present a complete and instructive panorama of events on that continent, and to mirror the prolonged struggle between middle age Feudalism and Ecclesiasticism on the one hand and Nineteenth-Century scepticism and secularism on the other. Recognising a Divine Providence to all the proceedings and it looks hopefully on the real conflict as destined (like our own recent convulsion) to evolve from strife, disaster, and seeming chaos, a fairer and happier future for the toiling masses of mankind.

In our own country, a war upon corruption and rascality in office has been inaugurated in our city, whereby the government of our State has been revolutionised through an initial triumph of Reform which surpasses the most sanguine anticipations. It is morally certain that the movement thus inaugurated cannot, in its progress, be circumscribed to any locality or any party, but that its purifying influence is destined to be felt in every part of the Union, rebuking venality, exposing robbery, wresting power from politicians by trade, and confiding it to those worthiest and fittest to wield it. To this beneficent and vitally needed reform, the *Tribune* will devote its best energies, regardless of personal interests or party predilections, esteeming the choice of honest and faithful men to office as of all New Departures the most essential and auspicious.

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE.
DAILY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, $10 per annum.
SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, $4 per annum. Five copies or over, $3 each; an extra copy will be sent for every club of ten sent for at one time; or, if preferred, a copy of "Recollections of a Busy Life," by Mr Greeley.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a. m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p. m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a. m.
Pacorse leaves at 3 p m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.....1124

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 5.

GRAIN.	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 30 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 85
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6.50 to 7 00
Pork do	8.50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 60 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 5 —Receipts of hogs 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1 20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1 18½ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64½c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62½c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46½c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91½c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8½c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4½c, Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 5. Cotton, dull at 18¾ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged.

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 62c for mixed Western. Pork heavy at $16.05.

Lard, 15 1-6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c. for State and new

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now.' H. Cole, of Iona, writes, 'please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it.' J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—'Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction.' J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—'Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it.' Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—'The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay.' Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—'Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.

J. METCALFE.
2577

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED,—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B.—A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 3557-3m

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York

P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OILS.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2546-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

DELIVERIES. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
7.30	4.0	
8.00	7.30	
8.00	8.00	

CLOSINGS. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
7.30	1.30	4.30
7.30	1.30	4.30
7.30	1.30	4.30

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2588 OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1874 PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 2, 1874. 2476-ly

DR. ROBERTSON,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the Times office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 6, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours.
Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., from 2 to 4 p.m.
Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 13 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence—O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2323y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 29, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—Sparks-st.
March 2, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Batty's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM.

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 1. 1874. 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | M. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 2484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No. 11 St. James-st. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2862-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,

ADVOCATE.

Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 13, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 1 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Office—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

—TOOK—

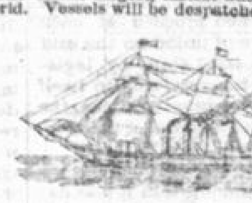
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the world.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines.
Call on or address,
GEO. DAWSON,
Sparks-st., Ottawa
April 1874. 2567-3m

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



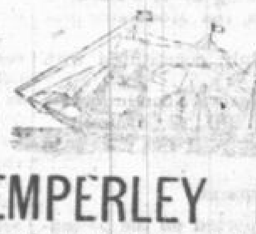
POLYNESIAN	June	6
SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin .... $77 50 to $87 50
Steerage $29 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874.  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, DELTA.

The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from

LONDON

For Quebec and Montreal

—ON—

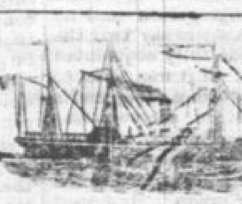
WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,

(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from

QUEBEC FOR LONDON

ABOUT 7th MAY.

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Ottawa.
April 14, 1874. 2543.



Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

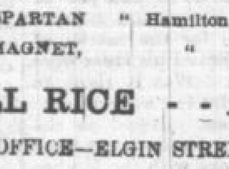
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.

OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2554



ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted] at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS .... P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a.m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a.m. and 5 p.m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD,
President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2575-tf

GOOD TIMES COMING

—IN—

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,

—IN—

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

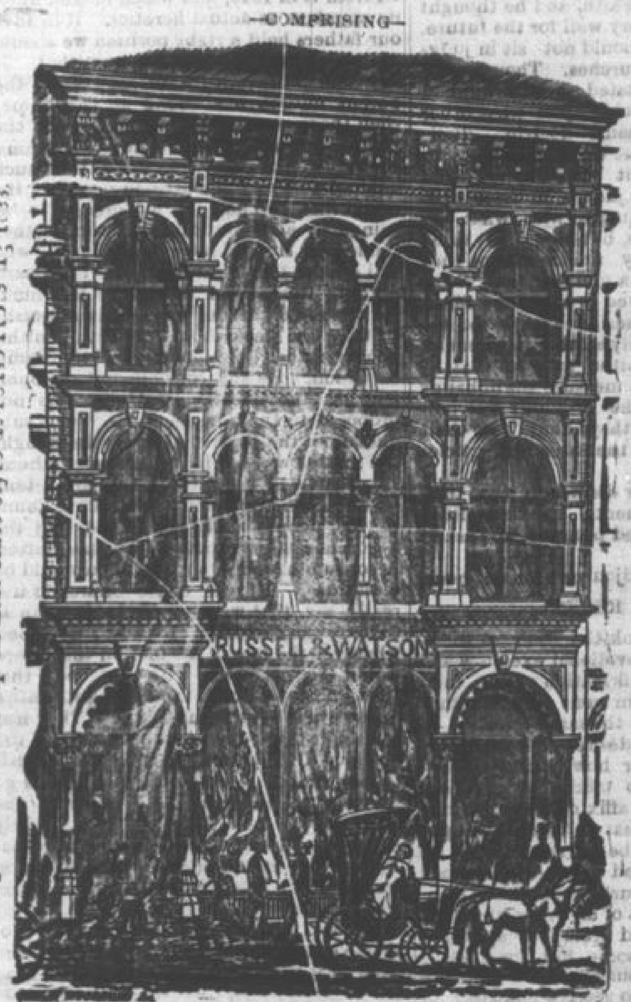
Tailoring Department.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS

—COMPRISING—

TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Belford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which they are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.



WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of ... [illegible]

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
May 2, 1874 RUSSELL & WATSON

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER,

BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.

All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, and guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
, 1874. 2184

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo	75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner	60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold	$1.75

For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
139 SPARKS-ST

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL

Branches of Builders Work!—

Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 24, 1873. 2323

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2389

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 50cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores
HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer
(Trade Mark secured) Montreal. 2420-ly

A LARGE VARIETY OF

GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER

SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT

DACIER'S DRUG STORE,

43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS

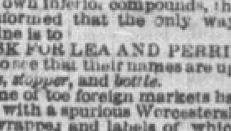
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.

No 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 5 and 6, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and store thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block, corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $4,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

PLANTS!

Plants, Plants,

100,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.

ALSO:

A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—
Verbenas,
Petunias,
Asters,
Stocks,
Balsams,
Everlasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c., &c.
For sale at reasonable prices at
ANDREW HICKEY'S,
Bank Street Road,
adjoining Rideau Canal.
2566-1m

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English
Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.
And English and French
PERFUMERY
From the best makers; also
DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES,
SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES,
IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS,
TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.,
And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.
A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.
Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch.

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH

Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it
$2 a year, with premium; $1.50 without.
J. ACKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.
May 7, 1874.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 } EACH
Five Prizes $500 } Greenbacks.
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NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of S. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
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This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,

THE CHIEF JUSTICESHIP.

From the Quebec Chronicle (Conservative.)

The appointment of the Hon. A. A. Dorion to the Chief Justiceship of the Province of Quebec takes no one by surprise. Ever since the accession of the present Ministry, his elevation to the Bench has been spoken of, and Mr. Dorion never contradicted any statement to the effect that a change in the Cabinet would be necessitated by his retirement. He has seen the first session of this Parliament through, and has succeeded in carrying out his theories of electoral reform in the measure which has become law. The Government of which he formed part had only become apparently firmly grounded, and possessing the confidence of Parliament, he resigns to other hands the leadership of the French Canadian contingent of the Liberal Party and assumes the highest position on the Bench of the Province. However much we may have been opposed to the political school of which Mr. Dorion was one of the foremost exponents, we have always been prompt in recognizing the virtues and talents of the man, and we are sure that his appointment is one which will be received with general satisfaction by the people of the Province. Mr. Dorion has for many years occupied a very promising position before the public. Descended from a family which has borne a large share of the legislation of the country, he attained at an early age a leading position in his profession, and from his entry into public life commanded the respect and confidence of his party. He has three times occupied a seat in the Cabinet—in 1858, in 1862-3, 1863-4, and since the incoming of the present Administration has been Minister of Justice and Attorney General. His record has been one which any public man might well be proud of and his followers point to him as one of the purest politicians of the times. His position at the Bar has always been one of the highest, and the esteem of the profession was significantly shown by his election as *Batonnier Generale* of the Province in 1873. His qualifications for the position are thus undoubtedly high, and we are assured that the high functions of the Chief Justiceship will be discharged by him with that unbending impartiality and devotion to business which have always characterized him. In him we see an imposing addition to the Bench of Quebec, and the inauguration of a new order of things not one hour premature in its advent.

Mr Dorion's retirement from the Mackenzie Cabinet places Mr. Fournier prominently forward as the leader of the French-Canadian Ministerialists in the House. Mr. Fournier has fought long and stoutly in advocacy of the principles he is now enabled to carry into practice, and his success is as much the reward of extraordinary exertion as of ability. His public career has not been one such as would serve to make his name a watchword with the party; he has not had the advantages of Mr. Dorion, for his field has been a more contracted one. Since his entry into the House of Commons, however, he has made his quality known, and now, as leader, he has it in his power to achieve all the confidence and support appertaining to his predecessor. In him the leadership of the French-Canadian Liberals comes back to Quebec, certainly not to the detriment of the Government. Mr. Geoffrion is spoken of as Mr. Fournier's successor in the Cabinet. Mr. Geoffrion is a notary, who has been in public life since 1863, when he was elected for Vercheres. He is a man of industry and ability, who carries considerable influence in the Liberal ranks, though he has never made much display. There is no very wide choice just now in the ranks of French-Canadian Liberalism, and Mr. Geoffrion's name is one appearing favorably among the many mentioned as likely to be added to the list of Ministers.

(From the Cor. St. John Globe.)

Perhaps, much as Mr. Dorion has been before the public for the past twenty years, and well known as he is politically, a word or two concerning him might not be out of place.

* * * * * *

Mr. Dorion speaks English and French with equal facility, and with great elegance and fine discrimination in the use of words. This is rare in a Frenchman, for although nearly all of them who are members can express themselves with tolerable clearness in English, their utterances are marked with the application of certain words in certain cases where they are by no means appropriate, and their accentuation of the first syllable in almost all cases. Mr. Dorion speaks English with perfect accuracy, great fluency, and elegant accentuation. His French is equally perfect and equally fluent. He is amiable and gentle, and his dealings with all are marked by politeness and pleasantness. It is true that when roused he can be severe, but under no circumstances does he ever condescend to be personal, unjust, or disrespectful. The result is that he is highly respected by those who oppose him, while he is admired by his own followers. Personally, he is open, frank, and easily approached, and is unquestionably the most popular member of the House of Commons, but there is a quiet dignity about his manner which is a far better barrier against the incursions of interviewers and office-seekers than cold acerbity, and enables him with a great deal of apparent frankness to maintain the necessary official reservation, a quality which more than one of our ministers might imitate with good result. He has none of that palaver which characterises all Gallic races. His politeness is more that of a well-bred Saxon, while he has all the vivacity of a Celt. He is a man of strong convictions; and his actions are characterized by great honesty of purpose, and a desire to let his intentions be fully known; but his language in all cases is dignified, and free from extreme terms, and he is able to convey very unpalatable information in such a way as to give no unnecessary offence. He is perhaps the most perfect diplomatist in Canada at the present day. Sir John Macdonald's friends and admirers saw in their right hon. leader what they thought was wonderful diplomatic tact. It is true Sir John Macdonald has an extraordinary facility for putting a man off, and yet leaving him in good humor; but his diplomacy is but in his insincerity. His object was not to tell a man an unpleasant truth, or to give him an undesirable answer in a pleasant way; but without positively compromising himself, he was accustomed to keep men hanging on his skirt tail for years, waiting hopefully all the time for what in the end were very small benefits, and disappointing them in the long run. Mr. Dorion, on the other hand, can tell a man all that is necessary for him to know in order to assure him that there is no hope of being successful, and yet leave no pang of disappointment in the mind of the applicant. He is a man of very fine feelings, and although by no means pettish, is very sensitive.

There are fewer opportunities this year of witnessing the fatherly attention which Mr. Dorion pays to the Lower Canadian gentlemen—most of them young—who support the Government. He has now the care and the work of office to distract his attention. But last session you would almost have thought they were all members of one family. About twenty of them dined with him in the Parliamentary saloon; they walked out with him in the evening, and occasionally they actually escorted him home at night. Great as was the power of Sir George Cartier over his French followers, his personal popularity was never so high as Mr. Dorion's. The Minister of Justice, however, is quite as popular professionally as he is politically and personally. As your readers will remember, he was last year elected *battonier* of the Bar of Quebec—a position which he has held at various times before. He is looked upon as leader of the French-Canadian Bar, and was professor of civil law in

a member of the Government. He belongs to a very clever family, some of whom occupy distinguished positions in the church, some at the bar and the rest in various other walks of life. His brother, Mr. Pierre N. Dorion, was in the last Parliament as representative of Drummond and Arthabaska, but retired, at the late election, from personal reasons.

Mr. Dorion's intimate knowledge of the profession to which he belongs, and his hearty sympathy with the grievances from which his brethren in Lower Canada have suffered gives both them and the country strong faith in his ability and willingness to purify the Bench of that Province from the stigma which has recently attached to it, in consequence of the appointment of inefficient and worn out Government hacks. There is a very strong feeling among the lawyers of the Province of Quebec, whether Conservative or Liberal, in favor of a cleaning out policy upon this question; and if the Minister of Justice sets himself to the work earnestly he is sure to win the approval of both side of the House.—*St. John Globe*

(From the St. John, N. B., Telegraph.)

The appointment of the Minister of Justice, Hon. Antoine Aime Dorion, to the position of Chief Justice of Quebec is one that has been expected for some time, and will be universally admitted to be most fitting and appropriate. Mr. Dorion's record, both as a politician and a lawyer, has been a most distinguished one, and for the last twenty years he has been the admitted leader of the Rouge or French Canadian Liberal party of the Province of Quebec. Mr. Dorion's qualifications for the position of Chief Justice of Quebec are undoubted. He is a great lawyer and has the further advantage of enjoying the confidence of his countrymen. He will find abundant employment for his great talents and energy in improving the Law Courts of that Province. His acceptance of office leaves a vacancy in the great position of Minister of Justice and averse as Mr. Blake is to office and delicate as is his health, we can hardly see how he can refuse to fill an office which he is so well fitted to adorn.

NOTE.—The above was of course written before the subject of it had been advanced to the Bench.

RELIGIOUS ITEMS.

A theological class for young ladies is about to be established at the Free Church College in Edinburgh.

The San Francisco *Post* suggests as a subject for a sensational sermon, the question, "What Would Christ Have Done With a Million Dollars."

The revival Hammond estimates the conversions in Jacksonville, Ill., as high as 1,000 as the result of one week's labor.

An extraordinary revival of religion is said to have sprung up in Jacksonville, Fla., under the labors of Mrs. Palmer, of New York, well known in this city.

The negroes of the South do not seem likely to loose in freedom their strong religious feelings and tendencies. At Petersburg, Va., lately five hundred were immersed in the Appomattox on a single Sunday. The sight of such a multitude making profession of faith in Christ, and the singing of such a choir of negroes, must have been wonderfully impressive.

It is stated that Archbishop Manning has several times been invited to parties given by the Prince of Wales, but being invited as "Dr. Manning" simply never went. At last he was invited as "Archbishop Manning," but that wouldn't do, nor would he accept unless invited and received as "Archbishop of Westminster." It couldn't be done and he won't go.

Dr. Livingstone says that Schela, a famous African Chief observed to him on the occasion of his preaching to the tribe, "Do you imagine that these people will ever believe by you talking to them? I can make them do nothing except by thrashing them; and, if you like, I will call my head man with our whips of rhinoceros hide, and will soon make them all believe together."

The old discussion over the use of fermented wines at the communion table appears to have taken a practical turn in the case of the First Congregational Church at Peru, Ill., which has voted to discontinue their use, as inconsistent with the spirit of Christ's teachings in their application to the needs and exigencies of the present day. When it is impossible to obtain unfermented wine the deacons are instructed to furnish cold water instead.

The *Independent* remarks that a sensational ripple has passed over a Baptist Church in Boston, where, on a recent Sunday morning, while the services were going on, a lady left her pew and walked up to the platform. The minister supposing that she had something to communicate, advanced to meet her. She ascended the steps and, with an air worthy of a bishop, laid her hands on the head of the astonished minister and retired.

Professor Swing, now on trial at Chicago for that shocking crime called heresy, was a lively youngster when a student at Miami University. On one occasion, in the interest of science, he poured a whole pailful of water into the rain-gauge, after a slight shower in the night, and next morning the class was agreeably surprised to hear the professor announce with signs of wonderment that the country had been visited overnight with the heaviest rain fall of the century.

Such names as Dean Stanley's, Canon Kingsley's and Canon Lyttleton's, appear on the petition presented to the British House of Commons in favor of opening the public museums on Sundays. It is signed, indeed, by one hundred and forty-six clergymen of the Church of England, and "other ministers of Christ." In the opinion of these petitioners the opening of museums, libraries and art galleries on the afternoon of Sundays would greatly promote the moral and intellectual improvement of large classes, and is in accordance with the object and meaning of the Christian Sunday.

Miss Colburn, who is in the service of the American Missionary Association, and who for the past fifteen months or more has been among the California Indians, writes that although her previous experience among the freedmen and the Chinese were rich and varied, she never has been so encouraged as in her work with the red men of the Round Valley Reservation. She reports a genuine revival among them, eight hundred from the various tribes, including seven chiefs, having become Christians. "One evening fifty Indians spoke, and the language of all was a yearning desire for clean hearts and pure lives for themselves and their people."

Late visitors to Rome observe with wonder the florid and robust health of the Pope, and contrast his condition with that in which he was a year ago. Then, when the doctors came to see him in the morning, they did not expect him to survive the day. His bearing is now almost youthful, his cheeks rosy, his eye full of brightness, and his voice sonorous. Almost every day he goes down for a long walk into the Vatican Gardens, and saunters about without a cloak, just as in his chamber, with no other garment but his white robe. He walked fast and briskly without the aid of a stick, his cardinals following him with difficulty. He has never been so joyous, so full of confidence in the approaching restoration of the temporal power.

LITTLE BEGINNINGS.—The steam which raised the lid of the kettle led a philosophic mind to utilize it for man's benefit. No one dreamed that we should now be dragged along by it at the rate of 60 miles an hour. When Perry Davis made a preparation for the medicinal use of his family, thirty years ago, neither he nor any man imagine that it would now be sold in every land, and prove to be the Pain Killer of the

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Are worthy of public attention.

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We can recommend as being a genuine article.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
88 Sparks-St.

May 14th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Auction-Sale—A Rowe.
Militia Supplies—W H Jackson.
Insolvent Act of 1869—Chas. Bowle.
Flowers—Forfar's.
Burlington Hair Dressing Saloon—T E Moore.
Special Notices—Philip Phillips.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1873.

His Excellency the Governor General left home yesterday *en route* for Quebec, and will be followed by his family and household next week. Lord Dufferin made the trip to Prescott in the private car of the Manager of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

We are in[illegible] by the Fisheries Department th[illegible] spring herring fishery at Magdalen [illegible] was very successful. There fifteen Canadian and five United States vessels engaged in it. The seal fishery was about an average catch. Thirteen vessels composed the sealing fleet, one of which was lost in the ice, the crew barely saving themselves. The others brought home 3,800 seals.

The Hon. Mr. Scott, Secretary of State, visited the works of the New Normal School yesterday, and expressed himself well pleased with the progress the Contractor was making. It proved more interesting to him from the fact that it was through his instrumentality mainly that the city succeeded in getting such an institution at all. The Hon. Messrs. MacKenzie and McKellar were to have inspected the building at the same time, but pressure of business prevented their doing so.

We have been shown by Mr. Smith, Deputy of the Minister of Marine, two silver medals intended for presentation, one each, to Frank Moberly, Esq., P. L. S., and Mr. Wm. G. Patterson. On one side is the inscription, which will explain the object of the presentation, and which is as follows:—

"Presented by the Government of Canada to [the name of the person to whom presented], in recognition of his humane and gallant rescue of the crew and passengers of the Propeller 'Mary Ward,' on the 26th September 1872."

On the other side is engraved the Canadian arms, surrounded by a wreath of maple leaves, and surmounted by a crown. The medals are chaste in design, and the workmanship, executed by Mr. Lester of this city, is in the best style of the engravers art.

PRESBYTERIAN UNION.

The debate on the Union question was yesterday proceeded with in both the Church Courts now sitting in this city. In the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church, the question was discussed in Committee of the Whole, and with the exception of the Rev. Mr. Ross and the Rev. Mr. McTavish, there could not be said to be a single voice which dissented from the proposed basis of union. A new preamble to the basis, setting forth the Headship of Christ over the Curch and the nations, and the three first articles of the basis itself were adopted unanimously; and on the fourth article, pledging the united Church to cultivate special relations with other Presbyterian bodies, a resolution was adopted inviting the sister Church to a conference on the subject. The principal objection to it was not the statement of fact, but that the Church already acknowledged the principle and adopted the practice, and that therefore it was useless. The sister Church was also invited to discuss at the same conference the subject of the Temporalities Fund and the resolution attached to the basis referring thereto, the Assembly holding that they had nothing to do with the manner in which their brethren in the other Church disposed of that fund, and no expression of opinion regarding it was therefore necessary. This will remove at least one matter from the arena of discussion and controversy which was not unlikely to be the cause of some embarrassment in the satisfactory consummation of union. The Rev Dr. Topp, of Knox Church, Toronto, was appointed to convey the terms of the resolutions to the Synod of the sister Church, and to ask their assent and co-operation therein.

At the Synod of the Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland, there was some of the most eloquent speaking and the most able debating which it was the good fortune of those who attend the deliberations of church courts ever to listen to. Mr. Lang's address in opposition to the union, although conceived in a spirit of deeply rooted and bitter hostility to the Free Church and the voluntaries, was a model of oratory and courteousness of expression. He said some things, to be sure, which will take the Presbyterian world, and especially the church of Scotland, from whose bosom he so recently came, by surprise—things which may well stagger those who believe in the Presbyterian form of Church government, and which may with equal force cause them to look with considerable suspicion upon Mr. Lang's expressions of attachment to what he is pleased to term the mother church. He stated that he would be bound by the decision of no ecclesiastical court as to the form in which his congregation thought fit to worship God. A pretty Presbyterian is he indeed! What will the Church of Scotland say to this conduct in one who professes to be the special exponent of her views in this country? We not she will be less profuse in her expressions of admiration for her precious son than he has been within the past day or two with regard to what he calls his mother church. But Mr. Lang is not content with settling the first principles of Presbyterianism at defiance. He goes further, and treats with scorn and contempt the decision of the swinish multitude. In one breath he complains that the people have not been consulted, and in the next he tells us that the test would be at best a vulgar one—the most vulgar, in fact, which he could possibly conceive, and yet this is the man who claims to desire above all things, to be in sympathy with the people. Well, well, we had hoped in this century and in this free country, that there was no man bold enough to express himself thus, yet it is well, when he holds the opinion, that the world should know. The cause of the minority seems hopeless enough at any rate, but we cannot help thinking that the fact that Mr. Lang is the head and front of it is not at all likely to strengthen it in view of his expressions of yesterday. His arguments against union, the most potent without doubt which could be urged, were ably replied to by the Rev. Mr. Macdonnell, of Toronto, one of the most able and talented men in the church, who brought him over the coals for what he charitably designated his "liberality" of opinion in regard to church government and discipline.

In the afternoon a rather unexpected turn was given to the course of matters by a motion of Principal Snodgrass, asking for delay in order to find out if possible the extent and character of the objections to the basis of union, and to consider and report on the legal questions likely to arise out of its consumation. Such a motion, coming from one who has all along been a warm and earnest advocate of union at the earliest possible date, created, as it well might, no little surprise. It there is anything more than another which is calculated to teach the principal that proposing this policy of procrastination he was playing into the hands of those who entertain an avowed and bitter hostility to the cause he has so long and so successfully aided, it was the fact that in the person of Mr. Lang he found a seconder to his motion. If he expected to conciliate that gentleman by the motion, we are sorry to say that we fear he will find that he has been mistaken, for Mr. Lang yesterday intimated in terms that were unmistkeable that his determination was unalterable.

In the evening the principle feature was the appearance of Dr. Topp, with his message from the Canada Presbyterian Church, his hearty reception by the Synod, and the unanimous resolution to have a conference of both courts on the subject proposed at ten o'clock this morning, in St. Andrew's Church.

CONSERVATIVE ENVIOUSNESS—RECIPROCITY.

It is quite evident from the tone of the Opposition press that the active political element on the Conservative side cherishes ardent hopes of the failure of the negotiations for reciprocal trade relations with the United States. They do not question the value of the object sought; they know that a reciprocity treaty with the American people would be a great boon to the country; but they themselves attempted to accomplish what Mr. Brown is now engaged in, and failed; hence their envious desire, so strongly felt that they cannot conceal it, to anticipate the failure of the present movement. To discover the real feelings which animate the Conservative press and politicians in their treatment of this question needs no great power of imagination. They cannot conceal, in any utterance they may make, or by their best effort at shamming sincerity, that they are deeply grieved and mortified by the circumstance that Mr. Brown is engaged in negotiating a treaty with the United States Government, that his success is assured, and that the Administration of Mr. Mackenzie and the representative at Washington of this Dominion will have the distinction and the credit which success will assuredly bring with it. Taking the great Conservative party, not so great now by-the-bye as it lately was, at its own certificate of its own good name, we find in that party the embodiment of all the patriotism, floating and in stock, within the bounds of the Dominion. One would think then that their patriotism would keep them within proper bounds with regard to a matter that is a great national object; but such unfortunately for them is not the case. We do not need to question the purity of that patriotism that is very much spoken about, whose praises are sung in a way that always suggests the puffing of ones own wares; there is more condemnation than it can resist in the over zealous advocacy of those who own it. But this is certainly a case wherein party asperities might be subordinated to public interest. It is true, that Sir Alexander Galt, backed by the prestige of the Conservative party and the power of the Conservative Government, of which he was a member, went to Washington, and failed there upon precisely the same errand upon which Mr. Brown has, it is understood, succeeded. But that affords no reason why success, if it be generally desired, if it can be achieved by another party should be the occasion of envious heartburnings to those who have failed, unless indeed there be something of the nature of a nigger in the fence discoverable only upon very close inspection. The Conservatives might be magnanimous enough possibly to forget their own failure and to accept with good grace the success of their opponents, but for one little circumstance that marks their failure as a wilful fault chargeable against their Administration. It will be remembered that both Messrs. Brown and Galt were in the Government at the time it was determined to send the latter to Washington to negotiate a treaty. It will be remembered too, that the understanding was general at that time that Mr. Brown left the Cabinet because Mr. Galt had been preferred over himself to that important service. There was a strong feeling in the country that Mr. Brown was quite as competent for the service as Mr. Galt, and much more likely, for well-known reasons consequent upon the actions and sympathies of Canadians in the civil war at that time just closed in the States, to conciliate the authorities at Washington. There was sufficient cause in that choice of the Government to justify Mr. Brown's resignation, although we believe the truth to have been that he had other weighty grounds of withdrawal. The result we think has shown that Mr. Brown and his friends were right when they claimed in the interest of the country that he should have been sent to Washington; while *pro tanto* the action of the Government in preferring Mr. Galt was wrong, and, we believe now as we did then, taken because of the influence of a bitter personal and partizan spite which ought not to have been permitted to exert itself to the prejudice, as the event has proved, of the whole country. There is ground therefore for the assumption, and the Conservatives we are well assured are suffering acutely from their sensibility of the fact, that had Mr. Brown instead of Mr. Galt been chosen for this important work of dealing with the United States authorities for the promotion of our trade relations he would have succeeded where the other lamentably failed, and the country would have been the gainer by the sum of untold millions which seven years of reciprocity would have put in our pockets. If the Conservative party in this matter stand self-accused, we trust they will profit by the lesson which their partizan prejudices has taught them.

CITY AND VICINITY

ANYTHING required in a garden or farm can be had at Forfar's, cheap and good. 2588

PERSONAL. The Rev. Father Chiniquy of Illinois, is in town and staying at the Russell House.

IN SYNOD.—The Premier, Hon. Mr. Laird and the Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald attend the sederunts of the Kirk Synod, from time to time, evincing considerable interest in the question of Presbyterian Union.

RUNNING THE SLIDES. — We understand Mr. Perley has made arrangements to enable a number of the members of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland, to run the slides this afternoon.

UNION COMMUNION SERVICE.—A Union Communion Service will take place at 4 o'clock p.m., to-morrow in St. Andrew's Church, between the two Presbyterian bodies now in session here in High Court. The two Moderators will preside and dispense the Sacrement on the occasion.

CITY DIRECTORY.—Mr. A. S. Woodburn has undertaken the compilation and publication of a directory for Ottawa, New Edinburgh, Hull, Rochesterville and Aylmer. We wish Mr. Woodburn every success, and we think that merchants and the public generally will find it to their interest to patronize a work which is gotten up exclusively in the city.

MILITARY CAMP.—The troops in military district No. 4, under command of Lt.-Col. Jackson, will assemble at Ottawa this season on the 22nd inst., to put in their annual drill. In company with Adjutant Mowat, Lt.-Colonel Jackson visited the proprietors of the fields near the Rideau Rifle Range, with a view to obtaining their consent to allow them to be used as camping ground. We understand leave has been granted and that four battalions will turn out on the 22nd inst.

AN EVENING OF SACRED SONG.—Mr. Philip Philips, of New York, sang last night to a large and appreciative audience in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., of Ottawa. Mr. Philips entertained to the highest degree his hearers during the entire evening. His execution of the several pieces sung were of such a character as to call forth the plaudits of the house. He plays his own accompaniment, and does so in the most skilful and masterly manner. He will, by request, sing again tonight in the same place and at the same hour, so that all who were prevented from being present had better avail themselves of the opportunity to attend.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—T. E. Moore, Burlington Hair-cutting Rooms, 72 Sparks street, begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his fancy goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now over-stocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all fancy goods at half price or 25 per cent less than cost price. The goods consist of ladies' gold and silver watches, solid 15 carat gold chains, an immense assortment of elegant sets in gold. Best plate signet rings, plain and brass ring, hair ornaments, perfumery, brushes, real hair goods, meerchaum pipes, hand mirrors, hair brushes. All goods at half their market price. Ladies or gents requiring such articles will do well to call early. T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks street. 2588

Church Services To-morrow.

The following gentlemen chosen from the two Presbyterian Churches whose Supreme Courts are now sitting in this city, will preach in the churches as follows:—

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Wellington street.—Morning: Rev. Dr. Cook, of Quebec; evening: Rev. Dr. Jenkins, of Montreal.

KNOX CHURCH, Elgin street.—Morning: Rev. Peter Wright, of Ingersoll; evening: Rev. James Douglas, of Coburg.

BANK STREET CHURCH.—Morning: Rev. Principal Cavan; evening: Rev. Dr. Cook, of Quebec.

DALY STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning: Rev. Thomas Wardrope; evening: Rev. D. J. MacDonell, of Toronto.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH, Metcalfe street.—Morning: Rev. D. Fletcher, of Hamilton; evening: Rev. Thos. John McCall, of Hamilton.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH, Besserer street.—Morning: Rev. N. Clark, of Lakefield; evening: Rev. Wm. Mitchell, of Millbrook.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH, West End (Rev. Dr. Mark's)—Morning: Rev. W. Cochrane, of Middleville; evening: Rev. John Ferguson, of Ospray.

EPISCOPAL METHODIST, York street.—Morning: Rev. J. W. Smith, of Grafton; evening: Rev. John Morrison, of Waddington.

EPISCOPAL METHODIST, Le Breton Flats.—Morning: Rev. Donald Ross, Dundee; evening: Rev. D. J. McLean, of Arnprior.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Queen street.—Morning: Rev. Charles Doudiet, of Montreal; evening: Rev. Wm. King, of Buxton.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Albert street.—Morning: Rev. J. S. Burnet, of Martintown; evening: Rev. Geo. Bruce, M. A.

Service in all cases at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

WESLEYAN CONFERENCE.

The following are the names of ministers and their allotted stations in the Ottawa District for the next year as just determined at the Wesleyan Conference in Session at Hamilton:

THE OTTAWA DISTRICT.

Ottawa Centre (Metcalf-street)—William J. Hunter.
Ottawa East (King Street)—William Hall, M. A.
Ottawa West (Richmond Road)—Robert Mark, M. D.
Aylmer, (P. Q.)—J. W. Sparling, B. A., B. D.
Bell's Corners—Jabez B. Keough, (W.H. Sparling.)
Richmond—John Howes, W. S. Jamieson.
North Gower—B. M. Hammond (Joseph Carr.)
Long Island Locks—James Simpson.
Osgoode—Samuel Telson,
Bearbrook—Job Roadhouse.
L'Original—Thos. G. Williams.
Point Fortune—E. C. Reynolds.
George's Lake—One to be sent.
Grenville—John Corbett.
Thurso—Peter Ker.
North Wakefield—G. G. Huxtable.
Chelsea—B. Franklin.
Aylwin and Victoria—(S. S. Phillips) (T. E. Smith.)

The General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

Yesterday morning the Moderator took the Chair at 10 o'clock, and after devotional exercises, the minutes of the previous sitting were read and confirmed after a slight amendment.

The Committee on Bills and Overtures brought up a report as to the business of the day, and it being adopted, the House went into Committee of the Whole in conference on the

SUBJECT OF UNION,

Rev. Principal McVicker in the Chair.

Rev. Mr. Middlemiss who was in possession when the Court adjourned, did not wish to say anything more at present, but as there was a Conferrence he might, if necessity required it, be allowed to speak again.

Rev. Principal Cavan was delighted with the spirit in which the Assembly was disposed to approach the subject. Whatever their views as to union they could not but look at this as an important crisis in the history of Presbyterianism, and such as would make them thoughtful. He wished to make a remark as to the use of a basis. It seemed to him that too much importance was attached to the existence of a basis. He was not a latitudinarian, but he held with great firmness and he hoped with conscientiousness the doctrines of the Presbyterian Church. He could not, however, assent to the allegation that a basis was a bridge across the river, over which the parties on both sides might cross and shake hands, and then the basis might be burned. He did not agree with that, but he would like to see a basis that was a perfect literary document, but about which there was a difficulty. If the world asked what were the standards of the Presbyterian Church, the answer would be, the Confession of Faith, the Catechism, larger and shorter, and if they had a basis, it should be a document that would express the convictions of enlightened and liberal men. But, with regard to the standards, he had no hesitation in saying that he could not assent to the the whole of the 23rd chapter of the Confession of Faith; and just because he thought it was not competent for the civil magistrate to call Synods and be present at them and see that whatever was there done was in accordance with the Word of God. He had a right to this opinion. The American church had accepted the Confession of Faith, but it must be remembered that the American Church had re-written the 23rd chapter of the Confession, so that the voluntaries had no difficuly in accepting it. He would never be a part of a united church that sought union on the standards pure and simple. If a supposed union were effected they would rend the church, and not only prevent a new union but break up the old union. But there was a difficulty it appeared as to the Headship of Christ, and that being so, the world might ask were there two parties in the Presbyterian Church holding different faiths. He said there were no such parties. Christ is the head of the Church. Some thought that the basis fully conserved this principle, while others thought the basis did not fully conserve it. He differed about the precise meaning of a literary document. In the first place, the basis accepted the articles and the larger and shorter catechism. He then made reference to the history of the 4th article of the basis, for the present shape of which he was himself responsible, and its object was to maintain the true principle of the catholicity of the church. They had bodies without an organization, and others with such stringent organizations that they would not recognise other Christian bodies at all. The Presbyterian Church avoided latitudinarianism, and on the other hand, too stringent rules were avoided.

Rev. J. Ross remarked that it had been said that since the union of 1861, there had been no change on the points formerly at issue between the parties. but it should be remembered that there were points then settled that if swept away they would sweep away the covenant of union between the united parties. With regard to the present position of the Canada Presbyterian Church, he held that they had paid too high a price to identify themselves with the Church of Scotland. It was one of the terms of that union that the Canadian Church could be intimate or otherwise as the Supreme Court may from time to time determine, and she may withdraw these relations or change them or drop them altogether without any violation of pledges given. He urged that there could be no union, as Principal Cavan proposed, and reviewed the 4th article at length.

Rev. Mr. McKinnon brought forward the questions put to ministers at ordination as to whether they held the Confession of Faith. He wanted to know whether Principal Cavan could say whether this question was important, and the answer to it binding or not.

Principal Cavan replied that in ordination they did not attach equal importance to all questions. For instance the question as to church government was put, but no one would attach equal importance to that question as to receiving the Bible as the Word of God. (Applause.)

Rev. Mr. McKinnon held that there was no necessity for the 4th article to show that they cherished a catholic spirit, for it was included in the Confession of Faith.

The Moderator said that there were three points that had been raised by three speakers about which he wished to say a few words, and beginning with the last speaker he could see a distinction that did not seem to be apparent to him. He appeared to think the article was inconsistant, and that it was proposed to bring the church into the same relationship with Baptists, Episcopalians, and even Roman Catholics. It was not a fact that they stood in the same relationship to all and any of these, so that they shall receive ministers coming from these bodies, but that they may receive them, though they were not bound to receive them. But ministers coming from a Presbyterian Church in which they stood in friendly relations they could admit subject to certain regulations. He thought the origin of the article had something of this nature. At one time there was a great variety of modes of receiving ministers even with the Presbyterian Church; and in his own case, when he came to this country, he had to be a year in the mission field before he could be admitted, although a different course was pursued in regard to another young minister who came out in the same ship with him and under exactly similar circumstances. Now, he thought this article was intended to create uniformity in reference to this matter. With regard to Mr. Ross's idea of relationship, it might be remarked that they could not put themselves out of the relationship in which Providence had placed them. Mr. Ross might deny his relationship to his father and mother, brothers and sisters, but still he could not get over the fact that the relationship existed. He had a relationship even with his enemies, and of what he appeared to be afraid was a mere ghost of his imagination; but the relationship which he dreaded to acknowledge was a very limited one after all. He (the Moderator) believed that they were bound to receive ministers of good standing from churches holding the same doctrines and the same principles of church government, subject to certain regulations. Of course, if they had any doubts as to the soundness of the faith of any applicant he might be refused altogether. With reference to what Mr. Middlemiss had said, as to there being parties in the other body who held opinions in regard to the Headship of Christ very different from what was held in this body, he (the Moderator) had no means of knowing, but he believed it was not a fact, and hoped it would not go forth to the world that the views expressed by Mr. Middlemiss were the views of the Assembly. It would be found that if Mr. Middlemiss objected to going into union because there were ministers in the other body who held views different from his, that on the same principle he could not conscientiously say that he should remain in the Assembly because in it there were many who entertained different views from his.

Rev. Mr. McTavish said that from the statement made by Principal Cavan it would appear that his views were that if the standards were adopted pure and simple he would be driven out.

Rev. Principal Cavan wished to explain once for all that what he meant was that if the standards were adopted pure and simple then he was driven out, but on the other hand if there was some matter upon which the explanations were not so full as he would like them he was not driven out. (Hear, hear).

Rev. Mr. McTavish was not dissatisfied with the preamble but he thought some of the resolutions should be taken away. He would not take one of the articles as a basis, and it was just as competent for him to explain the Confession of Faith to Principal Cavan as for the Principal to explain to him the fourth article. He only dealt with the documents as he found them and if he dealt with them somewhat freely, he hoped it would be understood that he had no sort of unkindly or uncharitable feeling towards any one. With reference to the paternity of the fourth article it seemed that Principal Cavan was a sort of step-father to it, for the first part of it was his, while the latter part was not his, and there was an inconsistency in it. He differed in the interpretation of the fourth article from that held by some others. If it meant nothing more than that they should maintain friendly relations with other churches that was not necessary, for it was in the Confession of Faith, and if it meant the latter part of it, they were bound to take men from any church whatever who submitted himself for examination.

Rev. Mr. King in reference to what Mr. Ross had said that they had as much right to strike out the doctrine of the Headship of Christ from the confession as out of the basis; He could not see that there was any parallel, because as long as the doctrine remained in the Confession they were bound to it.

Rev. Mr. Ross remarked that they had no right to strike it out of either.

Rev. Mr. King thought they had got on very well for the past with that declaration in the Confession of Faith, and he thought they would get on very well for the future. He held that they should not sit in judgment upon other churches. Though that was not expressly stated, it was implied that they were to decide upon what other churches were the same doctrine, discipline and government as themselves. In the fourth article it was implied that they should be the judges in these matters. He did not quarrel with what was meant by the article, but he did not think they would get any union except they gave a security that a minister from Scotland would be received in the same terms as from other churches. He regretted the silence of the minority at the last General Assembly on this matter, and to that he attributed in a great measure the unhappy position in which the assembly was now placed, He thought they should base their desire for union on the three first articles with the preamble.

After some further discussion the time arrived for adjournment. The Committee then rose and reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

The Court then adjourned for an hour.

AFTER RECESS.

The Moderator took the chair at three o'clock, and after devotional exercises and the reading and confirmation of the minutes, the House again went into Committee of the Whole on the same question.

Rev. Dr. Proudfoot desired that the brethren would remember how much had been yielded to those who talked of conscientious scruples by the affixing the preamble. He thought if the heat of feeling were put aside there would be a removal of all obstacles. He wished it to be understood that the United Church would be completely independent of all other churches whatever. The word "relation" appeared to cause trouble to some, but it was not a vague relation, but such as would enable the United Church to receive ministers of other churches on such regulations as the United Church should please to adopt. Then again the word "shall" appeared to be understood by some to mean "must," but he understood it in no such sense. He would not have allowed the word "must" to have appeared in the document

He proceeded at considerable length to argue in the same connection, and was followed by several other speakers, who urged pro. and con., similar opinions to those propounded by previous speakers.

The result was that three resolutions were come to, the first of which was in effect, to agree to the preamble as to the basis of union. The second was that in consideration of the difficulties that many felt with reference to the fourth article, a conference be asked with the Synod on that article with the hope of arriving at some satisfactory conclusion.

The third resolution was that inasmuch as some members were unwilling to give an expression of opinion as to the temporalities fund, and were inclined to leave it in the hands of the church, it was desirable to have a conference with the Synod on that subject as well as with reference to the withdrawal of the 8th resolution.

It was further resolved that the Rev. Dr. Topp do wait upon the Synod and ask them to join with the Assembly in conference on the above subjects.

At six o'clock the House adjourned for the usual time.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

At half-past seven o'clock the Moderator took the Chair, and after the usual services, the minutes of the afternoon sitting were read and confirmed.

The Committee on Bills and overtures brought up an amended order of business for the evening and it was adopted.

The House then went into committee of the Whole on the question of union, the Rev. D. Thornton in the chair.

Rev. Mr. McTavish moved that inasmuch as a number of the members of the Assembly feel dissatisfied with the third and fourth resolutions, this Committee of the whole House is of opinion that the Synod should be asked to confer with the Assembly with regard to these resolutions in order that some satisfactory determination may be arived at.

The motion having been seconded, a considerable amount of discussion took place upon it, but it was ultimately withdrawn in favor of the following, proposed by

Rev. Dr. McLaren—"That the deliverance come to on the preamble renders it unnecessary, in the opinion of this committee, that any judgment should be given by the Assembly on the 3rd resolution.'

This motion was unanimously adopted, and on the motion of Rev. Mr. Ross the committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again. Leave to sit again was granted.

AMERICAN DELEGATION.

Rev. J. M. King introduced the Rev. G. J. Van Neste, as a delegate from the Synod of the Reformed Church of America, who was greeted with applause.

The Rev. Mr. Van Neste commenced by stating that he had no Irish or Scotch wit to recommend him, but would address them in a plain, practical way, like a Dutchman. He then proceeded to give an account of what is being done in the United States by the church which he represents, and assured the Assembly that christian unity characterized the whole of the churches of the States. Yet diversity of unity is the law of grace just as in the law of nature, but in the secret workings of Providence the walls of difference were being pulled down. This was shown by the overthrow of slavery, which had caused trouble and differences between churches as individuals. He spoke of the Reciprocity Treaty, and created considerable amusement and cries of "No, no," when he stated that it had been suggested that something more might come out it than now offered, and that ere long the people of Canada and the United States could greet each other as fellow citizens.

At the close of his address the delegate was cordially thanked by the Moderator, and was requested to convey to his Synod the obligations of the Assembly for their courtesy and sympathy.

THE REV. MR. BLACK, MONTREAL.

In reference to the case of the Rev. Mr. Black, about whom application was made by the Montreal Presbytery for his reception from the Congregational Church of the United States, in order that he might become connected with the Erskine congregation, it was resolved on the motion of the Rev. Mr. Warden, that the application be referred to the committee on the reception of ministers, with instruction, to secure, if practicable, the attendance of Mr. Black before the committee.

The following is a list of the Home Mission Committee appointed for the year 1874-75.

Wm. Cochrane, Convenor; Robt. H. Warden, Secretary; J. M King, Joseph White, D. Paterson, A. J. Traver, J. Burton, W. Donald, W. D. Ballantine, R. Rodgers, J. McColl, R. Torrance, R Hamilton, F. McQuaig, Dr. Proudfoot, D. B. Whimster, H. Crozier, A. Tolmie, Prof. Bryce, Ministers.—Hugh Young, Thos. Gordon, T. McCrae, Geo. Hay, T. W. Taylor, A. G. Northrup, J. Sutherland—Elders.

The House adjourned at 10 o'clock until this morning.

KIRK SYNOD.

THIRD DAY.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

THURSDAY, June 4th.

The Synod, in pursuance to adjournment, met at 8:30 o'clock, p. m. The Moderator presiding.

The Synod was constituted in due form by praise and prayer.

REMIT ON UNION.

The question on the Remit of Union was then declared to be the first order before the Court.

Elder McLean, of Toronto, then took the platform and said that he was constrained to take a firm and decided stand on the question about to be taken into consideration by the Synod. Circumstances that had occurred to-day imposed this upon him, and however onerous the duty he was determined to assume the responsibility. He could not understand why this Church should be forced to join a body that seceded from it in 1843, and which looked upon its members as actual heretics. If in 1843 our fathers held a right position we should not now be asked to depart from that. If any one will venture to assert that the parent church was wrong at that time, then there would be some reason for the Union. If not, then how in God's name should we be asked to unite with such uncharitable and unchristian people. He would like to know the advantages to be gained by a separation from the Mother Church. He had heard from men who will oppose him in his opinion, but heard nothing from them to change his mind. He confessed that he was utterly astonished that Dr. Cook should reflect upon the people in their judgment upon the Remit on Union. He still continued of the opinion that the question of Union was not proposed to the Congregations, but a submission of the Basis of Union. He thought the matter was not fairly laid before them. He contended that it was not competent for this Court to send down such a Remit to the people. He contended that the Synod had no jurisdiction in such a matter. A consummation of such a union would be disastrous. If the Sister Church could really say that we were so unchristian as to deny the Headship of Christ; he hoped whatever the fate of his motion that there would be no union with any body that thought our Church not giving its entire faith to the Lord Jesus Christ. They had a fund in the church for the benefit of the clergy. Union would fritter away that fund. If there was to be Union let us go in with vested rights and preserve the fund to the church to which it rightly belonged. It would be told that in districts where churches were weak the union would bring strength, that the union would result in progress to the United Churches. The Free Church has not progressed in the same ratio as our own since their last union. The sacrifice of this fund would deteriorate from their church. He could not see that the changewas to benefit them in either talent, wealth or strength. They were called on to give up their connection with the Church of Scotland. He was a Canadian and the son of a Canadian, but yet his attachment to the Mother Church of Scotland would not allow to be severed. In St. Andrew's Church of his city he had heard language used to his own father that he never thought would be used in a Church of Christ. It was asserted that the doctrines of the Kirk were damnable. The grossest insults had been heaped upon the church. Some might think this strong language, but he came determined to insist upon justice to the church, and nothing less would satisfy him and those who acted with him in this matter. He therefore moved the following resolution:

"Inasmuch as the question of union has not been submitted to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, in accordance with the laws of the church; and inasmuch as the position of the church in reference to the doctrine, government, discipline and laws is clearly defined by the acts and resolutions of the Synod of 1844. And inasmuch as this church has not yet resolved to counsel said acts, and as there are reclaiming minorities in the two churches before whom the question of union has been brought, who do not agree on the basis of union, and who will not accept said basis, be it resolved that this Synod now assembled, renew their declaration of adherence to the doctrines and government of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, their determination to stand by the doctrine and discipline now established in that church, and tendering to the late Union Committee their best thanks, beg leave now to withdraw from further consideration of the question."

Mr. Burnett seconded the motion, and supported it in a lengthy speech. He recited in strong terms the incidents connected with the disruption of 1843-44, and contended that the remit on the question of union was never legally overturned to the lower Courts of the Church, and he protested especially against its being submitted to the congregations, which was a course entirely opposed to the Constitution of the Church of Scotland. With regard to the funds belonging to the Church, he contended it was impossible to divert them from the purpose for which they were at first set aside, and remarked by the way that Ministers were as greedy as they were jolly. (Laughter). He quoted from the records of the Synod to show that the language was so strict that there was no loop-hole of escape, and if any person could find such loop-hole he would be very glad to hear of it. (Great laughter). He concluded by seconding the motion most heartily.

Rev. D. M. Gordon (Ottawa) said he felt a profound sense of the crisis at which the church had arrived. They had been assured that the manner in which this remit was sent down was illegal, but it was strange that this point was not urged at an earlier date. In 1870 the question was moved and year after year it had been perfected until the basis was finally sent down to the presbyteries, kirk sessions and congregations, not only that, but the remit was brought in by an overture. (Applause.) As to the disposal of the funds of the church, he thought this Synod was the natural heir of those who gave up the fund to the Synod and had full power for its disposal as long as it was applied to the purposes implied in the act, the maintenance of religion and education. He contended that the vote on the remit was clearly understood as a vote for or against union by the congregation. Allusion had been carefully avoided as to the overwhelming return in favor of union, and he could not understand by what possible means they could look for a larger or more complete return of the feelings of the congregation on this question. As to the advantages of union he considered the fact that it would secure the benefit of regular service to outlying districts where congregations of the two churches were not sufficiently strong for each to maintain their own church would outweigh every other argument against it. Some urged delay, but he could not see what advantage was to be gained by it. Up to the time the union would be accomplished there would be a few who were so averse to change they would continue to oppose it. In view of the revival of dead issues and of the very great changes that had been brought about in the last thirty years, he could not refrain from urging, so far as he could, the Synod to proceed as fast as possible with the consummation of this union. He believed that it would give to Presbyterianism a power in this land that it never had before. There would be made manifest throughout this Dominion the virtues of their simple faith and simple practice, and he did not feel that he was too confident in saying that they should find better cause than they ever had regarding the old burning bush of the church that it had not been consumed. He would therefore move in amendment:—That in view of the returns sent up by presbyteries, kirk sessions and congregations to the remit on union, it be resolved that the Synod proceed at once to the consummation of union on the said basis, taking all necessary steps by legislation or otherwise, but reserving to itself in the meantime the power to alter the terms of the proposed disposal of the temporalities fund. (Applause).

Rev Mr. Campbell (Montreal), in seconding the amendment, said it was explicitly stated in the remit that they did not alter in the slightest degree the principles held by them in 1844. He proved from records of the church that the Synod had been overturned on the question of union several times. The church as it now was did not represent the Scotch people of this country. They were numerically weak and the Presbyterians were numerically strong, but each had elements which if united would form a church that every Irish as well as Scotch Presbyterian would have reason to be proud of. He knew there were ministers of the church who sacrificed their own feelings and advocated this union for the advantages that would accrue to the church in the future. (Cheers.)

It being eleven o'clock the debate was adjourned.

FOURTH DAY.

MORNING SEDERUNT.

FRIDAY, June 5th.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church, in connection with the Church of Scotland, met again this morning at 11 o'clock, in St. Andrew's Church, the Moderator presiding.

The Synod was duly constituted with prayer.

Devotional exercises were conducted by the Rev. A. McNish, B.D., of Cornwall.

The minutes of the third diet were read and confirmed.

ADDRESSES.

The Moderator reported on the presentation of addresses at Rideau Hall. He expressed that they were received with every kindness and courtesy, and although His Excellency was totally unaware of the address to be presented, made an impromptu reply of great interest.

MANITOBA MISSION.

The Rev. Mr. Hart, of Manitoba, was admitted to sit and deliberate with the Court on the motion of the Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, of Toronto.

REMIT ON THE UNION.

The debate on the Remit to the union was resumed by the Rev. Gavin Lang. He expressed the pleasure he experienced in meeting with the sister Church in devotional exercises in the morning. He was more confirmed after that service as to the course he had pursued on the question of union. He did not think it to late to appeal to the people on the question of union, as he believed it was never too late to mend. He believed the returns did not represent the will of the Church, and that they were very imperfect. The document was one very liable to be misunderstood, and such a document should not prove ambiguous. He believed it unfair to reflect upon the intelligence of the congregation and he thought it was no discredit to say that the Churches were not made fully acquainted with the basis of union. If it was believed the majority were doing wrong, they had a perfect right to contend for the constitutional principles of the Church. He regretted the distortion that must ensue to the vested forms of the Church by an adoption of the basis of union. He hoped that if the matter went down again to the people these matters would be fully explained. If he stood alone he would stand faithfully by the Church that reared him, with the help of God. Much had been said as to the prospect of the church if union were adopted, that it would make a clean sweep in a political sense, and give the church a great influence. He confessed that he could not see much prospect of such an idea, and, even if realised, it was not a state of things much to be desired. In the course of his ministerial visitations he liked to visit them in no formal and stiff manner, but liked to see them in all phases of their social customs. If they eat or drink, laugh dance, or sing, he believed it was possible to do so, and yet to worship the Lord. (Hisses and ironical cheers) He cared not for the marks of disapproval, for he believed his ideas were scriptural. (Cheers.) Was it right to sacrifice all principle for the sake of honour? He took a great interest in the temporalities, as they were the great bond that linked our existence with the Mother Church. He differed from the Rev. Mr. Gordon, as to the right of the Synod over these temporalities. He contended that we were trustees and not heirs to that fund, and, as such, there were conditions attached to the trust that the Synod was bound to protect. He said that the union question did not come from the people, and it was altogether clerical in its character. True, the Elders have had something to do with it, but they were not the representatives of the people owing to the permanent nature of their office; and he therefore trusted that if the question received a quietus, it would again start with the people. He wanted no alliance that must be followed by a life of persecution and strife. He did not think it was impossible to have Christian fellowship although distinct as regards the name.

Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, of Toronto, said many hoped yesterday that a good result would have flowed from the proposed Conference. Just as they tried to harmonise matters, they found thrust in their face the protest of the seceding church in 1843. This was an act so mean and despicable that it should not have been done by the fathers and brethren of the one church. Regrets had been expressed that the Canada Presbyterian Church did not withdraw the protest, but there was this consolation that they did not thrust in our faces the document as was

that he would vote for union and that without delay.

Jas. Carmichael of Markham he had too much confidence in the last speaker, than to think that he would refuse any measure of a conciliating nature. The very fact of its being necessary to have recourse to legal opinions is sufficient to warrant a policy of delay and conciliation. He wished the union "God Speed," but at the same time he was not prepared to do any thing to drive out of the Court an influential minority. He thought union inevitable and he wished it every success, but he trusted although at the eleventh hour they would hesitate before hastily adopting the basis of union.

Dr. Topp had great pleasure in appearing before the Supreme Court of the Canada Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland on the question of union. We could not overestimate the question of union in this Dominion. He hoped the union would be a happy one. The union sentiment has been stronger in our church this time than ever. He hoped they had adopted the means that would complete the union. He came to ask a conference to settle the 4th Article of Union, and in regard to the Temporalities Fund, which he said their church was disposed to leave the settlement of that fund to the church interested in any way they seemed meet. He, however, trusted that the time had arrived when they could at once complete the consummation of the union.

Dr. Cook thought after what had been heard from Dr. Topp, that it became us to answer the message in a Christian spirit and appoint a deputation to meet in conference a like number from the sister Church with a view to arrange the terms necessary to a complete union. When the right hand of fellowship is extended, are we to be so recreant as to refuse to welcome the kindly sentiment prevailing in the address from the delegate of the Canada Presbyterian Church. It had been said that if they joined the church that in the union they would be swamped; but would any one who heard Mr. Gordon, Mr. Campbell and Mr. McDonell, or Mr. Grant, of Halifax, address the Synod, say that such men would not make their mark in the United Church. As to money, he believed assistance should not any further be asked from the parent church, as by union we would be well able to support ourselves. There is comfort in love, and strength in union, and, if for no other reason, these feelings should tend to hasten the consummation of union. He could not conclude without expressing the hope that One whose eye seeth all things is watching over us and commanding his disciples, "Love ye one another." (Applause.)

Dr. Jenkins, of Montreal, would move that a conference of both churches be held in this church at ten o'clock to-morrow.

Rev. Mr. Gordon seconded the motion.

JOINT COMMUNION.

On motion of Mr. Gordon, it was agreed to hold a joint sacrament of both churches at 4 o'clock on Sunday afternoon in St. Andrews' Church, the two Moderators to preside.

After some further discussion, in which Rev Mr. Lindsay, of Sherbrooke, Ross, of Dundee, and Mr. Craig, of Glengary, took part, the Synod adjourned to meet in conference with the Canada Presbyterian Church at 10 o'clock this morning.

Philip Philips sings to-night in the Wesleyan Methodist Church. Admission 25 cents.

Police Court.

Before Mr. O'Gara, P. M.

Friday, June 5.

Belvine Perrault, selling liquor, fined $20 and costs.

Edward B Mousseau, same offence, fined $20 and costs.

Geo. Gibson, for assaulting and wounding Fabian Bisis, sent down for trial to the next Quarter Sessions.

Patrick Behan, charged with keeping spirituous liquors without license, was fined $20 and costs.

James Derrick, charged with being drunk, was fined $3 and costs.

Thomas Paquet, selling liquor without license, was fined $20 and costs.

Mr. Peivers, selling liquor without license, was fined $20 and costs.

Ellen McDonald, charged with being drunk, was discharged.

MELANCHOLY DEATH.

A Planing Mill Disaster—Coroner's Inquest.

Yesterday morning a young man named Rennick, employed in Messrs T. W. Currier & Co's. Planing mill, Canal Basin, while engaged in tying a string from which a fan was suspended to prevent shavings being knocked into his eyes had his arm caught in the planing machine and before he could extricate it he was drawn in and instantly killed. His body was terribly bruised, and his right arm completely cut up to the shoulder. His head was also badly bruised and it was from this that death ensued.

INQUEST AND VERDICT.

Dr. Beaubien immediately empannelled a jury, with Mr. F Graham, as Foreman, and a verdict attributing the death to accident, and placing no blame at the door of the company was rendered. The following is the medical evidence:

We, the undersigned, medical witnesses, have examined the body of Irwin Rennick, and found the following:—The right arm cut completely off at the shoulder joint, fracturing the clavicle and scapula, and carrying the superficial structures of the joint and shoulder away. Also a large wound over the right side of the head, between three and four inches long, cutting through the scalp, and fracturing the bone of the skull and penetrating deeply into the structure of the brain. We are of opinion that the wound in the head was the immediate cause of death.

H. J. Corbett.
James Gibb

The unfortunate young man Rennick, was about twenty years of age. He was a member of the Central Hood and Ladder Company, and his funeral will no doubt be attended by the fire brigade.

Sale of Lots on the By Estate.

The following are the Lots of the By Estate, which were sold yesterday by Mr. Homer McLean, Auctioneer, together with the names of the purchaser, and the price at which they were disposed of:—

SOUTH MARIA STREET.

Lot No. 15, $810, W. Campbell; No 16 $810, W. Campbell; No. 17, $810, B. Melon.

NORTH GLOUCESTER STREET.

Lot No. 10, $750, Joseph Day; No. 14, $750, W. McVeitty.

SOUTH GLOUCESTER STREET.

Lot No. 3, $740, C. T. Bate; No. 4, $740, C. T. Bate.

NORTH NEPEAN STREET.

Lot No. 31, $860 P. Simpson.

SOUTH NEPEAN STREET.

Lot No. 7 $800, Alex. Sparks; No. 10, $770, M. Kehoe; W ½ 11, $385, M. Kehoe; No. 37, $940, J. B. Brennan.

NORTH BIDDY STREET.

Lot No. 7, $610, George Mealy; No. 15 $550, Adam Dunlop; W ½ 16 $320, Adam Dunlop; No. 20, $860, T. Vincent; No. 21, $860, T. Vincent; No. 24, $850, James Green; No 29, $950, J. Purdy; No. 32, $950, R. Jones; No 36, $950 W. Bowles; No. 37, $920, Jas. Foster; No. 38, $900, James Foster.

Fire at the Qu'elle Butte.

The fire at the Qu'elle Butte Works took place on Tuesday at two o'clock, a.m., and came well nigh proving very disastrous. As it was, only the buildings—cook house and boarding house—which had accommodation for one hundred and fifty men were burned. Blankets, bedding, and provisions, which they contained were likewise destroyed, nothing whatever being saved out of them. The store, house, stables, magazine and blacksmiths' shop were saved with great difficulty. Had the fire communicated to the magazine, the result would have been fearful. The men who were sleeping upstairs in the building had to jump out of the windows to escape from the flames; notwithstanding their hurried exit, several men were more or less burned. John Pays' head and face were badly burned; the cook's head and face were also badly burned, and Mr. W. H. Davis, one of the contractors, had one hand burned. Several of the men had their legs sprained, and were otherwise injured in jumping from the windows. The total loss is between one and two thousand dollars. The place will be rebuilt immediately, and the work at the Qu'elle Butte goes on as usual. All the men are doing well. The origion of the fire is entirely unknown.

BY TELEGRAPH

RENFREW.

Sad Accident.

Renfrew, June 5

A very sad accident happened at Mount St. Patrick, on the afternoon of the 4th inst., the Rev. Father John McCormick started after his dinner for a short walk, a party calling on him and waiting a considerable time the housekeeper went in search, and he was nowhere to be found. She gave the alarm and the neighbours traced him along the Cousta Creek, where it is supposed he had been fishing, came to a place where the tracks stopped and found him lying on his face drowned in about four feet of water. No further particulars yet received.

Don't forget to go and here the great singer to-night.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

The Oaks.

London, June 5.—The Oaks, the next races of importance to the Derby at Epsom summer meeting, took place to-day, and was won by 'Apology,' 'Miss Loto' second, and 'Lady Patricia' third. The were 185 nominations. Eleven started. The last betting was 3 to 1 against 'Apology,' 6 to 4 against 'Miss Loto,' and 7 to 1 against 'Lady Partricia.' The weather was favorable for the race, which was witnessed by a crowd almost as large as that which went to the Derby.

The Liquor Law.

London, June 5.—The House of Commons last night, by a vote of 161 against 126, adopted the proposition of the Government that public houses shall be hept open on weeks from 7 o'clock morning until 12 o'clock at night.

The House also, by a vote of 382 against 42 approved of the Governments proposal that such houses shall be open on the same days in towns having over 2,500 population from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m., and in towns with less number of people from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m.

SPAIN.

Convicts.

Madrid, June 5—Five hundred covicts engaged in the rebellion at Cantagena, were embarked on a Spanish steamship, at Oran, to be taken back to Spain. Over $200 000 worth of plunder was found in their possession.

The President on the Financial Situation.

Washington, June 5.—President Grant in reply to a written request of Senator James, of Nevada, has sent to that gentleman a memorandum of his views on the financial question, which he recently prepared and read to several members of Congress. Memorandum of views entertained on the subject of describing legislation on finances.—I believe it a high and plain duty to return to a specie basis at the earliest practicable day, not only in compliance with legislative and party pledges but as a step indispensible to lasting national prosperity.—I believe further that the time has come when this can be done or at least began with less embarrassment to every branch of industry than at any future time. After resort has been had to unstable and temporary expedients to stimulate unreal prosperity and speculation on a basis other than coin, as the recognized medium of exchange throughout the commercial world, the particular mode selected to bring about a restoration of the specie standard is not of so much consequence as that some adequate plan be devised, the time fixed when currency shall be exchangeable for coin at par, and the plan adopted rigidly adhered to. It is not probable that any legislation suggested by me would be accepted by both branches of Congress, and indeed a full discussion might shake my own faith in the details of any plan I might propose. I will however venture to state the general features of the action, which seems to me advisable. The financial platform on which I stand and any departure from which would be in a spirit of concession and harmony in deference to the conflicting opinions. First—I would like to see the legal tender clause so-called, repealed; the repeal to take effect at a future time, say July 1st, 1875. This would cause all contracts made after that date for wages, sales, &c., to be estimated in coin; it would correct our notions of value. The specie dollar would be the only dollar known as the measure of equivalent when debts afterwards contracted were paid in currency, instead of calling the paper dollar a dollar, and quoting gold at so much premium. We should think and speak of paper at so much discount, this alone would aid greatly in bringing the two currencies nearer together at par. Second—I would like to see a provision that, at a fixed day, say July 1st, 1874, the currency issued by the United States, should be redeemed in coin on presentation to any Assistant Treasurer, and that all the currency so redeemed should be cancelled and never re-issued. To effect this, it would be necessary to authorize the issue of bonds payable in gold bearing such interest as would command par in gold to be put out by the Treasury only in such sums as should from time to time be needed for the purpose of redemption. Such legislation would ensure a return to financial principles in two years, and would in my judgment work less hardship to the debtor interest than is likely to come from putting off the day of final reckoning. It must be borne in mind too, that the creditor interest had its day of disadvantage; also when our present financial system brought in by the supreme needs of the nation at the time, I would further provide that, from and after the date fixed for that redemption, no bills whether of national banks, of the United States and returned to the Treasury to be exchanged for new bills, should be replaced by others of less denomination than ten dollars, and that in one year after resumption, all bills of less than five dollars should be withdrawn from circulation, and in two years all bills of less than ten dollars should be withdrawn. The advantage of this would be strength given to the country, against time of depression, resulting from war, failure of crops or any other casuality, keeping always in the hands of the people a large speculation of the precious metals. With all smaller transactions conducted in coin many millions of it would be kept in constant use, and, of course prevented from leaving the country. Undoubtedly a poorer currency will always drive a better out of circulation. With paper a legal tender, and at a discount, gold and silver become articles of merchandise as much as wheat or cotton. The surplus will find the best market it can. With small bills in circulation, there is no use for a coin except to keep it in the vaults of the banks to redeem circulations. During periods of great speculation and apparent prosperity, there is little demand for coin, and then it will flow out into a market where it can be made to earn something which it can not do while lying idle. Gold, like everything else, when not needed becomes a surplus, and like every other surplus it seeks a market where it can find one by giving active employment to coin. However, its presence can, it seems to me, be secured, and the panics and depressions which occur periodically in times of nominal specie payments, if they cannot be wholly prevented, can at least be greatly mitigated. Indeed, I question whether it would have been found necessary to depart from standard of specie in the trying days which gave birth to the first legal tender act, had the country taken the ground of no small bills as early as 1850. Again I would provide an excess of revenue over current expenditures. I would do this by rigid economy and by taxation. Where taxation can be borne increased revenue would work a constant reduction of debt and interest and would provide coin to meet demands on the treasury for the redemption of its notes, thereby diminishing the amount of bonds needed for that purpose. All taxes after redemption begins should be paid in coin as notes. This would force redemption on the national banks with measures like these or measures which would work out such results. I see no danger in authorizing free banking without limit.

American Progress.

In reply to a speech of the Minister and Envoy Extraordinary of Nicaragua, President Grant said the people of the United States were deeply interested in the prosperity of the American republics, and will see with pleasure competition of any work which may promote it. Especially will they regard with satisfaction the construction of ship canals between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, whenever it may be found possible to construct them to advantage.

In the Metcalf street Church at eight o'clock, Philip Philips will sing.

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar 24 Sparks strret. 2575

Good Gracious.—Go and see the Flowers at Forfar's Seed store, Rideau St. 2580

The immense rush still continues. Crowds of people at Metcalf's every day. Goods going off rapidly. 2577

Trunks, Valises, Bags, the cheapest place in the city at T. Shores & Co., Sparks Street near Bank-st

MARRIED.

On the 3d inst., at Trinity Church, Barrie, by the Rev. Edward Morgan, assisted by the Rev. Edward Murphy, J. Stewart Durie, Esq., of Ottawa, to Mary E., second daughter of Joseph Locke, Esq., of Barrie.

THE Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya has become a great favorite on account of its perfect reliability in treating derangements of the stomach, liver complaint, and diseases of the kidneys, which are the causes of poor blood and breaking down of the general health. It restores vitality to all the organs, removing suppressions, irregularities, and exhausting discharges and every description of humors which disfigure the body. It is adapted to all ages and conditions of life, being a blood food and nutritive tonic. Sold at $1.

Pain Killer

The Great

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price 25 cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1864.

MILITIA SUPPLIES.

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned at his office, at Brockville, up to two p. m. on THURSDAY the 11th inst., for the supply of such quantity of the undermentioned articles as may be required for 1,400 men, and 130 horses, more or less, for the period of about 12 days, during the encampment of the Active Militia at or near Ottawa, commencing on 22d June, 1874:

Bread, Fresh Meat, Potatoes, Groceries Hardwood for Fuel, Oats, Hay and Straw—in bundles of 15 lbs. each and Water for cooking and drinking, and cartage of Stores to and from Camp.

Conditions of the Contractors, and forms of Tender can be obtained at the Printing Office of Mr. Woodburn, Elgin-st. Ottawa, (where samples of Groceries are to be left) or from the undersigned.

The contractor for Forage will be required to furnish suitable storage for at least three days' supply, which quantity should be always on hand.

The Fuel wood must contain 128 cubic feet to the cord.

The quarters of Beef must weigh not less than one hundred pounds, and the suet, kidneys neck, shank and hock-joints to be excluded, and Salt Pork or Mutton to be supplied if required for three days of the period. The contractor to furnish necessary Saws, Choppers, Blocks and Scales.

The D. A. G. does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

The bona fide signatures of two responsible persons willing to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract to accompany each tender.

W. H. JACKSON,
Lt.-Colonel, Dep. Adjt. Gen. Mil. District No. 4.

Dep. Adjt. Gen.'s Office, Brockville, June 5, 1874. 2583

AUCTION SALE.

—OF A—

FAMILY CARRIAGE,
TOP BUGGY, and
ENGLISH DOG CART.

The subscriber has been favoured with the above consignment of Carriages from a Montreal house, to be sold without any reserve. The sale will take place at his rooms, 5 Rideau street, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 6th,

The lot consists of one Family Carriage, with pole and shafts; one Top Buggy; one English Dog Cart. Sale without reserve and For Cash. Sale to take place at 11 a. m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer

The above sale has been postponed until TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 9th, to take place at the same hour and place.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

June 6, 1874. 2588-6in

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Tailion & Chrysler, his Attorneys.

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May, A.D. 1874

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria Building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MacCUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2557

FOUND—A Lady's BROOCH. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement, on application to this Office. May 29, 1874. 2567.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. 73 57 ydaw

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D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at THOS. PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied. We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Scott Street, Toronto, Agents for Ontario.

Or DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame Street, Montreal: Agents for Province of Quebec.

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874. 2572.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P. Q.
2828-6m.

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874. 518ly

CLARET!

Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin, Margaux.
Do do Medoc.
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH, Wellington-st.

May 8, 1874 2580.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2 000 yards	16cts.	now	11¼
2,500 "	20	"	14¾
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	22½
2,085 "	36	"	26¼
2,275 "	40	"	31
3,050 "	50	"	38¾

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90	now	$0 75
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,300 "	1 40	"	1 25
1,575 "	1 55	"	1 28¾
550 "	1 75	"	1 40½
500 "	2 00	"	1 47½
400 "	3 00	"	2 50

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts.	now	14
Assortment	20	"	16
Plain Black	25	"	19½
and	30	"	23
Coloured	35	"	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	13cts.	now	9¼
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,025 "	15	"	12½
2,150 "	18	"	15
3,186 "	20	"	18

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

White and Grey Cottons.	Old Price.		Sale Price.
	10cts.	now	7¾
	13	"	10½
	15	"	12¼
	17	"	14¼

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costomes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

White and	15c.	now	12a.
	20	"	15½
Coloured	25	"	19
	30	"	23
Cotton	35	"	26¾

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batisles and Lawns.

83,000 yards.	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts	now	16¾
Stripe	25	"	19
Muslins	30	"	25
4,000 yards	35	"	28¾

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	15½
Splendid	25	"	19½
Assortment	30	"	22
	35	"	28½
	45	"	35

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16¼
475 "	25	"	19¾
350 "	30 and 35	"	22 & 28¼

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60	now	$3 75
	6 75	"	5 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 60

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,

30 SPARKS-ST.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats....Peacock
Christy's Hats....Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats....Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats....Peacock
Wolseley Hats....Peacock
Castellar Hats....Peacock
Cheltenham Hats....Peacock
Spencer Hats....Peacock
Sorento Hats....Peacock
Cordova Hats....Peacock
Venosti Hats....Peacock
Clinton Hats....Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

COMMISSION STORE

—AND—

AUCTION ROOMS

—AT—

D. C. Simon's,

HULL.

The undersigned will be happy to receive all kinds of Goods to Sell on Commission, Patented Articles, Furnitures, etc., etc.

Mr. Simon having one of the best Commercial stand in the Village of Hull, and being well known by the public, hopes to meet the encouragement which he thinks he has a right to expect.

Having giving the necessary guarantee for his license his patrons can depend on getting a prompt return after the dispsal of their goods. Mr. Simon will also act as Real Estate Agent, on liberal conditions.

May 30, 1874. 2582.

PANAMA HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats

AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS

—AT—

DEVLIN'S.

March 25, 1874.

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 23d, 1874. 2626-3m

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.

Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874.

Slaughter! Slaughter.

SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.?? at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st and Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. 2545-2m W. E. BROWN.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds 82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do $1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg 2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.
200 Men's Shooting Coats 3.50
150 " Sac Coats 2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1-74.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874.

BOARD.

MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.

May 5, 1874.

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS.

Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

LOST.

A DELIVERY BOOK lost on Wellington St., yesterday, going towards Hull. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the TIMES office, or returning it to the owner, whose name appears in it.

Ottawa, May 28, 1874. 2580

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2561.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.

Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.

A. R. GILES, Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.

Made and for sale at Eight Dollars.

June 3, 1874. 2585-y

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—25 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S,

34 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.

March 25, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD 112¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 5.

GRAIN.

	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl.	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt.	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz.	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush.	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush.	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush.	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl.	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 00 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 00 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 00 to 0 00
Veal, do	0 10 to 0 12
Lard, do	0 06 to 0 08
Tallow, do	0 12 to 0 17
Hams, do	0 12 to 0 15
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 17
Tongues, do	0 00 to 0 14
	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl.	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb.	0 9 to 0 00
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb.	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb.	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 5 —Receipts of hogs 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1 18½ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64½c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62½c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46½c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91½c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8½c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4½c. Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 5. Cotton, dull at 18⅝ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged.

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17.05.

Lard, 15 1-6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25 to 30c. for State and new

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now.' H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes —"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.Q., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.
J. METCALFE.
2577

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women **Business That Will Pay** from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars. Address
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston.

THE MISSES SINGLETON
HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B.—A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 3557-3m

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated *"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"* of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.

- Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster etc. by Railway
- Halifax, N.S. and St. John, N.B.
- Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.
- Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion
- United States, via Ogdensburg
- Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway
- North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway
- Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway
- Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway
- Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c. per Canada Central Railway
- The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.
- Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage
- Onslow on 1 March and Aylmer
- Aylmer, Hull
- Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Grenville &c.
- Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and Intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and Intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays
- Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays
- New Edinburgh
- Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays

DELIVERED. A.M.: 8.00, 5, 6.00, 8.30, 8.30, 8.30, 8.30, 8.00, 8.00, 10.30, 8.00, 8.00, 8.00, 8.00, 11.30, 11.30. A.M.: 11.30. P.M.: 4.10, 7.20, 2.00, 6.30, 5.

CLOSE. A.M.: 9.45, 9.15, 9.45, 9.45, 9.45, 9.45, 9.00, 9.00, 6.00, 6.00, 6.00, 11.30, 9.15, 11.30. P.M.: 1.15, 1.15, 1.15, 1.15. P.M.: 5.00, 5.00, 5.00, 5.00, 2.00, 4.00, 1.30, 5.30, 5.30, 5.30, 5.30.

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa
May 15th, 1874.

NEW Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are preprepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the nee referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO.
Ottawa, March 2 1872 2605

ST. LAWRENCE HALL
(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.
Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.
ROBERT GRAHAM,

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable. In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquor, and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 11, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,
Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees [well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871], take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2513y

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts. Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine venders throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London. Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London. Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London. Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London. And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1872.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
6 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100

400 Gold Watches	$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines	60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos	250 to 700
50 Melodeons	50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5, 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 3550-2m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 28th, 1874. 2579-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Copartnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Grant, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned

W. A. ARMSTRONG.
Ottawa, May 16th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,
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March 17, 1874. 2b1 8-6m

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PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION
FOR 1874,

Edited by Henry J. Morgan, Barrister-at-Law,

Containing the usual biographical data respecting the members of both Houses of the Federal Parliament and of the several Local Assemblies, their political predilections, and pledges, &c; Official Returns of the last General Election; sketches of the chief officers of the Civil Service; the addresses of the chiefs of political parties; the "platforms" of parties; list of political societies and organizations, &c.

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And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

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March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

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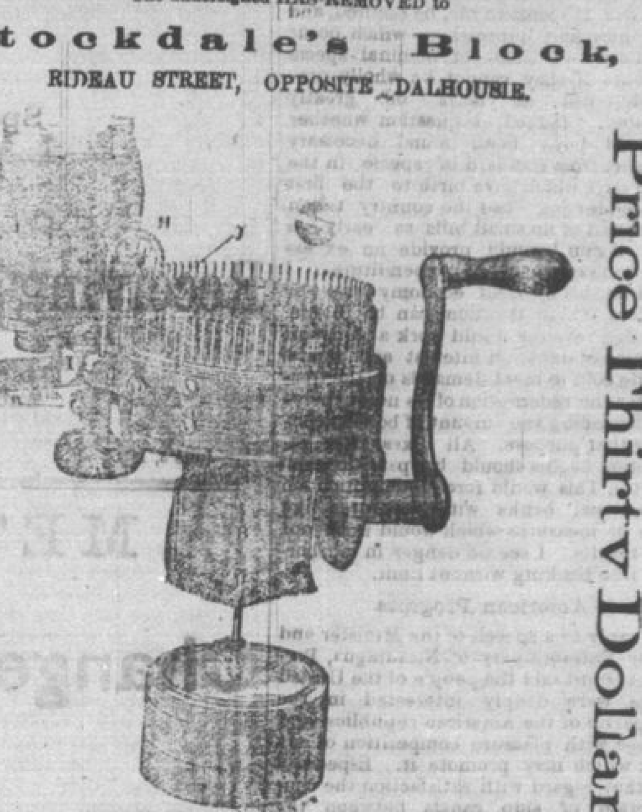

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A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 stitches per Minute. It will Knit

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RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

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He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can now make up the tangled saving of the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

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Just received. Also a large supply of
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Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

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New and attractive arrangements by Sep. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Mazurkas, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

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On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
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Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

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For sale, by private contract, Lot No 65, fronting on Elm-St.,

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a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x20, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

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Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

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No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	5.50 P.M.
†8 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.30 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8. Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West. Time faster than by any other route. Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville & Ottawa Railways
For Ottawa via Brockville.
TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

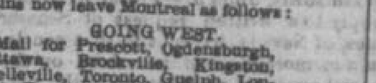
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	8.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	8.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

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Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

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Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9.00 a.m.
Night Express	9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations	6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations	5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at	1.35 p.m.

Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.

Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.

The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at	5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at	10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe	11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at	3.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at	3.45 p.m.

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The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

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Baggage checked through.

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J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Montreal, March 26rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville.
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May 28, 1874. 2496y

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COMPETITIVE TRIAL

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Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

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ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
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Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do, Felt Boots—wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
No. 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOF CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CAPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 3 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

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Caution.

GENUINE PANCREATINE PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE caution the Public against imitations of them — put forth as possessing the remedial properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and ... to affect the reputation which the Genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine ... on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

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The Original and only Manufacturing Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. ..., Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

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Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called preparation of Pancreatine,

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with essence of almonds or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the imitative emulsifying result; the whole forming a greasy mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, ... using ... Pancreatic juice, has the delicate ... appearance and consistency of ... cream, is palatable and readily taken."

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February 25th, 1873.

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The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

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Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circular.

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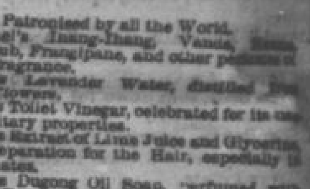

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Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

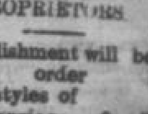
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co
PROPRIETORS

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order, the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibusses, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability, are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1931tf

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our stock of Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.
A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug 8 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, wishes to give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residence, or receive them at her house, between ... and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's, Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre Centre Town, Ottawa.

VOL. VIII. N

ANGUS & ... FUNERAL UND...
38 SPARK...

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DR. J. D. R. MACDO...
DR. LOGAN,
DR. J. P. LYNN,
DR. HENDERSON,
DR. BURR...
McCONNELL, D.D.
Surgeon D...
CHRYSLER, Barristers and Attor...
NEW LAW FIRM
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BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, CONVEYANCERS
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DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL EST...
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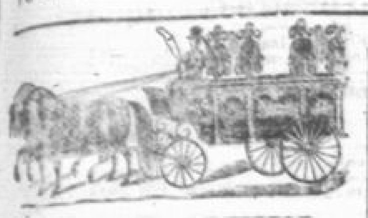
Issuer of Marriage ...
SMOKERS!
For a Good S...
MYRTLE N...
SINGER SEWING MA...
TOOK ALL THE FIRST P... OTTAWA IN 1873 ... 1872 AND 18...

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2589 — OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 8, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS



ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS, SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 2, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks St. Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 8, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence—O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2021y

DR BURROWS,
C.M. L.C.P.S.-L., C., M.C.P.S.O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and ... sts.
April 29, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and Licentiate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—63 Sparks-st.
March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Batty's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM—
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. S. L. FELLOWES, Q.C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 5, 67 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinney.)
Office—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

DESCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
G. DESCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2382-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 1 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa,
Nov. 2 1873. 2426-ly.

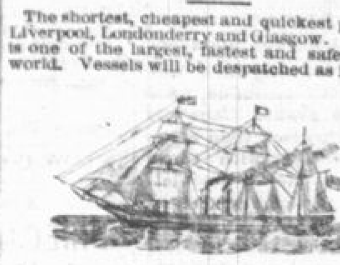
F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses—
Office—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Call on or address,
GEO. DAWSON,
Sparks-st., Ottawa
April 14, 1874. 2567-3m

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

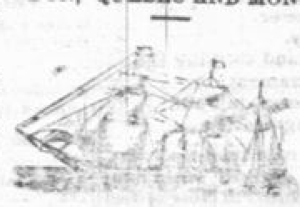


POLYNESIAN	June	6
SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

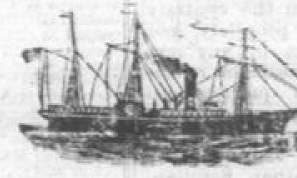
RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage..............................$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874

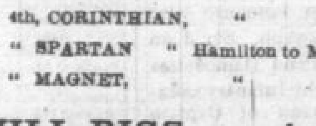
TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN,
DELTA.
The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from
LONDON
For Quebec and Montreal
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,
(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from
QUEBEC FOR LONDON
ABOUT 7th MAY.
Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
April 14, 1874. 2543.



Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554



ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chandiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p.m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS.................P. McGowan
DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a.m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.
UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

Tailoring Department.
RUSSELL & WATSON.
A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS
—COMPRISING—

TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.

WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of BERLIN COATINGS and FRENCH SERGES.

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
May 2, 1874
RUSSELL & WATSON

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES.
FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.
, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS. 2484

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo..... 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner..... 80cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold..... $1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
39 SPARKS-ST

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

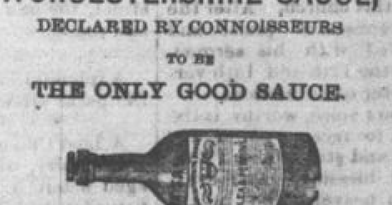
GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!—
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
25 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2823

Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2369

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (trade Mark secured) Montreal. 2460-ly

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper,* and *bottle.*
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent *free.* Send *at once.* Claremont, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built; three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable *in this locality.*

No. 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold *en bloc,* with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No. 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x98, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 38 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $4,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

PLANTS!
Plants, Plants,
100,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.
ALSO:
A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—
Verbenias.
Petunias.
Asters.
Stocks.
Balsams.
Everlasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c. &c.
For sale at reasonable prices at
ANDREW HICKEY'S,
Bank Street Road, adjoining Rideau Canal.
2566-1m

NEW
GOODS
Suitable for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English
Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.
And English and French
PERFUMERY
From the best makers; also
DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's
PERFUME CASES,
SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES,
IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS,
TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.
And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.
A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
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One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!
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Five Prizes $500 } EACH IN **Greenbacks.**
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Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1500 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
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Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
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NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY, the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks, to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.
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F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

UNION CONFERENCE.

The Synod of the Canada Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland, met on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock in St. Andrew's Church, and after opening the meeting in the usual way the minutes of the previous sitting were read and confirmed.

THE UNION QUESTION.

Rev. Dr. Jenkins resumed the debate on this question, and said in reference to the methods that had been employed in acquiring the sense of the people, he would tell them what he did in St. Paul's. Through the elders, to every head of a family, and every member who was not a head of a family, that is every unmarried member, a basis was sent by post and the time of the meeting indicated, so that the congregation might assemble if they chose and discuss the question. The congregation met. It was not a very large meeting, but larger than most meetings that he had been accustomed to see in St. Paul's. So anxious was he to know the mind and opinions of the people, that he took care they never knew from him by sermon or otherwise whether he was in favor of union or not; and when he came to the meeting he told the people: "This is not my question; it is yours. I have no right to influence you one way or the other, I feel that you have the question in your own hands. It is for me to vote at the Presbytery and Synod." The unanimity was such that they were able to send a yea simpliciter to the remit of the Synod. He had no doubt that there had been a faithful submission by the Ministers of this church to the people; if they ever had the opinion of the people, or were ever likely to have it on any question they had it now. (Hear, hear). He held that there was an opinion so unanimous before the Synod now that they could not resist it; such an opinion as the Synod must act upon at this meeting. They were told that it was a clergy and elder question! It originated with the laity. Nine years ago the leading bankers, merchants and leading men in other respects in Montreal came to him and asked what was the use of having two Presbyterian Churches in Canada? It seemed to him that he had heard little else for the last nine years. Now and then the people seemed to be at rest, but occasionally they would wake up from their drowsiness, and the question would be repeated with as much earnestness as before; and certainly it was very strange in a country where such a question as Church and State connection could never rise. It was a matter for the people, and he would say that it had been a matter in which the people had led the ministers and not the ministers the people. It was not a matter of sentiment or predilection. He would, for his own part, prefer to remain as he is if the change were sought from any such feeling, but inasmuch as the desire was to form in this country a great nations Presbyterian Church for the future, it was a question which presented itself to his mind with great force of importance, and therefore he was in favour of the union. There were, however, certain things done in connection with the question that he greatly deprecated, such as scattering fly sheets amongst that congregation with the view of influencing the minds of those who should exercise an independent judgment on the matter. He did not say that this was done by the minority in opposition to union, but he had no faith in resurrectionists that would take up the dry bones from the graves of past differences and scatter them over this Synod. To men who would do that, he was not prepared to risk the peace and prosperity of the church by committing that peace and prosperity into their hands. He thought it was their duty to say manfully whether they would go on or whether they would retract; and here he made reference to his friend from Cornwall, who had said that the matter had been allowed to go on for four years, and yet they were not prepared to decide upon it. That, he considered, was not as it should be. In reference to the Temporalities Fund, there was no desire on the part of the Canada Presbyterian Church to interfere with it. It might be turned into missionary fund, or a fund for the augmentation of small stipends as it reverted from time to time, so that the intention of the donors might be carried out in the letter as well as in the spirit. He also thought that the United Church might create a corresponding fund as a sort of thank offering, and if each minister was to subscribe a dollar, as had been suggested, it would form the nucleus of a fund that would grow and be useful. He did not see what the other negotiating churches had to do with the Temporalities Fund, because it belonged to the Synod, and if they could agree to the disposition of it, it was perfectly competent for them to make it a missionary fund, and by so doing, no one could say that they were diverting it from the original purpose of the doners. He concluded by moving the adjournment of the debate in order to meet with the Moderator and members of the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church in conference on the subject of union.

THE CONFERENCE.

At eleven o'clock the Rev. Mr. Gordon introduced the Rev. Thos. McPherson, Moderator, and the brethren of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

On the motion of the Rev. Principal Cavan, Elder Croil was invited to preside over the Conference as Chairman, and he having taken the chair, expressed the pleasure he felt at seeing the members of the General Assembly in such numerous attendance to confer with the Synod on the important subject of union.

Rev. Dr. Cook commenced the religious services by giving out the 133rd Psalm, which appropriately commences:

"Behold how good a thing it is
And how becoming well,
Together such as brethren are
In unity to dwell."

After the Psalm was sung, the Rev. Dr. Taylor offered prayer, supplicating that as they, Christian brethren, brought together, professing the same faith in the same Saviour; professing to found their hopes of salvation alike on the Cross, and to have their hopes directed alike to that blessed rest that remaineth for the people of God hereafter, they might all feel the subduing power of that Cross, and see at this time the nature and power of His Grace and Spirit, that their hearts might be melted into one, and realize the oneness of their common lot, so that they might be all found rejoicing in the hope of that salvation, and be permitted to taste of the blessedness of those who dwell together in unity, and have a personal experience of the blessedness that never ends.

Prayer was also offered by the Rev. Dr. Bell.

The Chairman said that it might be expected that they would have been able to indicate from the chair what would be the nature of the proceedings, but they all knew that the meeting was of such an exceptional character that the proper course would be to allow it to develope itself as circumstances came up.

Rev. Dr. Topp in opening the conference, might say that it was sought by the Assembly to which he belonged, and that request had been granted by the Synod with an earnest desire to promote the interest of the church by union, the advantage of which he need not say anything about. He believed that all or almost all acknowledged already, and with an earnest desire at the same time to ascertain whether, having reached a large amount of harmony amongst themselves in reference to a settlement of this question, the two churches might not be able to come to an entirely harmonious solution of this question. (Applause). He was sure that nothing but a sincere desire to advance the cause of Christ, and build up the influence of His church in this Dominion, and to secure a more extensive promulgation of Gospel truth actuated them all—that only a desire for the accomplishment of that end could have brought about this conference between the two churches. (Hear, hear.) He felt that the whole body was full of light, and that "unto the upright there ariseth light in darkness." He believed there had been much earnest prayer to God in reference to the settlement of this great question, and it seemed that the difficulties that presented themselves had been removed from amongst them, so that they had come to be of almost one mind on this question. He might say to the Synod that the the Assembly had agreed to a preamble to be affixed to the basis of union, and he entertained a confident hope that it would also be agreed to by the Synod. [He then read the preamble as already published in substance.] It would be observed, he said, that the proposed union would produce a church independent in its jurisdiction, under Christ as the head of the church and head over all things to the church. Then with regard to the other matters the General Assembly had agreed to the first article of the basis, and that article asserted a matter which all acknowledged, namely that the scriptures of the Old and New Testaments were the only infallable rule of faith and practice. The second article had reference to the subordinate standards of the church, more especially the Westminster Confession of Faith and the larger and shorter Catechisms, with a clause to allow liberty in regard to the power and duty of civil magistrates. The third article had reference especially to Presbyterianism, as to Government and worship. These three articles had been supposed by some brethren to comprehend all that was necessary in the basis of union; and with regard to the fourth article it merely stated something that they had all been acting upon, that they hold fraternal intercourse with all belonging to the church; and the church was composed of all in communion throughout the world, so that they were bound to hold intercourse with them. With regard to receiving other ministers from all Presbyterian churches there was no necessity for putting that in the basis of union according to the opinion of a good many in the Assembly, and he had been instructed to bring the matter before the Synod to ascertain whether there was any objection to dealing the article. In reference to the eighth resolution which relates to the Temporalities fund, it had always been maintained by the Assembly that they had nothing to do with it, but that it was at the disposal of those to whom it belonged, and they wished to have nothing to say with regard to the settlement of the matter. These were the subjects regarding which he asked a conference with this Synod.

It being asked to have the whole matter placed before the Conference which had led to its being called for,

Rev. Mr. Read read the minutes of the general Assembly on the subject with the resolutions come to after long discussion and reasoning. A report of the proceedings which led to the resolutions, and their purport have been published in the TIMES.

Rev. Dr. Cook said that he had listened with the respect that was due to the members of this Assembly in bringing the matter before the House, but he desired to say that it would be altogether unbecoming that any debate should arise on this occasion. It seemed to him, therefore, that they could receive the matter to be considered and take it into consideration in their own independent and separate meeting, and then they could communicate to the Assembly their determination. He thought their answer should be given to the Assembly after the Synod had deliberated amongst themselves, lest, during a general discussion any altercation should arise. (Hear, hear.) He thanked God that he had lived long enough to see such a prospect of union. He felt that nothing but love and affection, and a strong desire and earnest hope that there would be a union, could have brought about this conference. Thirty years ago he had expressed a hope that this should be so, and he rejoiced to think that ere long they would be one united church. (Hear, hear.)

Rev. Principal Cavan said that it had occurred to him that the old union committees might help them in the matter. He believed these committees were not now in existence strickly speaking, because the Synod did not re-appoint their committee last year, and the one belonging to the Assembly had simply reported. Still, it occurred to him that it might be well to appoint a committee consisting of the members of the old union committees entrusting to them the points to be submitted, and they could report. He agreed with Dr. Cook that it would be hopeless for them to enter upon such a large field of discussion with any hope of arriving at an immediate settlement of the question. It should be entered into with calmness, and therefore he thought that it should be remitted in the first place to a committee consisting of the old union committees. He felt sure, however, that there was no desire on the part of those gentlemen to engage farther in this work as they had enough of it. He would take the liberty of saying that the feeling in the Assembly, more especially towards the close of it, had been almost delightful, so much so that a brother who had always been looked upon as an important opponent of the union had said to him, and he thought he would betray no confidence in repeating his words, that his opposition was at an end. If the Conference did not think it was premature, he would venture to move a resolution.

Rev. Dr. MacVicar said that according to the arrangement agreed upon, there were to be no motions made, and if the motion to be proposed was in keeping with the remarks that led to it, he thought it would be in opposition to the understanding come to.

Rev. Principal Cavan said he simply wanted to propose that the Conference should appoint a committee consisting of the old union committees of the respective churches, with instructions to consider carefully what had been before the Conference for discussion, and to report to the General Assembly and the Synod a deliverance which, if possible, might be accepted with unanimity by these respective bodies.

After some remarks from several rev. gentlemen on this point,

Rev. Dr. Cook did not think there was any necessity for a committee. He thought the Conference would be able to get through the matter very easily without the assistance of a committee.

Rev. Mr. Ross thought the matter should be discussed openly, and that Principal Cavan's motion was premature.

Rev. Dr. Burns agreed in this opinion.

Rev. Mr. Gavin Lang hoped that no committee would be appointed by this conference. He did not look upon committees in matters of this kind with any degree of favor. He hoped the utmost freedom of discussion would be allowed both with regard to the fourth article in the basis and the resolution in reference to the Temporalities fund.

Rev. Dr. Cook said that the members of the Presbyterian Church of Canada had said in reference to the Temporalities fund it was a matter they had nothing to do with and as they were willing to leave it entirely to the Synod it would be injudicious to invite discussion upon it.

Elder McLean wanted to know the necessity that existed for the other body asking for a conference. There seemed to be no reason why such a reason should

[Continued on Second Page.]

SPRING

IMPORTATIONS

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NEW GOODS.

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Are worthy of public attention.

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May 14th, 1874.

N[ew Ad]vertisements.

Gowan's Ope[ra House]—Boston Theatre Comique
Directory of Ottawa—A S Woodburn.
American Invoices—R S M Bouchette.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, JUNE 8, 1873.

Lieut.-Col. Richardson of the Department of Justice returned to town yesterday morning from Toronto, where he had been for some days past superintending the preparations for, and the embarkation of the North-West Police Force. This body left Toronto on Saturday afternoon by two special trains of about fifteen cars each, which are to go directly through without transhipment, to a point not far from Dufferin, the remainder of the journey to that place having to be done on foot. The force consisted of 250 officers and men, 250 horses with complete equipment, and all the stores and supplies necessary for the maintainance of the entire force on the plains for one year—70 waggons were to be taken on at Sarnia, and 30 aditional horses at Detroit—the portion of the force now at Fort Garry composed of over a 100 offiers and men, with 50 horses, 130 oxen, and as many carts, will join the detachment now *en route*, at Dufferin, from which place the whole body will move for the plains. One half of this force will be quartered during the winter at the Rocky Mountains, the other at Fort Ellice, the headquarters. We believe the organization of this most important service has been carried out, chiefly by Lieut. Col. Richardson, whose long connection with the volunteer force of Canada, no doubt largely assisted him in performing the work which was of no small magnitude. We can safely say that the North West Police Force is composed of a body of men second to none. They have important duties to perform, and we have no doubt they will be carried out with credit to themselves the country, and the Department under which they were organized.

PRESBYTERIAN UNION.

In our previous articles upon this question, we have indicated that the union of the two organizations into which the Presbyterians in this country are at present divided was likely to be consummated at an early date. The result of the conference on Saturday places the matter almost beyond the reach of speculation. The course adopted by the advocates of union on both sides is sensible, and becoming in Christians. There is no real difference between the two churches; they divided in the first place upon mere grounds of sentiment, and the obvious advantages of meeting each other in brotherly conference, and speaking out their minds fairly and frankly has, we believe, at least so far as one of the churches is concerned, had the effect of disarming the only opposition that ever existed. How it is in the other we are not in a position to say, although we very much fear that the Rev. Gavin Lang is not very likely to display the same spirit of charity and forbearance which has latterly characte[rize]d the more violent anti-unionists in th[e oth]er church. This Rev. gentleman com[plain]ed in the Synod on Saturday, that he had been misrepresented in the newspapers that morning. If he refers to the article in the TIMES, of that date, commenting upon his utterances of the previous day, we should like to hear in what respect he was misrepresented. Is he prepared to deny that he said he would refuse to be bound by the decision of no ecclesiastical court as to the mode in which his congregation worshipped God, or is he prepared to say that he did not characterize majorities as the most vulgar test conceivable? It would be strange indeed should we put such words into any man's mouth if he never said them. It would be stranger still that his own brethren, who may be presumed to have a much keener appreciation than we have of what is in accordance with Presbyterian principles or the reverse, should also have misunderstood him, and that some of them should have thought it necessary to call attention to his extraordinary enunciations on the very floor of the court by which he is supposed to be governed. Supposing, for the sake of argument, that we did not misrepresent Mr. Lang; supposing also that the *Globe's* report, which states the rev. gentleman's views in substantially the same form as we stated them, is in the main correct, what then? Why, just what we stated before, and what we are prepared to repeat now, that Mr. Lang, while professing ultra loyalty to the Church of Scotland, sets at defiance two of the fundamental principles upon which that church's system of Government is founded—namely responsibility to eclesiastical courts in all things relating to doctrine and practice, and the decision of all disputed questions by the voice of the majority. Take these away, and where is your Presbyterianism we wonder? We humbly submit that in these respects at least we represented the Rev. gentleman only too faithfully.

But perhaps what Mr. Lang complains of is our prediction that he had already made up his mind against union. If in this respect it turns out the other way, we shall be ready to offer an ample apology—not for a mis-statement, because even then no misstatement would have been made—but for two literal an interpretation of words uttered with perhaps undue heat in the midst of a controversy that so far as the speaker was concerned was sadly one-sided. It would be a pity that the United Church should be minus the ability and talent of a man like Mr. Lang, but we humbly submit that he would bring much more strength to it were his opinions a little more orthodox.

To the mind of any person without the pale of Presbyterianism, it would seem to be inexplicable that these churches should be two separate bodies. There is not a single article of faith or doctrine upon which they are not perfectly agreed. The points in dispute are paltry, and imported from another land at that. They remind us very much of a story told of two straw-thatchers in Scotland—the trade, by the way, is nearly obsolete now-a-days—in the days of the burghers and anti-burghers. Two fellow tradesmen, who had been at one time firm and fast friends, but had ceased to be on speaking terms on account of the controversy between the burghers and and anti-burghers, to which sects they severally attrached themselves, had after some years of estrangement been by some chance engaged to thatch opposite sides of the roof at one house. They had pursued their work for some weeks without breaking the protracted silence, until at last they met face to face on the ridge. The silence became rather awkward, and at last one of them broke it. "Jamie," said he, "a thought strikes me. You have been working on one side of the roof and I have been working on the other, and we have both been trying how soon we could reach the top. We have both reached it, and we have met. I'm thinking that is how our disputes about burghers and anti-burghers will end. You are trying to get to heaven one way, and I am trying to get there another, and if we are both successful, as I hope we may, what will the difference be in the end?" The story closes with the statement that the foolish difficulty between the two friends was at an end from that day out, and that they differed no more about burghers and anti-burghers. Such, we take it, is pretty much the position of our Presbyterian friends, working, as they have been all along, on one roof, and endeavouring to reach the same end.

It only remains to be seen how the Kirk Synod may deal with the propositions made to them through Dr. Topp on Friday evening and repeated by that rev. gentleman on Saturday at the conference. That it will be substantially adopted by the large majority there is little room to doubt. Whether or not the amended basis will have to be sent down to the inferior courts for approval, does not yet seem to have been determined, although we should fancy that such a course would be necessary. The result of such a proceeding, we have no doubt, would vastly strengthen the overwhelming majority by which the proposed union is supported in both Churches, if not indeed to bring about complete unanimity. We repeat—and that with pleasure—that the union is now as near final consummation as it can possibly be without being an accomplished fact, and we sincerely trust that the noble efforts of those who have so manfully led the agitation may be crowned, in the United Church, with all the success they have reasonably anticipated.

The Grand Trunk Management.

A cable telegram from London informs us of the appointment of Mr. Sergeant, Manager of the South Devon Railway, as successor to Mr. Brydges in the management of the Grand Trunk. Guided by their former experiences, we are not disposed to doubt that the directors will have chosen for their representative in Canada a man who is prepared to learn as well as to control, and to adapt his English experiences to the different system upon which railways are conducted in Canada. If so, the selection of a General Manager from the old country will be an advantage rather than the reverse. Mr. Sergeant, whilst depending largely in the first instance, of course, on the fidelity and experience of the chief officials under him will come wholly untrammelled by any party or personal bias or political associations, and be able to discharge his responsible duties without fear or favor, and with a single eye to the great interests entrusted to his keeping.—*Globe, Toronto.*

CITY AND VICINITY

THE DUNKIN ACT.—A vote was taken last week in the township of Matilda, County of Dundas, and resulted in the adoption of the Dunkin Bill by a majority of 121 votes.

CITY COUNCIL.—A special meeting of the City Council will be held this evening for the purpose of receiving reports of committees and to discuss the new Fire By-Law.

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—The visitors at the Protestant Hospital this week are:—Directors: Messrs. Zach. Wilson, and John Graham. Clergy: Revd. J. S. Lauder, and Revd. [.] G. Sanderson. Physician: Dr. D. McGillivray.

KIRK SABBATH SCHOOLS—The Sabbath Schools of the Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland met yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the basement of St. Andrew's Church and were addressed by several members of the Synod.

BASE BALL.—On Saturday afternoon the final game for the prize offered at the Base Ball Tournament, to second class clubs, took place between the "Fly aways" and "Haymakers." After some excellent play, it was decided by a score of 30 to 19 in favor of the "Fly Aways."

FEARFUL STORM AT KEMPTVILLE.—About two o'clock yesterday afternoon a fearful thunderstorm passed over the village of Kemptville doing serious damage. Several houses in the village and surrounding country suffered severely; and the depot of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway had its roof blown off. Mr. Laing and another gentleman, who happened to be in the station at the time, narrowly escaped being killed, having sustained serious injuries therefrom.

CANADA PRESBYTERIAN SABBATH SCHOOLS.—Yesterday afternoon all the Sabbath Schools in connection with the Canada Presbyterian Church assembled in Knox's Church, City Hall Square, where very pleasing and instructive addresses to both teachers and scholars were delivered by the Rev. Mr. Fraser, of Barrie, and Prof. MacVicar. Mr. Philip Phillips sang at intervals some fine selections in the way of sacred songs. Dr. Topp, of Toronto, ably presided on the occasion. The meeting was a great success and was numerously attended.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.—The Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Barclay Church, Edinburgh; and the Rev. Mr. Burns, of Kirkliston, delegates from the Free Church of Scotland to the General Assemblies of Canada and the United States, will be introduced to and address the General Assembly in Knox Church to-morrow evening. The Rev. H. M. Williamson, of Belfast, Ireland, and delegate from the Irish Presbyterian Church, will be introduced at the same time. The first-named delegates will at a public meeting to be held on Wednesday night, deliver addresses on the great religious revival now going on in Scotland.

[Continued from First Page.]

not be offered to the Synod of which he was a member.

Rev. Dr. Topp said the reason seemed to have been offered already. Inasmuch as they could not agree to unite unless they agreed to the articles and the preamble, the members of the Assembly wished to know whether the Synod had any objection to the removal of the fourth article because it was not considered necessary in the basis. He begged to state most distinctly that the difficulty did not in any degree arise with reference to the reception of ministers from the Church of Scotland. The ministers of the Church of Scotland had been continually received, and it was the intention to receive them yet. Then, with regard to the Temporalities Fund, the Assembly did not want to give any opinion as to the disposal of that fund. With regard to the headship of Christ, it was stated in the preamble, and they were all of one opinion on that subject as stated.

Rev. Dr. Cooke said that on the question of headship it was a rule on all solemn occasions to set forth Christ as the King and Head of the Church, and nothing could de more becoming.

The Chairman said that the best way to with the proceed with the Conference would be by the observance of an old Presbyterian practice of asking questions and having them answered.

Rev. Dr Cooke thought that the object of the conference had been gained and that in a very short time they would be able to give a satisfactory answer to the Canada Presbyterian Church.

The Rev. Principal Cavan explained that the main change in the basis of union was the adoption of the preamble. What led to that was the fact that originally there were two articles in the basis about the headship, one article defined Christ as the head of the church and the other defined Christ as the head over the nations. The story was a long one, but he might briefly make references to it, and first of all say that doubts existed on both sides as to the soundness of the opinions held on these two points. Now he thought the matter had been adjusted by the preamble and the defination of headship therein given as any one would see who took the trouble to look into it. When the basis came to be drawn up for a new union, brethren who had long investigated the matter, thought it would be wrong to enter into a new union without having an article in the basis on the headship of Christ. Well, the view of the great majority in the Canada Presbyterian Church was that as Christ is head over all things in Heaven and on earth to the church—there was no evangelical in the world did not admit that, and that was expressed in the Confession of Faith—but in order to meet the differences amongst some of the brethren it was thought well that inasmuch as there was no article in the basis defining the headship of Christ, a preamble might be adopted, leaving out all technical words, that would be sufficiently explicit and satisfactory to all parties, and there was not one word here about the supremacy of Christ. There could be no church of Christ that would not accept this. (Hear, hear). They did not wish in any covered way to obtain a victory by this preamble. With regard to the fourth article, it seemed to many that was so worded as to make them responsible for bodies in Scotland and elsewhere, and therefore it was thought by many that the whole article should be left out, and that the question to which it related should be a matter of forbearance. Many of the brethren thought this article was, to use the ordinary word in such a case, to homologate the proceedings of bodies in Scotland for which they did not want to be responsible, and it was thought that in consequence the object aimed at might be gained and the matter put in such a form as to be acceptable to all. The Assembly thought that if the preamble should prove acceptable to the members of the Synod the whole matter would be settled.

Rev. Dr. Jenkins asked whether the feeling of the Assembly was not that the fourth article made the United Presbyterian Church of Canada answerable for every other Presbyterian Church in the world?

Rev. Principal Cavan said that it applied to all.

Rev. Mr. McTavish objected to be bound in any such way. He was in favor of allowing the United Church to determine its relations from time to time as it might see cause.

Rev. Gavin Lang wished to ask a question which affected the minority more than the majority. He was one of the minority struggling for light, and those who thought with him felt very strongly on the new points that had been raised now almost at the close of the proceedings. It seemed that the basis might emerge from the conference a very different document to what it was when it was proposed. There were a great many emendations, and one of them was very important. Now what he wanted to know was whether it was the intention of the Canada Presbyterian Church to submit the basis in its amended form to the congregations of the Church?

Rev. Dr. Cooke thought they were going a great deal too far.

Rev. Dr. McLaren wished to call attention to the point raised by Mr. Macdonnell, who thought it would be right to have two distinct preambles to the basis. Now, he was himself of opinion that they should be identical, and he could not see why they should not be so. It was felt by the Assembly that if they had not adopted the preamble as their final determination they would not have been doing their duty. The Assembly was still in session, and could hear the determination of the Synod. As to what Mr. Gavin Lang had asked, he believed it would be necessary to send the basis down to the congregations in its amended form. There would be plenty of time to do that, for they would have to obtain an Act of Parliament in reference to property to be secured, and before that time returns from the Presbyteries could be received. He was persuaded there would be no difficulty in securing harmony among the congregations if the Assembly and Synod could agree between themselves. If fact he believed they could secure the union without a week's delay.

Rev. Dr. Proudfoot said they had not come to any resolution about sending down the basis to the congregations or Presbyteries, and therefore what Dr. McLaren had said was simply his own opinion and not that of the Assembly. He thought the object of the conference had been gained already, and he wished to remark that the Assembly as a body in desiring to have a conference with the Synod intended it as a mark of respect which they considered would be more honorable than to send any committee, however dignified that committee might be. He therefore moved that the conference do now rise as its object had been accomplished.

Rev. D. M. Gordon moved that the respectful thanks of the Synod be tendered to the Moderator and members of the General Assembly for the great courtesy and kindness they had shewn in coming to the conference.

Rev. Dr. Snodgrass seconded the motion. He thought the conference answered a very important purpose though its immediate effect was not yet seen. Still, its importance would be felt amongst the facts in the history of the nation, although they were not called upon to express any opinions at present.

The Clerk observed that as the Synod was not now in session, but in conference with the Assembly, they could not, properly speaking, pass the motion, but it could be adopted when in session.

A vote of thanks was passed by acclamation to Elder Croil for presiding at the conference, and after singing a portion of the 122nd Psalm, and prayer being again offered, the proceedings were brought to a close by the benediction being pronounced.

RIFLE MATCH.—On Saturday a match between an equal number of the married and single members of the Governor General's Foot Guards came off on the Rideau Rifle Range. Considering the high wind that prevailed some very good shooting was made, and resulted in the defeat of the single men by a score of thirty-five points.

THE CHURCHES YESTERDAY.

Special Sermons.

Yesterday according to appointments made by the General Assembly and Synod the various pulpits of the city were occupied by ministers of the respective bodies, and the congregations were mostly large. We are enabled to present to our readers the following notice of the services in some of the more prominent places of worship:

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

In this fine church both the morning and evening services were particularly edifying, interesting, and instructive. In the morning the Rev. John Cook, D.D., of St. Andrew's Church, Quebec, occupied the pulpit; and his well-known ability, private and public worth, and the esteem in which he is held by all who really know him, had attracted a large congregation, among whom was the Right Honorable Sir John A. Macdonald.

Dr. Cook's voice has failed him. That, time has done, but the vigorous and splendid intellect is still there in all its glory, and we trust, will long remain.

The singing of the 100th Psalm, with organ accompaniment, began the solemn service of the day, and upon the conclusion of that beautiful piece of psalmody, calling on "All people that on earth do dwell to sing to the Lord with cheerful voice," Dr Cook read the 103rd Psalm, in which are these words "The Lord executeth righteousness and judgment for all that are oppressed," and in which the idea of the prophet Isaiah, 55th chapter, is anticipated, "Let the wicked man forsake his way and the unrighteous man his thoughts, and let him return unto the Lord and he will have mercy upon him, and to our God for he is ample to forgive; for my thoughts are not as your thoughts, nor your ways my ways, *neum Adonai*" "For as the heavens are higher than the earth, so are my ways higher than your ways, and my thoughts than your thoughts."

The opening prayer followed—the beautiful, simple, earnest prayer of the Scottish Church.

The reading of the 25th of St. Matthew followed, upon the conclusion of which, and the repeating of the Lord's prayer, the choir and organ pealed forth the 50th Psalm: "Our God shall surely come."

Dr. Cook took his text from these words, from Romans, 2nd chapter of St. Paul's Epistle, "Despisest thou the riches of his goodness and forbearance, and long suffering; not knowing that the goodness of God leadeth thee to repentance? But, after thy hardness and impenitent heart, treasured up unto thyself wrath against the day of wrath and revelations of the righteous judgment of God," connecting them with an extract from the General Epistle of Jude (14th and 15th verses.) "And Enoch also, the seventh from Adam, prophesied of these, saying: Behold, the Lord cometh with ten thousand of his saints, to execute judgment upon all, and to convince all that are ungodly among them of all their ungodly deeds, which they have ungodly committed, and of all their hard speeches which ungodly sinners have spoken against him."

The reverend gentleman, in one continued gush of eloquence, showed the analogy between God and man. It had been said that man possessed an instinctive knowledge of God, man having been created in the likeness of God, and he further said that God's attributes were in some measure recognized by those works of creation and construction which man with his limited comprehension, could be made to understand. God's anger; His mercy; His power; His knowledge; His wisdom; His truth, the works of His hands, and the strength of His arm, were expressions frequently to be met with in connection with the mention of the Creator and His works. He held the earth and all that it contained in the hollow of His hand, and grasped the arch of Heaven in a span. In man's dealings with man on earth, judgment had quite another meaning from that which it was implied to have at the great day of judgment when the earth would be rolled up as a scroll. God knew all our hearts and our every action, while the Recording Angel noted it, and His verdict would be rendered when judgment was pronounced, and the "Book of Life" lay before Him with the names of all those written in it, who had been saved through the blood of the Lamb—the Lamb of God who had come to wipe away the sins of the world. The sinner, even in this world, did not escape that ever gnawing punishment, which resulted from guilt, although he might escape punishment from man. We regret to say that, from imperfect hearing, we are unable to do anything even like brief justice to Dr. Cook.

His closing prayer expressed a wish that the Almighty would favor the proposed union, with our somewhile separated brethren, so that Presbyterianism might have greater means of doing good in this now widely extended Dominion.

In the afternoon there was a communion service held in St. Andrews Church, the members of both Church Synods taking the sacrament together, and in the evening the Rev. Dr. Jenkins, of Montreal, preached a very powerful and eloquent sermon, from these words in the second epistle of Paul, the Apostle, to the Corinthians:—

"For we are unto God a sweet savour of Christ in them that are srved, and to them that perish: to the one we are the savour of death unto death; and to the other the savour of life unto life. And who is sufficient for these things?"

The learned and reverend gentleman expatiated at great length on the solemnity not only of hearing, but of preaching the gospel. There was a responsibility of both hearers and preachers, which could never be overlooked, and which ought not to be overlooked in the true interests of Christianity. The text is itself sufficient to give an idea of what must have been the language of this powerful discourse.

BANK STREET.

In the forenoon the Rev. Principal Cavan preached in the Bank Street Presbyterian Church to a large congregation, He took for his text Isaiah 53rd chapter, 5th verse. "He was wounded for our trangressions, he was bruised for our iniquities, the chastisement of our peace was upon him, and with his stripes we are healed." The preacher commenced by referring to the question, and the various interpretations of it, as to who was meant by the Prophet in the passage forming the text, and after stating most of these he proceeded to show that there could be no doubt in the Christian mind that Christ was the person referred to by the Prophet. This was shown by the New Testament writers, and the reference made by them to the passage. Accepting this as the true interpretation of the text, he invited attention to the work of Christ and his sufferings; the source of that suffering and its nature, and the blessed consequences of it. The Messiah was represented not only as a sufferer, but as a great sufferer, for he was wounded, he was bruised, and stripes were laid upon him But the suffering to which he was subjected was not merely of a physical character, and they must be careful not to so limit the words, but take in all the various kinds of suffering, whether physical, mental, or spiritual. The Saviour's suffering arose principally from the poverty of his worldly condition. He did not lay much stress on that, however, for poverty was not a source of suffering except it was extreme. A middle state between poverty and riches was generally the most eligible for leading a calm, useful life. But the Saviour's condition was that of extreme poverty, and therefore he suffered on that account. He also suffered on account of the reception which he met from those whom he came to bless and to save. When he began his ministry, he was what might be considered popular, for wherever he preached, crowds that could be numbered in thousands hung upon his words. But influences were at work by which all this was marvellously changed. The leaders in the Jewish state never regarded him in any friendly way; they were jealous of him, because they knew that his increase was their decrease, and that in the success of the Kingdom which he had come to establish their doctrines which depended upon tradition must be over-thrown. They sent people to entrap him and catch any utterances that might be reported against him. He was apprehended by a band of armed men and condemned to death on a charge of blasphemy. He was led forth, bearing his cross to Calvary; he was nailed to the tree, and suffered the terrible agonies of such a death. These were among his physical suffering, but there was something in his suffering still more wonderful, for it pleased God to put him to grief. And how was that to be accounted for? He was to be seen in great distress and his bitter cry of mental agony was heard when he separated himself from the disciples, and prayed "O my Father, if it be possible let this cup pass from me." The martyrs were heard to sing at the stake, though they had neither the endurance, the courage, nor the gentleness of the Saviour, but they had cause for joy in his finished work. His suffering was substitutionary suffering. He endured that suffering for the sake of others and not because of his own sin. Now it was a fact that every man and woman could know by their own experience that all suffering in this world was from sin; that it might be traced to sin as its source. If they suffered they had no difficulty in accounting for it. God was angry with the human race because they had revolted against him, and therefore there was no difficulty in the case of an ordinary sinful individual in seeing why God visits that person with suffering. But when they came to the case of Christ's suffering, they found one in whom was no sin. Not only did he do no sin, but he had no disposition to sin for there was no sin in him—there was no evil principle in his nature and he had no sympathy with sin, and no tendency towards it; and yet he was a pre-eminent sufferer. How was this to be explained? It was needless to go into the subtle reasonings of the schools, and for the scriptures plainly declared that he did no sin, but was made sin for us that we might be made the righteousness of God in him. It would hardly be possible for the human mind fully to comprehend the whole of the metaphysical reasonings that would be necessary to explain substitutionary suffering, but Christ came and made common cause for our sin; he became responsible for us; he suffered, the just for the unjust, that he might bring us to God; and hence it was seen that God is a just God and the justifier of the ungodly. This most important doctrine was in all Scripture from the beginning to the end of the Sacred Book. No sooner had the dark cloud of sin appeared in the world in its early morning than we find sacrifices offered; and when Noah landed from the ark he built an altar. Wherever the patriarchs pitched their tent an altar was built, and sacrifices held a very prominent place among the Jews, but without the shedding of blood there was no remission of sin. This truth was in every word of the Old Testament, and when they came to the New Testament it was all explained, for in the epistle to the Hebrews it was plainly shown that symbolical sacrifices could not touch the heart, but only point to the Saviour, who was to put away sin by his suffering. There was no hope for any sinner except for the substitutionary suffering of the Saviour; there would be no human being in Heaven except on the foundation of the work of the Redeemer. Then with regard to the blessed consequences of the Saviour's suffering, these were referred to in the last words of the text. "The chastisement of our peace was upon him, and by his stripes we are healed." There was not time to speak of all the consequences of Christ's work, for they were innumerable, and although man was the only creature redeemed, there was no reason to suppose that others were not benefited by that great work. The preacher then proceeded to show the completeness of the peace which Christ has purchased by his suffering for man, and from the birth of Christ when peace on earth and good will towards men was proclaimed. Even the Christian, on this side of time, had only a foretaste of the peace that remaineth for the people of God, but the peace which they would enjoy throughout eternity would be complete, undisturbed, purchased by the substitutionary suffering of the Saviour.

EVENING SERVICE.

In the evening, in the same church, the sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Cooke of Quebec, who took for his text, John, 14th chapter 2nd and 3rd verses:—"In my father's house there are many mansions; if it were not so I would have told you. I go to prepare a place for you, I will come again to receive you unto myself, that where I am ye may be also." The reverend gentleman proceeded to consider in what light the Apostles considered this announcement, and then showed how the same language would convey meaning of more or less import according to the knowledge and culture of the mind of the person to whom it was addressed. He then entered upon the consideration of the purpose of the Saviour's departure from his Apostles, showing that it was his father's house he was going to prepare for his people, and whatever the ideas entertained by the disciples as to the time to be occupied by that preparation the expression implied time. They might have expected his return in a few days, or weeks, or months, but it might be that the preparation spoken of required the lapse of time just in the same way that science had shown that a long time occurred in the preparation of the earth for the habitation of man. Isaiah spoke of a new heaven and a new earth, as did John in the Revelations, Time was not with God as with men, nor was it divided in the same way, for with Him one day was as a thousand years. True, he might by the will of his power say that anything should be and it must be so, but as a German proverb said, God is patient because he is eternal. He could afford to wait for the accomplishment of his plan, and the preparation of the place would be by slow degrees for the reception, not of the small weeping band, who saw his departure, but the whole glorious company of the sanctified. When the disciples of Christ left this life they were with him in a state in which there was no sin and accordingly no sorrow. It was not much they knew of the intermediate state between death and the resurrection, but this they did know that they had done with sin and sorrow when they were with Christ. Of the professing Christian he asked if he saw in Christ God and man too, in the original purity of man's nature, then a great work was begun in his heart. Christ had gone to prepare a place for his followers, but unless they prepared inwardly for its enjoyment it would not be a place of enjoyment and of peace for them.

DALY STREET CHURCH.

The Rev. Thomas Wardrope of Guelph, and formerly of Ottawa, was assigned the morning service in this church. After the usual devotional exercises of praise and prayer, he proceeded with his sermon, choosing for a text the 12th and 13th verses of the 5th chapter of revelations—"Saying with a loud voice, worthy is the lamb that was slain to receive power and riches and wisdom, and strength and honour and glory and blessing. And every creature which is in heaven, and on the earth, and under the earth, and such as are in the sea, and all that are in them, heard I, saying: Blessing and honour, and glory and power, be unto him that sitteth upon the throne and unto the lamb for ever and ever."

He introduced his discourse by a few observations as to the vision observed by the Apostle John, describing its mysterious character, the beautiful white throne and the multitude of saints and angels that surrounded it. He dwelt upon the glories of the lamb who sat upon the right of the throne; who had been slain that the world through his suffering might be redeemed. He asked that all might emulate the [b]lessed Redeemer, and like him be crowned with honor and receive a blessing forever. He proceeded to subdivide his text as follows:

1st. The adoring multitude that surrounded the throne.

2nd. The object of their adoration.

3rd. The nature of that adoration.

Under the first head he described the various circles that surrounded the throne, the saints, angels and countless numbers who gave glory and honor to him who sat upon the throne. He charged all to endeavour to to regultate their lives that they might appear among that goodly number, for to allow the door to be at once shut they would be precluded from entering into the joy of their Lord forever. On the second point he dwelt upon the nature and object of the adoration of him who sat on the throne, and adduced strong reasons to show that none could question the right of the Lord Jesus Christ to such homage. Under the last head he graphically described the nature of the adoration as being Godly, and in every way appropriate to Christ as the mediator between God and man. He next pictured in fine terms, the life of Christ on earth, which he contrasted with his divine and heavenly character. He showed how after spending a life of solitude upon the earth he ascended up on high, where tens of thousands worshipped him in adoration.

He concluded by asking all not to put off till to-morrow what should be done to day; but to earnestly pray that they might see and enjoy the blessing of eternal joy.

EVENING SERVICE.

In the evening the Rev. W. J. Macdonnell, B. D. of Toronto officiated, and, having considerable reputation as a preacher, drew quite a full house to hear him. After the usual preliminary devotional exercises, Mr. Macdonnell proceeded to preach a very eloquent discourse from the following text, coupling with it an extract from the the 3rd chapter of the First Epistle of St. John, 2nd Corinthians 3rd chapter and 18th verse, "But we all, with open face beholding as in a glass the glory of the Lord, as changed into the same image, from glory to glory, even as by the spirit of the Lord."

After introducing his subject by some preliminary remarks; he subdivided his text under the following heads: First, "The Essence of Religion." On this point he laid down the principles that should govern those who professed to be Christian worshippers. Secondly,—"The beholding of Jesus Christ." He argued it to be a condition to be like unto Jesus Christ, that the Christian should behold him. He contended that it was necessary to gaze and reflect upon him to know what was the glory of the blessed Redeemer. He described Christ Jesus as being the mirror himself which reflected the true life of the Christian. Thirdly—"The process of becoming like Christ Jesus was a gradual one." He described under this head how the Christian became an exact image of Christ. He drew two inferences from this head. One was that none should become disheartened because the good might be far off, nor discouraged because stumbling blocks were in the way. He urged that the good race should be run with faith, and then the spirit of the Lord was sure to sustain all in surmounting struggles. Another inference was that the process was a perpetual one. It was not a thing that could be disposed of in a few days at the end of life. He deprecated leaving till the last hours of a lifetime the consideration of whether we shall give ourselves to Christ or not. The time to determine was when there existed youth and vigor, and delaying the time was dangerous. In the fourth place he argued that attaining to the image and likeness of Christ was the result of Divine Grace. All those, who lived and reflected the character of Christ would find it completed in heaven where they will see Christ as he is—face to face. On earth they saw him only through the eye of faith as a veil, but in another world they see him as He is, and no longer through a glass darkly, but would realize him having become like unto him. In conclusion he counselled all to examine themselves and see how far they had been holding Christ and endeavoring to reflect His holy character; and to endeavour to so regulate their lives, that they might secure the great and eternal salvation.

METCALFE STREET.

In the W. M. Church, Metcalfe street, the Rev. D. Fletcher, of Hamilton, preached an eloquent sermon, taking for his text, "What are these which are arrayed in white robes? and whence came they? And I said unto him, Sir, thou knowest. And he said unto me, these are they which came out of great tribulation, and have washed their robes, and made them white in the blood of the Lamb." Rev., 7 ch., verses 13 and 14. The rev. gentleman showed that the persons who had come out of great tribulations were the Christians who had suffered trials in this world, and although a christian life was generally one of great happiness, still there were many trials to be encountered that were not known to the world. In the end, however, they triumphed, and came out of their tribulations arrayed in white robes to the enjoyment of absolute happiness in Heaven throughout eternity.

In the evening, the Rev. John M Call, of Hamilton, preached in the same Church from Acts 17th ch 23rd verse: "For as I passed by, and beheld your devotions, I found an altar with this inscription, 'To the unknown God,' Whom therefore ye ignorantly worship, him declare I unto you." The discourse was very instructive, showing that no amount of mental culture was a sufficient substitute for faith in divine revelation, and that, even the learned men of Athens were superstitious and far from the truth.

We were unable to send reporters to the other churches, but may mention that in Knox Church. Elgin street, the service was conducted in the morning by the Rev. Peter Wright of Ingersoll, and in the evening by the Rev. James Douglas, of Coburg.

In the W. M. Church, Besserer street, the Rev. N. Clark, of Lakefield, conducted the service in the morning, and in the evening the Rev. Wm. Mitchell of Millbrook was the preacher.

The morning service in the W. M. Church, West End, (Rev. Dr. Mark's) was conducted by the Rev. W. Cochrane, of Middleville, and in the evening by the Rev. John Ferguson of Ospray.

In the Episcopal Methodist Church, York street, the preacher in the morning was the Rev. J. W Smith, of Grafton, and in the evening the Rev. John Morrison, of Waddington.

The Rev Donald Ross, of Dundee, preached in the Episcopal Church, LeBret on Flats, in the morning, and the Rev. D. J. McLean of Arnprior, in the evening.

The pulpit of the Baptist Church, Queen street, was supplied in the morning by the Rev Charles Doudiet, of Montreal, and in the evening by the Rev. W. King, of Buxton.

In the Congregational Church, Albert street, the preacher in the morning was the Rev. J. S. Burnet, of Martintown, and in the evening, the Rev. George Bruce, M. A.

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar 24 Sparks street. 2575

A LOST CHILD.—A young lad, son of Mr. E. A. Perry, of the Ottawa News Depot, aged about 5 years, wandered away on Saturday last from his home on Sandy Hill, and became lost. The parents of the child naturally felt terribly aggrieved under the circumstances, and with the assistance of many friends searched the city diligently throughout the evening and the night, and again yesterday morning, without success. The grief of the parents became more intense, and the sympathy of many people was enlisted, announcements from some of the city pulpits were made and such other means resorted to as might lead to the child's discovery. To the delight of the parents a clue was eventually obtained. P. C. Graves had heard that a child, answering the descriptions given, had strolled to the Chaudiere, and had been taken by a man named Dorion, a shoemaker, to his house on the flats, and kept there for the night. The child was sent to his home early in the afternoon. It would be well in the case of the loss of children hereafter, that persons finding them would report the fact to the Chief of Police. In this way the anxiety of parents would be relieved, and much done towards allaying the intense excitement that usually surrounds such incidents as that of Saturday last.

FESTIVAL OF CORPUS CHRISTI.

Grand Procession.

Yesterday morning, the first Sunday after the Feast of Corpus Christi, which is celebrated with such pomp and magnificence in Catholic countries, a grand open air procession of the Blessed Sacrament was held in the parish of the Cathedral in which some thousands must have taken part. As early as half past seven, the members of the various societies, wearing their distinctive badges began to assemble, persuant to notice, at the French Canadian Institute, and by eight o'clock the neighbourhood was fairly thronged with those who were to take part in the ceremonial. At this hour, low mass was commenced in the Cathedral; the Very Rev. D. Dandurand being celebrant, and the musical portion of the service being rendered by the combined bands of St. Joseph's College and of the Cathedral. The procession was then formed, and proceeded through St. Andrew, Notre Dame, and St. Patrick Streets back to the Cathedral in the following order:

Catholic Young Men's Society.
Christian Brothers' School.
St. Patrick's Literary Association.
Temperance Society.
Union of St. Joseph.
French Canadian Institute.
Society of St John the Baptist.
Cathedral Band.
Society of St. Cecile.
Girls of the Congregation of St Anne
Women of the Congregation of St. Anne.
Father Mollay's Clares.
School Girls in White.
Young lady boarders at Convent, Rideau Street.
St. Patrick's and St. Joseph's Orphanages.
Nuns.
College Band.
College Students.
Cross Bearer.
Clergy.
Very Rev. D Dandurand carrying the Blessed Sacrament.
Society of St Vincent de Paul.
Men of the Congregation.

Fire Brigade. (on each side)

The whole length of road traversed was carefully cleared, and covered with fine sand, and trees were planted in close order at the edges of the sidewalks. Arches were also formed across the streets with strips of white intertwined with blue or red cloth and numerous flags floated in the breeze suspended from opposite windows. Nor were private individuals behind hand in the decorations of their homes. Each seemed to vie with his neighbour in making an elegant display of pictures or statues surrounded by tapestry, candles and evergreens in front of his house in honor of the occasion, and the vast amount of labor in this branch alone is eloquent proof indeed of the thorough and deep-rooted veneration for the great mysteries of their religion which fills the Catholic mind. So profuse and complete were the decorations at the lower end of St. Patrick street, that one had a difficulty in believing that the locality was a public street. Altars elegantly and profusely decorated, and which must have entailed very considerable labor and expense, were erected at the houses of the following, on the line of route. Messrs. Dessert, B. Desjardine, Joseph Valade, P[aq]ue, Peeletie, Beaucaire, Battle, and Madame Pilon. A magnificent altar was also erected by the Sisters of the Good Shepherd at the foot of St. Andrews street, which was decorated in the most chaste and elegant manner, the ground around it being covered with rich carpeting. All along the line of route nothing occurred to mar the solemnity of the occasion; on the contrary all behaved with becoming propriety, not a single case of misconduct or any sort being observable. The Procession reached the Cathedral about a quarter past eleven, when the ceremony was brought to a close with solemn benediction.

The arrangements were conducted by the Rev. Dr. O'Connor, Father Bautilan, and Mr. M. Battle.

The Fete Dieu in Hull.

The procession of the Host in the town of Hull, was yesterday celebrated with great pomp. Instead of commencing immediately after morning mass, to parade the chief thoroughfare, on account of the heat of the weather, it did not march off until 6 o'clock in the evening. It was under the guidance and control of the Rev. Father Reboul. The streets were decorated with flags, evergreens, and sacred pictures, and there was an immense turn out of people. The St. Joseph, St. Jean Baptiste Societies, Dames and Damoselles des Congregation, the Light Infantry Company, under the command of Captain Quesnelle, the Voltigeur and Victoria Fire Companies, the pupils of the Convent and Schools, headed by several bands, and the whole followed by a multitude of private individuals, made up the procession. It took about two hours to go through the streets, when the Light Infantry being formed into line, with frontand rear rank, fired a *feu de joie* in honor of the occasion.

GOOD GRACIOUS.—Go and see the Flowers at Forfar's Seed store, Rideau St. 2580

The immense rush still continues. Crowds of people at Metcalf's every day. Goods going off rapidly. 2577

TRUNKS, VALISES, BAGS, the cheapest place in the city at
T. SHORES & Co.,
Sparks Street near Bank-st

ANYTHING required in a garden or far can be had at Forfar's, cheap and good. 2588

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS! — T. E. Moore, Burlington Hair-cutting Rooms, 72 Sparks street, begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his fancy goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now over-stocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all fancy goods at half price or 25 per cent less than cost price. The goods consist of ladies' gold and silver watches, solid 15 carat gold chains, an immense assortment of elegant sets in gold. Best plate signet rings, plain and brass ring, hair ornaments, perfumery, brushes, real hair goods meerchaum pipes hand mirrors, hair brushes. All goods at half their market price. Ladies or gents requiring such articles will do well to call early. T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks street. 2588

JOINT COMMUNION SERVICE — Yesterday at 4 o'clock one of the most solemn and impressive ceremonies that has perhaps ever been witnessed in Canada, took place in St. Andrews Church, Wellington street. It was the occasion of a Joint Communion Service of the two Presbyterian bodies now in session in their respective ecclesiastical courts in this city. A large number of ministers and elders sat down to partake of the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. The Rev. Mr. Rannie, Moderator of the Church of Scotland Synod, and the Rev Mr. McPherson, Moderator of the Canada Presbyterian Church, presided and conducted the solemn services which marked the occasion. The event marks a great era in the history of Presbyterianism in Canada, which is now about being consolidated into one Church. The exercises of the afternoon were brought to a close by the singing of the 54th Paraphrase and the Benediction.

DIED.

On Saturday evening, 6th June, aged 56 years, Alfred Todd, Esq., Chief Clerk of the Private Bill Office, House of Commons, and for forty years in the service of the Canadian Assembly.

His funeral will take place this afternoon (Monday), at four o'clock, from his late residence Pine Grove, Richmond Road. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday and Thursday, June 10th and 11th.

FOURTH ANNUAL TOUR OF THE

Boston Theatre Comique

This mammoth organization will appear each evening in side splitting and mirth provoking COMEDIES, DRAMAS, BURLESQUES, FARCES, SONGS, BANJO SOLOS, DANCES, &c

Scale of prices—
General admission, 50 and 25 cents.
Reserved Seats, 75 cents; to be had four days in advance at Gowan's store.

Thursday, entire change of Bill.

J. E. OGDEN, Agent.
June 8, 1874. 2589

NOW COMPILING,

A NEW AND IMPROVED

DIRECTORY OF OTTAWA,

With which will be included

New Edinburgh, Hull, Rochesterville and Aylmer.

The publisher, in announcing his intention to produce a new edition of a Directory of Ottawa, begs to state that no pains or expense will be spared to render the work as accurate as possible, and in order to insure this end every inhabitant will be personally called upon.

The Directory will consist of Street, Alphabetical and Classified Business Lists; together with full information respecting all ecclesiastical and magesterial functionaries, public institutions, railways, carries and conveyances, post offices, telegraphs, &c., to which will be added a list of churches and chapels, with the names of their presiding ministers and times of service. The Publisher has pleasure in stating that he has secured the services of Mr. J. S. Rowe, who has compiled several similar works in various parts of England and Scotland, and who, with efficient assistant, has already commenced the compilation.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

The Directory will not only be circulated extensively throughout the City and neighborhood, but also in Toronto, Montreal, Quebec and other important places, thereby rendering it a desirable medium of advertising.

Price to Subscribers, $2.00; to Non-Subscribers, $2.50.

PRICES OF ADVERTISEMENTS.

Whole Page..........$12 | Third of Page......$4
Half Page............$6 | Quarter of Page....$3

A. S. WOODBURN,
Publisher.

Directory Office—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
June 8, 1874. 2590

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Taillon & Chrysler, his attorneys.

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May, A D. 1874.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa Post Office, May 30th, 1874.

Abbott J H 2	Lawrence H
Alkins J	Larcher L C
Agan Miss M	Leggle F
Abendroth B	Lemin Miss E
Abbott W J	Lindsay Mr
Armstrong W	Levings Miss L A
Armstrong D	Lothian W 2
Armstrong R	Lyne Jno
Ashford J A	Lyons Mrs E A
Austin J E	Maloy Miss M
Aylen Jno	Marchant C
Bailey Jas	Martin H J
Barney Mrs A	Manser J
Barrie Miss S M	Martin Miss S J
Baldwen A C	Masse R
Barber A C	Madigan J C
Beck Miss F	Medlow C
Bennitt B	Merfield Miss L M
Beaton Miss A	Mitchell W
Berrigan L	Middleton W
Bourk N	Mills Jas
Hollomby W C	Miller Mr
Brown J G	Miller C E
Brophy M	Moss Chs
Branchand E 2	Morris G
Bork H W	Moore Miss N A
Butler Ellen	Michol Jas
Burroughs G A	Northrup A G
Burton Jno	O'Connel Bros
Carmady Sarah	O'Connor J M
Calder W J	O'Brien J W
Carruthers Mary	O'Donnell P
Caxall Mary	Parker Jos
Chase Bros & Bowman	Parker A L
Childs Jno	Perry S
Chambers Jane	Pettapice Jas
Clark A	Pike J A
Clarkson T D	Power Mrs
Cochran C	Proudlove W
Cowan R	Quinn Jas
Coleman H	Ratti A
Carrie Geo	Reid Miss F
Comfort S	Rees Bros
Cooper W H	Rea Jas
Cochrane Miss D W	Richard Mrs
Cook A	Rice E
Cougle Mrs Dr	Row E G
Coughlan Mrs A	Rowan A
Cochrane Mrs M	Roberts Capt O
Crosby Mr C	Roy B
Crabtree Jno	Rogers Mrs M T
Cruickshaffs A D	Robson J N
Dempsey Jas	Robertson A
Dinsmore Jos	Scrimgeour Geo
Donoho J	Scott A 2
Dobell R R	Scott J
Donison Jno	Selvright Jas
Dolan Miss C	Shaw H 2
Doyle Miss C	Sheldon H H 2
Drew Jas	Shelanow Mrs
Dunfield H	Sharp J E
Dulanty P	Skigner C
Dunlop J	Sinclair Wm
Duggan Ed	Smith W J
Dunlop Jas	Smith Miss E
Edwards Miss E A	Smith M
Ellis Jas	[illegible] Mr
Elwin D	[illegible] J
Ferguson W	[illegible] Miss 2
Fee H	Spier J A
Finley Mary	Sprague M H
Fillon J	Stevens H
Fluch W	Stewart J C
Fleming A	Stevenson Jas
Flano Jno	Stout J M
Fleming F S	Staples M
Fowler & Smith Messrs	Starkey H
Fouert J	Strong O K
Ford T J	Stewart A
Foby Miss M A 2	Stafford F C
Foster Jas	Stewart J.
Forsythe R	Stack R
Fowler F	Swyer W H
Fearher A	Sullivan J S
Fraser John 2	Taylor S
Fraser T	Taylor Capt J W
Gallagher R	Tanney R
Grant D	Tallon L A
Gilroy Jos 2	Taylor W d
Glassford A 2	Telford W 2
Gollan B B	Teman H
Gow H	Thompson N P
Graham H	Traveler Miss H
Gunn A	Toser A
Hall Jno	Tobin R
Hapley M	Tucker C
Hawver J	Van Sosvan P
Haxpin P	Watkins Mrs W A
Hueston A	Watson Miss M A
Hamilton J	Watson E W
Hall L	Waddle J
Hay Miss C	Watts E
Handretary Miss M A	Whissel Geo
Harter J	Whitten Mrs A S
Heard E	Wilher Mrs H B
Heplonstall Geo	Williams J
Helmer C D	Wilson Miss M J
Headen B F	McAvoy E J
Hill J	McArthur J
Hillinsdon A E	McCormac A
Hill G 2	McCallum R N
Higgings Miss K	McCaughren B
Hindinarst M	McLeod D
Holmer F	McDowell Lr
Hanneter R H	McDowell J
Holt Jno A 2	McDonald D C
Horan C H	McDonald R
Howard A H	McEwan J
[illegible] J	McDonald C
Irvine W J	McDermott H
Jackson J B	McDonald D
Johnson T H	McFarland D
Johnston Miss Jane	McDougall W
Johnston R W	McGillivray D
Kelly Mrs	McKay Jas
Kehoe Jas	McLean R
Keenan Jno	McLean J
Kerwin A	McNaughton C
Knox Jno	McNulty D
Kulsing Miss E	McRea J
Lafoley T.	McPhail J

Signed, G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Pain Killer

The Great

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1864.

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitalizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1.00.

BY TELEGRAPH

QUEBEC.

Chief Justice Dorion taking his Seat—Water Supply Failing—Shooting Match—Freight Arrivals to Date—Comparative Arrivals—The Weather.

QUEBEC, June 6.

The pressure on the water mains is daily diminishing, and the men of the Department state that possibly in a few days there will not be sufficient to carry the supply over Mount Pleasant.

The quarterly Cup of the Battalion was fired for yesterday on Beauport flats, and was won by Hospital Sergeant Hawkins, No. 105., with the splendid score of 68 points, Capt. Morgan coming next with a score of 63. Ranges 200, 400, 500, and 600 yards, five shots at each.

In consequence of the large arrival of tonnage, freights have materially declined. The arrivals from sea to date are 30 steamships, representing 40,000 tons, and 279 sailing ships, representing 223,482 tons, being as compared with the arrivals to same date last year, a falling off in steamship tonnage of 556 tons, while sailing vessels show an increase of 28,867 tons.

Chief Justice Dorion took his seat at the Court of Appeals this morning.

The following congratulatory address from the Quebec Bar, was read by the Batonnier: Mr. Chief Justice,—The Bar of the Province of Quebec, section of the District of Quebec, beg leave to avail themselves of the occasion of your entrance upon the discharge of your judicial duties to offer you their congratulations on your elevation to the high and important office of Chief Justice of this Province. The circumstances of your having been twice elected by the voice of your professional brethren to fill the highest office in their gift, that of Batonnier-General of the Bar, which you held up to the time of your appointment, while it affords unquestionable evidence of their confidence in you and their appreciation of your character, is a guarantee that your nomination as Chief Justice will be hailed with general satisfaction. In tendering you their congratulations, the Bar believe they but echo the opinion entertained by the public at large, who have learnt to appreciate the distinguished position you held in the profession, and your integrity as a public man. In conclusion, permit the Bar of this section to express the hope that you may be spared by Providence for many years to preside over the administration of justice in this Province.

The Chief Justice replied to the address thanking the Bar for the compliment and expressing the hope that the good relations between the Bench and Bar (which had always subsisted, particularly in this District), would continue to exist, and this both in the interest of the public and the profession.

The ordinary business of the Court was proceeded with.

Last night burglars entered Whitty's foundry and stole a number of tools, with which they tried to force several stores and offices in the Lower Town, but fortunately were unsuccessful.

The weather to-day has been hot, being the first really warm day this season.

Twenty more vessels arrived to date than to the same date last year. The weather is fine and warm and vegetation is coming on rapidly.

MONTREAL.

Corpus Christi—Stabbed—Guibord Case—Flour and Money Markets.

MONTREAL, June 6.

Notwithstanding the threatening state of the weather six or seven hundred citizens of Montreal and vicinity went over to assist the Indians of Caughnawaga, in keeping Corpus Christi yesterday. The part of the village through which the procession was to go was decorated with evergreens, and in three places there were erected on the side of the street wigwams prettily decorated within and without with a profusion of tapestry, bunting, gaudy coloured ribbons, artificial flowers, large mirrors, gilded pictures, and small gilded figures representing angels.

To-day Benjamin Bartman, carpenter on board the ship Severn, while at dinner, was called out on deck by two sailors, who set upon him and stabbed him about the face, and then made their escape. The unfortunate man was immediately brought to the General Hospital very badly wounded.

It is stated that the seminary of St. Sulpice has placed $4,000 at the service of its counsel for the Guibord case appealed to the Privy Council. The other side will be backed up by some $6,000 which has been subscribed by the citizens.

Recently a society has sprung up in this city called the Montreal Association, to discountenance bar-room drinking.

Flour market moderately active at previous prices. Sales 100 bbls very choice superior extra, $2 75; 400 brls extra, $5. 90; 200 brls strong bakers', $5 75; 100 brls choice do, $5 90; 100 brls medium do, $3 65; 500 brls Welland Canal do, uninspected, $5 40.

There was a moderate demand for money at the banks to-day, but hardly as much as there ought to be. Good commercial bills are readily discounted at 7 per cent and it is rather difficult for the banks to find safe and profitable employment for their disposable funds.

The stock market this morning was dull, with the exceptions of Commerce, which was active and buoyant. Montreal, 183¼ to 184; Ontario, 190¼ to 110; People's, 105½ to 106; Molson's 110¾ to 111½. Merchants 120¾ to 120¾; Royal Canadian 95½ to 96; 10 Commerce at 135½; 15 at 136, 6 at 138, closing 137 at 137½; Telegraph 187 to 187½.

HALIFAX.

Riotous Sailors—Scalded to Death—Personal—Fire.

HALIFAX, June 5.

There was some trouble on the streets last night between the sailors and marines belonging to the flag-ship and the police, who had arrested a marine for assaulting a woman in the Albermarle saloon. The flagship's shipmates interfered, and attempted a rescue. A hand to hand fight ensued, the marines using their belts and fists, and the police their clubs. Some roughs encouraged and aided the sailors in their assault upon the police. Two of the marines, ringleaders in the riot, were finally captured, and heavily fined at the Court to-day.

Mr. C. J. Brydges arrived here last night on business connected with the Intercolonial Railway, and left for Pictou this morning.

Mayor Smith, of St. John, N.B., and Mayor Matheson, of Pictou, are visiting Halifax.

At the police court to-day, T. J. Wallace, one of the owners of the steam dredge seized on Tuesday by the Dominion Government for debt, was fined $30 for displaying a loaded revolver on that occasion.

A child of Robert Dawson's, three years old, fell into a tub of boiling water at Bridgewater on Wednesday, and was scalded to death.

Donald Robertson's fulling and carding mills at New Annan, Colchester county, were destroyed by fire on the 25th ult. Loss $5,000.

RENFREW.

The Drowning Accident, the Verdict.

RENFREW, June 6th.

At the inquest to-day on the body of the Rev. Father John McCormack, of Mount St. Patrick, the verdict was that the deceased gentleman came to his death, having accidentally fallen into the water while fishing, it is supposed in a fit of epilepsy, to which he was subject.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Local Election. Suicide of Assistant Surgeon Vail.

ST. JOHN, N. B., June 6.

The city elections for the Local Legislature came off to-day. Messrs. Wedderburn and Keans (Government) were returned.

Assistant Surgeon Vail, of the Volunteer force, who distinguished himself so much at the Wimbledon meeting in England last year, shot himself with his own rifle this morning, during a fit of temporary insanity. He was a son of Dr. Vail, Speaker of the late House of Assembly, and member for Kings County.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

QUEENSTON, June 6.—Arrived steamships 'Nevada,' from New York, and 'Pennsylvania,' from Philadelphia.

News from Fiji Islands.

A letter from Levaka, Fiji Islands, states that on the 20th March the King abdicated his throne and ceded the Islands to Great Britain, and a British Commission were then arranging a form of government for the new acquisition to the English Throne.

FRANCE.

Another Communist to be Shot.

PARIS, June 6—A Council of War has pronounced a verdict of guilty against Melvil Bloncourt, Deputy for Guadaloupe, for participation in the acts of the Commune, and condemned him to death.

Prince Napoleon.

Le Pays newspaper says that the friends of the Prince Imperial strongly oppose the nomination of Prince Jerome Napoleon for the Assembly.

Duel.

It is rumoured that a dual has grown out of the violent proceedings in the Assembly last Tuesday.

ITALY.

The Pope Convalescent.

ROME, June 6—The Pope was able to celebrate Mass this morning, and subsequently walked to his Library. He is very feeble, but the fever has left him.

SPAIN.

Republican Gain.

MADRID, June 5—General Conchas has entered Logrona.

UNITED STATES.

Whites vs. Negroes.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June, 5.—A dangerously bitter feeling exists here between whites and blacks. Last Sunday in a dispute about the Civil Rights Bill, a white man was dangerously cut by a negro with a razor. The white man's friends seized and doubtless would have lynched the negro but for an alarm of fire.

The riotous proceedings on Decoration day and the arrest of Thomas Swan Prest, of pall bearers, and a leading colored politician have embittered the negros.

The *Ledger* reports that 150 negroes formerly in the Union army, have obtained arms and drill nightly in secret.

Peaceful Times Again in Kansas.

LITTLE ROCK, June 5.—Several of those arrested for treason have been discharged on bail. Brooks appears in the streets daily and is not molested.

The Currency Inflation.

NEW YORK, June 5.—A Washington special represents great dissatisfaction among the inflationists with the attitude of the President on the financial question, and it is considered doubtful whether Congress can agree upon any Bill that the President will sign.

The *Herald* special says, a gathering of leading Democrats was had after the adjournment of the Senate to-day, and it is believed that they are quietly moving on to a concert of action which will finally settle a positive objection to anything passing which has not a full measure of inflation in it.

The Erie—Rochefort Gone.

A rumor is current that Jay Gould, through the aid of Mr. Henry, has obtained control of the Erie.

Rochefort and companions sail for England to-day.

A Drunken Quarrel.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 6.—Trouble in Fulaski Co., between citizens and RR men, seems to be the result of a drunken quarrel. An RR man named Foster was shot and killed by Jeff Mercer, Methodist preacher. Several others are reported wounded.

Diptheria Epidemic.

The physicians pronounce a diptheria epidemic in this city, and attribute it to long continued humidity of atmosphere. The deaths from this disease since last January were 603, or three times more than the same time in the previous year.

Awful Calamity in Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, June 6.—A fire broke out this morning in a two story frame house in Brooklyn. The second floor was occupied by Thomas McIntyre and family, consisting of a wife and 5 children. When the family awoke they found all means of escape except by the windows cut off Mr. McIntyre first lowered his wife and four children and then jumped himself, forgetting that one child was still asleep in bed. After the fire was extinguished the boy's body was found in bed burned to death.

SATURDAY'S MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 6.—The Left Centre has adopted a platform which calls for the acclamation of a definitive Republic or the dissolution of the Assembly. One hundred and ten Deputies have given in adhesion to this programme. There is no longer any hope of an alliance between the Left and Right Centres.

ITALY.

ROME, June 6.—The Italian Senate has given its approval of the Treaty of Commerce with Mexico and a postal connection with Brazil.

UNITED STATES.

Prospect Park Races.

NEW YORK, June 6.—At the Races at Prospect Park yesterday afternoon, the heavy fog interfered materially with the drivers. The first trot there were fourteen entries, including 'Central Boy' and 'Walter S.' The former ran into the latter breaking the sulky down and throwing out the driver, and cutting the breast of Central Boy quite badly. The horse Walter S ran round the track and when nearing the judges stand shied near the fence striking a projecting piece of wood, which penetrated to his lungs, the horse bleeding to death in a few minutes. He was owned by T. A. Anderson and had been sold yesterday for $25 000, to a man from Providence, to be delivered after the races.

Fire.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 6. A fire broke out in Mercer Hall, on Nassau street, at one o'clock this a.m., and raged up to 4 o'clock. Loss estimated at $11,000; insured for $6 000 in the N.Y. and Jersey Cos. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

Death of C. K. Hall.

BOSTON, June 6.—Cyrus K. Hall, Secretary of the Massachusetts Life Insurance Co., died last evening. Deceased was the son of the Rev. Dr. Hall, President of the Geneva College.

Jerome Park Races.

NEW YORK, June 6.—The Jerome Park spring meeting commenced to-day.

Relief.

The Jews of this city are subscribing for their suffering brethren in Palestine.

A fellow calling himself a son of Mendellsohn, has been arrested here for forgery.

President Grant's Views.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Printed views of President Grant on the finances caused some excitement in the monitary circles here to-day.

Specie.

Specie shipments to-day were $421,000 to Europe, and $300,000 to Havana.

Arrivals.

HONG KONG, June 6.—The steamship 'China' arrived here from San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—The steamer 'Aregona' sailed to-day for Panama.

Robbery and Attempt to Murder.

A despatch from Losangelos states a Mexican named Elgordo, who a few days since robbed and attempted to murder Mr. Turner and wife near that city, was wounded and captured. He confessed his guilt and showed where the money was buried. He was then taken from the officers by a party of armed men and hanged to a tree.

Specie Payments

NEW YORK, June 6.—The *Tribune's* Washington despatch says that it is well known that one cherished hope of President Grant is that specie payments be resumed during his administration, with this view he discusses the policy of repealing the Legal Tender Act to take effect July 1875, and is in favor of returning greenbacks at the rate that it would all be called in by July, 1876. He thinks this could be done under the Free Banking law, without injury to business. He also urges the amendment of National Banking Act so that no notes of less denomination than 10 dollars shall be issued and expresses his belief that if no Bank had issued bills less than 10 dollars since 1850, there would have been no need of specie payments.

Fatally Shot.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Peter Smith, cooper, fatally shot John Cunningham in a Brooklyn street car last evening. Smith is a non-society man, and being sent by his employers to do some work at Red Hook, he was followed by Cunningham and others on strike, who tried to drive him away from his work but did not succeed. On returning home last evening he was pursued by the "strikers," four of which attacked the car where Smith was taking refuge. Cunningham assaulted him when Smith drew a revolver and shot Cunningham. Smith bears the reputation of being a quiet and peaceful man.

Rochefort.

John Swinton will preside at Rochefort's lecture to-night, introducing the lecturer and giving a brief translation of his discourse, for the benefit of the hearers who understands French.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Complimentary Banquet.

LONDON, June 7.—The Communists in this city will tender a complimentary banquet to Rochefort on his arrival in England.

SPAIN.

Decree by Don Carlos.

BAYONNE, June 7.—Don Carlos has issued a decree authorizing provinces now occupied by his forces to elect members of Council which are to attend him personally in Spain. Carlist troops are concentrating at Tuleda to save Estella. Gen. Concha is marching to attack them.

Carlist Defeat

MADRID, June 7.—It is rumoured that Carlists have been routed at the Ganges, with loss of 150 killed and wounded. Senor Viza Armigo has accepted the appointment of Spanish Ambassador to France.

UNITED STATES.

Fatal Accident.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—Mrs. Ann Vanderburg was mortally burned while kindling a fire with coal oil to-night. Her father, mother and husband were badly burned while tearing the burning clothes off her. The victim was only 17 years old, and was married last Tuesday.

Dreadful Thunder Storm.

UTICA, N.Y., June 7.—It is reported here that 20 persons were drowned while sailing and fishing on Onida Lake to-day, and 7 persons in Onondaga Lake during one of the most terrific thunder storms ever known, which prevailed in this vicinity this afternoon and evening. The telegraph wires are down between here and Syracuse.

Heavy Storm

TROY, N.Y.—A heavy thunder storm, with lightning and rain, visited this place this afternoon. During its continuance one span of the new iron bridge across the Hudson to the west of Troy was either blown down or struck by lightning, and falling into the river, sunk four canal boats lying at the dock under it. There were fifteen persons in the boats, all of whom are supposed to have escaped. The boats were loaded with iron ore. The span of the bridge was 240 long. The loss is $40,000.

Murder and Suicide.

JEFFERSONVILLE June 7.—This evening John McDermitt, a soloon keeper, of this city, while under the influence of liquor, shot at his wife while she was nursing her baby. The ball passed through the baby's head and lodged in the mother's breast he then blew his own brains out. His wife had left him and applied for a divorce, but had agreed to return and live with him.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied. We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Scott Street, Toronto, Agents for Ontario.
Or DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame Street, Montreal: Agents for Province of Quebec.

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874. 2572.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 2½, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

May 5, 1874. THOS. PATTERSON'S.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2495m

MILITIA SUPPLIES.

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned at his office, at Brockville, up to two p. m. on THURSDAY, the 11th inst., for the supply of such quantity of the undermentioned articles as may be required for 1,400 men, and 130 horses, more or less, for the period of about 12 days, during the encampment of the Active Militia at or near Ottawa, commencing on 22d June, 1874:

Bread, Fresh Meat, Potatoes, Groceries Hardwood for Fuel, Oats, Hay and Straw—in bundles of 15 lbs. each, and Water for cooking and drinking, and cartage of Stores to and from Camp.

Conditions of the Contracts, and forms of Tender can be obtained at the Printing Office of Mr. Woodburn, Elgin-st., Ottawa, (where samples of Groceries are to be left) or from the undersigned.

The contractor for Forage will be required to furnish suitable storage for at least three days' supply, which quantity should be always on hand.

The Fuel wood must contain 128 cubic feet to the cord.

The quarters of Beef must weigh not less than one hundred pounds, and the suet, kidneys neck, shank and hock-joints to be excluded, and Salt Pork or Mutton to be supplied if required, for three days of the period. The contractor to furnish necessary Saws, Choppers, Blocks and Scales.

The D. A. G. does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

The *bona fide* signatures of two responsible persons willing to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract to accompany each tender.

W. H. JACKSON,
Lt.-Colonel, Dep. Adjt. Gen. Mil. District No. 4
Dep. Adjt. Gen.'s Office,
Brockville, June 5, 1874. 2588

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACCUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2557

FOUND—A Lady's BROOCH. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement, on application to this office.

May 28, 1874. 2587.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P. Q.
2328-6m.

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874. 518ly

CLARET!

Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin,	Margaux.
Do do	Medoc.
St. Estephe,	do
St. Julien,	do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Wellington-st.

May 8, 1874 2581

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats..........Peacock
Christy's Hats..........Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats..........Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats..........Peacock
Wolseley Hats..........Peacock
Castellar Hats..........Peacock
Cheltenham Hats..........Peacock
Spencer Hats..........Peacock
Sorento Hats..........Peacock
Cordova Hats..........Peacock
Venosti Hats..........Peacock
Clinton Hats..........Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S
SIGN OF THE
RED HAT
33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

AUCTION SALE.

—OF A—

FAMILY CARRIAGE,
TOP BUGGY, and
ENGLISH DOG CART.

The subscriber has been favoured with the above consignment of Carriages from a Montreal house, to be sold without any reserve. The sale will take place at his rooms, 5 Rideau st eet, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 6th,

The lot consists of one Family Carriage, with pole and shafts; one Top Buggy; one English Dog Cart. Sale without reserve and FOR CASH. Sale to take place at 11 a. m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer

The above sale has been postponed until TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 9th, to take place at the same hour and place.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

June 6, 1874. 2588-6in

PANAMA HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats

AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS

—AT—

DEVLIN'S.

March 25, 1874 2505-

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT,

76 SPARKS STREET 76.

T LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2528-3m

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me. 67 ydaw

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts.	now	11½
2,500 "	20	"	14½
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	22½
2,085 "	36	"	26½
2,275 "	40	"	31
3,050 "	50	"	38½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90	now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,300 "	1 40	"	1 25
1,575 "	1 55	"	1 28½
550 "	1 75	"	1 40½
500 "	2 00	"	1 47½
400 "	3 00	"	2 50

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts.	now	14
Assortment	20	"	16
Plain Black	25	"	19½
and	30	"	22
Coloured	35	"	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	12cts.	now	9¼
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,025 "	15	"	12½
2,150 "	18	"	15
3,185 "	20	"	16

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons.	10cts.	now	7½
	13	"	10½
	15	"	12½
	17	"	14½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costomes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

White and	15c.	now	12c.
Coloured	20	"	15½
	25	"	19
Cotton	30	"	23
	35	"	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batisles and Lawns.

$8,000 yards.	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts	now	16½
Stripe	25	"	19
Muslins	30	"	25
4,000 yards	35	"	28½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	16½
Splendid	25	"	19½
Assortment	30	"	23
	35	"	28½
	45	"	35

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16½
475 "	25	"	19½
550 "	30 and 35	"	22 & 28½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
	6 75	"	5 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,

30 SPARKS-ST.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection.

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874 2579

Slaughter! Slaughter.

SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.29, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st and Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. 2545-2m W. E. BROWN.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces	Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c
15 "	Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30 "	Fancy Coburg	2.50
	A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.	
200	Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 "	Sac Coats	2.25

500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

May 29, 1874. A. Mowat & Son.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2561y

BOARD.

MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.

May 5, 1874.

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS

Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

LOST.

A DELIVERY BOOK lost on Wellington St. yesterday, going towards Hull. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the TIMES office, or returning it to the owner, whose name appears in it.

Ottawa, May 28, 1874. 2580

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria Streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location, is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.

Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.

A. R. GILES,
Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.

Made and for sale at Eight Dollars

June 3, 1874. 2585-y

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—28 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S,

33 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.

March 28, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m. Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m. Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m. *Victoria* leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.

Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m. Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD 112¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 5.

GRAIN.

	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 00 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover,	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, June 5.—Receipts of hogs 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1.18¼ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64¼c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62¼c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46¼c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91¼c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8¼c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4¼c, Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, June 5. Cotton, dull at 18¾ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged.

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17.05.

Lard, 15 1-6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c. for State and new

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay. Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, write—"Send us one gross Electric ... We find ... to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.

J. METCALFE.
2577

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston. M

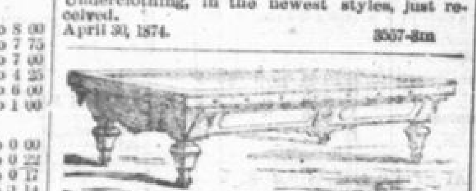
THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-St., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B.—A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 2557-3m



STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York

P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS EXTRA MACHINE OIL — MANUFACTURED BY STOCK & WEBSTER TORONTO

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 8.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9.00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, May 25th, 1874.

NEW Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING,

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO.
Ottawa, March 2 1872 2505

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

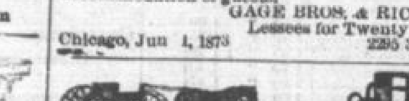
Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees [well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871], take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.

Aug 29 1873.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
6 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100

400 Gold Watches .... $75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines .... 60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos .... 250 to 700
50 Melodeons .... 50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.

April 29, 1874. 8560-2m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.

May 26th, 1874. 2579-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Copartnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Grant, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned

W. A. ARMSTRONG.

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.

March 17, 1874. 2b1 8-6m

"QUITE INDISPENSIBLE."—*Nation.*

Ready this Day:

THE CANADIAN

PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION

FOR 1874,

Edited by Henry J. Morgan, Barrister-at-Law,

Containing the usual biographical data respecting the members of both Houses of the Federal Parliament and of the several Local Assemblies, their political predilections, and pledges, &c.; Official Returns of the last General Election; sketches of the chief officers of the Civil Service; the addresses of the chiefs of political parties; the "platforms" of parties; list of political societies and organizations, &c.

TO BE HAD AT

E. A. PERRY'S,
Elgin-St.

May 14, 1874.

Easter Beef

AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2, 1874.

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.

A New Glee Book For Temperance Use.

Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.,
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method	Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice: Ludden's School for the Voice	Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor: Worrall's Guitar	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices: Sangerfest	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices: Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home: The Cluster	Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book: Fairy Echoes	Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by

J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! A New Music Book For Public Schools. We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.

Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No ... is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the

LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
88 A ...-st., New York City

April 20, 1874.

DATURA TATULA,

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto,

Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H. I. M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King street west Toronto Ontario.

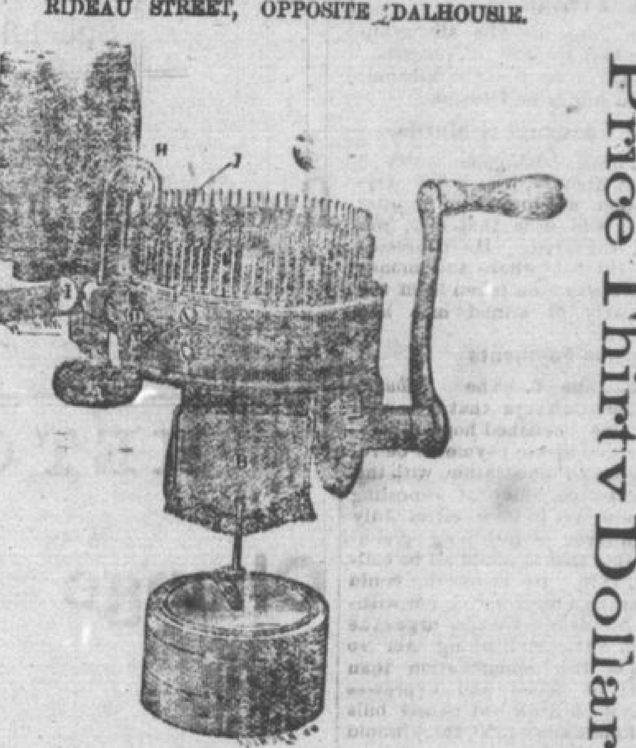
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 ... per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING ROOMS,

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

T. E. MOORE

RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can now make up the tangled saving of the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 SPARKS-ST.

May 1, 1874.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.

March 24, 1874. 2565y

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to. Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa
Feb 18 1498

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Mazurkas, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

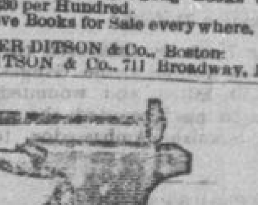
Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers," containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

C... to attract general attention as one of the ... SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred. ...ove Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.



HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place—the

Sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

THOS. S. SARNEY,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER

AND

AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances,

Light Engines and General Machinery

For Inventors and parties requiring experimental work done, T. S. S. has fitted up a strictly private work-shop, replete with best tools and machinery. His personal attention given to work of this kind.

Orders or enquiries at

CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.

April 8, 1874. 2588-tf

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St: Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2561y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

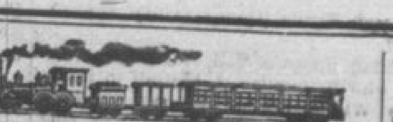
For sale by private contract, Lot No 68, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE,

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a

COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x20, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold. Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, March 17th, 1874



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8. Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West. Time faster than by any other route. Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE

Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

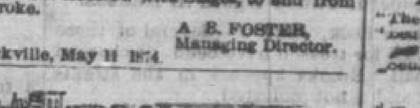
10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9.00 a.m.
Night Express	9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations	6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations	5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at	1.35 p.m.

Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.

Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.

The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	3.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at	5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at	10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe	11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at	8.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at	3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa

May 28, 1874 2587y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, Jr.,
No. 38 Sparks Street.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consist of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's and Felt Boots—wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style, Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[late Preston & McLaughlin],
... 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOF CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CAPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the iron work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 3 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. REIFFENSTEIN.

Caution,

GENUINE PANCREATINE PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis or Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength. Messrs SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them ... put forth as possessing the real and properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the label on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE,"

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled in the ... of Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was ... alkaline, in heating free alkali, which ... upon the fat, produced the usual ... ing result; the whole forming a greasy ... moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have ... tried, and which, besides being ... Pancreatic juice, has the delicate ... appearance and consistency ... cream, is palatable and readily taken.

Wholesale Agents for Canada.

Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & Co., ... Paul Street, MONTREAL.

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February 25th. 1874.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

... The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber ... offers of the following large and elegant steel engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," ... "The Wreath of Immortelles." ... Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to

J. W. JONES, ... Sole General Agent.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronized by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.

W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses,

ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability, are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1931tf

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our stock of Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasin is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug 5 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, wishes to give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residences or receive them at her house, between 5 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2590 — OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 2, 1873. 2476-ly

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Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the Times office, Sparks St., Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.

Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, Aug 4, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours.
Dec. 31, 1873. 2484

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 10 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Special attention given to diseases and derangements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 21 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 20, 1873. 2523y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M.L. C.P.S.L. C., M.C.P.S.O.

Late McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and [illegible] sts.
April 28, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—64 Sparks-st.
March 25, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C., M. O'GARA, H. LAPIERRE, E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 5, 1874. 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c., (Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinney.)
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
June 5, 1874. 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
[illegible] ARCHAMBAULT, Notary. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 16, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 11 St. James-St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2382-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE: Master in Chancery Chambers, COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE.
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.,)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510lf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514

DONALD S. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 1 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Sept. 2, 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
Office—S. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. [illegible]
GEO. DAWSON, 60 Sparks-st., Ottawa
2567-3m

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

POLYNESIAN	June	6
SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage........$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

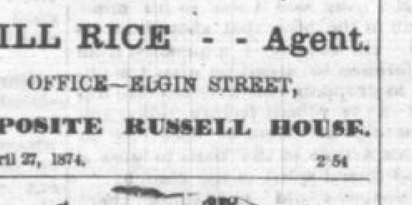
LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, DELTA.

The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from
LONDON
For Quebec and Montreal
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,
(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from
QUEBEC FOR LONDON
ABOUT 7th MAY.

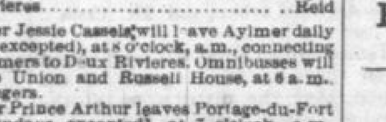
Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec; DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
April 14, 1874. 2543.



Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554



ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:30 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS..........P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, F. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

Tailoring Department.
RUSSELL & WATSON.
A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS
—COMPRISING—

TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.

WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of [illegible] and FRENCH SERGES.

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
RUSSELL & WATSON
May 2, 1874

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES
FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
, 1874. 2494

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo.....75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner.....90cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold.....$1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
139 SPARKS-ST

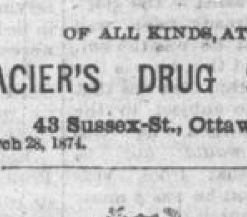
ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work! —
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application.
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2528

Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2365

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores
HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer
Trade Mark secured. Montreal. 2140-1y

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528



LEA & PERRINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send at once, Cleremont, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Ledoc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being West half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.

No 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 18, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once, for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

PLANTS!
Plants, Plants,
100,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.
ALSO:
A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—
Verbenias.
Petunias.
Asters.
Stocks.
Balsams.
Everlasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c., &c.
For sale at reasonable prices at
ANDREW HICKEY'S,
Bank Street Road, adjoining Rideau Canal.
2566-1m

NEW
GOODS
Suitable for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English
Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.
And English and French
PERFUMERY
From the best makers; also
DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.,
And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.
A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

NOTICE.
Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.
PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.
CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.
GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.
Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.
THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping Orders executed with care and despatch. 2345.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME
$60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH
Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.
$2 a year, with premium; $1.50 without.
J. ACKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.
May 7, 1874. 2561-1m

GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$100,000
In Valuable Gifts.
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!
One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!
Five Prizes $1,000 } EACH IN
Five Prizes $500 }
Ten Prizes $100 } Greenbacks.
Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $500 each! Two fine-toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS
Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

BOARD,
MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.
May 5, 1874.

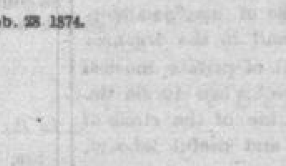
LOST.
A DELIVERY BOOK lost on Wellington St., yesterday, going towards Hull. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the TIMES office, or returning it to the owner, whose name appears in it.
Ottawa, May 28, 1874. 2580

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria Streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584.

BOOKS!
Books, Books!
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices,
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 7, 1874.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.
A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.
Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.
A. R. GILES,
Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.
Made and for sale at Eight Dollars.
June 8, 1874. 2585-y

NOTICE
All parties indebted
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 28 1874.



MILITIA SUPPLIES.
TENDERS
Will be received by the undersigned at his office, at Brockville, up to two p. m. on THURSDAY, the 11th inst., for the supply of such quantity of the undermentioned articles as may be required for 1,400 men, and 130 horses, more or less, for the period of about 12 days, during the encampment of the Active Militia at or near Ottawa, commencing on 22d June, 1874:
Bread, Fresh Meat, Potatoes, Groceries Hardwood for Fuel, Oats, Hay and Straw—in bundles of 15 lbs. each; and Water for cooking and drinking, and cartage of Stores to and from Camp.
Conditions of the Contracts, and forms of Tender can be obtained at the Printing Office of Mr. Woodburn, Elgin-st. Ottawa, (where samples of Groceries are to be left) or from the undersigned.
The contractor for Forage will be required to furnish suitable storage for at least three days' supply, which quantity should be always on hand.
The Fuel wood must contain 128 cubic feet to the cord.
The quarters of Beef must weigh not less than one hundred pounds, and the suet, kidneys, neck, shank and hock-joints to be excluded, and Salt Pork or Mutton to be supplied if required, for three days of the period. The contractor to furnish necessary Saws, Choppers, Blocks and Scales.
The D. A. G. does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
The bona fide signatures of two responsible persons willing to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract to accompany each tender.
W. H. JACKSON,
Lt.-Colonel, Dep. Adjt. Gen. Mil. District No. 4
Dep. Adjt. Gen.'s Office,
Brockville, June 5, 1874. 2586

Dawson Route.

OTTAWA, 2nd June, 1874.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In reference to the charges advanced by Mr. Cunningham, (Marquette), against the "Dawson Route," permit me through the medium of your columns to state certain facts which seem to me to be necessary to place the position and action of parties residing at a distance, against whom the attack was principally directed and who have had no opportunity of defending themselves, in a proper light before the public.

I allude to the Hon. James McKay, of Manitoba, and the officers of the Hon. Hudson's Bay Company at Fort Garry, under whose superintendence the work on the Lake of the Woods Road, (the accounts connected with which have been the object of Mr. Cunningham's attack,) was conducted in 1870-71.

Before the suppression of the Insurrection in the Red River settlement, in the summer of 1870, the Hon. Hudson's Bay Company had commenced work on the Lake of the Woods Road, in fulfilment of an arrangement entered into between them and the officers of the Imperial Government, then on their way to Fort Garry with a Military Expedition.

I accompanied that Expedition, as Engineer of the Department of Public Works, and, also, as agent, in a civil capacity, of the Militia Department.

On arriving at Fort Garry along with the Military Expedition above referred to, about the end of August, I found that, owing to the Insurrection and previous famine supplies of all kinds were exceedingly scarce and difficult to be obtained in the Red River settlement, and, on account of the arrival of a large Military force to be quartered there for the winter, such as were to be had rapidly rose in price.

Under these circumstances and considering the disorganised state of matters, generally, and that some time might elapse before perfect tranquility could be restored, I saw no means of forming an organization for the work on the road except through the agency of those who had formerly governed the country, and, although it was out of their usual line of business, the Hon. Donald A. Smith, Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company, and the resident factor, Mr. McTavish, seeing the urgency of the case, readily entered into arrangements to continue operations, increase the force, to as great an extent as the available supplies would permit, and push on the work as rapidly as possible.

By the 10th of September the Imperial troops had all left Fort Garry on their return to Lake Superior, and as I had the Civil force numbering, with Voyageurs and others attached to the Expedition, over seven hundred men, in my charge, I had likewise to set out soon afterwards, which I did on the 17th, of the same month after providing for the construction of barracks at Fort Garry, the Stone Fort and Pembina, for the accommodation of the two regiments of volunteers that were to remain over winter.

During the fall of 1870, and succeeding winter, operations on the road were pushed vigorously forward, by the Hudson's Bay Company with Mr. McKay, as Superintendant, in the field, and, by the middle of next summer, it was practicable to waggons throughout its entire extent. I would here take occasion to say that much credit is due to the officers and agents of the Hudson's Bay Company for the energy with which they carried out this important work.

In July 1871, I was again able to make a short visit to Fort Garry and, after inspecting the work that had been accomplished, looked over the accounts. These I found, in as far as I could then judge and as they afterwards proved, in fact, to be, intrinsically correct; but they were not in the form nor kept with the exactitude required by the Government and, in order to remedy these defects, I sent forward Mr. Buchanan, an officer of the Route, whom I soon afterwards met in the interior, to look into the accounts and organize a better system of keeping them.

I may here remark that it is the Hudson's Bay Company's accounts of this period which were attacked.

Mr. Cunningham (Marquette) in his place in the House of Commons, stated that he could prove fraud, and having failed to do this, before the sub-committee appointed to investigate his charges, he, in a speech at the close of the proceedings, is reported to have expressed himself as follows:—

"He was convinced that if proper witnesses had been examined a case would have been made out, to justify him in the making of his charges."

This expression, on Mr. Cunningham's part, is most unjust, for he had every opportunity afforded him of making out his case. He was placed on the sub-committee, so that he was to a certain extent in the position both of accuser and judge and the accounts were laid before the sub-committee.

The chairman, Mr. Young, carried on the investigation with the greatest patience and industry, and called meeting after meeting, till not a member but Mr. Cunningham, himself would attend, and, as to witnesses, they were of his (Mr. Cunningham's) own choosing.

Of the latter, the one on whom he relied to prove his case, Mr. Thos. Spence, had accompanied him all the way from Fort Garry. This witness had assisted Mr. Buchanan in arranging the Hudson's Bay Company's accounts, in 1871, and if anything were wrong with them, he, at least, should have known it, and it is to be presumed would not have been slow to divulge it, seeing that he had been discharged by Mr. McKay, and entertained, it is said, some resentment on that account. But, his evidence goes to show that the accounts were genuine, and proves nothing worse than that he, (Mr. Spence) had, on one occasion, committed an error in the manner of taking a receipt, the circumstances connected with which are stated in his and Mr. Buchanan's evidence.

Mr. Cunningham, in speaking of Mr. Spence (the friend who had accompanied him from Manitoba) before the Committee of Public Accounts, at the close of the proceedings, is reported to have said.

He (Mr. Cunningham) "had been instigated to call for this investigation, for the past two years, by a person immediately concerned in the manufacture of these accounts who insisted they were frauds, and he was himself, a party to these frauds."

In other words, if this were true, Mr. Cunningham brought forward and tried to prove criminal charges against such men as the Hon. James McKay, Mr. Lonsdale, and the officers of the Hudson's Bay Company, and that, too, at a time when they could not be heard in their own defence, *on the faith of a witness who he says confessed himself guilty of fraud.*

Mr. Spence, I understand, while denying these charges has expressed himself in terms equally strong, in regard to Mr. Cunningham's proceedings, and if these gentlemen were to be taken at their estimate of each other, the statements of either would not go for much.

It is, however, but reasonable to suppose that they were giving vent to their feelings rather than expressing their convictions, and that neither is quite so bad as the other would have made him out to be.

Leaving them to settle the matter between themselves, I can find only one point in the evidence, on which a charge against any one could be founded and it, certainly, would not be one of fraud.

It is that the Hon. James McKay, of Manitoba, when in charge, under the Hudson Bay Company, of the work on the Lake of the Woods Road, 1870-'71, furnished supplies therefor, from his own stores, to the amount of $1704. In regard to this matter, I have heretofore explained that the stores were furnished by Mr. McKay before and after the suppression of the insurrection, at a time when great difficulty was experienced in obtaining rations for the working parties. The matter came to my knowledge in the following season, and it appeared to me then, as it does still, that the circumstances at that time existing in the Red River Settlement, were such as to have fully exhonorated Mr. McKay from any suspicion of having supplied these stores for his own benefit. What he did, in this regard, was done openly, with the sanction of the Hudson's Bay Company, and he took some credit to himself for being able to supply, at a critical time, what could not, otherwise, have been obtained.

Mr. Cunningham stated before the Committee that "he made no charge against Mr. Dawson, personally." In reference to this, I can only say that I am quite prepared to meet any charge which Mr. Cunningham can bring either against me, personally, or the employees of the route whom I shall continue to defend until I shall have had reason to believe them guilty, only suggesting that, if he, (Mr. Cunningham) has charges to make, he will be pleased to define them, and not indulge in general abuse, as he has hitherto done, without being able to specify or substantinte any charge whatever.

It may be of interest to your readers to know something of Mr. McKay whose name has been so often mentioned in connection with Mr. Cunningham's attack.

He, Mr. McKay, is a man of mixed Scotch and Indian origin, and physically and mentally presents a fair specimen of the blending of the two races. In youth he was only a hunter of the plains, but he has raised himself by patient industry, to be one of the first men in Manitoba, for he is now a member of the Government, and President of the Executive Council of that Province. In habits—and here is a virtue which Mr. Cunningham will appreciate—he is strictly temperate, never indulging in anything stronger than cold water. Of his mental capacity, his success in life affords evidence; and, in reputation for moral worth, he stands high. I may add that he has long rendered valuable service to the country in the control of the Indian element.

I am, Sir,
Your Obd't. Servant.
S. J. DAWSON.

THE CZAR AT WOOLWICH.

A visit to the Arsenal—An afternoon Review—A dinner and reception at the Foreign Office in London.

The Emperor of all the Russias (for by that title our London correspondent is informed that His Majesty wishes to be called) visited the Arsenal at Woolwich on the 20th ult., and witnessed the manoeuvring of the batteries that made such havoc at Inkerman and elsewhere in the Crimea. In the evening His Majesty was given a banquet at the Foreign Office and attended a reception given in his honor by the Countess of Derby. The following particulars of the day's festivities are taken from the reports of the London *Times*.

The Emperor of Russia's visit to Woolwich was favored with fine weather, and the first really bright sun of the year shone upon the Common during the review of the afternoon. The morning was devoted to the Arsenal, where His Majesty arrived at eleven o'clock. The Emperor wore the spiked helmet and the green and gold uniform of a Russian general, and was accompanied by the Grand Duke Alexis, and attended by Count Schouvaloff, Admiral Popoff, Prince Dolgourouki, and many other members of the Russian suite. Lord Torrington, Lord Charles Fitzroy, and the suite deputed by the Queen were at their post, and as each of the other royal persons brought their usual following, the six or eight carriages of the train carried a full freight. The Prince of Wales wore, out of compliment to Woolwich, the dark blue and silver uniform of the Norfolk Artillery Militia, and the Duke of Cambridge appeared as Colonel of the Royal Regiment of Artillery. The Duke of Edinburgh wore the neat and jaunty uniform of the Yambourg Lancer Regiment, on the rolls of which His Royal Highness's name was inscribed a few days before his marriage. Prince Christian and Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar also came down by the special train. At Plumstead the train was backed on to the Government Arsenal Railway, and drew up in a few minutes at a platform built for the occasion opposite the gun factory. Here the Emperor and the princes were received by Sir David Wood, commandant at Woolwich, and by Sir John Adye, Director-General of Artillery. First came the usual presentations, after which the inspection began at the coiling mill. A pair of workshop doors were thrown open, and a red-hot wrought-iron bar of huge thickness was seen slowly winding itself round a solid shaft. In reality it was controlled and compelled by gigantic forces, but the great fiery serpent seemed to embrace the trunk of cold metal lovingly and of its own free will. It was 150 feet long, and was being curled into flat rings for the breech of a 38-ton gun. Next came "the pattern-room," in which His Majesty minutely examined exact duplicates of all the guns now used in the British service, from the 7 pounder mountain gun of 200 pounds in weight to the 9-inch gun of twelve and a half tons. Here, also, were sectional models of "the Woolwich Infant," and of the 80-ton gun now making. Passing to the south forge, furnace doors were opened, and a block of metal, clipped in a huge pair of tongs suspended from a crane, was brought out of the beautiful white glare and swung under the steam-hammer on the other side of the room as easily as though it weighed a hundred weight instead of twenty-three and a quarter tons. The next operation was the "shrinking on" of the breech coil of a 35-ton gun. This was conducted in the open air, and near the spot a number of heavy guns had been collected. These monsters were littered all about on the ground, and were of eighteen, twenty-five, and thirty five tons. One huge fellow, of beautiful proportions, weighed thirty-eight tons. In the harness stores the cortege threaded its way through immense quantities of sadlery and other equipments, passing thence to the manufactory of Palliser shot, and so on to the carriage department. Here the parts of a wheel were fitted together in a minute in a hydraulic press. Leaving the Arsenal in a number of court carriages, His Majesty and the princes, and their following, arrived at the artillery barracks shortly before one o'clock. The cadets of the Academy were drawn up in a neat and smart-looking double rank on the gravel space in front of the mess-room. The Prince Imperial was there carrying a carbine, and both the Emperor, who inspected the cadet company, and the Grand Duke Alexis shook hand with him as they passed along the line. There was some waiting before lunch, for the Princess of Wales had not yet arrived from town; but about a quarter past one the scarlet jackets of the outriders were seen among the trees beyond the repository, two carriages-and-four came in sight and presently drew up before the mess-room. In the first carriage were seated the Princess of Wales, the Duchess of Edinburgh and Princess Christian; and when another carriage had arrived with the Duke and Duchess of Teck, the Emperor, princes, princesses, and invited guests to the number of about eighty in all, went to lunch in the artillery mess-room. By three o'clock all was ready for the afternoon review. The Common had been cleared, and a large force of troops kept back the crowds which pressed everywhere. The batteries were drawn up in a long line facing the Academy,

six of horse and ten of field artillery—ninety-four guns in all. A fine array it looked, smart and gallant to the eye even at a distance by its exact arrangement and firm and motionless bearing. Shortly after three the heavy sound of Major Carey's 40-pounder battery giving the royal salute from its station at the top of the Common showed that the Emperor was arriving on the parade ground, and in a few minutes the staff and the princesses' carriages, and the escort of the Seventh Hussars, commanded by Prince Arthur, rounded the left of the line and passed on to begin the inspection on the right, in the same manner as at Aldershott. The gray horse in the front centre of the array was ridden by Sir David Wood, who, together with his staff, had taken his post at the head of the fine troops under his command. Riding round to the staff enclosure, His Majesty, the [illegible]es, the carriages, and the rest o[illegible] fell into same order as at Aldersho[illegible] the march past began by the batteries advancing at a walk. There was just wind enough to lift the royal standards, just sun enough to keep one warm, and the grassy plain and the fresh-foliaged trees which fringed it were pleasant to the eye. The mounted band played marching music, and the clanking wheels came rolling behind the stepping horses. Mr. Gathorne Hardy, in plain clothes and on foot, stood near one of the carriages, preferring to be present as an ordinary civilian rather than mounted as the colleague of the Commander-in-Chief. The cadet company were drawn up facing the enclosure, but the Prince Imperial was now on horseback in his cadet uniform, attended by General Fleury, and next to the Duke of Teck. As some gray-horsed guns pass, one is reminded that this very battery lost at Inkerman forty-nine just such horses. The sixteen batteries, having walked past the saluting point, were now brought on (with the exception of the 40-pounders) by divisions of two batteries at a trot, with a lively martial clatter that is music in a soldier's ear. The excellence of the driving was better seen now, for the line was still kept admirably. This over, the six light batteries under Colonel the Hon. E. T. Gage, C. B., and Lieut.-Colonel Denne, galloped past in fine style, a stirring sight. Meantime the field batteries had formed line a quarter of a mile off, ready to advance and come into action as soon as the horse artillery had passed. The bugle sounds, and on they come, sixty pieces of a row, stretching all across the Common. Another bugle call, and in an instant they halt and unlimber, the guns are wheeled round, the horses and limbers retire to the rear, and the quick gunners of one of those 16-pounders to the left have fired a shot in less time than it has taken to write down what was done. For a minute or two the long line flashed and smoked and thundered, and then the horses were trotted quickly forward, and front was changed to the left by divisions of three batteries, with splendid rapidity and precision, the guns of the left division opening a hot fire. The field batteries now retired, and the horse artillery advanced in line at a gallop, bearing straight down on the staff and crowds of spectators, who could not help a cheer. "Action front" was the word, and in a very few moments the slaughter must have been terrible had not the gunners been kind enough to be content with powder. The Horse Artillery having executed some further manœuvres with admirable rapidity, all the batteries formed line and came forward at a trot. The Emperor, the princes, and the staff advanced, the halt was called, swords drawn, and the royal salute given, the bands playing the Russian hymn and "God Save the Queen." The Emperor then rode forward towards Sir David Wood, with whom His Majesty shook hands. Immediately after this the cortege moved from the ground towards the Arsenal station, the crowds of people racing along the Common in the hope of catching one more glimpse of the Emperor of all the Russias. In the evening the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and the Countess of Derby gave a splendid banquet to the Emperor of Russia at the Foreign Office. The whole of the State apartments were thrown open on the occasion, the grand staircase being richly and profusely adorned by rare plants and beautiful flowers. At the top of the flight of steps leading from the quadrangle to the grand corridor, and at the bottom and on each side of the top of the grand staircase, were stationed the Queen's marshalmen in full uniform. Beside the grand staircase was the full band of the Grenadier Guards, which performed a varied selection of music during the evening under the direction of Mr. Dan Godfrey. The Earl and Countess of Derby received their guests in the drawing-room, communicating with the conference-room. In the southwest corner of the conference-room was stationed the full marine band from His Imperial Majesty's yacht, which, during the evening, after playing "God Save the Queen," performed a[illegible] with the Grenadier Guards' band, [illegible]ed below. The Prince and Princess of Wales arrived at ten minutes past eight and alighted at the entrance in the quadrangle. The Emperor, accompanied by the Grand Duke Alexis, the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, and attended by a numerous suite, arrived at ten minutes past eight o'clock. The Emperor, on alighting from the carriage, was received by the Foreign Secretary and the Countess of Derby, and the Emperor offering his arm to the Countess, and the Earl of Derby conducting the Duchess of Edinburgh, passed along the corridor, and by the grand staircase, to the saloon of reception, where the dinner guests had congregated, the Guards' band playing as they passed the Russian National Hymn. Covers were laid for sixty. The dinner party, in addition to the host and hostess, the Emperor of Russia, the Grand Duke Alexis, and the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh and the Duke of Cambridge, included Musurus Pasha, Turkish Ambassador; Count Brunow, Russian Ambassador; Count Beust, Autrian Ambassador; Count Munster, German Ambassador; the French Ambassador, and the Duchess de la Rochefoucault Bisaccia, Count Adlarburg, Count Schouvaloff, M. de Hamburger, Dr. Karel, General Rileiff, General Voyiekoff, Prince Dolgorouky, Admiral Stetzenkoff, Prince Meatchersky, the Duke and Duchess of Wellington, the Duke and Duchess of Bedford, the Duchess of Sutherland, the Marquis and Marchioness of Salisbury, the Marquis of Tavistock, the Earl and Countess of Carnarvon, the Earl and Countess Granville, the Earl and Countess Sydney, the Earl and Countess of Galloway, the Right Hon. B. Disraeli, the Right Hon. W. E. and Mrs. Gladstone and Lord and Lady Augustus Loftus. The banquetting table along its centre was decorated by a long line of racing cups and trophies won by the late Earl of Derby's famous stud, intermixed with epergnes laden with the choicest fruits and flowers. The company honored with invitations to the reception in levee dress, began to arrive shortly before ten o'clock.

Ottawa Ladies' College.

Last Sunday evening a large number of members of the Synod and General Assembly accepted an invitation to visit the Ottawa Ladies' College. Principal Jackson welcomed them with a short address, in which he explained the objects for which the institution had been founded, and invited them to listen to a brief musical programme, which had been arranged for their entertainment. He said music was by no means the only thing taught at the College, but it seemed to be the only appropriate thing they could offer to their guests when the sole object was pleasure. During the closing exercises, which are appointed for the 15th, 16th and 17th days, instant, all could witness the proficiency which had been made in the less ornamental parts of education.

After the musical programme had been filled in the usual style of excellence, Dr. Sweetland gave some account of the rise and progress of the College, and presented a very encouraging view of its present financial condition. Of course we could not expect many dividends until more of the stock had been taken, and the expenses of construction had been more nearly paid up, but it was more than paying its current expenses, and that was doing well.

Rev. Mr. Wardrope, Principal McVicars of Montreal, and others, followed with terms of warm congratulations on the golden opinions which the College was winning, not only in the city, but abroad.

SPRING

IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Are receiving daily shipments of all the delecacies of the season.
Crosse & Blackwell's English List for 1874 is complete in every shape.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED

STILTON CHEESE.

DAVIS' CELEBRATED

HAMS AND BACON

Are worthy of public attention.

OUR SIMCOE RYE

We can recommend as being a genuine article.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
86 Sparks-St.

May 14th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

For Sale—B. Laurin.
Horse Strayed.
To Let—A pleasant room.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 1873.

We regret to learn that Lieutenant Colonel Dennis has been ill for some days, and consequently unable to attend to the duties of his office.

Hon. C. F. Fraser, Provincial Treasurer, and Dr. Brouse, M. P., for South Greenville, arrived yesterday afternoon at the Russell House.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH COURTS.

In the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church yesterday, a large amount of routine business was done. Some difficulty has recently been pending with regard to the Kankakee mission, and the connection therewith of the Rev. Charles Chiniquy, and the matter having been referred to a committee for consideration, that committee yesterday reported in favor of consolidating it with the French Canadian mission. Mr. Chiniquy, who for some reason opposes the proposition, was heard in support of his view; but in the evening the report was adopted, and it was also resolved that the Kankakee mission fund should be merged with the other, Mr. Chiniquy to be employed under the committee on the French Canadian Mission. The Chatham Presbytery will in the meantime have the power to decide when it is proper to sever the connection between Mr. Chiniquy and his present charge, and they also received instructions to take legal advice as to the propriety of defending suits regarding the church property belonging to that mission. Several other reports of considerable importance were disposed of, and the Rev. Dr. Fraser, son of the respected Minister of Bondhead, who has recently been appointed a medical missionary to Formosa, was heard.

In the Synod of the Old Kirk, the consideration of the union question was resumed. Dr. Cook proposed an amendment to the motion of Mr. McLean, which so far met the wishes of all parties except those directly opposed to union, that they asked leave to withdraw their motions. Mr. Lang, however, in pursuance we suppose of the policy of obstruction, which he has apparently adopted purposely, as seconder of the proposal of Principal Snodgrass, refused to accede to its withdrawal, although at the last moment, just before the vote came to be taken, but after the trouble and expense of printing had been gone to, he came tardily to the conclusion that it would only be respectful and right to do so. As will be seen, the resolution of Dr. Cook was carried by a large and overwhelming majority, being 88 to 10. This resolution settles the whole matter, and it now merely remains for the necessary steps to be taken in legislation to consummate the union of the two churches. A formal dissent—a protest is not allowed by the Synod as a court—subscribed to by Mr. Lang, Mr. Burnet, Mr. McLean, and the other seven members of the Assembly who voted against Dr. Cook's resolution, was then lodged in the hands of the Synod Clerk; and the threat was held out by Mr. Burnet, on behalf of the dissenters, that no stone would be left unturned in order to preserve, for their special benefit, the Temporalities Fund. The Synod will in a body, proceed to Knox church at 11 o'clock this morning, and present the resolutions they have adopted, for the consideration and approval of that reverend body. This is a proper and dignified reply to a similar compliment by the Assembly.

THE LUMBER TRADE AND THE TREATY.

The lumber market has not yet offered very cheering prospects to those interested, of whom at least the people of the Ottawa valley are as deeply concerned as any in this country. The dullness of the export trade for a year past has been severely felt, not only by the manufacturers and exporters of the article, but by the people in other lines of business. A scarcity of money, and a consequent inability to meet payments has been a very generally felt difficulty confined, however, mainly to the lumbering districts. There is not as yet any sensible prospect of relief. It was hoped throughout the winter that the opening of navigation would bring improved circumstances, but that hope has not been realized. In the Eastern States there is no activity in building operations. There is said to be plenty money, but people are not investing in the way calculated to cause the flow of exchange in this direction. There is consequently neither a present nor a prospective demand in any way equal to the supply of lumber in the market. Some considerable sales have been made this season, but the effect has not been sufficiently great to restore the trade to anything like activity. The lumber traders and manufacturers are looking anxiously to the progress of the negotiations for reciprocity. Large numbers of them anticipating the consummation of the treaty are preparing to invest with the view of profiting by the change. This, to a certain extent, is a game of chance; it is like anticipating a change in the tariff, involving ultimate profits and losses in the same degree of doubt. However, there is no question that the lumber interest of the Eastern States is quite as earnestly in favor of Reciprocity as we are, but would be glad to encourage their hopes of Reciprocity; but cannot take the responsibility of doing so, while so uncertain a test as acceptance by the Legislative body at Washington has to be undergone by any treaty that may be agreed upon by the executive powers of the two countries. We believe there is a prevalent impression, and perhaps it is well founded, that a treaty has been agreed upon, in substance at least. But then it will have to undergo ratification, and that is where the possible danger lies. Then there is another point to be considered by those who may be disposed to speculate upon improved trade relations with the United States. The new tariff will disturb revenue to a considerable extent, in Canada at least. We have heard the loss of revenue to this country put down by good authorities, at between three and four millions, too large a sum to be suddenly withdrawn from the public treasury. It is therefore not improbable that a gradual application of the provisions of the treaty may be made, in the event of which the calculations of speculators might be seriously checkmated. With regard to equivalents, there is a strong feeling that the concession of reciprocity by the United States should not involve any extra concession by us. It will, perhaps, be time enough to raise objections of that sort when it becomes known that there is ground for them. We do not go so far in the direction of remonstrance on that score as some people who seem to be preparing in advance bottom upon which to proceed to the making of political capital against the Government and George Brown. It is our business not so much to fret about whether we shall get as much as we give, but rather to consider whether the treaty will be a profitable one to us, and to be assured that we have made the best bargain we could.

THE LATE MR. ALFRED TODD.

The announcement in our columns yesterday, of the decease of Mr. Alfred Todd, must have occasioned surprise and pain to most of our readers in this neighborhood, and will no doubt startle and grieve a great many persons throughout the Dominion of Canada, known for forty years past as a most energetic and efficient public servant. Mr. Todd's loss is a loss to the community at large. He first entered public life in the employ of the House of Assembly of Upper Canada; shortly after the Union of the Provinces, and in 1841, organized the Department of Private Bills of the Legislative Assembly of Canada, which office he gradually developed into primary importance, through his zeal, efficiency, and unwearied industry. No one who has sat in the Canadian Parliament, and who has had any experience in forwarding Private Bills through the Legislature, could be ignorant of the value of Mr. Todd's services. So highly appreciated were they, by business men with whom he was brought into official contact, that from time to time he received tempting offers to leave the public service, and undertake important posts in large commercial enterprises, which offered inducements of great prospective advantage. But this unwillingness to relinquish familiar fields of labour and old associations kept him where he was. The public was benefitted by this determination; but it may well be doubted whether Mr. Todd's private interests would not have been promoted by the change; for we grieve to learn that he has left his family (a widow and five children) very slenderly provided for. He had effected no insurance upon his life, and was, unhappily for himself, a stockholder in the Provincial Insurance Company, a gulf in which a large portion of his hardly earned savings was swallowed up. In 1862 he published a very useful manual upon Private Bill Practice, which has gone through several editions. He also found time, during the intervals of official labour, from 1841 to the present time, to compile General Indexes to the Journals and documents of the House of Assembly of Upper Canada, from 1825 to 1840; and of the Legislative Assembly Journals from 1841 to 1851, and from 1852 to the confederation of Canada in 1866. These large volumes are, in themselves, a lasting record of his industry and ability, and are of the highest possible utility to our public men. In his private relations, Mr. Alfred Todd was most exemplary—a warm-hearted and faithful friend, ever ready to extend a helping hand to others, and to assist, by advice or co-operation, all who sought his aid. His social qualities were highly appreciated by those who enjoyed the pleasure of his friendship. His skill in music, and in the organization and management of private musical associations; will cause his loss to be deplored by many outside of the circle of his more prominent and useful labours. Above all, he was a sincere and devoted Christian, and his death, though sudden and unexpected, was in perfect harmony with his life. He retained his faculties to the last, and departed to his rest without a murmur, and in sure and certain hope of a joyful ressurrection to eternal life.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE TIMES will not be held responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—You ask, in your leading article of this morning, a question which refers to two points in the remarks which I ventured to make in the Synod of the Church of Scotland on Friday, on the subject of union. That question is, "Is he prepared to deny that he said he would refuse to be bound by the decision of no Ecclesiastical Court as to the mode in which his congregation worshipped God, or is he prepared to say that he did not characterise majorities as the most vulgar test conceivable?" As the person alluded to, I have no hesitation in answering, "No," in the sense in which you have taken up my words as uttered. I was speaking of the modes of worship as now practised in my Church in the light of, on the one hand, the article on that subject in the basis of union, and, on the other hand, the probable tone and temper of the United Church in dealing with such matters. The basis says that modes of worship in use at the time of union, "shall be allowed." Both in my own Presbytery and in the Synod, I said in effect that this permission was gratuitous, that no Ecclesiastical court could so interfere with the way in which my congregation worshipped God, as to disallow that. Then, as to characterizing majorities, "as the most vulgar test conceivable" it was not in that connection that I spoke of any such test. I was speaking of the relative strength of the Church of Scotland now and the proposed United Church, and observed that, to me it was no argument that Presbyterians would be so much more numerous when root and branch were united, because I had been always trained as the clergyman of a National Church, to believe that mere numbers of members and adherents was a vulgar test of prosperity, and that, for my part, I would rather be a minister of a Church like our own, of 130 congregations with breadth and freedom to breathe, than belong to one of 600 or more congregations, whose policy and action are so very opposite. I did not, for a moment, allude to the majorities in the Synod or any other majorities anywhere else.

I hope these answers will be found sufficient and satisfactory.

Yours faithfully,
GAVIN LANG.

St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa,
8th June, 1874.

Sunday Service.

BAPTIST CHURCH, QUEEN STREET.

The Rev. Chas. A. Doudiet, of St. Matthew's Church Montreal, preached in this Church, on Sabbath morning on the text: "I am not ashamed of the Gospel of Christ," (Romans 1st chap., 16th verse.) After drawing the attention of the audience to the importance of attending to religion, as life is but short. He said it was strange to see young people hesitating about their duties to enrol themselves as followers of Christ, especially when like many he saw before him, they had from infancy been made acquainted with the nature of the gospel requirements—the fact was, they were ashamed of Christ. Is there anything then in the gospel, to make one ashamed of it? These are the sneers of worldly acquaintances—a professing Christian will be accused of presumption if not of hypocrisy, as it is taken for granted, that he thinks himself wiser than the majority of his companions. But majorities may be wrong. They were wrong when Noah preached righteousness, and when Elijah stood on Mount Carmel—and they are wrong in this instance, since Christians have received certain knowledge from the word of God, of a narrow way leading to life. Therefore, it is wise, and not presumptuous to act upon this knowledge. Some object that it is not the sneers of the ignorant they fear, but those of the learned. It is true that some learned men have rejected the Gospel—they objected to the supernatural events therein related. Yet a gigantic miracle was constantly overlooked by them—the creation of the universe. Worlds do not exist by chance, and why should not their author and governor have the power and right to suspend or reverse the laws he has himself made. It is true this did not happen in our time, but strong evidence exists that it happened 1,800 years ago, and that Christianity based upon supernatural events has conquered the ancient heathenism of Greece and Rome. Another objection was based on the inconsistent conduct of Christian Professors. But this is not the fault of the Gospel that teaches to "deny all ungodliness and worldly lusts." Every system of morals or philosophy has had followers whose infamous conduct cast discredit upon it. Because some fall from virtue, no one has a right to deny its existence. The meekness taught by the Gospel made many ashamed of it. Yet it takes often more moral courage to forgive a wrong, than to avenge it. If men invariably retaliated upon wrong-doers the world would become a hell, whilst a meek forgiving spirit, if universal, would bring back the golden age of humanity.

In the second place, the Speaker showed that there was much reason to glory in the Gospel of Christ.—If self-interest alone was considered many were its advantages. A christian is promised a mansion in heaven, a priesthood and a kingdom. God adopts him for his son, and even death cannot deprive him of his inheritance. It is objected that these spiritual advantages do not compensate for the material pleasures of this present world, and that there may be no other. If any one asserts this, on the ground that there is no future life, he should be reminded that he dishonours his living soul, cuts off the hopes and aspirations of mankind at one blow, and severs forever the ties that still bind us to dear ones who sleep in the dust of the earth a sleep that would know no waking. The Gospel proclaimed life and immortality, and unless something much better can be produced we should be satisfied with the Gospel.

We should glory in the love of the King of kings and in the forgiveness of sins—in the consolatoin of faith and the gift of the Holy Ghost.

In an eloquent and impassioned peroration the Speaker beseeched those who had not yet decided for Christ, to do so at once. He pointed out that the ridicule they feared was not that of the virtuous and good—but of the ungodly and of the atheist. Fools and blind, they cast away a pearl to cling to a dunghill, and leave the plenty of their Father's house to feed a stranger's swine. Let such beware lest they should overstep the limits of God's patience and their hearts get hardened. Better an early death with a hope in Christ than a long life forsaken of God! Let no one be deluded by the teaching sometimes given, that one can be a christian without enduring reproach, or without self denial. If every minister in the land preached of a *broad* way leading to life, let every one remember that Jesus spoke only of a *narrow* way, and that so far accommodating his doctrine to worldly usuages condemned by the word of God, He declared that "If anyone will come after me, let him deny himself, take up the cross and follow me," and also that "Whomsoever shall be ashamed of Him, and of His words, in this sinful and adulterous generation of Him also shall the Son of Man be ashamed, when he cometh in the glory of his Father with his holy angels."

Cricket.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Whilst watching the progress of the match "Civil Service v. the City," on the Rideau Hall ground, on Saturday last, I was struck with the idea that as the Governor General has so generously placed part of his pleasure grounds at the disposal of the Ottawa Cricket Club, it might be in the power of the Minister of Public Works to help the Committee of the Ottawa Cricket Club to keep the sward in order, which it sadly needs at present. I am told that it is a most difficult matter to get men to roll the grounds and cut the grass except very occasionally, and then at most exorbitant wages for piece work. Could not the Public Works Department to whom the estate belongs, order a couple of men to be at the disposal of the Committee on particular occasions, such as two or three days previous to a match? I think if the attention of the Hon Mr. Mackenzie were called to the matter, it might be done. It is a great matter for our young men to have such a beautiful ground for recreation of this sort, and I therefore think every facility should be afforded them in their endeavors to promote so healthy an exercise. An exercise that has made Englishmen what they are to a much greater extent than is generally known. Wellington, the great Duke, is reported to have said that the battle of Waterloo was won on the playing fields of Eton. One other point and I have done. If His Excellency should have no objection, would the Board of Works erect a neat ornamental wooden structure to serve as a pavilion for the use of the members? A neat wooden building painted white and blue, the colors of the Club, would be no detriment to the property, and would supply a want long felt. Trusting that my suggestions may have some result.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servt.,
EIDORR.

Ottawa, June 8, 1874.

The immense rush still continues. Crowds of people at Metcalf's every day. Goods going off rapidly. 2377

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE CANADA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

The Assembly met yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, and after the usual religious services the minutes of the previous sitting were sustained.

The morning sitting consisted chiefly of receiving and amending reports with reference to the missions to the French, out of which there was nothing of special interest arising, beyond the work which had been done in so far as restitution from the influence of the Romish Church was concerned.

AGED AND INFIRM MINISTERS.

A report from the Committee on the aged and infirm ministers was presented, and in reference to the case of Mr. Donaldson, the Rev. Mr. Baird said that the brother was suffering under some mental aberration, from which he imagined that there was some system of Freemasonry that prevented him from obtaining permanent employment. There was no doubt that Mr. Donaldson preached acceptably, but it was necessary to permit him to preach only for a Sabbath and make him return to his home on Monday, for it was during the week that the harm was done amongst the people. There was a desire to extend towards him every degree of charity and as he appeared to have been stricken with mental disease, it was only right that he should be placed for care upon the charges of the fund.

It was decided that that the case be left in the hands of the committee to be disposed of.

THE UNION QUESTION.

Rev. Principal Cavan said that he had the pleasure of announcing the presence of Dr. Snodgrass and Mr. Croil as the representatives of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland. He understood they had a communication to make, and he begged to introduce them.

Professor Snodgrass said he had a message to communicate from the Synod which he thought would be interesting to the Assembly. An order had been given to him, and his friend, Mr. Croil, had been sent to keep him in order, to say that the reverend court which he represented had that afternoon taken into careful consideration all matters brought before them on Saturday last on the occasion of the conference. After carefully considering the matters submitted, they were in a position to report to the Assembly, such a position as would meet with their favour. The desire of the Synod was, that they should consult the convenience of the Assembly to enter into conference with them. He recognised, as did the whole Synod, the courtesy of the Assembly, and would not merely return the compliment, but really desired to show great respect by coming into conference.

It was then decided that the Synod should be received in conference this day, (Tuesday), at 11 o'clock.

The report of the widows' fund was read and adopted, and also the report of the committee on the report of the Committee on Home Missions.

On this report a question was raised as to the salary of Mr. Jameson, a missionary of British Columbia, as to whether the Mission should allow him an extra salary of $200 a year in addition to the $1,000 a year now paid, as the amount paid by the congregation had been $463 instead of $600. The question was whether they would pay the arrears of $137 and guarantee $200 a year for two years.

A good deal of discussion arose on this point and the result was that the salary of $1,200 was granted for one year.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

At half-past seven o'clock the court resumed, the Moderator in the chair, and after the usual devotional services the minutes were read and sustained.

PERSONAL.

Rev. Mr. McTavish said he wished to make an explanation that was of a personal nature, and in reference to a statement alleged to have been made by him, as stated by Mr. McMurrich. That brother had said that he (Mr. McTavish) had stated that the union committees had always desired that the Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland should entirely arrange the Temporalities Fund, was not true. He had charged his memory as to having made such a statement and up to this time he had been unable to remember that such a statement had been made by him. He was persuaded that he must have been misunderstood, and he regretted that it should be so, for he was sure that Mr. McMurrich would not wilfully misrepresent him.

Rev. Mr. Ure expressed his satisfaction at the explanation, for Mr. McMurrich had spoken to him on the subject.

FOREIGN MISSION.

Report of the Committee on Foreign Mission was read, showing that converts to Christianity amongst the Indians had been subject to great persecution, and that several murders had been committed in the families of the converts. There were circumstances for both humiliation and thankfulness, and there had been a great deal of success notwithstanding the opposition that the mission work had met with.

It was moved that the report be sent to a committee for a finding thereon, and the motion was agreed to.

Dr. Fraser came upon the platform and said that he had come before the Assembly with a full sense of his responsibility in the work he had undertaken. He went on his mission work because there were millions of people who had never heard the glad tidings of the gospel, and because that would free them from the bondage in which they were. He went to the work because he felt he was fitted for it, and because he and his friends had scarcely found what he was fitted for until the church asked him to go, and then he felt that he was destined to assist in the glorious work that had already been well begun. He thought that he was the embodiment of an idea, and that he was the child of the Church, and that idea was that the world must become subject to the Lord. He hoped when he was out of sight he would not be out of mind, but that from year to year he would hear that he was a missionary of a missionary church.

Rev. Mr. McTavish rejoiced to find that they had one other missionary and especially in the fact that he was a medical missionary. It was a great thing to break ties of home, but yet this seeming disruption of ties and kindred, was not a breaking up of old associacions, for he would be remembered even more dearly and tenderly than if he only went away for a short distance and time.

Rev. J. Gray testified to the missionary qualifications of Dr. Frazer, who had already worked earnestly in the mission field at home. His wife was a willing partner in the work that he was entering upon.

The Rev. Professor Gregg also offered some congratulatory remarks on the acquisition of Dr. Frazer to the mission work.

The Rev. J. McCall of Hamilton, hoped that Dr Frazer would visit several congregations before he left for his foreign mission work. From similar visits paid by Dr. McKay before going to Formosa, he knew good results had arisen, and he hoped a similar following would result from Dr. Frazer's entering upon the mission work.

SABBATH SCHOOLS.

Rev. G. Thompson, (Sarnia) read the report of the Sabbath School Committee, in which it was shown that all matters connected with Sabbath School work had been discussed in conference during the past year, and many valuable papers on the various subjects had been produced. The returns showed that the religious training of the young occupies a much more prominent position at present than it formerly did, and the conviction is that the success of the Presbyterian Church will depend very much upon what is done for the young now. The international series of lessons have been generally adopted, and the teachers have the means of knowing how to put before their pupils the lessons set down, by the reading of publications in which these lessons were explained.

The resolution was adopted.

After some discussion on the subject of the Kankakee mission, which was left in the hands of the Chatham Presbytery, the Assembly adjourned until to-day.

KIRK SYNOD.

MORNING SEDERUNT.

OTTAWA, June 8th.

The Synod met at 10 o'clock and was duly constituted after devotional exercises.

The examining committee reported through their chairman that they recommended that Messrs. Stephen, Smith and Puller, who sought admission to the ministry from other Churches, be admitted without the customary year of probation.

THE UNION QUESTION.

Some discussion took place as to the proper order of business. The Moderator suggested that it would only be courteous to the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church to take into consideration their communication with regard to the modifications they proposed in the basis of union.

After some further consideration, Dr. Cook read the following resolutions, which he proposed to move at a later stage of the proceedings, but which he quote in the meantime for the information of the Synod; and in view of which he took for granted the amendments to the motion of Mr. McLean moved by Rev. Mr. Gordon and principal Snodgrass. The resolutions were in the following terms:—

First. As a preamble to the basis of union as follows: The Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, the Canada Presbyterian Church, the Church of the Maritime Provinces in connection with the Church of Scotland, and the Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces, holding the same doctrine and government and discipline, believing that it would be for the glory of God, and the advancement of the cause of Christ, that they should unite and thus form one Presbyterian Church in the Dominion, independent of all other churches in its jurisdiction, and under authority to Christ alone, the Head of his church and Head over all things to the church, agree to unite on the following basis, to be subscribed by the Moderators of the respective churches in their name and on their behalf.

Second. (1) That the Assembly approve of the first three Articles of the basis.

(2) That in consideration of the difficulties which many members of the Assembly feel with regard to the fourth Article of the Basis, the Assembly respectfully seek Conference with the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, in order to see whether the object sought to be obtained by this Article can be gained in some way which shall be satisfactory if possible to all the members of this Assembly.

Third. That inasmuch as some members of this Assembly are unwilling to express any opinion upon the mode in which the Temporalities' Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connexion with the Church of Scotland, shall be disposed of, or dealt with, desiring to leave the control and disposition of the said Fund entirely in the hands of said church, and therefore feel a difficulty in concurring in the expression of satisfaction with the disposition which has been proposed, contained in the eighth resolution appended to the basis, desire a Conference with said church in order to secure the withdrawal of the said eighth resolution.

Fourth. That the deliverance come to on the preamble to the basis renders it unnecessary that any judgment should be given by the Assembly on the seventh resolution.

He concluded by saying that he hoped there would not be much discussion on this subject, as the union might be said to have been consummated on Saturday and yesterday to all intents and purposes. [Loud applause.]

Rev. Mr. Mylne said this was a solemn moment in the history of the church, and he thought it would be becoming and right in the Synod to supplicate God for His blessing and guidance.

The Moderator then called upon Mr. Mylne to engage in prayer, which he did.

Rev. Dr. Cooke then moved in amendment to the other motion before the chair that the Synod consider itself fully justified by the returns to the remits to adhere to its former resolutions in favour of union and to take steps towards its consummation, and resolved that for this end a committee be appointed to consider all the matters in which legislation may be required, and to take all competent measures for obtaining such legislation, with power if need be to employ counsel in reference thereto; and since there is still a minority who have returned disapproval of the terms of union, the Synod authorize and enjoin the aforesaid committee to confer with the said minority and to endeavour to remove their objections; and further the Synod to meet the wishes of many of the brethren—ministers, elders, and members of this church, and to secure if possible unanimous consent to a union which promises so fair, be it resolved to alter the proposed disposal of the temporalities fund, and after all vested rights shall have lapsed, to contribute the same, a Home Mission Fund for aiding weak charges in the United Church.

In consequence of a question raised as to what constituted vested rights, a desultory discussion followed. Dr. Cook consented to accept the motion made by Mr. Lang at Kingston, in 1872, in explanation of the term, and proposed to incorporate it in his motion. Rev. Mr. Gordon and several others objected to this disposal of the fund, and Dr. Cooke finally agreed to allow his motion to stand in its original form, in the meantime reserving the right to make any alterations in detail which might afterwards appear necessary.

Principal Snodgrass and Rev. Mr. Gordon then asked leave from the court to withdraw their amendments. Mr. Gordon's motion was then withdrawn.

Rev. Mr. Lang refused as seconder of Principal Snodgrass' motion to consent to its withdrawal. He declared that his feelings in this matter were as yet entirely unchanged, and he asked that the resolutions be printed, and placed before the Synod, if possible, at the afternoon session.

Rev. Mr Macdonnell moved that the debate on the resolutions before the chair be adjourned, and the House go into Committee of the Whole to consider the proposition of the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

Before that motion was considered, a motion for the printing of the resolutions before the House, and the preamble to and changes in the basis of union of the Canada Presbyterian General Assembly were put and carried.

The Synod then went into Committee of the Whole in accordance with the motion of Mr. Macdonnell—Mr. Jenkins in the chair.

Rev Dr. Cooke moved that the Synod approve and willingly accepts the proposed preamble of the basis of union, both as being suitable and becoming in itself and as being entirely in accordance with the style and language of the Church of Scotland on all great and solemn occasions. (Applause)

Rev. Mr. Livingstone seconded the motion.

Rev. Mr. Burnet said he had always believed in the headship of Christ, and held that so had the Church of Scotland, although he agreed that upon some occasions she had exceeded her powers. He thought, however, that the preamble should be in the words of the Scripture, that Christ is head over all principalities and powers, the head over all things to the Church, and the head of every man.

The Chairman asked Mr Burnet to put his suggestion in writing if he intended to move it as an amendment.

Rev. Mr. Burnet said he would not thus be dragged into acceptance of the basis by making any motion in the matter.

Rev. Mr. Mackay, Eldon, agreed with Mr. Burnet, and said he was opposed to the basis.

Rev. Dr. Cooke protested against the question of the headship being set down as a matter of doctrine. They were about to form a new church, and he saw no reason why such a definition should be forced upon them, as it was an implication or insinuation against the Church of Scotland, that she had ever desired the headship. He did not believe that the Free Church ever thought the church of Scotland had any doubt upon that subject, although at one time an attempt was made to propagate the idea.

Rev. Mr. Lang said he thought the protest of the Free Church of 1844 should be formally withdrawn.

Rev. Mr Mann said matters had greatly changed since 1844, and so had the General Assembly.

Rev. Mr. McLean thought the very fact of the General Assembly having introduced into the preamble, the statement that the Church of Scotland, as well as themselves, were as one in the matter of Headship, as in all other matters of doctrine, was an implied avowal on their part that such was the case, and he entirely agreed with it therefore in all respects.

Rev Mr. Cochrane thought if there were more thought about the Headship, there would be much less said about

Principal Snodgrass said he had always thought a preamble necessary, and he would be recreant to his principles were he not to support this one.

Rev. Mr. MacKay, Eldon, moved that the 21st verse of the 1st chapter of Ephesians be inserted in the preamble.

The Moderator said he had never been favorable to taking any steps towards union the letter of the Rev Dr. Ormiston was laid before this Synod. He was now fully in favor of it, and he also gave his cordial support to the preamble, as acknowledging the Headship of Christ, in the very terms in which the Moderator of this Synod closed the proceedings. He further thought that they had been met in a brotherly and Christian spirit by the General Assembly, who, considering the difficulties which existed among themselves, had certainly done all that could be expected from them.

The committee then rose and reported progress.

The Synod adjourned at one o'clock, for recess.

AFTERNOON SEDERUNT.

The Synod resumed its Session at 3 P. M.

IN MEMORIAM.

The Rev. Mr. Mann presented the report of the Committee "In Memoriam," showing forth among other things the number of persons Clerical and Lay, that had died during the year, and paying a high tribute to their memories.

On motion of Dr. Snodgrass, seconded by Dr. Jenkins, the report was received and adopted.

VISITORS.

The Rev. J. C. Smith of Bowmanville, and Rev. John Carrick of Orangeville, were asked to take seats with and deliberate in the proceedings of the Synod.

THE UNION QUESTION.

Dr. Jenkins on behalf of the Committee of the Whole reported progress in the discussion, but that no satisfactory conclusion had been arrived at before recess.

Elder Croil of Montreal, moved the adoption of the Preamble to the Basis of Union as suggested by the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

The Rev. Mr. Livingstone seconded the motion.

After some discussion the motion was deemed out of order.

Dr. Snodgrass then moved with a view to dispose of the matter, that the Synod go into Committee of the Whole to again consider the question adjourned from before the recess.

The Rev. Mr. Maclennan seconded the motion.

The Synod accordingly went into Committee of the Whole with Dr. Jenkins in the Chair.

Elder Croil then moved that the Committee recommend the Synod to adopt the Preamble to the Basis of Union as suggested by the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

The Rev. Mr. Mann seconded the resolution.

A vote being taken it was carried almost unanimously.

The Committee then proceeded to discuss the 4th Article of the basis of union as amended by the Canada Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Cook moved, seconded by the Rev. Mr. Maclennan, that the 4th Article be dropped from the basis, but that it be retained in the resolutions accompanying the basis.

The Rev. Mr. Burnet would give a warning voice lest the liberties and interests of the Church be not surrendered by a too hasty action in this matter.

Rev. Mr. Lang said it was to his mind an Article in the basis that should not be dropped. He had asked a question from the Conference to ascertain what the object was in dropping this Article. He did not get a very satisfactory reply, and therefore did he deem it necessary to retain this Article in the basis to give a broad and liberal spirit to the church.

Dr. Snodgrass did not think there was anything in the 4th Article of the Basis referred to, that reflected upon the proceedings of 30 years ago. He would prefer that the article were retained, and was glad to find that the Assembly had not restricted them to any course of action, but would listen to such suggestions as they might make in the matter.

Rev. Mr. Campbell thought the resolution of Dr. Cook should be adopted, and a delegate should be sent to the General Assembly to arrange for a Conference to arrange such modifications of the basis as might be thought necessary.

Elder McLean expressed his disapproval of doing away with the fourth article of the basis.

A vote was then taken, and Dr. Cook's motion carried.

The Temporalities Fund was next taken up, when the committee agreed to the suggestion that the distribution of the Temporalities Fund should be undertaken by the Synod.

The seventh article of the basis was next discussed.

Elder McLean expressed the pleasure it afforded him to learn that the General Assembly had resolved to expunge the seventh article, relative to the Headship of Christ

The article was accordingly left out.

On the motion of Rev. Mr. Campbell, the Committee rose and reported.

The Synod having again been constituted, with the Moderator in the Chair, Dr Jenkins presented the report of the Committee as follows:—

1st. The adoption of the Preamble.

2nd. The 4th Article of the Basis of Union to be omitted, and to be placed as originally intended among the supplementary resolutions.

3rd. That the Committee acquiesce in the suggestion that the Temporalities be settled by the church to which they belong.

4th That they recommend the Synod to expunge from the Basis of Union the 7th Article relating to "The Headship of Christ."

The Rev. Mr. Maclennan moved the adoption of the report. It was seconded by Dr. Jenkins and unanimously adopted.

DEBATE ON THE UNION QUESTION.

Dr Jenkins then resumed the debate on the Union question, which he kept up till the time for recess arrived.

The Synod then rose to meet again at 7.30 p. m.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

The Synod was constituted at 7.30 p. m. by praise and prayer.

CONFERENCE.

Dr. Snodgrass reported having gone to the General Assembly and made an arrangement for a Conference at 11 o'clock in the morning for the final details, preparatory to the consummation of union.

REMIT ON UNION.

An amended motion moved by Dr. Cook was agreed to, to the effect that the Synod adheres to its former resolutions in favour of the union, and if necessary advises that legal advice be taken on any point that may arise, in regard to the temporalities or other vested rights of the church.

A long discussion ensued, some suggesting alterations to Dr. Cook's motion.

Elder McLean as mover of the original resolution at a previous sederunt, wound up the debate in an able and exhaustive speech, answering the speeches of those in favor of union in a very effective address. He resumed his seat amidst applause.

Dr. Snodgrass then withdrew his resolution moved at a previous sederunt.

The original resolution it will be remembered was moved by Elder McLean of Toronto.

The vote was then taken. The Rev. Mr. Gordon and Dr. Bell were named scrutineers by the Moderator.

Eighty votes were recorded for the amendment of Dr. Cook, and 10 votes for the motion. The question of union may therefore be said to have been consummated.

The Rev. Mr. Burnet laid on the table a written dissent of some length against the terms of union, as just adopted by the Synod.

The Rev. Mr. Lang, the Rev. D. Watson, Rev. P. Watson, Rev. J. S. Mullan, Rev. T. McPherson, also Elders McLean, McMurchy and McLeod recorded their dissent.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The Synod then took up the resolutions as submitted by Dr. Cook at the morning sederunt, and already approved by the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church. In response, the following resolutions for submission to the Conference, were approved as an amendment to the original basis of union:—

1. That the Synod entirely approves, and willingly accepts the said Preamble to the proposed Basis of Union, both as being suitable and becoming in itself, and as being entirely in accordance with the style and language of the Church of Scotland on all great and solemn occasions in its history.

2. That the Synod consents to the omission of the Fourth Article from the Basis, as containing only a matter of detail, in regard to which there is no reason to apprehend that there will be difference of opinion in the United Church. But as the said Article is expressive of Christian affection towards the whole Church of God, and a desire to hold fraternal intercourse with it, in its several branches as opportunity offers, they would be glad that it were placed as originally intended among the supplementary resolutions.

3. That the Synod, though having been willing to accept the Seventh Resolution, if necessary to a harmonious Union, has always deemed it unnecessary, and cordially agrees that it be withdrawn.

4. That these resolutions be communicated to the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church by the Synod, and resolve to record their great satisfaction with the spirit of the Conference on Sunday, and the clear and candid explanations then given of the views of the Assembly.

Dr. Cook then moved seconded by Dr. Jenkins:—

"That in consequence of the changes thus adopted, the basis as now amended, be sent down to Presbyteries, Kirk Sessions and Congregations, in terms of the Barrier Act, with instructions to report to an adjourned meeting of the Synod to be held at Kingston on Wednesday October 28th, 1874; further that the aforesaid Committee on legislation be instructed to lay before said meeting a draft of any measure or measures which they deem necessary to the proper consummation of the Union; and instruct all Boards in the service of the Church to co-operate with said Committee.—Carried.

The Synod then adjourned till ten o'clock to-day.

CITY AND VICINITY

PERSONAL.—Mr. C. B Robinson of the *Canada Presbyterian* is in town, attending the meetings of the Presbyterian bodies.

OBITUARY.—We sincerely regret to have to announce the death of Mr. John MacLaren of the firm of MacLaren & Co., of this city, which sad event took place at Toronto on Saturday last. The body arrived by train last evening and was taken to Wakefield for burial.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS.—It is said that all the leading merchants of Montreal are in favor of the By-law, about being passed by the City Corporation exacting a tax of $40 per annum from each commercial traveller. The By-law they think will have a good effect, notwithstanding that the smaller houses are opposed to it.

GOWAN'S NEW OPERA HOUSE.—Work has already been commenced on the site Albert street, by the contractor, Mr. Saul, who will push his portion through without delay. The contractors for the different works are:—Brick and stone work—Mr. Saul; and carpenters—Cain & Leggo. The decorations will be done by the Messrs. Gowan themselves, and the plaster work will be alloted immediately.

SUMMER HEAT.—This is the season for Bowel Complaints. Green apples and cucumbers produce them, and Perry Davis Pain-Killer cures them. To the troubled stomach it comes like a balm, and says "peace, be still," and the wind is assuaged and the trouble ceases. Every druggist in the land keeps the Pain-Killer, and no father should be without it in his family. 2590

POND'S EXTRACT, a medical remedy known twenty-five years, and steadily increasing in reputation.

THE effect of the greatest triumph in medicine can be only transitory, whilst man persists in the gratification of vicious and pernicious habits, and strength to subdue the passions is the best guarantee of mental vigor, and of becoming a strong and long-lived man. There are very explicit directions on this point accompanying Fellows Hypophosphites, for however quickly a patient may recover and approach towards robust health, he must abolish the habits and practices which induced the disease, and which may tend to hopeless recovery.

Police Court.

Before Mr. O'Gara, P. M.

MONDAY, June 8th.

John Conway, drunkenness, fined $2 and costs.

Eliza Boyle, charged with vagrancy, was sent down for two months.

J. B. Mackenzie, cow at large, $2 and costs.

Matilda Aubichon, keeping a house of ill-fame, sent down for one month.

W. Curran, driving without a license $1 and costs.

Onesime Jolicoeur, not displaying tariff, case adjourned until to-morrow.

Francis Grant, driving without a license, case adjourned till to-morrow.

James Brown, not displaying his tariff, fined $1 and costs.

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2600

FOR SALE—A Furnished Hotel, with rooms for forty boarders; also License, Bar, Liquors, Horse and Express. Apply to BENJAMIN LAURIN'S HOTEL, formerly Isidore Champagne, Murray-st., Ottawa.
June 9, 1874. 2598-3m

STRAYED—From the grounds of the Normal School, on the morning of the 6th inst. a BRIGHT BAY HORSE with a white star in his forehead; had a halter on. Any one returning the same to the Union House or the Normal School, will be suitably rewarded.
June 9, 1874. 2599-3t

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Sad Suicide—Severe Thunder Storm—Personal.

TORONTO, June 8.

A very sad suicide was committed yesterday afternoon. A Cabinet maker in Bayes' establishment named Augustus Kisener, about 40 years of age, a respectable man in good circumstances, with a wife but no family, at twenty minutes to six, put a revolver into his mouth, and discharging a barrel, blew out his brains and died instantly. No reason can be assigned for the rash act.

A thunder storm of great severity passed over the city yesterday afternoon, a little after two o'clock. The Avenue Hotel, on Queen street, was struck by lightning and two of the boards carried off the room. The fluid passed into an adjoining building, shattering the window in front, and passing harmlessly out of an open window in the rear. The telegraph pole in front of the hotel was injured.

Dr. Tupper, and Capt. Cameron, R. A. Commissioner of Boundaries, are in town, and staying at the Rossin House.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 8.

Stocks quiet—Sales at the afternoon Board—Montreal 184, closing at 183½ to 184½; Merchants' 122; National 110; Commercial 136½; Telegraph 187½; Toronto 203½, closing at 203¾ to 207.

KEMPTVILLE.

Fearful Storm and Whirlwind—Houses Unroofed.

KEMPTVILLE, June 8.—Yesterday about three o'clock p.m. a great deal of damage was done here by a whirlwind. A great many houses and buildings were unroofed and destroyed. In the village the dwelling house and nursery of Mr. W. W. Millan were badly injured, the dwelling house of A. Clothier, Mrs. Tompkins and others were destroyed, R. Kerr, hotel keeper, sheds and barns, Mr. McGregor's hotel and barns, A. Cummings large store, was completely destroyed. The building of Mr. Storey's, Thos. Adams, T. Hicks, and Messrs. Bower, Porter & Bower, were considerably injured. The whirlwind lasted only a few seconds. Trees and fences that were in the track of the gale were leveled to the ground. The station house of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway was completely destroyed, and Mr. Lang, station agent, was considerably hurt. There were several other accidents, but no lives were lost.

LONDON.

Corpus Christi—Drowned—Indignation Meeting—Confirmation Service—Thunder.

LONDON, June 7.

The feast of Corpus Christi was celebrated this afternoon at five o'clock.

A young man named James Boyd, aged about 24 years, was drowned at Hunt's dam last night about 9 o'clock while bathing with two companions; being unable to swim, and getting into nine feet of water, he sunk and was drowned before assistance could be given; the remains were recovered by detective Crawford and interred to-day.

The oil refiners are to hold a general indignation meeting to-morrow, to protest against the exorbitant rates re-imposed by the Great Western Railway Company on the carriage of crude oil from Petrolia to London. The present tariff places London refiners at a great disadvantage in competition with Petrolia.

A confirmation service was held in St. Peter's Roman Catholic Cathedral, this morning at early Mass; about one hundred and fifty children were confirmed by Bishop Walsh.

A heavy thunder and rain storm swept over this city this morning about six o'clock, and again this afternoon. Therm. 80°.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 6.

Mr. C. J. Brydges, Railway Commissioner and Mr. Lewis Carvell, General Superintendent of the Intercolonial Railway, arrived here this afternoon on railway business.

The desertions from the 78th Regiment in this garrison have been very frequent of late; another sergeant deserted last night.

Twelve of the Lunenburg fishing fleet arrived yesterday to fit out for North Bay and Labrador; two or three vessels have already sailed.

Schooner 'Janet' arrived at Liverpool, N. S., on the 2nd instant, from Bank Quero, with a full fare of codfish, and reports other Nova Scotia vessels on the Banks well filled.

Barque 'Atlantic,' another of the delayed spring fleet, arrived from London this afternoon at Wood's Harbor, Shelburne County.

People are daily taking lobsters by thousands.

The steamer 'Carvell' from Charlottetown, arrived this morning and sailed for Boston this afternoon.

Steamer 'Caspian' for England, arrived at St. Johns, Nfld., on Thursday at seven a. m., and proceeded on her voyage the same day.

The steamer 'Beta' has arrived.

GLOUCESTER, N. B. ELECTION.

MTAAPEDIA, June 8.

In Gloucester County the returns as far as heard from are Burns and Blanchard, Bathurst, Burns, 284; Blanchard, 146; Meahan, 155; Turgeon, 86; Grand Anse, Burns, 306; Blanchard, 180; Meahan, 34, Turgeon, 6; Clifton, Burns, 15; Blanchard, 6; Meahan, 77; Turgeon, 33; Mollisco, Burns, 89; Blanchard, 57; Meahan, 47; Turgeon, 146; Caragnet, Burney 265; Blanchard, 302; Meahan, 38; Turgeon, 18; Paramouche, Burns, as far as heard from, 834; Blanchard, 691.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

News from Paris.

LONDON, June 8.—The *Standard's* Paris correspondent says that the manifesto of the Left Centre, calling for a declaration of a republic or dissolution of the Assembly, has caused the greatest sensation since the overthrow of President Thiers.

It is generally thought its effect will be to hasten the day of dissolution and not improve the prospect of the establishment of a regular government.

The Conservatives are dismayed.

A Missing Nobleman.

LONDON, June 8.—The newspapers refer to the unexplained absence of an Earl whose name they withhold. He was last seen in the House of Lords Wednesday last. A despatch from Liverpool says the *Courier* of that city states that the missing person is Earl of Yarborough, and he disappeared once before for six weeks.

The police are searching for him.

A Catholic Synod Called.

A special states that the Pope has issued a mandate convoking the Synod of Dublin to consider the Catholic cause in Ireland.

SPAIN.

Signs of tranquility in Spain.

MADRID, June 8.—The *Gazette* publishes a circular addressed by the Minister of Foreign Affairs to Diplomatic representatives of Spain. It promises the re-establishment of peace in Spain and Cuba, and when the present exceptional condition of affairs is terminated the complete establishment of the representative institution will become the guarantee of moral order.

UNITED STATES.

A gigantic Law Suit.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The *Tribune* says Wall street is about to have another sensation in a litigation between John Steward, of Fifth Avenue, and Commodore Vanderbilt, growing out of stock and other monetary operations. Wherein the former claims the latter is indebted to him for a considerable sum.

The Great Storm.

SYRACUSE, June 8.—A large number of buildings were unroofed, chimneys blown down and trees uprooted by the storm yesterday. It is reported that several lives were lost. A party of six men were out in the sail boat 'Challenge,' and seeing the storm coming attempted to go ashore, but the wind struck them and their sails were torn into shreds. They were capsized when about a quarter of a mile from shore, but successfully landed after some effort. This same party say they saw a boat capsized containing an old man and two ladies. The ladies have not been heard from. A number of boats were picked up empty on the west shore of the lake, and the probability is that a number have been lost.

Heavy Fogs.

NEW YORK, June 8.—Heavy Fogs prevailed here and along Long Island coast the last few days. Last evening it kept large numbers of Sunday excursionists in the lower harbor all night and until late this a. m.

The Civil Rights Bill.

A *Times* despatch says scarcely any probability of passage of Civil Rights Bill by this Congress.

Collision of Ferry Boats.

The large ferry boat 'Pacific,' of South Ferry was run into near the Battery and was badly injured. It had to be hauled off. No fatalities or serious injuries occurred.

Congress Takes Preliminary Steps Towards Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—Mr. Cox presented memorial in the House from the New York Chamber of Commerce for the greater freedom of intercourse between the United States and Canada.

Mid-Night Desp tches.

UNITED STATES.

A Heavy Gale.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The gale of yesterday overturned a large number of small boats on the Onondaga Lake. As far as known, one boy was drowned and another missing. Great damage was done in Syracuse by the wind, many houses were unroofed and chimneys and other structures overturned. The reported disasters on the Oneida Lake are discredited as the storm did not reach there.

Relief to the Louisana Sufferers.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., June 8.—The Grand Lodge of Masons contributed $1,000 to the relief of the Louisana sufferers.

Rumoured Nomination.

A New York *Times* special says: It is reported that the President will nominate Thomas Cox of Georgetown, D. C., for First Assistant Secretary of the Treasury in place of Mr. Sawyer.

Editor in Chief.

Mr. Norvell the Financial Editor of the *Times* since its foundation, and who is an able political writer, is to be the Chief Editor of the new Republican paper in this city, to be started about September 1.

Stage Drivers' Strike.

Nearly all the stage drivers who took the place of the strikers last week, have been discharged and the strikers reinstated in their old places.

Thurlow Weed on the Financial Condition of the Country.

Thurlow Weed, in a letter to the *Tribune* says that if Congress adjourns, leaving the country in the wretched condition they found it, the places which know them will be hereafter unknown to most of them forever. He thinks the Presidential manifesto reflects upon Grant's wisdom and courage, but says he makes a mistake in recommending the issue of not less than ten dollars, as the experience of New York proved such a system wrong some years ago, when small bills were found a positive convenience and necessity.

Daring Robbery.

Robbers, yesterday, cleared out the residence of J. E. Redby, at Gravenside, carrying off some $2,000 worth of property and a team of horses.

Thunder Storms.

POUGHKEEPSIE, June 8—Heavy thunder storms passed over this place last night, and washed away the track of the Harlem Railroad at Millerton; also, the tracks of the Duchess and Columbia Railroads at Winchell's, and the Hudson Railroad at Cargemtown.

Laying of a Cable.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., June 8—The steamer 'Paraday' is laying off the Shoals; she has successfully laid all her cable and buoyed it off Jeffrey's Ledge. No tidings has been received of the other cable steamer 'Ambassador.'

Arrested.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., June 8—Five active members of the volunteer fire department of this place, have been arrested on suspicion of being incendiaries. They have confessed to burning nearly all the property, amounting to over a million dollars worth destroyed here since the great fire in 1871.

DIED.

At Toronto, on the evening of Saturday, the 6th inst., at the residence of his brother, the Rev. Professor MacLaren, Mr. John MacLaren, of Wakefield, aged 51 years.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied. We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Scott Street, Toronto,
Agents for Ontario.
Or DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal:
Agents for Province of Quebec.

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874. 2572

Death of a Distinguished Irishman.

(From the Irish Times.)

We regret to record the death of Col. Ouseley Higgins, who for several years represented the County Mayo in Parliament. Scarcely any man living was more widely known, more respected, or more loved. He had the rare and delightful art of winning affection from all who obtained his acquaintance. With the Queen, the Prince of Wales, and several members of the Royal Family, he was a special favorite. On all sporting subjects his judgement was accepted as law, and he was regarded as the highest authority for the adjustment of disputed questions on matters connected with the Turf. His sagacity or good fortune in selecting the winners in great races was absolutely marvellous. His winnings were consequently very great, but he invariably devoted the entire proceeds to works of charity. He was a most generous contributor to Roman Catholic benevolent institutions. Only a few days since we recorded the death of his devoted sister, who expired at his bedside while ministering to his wants. In manners, address, language and conduct, he was the true type of the Irish gentleman. He was the youngest son of the late Captain Fitzgerald Higgins, of Westport, County Mayo, and accompanied, as Private Secretary, to Jamaica, the Marquis of Sligo on his appointment to the Governorship of that dependency. For some years Col. Higgins acted as stipendiary magistrate in the island. He died, after a painful illness, at the comparatively early age of 58 years. In the words of one who knew him well, "he was the friend of every man who made his acquaintance." A few minutes before he breathed his last, the Prince of Wales and the Duchess of Montrose called to inquire whether there was any hope of his recovery. Col. Ouseley Higgins, we believe, was a cousin of Messrs. A. Moore and C. J. Higgins of the Civil Service.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS! — T. E. Moore, Burlington Hair-cutting Rooms, 72 Sparks street, begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his fancy goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now over-stocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all fancy goods at half price or 25 per cent less than cost price. The goods consist of ladies' gold and silver watches, solid 15 carat gold chains, an immense assortment of elegant sets in gold. Best plate signet rings, plain and brass ring, hair ornaments, perfumery, brushes, real hair goods, meerchaum pipes, hand mirrors, hair brushes. All goods at half their market price. Ladies or gents requiring such articles will do well to call early. T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks street. 2588

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

A splendid lot of Croquet at., the Bazaar 24 Sparks strret. 2575

TRUNKS, VALISES, BAGS, the cheapest place in the city at
T. SHORES & Co.,
Sparks Street near Bank-st

ANYTHING required in a garden or far can be had at Forfar's, cheap and good. 2588

Pain Killer
The Great
Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c

SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Price 25cts per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1864.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to
R. C. MACCUAIG,
Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2537

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS,

Attractive, Useful and very Popular!

CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS
For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.

River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Cantata of Esther, Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.

Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes. 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.

River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book, 75c.

River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.

Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass. Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

CHAS. H DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of S. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

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This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S
Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction
—IN—
Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874.

J. METCALFE

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

(From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them. Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that be has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday and Thursday, June 10th and 11th.

FOURTH ANNUAL TOUR OF THE

Boston Theatre Comique

This mammoth organization will appear each evening in side splitting and mirth provoking COMEDIES, DRAMAS, BURLESQUES, FARCES, SONGS, BANJO SOLOS, DANCES, &c

Scale of prices—
General admission, 50 and 25 cents.
Reserved Seats, 75 cents; to be had four days in advance at Gowan's store.

Thursday, entire change of Bill.

J. R. OGDEN,
Agent.

June 8, 1874. 2589

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers,

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, 4 Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Tallion & Chrysler, his Attorneys,

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May, A. D. 1874

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitalizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient.—Sold at $1.00.

FOUND—A Lady's BROOCH. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement, on application to this office.

May 28, 1874. 2557.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P. Q.
2828-6m.

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennatte & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874. 5181y

CLARET!

Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin, Margaux.
Do do Medoc.
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Wellington-st.

May 9, 1874 2581

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2,000 yards	10cts.	now	11½
2,600 "	20	"	14½
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	22½
2,085 "	35	"	28½
2,275 "	40	"	31
8,000 "	50	"	38½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90	now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,800 "	1 40	"	1 25
1 575 "	1 55	"	1 28½
550 "	1 75	"	1 40½
500 "	2 00	"	1 62½
400 "	3 00	"	2 50

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

Splendid Assortment	17cts.	now	14
	20	"	16
Plain Black and Coloured	25	"	19½
	30	"	23
	35	"	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,600 yards	18cts.	now	9½
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,035 "	15	"	12½
2,150 "	18	"	14
3,185 "	20	"	16

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

White and Grey Cottons.	Old Price.		Sale Price.
	10cts.	now	7½
	12	"	10½
	15	"	12½
	17	"	14½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

White and	15c.	now	13c.
Coloured	20	"	15½
	25	"	19
Cotton	30	"	23
	35	"	28½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batistes and Lawns.

85,000 yards.	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

White Trieills and Satins.	Old Price.		Sale Price.
	22cts	now	18½
Stripe	25	"	19
Muslins	30	"	25
4,000 yards	35	"	28½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	15½
Splendid	25	"	19½
Assortment	30	"	23
	35	"	28½
	45	"	35

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16½
475 "	25	"	19
350 "	30 and 35	"	23 & 28½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60	now	$3 75
	6 75	"	5 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Chellenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venetti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S
SIGN OF THE
RED HAT
33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

AUCTION SALE.

—OF A—

FAMILY CARRIAGE,
TOP BUGGY, and
ENGLISH DOG CART.

The subscriber has been favoured with the above consignment of Carriages from a Montreal house, to be sold without any reserve. The sale will take place at his rooms, 5 Rideau st eet, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 6th,

The lot consists of one Family Carriage, with pole and shafts; one Top Buggy; one English Dog Cart. Sale without reserve and FOR CASH. Sale to take place at 11 a. m.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer

The above sale has been postponed until TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 9th, to take place at the same hour and place.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

June 6, 1874. 2588-3in

PANAMA HATS
AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats
AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS
AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS
—AT—
DEVLIN'S.

March 25, 1874. 2505

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT,

76 SPARKS STREET 76.

T LAWRENCE

begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

FASHIONABLE SUIT

would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2535-3m

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874.

Slaughter! Slaughter.
SLAUGHTER

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.39, at 51 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st and Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. 2545-3m

W. E. BROWN.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds		82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do		$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg		2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.		
200 Men's Shooting Coats		3.50
150 " Sac Coats		2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.		

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 28, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 8, 1874.

NOW COMPILING,

A NEW AND IMPROVED

DIRECTORY OF OTTAWA,

With which will be included

New Edinburgh, Hull, Rochesterville and Aylmer.

The publisher, in announcing his intention to produce a new edition of a Directory of Ottawa, begs to state that no pains or expense will be spared to render the work as accurate as possible, and in order to insure this end every inhabitant will be personally called upon.

The Directory will consist of Street, Alphabetical and Classified Business Lists; together with full information respecting all ecclesiastical and magisterial functionaries, public institutions, railways, carries and conveyances, post offices, telegraphs, &c., to which will be added a list of churches and chapels, with the names of their presiding ministers and times of service. The Publisher has pleasure in stating that he has secured the services of Mr. J. S. Rowe, who has compiled several similar works in various parts of England and Scotland, and who, with efficient assistants, has already commenced the compilation.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

The Directory will not only be circulated extensively throughout the City and neighborhood, but also in Toronto, Montreal, Quebec and other important places, thereby rendering it a desirable medium of advertising.

Price to Subscribers, $2.00; to Non-subscribers, $2.50.

PRICES OF ADVERTISEMENTS.

Whole Page	$12	Third of Page	$4
Half Page	$6	Quarter of Page	$3

A. S. WOODBURN,
Publisher.

Directory Office—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

June 5, 1874. 2580

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—20 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
Ottawa Carpet House
39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S,

39 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.

March 23, 1874.

Tourists' Guide.

[illegible] Direct [illegible] Your [illegible] Tourists who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West, North and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 7.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.30 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.30 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

Leaves at 7 a.m.
Arrives at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 8 o'clock.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stages leave the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.....1121

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 5.

GRAIN.

	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 20 to 1 25
Fall Wheat	1 25 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub do	0 20 to 0 22
Pickled do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips, per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 80
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 40 to 0 50
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 00 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 12 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 00
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
Cod, do	0 7 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 5.—Receipts of hogs 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1.18½ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64½c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62½c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46½c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91½c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8½c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4½c, Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 5. Cotton, dull at 18¾ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged.

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17.05.

Lard, 15 1-6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c. for State and new

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now.' H. Cole, of Iona, writes, 'please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it.' J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—'Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction.' J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—'Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it.' Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—'The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay.' Lamoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—'Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well.'

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.

J. METCALFE.
2577

Ottawa, March 2 1874 26db

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine [illegible] cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In the cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Bones, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet accompanying each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain from any agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED—We will give men and women a Business That Will Pay from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having sure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 38 RIDEAU-St., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B.—A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 24, 1874. 3557-3m

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated "*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*" of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $200 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

DELIVERIES.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster (for this day only)	7.15	11.30	4.15
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	7.15		
Brockville, Morrisburg, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Sarnia, Port Huron, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, Michigan, British Columbia, and Vancouver's Island	7.15	11.30	4.15
Mail for Ottawa City	7.15	11.30	4.15
Mail for all places on the Ottawa River, North of Carleton Place Junction, by Steamers, Stages, and Boats	7.15	11.30	4.15
Mail for Gatineau Point, Aylmer, Wakefield, Farm Point, Portage du Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., by Steamers, Stages, and Boats	7.15	11.30	4.15
Mail for Richmond and Falkenbridge, by stage	7.15	11.30	4.15
Mail for Aylmer, Hull, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Greenville, &c., by stage	7.15	11.30	4.15
Mail for Aylmer, Hull, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Greenville, &c., by stage, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	7.15		
Mail for Aylmer, Hull, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Greenville, &c., by stage, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	
Mail for Aylmer, Hull, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Greenville, &c., by stage, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays			4.15
Mail for Aylmer, Hull, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Greenville, &c., by stage, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			4.15
Mail for Rockliffe, Orleans and Rockville Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			4.15

CLOSINGS.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster (for this day only)	7.15	11.30	4.15
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	7.15		
Brockville, Morrisburg, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Sarnia, Port Huron, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, Michigan, British Columbia, and Vancouver's Island	7.15	11.30	4.15
Mail for Ottawa City	7.45	12.45	5.45
Mail for all places on the Ottawa River, North of Carleton Place Junction, by Steamers, Stages, and Boats	7.45	12.45	5.45
Mail for Gatineau Point, Aylmer, Wakefield, Farm Point, Portage du Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., by Steamers, Stages, and Boats	7.45	12.45	5.45
Mail for Richmond and Falkenbridge, by stage	7.45	12.45	5.45
Mail for Aylmer, Hull, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Greenville, &c., by stage	7.45	12.45	5.45
Mail for Aylmer, Hull, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Greenville, &c., by stage, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays			5.30
Mail for Aylmer, Hull, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Greenville, &c., by stage, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		12.30	
Mail for Rockliffe, Orleans and Rockville Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			5.30

Matter posted up to 8.00 p.m. will be forwarded Eastand West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

For New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

For Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.15 p.m., in which only registered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office.

Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9.00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

S. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

NEW Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING,

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the trade referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & COX.
Ottawa, March 2 1874 26db

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The Dining, drawing rooms, and bed-rooms are lighted, heated and ventilated by Gas. Properly heated and ventilated Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Samples Rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 20th, 1874. 2267

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.
ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL, Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2513y

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures off sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter, from whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 9d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 27 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Drug gists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.

Aug 29 1872.

$955,000 IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association
OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
5 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	300
20 " "	5,000	500 " "	100
400 Gold Watches			$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines			60 to 150
75 Elegant Piano Melodeons			200 to 700
50 to 1000 Gold Watches, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,000,000			50 to 200

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 23. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. None of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, Prize $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $5, 50 for $3, 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
43 New-st.
April 22, 1874. 3550-3m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 28th, 1874. 2579-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Co-partnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Grant, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned

W. A. ARMSTRONG.

Ottawa, May 16th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 2bl 8-6m

"QUITE INDISPENSIBLE."—*Nation.*

Ready this Day:
THE CANADIAN
PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION
FOR 1874,

Edited by Henry J. Morgan, Barrister-at-Law,

Containing the usual biographical data respecting the members of both Houses of the Federal Parliament and of the several Local Assemblies, their political predilections, and pledges, &c.; Official Returns of the last General Election; sketches of the chief officers of the Civil Service; the addresses of the chiefs of political parties; the "platforms" of parties; list of political societies and organizations, &c.

TO BE HAD AT
E. A. PERRY'S,
Elgin-St.

May 14, 1874,

Easter Beef
AT
C. KENNEDY'S,
WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

pri 2, 1874.

Just Issued! TEMPERANCE CHOICE! A collection of a new Book, compiled expressly for the wants of Temperance Societies. Contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Banks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.

A New Glee Book For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor:
Peters' Eclectic.....Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor:
Kinkel's New Method.....Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice:
Lidden's School for the Voice.....Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor:
Worrall's Guitar.....Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices:
Sangerfest.....Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices:
Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book.....Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home:
The Cluster.....Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book:
Fairy Echoes.....Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion:
Sedgwick's Complete Method.....Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina:
Sedgwick's Complete Method.....Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by

J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work.

A New Music Book For Public Schools. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents, Price, $6 per dozen.

Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate-Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Sion, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Ear-rings, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure of materials and a sufficient coating of silver exist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. Nothing is really cheap at any price, but worth buy

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B-61 PILLS.

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 27 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Drug gists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Dru gists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion improved, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the

LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,
IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, now and when to plant, accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
88 A[illegible]-st., New York City.

DATURA TATULA,
FOR
Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to endure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"it had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes Pastiles, for Inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE
143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's
PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.
" Lymans Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto,

Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION Name other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H. I. H. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2515-12m

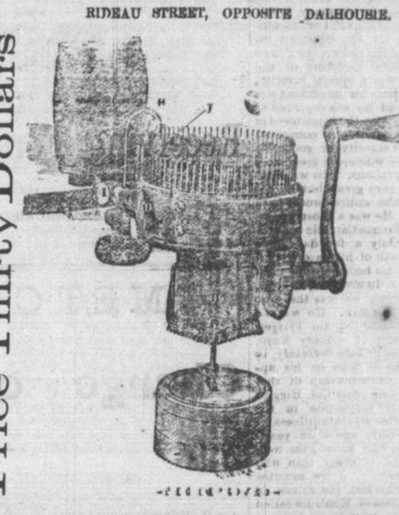
$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King street west Toronto Ontario.

REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,
RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 stitches in a Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Mufflers, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Mats, Cord, Underskirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggings, Suspenders, Waisters, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING ROOMS,

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA,

RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavor shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can now make up the tangled saving the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 SPARKS-ST.

May 1, 1874.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,
FAMILY GROCERS,
Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of *CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.*

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.

March 24, 1874.

S. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER
6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffins trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them already prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.
Feb 12 26db

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. R. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

This old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And accelleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
13 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

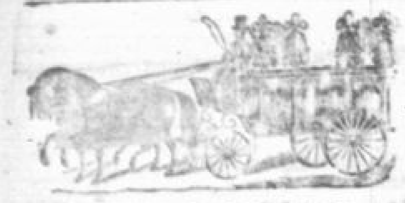
† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

| No. | Leave Ottawa. | Connecting with. | Ar

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2591 — OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1874 — PRICE 3 [illegible]



ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS, SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 2, 1873. 2478-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the Times office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, Sandy Hill, side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 21, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.
Special attention given to diseased and impediments of the teeth. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 28, 1873. 2323y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 29, 1874. 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st.
March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. Taillon. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the city of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 4, 87 2482

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
L. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2362-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
OTTAWA COURT HOUSE CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.,)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 8 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 17 1873. 2426-ly.

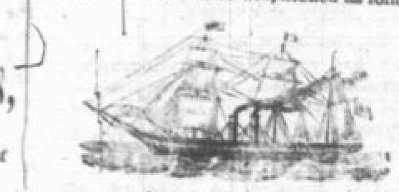
F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
Office:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
[illegible]

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines.
Call on or address
GEO. DAWSON,
66 Sparks-st., Ottawa
May 14, 1874. 2567-3m

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



POLYNESIAN	June	6
SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage........................$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874 1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, | DELTA.
The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from
LONDON
For Quebec and Montreal
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,
(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from
QUEBEC FOR LONDON
ABOUT 7th MAY.
Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and to the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
April 14, 1874. 2548.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "
WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2 54

ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

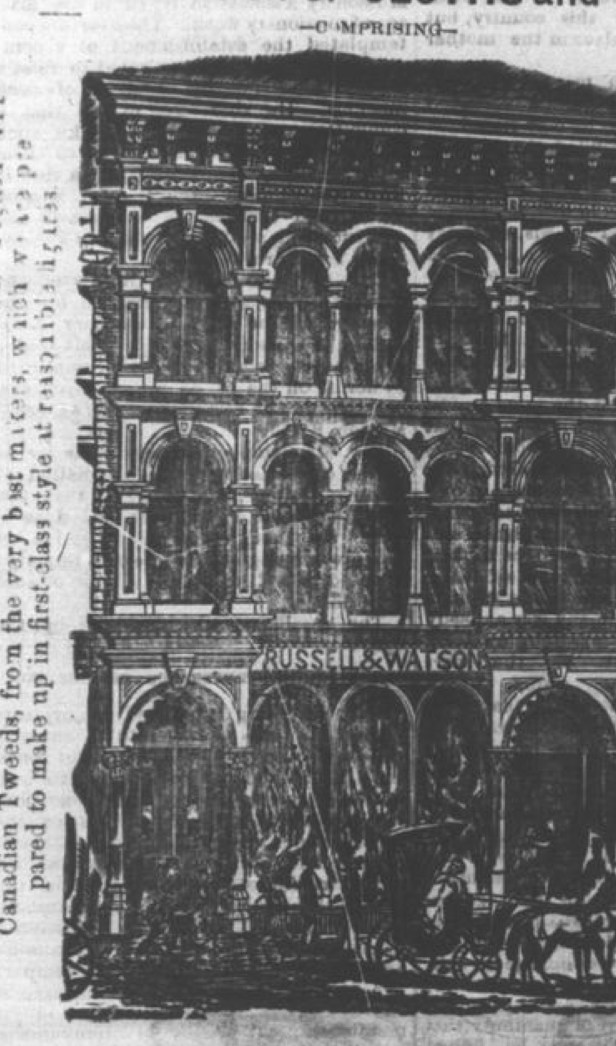
STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:30 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS.................P. McGowan
DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.
UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
51 and 53 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

Tailoring Department.
RUSSELL & WATSON.
A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS
—COMPRISING—
TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Balford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.



WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of [illegible] FRENCH SERGES.
We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
RUSSELL & WATSON
May 2, 1874

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
, 1874. 2484

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo..... 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner.......... 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold.............. $1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
139 SPARKS-ST

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

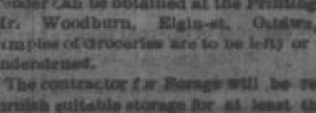
GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 35 Sussex Street.

Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [illegible]

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874.

LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Address at once, Hermount, Daniels & Co., 326 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $550 and only one year built, three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $100. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.

No 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 5 and 6, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

PLANTS!
Plants, Plants,
100,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.
ALSO:
A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—
Verbenias.
Petunias.
Asters.
Stocks.
Balsams.
Everlasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c., &c.
For sale at reasonable prices at
ANDREW HICKEY'S,
Bank Street Road,
adjoining Rideau Canal.
2566-1m

NEW
GOODS
Suitable for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English
Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.
And English and French
PERFUMERY
From the best makers; also
DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES,
SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES,
IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS,
TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.,
And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.
A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st
244

NOTICE.
Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.
PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's Pepsine, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.
CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., ½ oz., and 1 oz. bottles.
GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.
Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.
THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed [illegible]

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME
$60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coming money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
W. J. STANTON, [illegible], N.J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH
Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.
$1 a year, with premium; $1.50 without.
[illegible], P. O., Ottawa.
May 7, 1874. 2560-1m

L. D. SINE'S
ESTABLISHED 1854.
GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$100,000
In Valuable Gifts.
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!
One Prize, $5.000 in Silver!
Five Prizes $1,000 EACH
Five Prizes $500 EACH } Greenbacks.
Ten Prizes $100 EACH
Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1 100 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2561 d&w

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS
Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

BOARD.
MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.
May 5, 1874.

LOST.
A DELIVERY BOOK lost on Wellington St., yesterday, going towards Hull. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the TIMES office, or returning it to the owner, whose name appears in it.
Ottawa, May 28, 1874. 2580

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584

BOOKS!
Books, Books!
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices,
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 7, 1874.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.
A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.
Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.
A. R. GILES,
Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.
Made and for sale at Eight Dollars.
June 8, 1874. 2585-y

NOTICE
All parties indebted
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 23 1874.

MILITIA SUPPLIES.
TENDERS
Will be received by the undersigned at his office, at Brockville, up to two p. m., on THURSDAY, the 11th inst., for the supply of such quantity of the undermentioned articles as may be required for 1,400 men, and 120 horses, more or less, for the period of about 12 days, during the encampment of the Active Militia at or near Ottawa, commencing on 22d June, 1874:
Bread, Fresh Meat, Potatoes, Groceries Hardwood for Fuel, Oats, Hay and Straw—in bundles of 15 lbs. each and Water for cooking and drinking, and cartage of Stores to and from Camp.
Conditions of the Contracts, and forms of Tender can be obtained at the Printing Office of Mr. Woodburn, Elgin-st. Ottawa, (where samples of Groceries are to be left) or from the undersigned.
The contractor for Forage will be required to furnish suitable storage for at least three days' supply, which quantity should be always on hand.
The Fuel wood must contain 128 cubic feet to the cord.
The quarters of Beef must weigh not less than one hundred pounds, and the suet, kidneys, neck, shank and hock-joints to be excluded, and Salt Pork or Mutton to be supplied if required for three days of the period. The contractor to furnish necessary Saws, Choppers, Blocks and Scales.
The D. A. G. does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
The bona fide signatures of two responsible persons willing to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract to accompany each tender.
W. H. JACKSON,
Lt.-Colonel, Dep. Adjt. Gen. Mil. District No. 4
Dep. Adjt. Gen.'s Office,
Brockville, June [illegible], 1874.

The Jerusalem of Spiritual Faith.

(From the London Mail.)

London is the Jerusalem of spiritual faith and the Mecca of free thought. It is the most frequented place of pilgrimage in the whole world. May is the season, and in it are celebrated a dozen high religious festivities every day. There are Courts for the Gentiles, for Proselytes, for Pharisees, for the stray Publican, should he feel a sudden remorse, for everybody who may wish to foster a religious impulse with the aids of society, time, and place. If we want to see how human beings, certainly not without considerable points of resemblance as well as agreement with one another, can be utterly opposed in opinions, and yet enjoy an equally absolute confidence in their soundness and truth, we have only to go the round of Exeter Hall, Willi's Rooms, and some of the larger churches and chapels. Perhaps, after all, these are only the parts of a great whole, and an Electic Philosopher might be able to cull from all the contributions necessary to make a perfect system. Certainly all these Societies, all these Denominations, all these causes have a good deal to say for themselves. Each one supplies a gap, and would be missed if it disappeared from the firmament. Indeed, if any one will but take the smallest work in hand, or allow his sympathies to be engaged by any case of suffering, he will at once find himself very helpless, or at least terribly at a loss, and destitute of means, ways, aids, and appliances. Without Societies, what can a man do for a poor thing found to be blind, or deaf, or dumb, or all three—for there are such cases—or hopelessly crippled, or as hopelessly mad? Without Societies, how can he manage a school, or try to do some good in a crowded and neglected neighbourhood? Again, if any one whose fate has cast him in the neighbourhood of a great roadstead of Merchant Shipping wished to redeem sailors from the way of life they seem naturally to prefer, would he not soon find he must have assistance—perhaps even do the work by deputy? In that case he would have to lay his wants before the Society for Missions to Seamen. It would supply him advice, books, and a missionary, who, we presume, would be or have been himself a sailor, and with a key to a sailor's heart. Thus all the work of this world, even if it be of that gratuitous sort called spiritual or philanthropic, divides itself into departments, open to social, or rather associated, treatment; and Societies, with all their evils, are yet indispensable to usefulness—that is, to doing anything at all.

The greater part of these societies are more or less controversial and antagonistic. If they do not expressly aim at the entire conquest of the human mind, and consequently at the destruction of each other, it is because their experience of human nature and the world as it is, tells them there always will be diversities, and that in the human race as in soils and climates, there always will be the materials and conditions for various spiritual husbandries. As will have been seen in our reports of May Meetings, there assembled in London last week the representatives of 2,000 Congregational Churches in England and Wales. There were also the two annual meetings of the Methodists in the two London districts, showing 28 589 Church members, implying adherents that is, families or persons in a certain degree of connection—to five or six times that number. These two Denominations are as utterly incompatible in theory and principle, one with another, as they are severally with Papists, with Quakers, or with Unitarians. A Congregationalist, if consistent, must regard the Methodist Conference as no better than an Œcumenical Council; and a Methodist must regard Congregationalism as no body at all, or a mere sham—at any rate, without security for its faith. Each of these two bodies must stand upon selected texts, passing so lightly over certain other texts as never to miss them if they could be skilfully amputated. There is such a thing as colour-blindness, and certain it is that in subjects of a moral character the same objects, the same groups, the same surface exhibit themselves very differently to other people, according to the peculiarity of their mental optics. One man reads the Pope in the Bible; another a Bishop; another the Preacher; another his own soul; another, as he believes, Heaven; another as he is equally persuaded, man, and man alone. Unquestionably people frame their religious system according to their natural likings, with some fashioning from circumstances. If they are naturally good and true, they are honest and certain in their faith, whatever it is; and it is best they should be. Most happily for the country, and especially for this Metropolis, notwithstanding the infinite variety of opinions and their extreme divergence, there are among the professors of them men who never doubt, who never flinch from a free and full utterance, and who stake all they have in this world or can hope for in another on the truth of what they say. They must be right; they are right; they alone, and no other. Of course, they who are so thoroughly convinced can make no covenant with error or permit any one placed by Providence under their care to remain in deadly contact with it. Every real believer, it is often said—and truly said—is also a persecutor. How can he be otherwise if he really loves those he has the charge of, or those over whom his position gives him influence, whether he wish it or not? The result is a universal rivalry, not so much of opinion or of polemical ambition as of real sincerity and earnestness. It is, indeed, a great comfort to know that we have so many thoroughly convinced, earnest, and devoted men all about us, and for the sake of that most honourable and beneficial rivalry we must bear as we can the incidental fact that their sincerity consists in holding unreservedly, and maintaining at all cost and risk, an immense variety of utterly incompatible doctrines. And, fortunately, the common peace is not much disturbed.

Nor is it to be admitted for a moment that we have, as some say, only exchanged one Popery for a hundred, and are as far as ever from complete freedom of conscience. This is a practical question. A man is more free to-day to think and say and do what he believes to be true than he was even so recently as a generation ago. He can do so at less cost of political disqualification, social inconvenience, and religious persecution, in every sense of that word. It is not so very long since it was almost taken for granted that an ordinary English gentleman or lady, still more one of rank and title, must, of course, be a member of the Church of England. He might have opinions within that range; he might be High Church, or Low Church, or very little of anything; but to be out of the Church and hostile to it was hardly allowed by the rules of English society. What is the case now? There is not a Denomination we are aware of, from that which claims Pius IX. for its Infallible Head to those which admit no earthly rule except the sense of the local congregation or the teaching of the spirit within, which does not number in its communion lords, ladies, gentlefolk, millionaires, M.P.s, magistrates, public men, and names high in literature and even in science. The social disparity between the holders of divers opinions diminishes daily, and promises soon to disappear. The past survives in the mental impression and in the irresistible power of habit rather than in any fact. Men speak as if they were persecuted when their persecutors have been long in the grave, if they have not, indeed, themselves taken their place. They speak, as we read of one speaking the other day at Westminster Chapel, as if they were treated as dogs when they are forced to admit that the lion of persecution is dead and gone. They still imagine the Constitution jealously guarded by Test Acts, Universities intrenched in subscriptions, schools tabooed to free thought, Society in a phalanx to resist all who dare to think for themselves,

and the Established Clergy as a police warning spiritual vagrants off the parish bounds. They still [illegible] an incubus, as they [illegible] indigestion, and still fancy every windmill the Giant in the romance of Christian life. All this is inevitable. Effects long survive their causes, and, as all this is too well founded in fact, it will be long remembered. But it is time to be thinking and frankly admitting that it does belong to the past, that we have now turned a leaf, and begun a new chapter in the history of our Common Faith.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

The Council of the County of Carleton met at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and after the usual preliminaries.

INAUGURAL.

The Warden, Ira Morgan, Esq., delivered his opening address. He had much pleasure in meeting them again, and congratulated them on the auspicious circumstances under which they assembled, the favorable appearance of the season and the promise of an abundant harvest. Nothing particular had transpired in municipal matters since their last meeting.

THE GAOL.

The management of the gaol was all that could be desired. About 70 toise of stone had been broken by gaol labor since January, a large quantity of which was quarried out of the gaol yard. The city had purchased the stone at $8 per toise. The return from the female prisoners had been very good, having knit 312 pairs of socks, and 216 pairs of mitts, the most of which had been sold to Mr. Langmuir, Prison Inspector of the Central Prison, at $4,50 per dozen, not as much as they were worth. The gaol had been whitewashed and generally renovated throughout, by the prison labor.

The number of prisoners at present are:—

Male	10
Female	1
Average last month	10

Mr. Borthwick who so attentively performed the duty of turnkey with Mr. Graham had resigned.

WOOD CONTRACT.

Mr. Marlin had fulfilled his contract and supplied the number of 61 cords of dry wood, and 136 of green—all excellent wood. He had faithfully and satisfactorily fulfilled the terms of the contract.

CENTRAL PRISON.

One prisoner named Pomville, the only one sentenced for a term of six months, had been removed to Toronto. He had written to the Provincial Secretary enclosing a copy of the resolution passed at the January meeting of the Council, as well as a copy of the presentment of the Grand Jury at the last Assizes, protesting against the removal of prisoners sentenced to hard labor to the Central Prison. The following answer had been received.—

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Toronto, 3rd June, 1874.

SIR,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 27th May last, respecting the removal of prisoners at hard labor, from Ottawa gaol to the Central Prison, Toronto, and to inform you that the subject will be submitted to His Excellency the Lt.-Governor.

I have the honor, &c.,
I. R. ECKART,
Assist. Sec., P.R.N.B.

IRA MORGAN, Esq.,
Warden of Carleton, Osgoode.

COUNTY SCHOOL INSPECTOR.

The Warden referred in the most complimentary terms to the Rev. Mr. May, whose valuable services in his opinions could not be overestimated. He was doing everything in his power to forward the interests of Education, and deserved great credit for having invited Dr. Sangster to lecture in Ottawa, thus affording opportunities for improvement to teachers. The Council had granted him the small sum of $25, to purchase prizes to be competed for at a public examination at Bell's Corners in August next, and he hoped his efforts would be rewarded by a large attendance of pupils.

MACADAMIZED ROADS—THE SURPLUS.

He was glad to be able to state that it was the intention of the different municipalities of the county to put the surplus payable by the Ontario Government, into permanent improvements, such as building and extending macadamised roads through the county, a matter, they all knew, of the utmost importance to both county and city. He complained of the nature of the statutes, which gives such unjust privileges to joint-stock road companies. He read a somewhat interesting paper explanatory of the law governing these companies, which we cannot publish for want of space.

SINKING FUND.

The money required for the sinking fund to the amount of $13 000 had been deposited in the Quebec Bank, as required by the laws governing the issuing of debentures.

VOTERS' LISTS.

He referred to the change in the act respecting the revision of voters lists for General elections. A new mode of revision had been adopted, which will now be performed by the County Judge. The change will entail an additional expense upon the municipalities. After the lists have been revised, the Clerk will be required to have the same printed and put up in conspicuous places, and also to forward copies to members of the County Council, to teachers of school sections and other such persons.

BUSINESS OF SESSION.

The most important business of the session would be the equalization of the assessment rolls of the county. He hoped a fair basis might be attained, one that would be just and satisfactory to every ratepayer in the County.

AN OTTAWA STUDENT.—The Kingston News thus speaks of an Ottawa man who has for the last few years been a teacher in the Collegiate Institute of that city: "We learn that Mr. McTavish, at present assistant teacher in the Grammar school, intends giving the law the benefit of his talents, and that his place will probably be supplied by Mr. Donald, at present teaching in Renfrew Grammar School. Mr. McTavish has always proved himself an efficient teacher, and whoever may succeed him, the highest we can hope is, that he will be as successful as his predecessor."

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—T. E. Moore, Burlington Hair-cutting Rooms, 72 Sparks street, begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his fancy goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now over-stocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all fancy goods at half price or 25 per cent less than cost price. The goods consist of ladies' gold and silver watches, solid 15 carat gold chains, an immense assortment of elegant sets in gold, best plate signet rings, plain and brass ring, hair ornaments, perfumery, brushes, [illegible] hair goods [illegible], hair brushes. All goods at half their market price. Ladies or gents requiring such articles will do well to call early. T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks street. 2588

POND'S EXTRACT, a medical remedy known twenty-five years, and steadily increasing in reputation.

POOR COPY

CLARET!

Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin, Margaux.
Do do Medoc.
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Wellington-st.

May 19, 1874 2581

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2523-3m

PANAMA HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats

AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS

—AT—

DEVLIN'S.

March 25, 1874 2003-

STICKNEY & SONS'

WORLD'S CIRCUS!

S. P. STICKNEY & SONS, . . Proprietors.

WILL EXHIBIT IN

OTTAWA

—ON LOT—

ON THEODORE STREET, IN REAR OF ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE.

—ON—

Wednesday AND Thursday

June 10th and 11th.

Two Grand Performances Daily.

Afternoon at 2 o'clock. Evening at 8.

Doors open one hour previous.

Mr. STICKNEY most respectfully calls the attention of the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity to the fact that this Circus is organized, equipped and furnished in Montreal, for the express purpose of travelling in the Canadas, and every attention has been given to procuring the very best Artistes in the Profession, and with the intention of making

STICKNEYS' WORLD CIRCUS

Second to none. Every effort will be made to please and amuse. While making no show of waggons and used-up-horses, our performances will be the very best in the country, rendered by the ladies and gentlemen, the best in the profession.

An Array of Talent Wholly Unequalled in the Country!

Every Act New! Every Act Good!

Go early and see the grand entree.

The best Clown, the best Riders, the handsomest Ladies, in fact the best Circus ever in Canada.

PROFF. E. PERRY, . . Leader of Band.

General Admission 25c. Reserved Carpeted Seats 50c.

June 10 1874. 2591-2

CLAIRVOYANT.

Mrs. E. D. HAZELTINE, Clairvoyant Physician, can be seen at the residence of Mr. HORACE MERRILL, CHAUDIERE, ON MONDAY NEXT, the 15th inst., and two weeks following (Saturdays excepted), where she will endeavour to prescribe for all who may favour her with a call.

Terms of examination and prescription, $2.

June 10, 1874. 2591-4

WANTED—A situation in or near Ottawa, by a steady man, who is handy with most any tools. Wages not so much an object as a steady job. Address, ALF. SCOTT, P.O., Montreal.

June 10, 1874. 2591

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.

June 9, 1874. 2590

FOR SALE—A Furnished Hotel, with rooms for forty boarders; also License, Bar, Liquors, Horse and Express. Apply to BENJAMIN LAURIN'S HOTEL, formerly Isidore Champagne, Murray-st., Ottawa.

June 9, 1874. 2580-3in

STRAYED—From the grounds of the Normal School, on the morning of the 6th inst. a BRIGHT BAY HORSE with a white star in his forehead; had a halter on. Any one returning the same to the Union House or the Normal School, will be suitably rewarded.

June 9, 1874. 2590-3in

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A. D. 1874

SPRING

IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Are receiving daily shipments of all the delicacies of the season. Crosse & Blackwell's English List for 1874 is complete in every shape.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED

STILTON CHEESE.

DAVIS' CELEBRATED

HAMS AND BACON

Are worthy of public attention.

OUR SIMCOE RYE

We can recommend as being a genuine article.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
86 Sparks-St.

May 14th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Government House, Ottawa—W. A. Himsworth
Stickney & Sons' World's Circus.
Clairvoyant—Mrs. E. D. Hazeltine.
Situation Wanted—Alf. Scott.
Government House, Ottawa—W. A. Himsworth.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1874.

The Hon. Mr. Huntington arrived in town from Montreal, yesterday evening.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie, Premier, returned from Kingston last night.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH COURTS.

In the Synod of the Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland, what may be called the final steps towards the consummation of amalgamation with the other Presbyterian Churches in the Dominion were taken—that is to say, so far as the present meeting of the court is concerned. The amended basis of union was formally adopted, and the Synod proceeded in a body, headed by the Moderator and Clerk, to present the result of their deliberations to the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church. We do not wish it to be supposed that we have any desire to persecute the Rev. Gavin Lang or his coadjutors in opposition to union, but we cannot refrain from saying that it was rather remarkable that neither he nor the Rev. Mr. Burnet put in an appearance at this Conference. Mr. Lang and his friends have in this whole matter pretended to be guided by an earnest desire to promote brotherly love and kindly sentiments among all Christians; they have gravely joined in approaching the Divine Throne and asking for such wisdom and light as would prevent a disruption at this crisis; and it would therefore be rather uncharitable to suppose that they were not in earnest. But we repeat that their refusal to take part in yesterday morning's proceedings—and their non-attendance was equal to a refusal—was very remarkable indeed, and scarcely in consonance with the professions of brotherly love they have been so ready to advance.

At the afternoon sitting, an overture anent the formation of a Central Mission Board was discussed, and it was finally agreed to send the matter down to the inferior courts and to congregations for consideration, the Synod considering it advisable not to pledge themselves to a policy of centralization, in order not to trammel the United Church in whatever course it might see fit to pursue on the subject.

The Rev. Gavin Lang moved the adoption of the Overture from the Presbytery of Montreal, concerning the formation of a Church Temperance Association. The scheme is the Rev. gentleman's own, and proposes to comprehend within its fold moderate drinkers as well as total abstainers, under the impression that their efforts will be united against the growth of intemperance. The overture was opposed by some total abstainers on the ground that in assenting to it they would also be assenting to the the principle of moderate indulgence, their entire abstinence being a standing protest against such an assumption. The question was pertinently put, who are the moderate drinkers, and what is moderate indulgence? Mr. Lang met the difficulty—or rather refused to meet it—by saying he would leave that to his questioners to define. The majority of the temperance men in the Synod, however, acknowledging their inability to carry through the Synod a resolution affirming the principle of total abstinence, thought it better to accept this compromise in the meantime, trusting that it is simply an earnest of advancement towards the end they advocate. The dismissal of the overture was moved and seconded, but that motion was latterly withdrawn, and the overture was adopted for the purpose of being sent down to the inferior courts.

The business in the evening was of a merely routine character, the principal matter being the presentation of the report of the committee on the French Canadian Mission by Dr. Jenkins, and against the adoption of which Mr. Lang protested. It would be strange indeed if Mr. Lang did not protest.

The morning session at the Canada Presbyterian Assembly was characterised by no business of special importance until, at 11 o'clock, the members of the Kirk Synod arrived to hold a conference on the subject of the amended basis of union. The minute of the Synod, embodying an account of their action respecting the proposed amendments, was submitted, speeches were made by the leaders of the union movement in both churches, and by Mr. McTavish, who opposes union no more, and the greatest unanimity prevailed—the Rev. Dr. Cook being received with loud and continued applause. The Rev. Mr. Ross alone raised objections to this final proposal. We had hoped that Mr. Ross's opposition was at an end, and that he was not to be the obstructionist in this Court. It is not yet too late.

In the afternoon, the resolutions submitted to the Conference were referred to a special committee, which will act in connection with a similar committee appointed by the Kirk Synod, for the purpose of putting them in proper shape to be sent down to the inferior judicatories. The discussion of the report of the Committee on College Boards occupied the rest of the sitting, and in the evening addresses were delivered by the delegates from the Free Church of Scotland and the Irish Presbyterian Church. It is expected that both the Synod and Assembly will be able to adjourn about Thursday.

CHIEF JUSTICE DORION.

The multitudinous members of the Press of Canada, have now very generally "had their say" about the Hon. Mr. Dorion's retirement from the Cabinet and acceptance of the Chief Justiceship of the Court of Queen's Bench for the Province of Quebec. We have looked with some interest at the expressions of opinion and feeling thus evoked by this procedure of Mr. Dorion's; for there has been, with one variation, to which we shall presently refer, a general similarity in them sufficiently remarkable to demand especial note even as a historical fact.

Never before in this Dominion—if ever before in any of the Provinces which now compose the Dominion—has any man made his final bow upon, and formally withdrawn from, the stage of active party politics, amid such general applause—such widely heard cheering, intended for himself personally and not because of his act in retiring, as that which has attended Mr. Dorion's step from the Cabinet to the Bench. Taking the Press in this instance as the exponent of the popular sentiment, Mr. Dorion might be forgiven, just now, for giving way to emotions of pride. There are those—and for the greater part of his public lifetime, they have been a majority of his fellow countrymen—who have been opposed, and often times bitterly and vehemently opposed to his political course; yet they now admit that, whether in error or not, Mr. Dorion was always sincere in his expression of his views; and that, through good report and evil report, he was staunch and true to his principles. The few instances in which, in the heat of party contests and in the phrensy of desire to discover real faults, Mr. Dorion has been charged with tergiversation, or insincerity, are not now considered of sufficient moment even to be hinted at. Considering that politicians are proverbially charged in the popular mind with habitual insincerity, fickleness, and even studied duplicity, it is truly a noteworthy fact that Mr. Dorion now leaves political life, properly so called, bearing with him the designation, whatever his faults, his failures, his errors, of an *honest politician*. It is a fact which merits being dwelt upon, commented upon, and especially to be displayed before the eyes and pressed into the reflections of our "rising young men" who are inclined to make politics their vocation.

As to the fitness of Mr. Dorion, as we still call him, for that eminent position upon the Bench, which he now occupies, and in which, we may say, without even exposing any ground for imputing a discreditable motive, he has placed himself,—that is a matter upon which there seems to be no difference of opinion, whatever. Especially is this the case amongst those who are best qualified, from their professional points and standing, to judge, and have had the best opportunity of judging. Mr. Dorion has long been admired as one of the most brilliant men of the Bar in the Province of Quebec; and it now seems to be taken for granted—a certainty beyond all question—that he will prove to be equally an ornament, and much more than an ornament, in the first seat upon the Bench of that Province. If Judges were elected, by ballot say, by members of the legal profession, in Quebec—but may Heaven long defend us from any such event!—we believe that the vote thrown for Mr. Dorion, in this instance, would have approached remarkably near to unanimity.

Somewhat upon the principle that there never yet was a rose without its thorn, Mr. Dorion could not be permitted to take the step from the Cabinet to the Bench without having some missiles of filth thrown after him by the more industrious members of the Opposition Press. "He said, a few days before the session closed, that he was not going upon the Bench." This is, in substance, the charge brought up and solemnly reiterated, with woeful shakes of the head, or editorial pen, to show the world that, after all, Mr. Dorion is mortal. True; he did not sell the charter of the Pacific Railway—the greatest national work ever undertaken at a single venture—for four hundred thousand dollars and spend the proceeds mainly in corrupting the Parliament of his country. He did not, in his place in Parliament, express his grief at being unable to procure the arrest of a man charged with treason and murder; whilst, at the same time, he had actually remitted to that individual a large sum of money to enable him to fly from justice. He did not prostitute his influence as a Minister of the Crown, to raise himself up from the verge of pauperism to a position of affluence. He did not do any of the thousand and one things we have lately seen other Ministers of the Crown do and get blamed for. But he did say the other day that he was not going to be a Judge, and now he is a Judge.

This seems too trivial a matter for anybody except a Corruptionist journalist, seeking grounds for a charge against a Reform Minister, to take notice of. A member interpolating and interjecting a remark, across the floor of the House of Commons, in the midst of and referring to a passage in one of Sir John Macdonald's most impetuous speeches, might easily be understood, even by professional reporters, as Mr. Dorion really was on the occasion referred to and out of whose alleged remark so much capital has been sought to be made. If the exact words used on both sides of the Clerk's table, on the occasion in question, were just what Mr. Dorion's enemies have represented, we could produce good authority—not ours, or which we adopt—to show that Mr. Dorion's course was defensible.

But altogether this sort of infernal mare's nest which the Opposition journalists pretend to have found, and with the awful eggs out of which they are striving to pelt the new Chief Justice, is too paltry a matter to demand the expenditure of many words in Mr. Dorion's behalf. In common with Mr. Dorion's other friends, whose name is Legion, while we regret, for Canada's sake, that he is removed from its Cabinet Council, we congratulate the Province of Quebec in having him as almost the first administrator of its laws. We will only add in conclusion that Canada will ever have reason to be a proud and happy country if its statesmen can always withdraw from the arena of active political life, bearing with them such a name and fame as that with which Hon. Antoine Aime Dorion assumes his seat upon the Queen's Bench of Quebec.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE CANADA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Yesterday morning the Assembly again met in Knox Church, City Hall Square, the Moderator presiding. The usual devotional exercises were observed, and the minutes of the previous sitting being read they were sustained.

Some routine matters were disposed of, after which it was announced that the Moderator and members of the Synod of the Canada Presbyterian Church, in connection with the Presbyterian Church of Scotland, were in attendance with the object of conferring with the Assembly on

THE UNION QUESTION.

The members of the Synod having been introduced, on the motion of the Rev. Dr. Snodgrass, the Hon. John McMurrich was called upon to preside over the conference.

The Chairman made a few apologetic remarks about his inability to fill the important position to which he had been called, and a portion of the 67th Psalm was given out and sung. Prayer was then offered by the Rev. Mr. Severight and by the Rev. Dr. Burns.

The Clerk of the Synod read the minutes in reference to that body's determination in reference to union, which was to the following effect:—

Resolved 1st. That the Synod entirely approve and willing accept said preamble to the proposed basis of union, both as being suitable and becoming in itself as being entirely accordance with the style and language of the Church of Scotland on all great and solemn occasions in its history.

2. That the Synod consent to the omission from the basis the fourth article as containing only a matter of detail, in regard to which is no reason to apprehend that there will be difference of opinion in the United Church. But as the said article is expressive of Christian affection towards the whole Church of God, and a desire to hold fraternal intercourse with it in its several branches as opportunity offers they would be glad that the substance of it were placed, as originally intended, among the supplementary resolutions.

3. That the Synod thought having been willing to accept the seventh resolution if necessary, to harmonious union, have always deemed it unnecessary and cordially ague that it be withdrawn.

4. That the Synod record their great satisfation with the spirit of the conference on Saturday, and the clear and candid explanations then given of the views of the Assembly.

5. That those resolutions be communicated to the General Assembly of the Canada Church. It also further resolved that the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church be requested to appoint a committee to meet with a committee appointed by the Synod of the Canada Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland to decide upon the fraternal relations with other Churches, and prepare a form of remit to be sent to congregations, and that the members of the former union committee, be appointed to meet the committee which the General Assembly might appoint.

Rev. Dr. Snodgrass, speaking of the matter to which reference was made in the extract of the Synod's minutes, said he rejoiced to tell the General Assembly, that the Synod had assumed the responsibility of disposing of the Temporalities fund in such a way as shall seem best to them, and he did not think it was necessary to refer to any of the other points mentioned in the minute that had been read except to the one that had reference to the relations with other churches. He would endeavour to state to the conference the views held by the Synod of the Canada Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland on that subject. They thought there should be a want of completeness in the union if they did not adopt some terms as to the supreme head of the church. There was also one other matter. They thought the terms of union would be more complete if the terms of relationship between the United Church and other churches in communion with them found a place among the resolutions. While they were endeavouring to do all honour to the head they ought to attend to the spirit which animated the body. The relations had no reference to what took place in this country or in Scotland 30 years ago. He was farther empowered to say that the relations were not intended to bind any one in any way to the proceedings or legislation of any other church whatsoever; and it was his duty to submit to the Conference that it was not intended to make any destinction between ministers and probationers coming from other churches, for they were all to be placed on the same footing and their admission was to be determined by the same process or mode of procedure. It was stated in Conference on Saturday that these relations referred to matters of detail, and that they expressed very generally what was the opinion of the Canada Presbyterian Church, and that what was done was in the hope that if the Synod of the Canada Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church in Scotland took all the circumstances into account, it would make the resolution all the more acceptable. After the decision of the Synod with regard to the fourth resolution that it should not occupy a place in the basis, though it found a place in the basis when the meeting was first held between the Joint Committees, it was introduced as a general resolution declaratory as to the amount of relationship which the United Church should hold to others. The Synod was unanimously in thinking that the resolution was not in its right place as part of the basis, but they hoped they would find a right place for it, and that they would find it to be a right resolution in the right place. (Applause.)

Rev. Dr Cook said he did not know that he had much to add except to inform the Assembly that the Synod had passed a resolution to proceed to take steps to obtain the necessary legislation for the purpose of union (applause.) He held, therefore, that the two bodies stood from that moment as friends and brethren (applause). There must be the necessary proclamation of the bands, but in every other essential the union was complete; and surely if any one had reason to rejoice he had. He did everything that was in his power to prevent the separation, and since that time he had always been favorable to union. He rejoiced and gave thanks that he had been spared to see the division of 1844 healed. He anticipated nothing but good from the union, and he believed it would prove a source of strength to them all. There would be great comfort in this, and with greater strength there would be greater zeal, so that they would all be encouraged to labour more earnestly for the cause of Christ and the salvation of souls. He held that it was unnecessary to say more on the present occasion, as there was little probability of an unfavorable answer being returned to the determination which the Synod had come to, considering the unanimity that had prevailed.

Rev. Dr. Topp said he was sure they had all heard with very great satisfaction and thankfulness the words of brotherly love that had been spoken, and they had reason to thank God that they were permitted now with confidence to look forward to the union in a short time for which negotiations had been going on for several years. He could not help saying that the Synod had met the proposals of the Assembly in the kindest manner, and had accepted everything they had been asked to accept, except one thing which would be a matter of arrangement between the Committees. The preamble secured everything that was necessary. He thought that the course now proposed was, to confer upon the matter which taken from the basis was, to be inserted amongst the resolutions. He thought what was proposed was the best mode of coming to an arrangement, and he suggested that they should comply with the request on the subject.

Rev. Dr. Snodgrass said that it was not expected that the Assembly should say anything about the Temporalities fund.

Rev. J. M. King found nothing in the document from the Synod that he could wish to be other than it was. It seemed to be characterized with great kindness of spirit, he would add, with great wisdom. They had not only adopted the preamble, but they had been kind enough to accede to the request of the Assembly and remove the fourth article from the basis. He could not, therefore but recognise the kindness of the Synod and their wisdom also in the action which they had taken. The article would not be retained in form as part of the basis, but it would be retained in substance, so that he had not any difficulty with the terms. He trusted the matter as referred to the union committee would be easily settled, and that the committee would be able to bring up an article in form that would conserve all that both churches wished to conserve. Great interest was felt throughout the country in these deliberations, and he had no doubt that thousands of families were thanking God for the union from which were expected the highest results.

Rev. Professor Gregg called attention to the fact that union must also be received between the churches of the Lower Provinces as well as the two bodies met in conference.

Rev. Mr. McTavish wished to express his own feelings in reference to the spirit in which the question under consideration had been conducted. He took the opportunity of saying that in embodying the substance of the fourth article in the form of a resolution they would necessarily cause no material difference amongst themselves. (Hear, hear). He thought it was very necessary to make a regulation with regard to the friendly relations with all other churches, but he wanted to be free to deal with all parties who came to be accepted and to deal with them only as the church might see cause. Any minister from any church should be put through a course of examination as there might appear cause. He made no objection to what had been determined upon, but he wanted to be free to examine every man, no matter what church he came from, if it were necessary to do so.

Rev. Mr. Ross agreed with what Mr. King had said in a great measure with what Mr. McTavish had said, though he thought he would have gone farther in reference to the fourth article. They all knew the cause of separation in 1844. It was nothing in connection with this country, but arose from what took place in the mother church.

Rev. Mr McKinnon moved that the statement from the Synod be accepted and that the Conference be now closed.

Rev. Dr. Topps seconded the motion, and said that Mr. Ross would be at liberty to discuss this matter as long as he liked when the Assembly was in session.

Rev. Dr. Jenkins said he wished to say a word or two. He felt sure that the Conference would not expect him to follow Mr. Ross; but taking the whole position of the Church into view, he thought there was every reason to be satisfied with the decision arrived at, and he thought there was not a minister nor an elder present who did not breathe the same aspiration of thanks for the spirit of unity that prevailed. He had felt for some years that unless in the providence of God these two Courts could be found meeting in one Synod, so that they could come together, not as a committee but as a Synod and Assembly, and see each other face to face, and pray with each other, and sit at the same table of God, there would be little hope of accomplishing in any way a speedy union. He thought he was right in stating that the agreement on the part of the Synod was owing to a providential circumstance that the Synod and Assembly met in Ottawa without knowing that they were to meet in the same city at the same time. They were not aware of the determination that the meetings should be in the same place. He thanked God that they were here together. (Applause) Dr. Cook, who was always felicitous in his remarks, had made reference to a contemplated marriage between the churches, and as there was the publication of the bands there could be no doubt that they were engaged, and, certainly they were not so man as to jilt one another. (Laughter and applause). He rejoiced in the spirit of unanimity that had been manifested, and he hoped that there would be peace and harmony in the Church of Canada henceforward.

Some further conversation took place in the course of which the Chairman, as a member of the union committee from the beginning, and well acquainted with the difficulties, expressed his great satisfaction at the amicable and satisfactory termination of the union question that was likely to result.

A vote of thanks was accorded on the motion of Rev. Dr. Cook seconded by Rev. Dr. Snodgrass, and after some conversation as to the appointment of a committee as recommended, the hour of adjournment arrived and the court took recess until 3 o'clock.

AFTER RECESS

When the Assembly met at 3 o'clock the court was occupied for some time in reference to the French Evangelistic committee report, and the recommendations contained in it were adopted.

The question of union was then resumed and a committee was appointed on the subject, and with especial reference to forming a remit for presbyteries and congregations to decide upon.

The reports of the respective colleges in connection with the Assembly were also received, and after some routine matters were disposed of, the House adjourned until half-past seven o'clock.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

The Assembly met at 7:30, and the usual service was observed, after which the minutes were read and confirmed.

The report of the committee for the reception of ministers was read and adopted.

The report of the committee on Buxton Finance was read by Mr. Warden from whih it appeared that there is a balance on hand of $3,248.43. The committee recommended the continuance of a grant of $250 to the Buxton congregation.

The report was adopted with the recommendation contained therein.

The next business was the reception of delegates from the Free Church of Scotland and from the Irish Presbyterian Church. The delegates were introduced by the Rev J. M. King in the absence of Dr. Topp who was engaged in committee. The names of the delegates from the Free Church are the Rev. James Chalmers Burns, and the Rev. J. H. Wilson.

Dr. Topp came in at the close of Mr. King's remarks and said that the Union Committee had come to a finding that would be communicated in a few minutes and he thought would be satisfactory. Of the delegates he spoke in the highest terms, and the interest which the Free Church of Scotland had manifested in the Presbyterian Church of Canada in sending two such eminent men to represent the Free Church at the Assembly.

Rev. Mr. Wilson then came forward and spoke of the pleasure that he and his colleague felt in visiting the United States churches, but when they crossed the border into Canada they felt almost as much at home as in Scotland. He did not look upon the Canadian Church as a child of the Church of Scotland but as a sister. The time of the visit was particularly felicitous and he hoped that the fact of union that had been brought about in Canada would be an example to be followed in the old country. He then proceeded to give an account of the revival of religion that was going on in Scotland, and the manner in which the revival services were conducted. Other matters in relation to the mother church were dwelt upon a considerable length, and at intervals during the speech the reverend delegated was loudly applauded.

The delegates from the Irish Presbyterian Church were also heard, and the meeting was brought to a close with the benediction.

KIRK SYNOD.

SEVENTH DAY.

MORNING SEDERUNT.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, met yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment. The Moderator presided, having duly constituted the Synod with prayer.

Devotional Exercises were conducted by the Rev. P. S. Livingstone of Pittsburgh. The Ministers of the previous day were read by the Clerk and sustained.

DEBATE ON UNION.

The debate on the question of Union was resumed, at the conclusion of which: It was moved by Principal Snodgrass and seconded by Elder Croil of Montreal and passed unanimously: that the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church be requested to appoint a Committee to meet with a Committee of the Synod, to revise the resolution respecting fraternal relations with other churches and to prepare a form of remit on the basis and accompanying resolutions for the consideration of the inferior Judicatories and congregations of both churches and that members of the former Union Committee be appointed to meet the committee which the General Assembly may appoint.

The Synod then proceeded in a body to Knox Church to sit in Conference with the Canada Presbyterian Church, General Assembly, an account of the proceedings of which will be found in the proceedings of that body in another column.

AFTERNOON SEDERUNT.

The Synod resumed its session at 3 o'clock, p.m.

THE UNION COMMITTEE.

The former members of the Union Committee were instructed to meet at once at the call of Principal Snodgrass to confer with the committee of the Sister Church with a view to report at the Evening Sederunt.

Dr. Jenkins moved the addition of the Moderator's name to the committee on union.

OVERTURE FOR ESTABLISHING A CENTRAL HOME MISSION.

An overture from the Presbytery of Perth was read asking for the establishment of a Central Home Mission in connection with the Synod.

Rev. Mr. Campbell of Renfrew in presenting the overture, remarked that the mission scheme at present in vogue in connection with Queen's College was not responsible to the Synod, and as a Missionary Association failed in the matter of missionary work. The overture contemplated the establishment of a committee that shall be empowered to raise a central fund for the benefit of such missions. He therefore, moved that a committee be appointed to take such steps or adopt such means as to them might be deemed advisable with a view to the establishment of a Central Mission Board, and that the Synod accept the overture and send it down to the Presbyteries for approval.

Rev. Dr. Bain, of Perth, supported the overture. He, although grateful for the great work done by the Missionary Association, of Queen's College, yet felt that a much greater work would be accomplished by acting on the terms proposed in the overture for the establishment of a Central Mission Board.

Rev. Mr. Campbell stated that as far as he was connected with the Association of Queen's College, he thought that the Board had done a good work and done it well. He thought as the question of union was being about to be consummated it would be well to defer a matter of such importance.

The resolution was approved by the Synod.

OVERTURE ON TEMPERANCE ORGANIZATION.

Rev. Mr. Lang submitted an overture asking the Synod to take into its immediate consideration the expediency of forming a temperance society, under its own auspices and having its ramifications through the different parishes of the church, which shall embrace in its membership, and unite in its active operations, all the friends of temperance within the pale of this Church, whether total abstainers or unpledged upholders of temperance principles. In support of his overture he advocated the establishment of a temperance organization under the supervision of the Synod, that would embrace in its membership all classes of temperance people. He set forth the objects of the association to be:

1. The formation of a sound public opinion, as to the evils of intemperance, by sermons, lectures, tracts and other publications.

2. The instruction in the common and other schools, and otherwise training of the rising generation in temperance principles.

3 Aiding constituted authorities in explaining and enforcing all Dominion, Provincial and Municipal Liquor Laws; and, when these are objectionable by either error or defect, procuring their amendment.

4. The progressive diminution of the number of taverns and other public houses for the sale of intoxicating liquors.

5 The discouragement of all "treating" in agricultural and commercial transactions; and, generally, "tippling" or drinking at bars, restaurants, or hotels.

6 The encouragement of healthful counteractions to the enticements of the ordinary tavern or public house.

7. The establishment of parochial, District or congregational unions and temperance societies, on the basis of this constitution.

8. Special prayer in church courts and at religious services, throughout the bounds of the Church, for the Divine Blessing upon all temperance effort.

He contended that better work could be done by such an organization as contemplated by the overture, than it was possible to be done by exclusive organizations advocated by total abstainers. He concluded by moving, seconded by the Rev. Mr. Cameron, of Kippen, that an organization such as set forth in the overture be established.

The Rev. Mr. Cameron followed in support of the Overture. He thought the temperance question as at present advocated was injured by the narrow minded policy pursued, and he thought that a comprehensive scheme such as that proposed would be calculated to do much good.

The Rev. Mr. Lindsay, of Sherbrooke, differed from the views of the previous speakers, and could not see that the proposal of the Overture would be attended with that success promised.

The Rev. Mr. Gordon, of Dorchester, supported the Overture, and thought the scheme a very practical one, and one in the right direction.

The Rev. Mr. Fraser, of Priceville, thought that the reflections on total abstinence men was uncalled for. He disapproved of the Overture in its present form, as it was altogether too indefinite in its character. He also objected to it, as it virtually asked the Synod to sanction moderate drinking.

He moved in amendment the discharge of the Overture

Elder Allt, of Osnabruck, seconded the motion

The Rev. Mr. McCaul, although not by principle privileged to vote for the Overture, if carried would give it his hearty support.

The Rev. Mr. Maclennan supported the overture, as a step towards securing much good in the church. He thought that by an organization such as contemplated, society would be protected and the church given a fresh impetus in its Christian mission.

The Rev Mr. Ross, of Dundee, thought that the Synod should adopt the total abstinence principles in the overture; but as a partial gain towards the temperance movement was to be secured by it in its present form; he would give it his support.

The Rev. Mr. Ferguson, of Osprey could not give his support to the overture in its present form

The Rev. Mr. McLean said that he was a total abstainer, not by pledge, but from principle. He, however, approved of the overture as the dawn of a brighter day and thought that much good would result from the adoption of the overture.

Rev. Mr. Doudiet supported the overture, and adduced arguments to show that moderate drinkers had done much in the cause of temperance, and that total abstainers should not arrogate to themselves the honor of having done everything in temperance. He expressed his intention of supporting the overture.

The Rev. Mr. McGillivray of Brockville supported the overture.

The Rev. Mr. Macdonnell of Toronto would support the overture, He regretted that some expressed a desire to make total abstinence a test to admission to the communion table, as this would be a departure from the broad principles of Christianity.

Dr. Jenkins followed in support of the overture.

Rev. Mr. Patterson supported the overture.

Rev. Mr. Masson, of Russeltown, thought the overture had a good object and it would on that account meet with his support

The Rev. Mr. Lang closed the debate in a short but able speech.

The amendment was withdrawn.

The motion being put was carried unanimously.

UNION COMMITTEE.

Dr. Snodgrass reported that the General Assembly had appointed 12 members, 9 ministers and 3 elders, to meet the committee of the Synod on the union question.

The Synod then adjourned till 7 30 p m.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

The Synod resumed at 7 30 p.m, the Moderator presiding. It was duly constituted with praise and prayer.

BURNET V. PRESBYTERY OF HAMILTON.

An appeal by the Rev. Mr. Burnet anent an irregularity in the reconsideration of minutes previously sustained in the Presbytery of Hamilton. The committee on appeals decided against the ruling of the Moderator and sustained the appeal.

FOREIGN MISSIONS.

An overture recommending the establishment of a foreign mission scheme was submitted by the Rev. Dr. Wilkins, of Stratford, on behalf of many members of the Synod, as being practicable and conducive to the life and prosperity of the church

The Rev Dr. Wilkins took up the overture and strongly advocated the establishment of a Foreign Mission scheme in connection with the Synod. He therefore moved seconded by the Rev. James Gordon, of Dorchester,—That the Synod receive the overture constitute the Foreign Mission one of the schemes of the church, appoint a committee that may take the matter into its consideration so as to be prepared at the next meeting of this court to suggest a suitable field, and if possible nominate one or more missionaries able and willing to represent the church in said field; meanwhile in order to give immediate practical effect to the prayer of said overture, earnestly commend to the sympathy and liberality of its congregations, he Mission of the, New Hebrides, which forms one of the most important schemes of the Church of the Maritime Provinces in connection with the Church of Scotland, and also of the Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces, with which Church there is such good prospect of our being soon united in all departments of the Master's work.

The Rev. Dr. Brooke, of Fredericton N. B. one of the delegate from the Church in the Maratime Provinces, dwelt at some length on the subject of Foreign Missions. He related the happy experiences realised by the Church in the Maratime Provinces in their endeavors to establish a Foreign Mission Fund scheme. (Cheers.)

The Rev. Mr. Ross of Dundee favored the resolution for the establishment of a Foreign Mission.

Dr. Jenkins thought another scheme would too oppressively tax the energies of the Church by way of collections. If some other scheme for supporting the mission to the New Hebrides were devised he would not offer any serious objection.

The Rev. Mr. Patterson supported the resolution, and thought the church should take up the question of Foreign Missions.

The Rev. Mr. Murray, of New Brunswick, said that in the Lower Provinces they entered into the Foreign Mission scheme at first with a good deal of fear, but in the Providence of God, the scheme had been richly blessed. He trusted, therefore, that the blessings of the mission would benefit the far distant lands.—(Cheers.)

The Rev. Mr. Macdonnell, of Toronto, hoped the resolution would be adopted, and that steps should at once be taken to make it a scheme of the church. There would be no difficulty in procuring the means if the matter were gone heartily into. A good man for the mission would be more difficult to procure than the funds to support it.

The Rev. Mr. Campbell, of Montreal, supported the resolution.

The Rev. Mr. Mullan, of Fergus, next followed in support of the mission scheme proposed by the overture. He would rather send a missionary to Japan as affording a wider field for such a mission.

The Rev. Mr. Clarke, of Manitoba, supported the scheme, but thought the attention of the Synod should be directed to the Indians of the North West.

Rev. Dr. Snodgrass favoured the scheme of a Foreign Mission, and thought there would be no difficulty in raising a fund if a suitable man could be found to undertake the work

The Rev. Mr. Smith of Kingston, favored the Foreign Mission scheme.

On motion of the Rev. Mr. Solomon Mylne, the Revds. Thos. G. Smith (Convener), Principal Snodgrass, Prof. Mowat, Dr. Jenkins, Mr. W. Maclean. Donald Ross (Dundee), Jas. Carmichael (King), J. C. Smith, W. F. Wilkins, Jas Gordon, W. McNish; and Messrs. John Duff J. Croil, J. Craig, M.P.P., R. Neilson, W. Clegg and J. L. Morris, were appointed a committee to take such steps as might be necessary in furtherance of a Foreign Mission scheme.

FRENCH MISSION SCHEME.

Rev Dr. Jenkins presented the report of the French Mission in Quebec, showing that the work was very progressive, and the result of the past year's labors were attended with great success.

Rev. Dr. Jenkins moved the adoption of the report, and named a large committee to oversee the Mission for the next year.

Rev. Mr. Lanner, of Montreal, detailed at some length the condition and prospects of the French Mission, and thought the scheme should receive the hearty support of the Synod.

Elder Croil followed in support of the scheme, and thought that with a little exertion the scheme would be crowned with every success.

Rev. Mr. Lang dissented from the proposal to perpetuate the French Mission and would prefer merging the work into that of the French Canadian Missionary Society.

Rev. Mr. Masson could not see cause for regret at the success of the scheme, and thought as they had put their hands to the plough they should not look back.

Dr. Snodgrass thought there was a prospect of making the French Mission a success, and the [illegible] lack [illegible] should stimulate the synod to greater zeal in the work.

Rev. Solomon Mylne expressed his approval of the French Mission scheme

Dr. Jenkins closed the debate, refuting in a vigorous speech the reflections cast upon the past work of the scheme and thought the mission could be made a very successful one.

The resolution was carried.

The Synod adjourned at 11 o'clock.

Good News from the South.

We have better news from the South as to the crops. It now seems to be conceded that the disasters to sugar, rice and cotton will be less serious than was at first anticipated. We learn that in many of the large cotton districts the water has subsided so as to permit the work of replanting to commence; and, as the Richmond *Enquirer* informs us, if the new plant can be got in by June 15th, the prospect for a good crop will be encouraging, as "the rich alluvial deposit will strengthen and hasten the growth of the cane and cotton plant." "Rice," we are further told, "will not be greatly injured if the large volume of water is speedily removed from it. Precisely such a condition of things prevailed in 1858 and 1859, and the cotton crop of those years was without precedent in extent of yield and firmness of texture."

The immense rush still continues. Crowds of people at Metcalf's every day. Goods going off rapidly. 2577

MANITOBA.

AN INTERVIEW WITH A MEMBER OF THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

The Troubles in the Red River Territory.

On Saturday, the *Herald*, having ascertained that Mr. Cunningham, member of the Dominion Parliament for the county of Marquette, in Manitoba, was staying at Barnum's Hotel, a reporter called upon him with a view to obtain some information respecting the peculiar history of that Province during the past four or five years. The reporter found the honorable gentleman exceedingly courteous and communicative, and not at all timid in expressing his views and opinions relative to the matter in hand, and of the men connected with what he called the "troubles of 1869 and '70." A condensed account of the conversation between the reporter and the member for Marquette is given below:

Reporter—We have heard from time to time a good deal about your Province of Manitoba, but our information has been somewhat fragmentary. Most of our people fail to appreciate the exact position which led to the difficulties which occurred between Canada and your Province some years ago. Can you explain what was the real cause which led to the "troubles?"

Mr. Cunningham—I can quite conceive the difficulty you have in appreciating the political position in the Red River country in 1869 for that position was altogether anomalous—unprecedented in fact, and thoroughly in discord with what are termed the principles of English constitutional government.

Reporter—How?

Mr. Cunningham In this way! There were four parties connected with that Red River country. These were England, Canada, the Hudson Bay Company, and the people of the country. Now, the first three parties laid their heads together and came to a little arrangement among themselves without recognizing the fourth party—that is, the people—at all. The arrangement was that the Hudson Bay Company were to be paid by Canada the sum of $1,500,000, for what it is rather difficult to understand, for they owned no property in the country farther than the right of trading, which they retain still, exactly as before. For this payment the whole Northwest was to be handed over to Canada, and England was to have no more bother with it. But you observe, the people of the country were utterly ignored in this transaction, and you must remember that the people of what is now Manitoba are better educated, wealthier, more intelligent than the people of any Province in the Dominion, and are perfectly capable of appreciating the rights that belong to them as British subjects. To put the position a little more plainly, England and Canada, with equal justice, might have come to an arrangement by which Australia or New Zealand or Jamaica, or any other colony, could have been handed over to Canada, without consulting the people of any of these colonies, as they could with Manitoba. It was a British colony in every sense of the term. It had its Parliament; it could impose taxes and did so; it had its various courts of justice; it was, in short, a British colony in all its constitution. And England and Canada and the Hudson Bay Company treated it as a chattel.

Reporter—Do you mean to say that the people of that country had no official intimation that first negotiations were proceeding and then that these were completed?

Mr. Cunningham—Not one word was ever spoken to the people of the Northwest, either with regard to the proceedings or their completion. Neither Governor McTavish, who represented at once the Hudson Bay Company and Queen Victoria, nor the Council Assiniboine who represented the people, nor the people themselves, ever had any intimation that confederation with Canada was ever dreamed of.

Reporter—Well, how did the matter culminate, and what brought about the troubles—I mean what were the direct causes of these troubles?

Mr. Cunningham—These were threefold. First, the Canadian government long before even the negotiations were completed, sent up an army of surveyors into the Red River Territory. These men, void of all discretion set to work, ran their lines regardless altogether of the conformation of the farms of the old settlers, threatened these old settlers when they reasoned with them that the Canadians would soon drive them out of the country any way, and that they need not mind how they conducted their surveys, and produced in the minds of the old settlers a strong feeling of Canadian rule. Then these people, who were in a great measure cut off from any connection with Canada, did not exactly know what idea to form with respect to confederation. They, as a people, did not know what laws were to be put in force in their country. They had their own taxation of four per cent on imports, but they had no knowledge of how far this was to be increased or decreased by confederation; in fact, they were driven, by want of knowledge, into a corner, and at length they withstood Canadian interference, and refused to have anything to do with Canada.

Reporter—How did they show this?

Mr. Cunningham When the Hon. Wm. MacDougall came to Pembina and wanted to enter the country as Governor of the Northwest—at a time when, as is acknowledged by everybody, he had neither a commission nor had the Canadian Government a right to grant him such a thing, and when he issued, on the 1st of December, a proclamation purporting to be a Queen's proclamation, but which, in fact, was a forgery, calling upon the people to receive him as their Governor and accept such terms and arrangements as might seem proper for him to grant them, then the people said, "No; you can't come in here. We not only won't acknowledge you, but we will not even permit you to enter the territory either as Governor or as plain William MacDougall." And they did not allow him to come in. So he had to return to return to Ottawa, and is now employed by Government as an emigration agent in Scandinavia

Reporter—There occurs to me a question at this point on which I should like to have some information. What position did the old Government take at this crisis? You have mentioned a Governor representing the Queen and a Council representing the Council of the country. Did they make any move at all when the people refused MacDougall entrance into the country?

Mr. Cunningham—That is a very important point, especially as matters now stand. When MacDougall issued his proclamation as emanating from the Queen, on the 1st of December, the Governor resigned his functions; the council was dissolved; Canada had no legal connection with the country until the 12th of May following, and the question now is, was there in the interim a *de facto* government or was there not. I hold there was. Because the people, after having told MacDougall to keep away, set to work to form a government on recognized constitutional principles. There were twenty-four of what were called parishes, in the section of the Red River territory now called Manitoba. Intimation was given to each of these parishes to send a representative in order to form a parliament with a view to the good government of the country. These representatives were sent; a cabinet was formed by these representatives, what was called a bill of rights was drawn out to be laid before the Canadian Government and acceded to, before the people would have anything to do with Canadian connection; these delegates were received solely on the ground of having an official letter from the Secretary of State of the new formed government, authorising them to act on its behalf. This bill of rights was received by the Government at Ottawa, considered by them, for the greater part acceded to,

POOR COPY

ing to all constitutional rule, the government was a *de facto* government.

Reporter—May I ask why you lay so much stress on urging the point of the interim government—if I may so name it,—being recognized as a *de facto* government?

Mr. Cunningham—Your query is quite a natural one; especially as you are not intimate with matters as they now stand. You are aware that the other day Louis Riel, who was President of the interim government, having been elected representative for the county of Provencher, one of the electoral districts of Manitoba, was expelled from the House of Commons of Canada.

Reporter—On what grounds?

Mr. Cunningham—On the ground that he was a "fugitive from justice."

Reporter—How was that?

Mr. Cunningham—Simply in this way. Riel lived after confederation peaceably in the country for three years without molestation. The Attorney General of the Province, an illiterate lawyer, himself a fugitive from justice, inasmuch as he cannot set his foot within the Province of Quebec without being arrested, wanted to represent Provencher in the Dominion Parliament. Riel wanted to represent Provencher in the Dominion Parliament too. A feud arose. Of course Riel's return was a certainty; the Attorney had not the ghost of a chance of success. In these circumstances the latter issued warrants for the arrest of Riel on a charge of murder; swore in hundreds of special constables, who scoured the country with Clarke, the Attorney General, at their head; broke into convents, ransacked parsonages, even went so far as to invade the Cathedral of St. Boniface, the headquarters of Archbishop Tache, molested women in their private residences when their husbands were absent—all in search of Louis Riel, who, I maintain, was the head of a *de facto* government when the act for which he is now persecuted was committed occurred.

Reporter—And they expelled him from the house?

Mr. Cunningham—They did. But he will be re-elected, and they may expel him again, and again he will be re-elected.

Reporter—But what is going to be the result?

Mr. Cunningham—It is said on very reliable authority that the county will be disfranchised if he is re-elected once.

Reporter—What then?

Mr. Cunningham—Well, I am no annexationist. But speaking deliberately, and after much careful thought and observation I have not the slightest hesitation in saying that disfranchisement would be tantamount to annexation. The House of Commons of Canada, in my opinion, in expelling Riel, acted without a single precedent in the constitutional history of England, to justify the act; in expelling him the second time in my opinion, they will act without precedent again; and should they dare to disfranchise a constituency on account of the man of their choice, they will perpetrate an act which will not only be void of precedent, but for which not a fragment of a constitutional argument can be urged.

Reporter—One word more with respect to your idea of a *de facto* government having existed between, I think you said, between the 1st of December and the 12th of July; why do you urge that point? How does it bear on anything in question?

Mr. Cunningham—It bears this way. Having been a *de facto* government, neither the government of the Province of Manitoba nor the government of any Province in the Dominion, nor the Government of the Dominion itself has anything whatever to do with any parties concerned in the troubles of 1869 and 1870. If any power has the right to deal with the matter it is the English Government, and I hold that any warrants issued for the arrest of any parties connected with these troubles, unless it be by the authority, the direct authority of the English Government, are illegal and can be justifiably resisted, and for this I have the highest legal authority. Consequently, when Louis Riel was expelled from the House of Commons of Canada, on the ground that he was a fugitive from justice, I maintain the basis on which the expulsion was made had no existence and that the act was illegal. That is to say that Parliament over-stepped its bounds. Of course the English, according to a well recognized principle, is omnipotent, so to speak, but the Canadian Parliament, being, in fact, nothing more than a municipal institution, its powers are somewhat more limited.

Reporter—Who is this Riel? What is the offence with which he is charged? Cannot the whole matter be disposed of amicably? It is four years now since these difficulties took place.

Mr. Cunningham—Louis Riel is a young French half breed, as well educated, as polished, as shrewd, as any young man on the continent. At the age of twenty-two when the circumstances to which I have previously referred arose, he came to the front. He defied Canada; he kept out MacDougall; he took some fifty or sixty Canadians prisoners, who, under a scoundrel named Schultz, in defiance of all right or law, raised the Canadian flag in the country and formed themselves into a Canadian army, setting at defiance the *de facto* government created by the people of the country. These prisoners were after a time all released. Immediately after this act of clemency on the part of Riel and his government the same party, in the beginning of March, set to work, organized, armed themselves, constituted themselves again the army of Canada—against the express orders of the only man who had any show of being the representative of that government—marched in battle array on Fort Garry, where Riel and his government had their headquarters and were taken prisoners. One of them, named Scott, who seems to have been peculiarly vindictive and violent, and who, while in prison, made use of the most threatening language towards Riel and the others, was tried by court martial and shot. It was an unfortunate act; but, sir, when I regard the whole circumstances; when I look at Riel, then almost a boy, invested with such powers as he had; when I take into account the peculiarly irritating material opposed to him; the only wonder to me is that he did not string up the whole crowd of Canadians then in arms. There is not a single case in the history of the world that can be instanced, where a people went through such a crisis with less bloodshed than what is called the Red River rebellion of 1869. But still, notwithstanding all that, the day for vengeance is more intense in Canada to day than it was three years ago.

Reporter—How is that? What underlies all this? It seems to me as if there must be some sectional influence at work to sustain this political tension.

Mr. Cunningham—You are perfectly right. There is an underlying influence, and an influence which threatens some day to produce serious results for Canada if not met somehow. They may pretend what they please; they may become eloquent over what they call the murder of Scott, but the real question at issue in Canada to-day is, whether the Grand Lodge is to rule Canada or not. I see you are taking notes and will probably publish something of what I am saying, but I say it deliberately, and in my capacity as a representative man, that the whole cry of Riel is a sectional cry, and the excitement kept up relative to our troubles and the action that has been taken in the matter of Riel's expulsion, have their sole origin in the Orange Lodges of the Dominion. And unless some wise statesman comes to the rescue this very question will send confederation, to use a vulgarism, "Higher than a kite."

Reporter—That is your serious opinion? Are you a Catholic?

Mr. Cunningham—That is my serious opinion. I am not a Roman Catholic, but a Scotch Presbyterian. In this matter I have no religious influence warping my judgment. I speak as a politician.

Reporter—What views do the people of your province take of the whole matter as it stands?

Mr. Cunningham—They regard it in this way. They see that in the first instance, through the unscrupulousness of some and the ignorance of others, they were in a measure forced into confederation. Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir Geo. Cartier wanted something by means of which they might consolidate their position, and, finding themselves becoming a little shady, they resolved to raise the cry of confederation with the North West. They raised the cry. The made the agreement I have referred to with England and the Hudson Bay Company. They plundered, and now the people of Manitoba see that on account of the plunderings of these people at Ottawa, they are suffering in every way. Louis Riel is being persecuted; sectional animosities are being fostered; immigration is being impeded; the development of the North West is being hindered, and they have come to discover that Manitoba, with its history, is a mere shuttlecock which is being played with between two opposing political parties. And the play is awfully unscrupulous. Just imagine a man in the position of Sir John A Macdonald, at the general election a year and a half ago. On the hustings he declaimed in the most touching terms on the death of Scott, and, shaking his fist in the air and speaking of Louis Riel, he exclaimed, "I wish to God we could catch him. I would hang him." Now what did this right honorable gentleman—for he was a right honorable—do within the year before? He first payed, through a second party, $3,000 to Riel to get out of the way and save trouble. Then, when Sir George was defeated in Montreal, he gave Riel again through the same party $1,000 to get out of the way and resign his candidature in favor of Sir George as representative of Provencher; and yet as the head of the Dominion Government, he had the audacity afterwards to exclaim in public assembly, "I wish to God I could catch him." Well, the fact is, the people of Manitoba and the North West are getting tired of such arrant knavery. They were a primitive people before and they don't take kindly to such things.

Reporter—These are facts? I mean about the payments.

Mr Cunningham—They are facts which were disclosed the other day before a parliamentary committee on the evidence of Archbishop Tache at Ottawa. But I ought to mention that Riel refused to accept the money from the Archbishop as comming from the Canadian Government, He took it as a loan and holds himself indebted to the Archbishop for the amounts.

Reporter—It strikes me you are in a prettie muddle still up there. How is the matter to be settled? Is it a *sine qua non* that Riel should be hanged to make things square?

Mr. Cunningham—It looks like that. It seems to me that Canada, while emulating American progress, overlooks American policy, which developes her progress. If the United States had such a miserable, petty affair to deal with and such an immense territory as that of the British North West to develop they would have dealt with the matter long ago. They would have put things in such a shape that immigration could have flowed into that vast prairie region without any fear of internal disturbance; but somehow Canadian people fail to appreciate the right way of dealing with the dues of small things. By their stupidity in the first place, and their cowardice in the second place, the Canadian authorities are proving themselves patent obstructionists, at least so far as the developement of the richest, most extensive and fertile region in the Dominion.

At this point Mr. Cunningham, having an engagement to attend to, suggested to our reporter that on another occasion he might give some facts touching the nature of the country, its climate, its probable commercial connection with America, and something about the old settlers and the new. We may mention that the member for Marquette is a burly Scotchman, and has a naive way of calling a spade a spade.—*New York, June 1.*

GREAT FIRE.

At about a quarter to three o'clock this morning, a fire broke out in LeSeuer's block, Wellington street, which, though of apparent small dimensions at first, proved of a most destructive character.

One of our staff happening to go to the TIMES office door, noticed an unusual cloud of smoke in the direction of the place that proved to be on fire, and shortly after, the bell was sounded, but not until the smoke showed an accompaniment of flame. The night was completely still, but soon a westerly breeze sprang up, and as the fire originated and was for some time confined to the easterly corner of the block, only the house in which it first took place was the victim of the devoring element, and it seemed for a time as if it was possible to confine it to the one tenement. The Chaudiere engine was soon on the spot, but a considerable time elapsed before any water was brought to play on the burning building, and before there was even an attempt made to subdue the flames, the house in which the fire originated was all aglow, disseminating a heat that was scarcely endurable to the crowd that soon mustered in the street.

In a very short time the fire communicated with the next tenement, and several rapid and loud explosions were heard, as if of petrolum or other combustible, while falling beams, roofs and floors caused pieces of burning wood to fly into the air and distribute themselves in all directions, threatening the adjoining buildings, and St. Andrew's Church on the opposite side of the street.

Still there was a demand for water but not a supply; and only a stray cart with a barrel on it came now and again to hand, out of which was pumped in a feeble and useless fitful jet a few gallons that had no annulling effect on the great mass of fire that now raged through several buildings.

People rushed wildly about bearing articles of furniture from the houses that were inevitably doomed to destruction, and doors and windows were indiscriminately thrown open, giving ventilation and causing the already too readily ignitable material of which the buildings were constructed to burn with increased rapidity.

It would be hard to say whether the brigade men with the engines who came soon on the scene could have done better than they did under the circumstances, but it seemed that there was no person to take complete command and say what should be done. The fire was so sudden and rapid that everybody was apparently bewildered, and now as we go to press, it seems that the destruction will be of a very serious character before the conflagration is subdued.

We have ascertained that the property burnt was occupied by the Hon. A. Mackenzie, Premier, who occupied a dwelling, distinct from the block in which the fire originated, by Messrs. Lawson Brothers, Auctioneers, C. P. LeSueur, Fancy Goods store, Lawson Photographer, Oliver & Son, Furniture Warehouse, Hodges Hat and Fur store, Philion & Lefebvre Dry Goods store, and the Queen's Hall.

The losses are roughly estimated as follows:—

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie saved most of his furniture, and whatever loss has been sustained is fully covered by insurance.

Lawson Brothers lost everything and have no insurance.

C. P. LeSueur, lost his whole stock of fancy goods valued at $2,300, insured for $1000.

Lawson's photographic gallery was totally burnt, and was not insured.

Oliver & Son lost everything, and we do not know whether the property was insured.

Hodge's hat and fur store, where it is said the fire originated, was completely destroyed.

Philion & Lefebvre lost their entire stock of dry goods, but there was a partial insurance to cover the loss.

The Queen's Hall, which was engaged for the Garrison ball, was totally destroyed.

The proprietor of the entire property that has been destroyed sustains a loss of $25,000, which will be in a measure reduced by an insurance of $13,000.

Pratt's brick block adjoining has suffered considerably.

TO LET

Good Dwelling House with five excellent bedrooms, dining-room, drawing room and parlor, on Metcalfe street, within three doors of Sheriff Powell's residence. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM.

County Council.

SECOND DAY.

The Council met at nine o'clock, a. m., yesterday.

The Solicitor's opinions *in re* the Model School were read. He held that the building was the property of the county, and that steps should be taken to recover it.

In the matter of Jury expenses he thought the city should bear a greater proportion than hitherto. He laid down the law on the subject for the information of the Council, and in support of his opinion.

The Solicitor was instructed to demand possession of the Duke street School house.

Mr. Rivington was placed on the Committee on Roads and Bridges, in place of the late Reeve of Huntley, Mr. Armstrong.

On motion of Mr. Anderson the question in dispute with the city, as to the proposition of the jury expenses to be borne by the latter, the Solicitor was authorized to refer the matter to Judge Lyon.

The Clerk was authorized, on motion of Mr. Smith, to notify to city newspapers, that tenders for publishing convictions, &c, would be received up to Thursday next.

Messrs. W. Wilson, A. Burritt and R. Bradley, a deputation from the Reformed Episcopal Church, were then heard at the Bar of the Council. They asked permission to use the Court House for worship until they could find other accommodation. The request was granted.

On motion of Mr. Clark, a grant of $300 was given to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society, and the Council adjourned until 2:30.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.

First Day.

The Court of Quarter Sessions opened yesterday morning before His Honor Judge Armstrong. His Honor made a lengthy address to the Grand Jury, complimenting them on the lightness of the docket.

The following civil cases were disposed of:—

Moss *et el vs.* Long.—Verdict by consent for plaintiff for $203.21.

Shannon *vs.* Hawley.—Verdict by consent for for plaintiff for $131.42.

Currier *et al vs.* Skead.—Verdict for plaintiff for $612.24.

Saunder *vs* Long *et al.*—Verdict of plaintiff for $204 48.

Ontario Bank *vs.* Brigham.—Verdict for plaintiff $192 78.

McMastery *vs.* Holbrook.—Verdict for plaintiff for $145 13.

Griffin *vs.* Arless *et al.*—Verdict for plaintiff for $597 29.

O'Gara *vs* Stockdale.—Verdict for plaintiff for $152 29.

O. R. N. Co *vs.* Goodwin.—Verdict for plaintiff for $326.08

Mann *vs.* Martin *et al.*—Verdict for plaintiff for $150 84

Baldwin *et al vs.* Kenna.—Verdict for plaintiff for $134.72.

LARCENY—A girl named Smith, was arrested on Saturday last, for stealing a dozen of baskets from Mrs. Bower's store, on the corner of Cumberland and Besserer Streets. She will be tried before the magistrate to-morrow morning.

CIRCUS.—Stickney and Son's celebrated Circus will make its grand entry into the city this morning, and will exhibit for the first performance at 3 o'clock, p m. Remember the place on Theodore Street in rear of St. Joseph's College. The circus has a good reputation, having fine horses, fine actors, and everything complete. Pete Conkling, the celebrated clown will doubtless amuse the multitude.

A MASS MEETING of children will be held in Bank Street Church this afternoon, at four o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by the Rev. J. H. Wilson and Rev. J. Burns, the delegates to the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church. These gentlemen will also address a meeting to be held in the same place, at eight o'clock in the evening, when they will give an account of the great revival now in progress in Scotland, and which has attracted the attention of the Christian world for some time past.

Mid-Night Desptches.

ENGLAND.

The Moors on the War Path.

LONDON, June 9.—A later despatch from Morocco says 50 of the Sultan's troops were killed and wounded in the attack on the city of Fez.

Carlist Strength

The *Times* this morning in an editorial commenting on the communication recently sent to various powers by the Spanish Government, says it is a hint that the time approaches when the Spanish Government must be received within the pole of nations, on terms of equality. Limits of the Carlists strength on Carlist grounds, are now pretty well defended, and when the national army resumes operations it is not likely to encounter effectual resistance.

UNITED STATES.

Murder and Incendiarism.

RUTLAND, Vt., June 9—At six o'clock this morning, a fire broke out in a house of ill fame kept by Annie Friezel, and was entirely consumed. Part of a woman's body was rescued from the flames, which showed that she had been murdered. Her throat was cut and there were stab wounds on her breast; she was known to have money and jewellery valued at $1,000. None of which can be found.

Indian Revolt.

WASHINGTON, June 9. Information has been received at the Army Headquarters of the movement on the part of Comanche and Cheyenne Indians against the whites in general and the people of Texas particularly. They evince determination to move against Fort Sill Reservation and Agency and thence into Texas.

Homeopathic Meeting.

NIAGARA FALLS, June 9,—The sessions of the American Homeopathy began here to-day. Dr. J. J. Youlin, President in his opening address said France has 4,000 homeopathic practitioners and numerous hospitals and dispensaries. Germany has 5,000 practitioners. Great Britain, 400 and Italy 200, while in the United States there are nearly 5000 practitioners. About 300 members are already present.

The New Bridge.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—The first locomotive and passenger cars passed over the bridge to-day.

CUBA.

New Bonds.

HAVANA, June 9—The *Diaro* to-day states that Government has firmly resolved not to issue any more bank bills on account of the treasury, but it cannot disregard finance demands made upon it for the coming campaign against insurgents and to meet the same has decided to issue bonds to the amount of five millions dollars at 8 per cent interest per annum to be refunded in 6 months, and secured on money from Havana lottery.

Principal banking houses, buying and selling gold, are required to place on the doors a daily bulletin of current rates.

TRUNKS, VALISES, BAGS, the cheapest place in the city at
T. SHORES & Co.,
Sparks Street near Bank-st

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

(From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.)

Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerlabel's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday and Thursday, June 10th and 11th.

FOURTH ANNUAL TOUR OF THE

Boston Theatre Comique

This mammoth organization will appear each evening in side splitting and mirth provoking COMEDIES, DRAMAS, BURLESQUES, FARCES, SONGS, BANJO SOLOS, DANCES, &c

Scale of prices—
General admission, 50 and 25 cents.
Reserved Seats, 75 cents; to be had four days in advance at Gowan's store.

Thursday, entire change of Bill.

J. E. OGDEN, Agent.

June 8, 1874. 2589

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

Pain Killer

The Great

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhoea, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1874.

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, The Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitilizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1.00.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of May, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs and under and in pursuance of the provisions of the "Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," and the Acts amending the same, and of the Act passed in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled: "An Act relating to Shipping and for the registration inspection and classification thereof,"

His Excellency the Governor General, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Ports of Darlington and Whitby, in the Province of Ontario, Ports for the registration of Shipping, and such Ports are hereby constituted and appointed accordingly.

His Excellency, under the authority aforesaid, has further been pleased to constitute and appoint the Collectors of Customs at the said Ports respectively to be Registrars of Shipping thereat.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

June 5th.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Saturday, 9th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT;

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 4th and 5th sections of the Act passed in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma and Province of Ontario be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs with Warehousing privileges and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of Sault Ste. Marie.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

June 5th.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria Building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to
R. C. MACQUAIG,
Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2567

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

73 37 ydaw

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts.	now	11¼
2,500 "	20	"	14¾
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	22½
2,085 "	35	"	26¾
2,275 "	40	"	31
2,050 "	50	"	38¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90	now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,800 "	1 40	"	1 25
1,575 "	1 55	"	1 28½
850 "	1 75	"	1 40½
500 "	2 00	"	1 47½
400 "	3 00	"	2 80

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts.	now	14
Assortment	20	"	16
Plain Black	25	"	19½
and	30	"	22
Coloured	35	"	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	13cts.	now	9¼
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,025 "	15	"	12½
2,150 "	18	"	15
3,185 "	20	"	16

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

White and Grey Cottons.	Old Price.		Sale Price.
	10cts.	now	7¼
	13	"	10¾
	15	"	12¾
	17	"	14¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costomes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

White and	15c.	now	12½
	20	"	15½
Coloured	25	"	19
	30	"	23
Cotton	35	"	26¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batisles and Lawns.

83,000 yards.	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts	now	18¼
Stripe	25	"	19
Muslins	30	"	25
4,000 yards	35	"	28¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	15¾
Splendid	25	"	19¾
Assortment	30	"	22
	35	"	26¼
	45	"	35

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16
475 "	25	"	19
380 "	30 and 35	"	23 & 26

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60	now	$3 75
	6 75	"	5 75
Polonaises	8 60	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 60

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats..........Peacock
Christy's Hats..........Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats..........Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats..........Peacock
Wolseley Hats..........Peacock
Castellar Hats..........Peacock
Cheltenham Hats..........Peacock
Spencer Hats..........Peacock
Sorento Hats..........Peacock
Cordova Hats..........Peacock
Venosti Hats..........Peacock
Clinton Hats..........Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

AUCTION SALE.

—OF A—

FAMILY CARRIAGE,

TOP BUGGY, and

ENGLISH DOG CART.

The subscriber has been favoured with the above consignment of Carriages from a Montreal house, to be sold without any reserve. The sale will take place at his rooms, 5 Rideau st. est, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 6th,

The lot consists of one Family Carriage, with pole and shafts; one Top Buggy; one English Dog Cart. Sale without reserve and FOR CASH. Sale to take place at 11 a. m.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer

The above sale has been postponed until TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 9th, to take place at the same hour and place.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

June 6, 1874. 2588-6in

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS.

Attractive, Useful and very Popular!

CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS

For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.

River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Cantata of Esther, Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.

Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes. 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.

River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book, 75c.

River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.

Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass.

Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of R. W. Pearse, Esq., C. E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works stipulated in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,

Main-St.,

HULL, P. Q.

2366-4m.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.

Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2575

Slaughter! Slaughter.

SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.20, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st AND Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. 2545-2m W. E. BROWN.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds		82½c
15 " Fine Scotch	do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg		2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.		
200 Men's Shooting Coats		3.50
150 " Sac Coats		2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.		

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 28, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2564y

NOW COMPILING,

A NEW AND IMPROVED

DIRECTORY OF OTTAWA,

With which will be included

New Edinburgh, Hull, Rochesterville and Aylmer.

The publisher, in announcing his intention to produce a new edition of a Directory of Ottawa, begs to state that no pains or expense will be spared to render the work as accurate as possible, and in order to insure it second to none every inhabitant will be personally called upon.

The Directory will consist of Street, Alphabetical and Classified Business Lists; together with full information respecting all ecclesiastical and magesterial functionaries, public institutions, railways, carries and conveyances, post offices, telegraphs, &c., to which will be added a list of churches and chapels, with the names of their presiding ministers and times of service. The Publisher has pleasure in stating that he has secured the services of Mr. J. S. Rowe, who has compiled several similar works in various parts of England and Scotland, and who, with efficient assistants, has already commenced the compilation.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

The Directory will not only be circulated extensively throughout the City and neighborhood, but also in Toronto, Montreal, Quebec and other important places, thereby rendering it a desirable medium of advertising.

Price to Subscribers, $1.00; to Non-Subscribers, $2.50.

PRICES OF ADVERTISEMENTS.

Whole Page	$12	Third of Page	$4
Half Page	$6	Quarter of Page	$3

A. S. WOODBURN,
Publisher.

Directory Office—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

June 8, 1874. 2589 4

NEW CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—26 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S,

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S

31 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.

March 18, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stage leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD..112¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 5.

GRAIN.

	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 00
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 5 —Receipts of hogs 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1.18¼ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64¼c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62½c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46½c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91½c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8½c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4½c, Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 5. Cotton, dull at 18½ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged.

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17.05.

Lard, 15 1-6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c. for State and new

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. ... ard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'Send ... 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, I have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes —"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We ha... to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once,

J. METCALFE.
2577

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-St., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N. B.—A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 3557-3m

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated "*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*" of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York.
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

Mails.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.B., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia and Vancouver's Island; Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and Sanfrancisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

NEW Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the ... referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO.
2574

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample ... ms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE, Proprietor.
Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees [well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871], take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2513y

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000		
6 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500		
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200		
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100		

400 Gold Watches.................................$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines.............................60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos................................250 to 700
50 " Melodeons....................................50 to 200
Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $15,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5, 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO., 48 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 3550-2m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 26th, 1874. 2579-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Copartnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Grant, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned.

W. A. ARMSTRONG.
Ottawa, May 16th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 2b1 5-6m

"QUITE INDISPENSIBLE."—*Nation.*

Ready this Day:

THE CANADIAN

PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION

FOR 1874,

Edited by Henry J. Morgan, Barrister-at-Law,

Containing the usual biographical data respecting the members of both Houses of the Federal Parliament and of the several Local Assemblies, their political predilections, and pledges, &c.; Official Returns of the last General Election; sketches of the chief officers of the Civil Service; the addresses of the chiefs of political parties; the "platforms" of parties; list of political societies and organizations, &c.

TO BE HAD AT
E. A. PERRY'S.
Elgin-St.
May 14, 1874.

Easter Beef

AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.
April 2, 1874.

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.

A New Glee Book

For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each. Sent per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor:
Peters' Eclectic..................Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor:
Kinkel's New Method..................Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice:
Ludden's School for the Voice.....Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor:
Worrall's Guitar..................Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices:
Sangerfest..................Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices:
Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book..................Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home:
The Cluster..................Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book:
Fairy Echoes..................Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion:
Sedgwick's Complete Method.....Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina:
Sedgwick's Complete Method.....Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by

J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work.

A New Music Book

For Public Schools. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.

Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c. &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No ... is really cheap at any price, nor worth buy...

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the

LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
April 29, 1874. 86 A ...-st., New York City

DATURA TATULA.

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's
PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H. I. M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King street west Toronto Ontario.

REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars

Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 ... per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking ... Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp ... Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggi... Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING ROOMS,

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

T. E. MOORE

RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can new make up the tangled saving of the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 SPARKS-ST.

May 1, 1874.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED,
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874.

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to. Persons requiring Coffin Trimmings, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.
F... 18

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 percent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by Sep. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Mazurkas, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment, 160 pages Sheet Music size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements. Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers" containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

C... to attract general attention as one of the ... SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever publ... $30 per Hundred.
... ove Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city
—ALSO—
A complete assortment of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place
Sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.
Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,
Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre
Feb. 6, 1874. 2485 ly

THOS. S. SARNEY,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER

AND

AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances,

Light Engines and General Machinery

For inventors and parties requiring experimental work done, T. S. S. has fitted up a strictly private work-shop, replete with best tools and machinery. His personal attention given to work of this kind.

Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
April 8, 1874. 2538-tf

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St.: Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2561y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, by private contract, Lot No 65, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a

COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x20, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

Apply to, A. BOWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent
Ottawa, March 17th, 1874.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mixed	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mixed	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

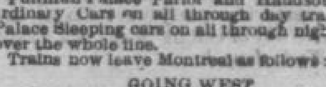
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.30 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..........9 00 a.m.
Night Express..........9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations..........6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations..........5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at..........1.30 p.m
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations..........6 45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations..........2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at 5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at..........10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe..........11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers at..........2.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at..........3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will no be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leaves Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.
W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874 2489y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary at War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent fo Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 8 Sparks Street.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET.

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do Felt Boots—wool lined. Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
No. 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOF-CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CUPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 3 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. REIFFENSTEIN.

Caution.

GENUINE PANCREATINE PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them ... set forth as possessing the ... ties of the true preparation, ... are in reality either ... pounds, ointments or pomades, ... trace of the Pancreatic principle ... tirely unfit and useless ... These imitations are calculated to ... serious disappointment and to ... affect the reputation which the ... Pancreatine and Pancreatic ... have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the ... on the bottles for the name and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE,"

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

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Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essential Almond or Prussic Acid. It was ... alkaline, indicating free alkali, which acting upon the fat, produced the ... ifying result; the whole forming ... the moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine, water. This ointment was physically, chemically different from the ... creatic Emulsion which I have ... ined, and which, besides ... Pancreatic juice, has the ... appearance and consistency ... cream, is palatable and ..."

Wholesale Agents for Canada, Messrs. LYMANS, CLARE & Co., ... Paul Street, MONTREAL. Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & Co., King Street, Toronto

A ... HOME MAGAZINE

Bright! Cheerful! ...

The "Home" takes rank with ... of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

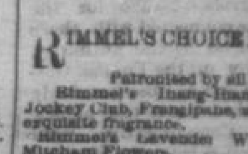
in the country, and more ... of ... an any other ... of the following ... Engravings ...

Fast Premiums ... Premium ...

"Peace Be Unto This House"

The ... "... ..." and "..." Agents wanted ... Send at once for ...

T. S. ARTHUR ...



RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Cold Cream Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

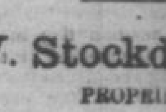
Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London. 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co.

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made order ... latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses,

ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen, give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1911y

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders ... will be satisfactorily filled. ... Lumbermen's inspection to ... Blankets ... Bags, ... Buck and Beef Moccasins ... is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug 6 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

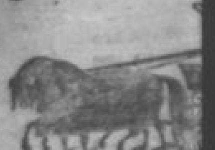
MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalisation, wishes to give lessons in Vocalisation. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between ... 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ... Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre) Centre Town, Ottawa.

VOL. VIII.



ANGUS & ... FUNERAL UN...

38 SPAR...

A good assortment of ... COFFINS AN... SHROUDS, CRAPES, ... graph promptly atten... Jan. 2, 1873.

DR. O. C. WOOD,

Physician, Surgeon and ... st. Day Office opposite ... Street, Centre Town. Night ... Maria Street, Centre Town. Cancers cured without the ... new but certain, speedy ... Reference given to ... if required. Ottawa, May 6, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MAC...

Ottawa, South side of Rideau ... Consultation at all ... Dec. 31, 1873.

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician ... Residence—Albert ... from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to ... Special attention ... replacements of the terms.

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office ... cor and Albert-sts. Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homoeopathic Physician ... coucheur, &c., ... Office and Residence ... posite the Commercial Coll... Ottawa, March 22, 1873.

DR. BUR...

C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C. ... Graduate McGill University ... Northumberland and Dur... Associate Coroner N. and D... Office and Residence:—C... Sparks sts. April 29, 1874

W. McCONNELL, ...

Surgeon ...

Graduate of the Philadelphia ... of the Royal College of ... Ontario. OFFICE—41 Sparks-st. March 21, 1874.

GAILLON & CHRYS...

Barristers and Att... Solicitors in Chancery, Notari... Office—Hardy's Block, Rid... G. TAILLON. Ottawa, June ... 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM

The undersigned have ag... ship for the practice of L... Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys ...

G. B. L. F... M. O'GARA ... H. LAPIE... E. A. P. R...

Feb. 5, 87

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & ...

BARRISTERS, ATTOR... TORS CONVEYAN...

(Of the late firm of L... OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ott... H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRI... Feb. 5, 1874

SCHAMBAULT & L...

Notary Public and ...

Notary ... A... have opened an office conj... Hull, Province of Quebec ... all Notarial and Legal bus... Province of Quebec or On... given to the collection of ac... Hull, Jan 10, 1874.

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOL...

No. 12 St. James-S... Sept. 9, 1873.

W. MARSHAL M...

Barrister, Attorney, ... OFFICE ... Master in Chance... COURT HOU... OTTAWA

ROBERT CASSELS, J...

Barrister, Attorney, ... Elgin-st., opposite ... March 4, 1874.

C. V. H. FER...

ADVOCAT... Temporary Office at Dr. J... MAIN STREET, Hull, March 9, 1874.

THE HON. JOHN O'...

BARRISTER, SOL... (Successor to William ... Mosgrove's Building, ... March 7, 1874.

WILSON & ... Carvers & ...

LOOKING-GL... PICTURE ... MANUFACT... 60 Spa... SHOW CASES MA... March 12, 1874.

DONALD S. GRANT

INSURANCE & REAL ... Mortgages purchased, and ... Office—No. 5 Bell's Block ... Nov. 27 1873.

F. YIEL...

Issuer of Marria...

Office:—G. ELWELL'S ... Street, and at T.C. BRIGH... Street, opposite Hamilton ...

SMOKERS!

For a Good ...

—USE THE ...

MYRTLE ...

THE WILLIAMS

SING... SEWING ...

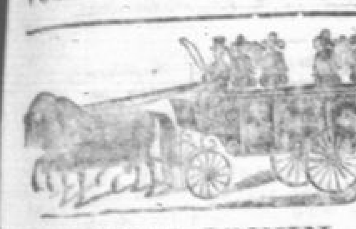
—TOOK ... ALL THE FIRST ... OTTAWA IN ... 1872 AND ...

They are used by nearly ... all the Tailors, Dress-Makers ... They do the best work, ... the best satisfaction ... Agents wanted on salary ... and other popular ... Co. or address.

GEO...
March, 1874.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2592 — OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS



ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.

Jan. 7, 1873. 2476-ly

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Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks St., Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

Ottawa, May 6, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.

Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and ... of the eyes. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.

Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.

Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2593y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M. L. C. P. S. L. C., M. C. P. S. O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D. Office and Residence:—Corner of Bugh and Sparks sts.

April 29, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

OFFICE—61 Sparks-st.

March 2, 1874. 2522y

TILLON & CHRYSLER,

Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.

Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.

Office—Batty's Block, Rideau Street.

G. TILLON, F. H. CHRYSLER.

Ottawa, June 1 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.

Feb. 1, 1874. 2488

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,

(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)

OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

J. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.

Feb. 4, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

ARCHAMBAULT, ANDREW LEAMY, Notary Public. Advocate.

Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.

Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.

Sept. 8, 1873. 2362-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c

OFFICE:

Master in Chancery Chambers,

COURT HOUSE,

OTTAWA CANADA.

ROBERT CASSELS, JR.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,

Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.

March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,

ADVOCATE.

Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,

MAIN STREET, HULL.

Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,

(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)

Mr. Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.

March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 25143

DONALD M. GRANT,

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT

Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated. Office—No. 1 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nov. 13, 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

OFFICE—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

—TOOK—

ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.

Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. ...

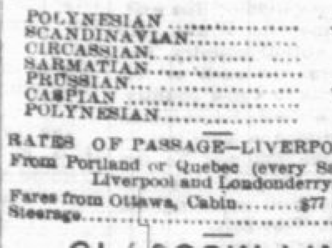
GEO. DAWSON,
66 Sparks-st., Ottawa

April, 1874. 2567-3m

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



POLYNESIAN	June	6
SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin ......$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage $29 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

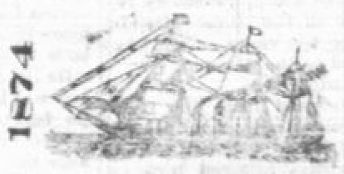
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, DELTA.

The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from

LONDON

For Quebec and Montreal

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,

(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from

QUEBEC FOR LONDON

ABOUT 7th MAY.

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.

April 14, 1874. 2548.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

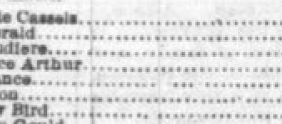
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.

OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2?54



ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daly
Jason Gould	Trigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.

Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted] at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:30 o'clock, p. m.

A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.

Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS ......P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.

Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.

The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.

Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.

Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.

R. W. SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

GOOD TIMES COMING

—IN—

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,

—IN—

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,

C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)

May 13, 1874.

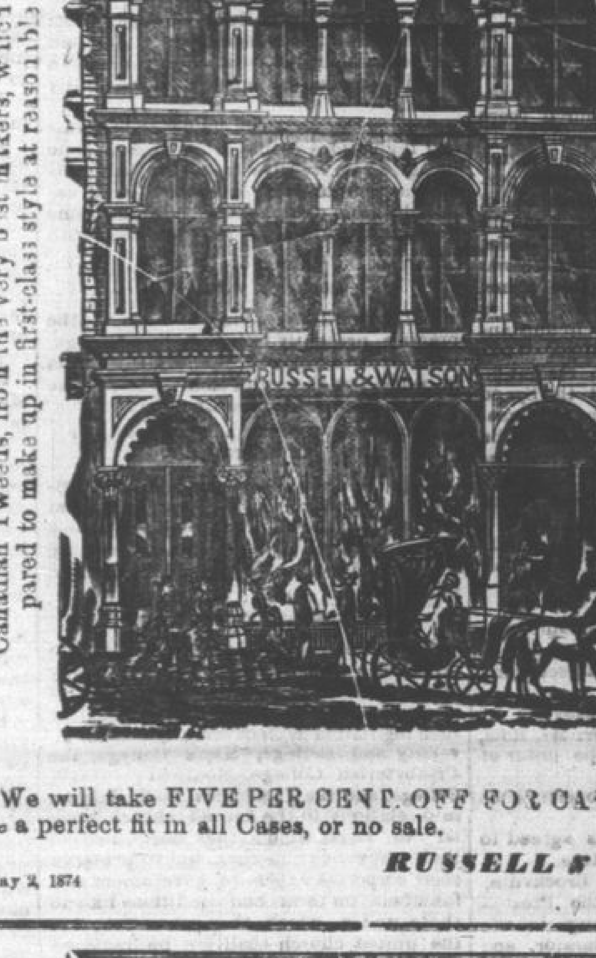
Tailoring Department.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS

—COMPRISING—

FRONTERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Beaver, Elysian, Witney and Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.



WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of DOESKINS, CASSIMERES and FRENCH SERGES.

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.

RUSSELL & WATSON

May 2, 1874

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER

BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.

All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

, 1874. 2484

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo	75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner	60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold	$1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

139 SPARKS-ST

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL

Branches of Builders Work!—

Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application.

COAL and WOOD STOVES.

HOUSEFURNISHINGS.

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.

N. S. BLASDELL & Co.

Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,

Ottawa, Sept. 12, 1873. 2369

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer ...

A LARGE VARIETY OF

GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER

SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT

DACIER'S DRUG STORE,

43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.

March 28, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS

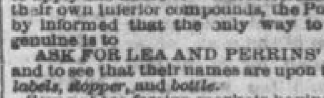
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free — Employment at your homes or travelling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash Wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send at once, Clemenont, Daniels & Co., 236 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

L. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.

No. 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.

J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

PLANTS!

Plants, Plants,

10,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.

ALSO:

A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—
Verbenias.
Petunias.
Asters.
Stocks.
Balsams.
Everlasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c., &c.

For sale at reasonable prices at

ANDREW HICKEY'S,
Bank Street Road,
adjoining Rideau Canal.

2566-1m

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.,

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES.—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c. And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medalists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES

Selected, and Shipping orders executed ... and despatch 245

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME — $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address

R J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH

Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.

$2 a year, with premium; $1.50 without.

J. ACKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.

May 7, 1874. 2561-1m

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 | Five Prizes $500 | Ten Prizes $100 } Greenbacks.

Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.

June 1 1874 2554 d&w

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS

Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

BOARD,

MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.

May 5, 1874.

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria Streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices,

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.

Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.

A. R. GILES,
Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.

Made and for sale at Eight Dollars.

June 3, 1874. 2585-y

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 21st day of May, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs and under and in pursuance of the provisions of the "Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," and the Acts amending the same, and of the Act passed in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled: "An Act relating to Shipping and for the registration, inspection and classification thereof."

His Excellency the Governor General, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Ports of Darlington and Whitby, in the Province of Ontario, Ports for the registration of Shipping, and such Ports are hereby constituted and appointed accordingly.

His Excellency, under the authority aforesaid, has further been pleased to constitute and appoint the Collectors of Customs at the said Ports respectively to be Registrars of Shipping thereat.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

June 5th.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Saturday, 9th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT;

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 4th and 5th sections of the Act passed in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma and Province of Ontario be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs with Warehousing privileges and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of Sault Ste. Marie.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

June 5th.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to

R. C. MACCUAIG,
Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2567

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

73 87 ydaw

A Race for Life.

In the winter of 1855-'56 a couple of Canadian voyaguers, by the name of Nicholas and Jules Semineau, were caught in a terrible snow storm while taking up their traps on the head of Big Horn River, in the Rocky Mountains. The storm lasted for several days, nor was there any hope of escape until the snow should become compact enough to bear their weight upon snow-shoes.

The voyaguers were yet striplings, scarcely arrived at age. Hitherto their father had accompanied them upon their expeditions, but he was now at his ranch on the great overland route.

The *tepee*, or lodge, of the brothers, consisted of a couple of buffalo hides stretched in front of an overhanging rock that overlooked the river.

Here were stowed their furs, neatly tied up in small bales, made up principally of the skins of minks, otters and beavers, with a few pelts of the silver fox. Over these were laid robes which served them for a bed. A little fire was replenished from time to time by the dry branches of pine and cedar, of which they fortunately had an ample supply. Thus they were enabled to pass the days pleasantly, notwithstanding the raging of the element without. Up the canon through which the river flowed the wind sucked and roared terribly. The icy face of the stream was soon cleared of snow, which drifted into the lateral canons, gorging them completely.

In order to pass away the time, the young men busied themselves in making skates from the horns of an elk. The art of skating they had learned while boys, on the broad bosom of the St. Lawrence.

Their meat running short, Nicholas concluded to have a run on his skates up the river, with the hope of killing an elk which were numerous on the pine-covered slopes of the mountain.

Rifle in hand, he started in high spirits, gliding by rocky cape and frowning promontory, made by the sharp bends and curves of the river. Where the acclivities were gentler, forests of the yellow pine, cedar and juniper lifted their dark green heads, now burdened with a weight of snow. The quick gaze of Nicholas searched in every shelter for the mighty antlers of the elk, or the blue coat of the black-tailed deer, the best of all venison.

It was not long before he spied a herd of the latter, of which he had the good luck to kill two. The saddles of these he secured together, strapped them around his shoulders and started on his return home, distant about four miles.

He skated leasurely along, humming a light French air, when suddenly his ears were struck by an unearthly cry, when he at once recognised as the roar of the mountain lion, and he could distinguish, also, that the cries proceeded from more than one.

He quickened his pace. His skates rang hard against the solid ice. The cries became clearer, and he instinctively felt that he was pursued.

Fear lent him wings. He dropped a saddle, hoping thereby to satisfy the hunger of the lions. He found presently, however, that they made no halt. It was the young man they raged after, and naught but his blood would appease them.

He now cast aside his remaining saddle and his rifle, and leaned forward upon his skates with all the power he possessed. Yet the beasts gained rapidly upon him. He could hear their mighty bounds. At times he fancied he could feel their hot breath. He gazed over his shoulders and the glance revealed the lions, their mouths wide open, and their bloodless tongues hanging over their jaws, while their cries were as frequent as the baying of a blood hound.

He was now compelled to double on his course, the weight and impetus of the lions carrying them beyond him. Happily, Nicholas preserved his presence of mind, and by all his skill as a skater, combined with wonderful activity, he eluded the efforts made by the lions to seize him, and drew slowly towards home. Presently he saw the smoke curling from under the rocky shelf, and as he shot past his ears were greeted by the welcome crack of a rifle, and one of the lions tumbled over dead almost at his feet. The voyageur turned toward the rock, Jules had reloaded. His unerring aim stretched the remaining lion upon the ice, and Nicholas was saved. It was months, however, ere he fully recovered from the superhuman efforts made by him in his race for life.

The next summer he served as a guide, and it was while fishing in the same river that he related to the writer this thrilling adventure.—*Edward B. Wheaton, in "What Next?"*

The American Medical Association.

This important Association has been holding its annual meeting during the past week in the city of Detroit. Its members consist of representatives from the various States of the Union and they are among the leading medical men of the nation, as practitioners and writers. The committee of management, with much courtesy, extended invitations to some of the principal medical men of Canada. We notice by the Detroit papers, which contain full reports of the proceedings, that several Canadians responded to the fraternal invitation to be present and take part in the debates. Dr. Grant, of Ottawa, Dr. McLean, of Kingston, Drs. Richardson, Canniff and C. B. Hall, of Toronto, and Dr. Moore, of London, were elected members by invitations, and took their seats in the Assembly. These annual meetings of the American Association are always the occasion of some great hospitality by the city where convened. The meeting at Detroit has been no exception to the rule. Many of the citizens vied with each other in offering hospitality to the delegates. Each evening was the scene of brilliant entertainments at various mansions. On Tuesday evening, among others, the Mayor of Detroit gave a reception. On Wednesday evening the Governor of the State of Michigan and his lady gave an "At Home;" also the Hon Philo Parson and others. On Thursday evening among those who gave receptions were the Hon. James J. Joy and lady, the Hon. E. A. Brush and lady, and Dr. and Mrs. Brodie, the chairman of the committee of management. At all of these, places refreshment rooms were furnished with the most lavish prodigality with luxuries to please the most delicate palate. Besides the entertainments several other methods of enjoyment were arranged for the visitors. The Board of Inspectors, the Fire Department, and other corporations showed the members attention. A delightful excursion upon the River Detroit from Lake St. Clair to Lake Erie also formed a prominent part of the festivities. Those who had the privilege of participating in the various meetings of the Association and the pleasurable entertainments will not soon forget the occasion. The Canadians particularly have reason to cherish a warm recollection of the distinguished attention they received on all hands."

LONDON, June 9.—The *Times* correspondent, at Paris, telegraphs that it is expected that M. Dulaurin in a few days will as the Committee on the Constitution of Laws come to a vote on the first article of the bill introduced in May, 1873, providing that the Government consist of a Senate Chamber of representatives and the President of the Republic and if the Committee rejects the article, the Left Centre will move in the Assembly to refer a similar proposition to the new Commission. Should this fail, the Left Centre as a last resort will move the dissolution of the Assembly. In the event of an adverse vote on the motion of Deputies belonging to all sections of the Left may possibly resign *en masse.*

A GERMAN CRIMINAL.

Charles Eggler, Convicted of the Murder of Ettie Conkling Sent to Germany for Punishment.

AUBURN, N. Y. June 5 1874.—To-day was to have been one of note in this city. Charles Eggler, convicted of the deliberate and brutal murder of Ettie Conkling, in Cayuga county, something over a year ago, was to have been hanged this forenoon, but owing to circumstances without a precedent in this country he escaped punishment, at least in the United States.

Ettie Conkling, the murdered girl, was an orphan, having been taken from the asylum of Cayuga county and adopted as the daughter of an aged couple, living on a farm in the southern part of the county. Eggler, a German, worked for them. One Saturday, in April, 1873, the old people went to a neighbouring village to trade, leaving the house in charge of the girl. Eggler was working in the fields. When the farmer and his wife returned home they were horrified to find the dead body of Ettie lying in a hall, between the kitchen and sitting room, in a pool of blood. A dozen knife stabs were found on her person. A large butcher knife lay near the girl's dead body. Eggler was no where to be found. It was at once conjectured that he had outraged the girl and then brutally murdered her. Search was immediately made for him and he was captured on the Sunday following in Tompkins County. On being arrested Eggler told, in effect, the following story,—

STATEMENT OF THE ACCUSED.

About the middle of the forenoon on Saturday he went to the house to get a luncheon. The girl would not give him any. He could speak very little English and she had made him the butt of her ridicule, and tormented him from the day he went to work at the farmer's. When she refused to get him the luncheon and would not let him get it himself a quarrel ensued between them. A knife lay on the table near them. Ettie Conkling picked it up and flourished it as if about to stab the German. He seized her hand and wrenched the weapon away from the girl. She was large and muscular, and sprang upon him. He was afraid she would kill him, and stabbed her several times, and, seeing that he had killed her, he feared the consequences and fled.

THE TRIAL AND CONVICTION.

Eggler was lodged in jail. His trial came on in this city, and he was convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to be hanged on the 5th of June. His counsel, E. D. Jackson, of this city, believed Eggler was not guilty of wilful murder, and carried the case to the Court of Appeals, when the judgment of the Court below was affirmed. Application was then made to Governor Dix for commutation of sentence. Numerous petitions were laid before the Governor, together with the evidence in the case. He declined to interfere with the sentence of the Court, and it seemed that Eggler was doomed. In this strait his counsel learned that there was a provision in the treaty between the United States and Germany to the effect that German subjects convicted of crime in this country may be taken home for punishment, and *vice versa.* Mr Jackson at once proceeded to Washington and held an interview with Baron Von Schloezer, the German Minister. He was willing to take the responsibility of sending Eggler home, if the Governor of this State would consent to release him into his custody. Governor Dix was applied to, and he was willing to have the convicted murderer sent to Germany for punishment. Consequently a conditional pardon was granted to Eggler. The Sheriff of Cayuga county took him to New York, and he is now on his way to Germany. He is to be imprisoned in Baden until his sentence is pronounced in that country.

As no one under eighteen years of age committing a capital offence is punishable with death there Eggler will escape the gallows, as he was but seventeen when he committed the crime.

EAST AFRICAN SLAVE TRADE.

Does the Sultan of Zanzibar Wink at the Traffic?

From the London Globe, May 25.

According to a memorial presented to Mr. Disraeli yesterday by an influential deputation, the treaty of June last between Her Majesty and the Sultan of Zanzibar is completely inoperative. By it the Sultan agreed to stop the export of slaves from the African mainland, and to close all slave markets within his dominions. It does not appear to be alleged that the ruler of Zanzibar has broken faith in carrying out the provisions of the treaty. But that they have been successfully evaded by the traders engaged in this iniquitous traffic is very evident. An overland route having been established from Lamo to Brava. Dr. Kirk recently reported that in the short space of six weeks 2,804 slaves had been forwarded by this road, or at the rate of about 25,000 per annum. Many other violations of the treaty having been last year reported to Lord Granville, it seems high time that it was either rescinded altogether or put in force. If the Sultan is unable, as stated, to prevent the inland slave trade in his dominions, another treaty should be made giving England the right to suppress the atrocious commerce by any means she may consider most efficacious. But in all probability the Zanzibar potentate winks at these evasions of a treaty which was extorted from him against his will. The duty on slaves having formed an important part of his revenue, he could not be induced to forbid the traffic until Sir Bartle Frere had employed a good deal of that moral compulsion which results from the proximity of a British naval force. Viewing the firm hold still maintained by slavery and slave dealing in many remote parts of the world, all civilized powers should unite in stamping out this disgrace to humanity.

The Premier in Kingston.

The Premier, accompanied by Col Fletcher, Military Secretary to the Governor General, arrived in Kingston this morning and put up at the British American Hotel. At 9 o'clock, in company with His Worship the Mayor, Dr. Sullivan, Mr. Carruthers, Mr. Fraser and Mr. Britton, Mr. Mackenzie proceeded to the Tete du Pont Barracks, where he was received by Lieutenant Colonel Jarvis, D. A. G., Major Irwin and the officers of A Battery. A visit was made to Point Frederick and Fort Henry, and a very close and minute inspection made of the fortifications and buildings. The guns of A Battery were drawn up on Barriefield common, and the band of the Battery played under the leadership of Mr. Rackett. The morning sun was shining beautifully, and the city looked charming, as it always does, from the Fort in summer. The party left the city in the afternoon for Ottawa.—*Daily News.*

THE effect of the greatest triumph in medicine can be only transitory, whilst man persists in the gratification of vicious and pernicious habits, and strength to subdue the passions is the best guarantee of mental vigor, and of becoming a strong and long-lived man. There are very explicit directions on this point accompanying Fellows' Hypophosphites for whereby quickly a patient may recover and approach towards robust health, be must abolish the habits and practices which induced the disease, and which may tend to hopeless recovery.

POND'S EXTRACT, a medical remedy known twenty-five years, and steadily increasing in reputation.

CLARET!

Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin, Margaux.
Do do Medoc.
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Wellington-st.

May 19, 1874 2581

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2523-3m

PANAMA HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats

AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS

—AT—

DEVLIN's.

March 25, 1874. 2503-

STICKNEY & SONS'

WORLD'S CIRCUS!

S. P. STICKNEY & SONS. . . Proprietors.

WILL EXHIBIT IN

OTTAWA

—ON LOT—

ON THEODORE STREET, IN REAR OF ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE.

—ON—

Wednesday AND Thursday

June 10th and 11th.

Two Grand Performances Daily.

Afternoon at 2 o'clock. Evening at 8.

Doors open one hour previous.

Mr. STICKNEY most respectfully calls the attention of the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity to the fact that this Circus is organized, equipped and furnished in Montreal, for the express purpose of travelling in the Canadas, and every attention has been given to procuring the very best Artistes in the Profession, and with the intention of making

STICKNEYS' WORLD CIRCUS

Second to none. Every effort will be made to please and amuse. While making no show of waggons and used-up-horses, our performances will be the very best in the country, rendered by the ladies and gentlemen, the best in the profession.

An Array of Talent Wholly Unequalled in the Country!

Every Act New! Every Act Good!

Go early and see the grand entree.

The best Clown the best Riders, the handsomest Ladies, in fact the best Circus ever in Canada.

PROFF. E. PERRY, . . Leader of Band.

General Admission 25c. Reserved Carpeted Seats 50c.

June 10, 1874. 2591-2

RINK MUSIC HALL.

LUCCA!

Messrs. M. & M. STRAKOSCH respectfully announce the first and only appearance of the world-renowned prima donna,

MME. PAULINE LUCCA,

In one Grand Lucca Concert,

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 17,

At 8 p. m.

Madame Pauline Lucca will on this occasion be assisted by Mlle. Alice Maresi, Miss A. L. Cary, Mr. Tom Karl, Sig. Del Puente, Sig. Evasio Scolara, &c.

Musical Director, . . . Mr. S. Behrens.

Reserved Seats, $2. The sale of tickets will commence on Saturday morning, June 13, at A. & S. Nordheimer's.

June 11, 1874.

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.

June 11, 1874. 2592

WANTED—A set of light samples, to sell up the Ottawa Valley. References given if required. Address G. G. M., Merrickville, Ont.

July 11, 1874. 2592

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and piling the same ready for use.

P LeSUEUR.

June 11, 1874. 2594

CLAIRVOYANT.

Mrs. E. D. HAZELTINE, Clairvoyant Physician, can be seen at the residence of Mr. HORACE MERRILL, CHAUDIERE, ON MONDAY NEXT, the 15th inst., and two weeks following (Saturdays excepted), where she will endeavour to prescribe for all who may favour her with a call.

Terms of examination and prescription, $2.

June 10, 1874. 2591-4

SPRING

IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Are receiving daily shipments of all the delicacies of the season.

Crosse & Blackwell's English List for 1874 is complete in every shape.

PARSON'S CELEBRATED

STILTON CHEESE.

DAVIS' CELEBRATED

HAMS AND BACON

Are worthy of public attention.

OUR SIMCOE RYE

We can recommend as being a genuine article.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
86 Sparks-St.

May 14th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Rink Music Hall—Mme. Lucca.
Found—Times Office.
Wanted—G G M.
Tenders Wanted—P LeSueur.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1874.

There is no truth in the stories afloat yesterday about important changes of Government policy with regard to British Columbia, and important news from that Province. There is no change in the situation, and no ground for excitement or sensational *canards*. To use a common phrase—the country's safe, Opposition rumors to the contrary notwithstanding.

The St. John *Freeman*, the organ of the Roman Catholic Separate School party in New Brunswick, is very severe in its censure of the journals of the opposite party, particularly the religious, specimens of whose appeals to the feelings of their readers are republished. The *Freeman* condemns them as designed to stir up prejudice against the separate school people, and characterises the election of the friends of the existing common schools as fraught with injustice to the Roman Catholics. Our contemporary thus concludes an article on the subject: "When the people of the other Provinces read these extracts, and look at the result of such teachings and exhortations, they will understand the character of our people, and the true state of affairs in this Province, and know that it can not be mended by Colby resolutions."

THE RECENT MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

The *Globe* of the 6th instant contains a full, and upon the whole fair, criticism of the changes entailed by the recent Militia General Order, a few of the leading points of which have reference to the numbers to be drilled, the period of training, and the pay of the Active Militia for the years 1874 and 1875. It takes exception, however, in some degree, to the striking off of some corps from the list for pay at the annual encampment for this and the coming year, and also to the not permitting others, who had not performed the annual drill for 1873 and 1874, to perform it now or hereafter. We are of the opinion, however, taking the General Order of the 3rd June itself, that the grounds upon which the changes have been made are of the most equitable character. The money appropriation for drill purposes for '74, '75, is only sufficient for the training of 30,000 of all ranks, while the entire force numbered something over 46,000; hence it will be seen that some plan had to be adopted for the striking out of 16,000. In considering this plan the great object in view was to avoid doing injustice to any, or at all events to give precedence in the force to those who had, all things considered, best earned it. To effect the required reduction, the acting Adjutant General, as will be seen by the general order above referred to, has pursued the only course, by which, according to our view of the matter, the desired result could be fairly arrived at. First, by striking off all corps that had been gazetted, but never equipped; second, by removing from the active list such corps as had become disorganized; and third, by leaving off the list for pay for '74 and '75, all corps that at the annual drill of '73-'74, had mustered under 30 non-commissioned officers and men. The use of the pruning knife here seems to us to have been highly judicious. The *Globe* claims that in the application of the rule, against corps that had not mustered thirty men at their last drill, some exceptions should be made in favor of companies who had earned a good name and whose quality in every other respect was of a high order. The maintenance of a certain numerical standard is ever as essential to efficiency and as necessary to a deserving character as any other quality; and its absence or a disregard of it must be held to be worthy of the treatment accorded to such corps in the recent General Orders. We cannot see that there is any ground of special indulgence that would fairly free any corps from the operation of this order. It does appear, however, with respect to another point of objection raised by the *Globe*, that it is worthy of consideration. Corps that have been actually caught by the General Order in the act of performing their drill should be dealt with as having "completed" it. But those who might otherwise undertake to do it only after they had been admonished that if they neglected it they would suffer a certain disqualification, are very properly prevented by the strict terms of the General Order. The reduction, we conceive, has been accomplished with remarkable fairness. It would, as far as we can see, be proper under any circumstances, and since the appropriation made by Parliament has been reduced, its propriety is all the more marked.

MR. EDGAR'S MISSION.

What can the Local Administration of British Columbia mean, is a question which may well puzzle the brain of any Canadian, outside the charmed circle of that Cabinet by the sea, after reading the correspondence touching the Edgar Mission, published in the Columbian journals which have reached us within the last two days. It is now matter of notoriety that, in February last, Mr. J. D. Edgar went over to Columbia fully and confidentially authorized by the Dominion Government to confer with the Local Administration of that Province upon public questions with which it was concerned, and especially upon that of the Canadian Pacific Railway. On the 8th ult., Mr. Edgar did by authority make certain definite proposals to the Columbian Administration touching that railway. As we all know to our sorrow and shame, the late Ministry of this Dominion had, as a part of the terms upon which British Columbia entered the Canadian Dominion, stipulated that the Pacific Railway should be commenced within two years, and completed within ten years, of the date of union—that is, of the 1st of July, 1871. Neither gods nor men could presume to say that it was possible for the first of these stipulations to be carried out at the time the present Ministers came into power; for two years and four months had already expired from the date of union, and the work of construction had not commenced. No man who had and wished to retain any reputation for even ordinary judgment, would dare to say that the Pacific Railway could be completed within a little more than seven years from the time the present Ministry came into office. Then beyond all question it was no great favor the Government had to ask the Columbian Administration when the former presented to the latter a formal proposal for an extension of time for the commencement and completion of the railway. The Columbian Government was asked to placidly acquiesce in what was already obviously and unquestionably inevitable.

This was the proposal made by Mr. Edgar on the 8th of May. But, in accordance with the instructions from Ottawa, he proposed much more. He—or rather, the Dominion Government,—offered to the Columbians what, under the circumstances, we must consider certain *gratuitous* favors, and favors of the most generous proportions. The immediate construction of a waggon road and electric telegraph through the Province along the line by the projected railroad as nearly as could be ascertained; and the guaranty of a minimum annual expenditure of one million five hundred thousand dollars upon the work of railway construction until the whole was completed, commencing at the earliest possible moment from the time that a vigorous prosecution of explorations and surveys could cause the line to be located;—this was what Mr. Mackenzie's Government proposed to the Province of Columbia, through Mr. Edgar, not in strictness, it must be observed, as a condition of agreeing to an extension of time for railway construction, for that *had to be*, but as a compensation to that Province for the disappointment and possible distress to which that Province may have been subjected, because the railway works had not been commenced. The existing Ministry were, of course, in no way accountable for the work of construction not having been commenced.

But how has the local administration of British Columbia met this most liberal and generous offer?—this proposal which any reasonable person would have supposed would be eagerly accepted? By most ungraciously professing to doubt Mr. Edgar's authority to treat with them in the matter. We really cannot suppose for a moment that this was aught else but affectation. Mr. Edgar, himself widely and generally known in the Dominion, had presented himself to Attorney General Walkem, the Provincial Premier, with a letter of introduction from the Hon. Mr. McKenzie, stating that Mr. Edgar visited that Province "on public business for the Government." That letter says: "Mr. Edgar will confer with yourself and others of the Government of Columbia on the questions lately agitating the mind of Columbia, and will be glad to receive your views regarding the policy of the Government on the construction of the Railway." The same letter states that but for the near meeting of Parliament, some members of the Government would have gone on the same mission with which Mr. Edgar was entrusted, a fact which, we would suppose, sufficiently indicated that Mr. Edgar was to be treated with, relative to the express objects of his mission, as a member of the Government. This letter throughout clearly shows that Mr. Edgar was sent out to Victoria with plenipotentiary powers, to treat on behalf of the Dominion Government, especially in matters relating to the Pacific Railway. But further, when, on the 18th May, Lieut. Governor Trutch telegraphed to the Government at Ottawa, enquiring the extent of Mr. Edgar's powers to negotiate, Mr. Mackenzie himself replied, referring the Lieut. Governor to his letter of introduction, already referred to, and indicating Mr. Edgar's mission. Yet Mr. Walkem and his colleagues did not see that they could deal with Mr. Edgar.

We shall not apply to the action of the Columbian Administration in this matter the popular, but by no means complimentary, terms by which it might be designated. That it is an evasion of the proposals so fairly and generously put before them, admits of no doubt; and although reminding one of the homely adage—"throw a crust of bread to a snarling dog and he will bite you"—there cannot be urged in their excuse the innate and ineradicable surliness of temper which might be pleaded on behalf of the wretched quadruped. We shall not take the trouble, just now, to discuss the motives—complex, no doubt—which have prompted the Columbian Administration to pursue such an extraordinary course. Neither shall we indulge in any speculations, however well informed we may be so to do, as to the effect of their eccentric policy upon those Columbian politicians themselves. But we must express a hope, which we are very certain will be concurred in by the great mass of the Canadian people, that the Dominion Government will no longer hold out to the Local Government of Columbia generous and gratuitous proposals anent the Pacific Railway.

It is expected that the Reform picnic in the Hon. George Alexander's grove near Woodstock, on Friday afternoon, June 19th, in honour of the Hon. Oliver Mowatt and Mr. T. Oliver, M. P., the representatives of the North Riding, will be a grand affair. The leading Ministers of both the Ottawa and Ontario Governments are expected, including the Dominion Premier and the Hon. L. S. Huntington. Mr. Blake will also probably be present. Among the invited guests are Mr. Scatcherd, M. P., Mr. Walker, M. P, and other western members. Should the weather prove unfavorable, arrangements will be made to hold the demonstration in the Woodstock Town Hall. The excellent and pleasant example of North Oxford will doubtless be followed by other Reform constituencies in Ontario.—*London Advertiser*.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH COURTS.

The morning sederunt of the Canada Presbyterian General Assembly was occupied with no business of general importance. In the afternoon the report of the committee appointed to examine the reports of college boards, was discussed, and its recommendations to a large extent adopted. The report of the Joint Committee on Union was presented by Principal Cavan. It recommended that the fourth article, to which some objection had been taken, having reference to fraternal relations with other churches, be divided into two, somewhat amended in terms, and placed at the head of the series of resolutions appended to the basis. Several amendments of a verbal character were proposed in one or two of the resolutions, and a recommendation was made to the effect that it was desirable the united church should be designated "The Presbyterian Church in Canada." The only reason why this name is not placed in the basis is that the churches of the Maritime Provinces, from political reasons, arising out of the circumstances attending Confederation, seem to have a sort of dread of the name "Canada" without the accompanying designation of "Dominion." The report was adopted, and a resolution was agreed to, sending the preamble, basis, and resolutions down to Presbyteries, Kirk Sessions, and congregations, with instructions to report to the adjourned meeting at Toronto in November. In the evening a committee was appointed to obtain legal advice regarding the legislation necessary to union, and Dr. Topp and Rev. Mr. McTavish were appointed delegates to the churches of the Maritime Provinces to lay before them the proposed amended basis for their consideration and concurrence. It cannot fail to be a source of congratulation and thankfulness to the church to find Mr. McTavish, whose active opposition at one time threatened to be the greatest barrier against the success of the union negociations, thus consenting to become their envoy in the good cause to the other two churches interested. It is to be hoped that this example will have a good effect upon the few who still remain in opposition on both bodies. Of the rest of the business got through at the sitting, the most important was the increase of the salaries paid to professors in the various colleges connected with the church, which however, was carried by a very small majority in a very thin House. After a parting speech by the Moderator, the Assembly adjourned until November, when they will again meet in Knox Church, Toronto, to complete the unfinished business which remains on the docket, and take the final steps on the Union question.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland also got through a large amount of routine business, and amongst other things agreed to the amended basis of union in the form presented by the joint committee, affixing a preamble to the Basis, which has the effect of remitting it to the inferior church courts and congregations for consideration and approval. They, too, have agreed to hold their adjourned meeting in Toronto in November next, and it is not improbable that, following the example of their brethren of the Canada Presbyterian Church, they may adjourn at an early hour to-day, and finish up their business at the autumn sitting.

The Mennonites.

Mr. Hespeler has received a letter from Hamburg informing him that of forty-five families that had started for this country, twenty-eight have been induced to abandon their original intention and go to the United States. The Northern Pacific Railway have an agent at that port, who was instrumental in bringing this about, by his stories of misrepresentation about Canada. The Dawson Road was one of the bugbears which he held up, setting forth that while a strong man might get through alive, women and children scarcely could. We understand that Mr. Hespeler is preparing a pamphlet in the German language for distribution among the Mennonites, as they come to Hamburg, contradicting these imaginary stories. We believe that Mr. Shantz, from Ontario, has made an arrangement with the Government for the erection of reception houses on the reserves, and will be here shortly to proceed with the work.—*Manitoba Free Press*.

Reciprocity with Canada.

The Boston *Advertiser* in treating of the subject says:—There is no objection, as we are aware, to such a treaty, provided it is really a treaty that gives equivalent advantages to both parties. In spite of the advantages so confidently expressed, we do not think the treaty of 1854 was of mutual advantage to the United States and the colonies, and we are unable to see what we should gain in the way of a market by reviving it. There were fifty-two articles and classes of articles which were made reciprocally free by the treaty of 1854. Of these Canada now admits thirty-six articles and classes free without a treaty. What are the remaining articles? The following is a list: Animals, butter, cheese, lard, meats, poultry, tallow, fruits, plants, seeds, shrubs, trees, vegetables, products of fish fish oil These, with the exception of fruits and vegetables, we are not in the way of selling to Canada, as she has in general more to sell than she needs to buy. Fish and fish products of all kinds, we may add, are made reciprocally free by the treaty of Washington, so that there is no occasion for us to make a treaty on account of that trade. Let Canada propose to put cotton, woolen and iron goods into a reciprocity treaty, and it will then be worth considering; but as long as she confines herself to articles of which she produces an excess and of which she needs none from us, the proposed arrangement is liable to be thought one sided."

A SPECIMEN IRISH LANDLORD.—The "Irish Times" says:—The Marquis of Sligo is, in one respect at least, an interesting specimen of an Irish absentee. He is fifty-four years of age, and a member of the Travellers' Club. George John Browne is not only Marquis of Sligo, but Earl of Altamont, Viscount Westport, and Baron Monteagle—titles taken from Irish localities. During the discussion of a Gas Bill lately, one of London lawyers thought he made a hit by saying that "Lord Sligo," who was chairman of the committee, "had a great affection for Sligo." His lordship seems to have thought that to be loved by his tenants in Sligo was anything but desirable. He exclaimed, "I never was in Sligo in my life," which is, of course, true, but it is a shame that it is true We wonder why, being a member of the Travellers' Club, he did not, for the sake of a little variety, just take one trip to the city which gives him his title, and no doubt pays him rent.

On Monday last Mr. Wilmot planted 10 000 young salmon at Duffin's Creek, which were hatched at the Newcastle establishment. During the past season almost half a million of fish have been hatched out at the same place and are now being scattered in the streams throughout the country.

KIRK SYNOD.

EIGHTH DAY.

MORNING SEDERUNT.

The Synod met at 10.30 a. m.

With respect to the order of precedence in which the names of Members of Presbytery shall appear on the roll it was resolved: That they shall be entered according to the date of their latest admission.

THE UNION QUESTION.

Principal Snodgrass reported that the Joint Committees of both churches had met and came to a unanimous agreement with regard to the 4th article of the basis, and to a form of Remit. The reason why he asked the favour of reporting now was that they considered it desirable to have the form printed and placed in the hands of members of the Synod and Assembly before finally deciding about sending it down to inferior judicatories and congregations. The members of this Synod had expressed at the Conference yesterday their willingness that the 4th article should in substance at least appear amongst the accompanying resolutions. The Joint Committee agree that the resolutions should receive appropriate headings, and that one of those headings should be "Relations with other "churches." It was also decided that the substance of the 4th article should appear under this heading. On comparing notes, they found that some of the members of each committee, including himself, had always regarded the form of the 4th article as clumsy. They therefore decided to put it into two paragraphs, which they considered would be no violation in any way of the original design of the clause, while they had made it more explicit. The two resolutions which would come under the head of "Relations to other Churches" would therefore be as follows: That this Church cherishes Christian affection towards the holy church of God, and desires to hold fraternal intercourse with it, in its several branches, as opportunity offers; and, second, that this Church shall, under such terms and regulations as may from time to time be agreed on, receive ministers and probationers from other churches, and especially from churches holding the same doctrine, government and discipline with itself. They propose further that there should be a preamble as follows: That the following Remit be sent down to Presbyteries in terms of the Barrier act, and Kirk sessions and Congregations, with instructions to report thereon to the adjourned meeting of the Synod. Then followed the preamble agreed to, then the 4th article as the first two resolutions with the other resolutions as already agreed to. It was proposed to amend the resolution respecting state aid to educational institutions by reducing it to a simple statement, that in the united Church there would be perfect liberty of opinion with regard to the subject. As to the designation of the United Church there was perfect agreement among the members of the Upper Canadian Church, that it should be the Presbyterian Church in Canada, but in the Maritime Provinces there was a curious feeling, against this name, principally political in character, and in his opinion arising out of the circumstances connected with confederation. They therefore proposed to attach a resolution to the Remit, to the effect that the Synod regarded this name as the proper designation, and they respectfully asked the churches, of the Maritime Provinces to agree to this, the clerk being requested to communicate an extract of the minute to the Synod of those churches.

It was then agreed to print the resolutions, as proposed by Principal Snodgrass.

OVERTURES.

The overture anent the schedule system in church collections, was dropped, a previous deliverance on the subject being considered sufficient.

An overture from the Presbytery of Montreal, supported by the Rev. Mr. Ross, Dundee, anent the revival of the order of Deacons, was taken up.

Mr. Ross moved that the overture be received and adopted.

After some discussion it was agreed to submit the report to a committee.

The Rev. Mr. McGillivray, Brockville, brought up the overture of the Presbytery of Perth, anent the change in the mode of appointing the Moderator, and moved that each Presbytery, at its first meeting after the rising of the Synod, shall nominate a fit and proper person for the office, and that the clerks of the various Presbyteries shall make known such nominations to the Synod clerk, who shall declare to the Synod which of the persons nominated had the majority of votes.

Rev. Mr. Campbell, Renfrew, seconded the motion and supported the overture.

After some further discussion, the Synod adjourned without coming to a conclusion.

AFTERNOON SEDERUNT.

The Synod resumed its sittings at three p.m., the Moderator presiding.

TEMPERANCE COUNCIL.

Rev. Gavin Lang gave in the names of the members of the Temperance Council proposed by him and carried at the afternoon sederunt of yesterday.

OVERTURE AS TO MODERATOR.

The consideration of the overture to change the system of electing Moderators was then resumed.

Rev. Mr. Ross (Dundee), moved the reference of the matter to a Committee to report to next meeting of Synod.

Rev. Mr. Campbell, of Montreal, seconded the motion which was carried after some discussion on the subject.

REPORT ON CHRISTIAN LIFE AND WORK.

Rev. Mr. Morrison, of Owen Sound, presented an elaborate and very interesting report from the Committee on Christian Life and Work. He explained at some length the laxities of church worship in many congregations and advanced some very good suggestions for improvement in this direction.

Rev. Mr. Campbell, of Montreal, expressed his sympathy with the whole tenor of the report, and moved a resolution to the effect that the report be received and its suggestions adopted and that the thanks of the Synod be accorded the committee for their very able report.

Rev. Dr. Wilkins seconded the report, suggesting an amendment in the direction of a re-appointment of the committee and to enjoin the Kirk Sessions to act upon the suggestions of the report.

The Mover incorporated the suggestions in the motion which was then put to the Synod and carried unanimously.

MISSION TO THE LUMBERMEN.

The Rev. Mr. Gordon presented the report of the committee on the Mission to the Lumbermen. It set forth the progress of Christian work among the lumber shanties by the Rev. Mr. Gandier the missionary appointed for that work. Some 35 or 40 shanties were visited during the winter and in addition to services held, copies of the Scriptures, tracts and other periodicals were left with the shanty men. Mention is also made of the liberality of the Lumber Merchants who have so willingly assisted the scheme contemplated by the Mission.

Rev. Gavin Lang moved that the Synod receive the report of the Lumber Mission Committee, record their satisfaction at the progress and extension of the work, order that the report be printed for circulation and reappoint the committee with Rev. D. M. Gordon as Convener.

Rev. Mr Ross of Dundee, seconded the resolution which was unanimously agreed to by the Synod.

The Synod then adjourned for recess.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

The Synod was duly constituted by the Moderator at 7:30 p.m.

APPLICANTS TO RETIRE.

The Committee on applications for leave to retire from the ministry recommended that the Synod accede to the applications of the Rev. J. Bain and the Rev. Thomas Scott, and permit them to retire from active service in the ministry, retaining their usual allowances in full from the Temporalities Fund; and that the Rev. Wm. Johnson be relieved from active duties for three years on the ground of ill-health.

The report was adopted by resolution.

THE REMIT ON UNION.

Dr. Snodgrass presented the report of the Committee on the union question as finally decided, for remit to the inferior judicatories of the church.

The following is a copy of the remit:

Resolved that the following remit be sent down to Presbyteries in terms of the Barrier Act, and also to sessions and congregations, with instructions to report thereon to an adjourned meeting of the Synod to be held.

The Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, the Canada Presbyterian Church, the Church of the Maritime Provinces in connection with the Church of Scotland, and the Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces, holding the same doctrine, government, and discipline, believing that it would be for the glory of God, and the advancement of the cause of Christ, that they should unite and thus form one Presbyterian Church in the Dominion, independent of all other churches in its jurisdiction, and under authority to Christ alone, the head of his church and head over all things to the church, agree to unite on the following basis, to be subscribed by the moderators of the respective churches in their name and on their behalf.

BASIS.

1. The Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments, being the Word of God, are the only infallible rule of faith and manners.

2. The Westminster Confession of Faith shall form the subordinate standard of this Church; the Larger and Shorter Catechisms shall be adopted by the Church, and appointed to be used for the instruction of the people—it being distinctly understood that nothing contained in the aforesaid Confession of Catechisms, regarding the power and duty of the Civil Magistrate, shall be held to sanction any principles or views inconsistent with full liberty of conscience in matters of religion.

3. The government and worship of this Church shall be in accordance with the recognized principles and practice of Presbyterian Churches, as laid down generally in the "Form of Presbyterial Church Government," and in "The Directory for the Public Worship of God"

The aforesaid Churches further agree to the following resolutions:—

RELATIONS TO OTHER CHURCHES.

1. This church cherishes Christian affection towards the whole church of God, and desires to hold fraternal intercourse with it in its several branches, as opportunity offers.

2. This church shall, under such terms and regulations as may from time to time be agreed on, receive ministers and probationers from other churches, and especially from churches holding the same doctrine, government, and discipline with itself.

MODES OF WORSHIP.

With regard to modes of worship, the practice presently followed by congregations shall be allowed, and further action in connection therewith shall be left to the legislation of the United Church.

FUND FOR WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF MINISTERS.

Steps shall be taken, at the first meeting of the General Assembly of the united church, for the equitable establishment and administration of an efficient fund for the benefit of widows and orphans of ministers.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTIONS.

The aforesaid churches shall enter into union with the Theological and Literary institutions which they now have; and application shall be made to Parliament for such legislation as shall bring Queen's University and College, Knox College, the Presbyterian College, Montreal; Morrin College, and the Theological Hall, Halifax, into relations to the united church similar to those which they now hold to their respective churches, and to preserve their corporate existence, government and functions, on terms and conditions like to those under which they now exist; but the united church shall not be required to elect trustees for an Arts' Department in any of the Colleges above named.

LEGISLATION WITH REGARD TO RIGHTS OF PROPERTY.

Such legislation shall be sought as shall preserve undisturbed all rights of property now belonging to corporations and corporate bodies, and at the same time, not interfere with freedom of action on the part of congregations in the same locality desirous of uniting, or on the part of corporate bodies which may find it to be expedient to discontinue, wholly or partially, their separate existence.

HOME AND FOREIGN MISSIONARY OPERATIONS.

The United Church will heartily take up and prosecute the Home and Foreign Missionary and Benevolent operations of the several Churches, according to their respective claims; and with regard to the practical work of the church and the promotion of its schemes, whilst the General Assembly shall have the supervision and control of all the work of the church, yet the United Church shall have due regard to such arrangements, through Synods and Local Committees, as shall tend most effectually to unite in Christian love and sympathy the different sections of the church, and at the sametime to draw forth the resources and energies of the people in behalf of the work of Christ in the Dominion, and throughout the world.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS TO DENOMINATIONAL COLLEGES.

In the United Church the fullest forbearance shall be allowed as to any difference of opinion which may exist respecting the question of State grants to educational establishments of a denominational character.

On motion of Principal Snodgrass the remit received the sanction of the Synod.

ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE SYNOD.

A resolution was adopted to hold the adjourned meeting of Synod in Toronto instead of Kingston as previously arranged.

LEGISLATION.

The following gentlemen were appointed a Committee to obtain the necessary legislation required to give effect to the Remit on Union: The Moderator, the Clerk, Dr. Cooke, Dr. Snodgrass, (Convener), Dr. Jenkins, Dr. Bell, Revd's. K. Maclennan, D. M Gordon, D. J. Macdonnell, R. Campbell and Messrs. J. Croil, J. L. Morris, of Montreal, J. C. Thompson, of Quebec, Alex. Cross, Wm. Darling, of Montreal, J. Craig, M P. P., J. Bethune, M P. P., Dr Boulter, M. P. P., Dr. Cameron, M. P. P. of Huntingdon.

DELEGATE FROM THE SISTER CHURCH.

Professor Cavan entered at this stage and was on motion of the Rev. Wm Gordon seconded by Rev. Gavin Lang admitted into deliberation with the Court. He was accordingly introduced and took a seat on the platform with the Moderator.

Professor Cavan addressed the Synod relative to the work done by the Committee of the Canada Presbyterian Church in regard to the union question. He congratulated the Court on the probability of an early consummation of the union. He looked upon the union as healing all differences that existed between Presbyterians for over one hundred years. He retired amid applause.

JUVENILE MISSION SCHEME.

Rev. D. J. Macdonnell of Toronto, presented the report on the Juvenile Mission and Sabbath School scheme. It showed that a vast deal of good had been accomplished by the scheme, and thought that still further progress might be achieved.

On motion of Mr. Macdonnell seconded by Mr. Doudiet, the report was received and approved.

MANITOBA MISSION.

Rev. Mr. Macdonnell also presented the report of the Committee charged with the oversight of the Manitoba Mission. The Mission seems to be in a progressive state under the Rev. Mr Hart and his colleague Rev. Dr. Clarke, in that distant Missionary field. The Manitoba College recently opened is also proving a successful enterprise. Mr. Macdonnell commented on the report and augured a great measure of success for the Manitoba Mission scheme.

On motion of the Rev. Mr Maclennan, the report was received and adopted, and the satisfaction of the Synod recorded in regard to the work done in the Manitoba Mission.

The Rev. Mr. Hart followed, giving a statement of the mission work under his supervision in Manitoba and explaining the difficulties that had arisen in that country between the two branches of the Presbyterian Church. He descanted up on the extent of the Presbytery of Manitoba, saying that its boundary on the east was the Province of Ontario, on the south the 49th parallel on the west the rocky mountains and extended in a northerly direction almost to the north pole. In it was ample room for the surplus Presbyterian population of the eastern Provinces and the Old World. He described it as a beautiful country, and well adapted as a home for such as felt constrained to emigrate to a new country. He said the news of a Presbyterian Union would be gladly welcomed in Manitoba.

The Rev. Mr. Clarke followed on the same subject, corroborating all that the preceding speaker had said regarding the new and fertile North West Belt.

TEMPORALITIES BOARD.

The Rev Mr. Burnet presented the report of the Temporalities Board.

On motion of Mr. McLennan the report was received and approved.

The Synod then adjourned to meet again this morning at 10 o'clock.

The General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

EIGHTH DAY.

MORNING SEDERUNT.

The Assembly met this morning at 10 o'clock.

Rev. Mr. Reid read a supplementary report of Committee on the Home Mission report, expressing the views of the Assembly with regard to the Mission.

The report was adopted.

An overture was read from the Paris Presbytery anent the application of the Rev. Jas. Howell, for re-admission into the church, which was referred back to the Presbytery, for them to deal with it according to the laws of the church.

An overture from the Presbytery of Simcoe was read anent printing, commending the *British American Presbyterian* to the support of the Presbyterians.

The overture was referred to the Committee on Printing.

Professor Caven read the report of the committee on the reception of ministers Its recommendation as to the admission of certain ministers were adopted.

The Special Committee appointed to consider certain overtures, recommended that the name of Rev. Mr. McLaren be placed on the roll of Brockville Presbytery, and Rev. D. J. Caswell on the roll of the Bruce Presbytery.

The report was adopted.

On motion of Dr Proudfood, Rev. Messrs McKay and McKeracher, were placed on the Presbytery of Bruce.

The consideration was resumed of the recommendation of the committee on college reports that the $800 a portion of Professor Willis' retiring allowance which had hitherto been paid out of the College Fund, should be charged to the Assembly Fund for the present year. The recommendation was adopted

Several suggestions were made as to the removal of the $400 of Professor Willis' retiring allowance chargeable to the Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund, but no action was taken in the matter.

Rev. Mr. Reid placed the report of the Finance Committee from which it appeared that the receipt for all the various schemes of the Church were in advance of last year, except those for Knox Church College. It was agreed by the Committee last July to aim at raising by assessment $3,453, part of which was to cover the balance of previous year. The larger and more wealthy Presbyteries were expected to contribute at the rate of 7 cents, a number and the smaller at 6 cents. The amount actually raised was $3,071, and the payments were $3,669, leaving a balance of $597 still against the fund. The mode of raising funds during the past two years had been so successful that they recommended that the mode should be continued.

On the motion of Professor McVicar, the report was referred to a small committee.

Professor Gregg moved that the Board of Management of Knox College should be empowered by the Assembly to borrow on the mortgage of the new property on Spadina Avenue, such an amount as might be necessary to complete the building.—Carried.

On the motion of Rev. Mr. McTavish the aged and infirm Ministers Fund was relieved of the $400 of Professor Willis' retiring allowance and the amount was charged to the fund of Knox College.

Professor Caven moved that Rev. Dr. Proudfoot, be appointed lecturer on Homiletics, Church Government and Pastoral Theology in Knox College—Carried.

Rev. Mr. Wardrope read the report of the Committee.

On the state of religion the report stated that the Presbyteries had paid great attention to the subject, and the question of the Committee had been carefully and freely answered. The year was characterized as a year of advancement in grace and the interest in Church work there had been a marked increase. Although the report referred to the prevalence of intemperance, the neglect of family worship and the desecration of the Sabbath, it was upon the whole, of a very favorable character. The report was received.

It being 1 o'clock the Assembly adjourned.

CITY AND VICINITY

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.—The Steamship "Nova Scotia" arrived at Quebec yesterday. The "Hibernian" also reached Liverpool yesterday.

CITY COUNCIL.—A special meeting of the City Council will be held this evening to take into consideration the new fire by law.

BOSTON THEATRE COMIQUE.—This Company performed in Gowan's Hall last night to a fair audience. They perform again this evening.

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.—The Contractors are pushing forward vigorously the work on the new Primary Schools in Victoria and St. George's Wards. It is to be hoped no time will be lost in having these building's ready for occupation.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—A meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees will be held this evening, at 8 o'clock, to take into consideration the Inspector's Annual Report, and for the transaction of other business.

THE GARRISON BALL.—The Garrison Ball, which was to have taken place this evening in the Queen's Hall, will now take place in the Rink instead. Everything that is possible for the management to do is being done to render the ball a success to-night.

A NEW SURVEY.—Mr. Murdoch, one of the engineers employed in connection with the survey of the Pacific Railway, starts for Winnipeg to-day to make a survey of the route of the proposed railway between Pembina and Fort Garry.

A MAN SUPPOSED TO BE DROWNED.—The men in the employ of Messrs. G. B. Hall & Co., found the body of an unknown man at the mouth of the Gatineau River on Monday night. The body was laid on the bank of the river to await the arrival of the coroner, but unfortunately ere the party returned from searching for a Coroner, the corpse was nowhere to be found. It is supposed to have been, by the ebbing of the stream, washed into the river again.

INSPECTION OF STEAMER.—A trial of the new Steam Fire Engine will take place this afternoon on George Street at 4.30 o'clock in presence of Ald. Boustead and others who are making a tour of the different cities as a deputation from Toronto, with a view to securing the best possible Engine for that city.

WING OF THE WESTERN BLOCK.—Steps are being taken to add a new wing to the Western Block, with a view to increasing the accommodation so much needed in the interest of the Public Departments. The ground has been marked out for the intended site, plans are also ready and doubtless the work will in a very short time be commenced.

ORANGE FUNERAL.—The members of Lodge No. 28 of Orange Young Britons accompanied to the grave the remains of their deceased brother, John Neeland, on Tuesday afternoon. The members of the temperance organizations also attended in large numbers, as a tribute of respect to the memory of one who was an active member of the order of Good Templars. Adams' Independent Cornet Band headed the mornful cortege.

THE GUARD'S BAND.—The Band of the G. G. F. G., will play the following programme on Parliament Square this evening at 8 p. m.

PROGRAMME.

1. Wedding march, "Alfred and Marie," Sir Julius Benedict.
2 Overture, The Field of Roses, Mana.
3. Waltz, ...Fairy Visions.......C. Coote.
4 Serio Comic Fantaisia.........E. Beyer.
5. Quadrille, . . Dinorah.......Meyerbeer.
6. Galop,. . . Politechnicker.....Kuhner.

The Regimental Quickstep.

NATIONAL ANTHEM.

STICKNEY'S CIRCUS. Stickney & Son's World's Circus gave their first appearance yesterday at 3 p. m., before a large audience, Miss Minnie Seanau, Messrs. C. Sandford and Charles Seale went through their daring feats of horsemanship very successfully. Young Edouard also proved himself an expert gymnast by his performance on the flying trapeze, and Mademoiselle De LaRue was equally brilliant in, and was loudly applauded for her gymnastic feats. Mr Sam Stickney, jun., is a capital clown. At the evening performance the attendance was so large that hardly standing room could be obtained, and all seemed to enjoy thoroughly the various equestrian, gymnastic and acrobatic feats gone through.

Board of Separate Schools.

OTTAWA, June 9.

Present:—J. W. Peachy, chairman. Messrs. McCarron, Finlay, Coursolles, O'Connor, Larose, Chouinard, Sims and Kavanagh.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

The account of Oliver & Son, a report from the Local Superintendent, petition of the Rev. E. H. Porcile and others, the petition of Joseph Aumond and others, the petition of L. M Demers, were read and laid on the table.

Moved by Mr. McCarron, seconded by Mr. Coursolles, that all the teachers under this Board be privileged to choose a day in this month to hold their yearly examinations, and the secretary of the Board is hereby authorised to confer with said teachers and publish the days on which such examinations will be held in their respective schools, and that teachers shall take such time as is allowed by law for the summer holidays and no more.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Finlay, seconded by Mr. Coursolles, that the account of Oliver & Son and the petition of L. M. Demers, be referred to the Committee on Finance and Assessment, and that the report of the Local Superintendent be received and placed on file.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCarron, seconded by Mr. Finlay, that the petition of Mr. Joseph Aumond and others, be received, and the prayer of the petitioners granted. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Sims, seconded by Mr. Kavanagh, that the time for collecting the Separate School taxes for the year 1873 be extended to the sixth day of July next. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Chouinard, seconded by Mr. Larose, that the sum of two hundred dollars be awarded for prizes to be distributed at the next examination. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Sims, seconded by Mr. Coursolles, that the Chairman of this Board, and the Local Superintendent be a committee to purchase the prizes for the next examination, and to apportion them to each respective class under this Board.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Larose, seconded by Mr Kavanagh, that the account of Mr. John Kelly, for obtaining the signatures of Separate School supporters during the years 1872 and 1873 be accepted, suspending all rules to the contrary, and the Chairman is hereby authorized to sign a cheque for the said amount.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCarron, seconded by Mr Larose, that the Chairman of the Finance Committee be requested to return to this Board, the account of Mr. Leyden, and the Chairman be, and he is hereby authorized to sign a cheque for thirty-five dollars ($35) in favour of Mr. Leyden. Carried.

Mr. McCarron moved, seconded by Mr. Coursolles, that this Board do now adjourn. Carried.

L. TASSE, Secretary.

COUNTY COUNCIL

SECOND DAY.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

TUESDAY, June 9.

The Council met at two p. m.

Present, Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden; Messrs. Smith, Cleland, Wallace, Surtees, Anderson, Sykes, Richardson, Baskerville, Lyon, Mohr, Rivington, Kelly, Mooney, Butler, Mills, Cummings and Neil.

After the Council had been called to order.

Mr. Butler moved, seconded by Mr. Mooney, that Dr. Sweetland be removed from the office of Physician to the County Gaol, and that Dr. C Church be appointed in his stead.

The motion was carried by a vote of 10 to 7.

An amendment was moved by Mr. Surtees, seconded by Mr. Smith to the effect that as Dr. Sweetland had always most efficiently performed the duties of his office, his services should be retained.

The motion was lost.

Mr. Powell made some remarks in Dr. Sweetland's behalf, but was not successful in changing the minds of the Council to the matter, which was confirmed by the passing of a by-law.

The Council agreed on the motion of Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Richardson, that they should go into a Committee of the Whole to-morrow on the equalization of the Assessment Roll.

The motion was carried.

After some formal business, the Council adjourned.

THIRD DAY.

MORNING SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, June 10.

Present.—Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden, and a full Council.

Several petitions were submitted and read. One was for a bridge across the Castor River, and another was from an old man, seeking assistance to enable him to return to Europe.

Several accounts were submitted and read.

It was moved by Mr. Cummings, and seconded by Mr. Neil that the Treasurer of the County be authorized to place to the credit of the Townships of Gloucester and Osgoode, the amount voted last February towards the liquidation of the debt on the Carleton Agricultural Hall.—Carried.

The Council then went into Committee of the Whole upon Assessment Roll, rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

The Council then adjourned until two p.m.

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Dredging Channel—Fatal Accident—Railway Dispute.

TORONTO, June 9.

The new dredge is at work at the Queen's Wharf, and will continue dredging until the new channel is 150 feet wider than it is at present and seventeen feet deep.

A fatal accident occurred to a brakesman, named Wm. London, on the Grand Trunk Railway, this morning, near Belleville. He got on the roof of the cars to put the bell rope in order, and was struck against the bridge with such force that he was killed almost instantly.

The long pending dispute between the City of Toronto and the Northern Railway Company, as to the value of the land taken off them by the Company over 20 years ago, for a station, will likely soon be decided. The arbitrators, the Hon. Mr. Perry of Cobourg, Hon. Mr. Benson, of St Catherines, and Alderman Sheard of this city, had their first meeting to-day.

MONTREAL.

Departure—Montreal Post Office—Found Drowned—Gone to Dinner—St. Helen's Island—Fire Brigade—Commercial.

MONTREAL, June 9.

The Superioress of the Hotel Dieu, Mere Page, has left to visit the houses of the order at Tracadie, Chatham, and Madawaska, in New Brunswick.

The *Nouveau Monde* says it is rumored at Ottawa that the Hon. Mr. LaFramboise is appointed Postmaster of Montreal, at a salary of $4,000.

Last night the body of a boy, apparently about sixteen years of age, was found floating in the river at Hochelaga, and conveyed to the dead house.

A number of Montrealers left by this afternoon's train for Sherbrooke, to attend the public dinner to be given this evening in honor of Judge Sanborn.

Steps are being taken to improve the means of communication between the city and St. Helen's Island, in order that the latter place may be easily visited by citizens.

This morning the deputation from Toronto, escorted by city aldermen, visited the several fire stations. At the Central Station the firemen gave an exhibition of the power of the Skinner ladder. Close inspection was also made of the Fire Brigade by the visitors, and a trial had of the Shand and Mason steam fire engine.

The flour market was quiet this morning, and the sales reported only amounted to 2,500 barrels at $5 65; a favourite city brand at $5 50; choice extra at $6 10; and strong bakers' at long prices.

Business continues quiet at the banks, and the money market is easy at unchanged rates.

The demand for stock loans is also dull, and the supply of funds is ample. Sterling exchange was lower, in sympathy with New York, and nominal at 109¼ to 109⅞. The stock market here this morning was quiet, but firm; sales of 20 Montreal at 184½, closing at 184¾ to 185; Merchants 122 to 122¼; Royal Canadian, 94¾ to 95; Commerce, 137 to 137¼.

QUEBEC.

Sudden Death—Rescue of a Crew—Vessel Ashore—Disbanded Guard—Reported Appointment—Fatal Accident—Inquest—Miscellaneous.

QUEBEC, June 9.

Lieutenant Governor Caron has dispensed with the honorary guard at Government House.

It is reported that the Hon. Mr. Laframboise is about to be appointed postmaster of Montreal.

A carpenter named Marchand was killed yesterday morning by falling into the hold of a ship whilst at work in Valin's shipyard. An inquest was held on the body, and a verdict of accidental death returned.

The coroner held an inquest on Saturday at Point aux Trembles on the body of an unknown man, seemingly about 40 years of age, found in the river opposite that place. It was much decomposed, and must have been in the water since last fall. The corpse was that of a large, heavily built, muscular man, and the remnants of clothes found on it indicated that he had been fashionably dressed in a velveteen coat and waistcoat trimmed with silk. There was nothing to lead to identification, except from tattoo marks in India ink pricked in the skin immediately above the thumb of the left hand. The verdict returned was "found drowned."

Another inquest was held yesterday on the body of a young girl named Felicite Chaillour, aged 18 years, who had died suddenly at her fathers' residence, at St. Therese, of Beauport. A verdict of "Syncope consequent upon impression of the brain," was returned.

The ship reported ashore on Green Island, is the "Herbert Hall" from Bremen, coal laden.

A large vessel has gone ashore on Red Island.

Mr. Louis Voyer, father of Major Voyer, of the Quebec Provincial Police, died suddenly at his residence last evening, aged 60 years.

Capt. Juel, of the Danish ship Percy, at this port yesterday, has on board the master, his wife and the crew of the Norwegian barque Wilhelm of Tonsberg, picked off the wreck of that vessel on the 15th of May. The Wilhelm was bound for Halifax.

A barque was reported ashore near the Green Island lighthouse about 9 o'clock on Sunday evening.

HALIFAX.

Personal—Sudden Death—Presentation of an Address—Mounting the Forts.

HALIFAX, N.S. June 9.

Judge Dodd and Governor Archibald left in the steamer 'Virago' for Sydney, C. B., this evening.

Hugh McKenzie, while working at his door at Lake Ainslie, C. B., on 26th May, fell dead.

At a recent sitting of the Superior Court in King's County, Judge McDonald was presented with an address of congratulation by the barristers and judicial officials of the County, on his presiding for the first time at the Court there. Judge McDonald made a suitable reply. Hon. Sir Wm. Young, Chief Justice, was present during the ceremony.

The forts in the harbour are being mounted with ten-inch twelve-ton guns.

LONDON.

Black Crook—County Court—Hampton Singers.

LONDON, ONT., June 9.

The Black Crook opened in the Holman Opera House tonight to a crowded audience.

The County Court and General Sessions commenced to-day.

The Hampton Singers kindly gave a free concert at the lunatic asylum this afternoon for the benefit of the patients.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Great Fire—Death of a Prominent Citizen—Markets.

ST. JOHN, N. B., June 9.

A fire took place this morning in Erin street; two houses were burned, and ten families rendered homeless for the time. They lost everything. The only insurance, as far as known, was $600 in the Liverpool, London and Globe.

Hon. Chas. McPherson died last night at his residence in Fredericton. Previous to Confederation he had represented York County for some years, and held the office of Surveyor General. He was universally esteemed and respected.

Flour market easier, with small sales at previous rates. Oatmeal, $7 to $7 50. Cornmeal, $4 40 to $4 50; both very scarce.

HAMILTON.

Case of Drowning—County Court.

HAMILTON, June 9.

A young lad, aged about six years, named Wm Scott, son of Mr. Richard Scott, was drowned yesterday while playing on some loose logs lying in the deep slip at McKay's wharf.

At noon to-day, Judge Ambrose opened the summer session of the County Court and Quarter Sessions. There are about twenty cases on the civil docket, but there being no criminal cases, the judge had presented to him a pair of white gloves. Before addressing his charge to the grand jury, His Honor referred in touching terms to the removal by death since the last sitting, of the late Judge Logie, who had for over twenty years filled the position of County Judge, and also to the late S. B. Freeman, who, for many years, had acted as Crown Attorney.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Battle Imminent.

A correspondent of the *Times*, in a letter from Spain, says Concha is moving against the Carlists in Nevarre with every available man.

Gen. Dorregary, commander of the Carlists, is already in good position, and an important action is expected to take place soon.

Duke of Conaught.

The Duke Conaught (Prince Arthur) appeared in the House of Lords last night for the first time, and participated in its deliberations.

FRANCE.

An Archbishop Dead.

PARIS, June 9.—Jean Francois Landroit, Archbishop of Rheims is dead.

UNITED STATES.

Base Ball.

CHICAGO, June 8—A base ball match took place to-day, between the White Stockings of Chicago, and the Red Stockings of Boston.

Violent Storm.

MILWAUKEE, June 9—Beloit was visited by a terrible storm this morning. The spire of the First Presbyterian Church was demolished, and that of the Second Congregation Church badly damaged. Many roofs and chimneys were blown down; the same storm swept over a considerable area and serious damage is reported at Howard Illinois.

The Weather.

NEW YORK, June 9—8 a. m.—Another hot day is in prospect. The thermometer now stands at 80.

Suicide.

Wm. H. Cairny, a wealthy builder, who built the Equitable Insurance and other notable buildings in this city and Brooklyn, shot himself in the head at Fort Hamilton Village yesterday. Despondency and nervous prostration is supposed to be the cause.

The Civil Rights Bill.

Specials from Washington agree in saying that there are no hopes of the passage of the Civil Rights Bill.

Explosion and Fire.

WILKESBARRE, Pa.—Last night an explosion occurred at No. 1 shaft Noulecook, burning three persons and setting fire to the breaker, which was soon destroyed. While fighting the flames some burning timbers fell upon Wm. Vivian, killing him instantly, two men who were engaged in fighting the fire were also killed.

New Planet.

ROCHESTER, N Y. June —A new planet was discovered at 10 o'clock to-night by Lewis Swift of this city, it is near the comet Coparus Breast, is quite bright and has a tail about half a degree in length; its motion is slow towards the east.

Famine Riots in India.

LONDON, June 10—Despatches from India report serious famine riots in the district near Darjeeling, in Sikkim Territory. The troops were obliged to fire on the rioters. Several killed and wounded.

English opinion of the Pilgrims.

The *Times* in an article on American Pilgrims to Rome, expresses surprise that a race priding itself on its shrewdness and precision of thought should indulge in such antiquated superstitions. Possibly after contrasting the desolation and the wretchedness of the late Papal States with the cultivation and fertility of America, they who are eminently practical and accustomed to judge of the institutions by their results will find their minds disabused.

Arrival.

QUEENSTOWN, June 10 Arrived—The s.s 'City of Paris' from New York.

FRANCE.

A Bonapartist Intrigue.

PARIS, June 9.—In the Assembly to-day Girard, Deputy from the Department of Nievre and member of the Left read a document which he stated had been circulated during the recent election in that department. The paper urges Bonapartist officials to confer all the appointments in their gift upon retired officers who are in favor of the election of M. Burguay, the Bonapartist candidate, and adds that the Minister of Finance M. Magne, has furnished lists of such officers to Government. M. Girard demanded an honest enquiry into the affair.

M. Rouher disclaimed any knowledge of the document, and said that it was fictitious. He declared him-elf in favor of an enquiry and would discuss the subject when the results of the investigation should be presented to the Assembly.

M. Gambetta accused Ministers Magne and Cissey of complicity in this discreditable business.

The Bonapartist members of the Assembly endorsed Rouher's offer to discuss the matter when investigated.

Rouher then reminded the Chamber of the charges in relation to improper and fraudulent contracts and appointments reported by the Committee on the acts of the September Government against Gambetta. A violent scene followed.

Gambetta replied that he had always answered the questions of the Committee, but did not admit the right of wretches—which term he branded Bonapartists—to question him.

The tumult and shouting which this reply provoked rendered Rouher's rejoinder inaudible.

M. Buffet threatened a vote of censure on Gambetta for the words he had used.

After the sitting, Gambetta and his friends were followed as they were leaving the Chamber, and insulted by Bonapartists.

The occurrence is considered as of a serious character, and causes great excitement in Paris.

The Left claim that 330 members are pledged to vote for adissolution of the Assembly and they only require 30 more votes to carry the motion, which they intend to introduce at the earliest day possible.

An American State Dinner.

PARIS, June 10.—Minister Washburn yesterday gave a dinner to Duke Decazes, the English, Russian and Germam ambassadors. Several Americans were present.

ITALY.

Pilgrimage to Rome.

ROME, June 9.—Pilgrims from the United States accompanied by one hundred American Catholic residents of Rome proceeded to the Vatican to-day and were received by the Pope.

Bishop Devenger on introducing them expatiated on the unalterable devotion of Catholics of the United States to the Holy Father, honestly loving liberty, they heartily condemned tyrannical persecution of the Church by braggarts false to liberty and estranged from God.

DeHeard spoke freely in the same spirit.

The Pilgrims then advanced one by one and kissed the Pope's hand and presented gifts they had brought from America.

After a most interesting interview the Pilgrims withdrew deeply impressed. They propose on a future occasion to present an Album containing the signature of each member of the Pilgrimage. On Thursday next, the entire party will receive communion from the hands of the Pope.

The Pope replied that amid the darkness which encompassed the world, this manifestation was a ray of light. The enemies of the Holy Church were numerous, it was a great consolation to look upon the new world where the true faith had so marvelously been developed to require the frequent creation of new Dioceses; still false religions prevailed on a large part of that continent and we must constantly pray for the restoration of all to the true faith.

UNITED STATES.

A Peculiar Verdict.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The jury this afternoon brought in a verdict of "guilty" against Messrs. Powell, Ferguson and Wells the Charity Commissioners of Brooklyn.

Judge Lynch has another victim.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—A. B. and Tom Norris who murdered and robbed the flat boat man on the Bayon, Macon, about a month ago were taken from Winnesboro jail on Saturday night by 30 disguised men and hanged.

The Indian War.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—Despatches from Arizona state that on the 21st of May Lieut. King's command attacked the Apache Indians near Diamond Butte, and killed 84 of their number, while three chiefs surrendered at Camp Verde.

A Terrific Storm.

PATTERSON, N. J., June 10.—A terrific thunder and lightning storm, with heavy rain, occurred last evening.

A driver living in Vreeland avenue, while sitting on his bed, was struck by lightning, leaving a blue spot on his forehead, and left him sitting a corpse, upright, in bed.

The house of Mr. Lee was also struck, but no one was hurt.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

International Rights.

LONDON, June 10.—The *Times* publishes a despatch from Berlin, which gives the probable action of a Congress which will assemble at Brussels next month, to consider the subject of international rights in the time of war.

The *Times'* correspondent says that Congress will codify the recognized usages of international law so far as they affect the actual conduct of war. The new code is to be enacted in favor of an international treaty which promises to become the final law common to the whole civilized world. A draft of the treaty which is to be submitted to Congress has been prepared: it contains seventy-six clauses, which state in detail the rights and obligations of the belligerents, from mutual claims of the belligerent States down to the relations of these States to private individuals as they also specify what classes of arms shall be legitimately used in war, and make regulations for the proper treatment of prisoners.

Arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, June 10—The s.s. 'Oceanic' from New York arrived to-day.

UNITED STATES.

A Prize of $50,000.

NEW YORK June 10.—Gov. Dix has signed a bill awarding the prize of $50 000 to Wm. Baxter for the best invention for steam navigation of canals.

Engineers' Meeting.

The annual convention of American Civil Engineers commenced to-day, J. W. Adams presiding. Papers were read on the characteristic of rails used by railroads.

The Finance Bill.

Washington specials differ as to the probability of the President signing the Finance Bill agreed on by the Conference Committee. The *Times* thinks he will, and the *Herald* the contrary.

Heavy Storm.

MORRISTOWN, N.J., June 10.—The storm last evening committed fearful ravages west of this city, in the village of Iona. Every pane of glass having a northern exposure being broken by hail stones, some larger than hen's eggs. The wheat all through the upper part of this country is cut down and ruined. The peach trees are stripped of its foliage and poultry killed. The injury to the growing crop is very serious.

Suicides.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—There were two suicides in this city yesterday, making eight in as many days—all men.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The President sent the nomination to the Senate today of J. C. Bancroft Davis to be Envoy extraordinary and Minister of Plenipotentiary of the United States to the German Empire.

ANDRE NAULT—HIS ARREST AFTER DESPERATE RESISTANCE.—It having become known that Andre Nault, one of the firing party at the Scott murder, had returned to his home, a few miles up the Red River, for the first time since the flight of the banditti in 1870, it was determined by the authorities to effect his arrest. Sheriff Armstrong and a posse of four special sheriff's officers proceeded to Nault's residence on Wednesday evening last, arriving at about 9 o'clock. Nault was evidently upon the alert, for upon the front door being tried by the sheriff, he attempted immediately, and without knowing who sought admission, to escape by the rear. Intercepted here, he returned and made a dash for liberty through the front door, but was promptly floored by one of the specials. As he made such strenuous efforts to escape, and refused to submit to arrest, it was determined to handcuff him. Upon commencing this operation, however, some four or five men, sons of the prisoner, and others attacked the sheriff's party with the intention of rescuing Nault. Two others, young men, ran off for the purpose of procuring assistance from neighboring houses for the Nault party. The fighting was very severe, the rescuers being determined to obtain the freedom of the prisoner, and the sheriff and party equalled determined to do their duty. Many hard knocks were given and received, of which the sheriff himself received an undue proportion, he being in the struggle thrown to the ground several times. Too much credit cannot be given to the sheriff and party for the extremely plucky manner in which the arrest was effected, and for their forbearance in refraining from the use of fire-arms—a proceeding which the conduct of their opponents would have amply justified. Nault was finally brought away, and is now lodged in the county gaol. This arrest is an important one, Nault having been, during the troubles, one of those who were particularly active in their brutality to the prisoners, and who is thought by some to have been the officer in command of the firing party at the murder.—*Manitoba Free Press.*

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar 24 Sparks street. 2575

ANYTHING required in a garden or farm can be had at Forfar's, cheap and good. 2588

MARRIED.

On Sunday, the 7th instant, at 8 o'clock p. m., by the Rev. Father Sharpeney, Mr. Edward Demers to Miss Rose Anne Ethier, all of Hull.

In this city, on the 10th instant, at the residence of the bride's brothers, by the Rev. Mr. Cameron, George Milnes Macdonell, Esq., Barrister, Kingston, to Barbara Isabella H. Hopkirk, third daughter of the late James Hopkirk, Esq., of Kingston.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

As the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874.

J. METCALFE.

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 26, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2493

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday and Thursday, June 10th and 11th.

FOURTH ANNUAL TOUR OF THE

Boston Theatre Comique

This mammoth organization will appear each evening in side splitting and mirth provoking COMEDIES, DRAMAS, BURLESQUES, FARCES, SONGS, BANJO SOLOS, DANCES, &c

Scale of prices—

General admission, 50 and 25 cents.

Reserved Seats, 75 cents; to be had four days in advance at Gowan's store.

Thursday, entire change of Bill.

J. E. OGDEN, Agent.

June 8, 1874. 2589

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

Pain Killer

The Great

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, in cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON

Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1864.

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitalizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to woman, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1.00.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfillment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

WANTED—A situation in or near Ottawa, by a steady man, who is handy with most any tools. Wages not so much an object as a steady job. Address, ALF. SCOTT, P. O., Montreal.

June 10, 1874. 2591

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentlemen only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.

June 9, 1874. 2590

FOR SALE—A Furnished Hotel, with rooms for forty boarders; also License, Bar, Liquors, Horse and Express. Apply to BENJAMIN LAURIN'S HOTEL, formerly Isidore Champagne, Murray-st., Ottawa.

June 9, 1874. 2580-3m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } In the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE.

By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys,

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A D. 1874

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venosti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED-HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

AUCTION SALE.

—OF A—

FAMILY CARRIAGE,

TOP BUGGY, and

ENGLISH DOG CART.

The subscriber has been favoured with the above consignment of Carriages from a Montreal house, to be sold without any reserve. The sale will take place at his rooms, 5 Rideau street, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 6th,

The lot consists of one Family Carriage, with pole and shafts; one Top Buggy; one English Dog Cart. Sale without reserve and FOR CASH.

Sale to take place at 11 a. m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer

The above sale has been postponed until TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 9th, to take place at the same hour and place.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

June 6, 1874. 2582-6in

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS.

Attractive, Useful and very Popular!

CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS

For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.

River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Cantata of Esther. Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.

Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes. 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.

River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book, 75c.

River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.

Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass.

Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of S. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,

Main-St.,

HULL, P. Q.

2328-6m.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts.	now	11½
2,800 "	20	"	14½
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	22½
2,085 "	36	"	26½
2,275 "	40	"	31
3,050 "	50	"	38½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90	now	$0 75
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,300 "	1 40	"	1 25
1,575 "	1 55	"	1 28½
550 "	1 75	"	1 40½
500 "	2 00	"	1 47½
400 "	3 00	"	2 50

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts.	now	14
Assortment	20	"	16
Plain Black	25	"	19½
and	30	"	22
Coloured	35	"	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	12cts.	now	9½
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,025 "	15	"	12½
2,150 "	18	"	15
3,185 "	20	"	16

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons.	10cts.	now	7½
	13	"	10½
	15	"	12½
	17	"	14½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costomes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

White and	15c.	now	12c.
Coloured	20	"	15½
	25	"	19
Cotton	30	"	23
	35	"	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batistes and Lawns.

85,000 yards.	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts	now	18½
Stripe	25	"	19
Muslins	30	"	25
4,000 yards	35	"	28½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	16
Splendid	25	"	19
Assortment	30	"	24
	35	"	28½
	45	"	36

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16
475 "	25	"	19
350 "	30 and 35	"	23 & 28

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
	6 75	"	5 75
	8 50	"	7 25
Polonaises	9 50	"	8 25
	12 00	"	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 15	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,

30 SPARKS-ST.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2575

Slaughter! Slaughter.

SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.29, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st and Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. 2545-2m W. E. BROWN.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg	2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.	
200 Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 " Sac Coats	2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.	

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

May 29, 1874. A. Mowat & Son.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2562y

NOW COMPILING,

A NEW AND IMPROVED

DIRECTORY OF OTTAWA,

With which will be included

New Edinburgh, Hull, Rochesterville and Aylmer.

The publisher, in announcing his intention to produce a new edition of a Directory of Ottawa, begs to state that no pains or expense will be spared to render the work as accurate as possible, and in order to insure this end very inhabitant will be personally called upon.

The Directory will consist of Street, Alphabetical and Classified Business Lists; together with full information respecting all ecclesiastical and magesterial functionaries, public institutions, railways, carries and conveyances, post offices, telegraphs, &c., to which will be added a list of churches and chapels, with the names of their presiding ministers and times of service. The Publisher has pleasure in stating that he has secured the services of Mr. J. S. Rowe, who has compiled several similar works in various parts of England and Scotland, and who, with efficient assistant, has already commenced the compilation.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

The Directory will not only be circulated extensively throughout the City and neighborhood, but also in Toronto, Montreal, Quebec and other important places, thereby rendering it a desirable medium of advertising.

Price to Subscribers, $2.00; to Non-Subscribers, $2.50.

PRICES OF ADVERTISEMENTS.

Whole Page	$12	Third of Page	$4
Half Page	$6	Quarter of Page	$3

A. S. WOODBURN, Publisher.

Directory Office—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

June 8, 1874. 2589 4

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—Bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S,

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S,

32 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.

March 28, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.......112¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 10.

GRAIN.

	per bush:
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 00
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 5 –Receipts of hogs 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1.18¼ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64¼c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62½c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46½c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91½c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8½c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4¼c, Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 5. Cotton, dull at 18¼ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged,

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 56,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17.05.

Lard, 15 1 6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c, for State and new

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. nothing takes like it." Muller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.

And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once, J. METCALFE. 2577

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

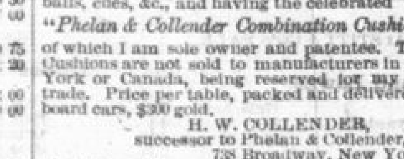
THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c, &c., always on hand.

N.B.—A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 3557-3m



STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,

Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 18. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874.

MAILS.

Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Railway.
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia and Vancouver's Island; Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.
United States, via Ogdensburg.
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway.
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway.
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway.
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway.
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway.
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction.
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage.
Onslow and March via Aylmer.
Aylmer, Hull, &c.
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
New Edinburgh.
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

NEW

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the use referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.
Ottawa, Feb 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

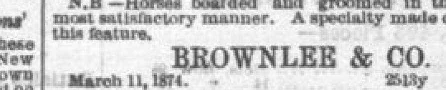
GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees [well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871], take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000		
6 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500		
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200		
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100		

400 Gold Watches..........$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines..........60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos..........250 to 700
" Melodeons..........50 to 200
Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 23. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 3559-2m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 28th, 1874. 2579-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Co-partnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Grant, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned

W. A. ARMSTRONG.
Ottawa, May 16th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. R. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 2bl 8-6m

"QUITE INDISPENSIBLE."—*Nation.*

Ready this Day:

THE CANADIAN

PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION

FOR 1874,

Edited by Henry J. Morgan, Barrister-at-Law,

Containing the usual biographical data respecting the members of both Houses of the Federal Parliament and of the several Local Assemblies, their political predilections, and pledges, &c.; Official Returns of the last General Election; sketches of the chief officers of the Civil Service; the addresses of the chiefs of political parties; the "platforms" of parties; list of political societies and organizations, &c.

TO BE HAD AT
E. A. PERRY'S,
Elgin-St.
May 14, 1874.

Easter Beef

AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2, 1874.

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.

A New Glee Book

For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.,
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor:
Peters' Eclectic..........Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor:
Kinkel's New Method..........Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice:
Ludden's School for the Voice..........Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor:
Worrall's Guitar..........Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices:
Sangerfest..........Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices:
Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book..........Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home:
The Cluster..........Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book:
Fairy Echoes..........Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion:
Sedgwick's Complete Method..........Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina:
Sedgwick's Complete Method..........Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by

J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work.

A New Music Book For Public Schools. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.

Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, Centre Seconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c,	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No article is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
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MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO

Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the

LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts, each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
86 A -st., New York City
April 20. 1874.

DATURA TATULA.

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H. I. M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON,

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street west Toronto Ontario.

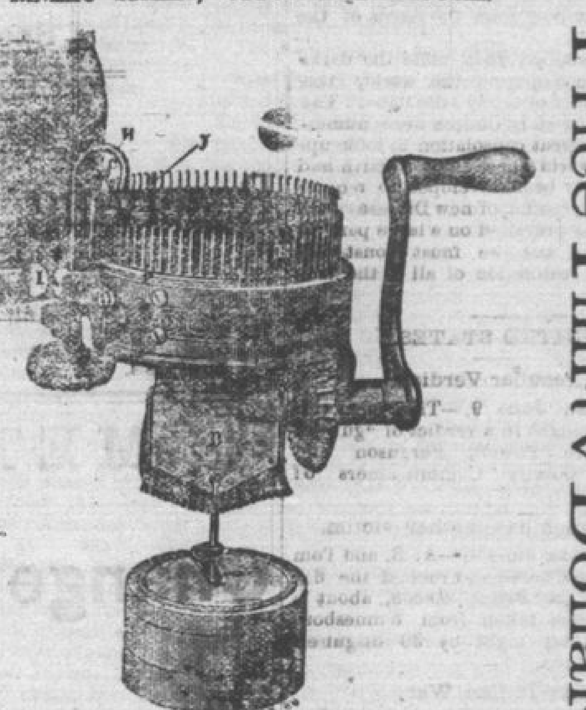
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, [Warranted for Three Years,]will Knit 20,000 ches er Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF

Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING

ROOMS.

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

T. E. MOORE

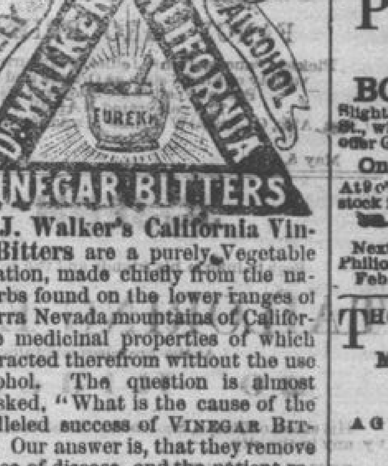
RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can new make up the tangled saving. The dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 SPARKS-ST.

May 1, 1874.



Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874.

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to. Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R.S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Marches, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers" containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

Continues to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred.

Above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS.

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shlf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place—the sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.
Ottawa, April 16, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

THOS. S. SARNEY,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER

AND

AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances,

Light Engines and General Machinery

For Inventors and parties requiring experimental work done, T. S. S. has fitted up a strictly private work-shop, replete with best tools and machinery. His personal attention given to work of this kind.

Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
April 8, 1874. 2538-tf

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Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St. : Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2561y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, by private contract, Lot No 66, fronting on Elm-st.,

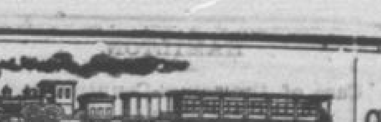
ROCHESTERVILLE,

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a

COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x20, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold. Apply to A. ROWE,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent

Ottawa, March 17th, 1874



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction.	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

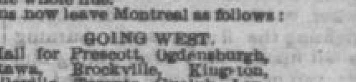
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..........9.00 a.m.
Night Express..........8.00 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations..........6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations..........5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at..........1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations..........6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations..........3.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at..........5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at..........10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe..........11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at..........3.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at..........3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will no be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leaves Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874 2498y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 28 Sparks Street.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do Felt Boots—wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style, Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
an 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSEFRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOFS, CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CUPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 3 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. REIFFENSTEIN.

Caution,

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, Messrs SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them put forth as possessing the remedial properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the Genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark.

"SAVORY & MOORE,"

The Original and only Manufacturing Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON,

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, besides being free of Pancreatic juice, has the definite appearance and consistency of fresh cream, is palatable and readily taken.

Wholesale Agents for Canada,
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., King Street, Toronto
February 28th. 1874.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright!
Cheerful,
Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

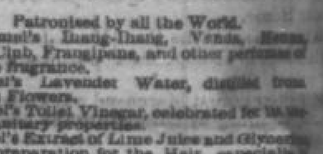
in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Lovely yearly subscriber ... choice ... of the following large and superb Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London,

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace," "Our Times," and "The Wreath of Immortelles."

Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to J. W. JONES, ...

Nov 8



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Patronized by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

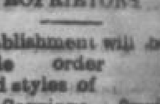
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers. Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA,



W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen, give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1937tf

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactory. ...

Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins, is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug 1873.

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MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, wishes to give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between 4 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MACLEAN, ROGER & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2593 — OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

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FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.
A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of
COFFINS AND CASKETS,
SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
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Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 8, 1870.

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Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 2, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 7 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.
Special attention given to diseased and [illegible]. 1768

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 25, 1873. 2523y

DR. BURROWS,
C. M. L. C. P. S. L. C., M. C. P. S. O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence—Corner of Hugh and Sparks-st.
April 20, 1871 2556-dm

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41 Sparks-st.
March 21, 1874. 2522y

TALLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
[illegible] Tallon. F. H. Chrysler.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 5, 87 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2468

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2382-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
OTTAWA COURT HOUSE CANADA.

ROBERT CASSELS, JR.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
Mr. Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514y

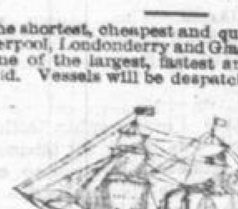
DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
Offices:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Call on or address.
GEO. DAWSON, 66 Sparks-st., Ottawa
March 1874. 2557-3m

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



POLYNESIAN	June	6
SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

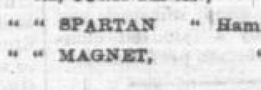
RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin ....$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage $39 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
1874 — 1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, DELTA.
The first steamer of this Line is intended to be despatched from
LONDON
For Quebec and Montreal
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, 15th APRIL,
(To be followed at intervals of TEN DAYS during the season,) and from
QUEBEC FOR LONDON
ABOUT 7th MAY.
Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st, London; ROSS & CO., Quebec; DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
April 14, 1874. 2548.

Opening of Navigation.
Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "
WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554



ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a. m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2.50 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS ....P. McGowan
DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.
UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION, 81 and 83 SPARKS ST., (Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

Tailoring Department.
RUSSELL & WATSON.
A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS
—COMPRISING—
TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored [illegible], Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also [illegible] Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable prices.

WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of [illegible] and FRENCH SERGES.
We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
RUSSELL & WATSON
May 2, 1874

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, & guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
, 1874. 2484

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo...... 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner..... 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold.... $1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
139 SPARKS-ST

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!—
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2503

Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works, Ottawa, Sept. 12, 1873. 2368

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchical and Throat Affections. Price, 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer, [illegible] Montreal.

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co., 236 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $100. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Ledoc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.
Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.
No 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.
That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 5 and 6, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.
For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.
Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.
A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.
Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.
Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.
That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.
Two business lots 24x[illegible], on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.
One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.
Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.
An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.
Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.
A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

PLANTS!
Plants, Plants,
100,000 Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.
10,000 Tomato Plants.
10,000 Celery Plants.
10,000 Lettuce Plants.
Sundry other plants.
ALSO:
A large quantity of Bedding Flowers, 12 lots consisting of:—
Verbenias.
Petunias.
Asters.
Stocks.
Balsams.
Everlasting Flowers.
Dianthus, &c., &c.
For sale at reasonable prices at
ANDREW HICKEY'S, Bank Street Road, adjoining Rideau Canal.
2566-1m

NEW GOODS
Suitable for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English
Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.
And English and French
PERFUMERY
From the best makers; also
DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c. And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.
A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks-st. 244

NOTICE.
Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.
PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules: and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.
CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.
GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.
Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.
THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row, RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch 246.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address R J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH
Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.
$2 a year, with premium; $1.50 without. J. ACKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.
May 7, 1874. 2561-1m

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$100,000
In Valuable Gifts.
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!
One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!
Five Prizes $1,000, Five Prizes $500, Ten Prizes $100 EACH IN Greenbacks.
Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1500 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c. Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, 101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 86, Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS.
Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

BOARD.
MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.
May 5, 1874.

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584

BOOKS!
Books, Books!
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices,
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa. Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 7, 1874.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.
A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.
Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.
A. R. GILES, Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.
Made and for sale at Eight Dollars.
June 3, 1874. 2585-y

NOTICE
All parties indebted
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 23 1874.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of May, 1874.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs and under and in pursuance of the provisions of the "Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," and the Acts amending the same, and of the Act passed in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled: "An Act relating to Shipping and for the registration, inspection and classification thereof."
His Excellency the Governor General, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Ports of Darlington and Whitby, in the Province of Ontario, Ports for the registration of Shipping, and such Ports are hereby constituted and appointed accordingly.
His Excellency, under the authority aforesaid, has further been pleased to constitute and appoint the Collectors of Customs at the said Ports respectively to be Registrars of Shipping thereat.
W. A. HIMSWORTH, Clerk Privy Council.
June 5th.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Saturday, 9th day of May, 1874.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 4th and 5th sections of the Act passed in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma and Province of Ontario be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs with Warehousing privileges and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of Sault Ste. Marie.
W. A. HIMSWORTH, Clerk Privy Council.
June 5th.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria Building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MacCUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2507

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. 73 57 yd&w

TRIUMPH OF ANOTHER CANADIAN VOCALIST.

Brilliant Success of Miss Lizzie Cronyn late of Toronto, in the Opera of "Somnambula."

Many of your readers will remember that about two years ago a young lady residing in Toronto—Miss Lizzie Cronyn, daughter of Dr. Cronyn—sang here at a concert and created a perfect *furore*. Her success was the talk of her friends for a long time. Some time after her family removed to Buffalo, whence after some study she left with her father for the schools in Italy. She has just made her *debut* and has been received with great enthusiasm. We clip the following from the Buffalo *Courier*, which will be very interesting to a large proportion of our readers:

The *Courier* was the first paper to prophesy a brilliant future for Miss Lizzie Cronyn, and very naturally we have awaited her appearance before the public, in view of her educational advantages abroad, with a good deal of interest. Her first appearance on the operatic stage, at Modena, Italy, proved to be a grand success. She appeared under the professional name of Mlle. Corini, and here is what *Il Panaro* of May 1st says about her second appearance as *Amina*: "The second representation of the 'Somnambula' has been a second triumph for the *debutante*—the *prima donna*, Miss Corini. Few beginners possess the self command, the intonation, and the grace of this young lady, to whom, in the circle of opera which are adapted to her, is promised a brilliant future."

Dr. Cronyn, the father of the Buffalo *prima donna*, has written home two interesting letters to members of his family, from which we are permitted to make a few extracts through the kindness of Dr. Willoughby. Dr. Cronyn writes in all the freedom of family intercourse, and without any of the restraint which would have controlled him had he been writing for publication. His fatherly pride and feeling will be pardoned; and, while he cannot be regarded as an entirely cool and unimpassioned critic, his opinions will nevertheless command attention here where he is known as an excellent judge of music and a man of irreproachable integrity. Writing to Dr. Willoughby from Modena, Italy, under date of May last, he says: "I saw Lizzie and heard her in the opera of La Sonnambula last night, and I think if you were there, with the affection you have for her, you would scarcel, see anything except through your tears, but you would hear such singing of her part as only angels are described as capable of: and, strange to say, this is the way the people receive it. She looks more angelic than earthly, especially in the sleeping scenes; her acting is of the most finished grace, every posture is beautiful, and her singing is really marvellous. I have witnessed the opera many times, but I never heard the part of *Amina* sung until last night. Of course, you will think that I hear with the ears of a father and see with his eyes, but two thousand people will not so interpret it. Never in my experience did I witness so much enthusiasm on the part of an audience. You know that the Opera is made up of gems of soprano solos and recitative, and at every turn a cadenza or trill, which she makes to perfection. You would imagine that the people were almost ready to pull down the house; they literally yelled at the top of their voices. She had to come before the audience seven to ten times, and when she would appear the uproar was deafening."

Writing to his daughter, Miss M. J. Caronyn, he says, among other things: the Impressari from all parts of the country are hear to hear Lizzie, and offers of engagements are entirely too numerous to be pleasant to me."

Writing on the 5th of a later performance he says: "I shall not attempt a description of the affair, for it was simply beyond description. The house was packed and to talk of enthusiasm to a Buffalo audience as it was exhibited here would seem incredible. Six bouquets, the smallest as large as our walnut centre table, were presented. They were carried by the liveried servants of the parties presenting them; each bouquet tied with a sash of satin or silk of the most costly nature. In the memory of the oldest here there was never such treatment of a *prima donna* by the same class of persons before. Poor Lizzie was overwhelmed with wonder, surprise and gratitude, and did not know half the time whether it was a dream or not. When the opera was over the crowd that gathered round the door of egress was almost impenetrable, and as she appeared the air rang with their *vivas*. The people wanted to make horses of themselves very much, and the driver had much trouble in keeping his place as well as his horse. They followed to the house, and as the carriage drove along the crowd thickened so that the street was filled with them by the time she reach our resting place. As she got out of the carriage the same ordeal was repeated, only the *vivas* were louder and more deafening. Then came the choristers of the theatre, serenading with a will, and it was after two before she composed herself sufficiently to be able to retire. I forgot to mention one of the peculiarities of the 'evasion,' as the paper calls it. At certain parts of the opera a shower of variously colored pieces of paper would fall among the people from the upper boxes—these containing poetic verses to the *prima donna*; the same in golden letters on satin paper being presented to Lizzie with the card of the author. * * * I must mention that one of the bouquets was presented by an old lady, the Marchioness Cardini, who for fifteen years has given no present at the theatre. Nothing has created so much comment as this one little act, and this, no doubt, because of her social position. * * * I forgot all about 'Qui la voce,' which Lizzie sang after the opera. Well, I never heard 'Puritani,' and therefore cannot compare her rendition with that of any one else, but if any one could do it better, I would give a good deal to see her."

In the letter of Dr. Cronyn there are touches of feeling and partental pride which we may not make public; and so we content ourselves with a few brief extracts, that the many admirers of Miss Cronyn here may know how she bears herself abroad.

A MIRACLE ACCORDED TO THE TRANSATLANTIC DEVOTEES.

[London (May 26) correspondence of Edinburgh Scotsman.]

The steamship Pereire has landed at Havre the American Catholic pilgrims of whom so much has been lately said. Their pilgrimage has commenced with a miracle, for they came in a steamer belonging to the line which lost the Ville du Havre, the Europe, and the Amerique. The pilgrims number 105. They represent every Roman Catholic province in the United States. Thirty of them are priests and bishops, eighteen are ladies and the other fifty-seven are lawyers, merchants, litterary men and manufacturers. They have with them £6,000 in gold as an offering to the Pope. They sailed from New York on the 16th, after first assisting at mass in the Cathedral of that city and receiving the blessing of the Archbishop. They have proceeded to Paris, and will go thence to Paray-le-Monial and Lourdes, and thence to Rome, where it is to be hoped the Pope will be able to receive them. This pilgrimage is said to be only the procursor of other and larger expeditions of the same character. As the cost of the pilgrimage merely for travelling expenses from New York to Rome and return is £6,300, it would seem that the American Catholic must be tolerably well to do.

THE NEW CABLE.

Successful Laying of the Cable from Halifax to the Shoals.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., June 8.

The steamer Farraday has come into the harbor and lies at one of the government buoys. She is 4,000 tons burthen, and the largest craft ever in these waters. The cutter Woodbury, Captain Fengar, with Collector Howard, Colonel Eastman, ex-Governor Smyth, members of the press and other citizens on board, steamed out from Newcastle this morning and the party were taken on board the Farraday near the shoals, and, as this section of the cable had all been laid, Captain Trott, and the Messrs. Siemens were kind enough to take up a portion to exhibit the process.

NO HITCH OR ACCIDENT

of any kind occurred in laying the cable from Halifax to within ten miles of the shoals, where it is buoyed; but two or three days were lost by the fog on the Banks. Mr. Siemens received a despatch to day from London, stating that the steamer Ambassador, with the Rye end of the cable, did not leave England until June 2; so she cannot arrive here so soon as was expected—perhaps about the 12th instant. She is not a regular cable ship, but is fast, and has been engaged in this service before.

Mayor Miller and a committee from the Board of Aldermen went on board the Farraday and tendered Captain Trott, his officers and the electricians on board the courtesies and hospitalities of the city. All the visitors were handsomely received on the Farraday, a splendid complimentary dinner being served in the handsome saloon, Mr. Siemens presiding. A banquet complimentary to the officers of the ship and cutter, and the party of electricians, is to be given at Rockingham House on Tuesday evening, by the citizens of Portsmouth. The party will probably visit Manchester on the following day.

THE STAY OF THE FARRADAY

here is uncertain, but probably she will remain until the Ambassador arrives, after which she will proceed to lay the cable remaining on board between Halifax and Newfoundland and then return to England to load again to lay the cable between Ireland and Halifax. The deep sea cable is very strong and light, weighing only three tons to the mile, while the shore ends are immensely large and heavy, being two and a half inches in diameter and weighing eighteen tons to the mile. There are also two other intermediate sizes.

The Farraday is an object of great attention and is visited by a large number of citizens and strangers.

THE INDIAN RUFFIANS.

WASHINGTON.

A report from Camp Concho, Texas, says:—On the afternoon of May 22 a party of twenty or twenty-five Indians attacked the herd of Captain Dodge, company D, Ninth cavalry, and succeeded in stampeding and driving away twenty-two horses belonging to the company, one horse and three mules, for which the post quartermaster is responsible, and the private horses of Lieutenants Hughes and Coline. The herd was 800 or 1,000 yards from the camp, and the guard, composed of ten men, three of whom were on their post at the time, and Lieutenant Hughes, had just returned from it. The Indians at the first charge succeeded in dividing the herd, and before Captain Dodge could get on the ground they had them out of range. With the horses saved Captain Dodge mounted what men he could and sent Lieutenant Hughes in pursuit. Captain Dodge was thrown from his horse when coming into camp and was too lame to ride.

As the Indians were as well mounted as Lieut. Hughes, there was little prospect of his overtaking them.

THE RUMORED EXPEDITION TO THE BLACK HILLS.

A telegram from General Custer, dated Fort Lincoln, May 30, reports that there is no foundation for the statement that an Army Expedition was forming at Bismarck to go to the Black Hills. The alleged organizer of the expedition saw the report and wrote General Custer a letter stating that he had never entertained an idea of forming an expedition contrary to the wishes of the government. It was seriously proposed some time ago, but the public notice forbiding it caused it to be abandoned.

THE CHEYENNE MOVEMENT.

Regarding the Cheyenne Expedition General Custer telegraphs that, from the failure of the war party which left the Cheyenne Agency to put in an appearance to this time, he is inclined to adopt the idea that they have either gone to the hostile camp to unite in operations during the summer, or have gone to the little Missouri to strike the hunting parties from the Gros Ventres and Rees which are known to frequent that stream at this season of the year.

Amnesty Again.

The *Nouveau Monde* is informed by a special despatch from Fort Garry, that on Wednesday of next week will take place the trial of the noble and chivalrous companion of Louis Riel, Ambroise Lepine. He was by his bravery and *sang-froid* under the most critical circumstances, and with great danger to himself, protected the Metis from the provocations and snares of their enemies of all sorts, in all preventing the effusion of the blood that the Macdougalls, the Dennises, the Schultzes, etc., burned with the desire to see shed. The greater part of this paragraph will sound like bitter sarcasm to English readers. The *Nouveau Monde* goes on to say this is the beautiful example that the civilized Government of Canada, with the assent of the Government of Great Britain, gives to the *half savage* population of the North West; and goes on to liken the policy towards the "courageous and persecuted" population of Manitoba, to that of the expulsion of the Acadians in 1755. It would be well for the *Nouveau Monde* to prove that a promise of amnesty for the murder of Scott was made before it talks about it being broken. The Parliamentary North West Committee, some members of which were favorable to amnesty, reported, without, so far as we are aware, any dissent, that no proof of an amnesty being promised had been given, and it is therefore idle and wicked for a journal to complain of its being broken in order to enflame the passions of readers who depend on it for information. It is surely proof of a very weak cause which wishes by all means to evade the real point at issue, to assert any analogy between the treatment of the Metis and the Acadians, as even the *Nouveau Monde* could hardly attempt to show any likeness between the two events. Far from the Metis being prosecuted, they have been most liberally treated. Grants of land which the greater part of them sell to settlers from Ontario, have been made, and not a single one has been in any way prosecuted for any part he may have taken in the rebellion; the only exception being the trial in a fair Court of Justice of a man held to have deliberately ordered a prisoner to be murdered in cold blood. That there is any similarity between this and the legendary story of the expulsion of the Acadians, no person can see, and few be[illegible] as the *Nouveau Monde* will even venture to assert, unless perchance those who hold that the wrong in both cases is equally fictitious, imagined at first and dwelt on for ever after, as a means of alienating from each other the hearts of brethren who should dwell together in unity.—*Witness.*

CLARET!

Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin, Margaux.
De do Medoc.
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Wellington-st.

March 28, 1874. 2681

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

Is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 23rd, 1874. 2533-3m

PANAMA HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats

AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS

—AT—

DEVLIN'S.

March 25, 1874. 2603

STICKNEYS'

WORLD'S CIRCUS!

Will give Two Farewell Performances on

FRIDAY, JUNE 12,

By special request of many influential citizens of Ottawa and the vicinity.

An entire change of programme, with the entire Company of Lady and Gentlemen Artistes and beautiful stud of Horses, Ponies, &c.

Afternoon at 2 p.m. Night at 8 p.m.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13,

Two Grand Performances, both afternoon and evening, will be given at

HULL.

Popular prices, 50c. general admission.

June 12, 1874.

IMPORTANT CREDIT SALE.

Six magnificent, powerful and costly Rosewood

PIANO-FORTES,

All of the most superb workmanship, powerful and brilliant in tone, and of the largest compass, Each Piano is fully 7½ octaves, and warranted for five years. The subscriber is instructed by Mr. Shaw, the well-known wholesale Pianoforte agent for the largest and most celebrated makers of New York, to sell by Public Auction, on

Tuesday, the 16th Instant,

At two o'clock, in the large store, Robinson & Heney's Block, Sparks-st., six of the most costly and valuable Pianos ever imported into Canada, manufactured by J. P. Hale & Co. New York, who is among the largest and most successful manufacturers of Pianos in America, and this collection represents one of each of his most costly instruments. They will be on exhibition for three days, and an eminent musician from New York will be in daily attendance, to show and perform on the Pianos. Those in want of good instruments are invited to an inspection and a careful perusal of the catalogues which will be circulated.

The sale will be punctually at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, the 16th inst., in the large store, Robinson & Heney's Block, Sparks-st.

J. BERMINGHAM Auctioneer.

June 12, 1874.

HARNESS,

HARNESS.

THOS. SHORE & Co.,

(Successors to Thos. Lee)

SPARKS STREET,

Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single Sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy light harness. Also a good variety of

SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.

A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.

June 12, 1874. 2608w

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of The TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.

June 11, 1874. 2602

WANTED—A set of light samples, to sell up the Ottawa Valley. References given if required. Address to G. M., Merrickville, Ont.

July 11, 1874. 2603

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and piling the same ready for use.

P LEBUEUR,

June 11, 1874. 2602

CLAIRVOYANT.

Mrs. E. D. HAZELTINE, Clairvoyant Physician, can be seen at the residence of Mr. MORACH MERRILL, CHAUDIERE, ON MONDAY NEXT, the 15th inst., and two weeks following (Saturdays excepted), where she will endeavour to prescribe for all who may favour her with a call.

Terms of consultation and prescription, $2.

June 10, 1874. 2601

GLAD TIDINGS!!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at

CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstone, Barton and Guestiers, Godard Freres, and a variety of other brands,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS,

Grocers, 88 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Dinner—Queen Restaurant.
Circus—Stickney & Sons.
Important Credit Sale—J. Bermingham.
Glad Tidings—Campbell & Almas.
Harness—Thos. Shore & Co.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1874.

Lieut. Col. Witey, returned to town yesterday from the United States, where he has been for some days past to be present at the marriage of his son. The Colonel has been keeping very closely to his office for a long time, and he is looking much the better of his little "outing."

The white people of the Southern States and the friends of civil harmony, everywhere, will be glad to learn of the probable failure of the Civil Rights bill. The scheme of thrusting coloured school children upon the whites, sorely against their will, to gratify radical prejudices against the latter, and to give a legal endorsement to the theory of the equality of the races, must wait another year for its accomplishment, should it possess the slightest chance of success. The Southern school system is therefore safe for the present, and the difficulties of the rival races will not be aggravated by compulsory association in the school-room as well as elsewhere. The interest of peace as well as of education has gainedby the defeat of the advocates of the bill.

The public are likely to have the advantage of another Atlantic Cable within a short period. The "Faraday" has landed the American end at Portsmouth, on the New England Coast, from Halifax, and sailed for that harbour to lay the wire to Newfoundland; thence it will be carried to Ireland. There may be some difficulty with the present Anglo-American monopoly with regard to the laying of the cable across Newfoundland; but the United States papers have given no hint on the subject so far as we have seen. Neither have we noticed any intimation of a willingness on the part of the old Company to allow competitors the use of that Island, though anxious enough themselves to participate in the landing cables in Nova Scotia. The new Company promises to convey messages across the Atlantic at a quarter a dollar a word. It deserves to succeed.

NORTH WEST POLICE.

We learn that the North West Police Force reached St. Paul safely at an early hour yesterday morning, and intended leaving almost immediately for Fargo, a small place on the Northern Pacific Railway, a mile beyond Moorehead and on the West side of the Red River, where they expected to arrive this morning. Colonel French's intention on leaving Toronto was to take a branch of the Northern Pacific running North for about sixty miles, then to cross the Red River and march to Dufferin. We apprehend however, that the difficulties he would have to overcome in effecting a crossing of the river where there is neither bridge nor ferry, made him abandon this, for the more desirable route he is now taking. The march across the *Prairies from* Fargo to Dufferin will be in the vicinity of two hundred miles, and we expect to hear of the distance being made in about eight days.

PARTIZAN SPITE.

The Conservatives hereabouts, at least those of them who have been able to take in the guilt of the Pacific Scandal and the dealings with Riel without making wry faces, seem to have resolved upon making war upon the enemy. They opened the campaign the other day in the County Council, by removing Dr. Sweetland from the office of Gaol Physician, an appointment which he had held for many years, and replacing him by one of their own stripe. As we are informed, there was no concealment of the real cause of this extraordinary action. It was declared that Dr. Sweetland was a political heretic, and as such he must suffer. It would not do to say that he was incompetent or that he was negligent; nobody would believe that story, and they knew it. They consequently were obliged having determined to make a change in the office of Gaol Physician, to allege the real ground of their action.

How bitter they felt at the time towards all whose active efforts contributed to drive them to the wall last January was well known, and it seems that they have been nursing their wrath. It is not, perhaps, surprising that they should attempt, in any such small way as was still left open to them, to take revenge upon those who worsted them in a fair field; but it certainly was to be expected that they would have enough cunning to make a better choice of the time and manner of doing it. Even were that reasonable expectation not justified, they might have been warned by the obvious and general tendency of political opinion. The handwriting on the wall should have warned them that they were not in a position safely to prosecute a policy of retaliation. It is clear to our mind, and it ought to have been so to theirs, that the triumph of the Reform Party is not yet complete, and that there is at least a possibility that the power so arbitrarily exercised against Dr. Sweetland may ere long be turned against themselves, for which course they have supplied an unanswerable precedent.

We would not class all the Conservative members of the County Council in the same black list. The motion removing Dr. Sweetland was carried by only one of a majority, the more intelligent Conservative members voting against it. We are glad of the opportunity to acknowledge that as far as our information goes the Conservative party is less responsible for this disgraceful action than the few wire-pullers and mudsills of the party whom it is always necessary to distinguish from the respectable element.

CURRENCY REFORM IN THE STATES.

President Grant's financial bulletin has created as great a surprise in many quarters as some of the war bulletins formerly attributable to his operations. Not a few treat it as a species of somersault at an advanced period of the financial controversy, observing, in the first place, that he held different opinions from the commencement of his Executive career, and, in the second, that his conversion to hard money principles comes too late in the day to gain him any credit for intelligence on this subject, much less for foresight. Be this as it may, however, it is of some importance to know that the President now feels convinced that it is the duty of the country to return to a specie basis at the earliest practicable day, not only in compliance with legislative and party pledges, but as a step indispensable to lasting national prosperity. It is also pleasant to notice his belief that the time for effecting, or at least beginning this improvement, has arrived. He is not so certain of the proper means to this end as he is of the wisdom of setting about its immediate attainment; yet he has submitted his suggestions either as remedies or contributions towards remedies for the existing evils of a depreciated, irredeemable currency. There can be no doubt that they are worthy of attention, while they may serve as the ground work of an efficient scheme of withdrawal or redemption. The late Horace Greeley used to urge the prompt calling in of the paper currency of the Government, or the proclamation of their readiness to redeem it on demand. He thought the Treasury's hundred millions of gold, usually on hand, coupled with the resolution to use all the gold received for duties, in redemption, would have sufficed to raise the national notes to par, by the withdrawal of a large portion of them, and the creation of confidence in the ability and determination of the Government to pay gold for the remainder on presentation—a feat possible at no distant day. A portion of the Republican party, acquainted with the laws of finance or trade, have long entertained this or a similar opinion, which may be described as a part of the platform of the Democrats, who, at present appear more powerful than since the war. That there has been a great spread of the views favorable to a return to specie payments is unquestionable; nor is it incorrect to say that the experience of the country since the panic of last September, has had much to do with the phenomenon. The people are sick of inflation and artificial values, particularly in the most enlightened States, and are anxious to reach the solid ground of true values, with a view to safe, and intelligible transactions. The President's suggestion to repeal the legal tender act, from July, 1875, and to use coin as a basis of circulation for commercial purposes, would prove serviceable in discriminating against paper, and familiarising the people with the specie medium again. Paper could therefore be recognised as at a discount, and less of it would be used, the tendency towards the employment of gold and silver in all operations being thereby strengthened. Gen. Grant has also come to believe in the expediency of naming an early day, July 1st, 1876, for the redemption of the national notes in coin, the former to be destroyed. For this purpose he thinks bonds that would sell at par should be issued. Of course they would have to bear a good rate of interest. He believes this plan would inflict less suffering upon debtors than any involving a postponement of specie resumption. The other suggestions are also deserving of consideration, and like the foregoing, evince marks of good sense. Certainly evil must result from prolonging the present system, while events, of late, render the present an auspicious occasion for a movement of reform. The Republic has been trading on a moderate, safe scale, the people curtailing expenses and, at the same time, exporting freely to the markets of the outside world. The crops promise well, moreover, and gold is comparatively low. Though the business of the country is dull, it is in a sounder condition than for a long time, and may be expected to improve with a continuance and proper employment of the existing favorable conditions. President Grant, then, has acted judiciously in seizing this opportunity of urging a reformation, greatly needed, and full of promise, no matter what may be said of his real or supposed political objects in the matter.

There can be no doubt that among the most powerful aids, to the movement for the reform of the currency, would be greater economy for the Government, which would enable it to obtain a useful surplus without weighing down the people by taxation, and, as the ablest journals have repeatedly urged, such legislation as would protect the credit of the country and its various states and muncipalities against the dangerous expedient of repudiation, at once so discreditable to the debtor at home and unjust to the creditor abroad.

The Earl of Yarborough, whose disappearance from the custody of the Deputy Sergeant-at Arms of the House of Lords, was telegraphed a day or two ago, seems to have been in frequent need of such protection. He had been missing for six weeks on a former occasion, and this time was in a state described as "worse than usual." His antecedents are thus given:

"Charles Anderson-Pelham, Earl and Baron of Yarborough, of Yarborough, Lincoln, England, and Baron Worsley, of Appuldurcombe, in the Isle of Wight, was born on the 14th of January, 1835. He married, on the 3rd of August, 1868, Victoria Alexandrina, the fourth daughter of William, second Earl of Listowell, who has borne him four children. The founder of his family, William Pelham, was one of the most eminent military commanders of the reign of Queen Elizabeth. The missing Earl of to-day was well known as an English yachtsman, and was popular on account of his kindly, amiable manners."

ANYTHING required in a garden or farm can be had at Forfar's, cheap and good. 2588

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar 24 Sparks street. 2575

Lower Ottawa Navigation.

Any one who, like the writer, has not made a trip by the Ottawa, for several years, must be struck with the improvement of the Ottawa River Navigation Line in various respects. In the first place, a person anxious to save time can travel by the night boat, which enables him to reach Montreal early in the morning and, if his business be not very exacting to return by the upward-bound steamboat, leaving Lachine, for Ottawa, the evening of the same day. Many transact all their business between the arrival of the morning and the departure of the evening boat. Then again the steamers have been made more comfortable and attractive than formerly in regard to accommodation, furniture and decorations. The cabin compartments are tidiness and elegance combined. These remarks apply in an especial manner to the "Peerless," Capt. Bowie, a splendid boat and in every way worthy of her name. Her great space within and without cover, fittings and general advantages are the theme of remark with all who have the good luck to go by her. This line maintains its old reputation for civility and efficiency on the part of Commanders. All receive due attention, while difficulties and mishaps are the rarest exceptions to the rule. The younger men, like Captain Macdonnell, have made themselves favorites also, by skilful conduct, politeness to strangers, and a constant desire to please the public. It would be superfluous at this time of day, and to an Ottawa audience, to enter into a lengthy laudation of the route from the political to the commercial Capital. For the benefit of the untravelled it is enough to say the scenery at various points is simply charming, particularly in the early summer, when the landscape rejoices in its robes of vivid green, with the pretty islets, bays, and ever changing banks of the river—its windings, contractions and openings, and the fine views from the Lake of Two Mountains to Lachine, not to speak of the rapids at St. Anne and close to Montreal, the lover of nature can enjoy a treat by this route not easily matched. A pleasanter and healthier excursion as a Summer day or night could not be found. The Company ought to carry a still larger number of passengers and tourists which they might no doubt attract, by such experiments as cheap periodical excursions to Montreal or intermediate points of interest.

Dominion of Canada Rifle Association.

A change in the system of targets having been adopted by the National Rifle Association of England, a diagram of the Targets, with extracts from the Wimbledon regulations for 1874, are now published for the information of Rifle Associations in the Dominion of Canada.

EXTRACT FROM WIMBLEDON REGULATIONS PROMULGATED 17TH MARCH, 1874.

TARGETS:

1. The size of the targets shall be:
   a At 200 yards,
   A circle of 40 inches diameter.
   b At 500 and 600 yards,
   A circle of 70 inches diameter.
   c. At 800, 900 and 1,000 yards, 6 ft. by 12 feet.
   d. At 400 yards for volley firing, 6 ft. by 12 feet.
2. The division on the face of the target shall be:
   a. At 200 yards.

Bull's eye	Circular,	8 inches	in diameter.
Centre	"	16 "	"
Inner	"	28 "	"
Outer	"	40 "	"

   b. At 500 and 600 yards:

Bull's-eye	Circular,	22 inches	in diameter.
Centre	"	38 "	"
Inner	"	54 "	"
Outer	"	70 "	"

   c At 800, 900 and 1,000 yards:
   Bull's-eye, 3ft. circular.
   Centre, 4ft. 6in. circular.
   Inner, 6ft square.
   Outer, remainder of target.
   At 400 yards, volley firing, the bull's-eye shall be 3ft. wide across the target; centre, 1 foot above and below the bull's-eye; outer, remainder of target.

EXTRACT FROM REGULATIONS (AMENDED) PROMULGATED APRIL 18TH, 1874.

In all cases a	Bull's-eye shall count		5.
"	Centre	"	4.
"	Inner	"	3.
"	Outer	"	2.

Marking will be as follows:

a. Bull's eye	- -	White disc.
b. Centre	- -	Red "
c. Inner	- -	Black cross.
d. Outer	" " "	Black disc.
e. Ricochet	" "	R.

UNDER DATE 30TH APRIL, 1874, THE SECRETARY OF THE N. R. A. WRITES TO THE "VOLUNTEER SERVICE GAZETTE" AS FOLLOWS:

"I am directed to state that the National Rifle Association have adopted the proposal of Major Bland, viz., to attach a small disc to the shot hole of a real target, in addition to a large disc in the *dummy target.*"

Numerous letters have been published in the *Volunteer Service Gazette* by persons whose names are well known in connection with the Wimbledon meetings, some in support and others in condemnation of the changes above described. It is possible, and not improbable, that other changes or modifications may be made before the meeting of 1875 takes place, and it may be prudent to consider the regulations for 1874 as to some extent tentative. There can, however, be no difficulty in marking the concentric circles in the iron targets now in use, and treating as void all hits outside the outer circle.

A model canvas target, with arrangements for raising and dropping it will shortly be constructed at the Ottawa range, and so soon as it has been completed and satisfactorily tested, drawings of it will be made and distributed. At present it is believed that with the system of signaling as above indicated, or some system equivalent thereto, no *dummy* target will be necessary, as the signals in conjunction with the disc hung in the last shot hole on the real target will clearly indicate the value of each shot as well as its exact position on the target.

County Court and General Sessions of the Peace.

SECOND DAY.

Stanley *vs.* Ashfield *et al.*—Hon. John O'Connor for plaintiff; W. A. Ross for defendants. Verdict for plaintiff for $4 and costs.

McDonell *vs.* Blais E. P. Remon and M. O'Gara for plaintiff; G. Pelletier for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff, $188 74.

Germain *vs.* Horton—E P. Remon and M. O'Gara for plaintiff; J. Reynolds and W. H. Walker for defendant. This was an action brought to recover damages for the non-performance of a contract to deliver a quantity of hemlock bark, and resulted in a verdict for the defendant.

Boissonault *vs.* Walker *et al.*—W. A. Ross for plaintiff; W. H Walker for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff $185 80.

The Grand Jury brought in True Bills in the following cases:

The Queen *vs.* Henry E. McGill for larceny.

The Queen *vs.* Henry Gibson, for felonious wounding.

The Queen *vs.* John Robitaille, for felonious wounding.

The Queen *vs.* Frederick Illingworth, for larceny.

Upon his arraignment McGill pleaded "Guilty."

Winnipeg and Toronto are now only four to four and a half days' travel apart. The traveller leaving Toronto can have palace car accommodation to Moorehead on Red River, making the distance in about two and a half days. From thence, if speed is an object, he can take the stage line, and run through to Winnipeg in 36 to 48 hours.

KIRK SYNOD.

LAST DAY.

MORNING SESSION.

FRIDAY, June 11.

The Synod opened at 10 o'clock a. m., the Moderator having duly constituted the same.

The Rev. J. B. Mullan of Fergus, conducted the usual opening devotional services.

THE MANITOBA MISSION.

The question of the Manitoba Mission reopened owing to the difficulty referred to at the previous sederunt, in regard to the two churches not being thoroughly understood. A good deal of recrimination took place as to the unchristian and uncharitable conduct of the Canada Presbyterian Church towards members and office-bearers of the Church of Scotland.

Mr. McLean (Belleville), said that while censuring the course of the C. P. Church in Manitoba in organizing the churches upon a C. P. Church basis, while union negotiations were in progress as it places our missionionaries in an indefinite position, he would not vote against the recommendations of the report, seeing that the proposed union is so near.

Messrs. Lang, Smith, Burnet, Mullan, Wilkins and Dr. Snodgrass also took part in the discussion.

The Rev. Mr. Macdonnell commented rather severely in closing the debate on the conduct of Messrs. Lang, Burnet and others who cast reflections on the mission field of that distant land. He thought that as they prophesied such difficulties, it was very wrong of them at previous Synods to support and even move deliverances in approval of the work being done in that mission field. He regretted the tenor of the debate, the more especially as the question of Union was on the eve of being consummated. He thought by the pursuing of a kindly feeling in the matter, the interests of Presbyterianism would be more materially advanced and protected in Manitoba. He, however, thought the General Assembly had not acted courteously towards this Synod in adjourning the Manitoba question till their adjourned meeting in November, and therefore he thought the best way to surmount the difficulty was to establish a distinct Presbytery in connection with this Court.

A motion of Mr. Lang, seconded by Mr. Mann, was passed unanimously, that the Synod receive the report, thank the committee, and especially the Convener, for their zeal, leave the question of the future relations of our excellent Missionaries to the Canada Presbyterian Church and to the mission field in Manitoba generally, to the committee, and re-appoint the committee, with the Rev. Mr. Macdonnell Convener, and heartily commend the mission to the Christian sympathy and liberality of the members of the Church.

REPORT OF SUSTENTATION BOARD.

Elder Croil, of Montreal, presented the report of the committee on the Sustentation Board.

On motion of Mr. Mylne, the report was received, and the thanks of the Synod were accorded the Board of Managers for the successful manner in which they have been enabled to carry out the original intention of the Synod in regard to this important department of its work; and that in view of such an increase in the ranks of the ministry, as may reasonably be expected, the Synod instruct the Presbyteries to use all diligence in co-operating with the Board in their efforts to insure the greatest possible regularity in the payments to ministers.

The following are the amended apportionments to Presbyteries from the Presbyterian Fund:—

Quebec Presbytery	.....	$550
Montreal "	.....	2,400
Glengarry "	.....	700
Perth "	.....	800
Ottawa "	.....	750
Kingston "	.....	800
Toronto "	.....	1,500
Victoria "	.....	500
Hamilton "	.....	800
London "	.....	650
Saugeen "	.....	250
New Richmond Congregation	.....	50
Total	.....	$9,650

CAMPBELL V. PRESBYTERY OF MONTREAL.

The Rev. Mr. Campbell, of Montreal, made an appeal in a matter of church discipline in the Presbytery of Montreal, wherein a compromise was entered into between said Presbytery and one James Johnston to delete from the minute book certain reflections on the said James Johnston, an Elder in St. Andrew's Church, who had been deposed by the session of that church, provided he resigned his connection with that church. Mr. Campbell contended that as that gentleman had resigned, the Presbytery were in duty bound to fulfil their part of the agreement.

The debate on this subject was adjourned, and the Synod rose for recess till two p. m.

AFTERNOON SEDERUNT.

The Synod met at 2 p. m., and was duly constituted.

In the case of Campbell v. the Presbytery of Montreal, the committee of dissents and complaints brought up a report and the papers were produced and read.

After some discussion, it was resolved to leave the matter over for adjudication at the adjourned meeting.

BRYMNER V. PRESBYTERY OF OTTAWA.

The same committee brought up a report on the memorial of Mr. Brymner v. the Presbytery of Ottawa, and a motion was carried to the effect that the report be not received, but that Mr. Brymner himself be heard.

Mr. Brymner accordingly addressed the Synod at some length regarding the manner in which minorities should proceed to secure a return of their views on the subject of union.

After some conversation the matter was allowed to drop.

STYLES AND DIRECTORY.

The report of the Committee on Styles and Directory for worship was brought up but its disposal was left to the adjourned meeting of the Synod.

THE PRESBYTERIAN.

The report of the Committe on the Presbyterian newspaper, the organ of the views of the church, was also received and adopted. The report states that the financial condition of the property was very satisfactory, and the circulation of the paper somewhat in excess of 9,000.

A very interesting report from the Committee on Correspondence with the Colonial Committee of the Church of Scotland was presented and adopted.

The Convener of the Committee on the Manitoba Mission, the Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, Toronto, announced the names of the corresponding Board in Manitoba appointed to act in concert with and subject to this committee; and also that it had been resolved by the committee that the Convener and Dr. Bain proceed at once to Manitoba, while their pulpits will in the meantime be filled by the Manitoba missionaries, Professor Hart and Dr Clark.

The report of the Finance Committee was received and adopted, showing a very satisfactory state of the funds. The old committee was re-appointed with the addition of the Rev. Mr. McLean of Belleville.

The Rev. Mr. Smith, Kingston, and Mr. A. T. McLean, elder, Toronto, were appointed representatives to the Presbyterian Church of the United States.

Rev. Mr. Lang, who intends to proceed to Scotland about the period of the meeting of the General Assembly of the Established Church there, was appointed to represent the church.

Rev. D. M. Gordon, Ottawa, and Rev. Mr. Ross, Dundee, were appointed delegates to the Synod of the church in the maritime Provinces.

It was also resolved that delegates be appointed to represent the church at the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland on the subject of union when the adjourned meeting of the Synod takes place.

The act for regulating collections for schemes of the church was ratified, one relarding foreign missions being incorporated with it.

Votes of thanks to the various persons welcoming the Synod to whom they were so greatly indebted during the Session were passed cordially.

A special record was made of the excellent services rendered to the Synod by Professor McKerras, Synod Clerk, who is about to cross the Atlantic for the benefit of his health, and that he be commissioned to represent the church at any Court or Committee of the Church of Scotland, there to express what views he might think most fitting.

Rev. Dr. Bell, Walkerton, seconded the motion, and Professor MacKerras made a suitable reply.

Votes of thanks to the Railway and Steamboat Companies, to the Press &c., were passed. Several items of business were left to be disposed of at the adjourned meeting, among which was a document from the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States, proposing that a committee be appointed to correspond with their own committee, having in view the holding of a Presbyterian Council. In the meantime a committee was appointed to correspond on the matter, consisting of Dr. Cooke, Dr. Bell, and the Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, of Toronto.

The minutes of the day's proceedings were then read and confirmed, after which the Moderator proceeded to close the Synod. In doing so he said: Fathers and Brethren,—I suppose that almost every Moderator has wound up by pleading the lateness of the hour, and I am sure that I may plead that as my excuse for not prolonging my address at this time. This session has continued longer, I believe, than any other in the annals of this Church. I do not know of any Synod that has been continued until this late period of the second week, and even if I were disposed I suppose you would readily think that I am not very well fitted to give a resume of the business which has been done, or to pass any decided opinion upon that business with regard to the appointment of the Moderator, I may say that when I got notice a few weeks ago that I was likely to be nominated, my first feeling was that it would be altogether an unfitting appointment and that with union negotiations pressing upon the church, and a probability of their coming to an issue, it was exceedingly desirable that a member of this court experienced in its laws and usages and with some practical acquaintance with the negotiations for union in all their stages, should occupy this chair. On further consideration, however, it appeared to me that owing to the course which events had taken in the past year, that the union was not likely to come to a decisive issue at this time. I did not expect that they would, at all events, and I anticipated a quiet and uneventful session. It also occurred to me that if I did not embrace this opportunity which was presented to me, perhaps a second might not come very soon again (hear, hear.) After consulting with two or three friends in my own neighbourhood, I answered that I would be willing to accept such an honour if conferred upon me, and a great honour I have esteemed it to be. It will not be necessary for me to refer to the business that has engaged your attention at this time. A great deal has been transacted, but if I may express an opinion upon the way in which that business has been conducted, I may say that it might have been done far sooner, and far more to the comfort of the Court, if we had some kind of rules of order by which speakers on any particular subject should have been limited to a certain period of time, instead of continuing the discussions perhaps for an hour and in some cases reiterating the same statement over and over again, or even the arguments already advanced by other speakers. (Hear, hear.) I have no doubt the business of the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church has been far more extensive than our own, and yet they have got through it in less time. With regard to the subject which has caused so much attention on this occasion, I mean the negotiations for Union, I am now at least heartily in sympathy with the results at which we have arrived. Before leaving home and during my journey to this place, I not only felt doubtful of the issue, but it seemed as if by no possibility it could result in the continuance of the negotiations. I think we may say, however, that in the state of matters as they are now, there is every reasonable hope that the Union is not distant. I have seen the Divine Providence of God guiding us to this good result, moving obstacles out of the way, and clearing away prejudices and darkness from our own minds and the minds of others. I am aware that there is still a minority opposed to union, but I think there is room to hope that their opposition will be at an end when they see that the mind of the church and the voice of the country are in its favour. I need not trespass upon your time by going over every matter that has come before us for consideration, but I may be allowed to say that I think it a matter for congratulation that we have been enabled to come to such a deliverance with regard to the Manitoba Mission as will be satisfactory to our people. I sincerely hope that we will all be favoured with a happy return to our homes and flocks, and that the good Providence of God may guide us in all our works. The Synod then sang the 122nd Psalm. Dr. Bell engaged in prayer, and the Moderator said:—"In the name of the Lord Jesus Christ the King and only Head of this Church, and in the name of this Synod I declare this meeting to stand adjourned until the 3rd day of November next, when the Synod will meet by adjournment at Toronto, and within St. Andrew's Church there at 7:30 p.m.

The Synod then adjourned.

COUNTY COUNCIL

THIRD DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council re-assembled at two o'clock, Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden, presiding. A full assemblage of Councillors was present.

After a communication from Mr. Geo. Rieffenstein *re* the Babcock Fire Extinguisher, had been read.

Mr. Cummings moved, seconded by Mr. Mills, that Messrs. Waldo and Croil be paid $40 each for their services as auditors. The motion was carried.

The Hon. Mr. Skead was heard at the bar of the Council respecting grant to the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society, and $400 was allotted to it.

ASSESSMENTS.

The report of the Committee of the Whole on the Equalization of the Assessment was read.

An amendment was then moved by Mr. Burtess, seconded by Mr. Bearman,—It was to the following effect—that the report of the Committee of the Whole on Equalization of the Assessment be adopted as follows, being the same as last year, viz. Nepean equalized at $1 value for 1874 $656,314; Gloucester, $448,092; Osgoode, $597,074; North Gower, $259,564; Marlboro, $320,018; Goulbourne, $442,331; Huntley, $405,643; Pitawa, $486,828; Torbolton, $303,081; March, $187,766; Richmond, $865,044; New Edinburgh, $74,972.

The amendment was lost, the voting was 8 for and 18 against.

The Council then adjourned.

FOURTH DAY.

MORNING SESSION.

There was a full Council present, Ira Morgan, Esq., in the chair.

After the confirmation of yesterday's proceedings, several communications on matters connected with finance were read.

The by-law in reference to teachers' salaries for the ensuing year was read a first time.

A communication from the County Treasurer was read. It had reference to the appointment of an assistant, and a motion was passed recommending that a committee be appointed to consider the matter.

After some conversation as to other matters of not much importance to the public, the Council adjourned until 2 p.m.

CITY AND VICINITY

POND'S EXTRACT, a medical remedy known twenty-five years, and steadily increasing in reputation.

MOSIE River Salmon and Cucumber for lunch at the Queen Restaurant today (Friday,) the first of the season.

THE BALL.—The Garrison Artillery ball took place last night in the Rink Music Hall.

COUNTY PRINTING.—The *Citizen* was awarded the contract yesterday morning, for the official printing for the County of Carleton.

JARVIS & ARLESS Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks st, next door to Davidson's drug store. 2586

MASONIC.—At the meeting of the Fidelity Lodge, Wednesday night, the following breathern were elected:—Bro. Rea, W. M.; Bro. Crain, S. W.; Bro. Letch, J. W.; Bro. Birkett, Treasurer; Bro. McCormick, Secretary; Bro. McCarthy, Tyler.

THE Sisters of Charity Directress of the Roman Catholic General Hospital, beg to acknowledge the receipt of $95 from the committee of management of the ball given by the citizens to their Excellencies the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin.

PIANOFORTE CREDIT SALE.—Mr. Bermingham will hold an extensive credit sale of several fine Pianos, from one of the first manufacturing houses in New York, on Tuesday next at two o'clock.—See Advertisement.

DUFFERIN BRIDGE.—The Nicholson pavement is just approaching completion on the Dufferin Bridge. It is about time that such was the case, for really the patience of the community has been sorely exercised over that structure. A little more activity on the adjoining bridge is what would now satisfy public opinion.

RESIGNATION.—G. B. L. Fellowes, Esq., Solicitor for the Corporation of the County of Carleton has tendered his resignation to that body. The reason assigned is, that as a law-suit is imminent between the city and County Councils, he could not consistently advocate the rights of that body and at the same time have his partner who is City Solicitor acting as opposing Council.

GUARDS' BAND.—The Guards' Band played last night, under the leadership of Bandmaster Carter, the well selected programme published in our issue of yesterday, in Parliament Square. Notwithstanding the threatening appearance of the evening many citizens both on foot and carriages turned out to hear what is acknowledged by all to be a rare treat. These open air concerts are truly becoming one of the institutions of the Metropolis.

GLAD TIDINGS.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Messrs. Campbell and Almas are ever alive in the way of business having always on hand a large and varied stock of French, Scotch and Irish wines and liquors. Their customers and the public generally are requested to peruse the advertisement and see for themselves the different brands. They are also agents for the far famed mineral water from the Caledonia Springs.

THE CIRCUS.—In spite of the threatening weather a large number of our leading citizens assembled under the canvass to witness the second night's performance of Stickney's "World's Circus." It is needless to say that the audience were thoroughly delighted with the excellent entertainment of dashing horsemanship, and the thrilling feats of the gymnasium. Among the artistes worthy of particular mention are Mr. Shields, the somersault rider, and Mr. Chas. Sanford, hurdle rider and performer on the *corde elastique*, the Altigaren family, three in number, on the flying trapeze, Mlle Ross Shields in her wonderful juggling act on the revolving globe, and the contortion act of Sig. Marco. The tumbling and leaping of the company is unusually good. Mr. Sam Stickney is an excellent clown, whose wit and jokes are entirely free from vulgarity, and his presence in the ring affords laughter and amusement to both young and old. The comic mules Pete and Barney wind up the circus performance in a most enjoyable manner, for the veriest stoic must laugh to see the futile endeavors of the ambitious urchins to ride them, each fall of these aspiring aspirants for equestrian honors being hailed with shouts of laughter from the entire audience After the circus a good minstrel and variety show is given by a talented company of lady and gentlemen performers.

THE TORONTO DEPUTATION.

A Fraternisation of Aldermen—Inspection of the New Steamer.

A deputation consisting of Aldermen Boustead, Martin, Ball, Tinning, Downey, Farley, Dunn, Hamilton and Howard, Members of the Fire, Water and Gas Committee of Toronto, and Chief Ashfield of the Fire Brigade of the same city, arrived in town from Montreal by the steamer 'Peerless' on Wednesday night, with a view to an inspection of the City Fire Brigade, and ascertain more particularly the power of our new Steam Fire Engine, about which there has been so much talk of late. The lateness of their arrival precluded their seeing much the first night; they however proceeded to see the new steamer in George street, with the appearance of which they expressed themselves highly pleased. A trial of her powers was however reserved for yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, to which a reference is made below. Yesterday at noon the deputation was formally received by the Mayor and Corporation at the City Hall, at a Special Meeting called for that purpose. The reception over, carriages were procured and all places of interest in and around the city were shown the guests of the city. The saw mills were visited, the slider, Eddy's match factory, the steam mills of Gilmour & Co., and Currier & Bateson, in Hull, but the Chaudiere Falls was to all of them the principal object of admiration and the Suspension Bridge.

THE DEJEUNER.

On returning to the city the whole party repaired to the "Metropolitan," where the distinguished visitors were entertained to an impromptu lunch "Pat" however, was equal with an emergency and accordingly laid down an excellent spread for the respective City Fathers. His Worship the Mayor ably filled the chair, had seated promiscuously around the festive board were the representatives of the two leading cities of the Province of Ontario. After they had fully discussed the merits of the good things provided by "Mine host;" the usual toasts, songs and speeches followed in regular succession in which the relative Municipal matters of both cities were fully ventilated Thanks were returned by the guest to their entertainers for the very cordial manner in which they had been received, and an invitation was extended to our City Fathers to visit Toronto, in order that they might have an opportunity of reciprocating the kind attention bestowed them on their first visit to the capital.

THE UNION STEAMER.

Ald. Bronson being desirous that the party should have an opportunity of fully carrying out the object of their mission, gave them an invitation to again visit the Chaudiere to see the "Union" Steam Fire Engine work. In response, Ald. Boustead and Chief Ashfield, together with his Worship the Mayor, proceeded to witness a display of the powers of that engine. The men in charge had her out promptly, and in a very few minutes had steam up and were ready for action. The steamer was placed adjoining one of the stores near the slider and throw a heavy stream a distance of 229 feet through 500 feet of hose. In the meantime

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Sangster Case—Assessment—Philharmonic—Exhumed.

TORONTO, June 10.

Dr. Sangster submitted evidence to support his conduct in being divorced from his former wife, to the Hon. J. Hillyard Cameron to day. Amongst other documents was one signed by his former wife in the presence of a witness, admitting that she had committed adultery. The doctor had addressed a letter to the papers which will probably appear in the *Mail* and *Leader* in the morning, in reply the accusations brought against him by the *Globe*.

At a special sitting of the Court of Revision yesterday the assessment on the Union Railway Station and elevator was reduced by $58,000.

A special committee meeting of the Philharmonic Society was held last night, at which it was proposed to increase the salary of Mr. Torington, conductor, from $500 to $800.

A gentleman from Detroit has been making enquiries in police circles here with reference to his brother, who ran away from home. He fears from the description that he was the express robber who was shot near Niles on the 28th ult. He has proceeded to Niles to have the body exhumed.

MONTREAL.

Stock Market.

MONTREAL, June 11.

The stock market here this morning was quiet, with little change in prices:—Montreal 184, closing at 184 to 184¼; Ontario 111¼ closing at 111¼ to 112¼; Toronto 200, closing at 200 to 204; Merchants' 122¼, closing at 122 to 122¼; Royal Canadian 94¼ closing at 94¼ to 94¾; Telegraph closing at 80 to 91.

ARNPRIOR.

Serious Accident.

ARNPRIOR, June 11.

A man named Buckley fell off a building now being erected for the Bank of British North America, a distance of 33 feet and got very badly hurt internally. Strange to say no bones were broken.

HAMILTON.

Opera—Visit to the Jail—Foster Robbery Case—Personal—Volunteer Camp.

HAMILTON, June 10.

The first opera ever produced by Hamilton amateurs took place last evening in the Mechanic's Hall, the object being to assist the Orphan Asylum. The piece selected was the "Doctor of Alcantas," and from every point of view was a decided success, meeting with such appreciation that by request it will be repeated again on Friday evening next.

A deputation of ministers attending the Wesleyan Conference visited the jail on Monday last, and after being shown through the building, held divine service in the males' corridor. A large number of prisoners attended.

In the Foster robbery case, the examination of the prisoners, Thomas Quirk and Wm McCardel, charged with burglariously entering the store, and Thomas Clohecy, for having stolen goods in his possession, knowing them to be stolen, was held last evening in the Court House, which was crowded. The evidence against them was so strong that McCardel and Quirk were committed for trial and Clohecy was admitted to bail.

John Stuart, Esq., M. P., President, and Wm. Hendrie, contractor, of the Hamilton and North-Western Railway, leave tomorrow for England on business of the Company.

The volunteers of this district are likely to go into camp on the 24th.

LONDON.

Fashionable Weddings—Fire Department—Newmarket Races.

LONDON, June 10.

Two rather conspicuous weddings came off this morning which set our fashionables on the qui vive. The first ceremony was at St. Paul's Cathedral, when Mr. Greenless of Toronto, was united to Miss Grace, by His Lordship the Bishop of Huron, assisted by Rev. Mr. Darnell. The bridesmaids on the occasion were Misses Ida Carling, Strathy and J. Boyle, of this city, and Misses Agnes Greenless and Rose Desport, of Toronto; the groomsmen, Dr. Magner, Toronto; Messrs. Greenless, Roberts, Nicnol and Lounsborough. This event over, His Lordship proceeded at once to the Chapter House, where the second bridal party were in waiting, and in due course, Miss Severs, late lady principal of Hellmuth Ladies' College, was united to Dr. Howard of Montreal. Misses Lewis and Evans acted as bridesmaids, and Messrs. Chipman of Montreal, and R. B. Brough of this city, as groomsmen. The breakfast was given at the See House, Norwood.

The Phoenix hand engine supplanted here by the new steamer was sold to-day to the village of Aylmer for $1,200.

The Newmarket races commenced this afternoon, the weather was very favorable but the track was a little heavy owing to the heavy rains. About 2,500 people were present.

QUEBEC.

Movements of the Vice-Regal Party—Commuted Cabinet Meeting—Inspection—Personal—Arrival.

QUEBEC, June 10.

The Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin and family left town this morning by the steamship "Druid" for Tadousac.

Intelligence from Ottawa has been received that sentence of death passed upon the convict Schmidt has been commuted to imprisonment for life in the penitentiary.

Senators Ferrier and Ryan have arrived in town.

There was a meeting of the Quebec Cabinet this afternoon.

Monseigneur Laroque, of St. Hyacinthe, arrived in town this morning, accompanied by Father Dowd, of Montreal.

There was a meeting of the General Council of Public Instruction this morning.

The Hon. Mr. Archambault, Commissioner of Public Works and Agriculture, left town this afternoon to inspect the colonisation roads of the Matawan.

The mail steamship "Nova Scotian," from Liverpool, arrived in port at 4 p. m. to-day.

HALIFAX.

Halifax Chamber of Commerce—Sudden Death—Marine—Died in Hospital.

HALIFAX, N.S., June 10.

A large meeting of the Halifax Chamber of Commerce was held this afternoon to hear the views of Mr. C. J. Brydges regarding the contemplated extension of the railway from Richmond Depot to the centre of the city. Messrs. Power & Jones, representatives of the city, were also present. Mr. Brydges condemned the Naval Reserve as an unfit place for a depot, on account of smallness, and also the extension of the railway to the North Dock Yard, as it would only bring the railway some 1,600 feet nearer the city than at present. He advocated the separation of freight and passenger traffic, making the Queen's Wharf a central depot for freight, which will be conveyed by steam barges to Richmond station, and for passenger traffic an extension of the line from the present depot along the west side of Water Street to North street, through a triangular shaped piece of land owned by the Admiralty and others. He urged this as the most practical idea of extension. His views were favourably entertained by the meeting, and a resolution adopting them was passed by the Chamber. Mr. Brydges promised to report to Ottawa immediately, and said that the work of extension would be commenced forthwith. It is thought this settles the long vexed question of railway extension.

A prisoner named Michael Maloney, who was sent to the city prison yesterday for stealing a coat, dropped dead this morning while putting on the prison clothes.

A marine artilleryman, belonging to the flag-ship 'Bellerophon' who got injured in a street row with the police one night last week, died in hospital to-day. His skull was fractured.

KINGSTON.

Investigation—Petition—Confirmation

KINGSTON, June 10.

To-day the Directors of Penitentiaries opened an investigation into the cause of the late fire at the Penitentiary.

The County Council have petitioned Government to rescind the order prohibiting the fishing with net or seine between Kingston and Brockville.

The Bishop of Ontario holds a confirmation here on Sunday.

ST. JOHN, N.B.

Reciprocity Treaty and the Maritime Provinces.

ST. JOHN, June 10.

The proposed reciprocity treaty with the United States meets with little favor here. The Maritime Provinces want the coasting trade thrown open to their shipping on equal terms. As understood here at present, the compensation for the surrender of the fisheries agreed on by the Washington Treaty was to be given up without any adequate return. This is very unpopular, and leads people to suppose that our interests are in danger of being again sacrificed.

Markets unchanged. Weather fine; crops looking well in spite of the very backward spring.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Gambetta.

LONDON, June 10.—The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* reports that while Gambetta was waiting for Versailles he was hustled and insulted by a band of well known Bonapartists, led by Moutin M. Picilris, Foreign Secretary, and Cassanova, an officer of the Imperial Guard. The latter attempted to strike Gambetta.

Extensive Fire.

LONDON, 10.—The extensive cotton mills at Mosely and Mar at Manchester, have been destroyed by fire. Loss $250,000.

National Affairs.

A special despatch from Berlin to the London *Times* says that the governments of Germany, Servia and Roumania, have confidentially informed the other European powers that they have concluded an agreement to mutually protect their interests and position against the designs of Turkey.

Trouble in the East.

Despatches to the *Daily Telegraph* from Berlin assert that the differences between the Khedive, of Egypt, and the Sublime Porte are serious and intimates that grave complications in the East are probable.

UNITED STATES.

Rochefort's Letter to the "Herald."

NEW YORK, June 11.—It is said that 30,000 copies of Rochefort's letter to the *Herald* have been printed on tissue paper for secret distribution in France, and the report that Rochefort's sudden departure on account of the sickness of his children is untrue. The day before he sailed he received a telegram from Gambetta saying "come immediately."

The Mill River Disaster.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 11.—The body of another victim of the Mill River disaster has been discovered,—Rosa Wilson, of Haydenville. There are now but two of the 140 lost unrecovered.

Striking Plasterers.

NEW YORK, June 11.—A gang of striking plasterers last evening endeavoured to drive away some non-society men at work when the owner of the building, Mr. Englehart, interfered, whereupon the gang set upon and beat him severely. The police arrived, but the strikers fought them till re inforced, when they fled, leaving two of their members in the hands of the officers.

Suits against Collector Arthur.

It is reported that suits have been commenced in the Circuit Court against Collector Arthur, by importers of mohair, to recover $66,000 alleged to have been paid in excess of duty.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Bullion and Specie in the Banks.

LONDON, June 11.—Bullion in the Bank of England has increased £405,000 during the past week.

Specie in the Bank of France has increased 9,585,000 francs during the past week.

Liberal Victory.

Lord Kensington, Liberal, has been returned to the House of Commons from the Borough of Haverford West, in Pembrokeshire, without opposition.

India Famine Riots.

A special despatch to the *Times* from Calcutta says that the riots in the districts near Darjeeling, are directed against the exporters of food. The rioters were chiefly unarmed; bands availed themselves of the excitement caused by the demonstration to plunder a number of stores; several were killed. The Government Commissioner has sent troops to the scene of the disturbance to re assure the people. Two hundred thousand people are being relieved.

The International Congress.

In the House of Commons to-day Bourke, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in reply to a question from John Semar, said a draft of the code sent by the Government of Russia for the consideration of Congress upon international law, soon to assemble at Brussels, relates to the exercise of military authority in an enemy's country, the distinction between combatants and non-combatants, the various modes of warfare, reprisals and treatment of prisoners. Bourke added that the British Government had not yet decided whether it would send delegates to the Congress or not.

Election.

Durham City has returned Herschell Monk, Liberal, to the House of Commons to-day.

Laborers' Petition.

Mr. Gladstone asked leave to present a petition to Parliament signed by 86,000 laborers asking for County and Borough franchise.

FRANCE.

An Editor in Trouble—Spanish News from Frontier.

PARIS, June 11.—Schael Cher and Festelin, went to-day to the office of the *Le pays* newspaper on behalf of ex-mayor Clemencean, who was delegated by republicans to demand armed preparations for a violent article published in that journal. Editor Paul DeCassagnac was absent, but has since announced that he will make a public statement to-morrow.

PARIS June 10.—Despatches from Spanish frontier says that numerous bands in Basque Provinces have revolted against Don Carlos, demanding peace. Don Carlos has ordered that upon capture they shall be shot.

UNITED STATES.

A Pacific Cable.

NEW YORK, June 11.—At San Francisco on the 3rd inst. Cyrus W. Field, examined with a view of ascertaining the most favourable place to land a cable to connect with China and Japan.

Appointment Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Senate confirmed J. C. Bancroft Davis, Minister to Germany to succeed the Hon. George Bancroft.

ITALY.

The American Pilgrims.

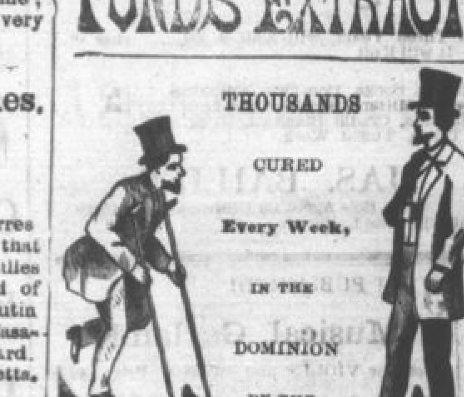
ROME, June 11.—The American pilgrims to-day paid a visit to Cardinal Barromes, who distributed among them copies of a medal especially cut off by command of the Pope in commemoration of the pilgrimage. The Holy Father has deputed Signor Rossi, the distinguished Italian Archæologist and author to accompany the pilgrims on their visit to the temples and other monuments of ancient Rome.

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa,
etc.

POND'S EXTRACT



DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied. We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Scott Street, Toronto,
Agents for Ontario.
Or DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal:
Agents for Province of Quebec.

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874. 2572

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa Post Office, May 30th, 1874.

Abbott J H 2	Lawrence H
Aikins J	Larcher L U
Agan Miss M	Leggie F
Abendroth B	Lemin Miss E
Abbott W J	Lindsay Mr
Armstrong W	Levings Miss L A
Armstrong D	Lothian W 2
Armstrong R	Lyne Jno
Ashford J A	Lyons Mrs E A
Austin J E	Maloy Miss M
Aylen Jno	Marchant C
Bailey Jas	Marlin H J
Barney Mrs A	Manser J
Barrie Miss S M	Martin Miss S J
Baldwen A C	Masse R
Barber A C	Madigan J C
Beck Miss F	Medlow C
Beanitt B	Merfield Miss L M
Beaton Miss A	Mitchell W
Ferrigan L	Middleton W
Bourk N	Mills Jas
Bollomby W C	Miller Mr
Brown J G	Miller C E
Brophy M	Moss Chs
Branchand E 3	Morris G
Burk H W	Moore Miss S A
Butler Ellen	Michol Jas
Burroughs G A	Northrup A G
Burton Jno	O'Connel Bros
Carmady Sarah	O'Connor J M
Caldor W J	O'Brien J W
Carruthers Mary	O'Donnell P
Caxan Mary	Parker Jos
Chase Bros & Bowman	Parker A L
Childs Jno	Perry S
Chambers Jane	Pettapice Jas
Clark A	Pike J A
Clarkson T D	Power Mrs
Cochran C	Proudlove W
Cowan R	Quinn Jas
Coleman H	Raitt A
Carrie Geo	Reid Miss F
Comfort S	Rees Bros
Cooper W H	Rea Jas
Cochrane Miss D W	Richard Mrs
Cook A	Rice E
Cougle Mrs Dr	Row E G
Coughlan Mrs A	Rowan A
Cochrane Mrs M	Roberts Capt O
Crosby M C	Roy S
Crabtree Jno	Rogers Mrs M T
Cruickshank A D	Robson J N
Dempsey Jas	Robertson A
Dinsmore Jos	Scrimgeour Geo
Doneho J	Scott A 2
Dobell R R	Scott J
Donison Jno	Selvright Jas
Dolan Miss C	Shaw H 2
Doyle Miss C	Sheldon H H 2
Drew Jas	Shelsnow Mrs
Dunfield H	Sharp J E
Dulanty P	Skinner C
Dunlop J	Sinclair Wm
Duggan Ed	Smith W J
Dunlop Jas.	Smith Miss E
Edwards Miss E A	Smith M
Ellis Jas	Soyns Mr
Elwin D	Sparks S J
Ferguson W	Sparks Miss E
Fee H	Spier J A
Finley Mary	Sprague M H
Fillion J	Stevens H
Finch W	Stewart J C
Fleming A	Stevenson Jas
Flann Jno	Stout J M
Fleming F S	Staples M H
Fowler & Smith Messrs	Starkey H
Fobert J	Strong O K
Ford T J	Stewart A
Foby Miss M A 2	Stafford P C
Foster Jas	Stewart J.
Forsythe R	Stack R
Fowler F	Swyer W H
Fearher A	Sullivan J S
Fraser John 2	Taylor S
Fraser T	Taylor Capt J W
Gallagher R	Tanney R
Grant D	Tallon L A
Gilroy Jos 2	Taylor W H
Glassford A 2	Telford W 2
Gollan B B	Teroan H
Gow H	Thompson N P
Graham H	Traveler Miss H
Gunn A	Toser A
Hall Jno	Tobin R
Hapley M	Tucker C
Hawver J	Van Soavan P
Haxpin P	Watkins Mrs W A
Houston A	Watson Miss M A
Hamilton J	Watson E W
Hall L	Waddle J
Hay Miss C	Watts E
Handrettry Miss M A	Whissel Geo
Barter J	Whitten Mrs A S
Heard E	Wilder Mrs H B
Hepinstall Geo	Williams J
Heimer C D	Wilson Miss M J
Hesden B F	McAvoy E J
Hill J	McArthur J
Hillingdon A E	McCormac A
Hill G 2	McCallum R N
Higgings Miss K	McCaghren E
Hindmarsh M	McLeod D
Holmer T	McDowell Dr
Hannester R H	McDowell J
Holt Jno A 2	McDonald D C
Horan C H	McDonald R
Howard A H	McEwan J
neh J	McDonald C
Irvine W J	McDermott H
Jackson J S	McDonald D
Johnson T H	McFarland D
Johnston Miss Jane	McDougall W
Johnston R W	McGillivary D
Kelly Mrs	McKay Jas
Kehoe Jas	McLean R
Keenan Jno	McLean J
Kerwin A	McNaughton C
Knox Jno	McNulty D
Kulzing Miss E	McRea J
Laffoley T.	McPhail J
Signed,	G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY,

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2480

Pain Killer

The Great

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face Neuralgia Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON

Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1864.

RINK MUSIC HALL.

LUCCA!

Messrs. M. & M. STRAKOSCH respectfully announce the first and only appearance of the world-renowned prima donna,

MME. PAULINE LUCCA,

In one Grand Lucca Concert,

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 17,

At 8 p. m.

Madame Pauline Lucca will on this occasion be assisted by Mlle. Alice Maresi, Miss A. L. Cary, Mr. Tom Karl, Sig. Del Puente, Sig. Evasio Scolara, &c.

Musical Director, . . Mr. S. Behrens.

Reserved seats, $3. The sale of tickets will commence on Saturday morning, June 13, at A. & S. Nordheimer's.

June 11, 1874.

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN,

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874. 618y

STRAYED—From the grounds of the Normal School, on the morning of the 6th inst a BRIGHT BAY HORSE with a white star in his forehead; had a halter on. Any one returning the same to the Union House or the Normal School, will be suitably rewarded.

June 8, 1874. 2590-3in

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at

NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,

Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,

Main-St.,

HULL, P.Q.

2378-6m

WANTED—A situation in or near Ottawa, by a steady man, who is handy with most any tools. Wages not so much an object as a steady job. Address, ALF. SCOTT, P. O., Montreal

June 10, 1874. 2591

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.

June 9, 1874. 2590

FOR SALE—A Furnished Hotel, with rooms for forty boarders; also License, Bar, Liquors, Horse and Express. Apply to BENJAMIN LAURIN'S HOTEL, formerly Isidore Champagne, Murray-st., Ottawa.

June 9, 1874. 2580-3m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE,

An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,

By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys.

Dated at Ottawa this 30th day of May A D 1874

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitalizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1.00.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE.

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

*⁎*Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts. now	11¼
2,500 "	20 "	14¼
3,000 "	25 "	19
3,175 "	30 "	22½
2,085 "	38 "	26¼
2,275 "	40 "	31
3,050 "	50 "	39¼

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90 now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25 "	1 00
1,300 "	1 40 "	1 25
1,575 "	1 55 "	1 28
550 "	1 75 "	1 40
500 "	2 00 "	1 47
400 "	3 00 "	2 50

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

Splendid Assortment	17cts. now	14
Plain Black	20 "	16
and	25 "	19½
Coloured	30 "	25
	35 "	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	13cts. now	9½
2,275 "	14 "	11
3,025 "	15 "	12½
2,150 "	18 "	15
3,185 "	20 "	16

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons	10cts. now	7½
	13 "	10
	15 "	12
	17 "	14

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50 "	7 25
	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

White and	15c. now	12c.
	20 "	15
Coloured	25 "	19
	30 "	23
Cotton	35 "	26

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batistes and Lawns.

83,000 yards.	17cts now	14
	20 "	16
	22 "	17½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Trellis and Satins.	23cts now	18½
Stripe	25 "	19
Muslins	30 "	25
4,000 yards	35 "	28½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts. now	15
Splendid	25 "	19
Assortment	30 "	23
	35 "	28
	45 "	35

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts. now	14
450 "	20 "	16
475 "	25 "	19
360 "	30 and 35 "	23 & 28

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60 now	$3 75
	6 75 "	5 75
Polonaises	8 50 "	7 25
	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,

30 SPARKS-ST.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats........Peacock
Christy's Hats........Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats........Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats........Peacock
Wolseley Hats........Peacock
Castellar Hats........Peacock
Cheltenham Hats........Peacock
Spencer Hats........Peacock
Sorento Hats........Peacock
Cordova Hats........Peacock
Venosti Hats........Peacock
Clinton Hats........Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS.

Attractive, Useful and very Popular!

CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS

For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.

River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Cantata of Esther. Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.

Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes. 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.

River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book, 75c.

River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.

Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass. Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

CHAS. H DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of E. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

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This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street,

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

*⁎*We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2575

Slaughter! Slaughter.

SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.29, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half, whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st and Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. 2545-2m W. E. BROWN.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds........ 82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do $1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg 2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.
200 Men's Shooting Coats 3.50
150 " Sac Coats 2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.
Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2564y

NOW COMPILING,

A NEW AND IMPROVED

DIRECTORY OF OTTAWA,

With which will be included

New Edinburgh, Hull, Rochesterville and Aylmer.

The publisher, in announcing his intention to produce a new edition of a Directory of Ottawa, begs to state that no pains or expense will be spared to render the work as accurate as possible, and in order to insure this end every inhabitant will be personally called upon.

The Directory will consist of Street, Alphabetical and Classified Business Lists; together with full information respecting all ecclesiastical and magisterial functionaries, public institutions, railways, carries and conveyances, post offices, telegraphs, &c., to which will be added a list of churches and chapels, with the names of their presiding ministers and times of service. The Publisher has pleasure in stating that he has secured the services of Mr. J. S. Rowe, who has compiled several similar works in various parts of England and Scotland, and who, with efficient assistant, has already commenced the compilation.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

The Directory will not only be circulated extensively throughout the City and neighborhood, but also in Toronto, Montreal, Quebec and other important places, thereby rendering it a desirable medium of advertising.

Price to Subscribers, $3 00; to Non-Subscribers, $3.50.

PRICES OF ADVERTISEMENTS.

Whole Page........$12 | Third of Page $4
Half Page........$6 | Quarter of Page........$3

A. S. WOODBURN,
Publisher.

Directory Office—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
June 5, 1874. 2589

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—20 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

30 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S,

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S

SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.

March 23, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.15 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p. m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Kinnmount Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD..............................112¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 11.

GRAIN.	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 10 to 0 12
Lard, do	0 06 to 0 08
Tallow, do	0 12 to 0 17
Hams, do	0 10 to 0 15
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 17
Tongues, each	0 00 to 0 14
	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish,	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut,	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 00
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 10 to 0 00
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 80
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Receipts of hogs 14,016; shipments, 11,511.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Wheat firm and in fair demand; $1.20 to 1.30 for No. 1 Spring; $1.25 for No. 2 do; No. 3 do, $1.18¼ to 1.19; rejected $1.10.

Corn active and higher at 64½c for No. 2 mixed; rejected, 62c to 62½c.

Oats firm and in fair demand at 46½c for No. 2 cash.

Rye in fair demand and higher at 91½c for No. 2.

Barley dull and nominal.

Pork active and higher at $16.25 to 16.30.

Lard advanced and in fair demand at $9.75 to 9.78.

Bulk Meats steady; short rib middles at 8¼c.

Bacon steady.

Lake Freights—Buffalo, 4c to 4½c, Kingston, 9½c to 10c.

Receipts—7,000 brls flour; 86,000 bush wheat; 97,000 bush corn; 38,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 3,000 bush barley.

Shipments—7,000 brls flour; 93,000 bush wheat; 155,000 bush corn; 12,000 bush oats; 2,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Cotton, dull at 18¼ for Middling Uplands.

Flour in buyers' favor and moderate; receipts, 15,000; sales, 11,000; quotations unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged.

Wheat steady.

Rye, steady; receipts, none; sales, 5,000 at $1.12 for State.

Corn, dull; receipts, 117,000; sales, 55,000; at 80c to 82c for new and old Western.

Barley, dull and nominal.

Oats, quiet; receipts, 75,000; sales, 24,000, at 60c to 61c for mixed Western.

Pork heavy at $17.05.

Lard, 15 1-6 for Steam.

Butter, at 25c to 30c. for State and new

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes "Send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 doz. Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We have to take well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.

J. METCALFE.
2577

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

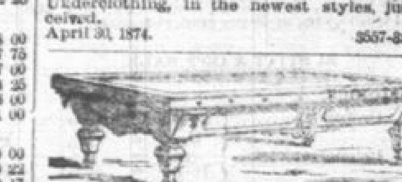
THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 3557-3m



STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated *"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"* of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S. and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S., and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Fort Garry and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and Sanfrancisco; Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster
Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

NEW

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are preprepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the nes referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO.
Ottawa, March 1874 2505

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.
Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

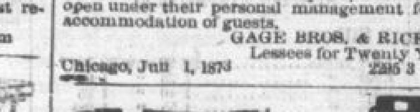
GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2513y

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
6 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100

400 Gold Watches..........$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines..........60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos..........250 to 700
50 " Melodeons..........50 to 200
Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5, 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 3550-2m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 28th, 1874. 2579-1w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased Stock-in-trade, Books, Book debts, and Copartnership Assets of the late firm of Birkett & Grant, of this City, Hardware Merchants, all persons indebted thereto are hereby forbidden to make payment to any person or persons other than myself—the undersigned

W. A. ARMSTRONG.
Ottawa, May 16th, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 2bl 3-6m

"QUITE INDISPENSIBLE."—*Nation.*

Ready this Day:

THE CANADIAN

PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION

FOR 1874,

Edited by Henry J. Morgan, Barrister-at-Law,

Containing the usual biographical data respecting the members of both Houses of the Federal Parliament and of the several Local Assemblies, their political predilections, and pledges, &c.; Official Returns of the last General Election; sketches of the chief officers of the Civil Service; the addresses of the chiefs of political parties; the "platforms" of parties; list of political societies and organizations, &c.

TO BE HAD AT
E. A. PERRY'S,
Elgin-St.
May 14, 1874.

Easter Beef

AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.
Apri 2 1874.

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.

A New Glee Book For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.
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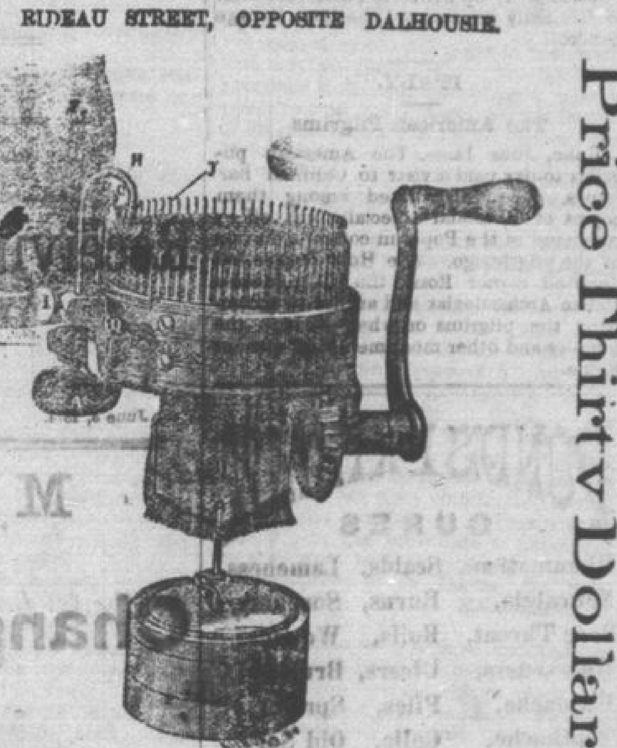

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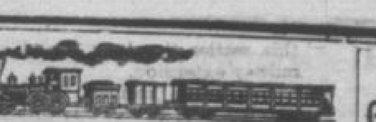
Ottawa, March 17th, 1874 22



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ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME And acceleration of trains.

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No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A. M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P. M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P. M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A. M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

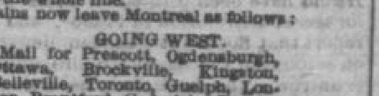
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	8.10 p.m
Brockville	1.30 p.m.	8.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.



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Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations..........
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations..........5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at..........1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

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Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations..........6.45 a.m.
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Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at..........2.15 p.m.
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Secretary & Treasurer.
Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

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May 28, 1874. 2489y

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Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

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The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely on their purity and strength, SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them ... forth as possessing the rem... ties of the true preparations, ... are in reality either ... pounds, ointments or pomades, ... trace of the Pancreatic principle ... tirely unfit and useless ... These imitations are calculated to ... serious disappointment and to ... affect the reputation which the Pancreatine and Pancreatic ... have acquired. It is therefore ... portant that purchasers examine ... on the bottles for the names ... Moore.

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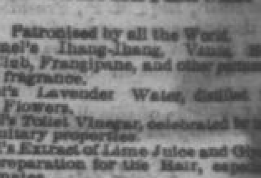

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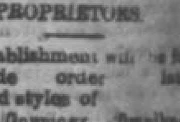

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Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen, and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1931tf

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders ... will be satisfactorily ...

Lumbermen's inspection to our ... of Blankets

Bags,

Buck and Beef Moccasins

is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF,
Ottawa, Aug 6 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalisation, wishes to give lessons in Vocalisation. She will attend pupils at their residences or receive them at her house, between ... 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ... Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre) Centre Town, Ottawa.

Cution.

...NE PANCREATINE
...EATIC EMULSION.

...acy of these Medicines in the ... of Indigestion, Bronchitis or ...y Catarrh, Consumption, Waste ... &c., depending entirely upon ...rity and strength. Messrs ... & MOORE caution the public ...itations of them ... possessing the rem... proper... true preparations, but which ...ality either ... acceous ... ments of ... e Pancreatic principle ... it and useless ... ations are calculated to produce ... appointment and ... reputation which the ... e and Pancreatic Emulsion ... red. It is therefore highly ... purchasers examine the ... ties for the names and ...

...SAVORY & MOORE," ...inal and only Manufacturers ...s to the Queen, H.R.H. the ... of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon ...ard, His Highness the ...hedive of Egypt, &c., ... BOND STREET, LONDON.

...rom an Analytical Report upon ...specimen of a so-called Pro... ...ncreatine. ...ompound resembled an ... ...made in appearance ... ...t was flavored with Essence of ...Prussic Acid. It was strongly ...eating free alkali, which ... ...e fat, produced the usual ...; the whole forming a ... ...as of fat, soap, glycerine ... ...s ointment was physically ... ...ifferent from the true ... ...sion which I have also exam... ...which, besides being rich in ...uce, has the delicate smooth... and consistency of fresh ...statoic and readily taken."

...ale Agents for Canada, ...AS, CLARK & CO., ...t, MONTREAL. ...AN BROTHERS & Co., ...t, Toronto ...Sth. 1873. 2004...

...S HOME MAGAZINE.

...t First-Class Magazine ... and more thoroughly ... in their social and domestic life ... Every yearly subscriber has a ... the following large ... one of which was awarded the ... the Late Provincial ... ...ition in London.

...Be Unto This House." ... J. W. JONES, London, Ont., Sole General Agent.

...S CHOICE PERFUMES ...nised by all the World. ...Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, ...angipane, and other perfumes of ...ance. ...avender Water, distilled from ... ...et Vinegar, celebrated for its ... ...rast of Lime Juice and Glycerine, ...ration for the Hair, especially in ... ...ngong Oil Soap, perfumed with ...alyptus. ...lycerine, Honey, Costum and ... very amusing for ... ...olet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other ... A liberal allowance to shippers. ...mel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the ...ales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, ...l, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. ...nery Vendors.

...STEAM

...ge and Sleigh ...ACTORY, ...STREET, OTTAWA.

...ockdale & Co ...ROPRIETORS. ...blishment will be found on ...e order latest and ...styles of ...Carriages, Omnibusses, ..., BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS ... of finish and durability, ...ed in any market. ...k warranted for one year, ... of repairing carefully and ... amount of new and im... ...ery has lately been added, ...le is driven by steam power ...lishment so supplied in this ...try), we are in a position ...ork more promptly and ...ny one else. ...ors are practical workmen ...al supervision to all work. ...rch 25, 1872. 1931tf

...UMN 1873

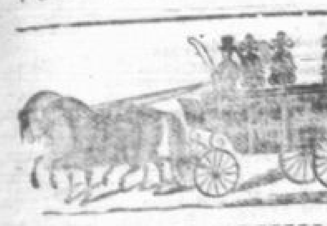
...ARA & CO. ...s Street, Ottawa. ...r assortment of ...nade Clothing ...ate, we have the pleasure ... with our Autumn Circular ...edium we beg to inform you ... for your inspection a com... ...assortment of ...ED CANADIAN TWEEDS ...D CLOTHS, ...passed by any other house in ...rges having been particularly ... the manufacture of ...ABLE FOR THE OTTAWA ...TRADE. ...at all orders ... ...satisfactorily ... ...'s inspection to our stock of ... Buck and Beef Moccasin ...estly solicited. O'MEARA & CO. ...1873.

...ROBERTSON, ...ignor Leon Corelli, the ...r of Vocalization, wishes ... Vocalization. She will ... their residences. ...er house, between ... Terms made known ...dence Joyce's ...ndy Hill. ..., 1872.

...rinted and published by ...ROGER & CO., at the ...Number 12, Wellington ...Her Majesty's Theatre ...Otta a.

The Ottawa Times

VOL VIII. NO. 2594 | OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1874 | PRICE 3 CENTS



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FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,

38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.

Jan. 7, 1873. 2476-ly

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Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.

Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.

Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.

Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.

Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2528y

DR. BURROWS,

C.M.L. C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.

Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.

April 29, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

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March 21, 1873. 2532y

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Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.

Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.

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G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.

Ottawa, June 1873.

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The undersigned have agreed to form a co-partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.

Feb. 1. 87 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,

(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)

OFFICES—Elgin Street. Ottawa.

C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.

Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

G. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.

Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.

Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No. 12 St. James-S. MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c

OFFICE:

Master in Chancery Chambers,

COURT HOUSE,

OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,

Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.

March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,

ADVOCATE,

Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,

MAIN STREET, HULL.

Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 1y

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,

(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)

Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.

March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT

Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.

Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.

Nov. 17 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

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SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke,

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

...

THE WILLIAMS

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

—TOOK—

ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the Market.

Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell the above and other popular machines. Call on or address,

GEO. DAWSON,
66 Sparks-st., Ottawa

March 14, 1874. 2527-3m

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin ....$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage $29 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

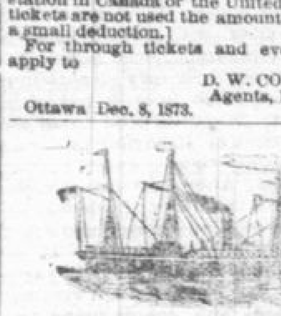
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.



Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

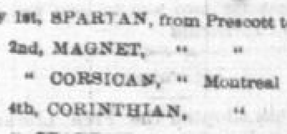
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.

OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2584



ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m., for passengers.

Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2.30 o'clock, p. m.

A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.

Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS ....P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.

Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.

The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.

Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.

Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2578-tf

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row, RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed re and despatch. 2445

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME

$60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address

E. J. STANTON. Hoboken. N.J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH

Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading Doctors of Ottawa recommend it.

$2 a year, with premium; $1.50 without.

J. ACKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.

May 7, 1874. 2564-1m

GOOD TIMES COMING

—IN—

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,

—IN—

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,

I remain, &c.,

C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)

May 13, 1874.

Tailoring Department.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

A Splendid Stock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS

—COMPRISING—

TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.

WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock ... FRENCH SERGES.

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.

RUSSELL & WATSON

May 2, 1874.

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

58 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874. 2519

REMEMBER

BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.

All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.

, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS. 2484

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo..... 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold $1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

39 SPARKS-ST

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL

Branches of Builders Work!—

Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application

COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.

N. S. BLASDELL & Co.

Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2368

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer ...

A LARGE VARIETY OF

GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER

SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT

DACIER'S DRUG STORE,

43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.

March 28, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS

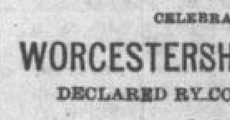
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitation by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free

Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent *free.* Send *at once.* Cleremont, Daniels & Co., 259 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE,

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 17. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable *in this locality.*

No. 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 5 and 6, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold *en bloc,* with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.

J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No. 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 21x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES.
SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES,
IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS,
TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.

And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks, to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 9th May, 1874.

L. D. SINE'S

ESTABLISHED 1854

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 } EACH IN Greenbacks.
Five Prizes $500 }
Ten Prizes $100 }

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine-toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1,000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

TO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND OTHERS

Several Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging during the coming Session of Parliament, at MRS. McINTYRE'S

BOARD.

MRS. KERR has vacancies for a few boarders, married or single, at her new residence, corner of Elgin and Slater streets. Bright, airy, comfortable bedrooms, and a good table.

May 5, 1874.

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2581

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices,

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa. Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.

Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.

S. R. GILES,
Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.

Made and for sale at Eight Dollars.

June 3, 1874. 2585-y

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 21st day of May, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs and under and in pursuance of the provisions of the "Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," and the Acts amending the same, and of the Act passed in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled: "An Act relating to Shipping and for the registration, inspection and classification thereof."

His Excellency the Governor General, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Ports of Darlington and Whitby, in the Province of Ontario, Ports for the registration of Shipping, and such Ports are hereby constituted and appointed accordingly.

His Excellency, under the authority aforesaid, has further been pleased to constitute and appoint the Collectors of Customs at the said Ports respectively to be Registrars of Shipping thereat.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

June 5th.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 9th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT;

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 4th and 5th sections of the Act passed in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma and Province of Ontario be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs with Warehousing privileges and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of Sault Ste. Marie.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

June 5th.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to

R. C. MACCUAIG,
Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2587

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

73 ... 81 y&w

The Phenomena of Sleep.

Dr. Egbert Guernsey, in the June number of the *Medical Union,* thus discourses of sleep, from a physician's point of view:—

"How is sleep induced, and what is the condition of the brain during this period of rest which occupies nearly one-third of our lives?" are questions not merely of curiosity but of real practical use. Either the nervous mass as a whole is quiescent, undisturbed by currents of nervous energy or currents are still kept up but at an even, unaltering pace. The latter conclusion seems the most plausible, and is more distinctly borne out by facts. The nervous system is seldom allowed to fall into entire somnolence, but however profound the slumber, the mind still seems to retain waking impressions, that is to a certain extent under their influence even in sleep. A person very much fatigued, who has previously accustomed himself to that self-discipline, will fall into a deep and sound slumber, and yet wake up promptly at a time specified in his waking moments, notwithstanding he might have slumbered for hours had it not been for this act of the will. A gentleman, who in the prosecution of his business is obliged to travel constantly, taking the train at all hours, and catching his sleep when and where he can get it, informs me he never has any trouble, however much fatigued he may be, in waking at any specified time. Even without this strong exercise of the will power, the brain, however profoundly quiescent, is keenly alive to certain sounds, however oblivious it may be to others. The physicians hears the first tap of his night-bell, though he might sleep on undisturbed, while a band of music was playing in front of his windows, or the roar of the thunder or the crash of artillery was making the windows rattle and the bed tremble beneath him. The mother starts from her deep slumber at the first cry of her child, her ear quickly catching, however profound may be her sleep, almost its altered breathing. It is said of a young man, a midshipman, wishing to commend himself to thee commander, spent eighteen hours out of the twenty-four in watching and recording the signals, only retiring to rest when utterly exhausted. Then his slumber was so profound that the loudest noise would produce no impression, but simply whisper in his ear the word 'signal,' and in an instant he was on his feet, wide awake and ready for duty. We are all familiar with a kind of waking sleep, in which a perfect stillness or some monotonous sound lulls us into a kind of semi-unconsciousness. Any disturbing element may rouse up the currents of nerve force into into full activity, but without them consciousness gradually disappears, according as the nerve currents are unvaried in their degree, until sleep, more or less profound is produced.

"Facts such as we have stated are in favour of a certain low degree of nerve action as existing under every variety of state, from the light sleep to the most profound. On this hypothesis, when all the currents of the brain are equally balanced and continue at the same pitch, when no one is commencing, increasing, or abating, consciousness or feeling is null and mind is quiescent. A disturbance of the state of things wakens up the consciousness for a time; the variety or stimula in the waking state forbidding this perfect equilibrium from being attained.

"Sleep is a positive necessity. It is a period of recuperation, during which there is a restoration of what has suffered collapse, waste of disturbance during the period of waking activity. The tired brain and the aching muscles regain, by rest, strength and power to obey the mandate of the will. The demands of the material form of rest are so great as often to defy the action of the mind. During the cholera summer of 1849, while practising in the country, so constant and fatiguing were my professional labours that I have often ridden for miles on horseback sound asleep. Almost every physician in active practice during periods of epidemics, when his strength was taxed to the utmost, has dropped into a sleep, as I have done many times, while walking the street. During the battle of the Nile many of the boys engaged in handling ammunition fell asleep even while the roar of the battle was going on around them. It is said in the retreat to Corunna whole battalions of infantry slept while in rapid march. The most acute bodily sufferings are not always sufficient to prevent sleep. The worn-out frame of the victim of the Inquisition has yielded to its influence in the pause of his tortures upon the rack, and for a moment he has forgotten his sufferings. The Indian burned at the stake, in the interval between the preliminary torture and the lighting of the fire, has sweetly slumbered, and been only aroused by the flame which was to consume him curling around him."

A Sight for the Czar.

M. D. C. writing to the Cincinnati *Commercial* from London of the festivities attending the visit of the Czar, says:—"I should say that the Czar never did—and never will again—witness such a sight as greeted him at the Royal Albert Hall. This building—much the finest and largest in the world—was filled to its utmost capacity by the wealth and fashion of London, thousands of those present being in Court dress, and presenting, under the hundreds of gaseliers which shine in the dome like little suns, an effect which, in the fatal terminology of the reporters, I can only describe as indescribable. I looked upon the scene from various points of view, and the best was from the top. Looking down thence, the whole interior, floor and walls, seemed to be hung with some rich oriental drapery; the scrolls and colors of which, after gazing a moment longer, were found to be animated, to be gentlemen and ladies arrayed in all the purple and gold which wealth can secure, and fairly shimmering with the light of gems. When the royal party entered, about thirty in number, the vast mass arose, the organ broke forth, the thousand of performers rose up—one army of female singers in white and blue, another in red and white—the Coldstream band with its blare of brass, the vast orchestra with its strings, and the forty drummers in bear-skin caps perched along the wall in a balcony—and the national anthem of Russia rang out as a hurricane had been employed to utter it. The music was all of the big kind, not very classical, but full of the thunderous national airs, and glorified with the Hallelujah chorus and a fine Russian Church anthem. The Czar stood as one amazed. The Princess of Wales on one side of him, his daughter on the other, and decorations all around, he looked like the hero of some fine opera gaining his apotheosis with a chorus of fairies to celebrate his praises."

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—T. E Moore, Burlington Hair-cutting Rooms, 72 Sparks street, begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his fancy goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now over-stocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all fancy goods at half price or 25 per cent less than cost price. The goods consist of ladies' gold and silver watches, solid 15 carat gold chains, an immense assortment of elegant sets in gold. Best plate signet rings, plain and brass ring, hair ornaments, perfumery, brushes, real hair goods, meerchaum pipes, hand mirrors, hair brushes. All goods at half their market price. Ladies or gents requiring such articles will do well to call early. T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair Dressing Rooms 72 Sparks street. 2588

Temperance Items.

A Holly Tree Coffee Room has been started by the temperance ladies of Ripon, Wis.

Enthusiastic temperance meetings are being held by the ladies of Oldtown, Maine.

Gerrit Smith expressed his conviction that the Bible, and everything else except ignorance and wickedness, is emphatically for total abstinence.

In the city of Zanesville, Ohio, sixteen saloons have been closed since the first of March, twelve druggists have signed the pledge, and six grocers have discontinued the sale of liquor.

The temperance crusade has been renewed in Cleveland, Ohio, and two hundred ladies were on the streets visiting the saloons one day last week. "Mother Stewart" is leading the movement.

At Anoka, Minnesota, one day recently, twenty-five crusaders were arrested and released on their own recognizance till the day fixed for their trial. They resumed work at once with redoubled ardor, were again arrested and again released. They then proceeded again to the saloons and continued their work unmolested until night.

The Grand Jury, at Columbus, Ohio, refused to hear testimony against liquor dealers or to take any action upon liquor cases. The reason of this curious disregard of their sworn duties is found in the fact that several members of the jury were saloon keepers and the foreman the owner of a building where liquor is sold, and himself liable to be indicted.

Rhinebeck, N. Y., has voted against licensing saloons; the hotel at Ticonderoga is closed, and the hotels in Carthoge have been closed by the crusaders. Four towns in Washington County refuse licenses; and the Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad declines to transport liquor into Vermont. The Passaic (N. J.) City Council refuse spirituous liquor licenses, and have placed such restrictions on beer licenses as to be almost equivalent to a refusal.

The Hudson County (N. J.) Medical Society, at a recent meeting, decided that the use of alcohol, as a medicine, ought to be discouraged, save in extraordinary cases; that its benefits were of an exceedingly doubtful character, that it served only as a temporary and transient stimulant, with nothing nutritious in it; and that in view of the enormous evils resulting from its use, it would be well to discard it from the category of medicines altogether.

An attempt was made at Rock Island, Ill., one day last week to blow up a street car filled with crusaders, on their way from Moline to Rock Island. A can of gunpowder was discovered in a culvert under the track, so arranged that it could be lighted by pulling a long string, to the end of which a candle was attached. The plot was a clumsy one and failed, as it deserved to; but the murderous intent was quite evident.

The late Lord Aberdeen, the eccentric gentleman who for several years served as seamans mate and finally as captain, on American vessels, and who lost his life so last while pursuing his chosen calling, wrote to his mother on one occasion that being entrusted with great responsibilities he had been for two years, and continued to be "a rigid teetotaler." He had always been very abstemious, and before leaving his home had taken an interest in temperance movements.

The temperance movement in Pittsburg, Pa., has been waiting for several week, from simple lack of opposition. The recent arrests of crusading women, however, have had the effect to set the whole city aflame with excitement, and the women are very much stronger than before. Something of the same result has followed the arrests in Cincinnati. The temperance women are now more enthusiastic than before, and while they will keep from infringing the laws, they will make such a vigorous appeal for the impartial enforcement of the laws in general that the city officials will hardly find it wise to maintain their one-sided course.

Labor Strikes.

Considerable excitement exists in the uptown districts owing to the employment of a number of Italians to replace a body of laborers who had struck for higher wages. The strikers as usual lost their temper as soon as they saw their places taken by men willing to accept the wages they rejected as insufficient. A couple of unimportant skirmishes took place between the hostile parties, but fortunately the disturbances were suppressed before they took the proportions of a riot. The folly of laborers striking for high wages at a time when numbers of idle men willing to work for bread throng the streets is only equalled by their folly in attempting to prevent by violence men who replaced them from working. With the example of the stage drivers so recently before them sensible men would have hesitated risking a struggle with capital when not a ghost of a chance of success existed; but the one thing which the men who organize strikes generally lack in common sense.—*N. Y. Paper.*

Broken Bankers.

The proposed terms of settlement of the affairs of Jay Cooke & Co., have been received in London. They are as follows:

After declaring the dividend of five per cent, it is understood that the trustee is authorized by the committee further to settle with the creditors upon the following terms: Fifty per cent in the Northern Pacific $ 3-10 per cent gold bonds, at 70cts on the dollar; eighteen per cent of the Oregon Steam Navigation Company's stock, at forty cents the dollar; seven per cent in first mortgage bonds of the Lake Superior and Mississippi and other railroad companies, at from seventy cents to seventy-five cents the dollar; and ten per cent in the ten per cent income bonds of the Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company at forty cents the dollar. It is proposed by the trustees and committee to make a further last dividend of ten per cent as soon as it can be realized from the remaining assets, thus settling with the creditors in full. Upon this being carried out the creditors will receive fifteen per cent in cash and eighty-five per cent in securities at the rates given above.

The Fighting Steamship Companies.

Day by day the fight between the European steamship companies belonging to the North Atlantic Traffic Conference on the subject of the rates of passage money to be paid by steerage passengers, is becoming more and more embittered. It was currently reported down town yesterday that competition will be commenced in a similar fashion with the cabin passengers rates. Last year, it may be remembered, the Cunard line, after withdrawing from the Conference, carried steerage passengers from this port to Liverpool for $15 currency. They are now carrying them for $20, while the Williams & Guion line are bringing them from Liverpool to this port for $15, for the purpose, as Mr. Guion lately expressed it, of bringing the National line to terms. That line, yesterday, through their passenger agent, Mr. McAllister, stated to a *Herald* reporter that they could afford to carry passengers as cheap as any competing line, and so the fight goes on. Several steamship lines are now, it is reported, giving excursion steerage tickets to Liverpool and back for $30. Meanwhile the bulk of the emigration is coming to this port have arrived, and the best part of the season is considered to be at an end.—*N.Y. Herald.*

$55,000.—Ladies secure some of the cheap Print Grandines, Tussos and Muslins at Stitt & Co's cheap sale. Decided bargains are to be had. 2582

CLARET

Claret! Claret!

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE:

Barton & Guestin, Margaux.
Do do Medoc.
St. Estephe, do
St. Julien, do

—ALSO—

A CHOICE DINNER SHERRY,

AT

$6.00 Per Dozen.

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Wellington-st.

May 19, 1874. 2381

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 23d, 1874. 2523-3m

PANAMA HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

Leghorn Hats

AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT B HATS

—AT—

DEVLIN'S.

March 25, 1874. 2003-

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—That desirable property known as Sherborne Grange, on the Richmond Road. Also for sale, a pair of fine Horses, suitable for carriage or saddle.
June 13, 1874. 2594-3in

OTTAWA

Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company organised by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 48,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.
The Books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Signed, ROB. ANGUS, Jun.,
Secretary, pro tem.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.

Murray Bay,

NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

THE LORNE HOUSE

Is now open to visitors.
Telegraph and Independent Post Offices at Point a Pic.
CHAMARD & Co.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

THOS. S. SARNEY,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER

AND

AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances,

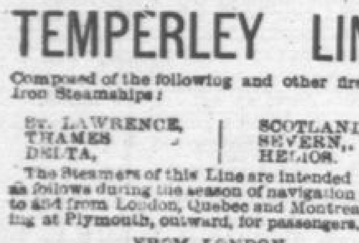
Light Engines and General Machinery

Agent for Edgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.

Orders or enquiries at

CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
June 13, 1874. 2538-tf

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.

The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.
Thames..........Wednesday, June 3
Delta..........Wednesday, June 17
Helios..........Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence..........Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.
Thames..........Thursday, July 2
Delta..........Thursday, July 9
Helios..........Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence..........Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 2 Billiter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Ottawa.
June 13, 1874. 2543.

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and fitting the same ready for use.
June 11, 1874. P. LeSUEUR.

CLAIRVOYANT.

Mrs. E. D. HAZELTINE, Clairvoyant Physician, can be seen at the residence of Mr. HORACE MERRILL, CHAUDIERE, ON MONDAY NEXT, the 15th inst., and two weeks following (Saturdays excepted), where she will endeavour to prescribe for all who may favour her with a call.
Terms of examination and prescription, $1.
June 10, 1874. 2591-4

GLAD TIDINGS!!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at
CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freres, and a variety of other brands,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

Now Advertisements.

Catalogue Sale—J Bermingham.
Special Notices—At Hardey's.
Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company—Rob. Angus, Jr.
Sea Side—Chamard & Co.
For Sale—Sherborne Grange.
Flowers—At Forfar's.
Steamships—Temperley Line.
Mechanical Engineer—Thos Sarney.
Opening Day—Morrison & Adam.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1874.

RECIPROCITY—THE WISH OF FAILURE FATHER TO THE THOUGHT.

A few days ago we gave an example, furnished by the Halifax *Reporter*, Dr. Tupper's organ, of an attempt to find a base of operations against the Government in the event of a successful issue of the negotiations for reciprocity with the United States. In a later issue of that journal we find an equally obvious attempt made to prepare the public mind for failure of the negotiations, and to make capital against the Government in that event. Our contemporary's sagacity in thus providing a sort of double-barrelled provision against contingencies is admirable as a piece of forethought, however we may demur to its quality in a moral sense. It might not occur to every mind that the means now being used to accomplish Reciprocity must either succeed or fail, therefore the generous announcement of the fact by our Halifax contemporary has put that portion of the world that is interested in the matter under tribute to its shrewdness and its candour. The *Reporter* has had some despatches from Washington, which must have been specially to itself; since if they are indicated correctly, they differ from whatever despatches others have had, to the extent of foreshadowing the probability of failure in the negotiations. This alleged news from Washington is made the excuse for an attempted shewing of the folly of the Government in not in this matter having made haste slowly. In other words, in "having precipitated matters" before "everything was ripe for action." This the *Reporter* finds by the light of its exclusive despatch from Washington, is precisely Mr. Mackenzie's mistake This plucking or attempted plucking of unripe fruit is just the act that was of all things, in respect of time and manner, the most imprudent for a statesman in his position to do. And what is more, says the organ of the Nova Scotia Opposition, this is one of those points in which the superiority of "Sir John A.'s character as an Administrator" was made to appear with brilliancy in the position of contrast. Says our contemporary:—"The present Ottawa Government "have apparently been in too great haste "to wait till the fiscal arrangements of "the United States has become so adjusted as that a Reciprocity Treaty "would fit naturally in with existing circumstances. They, apparently, have "not learned the value of the saying "*Festina lente*, 'make haste slowly.' "They seem to have been in too great a "hurry and to have precipitated matters "before everything was ripe for action. "That was one great point in Sir John "A.'s character as an Administrator. He "knew how to wait. Mr. Mackenzie in "his eager impulsiveness has ventured to "milk the cow before she was quieted, "and as a consequence, the bucket has "been kicked over." This is all very fine for consummate nonsense such as it is. It may be very convenient, but not quite correct to forget that if the "bucket has been kicked over" by Mr. Mackenzie it is not the first time. It was kicked over by Sir John, some eight years ago, about which fact there can be no dispute. The reason, it appears, however, why Mr. Mackenzie's action in the direction of Reciprocity is premature, is that "the fiscal arrangements of the United States" had not "become so adjusted that a treaty would fit naturally in with existing circumstances." What that means, can only be guessed at, and we assume that it is held that the unsettled condition of the currency question amongst our neighbors, and the high duties made necessary for revenue purposes render their circumstances unfavourable for the application of the measure of freedom in trade that is sought. Well in this respect Mr. Mackenzie cannot be represented by his opponents as not having "made haste slowly," and therefore in that respect contrasting unfavorably with Sir John, since the latter arrived, eight years ago, at precisely the point reached by the former within the last three months. This is a most unfortunate comparative test for Sir John to which his admirers have brought him. A few more such contrasts with his successor in the Government of the Dominion will divest him of whatever little of public confidence the ignorance of his apologists or the forgetfulness of his less ardent friends may entitle him to claim. Perhaps indeed that loss would not add seriously to what he has already suffered, for indiscreet friends are scarcely better than none. If it will be any relief to our Halifax contemporary from the discouraging impression caused by the Washington telegram already referred to, or if it will disabuse the minds of others who are inclined to take consolation from sources of the character of the leading organ of the Nova Scotia opposition, we will quote the words of the Washington correspondent of the *Journal of Commerce*, a New York authority of unquestionably high standing, to the following effect:—"the Reciprocity "Treaty with Canada is now about ready "to go to the Senate for confirmation, and "will probably go in a day or two. It has "been delayed in the search for certain "details of information that have been "satisfactorily obtained. The belief gains "ground daily that it will be acted upon "this session."

The Hon. Mr. Holton leaves for Montreal to-day. In reference to his visit we see that a number of baseless theories have been set afloat.

The filling up of the vacancy caused by Hon. Mr. Dorion's retirement from the Cabinet, keeps the imaginative reporter and correspondent on the *qui vive*. All we need say is that his occupation is not yet gone.

Some of our contemporaries speculate upon the filling of the office of Collector of Customs, Montreal—an exercise wholly unnecessary, as there is at present no vacancy.

Persons interested in the church services, City Hall Square, will be pleased to learn that the morning services will be conducted by the Rev. Thos. Wardrope, of Guelph; and in the evening by the Rev. John Thompson, of Sarnia.

A pleasing incident in connection with the meeting of the Kirk Synod in this city was the presentation of a highly complimentary address, accompanied by a gift of one thousand dollars, to the Rev. John H. Mackerras, the Clerk of the Synod. The presentation was made at the manse by Mr. Croil, on behalf of a few of the reverend gentleman's numerous friends throughout the Church. The well-deserved compliment called forth a suitable and feeling reply.

The people of Halifax, at any rate, are likely to receive considerable benefit from the Intercolonial Railway. The friends of the present route have had to depend for its defence mainly upon the argument that it was the most direct to Halifax, some fifty or sixty miles, if we remember right, shorter than any of its rivals, even taking the road by the Valley of St. John. Feeling on the question of route has run higher in New Brunswick than in Nova Scotia, whose people seem to have been satisfied with the roundabout line chosen, skirting the New Brunswick or Gulf Coast. The chief consideration with Nova Scotia seems to have been the *bona fide* extension of the road to its Capital, particularly to a convenient point in the harbour. Much dissatisfaction was felt by its citizens at the prospect of a halt somewhat short of the port, leaving passengers and freight to be carried by other means to the point of ocean embarkation; but the persistent efforts of the inhabitants, and especially of their representatives, have overthrown this difficulty, and secured the prolongation of the track to the desired localities. Mr. Brydges' scheme for a central terminus for freight and a suitable station for passengers has received the approval of the citizens, who were promptly informed the matter would be reported to Ottawa, and the extension commenced forthwith. Halifax may be congratulated on her good fortune. We suppose that even the dullest of her citizens would now willingly admit that their Province possesses as much influence in the Confederation as the most sanguine advocates of union ever dared to predict.

The two Liberal elections in England, reported by the Cable,—namely, that for Haverford West, in Pembrokeshire, and that for Durham City, may lead some to believe that a Liberal reaction is about to set in. This might be, however, an unsafe assumption, in view of the lack of information as to the local circumstances affecting those returns. The constituencies may have been Liberal before, or the results may have turned more upon local or individual than general political considerations. It would be too early for the current of popular opinion to begin to set against the Disraeli Cabinet, which has not had time, as yet, to show its metal. It is only at the outset of its legislative task, being engaged, so far, in the work of preparing measures for submission to Parliament. The Ministerial business proposed, to this time, has been well received, the budget of Sir Stafford Northcote having challenged the approval of his predecessors and opposition rivals, Messrs. Lowe and Gladstone. The Goverment succeeded also, probably beyond their anticipations, in their resistance to the bill for conferring upon the counties household suffrage. Reasonable as this measure looked, and appropriate in view of the application of the principle to the cities and boroughs, the Government succeeded in overthrowing it by an enormous majority. They were no less fortunate in regard to the publicans' bill, extending the hours of the sale of liquors in the metropolis and the large towns, though their course in this case encountered sharper criticism, by what may be called the strictly moral and teetotal element. Though no new measures of importance have been introduced, Mr. Disraeli announces that seventeen bills on local questions are in course of preparation, and urges the House of Commons to greater zeal and industry in the work of law-making. So far as the opinion of the country touching the merits of the new Cabinet are concerned, it would seem to continue favorable, the people desiring to give it a fair trial, and to rest satisfied for the present with the radical legislation already achieved. Yet there is reason to believe that they will expect improvements of a social and material kind, which the Government may willingly attempt if exempted from political experiments of a grave or difficult kind.

To what Britons would style the inconveniences and discomforts of French political life, including violent rhetorical altercations in the Legislature, and unmeasured abuse out of it, we see now added the hardship of personal assault. Gambetta, with all his popularity as a War Minister, earnest foe of the Bonapartists and ardent supporter of the Republic, was not thought too important and too much esteemed by the people to be deliberately attacked by a crowd of Napoleonists, one of whom, an officer of the Imperial guard, attempted to strike him. The hostility of which this insulting usage was the manifestation, had been provoked by Gambetta's abusive language to that party in the Assembly, in which the epithet wretches found a place. Naturally enough, in a body so excitable, a tempest of anger, with the usual prolonged Gallic din, followed the offensive remarks from both sides, which, as might be expected, threw Paris itself into a state of agitation. The storm did not pass away like many preceding but left effects so serious as to lead to a personal indignity to one of the leaders of the Republican party. The object of Gambetta's enemies may have been to provoke a duel which his friends would, doubtless, strive to prevent as both unseemly and perilous. This air strikingly illustrates the white heat condition of party feeling at present, and the dangers which menace peace and order. The political situation is most unsatisfactory; no party in the Legislature being strong enough to carry on the Government, all is disorder, uncertainty and apprehension, the political elements continuing in a most explosive condition. Whether the present anarchy be prolonged, or not, the only plain and rational escape from its discredit and its dangers would seem to be an appeal to the people which has been too long deferred.

The New York *World*, in an article headed "Imported Scoundrels," expresses satisfaction at the result of the State Department's investigations, which commands attention to the fact that the United States have been made a "dumping ground," as appropriately described, for the criminal element of the nations of the Old World, some of which have thus been enabled to dispense with the necessity of maintaining a Botany Bay of their own. Mr. Bancroft, the Minister at Berlin, is taunted with indifference to his duty with the German authorities, so far as regards their use of this dumping-ground, while General Schenk is complimented by our contemporary for remonstrating against the abuses of the immigration from Great Britain. Mr. Marsh at Rome seems to have been equally mindful of the interests of his country. The Consuls in Cuba, also, have seen proper to act against the evil. France, of all the nations of Western Europe, gets credit for not having exported its rascals to the States which, though good for them has certainly been bad for France. To judge from the *World's* vigurous and incessant denunciation of many of the Civil Service officials and members of the Legislatures, the United States have more than their full complement of home-made scoundrels, without the addition of the foreign article. The concluding lines of the editoral though pertinent enough to the subject, cannot be regarded as complimentary to the course of affairs across the border:

"We have quite drones enough in our own hive without swarming the drones of other nations on our soil. Whether a convict or an incurable idiot from Europe becomes a member of Congress at Washington, or a Police Commissioner in New York, or whether he merely becomes a patrolman in the latter city, makes no real difference. He is equally a nuisance and a burden, and the State Department is bound to take care that he be no longer inflicted on us.

COMMISSION SCRIP.

Mr. W. W. Kitchen, Grape Grower, and wine maker, of Grimsby, Ontario, has made application at the Patent Office for a patent on Commission Scrip, or what we would call a cash discount placed in the hands of purchasers in the shape of an attractive advertisement. We have examined samples of the scrip, issued by many of the prominent business men of St. Catharines, Ontario, and are of opinion that it is an excellent mode of advertising. It is not got up with any intention whatever to deceive. It is very attractive in appearance, being nearly lithographed, and printed on bank-note paper. The conditions printed on the back of these notes render them of value to any person who is lucky enough to secure them. The scrip is intended for gratuitous distribution, and may be issued as many times as it comes back. It is redeemable only on condition that it is presented with a specified amount of cash, and then it is received in part payment for goods, the same as cash, at its face value. Only one house in the same line of business in one place can obtain the scrip. It seems applicable to all kinds of business, and we think it cannot fail to be a success.

New Book.

The "Hebrews at Home," an historical sketch of the life, manners, and customs and ceremonies of the ancient Hebrews; by the Hon. Thomas Talbot, author of "Ancient Philosopy," etc, We have to apologize to the agent for the sale of this work at Ottawa, Mr. Hope, for our dilatoriness in noticing it, which was due in part to the pressure of the Synod reports, given at such length in our columns. The book promises to supply a want long felt here and elsewhere, particularly by the young and persons unable to make use of larger compilations on the above important subjects. It is unnecessary to dilate upon the interest attaching to this ancient race, its history and distinguished characters. No Christian—particularly no lover of the Bible—can plead indifference to such themes, which closely concern his highest interests, if they do not always receive the measure of attention they deserve This work is written in a clear concise style, its information being judiciously presented, and its statements and illustrations supported by sound authority. It will serve as a useful help in the study of the Scriptures, explaining narratives, allusions and transactions which would remain mysteries to multitudes of readers. The book is well printed by Lovell and handsomely bound. For sale by Mr. Hope.

A BROOKLYN OUTRAGE.

A New York Lady Drugged and Robbed in the City of Churches.

A lady named Mrs. Honora Vale visited the Police Headquarters on Monday and informed the Sergeant of the Detective Squad that on Thursday last she met a Mrs. Formell, an old acquaintance, in New York, and accompanied her to Brooklyn. On reaching the latter city Mrs. Formell introduced her to a Mr. McCabe and a young woman who she called "Kate." The parties went to a pic-nic at Myrtle avenue Park. On their way home in the evening they stopped, at the request of Mr. McCabe, at an oyster saloon on Washington Street, near Myrtle avenue, where they partook of refreshments. They then re-entered their coach and the driver again stopped in front of a fashionable looking house, in some street unfamiliar to Mrs. Vale, who reluctantly followed her friends into the building Kate insisted upon Mrs. Vale taking a glass of lemonade, after which she partook of a glass of wine and became sick and unconscious. When she recovered her senses she found herself at the Fulton ferry. Her watch, which was very valuable had been stolen The detective sergeant to whom she told the story showed her the Rogue's Gallery, and she pointed out picture 541, as the likeness of the affable Mr. McCabe, to whom she had been introduced by her friend, Mrs. Formell, on Thursday last. The fellow in question is known to the police as a notorious Eastern District thief, who travels with a gang of rowdies on the corner of Cherry and Roosevelt streets, New York. The police are after him. The husband of the complainant who is a Washington Market butcher, resides at 180 Orchard street, New York.

CITY AND VICINITY

A fine collection of Flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street.

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets.

CURIOSITY.—All the little boys and girls, men, &c, who have nothing else to do, may be seen standing on the opposite side of Rideau street, smelling Forfar's flowers.

WITHDRAWN.—G. B. L. Fellowes, Esq., County Solicitor, has been requested to withdraw his resignation by the County Council. It is altogether probable that the learned gentleman will do so.

REMOVED.—Ald Heney has had to remove his office from its old site owing to the improvements being made in the Russell House Block. He however can be found not far from the old stand, he having taken a few paces to the rear.

CHURCH SERVICES.—The Rev. Thomas Wardrope of Guelph will preach at the morning service in Knox Church, City Hall Square to-morrow. The Rev. John Thompson of Sarnia son-in-law of the Hon. Mr. Mackenzie will conduct the evening service.

RESUMED WORK.—The Contractor on the New Post Office has resumed building operations again on that structure so that considerable progress may be looked for in a few weeks hence. Mr. Webster will doubtless push the work vigorously on, now that he has got fairly started.

FOR MANITOBA.—On Wednesday last, says an Almonte Exchange, Messrs. Joseph Yuill, Thos. Phillips, of Ramsay, and John Donohoe, of Almonte, left *en route* for Manitoba. They will go *via* the Dawson route, and as it is their intention to return again in a few months, they take very little luggage with them. If they are pleased with the country, they will secure land and make it their permanent home.

Y. M. C. A.—A public meeting will be held on Tuesday evening next, June 16th, at 8 o'clock, in the Town Hall, Carleton Place, for the purpose of forming a Young Men's Christian Association. Addresses will be delivered by Jno. Rothwell, Esq., Secy., Y.M.C.A., Kingston; P.H. Teakles, Esq. Secy. Y. M. C. A., Ottawa; Rev. W. Ross, Rev. James Carswell, Rev. Mr. Raney and Rev. W. Carnes.

GRADING.—The City Surveyor has almost completed the grading of the approaches to the new bridge; also, the roadway leading into Victoria Square, at the lower end of Dufferin Bridge. It would be well now that so much has been done by the city, that the Government would endeavor to prosecute more vigorously the work of improving the Square, which detracts so seriously from the appearance of the city. It is to citizens as well as strangers a great eyesore in its present condition.

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE.—By a reference to our advertising columns this morning it will be seen that Messrs. Morrison and Adam will open at No. 48 Sparks Street, (formerly Pratt's Boot and shoe Store) the "Italian Warehouse" with a complete stock of Family Groceries, Wines and Liquors. Both are active and obliging young men, the Senior of the firm being years in the establishment of Bate & Co., where he was popularly known for his courtesy and kind attention to customers. Their enterprise and business spirit will doubtless command a share of public patronage.

The latest invention for the purpose of propelling steam canal boats on the canal, is an elevated cable running parallel with the channel, and resting on transverse cables fastened to posts on each side. The main cable is flat, and made of a combination of wire coil and metallic plates, in which are slots intended to receive cogs from wheels on board the boats passing beneath it. Two of these cables are to be left clear for boats towed by horses or mules. The cost of putting up the cable is expected to be $4,000 per mile, and it is estimated that the cost of putting the necessary machinery on board a boat will not exceed $1,000

OFF FOR THE CENTRAL PRISON.—The Deputy Warden of the Central Prison and Guard, accompanied by John English Esq Central Prison Bailiff, took the following prisoners to the Central Prison Toronto, from Brockville the other day. The prisoners from the East were assembled at Brockville on Saturday last:—Kingston—Francis McEntee, Peter Gurney, Henry McCue, Joseph Armstrong; Ottawa—Joseph Pominville, John Phillips; Leeds and Grenville—Edward Judge, W. W. Sibbald, Mathew Peterson; Renfrew—James Edge, J. R. Marron; Lennox and Addington—Ephraim Curl; Northumberland and Durham—Cyrus Hutcheson.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE DAY.—Great preparations are being made in this city for the due celebration of the National festival of St. Jean Baptisteon the 22nd. A general meeting of the St. Jean Baptiste Society's managing committee will take place on Sunday next, at two o'clock p. m., at the French Canadian Institute, in order to consider the best mode of celebrating that festival. As the members of the said Society will be the only parties entitled to half fare tickets, all those who are desirous of going to Montreal on the 24th inst., had better be present at Sunday's meeting in order to take their ticket as members of the said Soiciety, and to obtain thereby their half fare ticket. Tickets will be valid from the 15th June till the 4th July inclusive.

CATALOGUE SALE BY AUCTION OF SEVERAL FINE PIANOFORTES.—It will be seen by advertisement that Mr. Bermingham is to hold an auction sale of several rich and elegant toned pianos, in the large store, Robinson & Heney's block, Sparks street, on Tuesday next at two o'clock. The instruments are built by J. P. Hale & Co, of New York, who is nearly a quarter of a century in the trade, and who turns out yearly over four thousand pianos. They are well known and appreciated throughout the Union, and are to be found in hundreds in every State. They are of the most improved construction—Louis the XIV style, the treble and tenor, liquid, brilliant and melodious; the bass, deep, clear and rich; the touch, light, elastic and powerful, and for elegance of finish, richness and sweetness of tone are unsurpassed by any piano made. They are now on exhibition and will repay a visit, as an eminent musician from New York is in attendance to show the pianos. In order to introduce them into this part of the country, they will be sold by auction at the purchaser's price and on time, and a satisfactory guarantee for five years will be given. We would, therefore, advise all in want of good instruments to attend this sale on Tuesday next at two o'clock.

LAYING WATER PIPES.—The water pipes laid in Wellington street last fall at such expense and with so much inconvenience to the public are being all raised again with a view to their being again put two feet deeper in the street. This is really too bad, and it seems unfortunate, that the city should have this extra burden imposed upon it, more especially when its resources are being now subjected to the greatest possible strain. There has been gross blundering somewhere, and the responsible party should at once be found with a view to having him bear individual responsibility in the matter. An excuse is made as to an unequal distance with the street grade, or that a change was made from the original grade. Now this will not hold water, for the new bridge was contemplated long before even the waterworks were thought of, and this being the case, it would have been evident to those entrusted with the management that a great change would have to take place in the grading of Wellington street from the new bridge to Bank street. This costly lesson thus taught should warn the Commissioners as to the future operations in the great work with which they have been entrusted.

EMIGRANTS.—Some thirty emigrants arrived at the depot of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway yesterday morning.

PERSONAL.—Brigade Major Jackson and Major Mattice, are in the city at present, making preparations for the encampment of the troops of this district on the hill beyond the Rifle Range.

NEW IMPROVEMENTS.—The proprietors of the Russell House block have with characteristic enterprise commenced to take out the foundation for the eastern end of the proposed new block contemplated to be erected by them. In fact improvements in every part of the city are so varied and numerous that it is nearly impossible to estimate the nature or extent of the progress the city is making.

JUVENILE THIEVES.—Yesterday was a regular field day for several urchins who ply the vocation of newsboys on our street corners. In loitering around the Railway Station, one of the men employed on a freight train was observed to throw his coat down when a young lad named James McFarlane, scarcely 12 years of age, went up to the coat, and finding a pocket book therein containing $16 in four dollar bills, appropriated the same to himself. After the theft three other *chums* named respectively, Sam McFarlane, a younger brother of the culprit; Jim Rielly, aged about 9 years, and Charles Rielly much older than any of the rest, who were anxiously watching at a safe distance claimed a share of the plunder. The elder Reilly being the shrewdest of the number, suggested, it would seem the dividing of one bill amongst the four, thereby giving one dollar to each, and further recommended McFarlane to hide the other $12 in an old log in the Major's Field, which he did. The man missing his money gave the facts of the case to Constable Switzer at the cars, who at once communicated them to detective Hamilton. The detective hearing of newsboys being in the vicinity came to the conclusion at once that the McFarlane boys who live in New Edinburgh had a finger in the pie, and accordingly proceeded in the afternoon to their house to find them. The mother told dective Hamilton that the boys had not come home as usual for money for their papers and wondered at their not coming. He then returned to the city, and on nearing the Post Office to have an interview with the newsboys, who congregate in that vicinity waiting for the evening papers, he saw the younger McFarlane coming towards him but the moment he observed the detective, he became conscious of guilt, for he turned right about instanter, going around Wellington Street in the direction of the new Post Office closely followed by detective Hamilton, who now felt confident he was on the right track. He was secured and at first felt disposed to deny any knowledge of the affair, but fearing the consequences he eventually confessed to the whole transaction, stating that his elder brother had stolen the money and that they had got one dollar apiece from him; after which they proceeded to the circus and spent a considerable part of the money. Detective Hamilton succeeded in securing the other three, and he proceeded at once with them to find the hidden treasure, but, alas! it was gone. The supposition however is that the elder Reilly who devised the hiding scheme must have come afterwards and taken the money out of the log. The detective next took his young thieves to the station where they were securely incarcerated in the cells to await their trial before the Magistrate this morning.

Police Court.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

FRIDAY, June 12th.

Edward Floyd for disorderly conduct, fined $2 and costs.

Bridget Kelly, charged with assault, case dismissed.

Antoine Stone, for vagrancy, remanded.

Patrick Conway, cow at large, let off on payment of costs.

Joseph Chevrier, charged with selling liquor without license, was fined $20 and costs.

County Court and General Sessions of the Peace.

THIRD DAY.

Before His Honor Judge Armstrong.

Blyth *vs* Spittal W. H Walker for plaintiff; R. Lees for defendant. Verdict by consent for $321 57.

Moore *vs.* Hill *et al*—N. Sparks for plaintiff; D. Wade for defendant. An action brought to recover damages for the illegal seizure of a horse. Verdict for the defendant.

Workman *vs.* Heley—An action on promissory notes; W. A. Ross for plaintiff; J. W. W. Ward for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff, $120.

FOURTH DAY.

The Queen *vs.* Gibson—Felonious wounding. Robert Lees, County Attorney, for the Crown. Verdict, guilty of a misdemeanor.

The Queen *vs.* Illingworth—Larceny of a pair of slippers from Preston's shoe store, Sparks street; Robert Lees, County Attorney, for the Crown; W. A. Ross for prisoner. Verdict, guilty; sentence deferred.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, June 11.

Mr. Lyon moved, seconded by Mr. Richardson, that the By-law appointing Dr. C. Church to the office of gaol physician, be read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. Surtees then moved, seconded by Mr. Wallace, that the By-law be amended by an insertion of the name of Dr. Sweetland.

A vote was taken upon the amendment, which was declared lost.

Yeas.—Messrs. Smith, Surtees, Wallace, Clark, Bearman, Anderson and Kelly.—7.

Nays.—Messrs. Mills, Richardson, Butler, Rivington, Mooney, Baskerville, Lyon, Sykes, Cummings—9.

The By-law was then read and passed. The Council adjourned until two o'clock, p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The resignation of Mr. Baker, as Trustee of Metcalfe High School, was accepted, and the Rev. J. Wright was appointed to succeed him.

On the motion of Mr. Wallace, seconded by Mr. Clarke, the following resolution was passed: "That the resignation of G. B. L. Fellows, Esq., Solicitor for this Council, be not accepted, as cases of importance are now in his hands affecting the County, and as no opinion has been given thereto, but that he be requested to retain the office, as this Council has every confidence in his ability and integrity to fulfil the duties of said office, and that the Clerk transmit a copy of the same to him."—Carried.

A resolution concerning the advertising of convictions was then passed

After the Warden had been appointed *ex officio* a member of all Committees, The Council then adjourned.

FIFTH DAY.

MORNING SESSION.

The Warden took the chair at ten o'clock.

A letter from His Honor Judge Lyon relative to the use of the Court Room for Division Court purposes, was referred to the Gaol and Building Committee

The matter relative to the appointment of an Assistant Treasurer, was again laid over.

The Roads and Bridges Committee was presented. A grant of $60 was recommended for the construction of a bridge on the Castor Creek, between Dundas and Carleton, and $50 for one over King's Creek, between the townships of Beckwith and Goulborne. The report was adopted.

The By-law relative to levying of the school rate for 1874 was passed, and the Council adjourned.

THE COMMUNIST FLIGHT.

Departure of Grousset and Jourde Yesterday for England—Evidence of Disagreement Among the Communists—Future Movements of the Two Leaders.

Messrs Paschal Grousset and Jourde, the celebrated communists, after a week's stay in this city, left yesterday for Europe by the steamship Wisconsin, of the Williams & Guion Line. They left the hotel where they have been stopping at about twelve o'clock, being accompanied by the brothers May, who are the best known relics of the Paris Commune resident in the city. Otherwise they had no attendance, as it was not generally known that they were to take so abrupt a departure. As in the case of Rochefort only a few personal friends knew of the intended departure, and a fraction of these gathered on the wharf to bid the ex-Ministers of Finance and Foreign Affairs farewell. There was no actual surprise in the departure, however, as both Grousset and Jourde had announced themselves as opposed to any banquet or public reception by the communists in this city, thus following the example of Rochefort, who thought very sensibly that any such thing would be a waste of money on the part of those who were least able to spare it.

At a little past one o'clock the Wisconsin moved out of her dock, and the friends ashore waved their hats to their departing friends, and whatever ceremony there may have been about it was over. It is said to be the intention of both these gentlemen to establish themselves in London Grousset, being a journalist of some distinction, will probably correspond for a Paris paper until an amnesty allows him to return to France, as he hopes. M Jourde, being mainly a financier, will probably find employment in some commercial house. It is possible, however, both may go to Geneva. There has been much interest felt among the immediate friends of both these gentlemen and those of Rochefort to account for the coolness which existed between the two parties. After their voyage to Sydney from New Caledonia, Rochefort and Pain went one way and Grousset and Jourde another. They left San Francisco at different times, and even when both parties were in the city they did not visit each other; Grousset and Jourde being even guilty of so marked a slight as not to be present at Rochefort's lecture in the Academy of Music on Friday evening, nor at his departure next morning. Whether all this is simply a personal matter or has a political significance showing internal troubles among the Communist leaders, appears not to have been found out, but that there is something wrong is the opinion of a great many. With the departure of Grousset and Jourde the excitement which has existed among the French republicans and Communists for two weeks past has subsided.—*N. Y. Herald.*

Literature.

Bristol has adopted the Free Libraries' Act, and a building is to be erected at a cost of £10,000.

Sir Frederick Pollock has undertaken to edit, and Messrs. Macmillan to publish, the Autobiography of the late Mr. Macready, with selections from his copious and interesting journal.

The reprint of Henry Glapthorne's Plays and Poems, about to be issued shortly, will be accompanied by a Memoir, in which evidence is brought forward to prove that Glapthorne was a school fellow of Milton at St. Paul's.

A new Irish magazine, to be called *Now-a-Days*, is to be started in July, to which Mrs. Cashel Hoey, Miss Mulholland, Miss Katherine King, authoress of "Petite's Romance," Mr. W. G. Wills, and other Irish men and women will contribute.

We understand that Mr. Gladstone is engaged upon a volume entitled "Thesauros Homerikos," a register of matters noted from the text of the "Iliad" and "Odyssey." It will be published by Messrs. Macmillan

The Natural History portion of Messrs. Macmillan's forthcoming edition of White's "Selborne" will be edited by Mr. Frank Buckland, and Lord Selborne will contribute a chapter on the British antiquities lately discovered there.

The concluding volume of Sir George Jackson's Diaries was, we regret to hear, destroyed in the fire at the Pantechnicon. This concluding volume contained some very interesting letters from Count Lowenstern written during the sittings of the Congress of Vienna.

"Victor Hugo," says an American paper, rarely makes use of the pen. He works with the brain and not with the hand. When composing his works he paces the floor of his room, dictating to a secretary sitting at a desk in one corner. He dictates very slowly, sentence by sentence.

The public will hear with interest that the collection of "Speeches and other Unpublished Political Writings of the late Lord Lytton," which the Messrs. Blackwood have in the press, will be accompanied by a Biographical Memoir and a Review of his political career, of considerable length, by his son.

Mr. Murray has in preparation, with an original map and illustrations, "The Last Journals of Dr. Livingstone," including his researches and wanderings in Eastern Africa from 1865 to within a few days of his death, edited by his son, Mr. T. Steel Livingstone. The volume comprises all the journals sent over by Dr. Livingstone in charge of Mr. Stanley, also the journals that have been transmitted since, as well as papers received by the Foreign Office.

The Trustees of Shakspeare's Birthplace and Museum property held their annual meeting on the 5th inst., at the Town Hall, Stratford-on-Avon. A sum of money has been invested to form a reserve fund to meet any exigency or unexpected liability. The number of visitors during the year was reported to be upwards of 10,000. In compliance with a resolution passed at the last meeting, the house and contents of the museum have been injured.

Mr. Guizot has been seriously ill, but is now much better. The aged statesman has suffered much from the shock he received on discovering that the late Emperor had paid his son's debts, amounting to $10,000.

Dr. Burdon Sanderson, a physiologist of distinction in England, asserts unhesitatingly that hydrophobia "originates, whether in man or beast, exclusively by contagion." and adds: "The carriers of contagion," are the ownerless dogs of large towns."

A very good story is circulating in Washington at the expense of Mr. Morrill, of Maine. It seems that the Senator was out for a walk on Sunday evening In passing a meeting house church, he was so pleased with the singing that he went in He had been seated but a few minutes when a coloured dignitary approached him and said in substance that the church was for coloured people, and they preferred to be left undisturbed by white people during their services. Mr. Morrill immediately retired. A few days before he had been earnestly working for the passage of the Civil Rights Bill

Russia, it is said, is pondering the propriety of relieving China and Japan of the partial sovereignty they exercise over the large island of Saghalien, in the sea of Okhorsk, and of converting the place into a convict station. The reasons alleged are that it would be more convenient and secure than Siberia; but there appears to be another reason. The island is believed to be rich in coal beds, and in years to come, in view of extended operations in the East, a coaling station in such a situation would naturally prove a most valuable acquisition. The matter is attracting some attention in England.

The *Globe* comes out in direct opposition to the two schemes for connecting the Georgian Bay with Lake Ontario—one by canal to Toronto, and the other to the Bay of Quinte by the Trent Valley Canal. One argument against both the proposed routes is that the saving of a few hundred miles distance would not effect a saving of time or cost, when the longer route is in clear, deep water, and the shorter is through a long stretch of canal, with slow motion and heavy lockage This state of things points to the Welland Canal as the per[illegible]

DIRECTORY OF CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. D. M. Gordon, B.D.

BANK STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Wm. Moore.

DALY STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 6.30 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Wm. Armstrong, M. A.

KNOX'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, City Hall Square—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. No Ordained Minister. The Rev. Thos. Wardrope, of Guelph, will preach in the morning, and the Rev. John Thompson, Sarnia, in the evening.

METCALFE STREET WESLEYAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. W. J. Hunter, Rev. W. J. Hunter, M.A., at 11 a.m., and Rev. Wm. Hall, M.A., at 7 p.m.

KING STREET WESLEYAN CHURCH.—(all free.)—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Wm. Hall M.A. Rev. Wm. Hall, M.A., at 11 a.m. and Rev. W. J. Hunter M.A., at 7 p.m.

WESTERN WESLEYAN CHURCH.—Morning Service in Temperance Hall, Pooley's Bridge, 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock; Town Hall, at 3 30 p.m.—Pastor—The Rev. [illegible] Mark

CHRIST'S CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Rector—The Rev. J. S. Lauder.

BISHOP'S CHAPEL.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. His Lordship Bishop Lewis officiating, assisted by Rev. J. Pollard.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Rector—The Rev. Bedford-Jones, D.D.

ST. JAMES CHURCH, HULL.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7. Pastor—Rev. Mr. Johnson, Chaplain of the Senate

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening service at Court House, Daly-st. Pastor—The Rev. Addison McComac.

YORK-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at [illegible] Pastor Rev. J. Pope.

CHAUDIERE M. E. CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at [illegible] o'clock. Pastor—Rev. J. Young.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. A. A. Cameron.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 p.m. Pastor—Rev. J. G. Sanderson.

FRENCH EVANGELICAL SERVICE.—[illegible] every Sabbath at 4 o'clock, p. m., in the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms. Rev. [illegible] Ami.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH, Albert-St.—Daily prayer (on week days) morning at [illegible] a.m.; evening, at 5 p.m. On the Lord's Day forenoon and Holy Eucharist Service at [illegible] evening prayer at 5 p.m

NOTRE DAME CATHEDRAL.—Mass at [illegible] a.m.; Mass at 8 a. m.; High Mass at [illegible] Vespers at 7 o'clock, p.m. Administrator—The Right Rev. Father Dandurand, V. G.

ST. JOSEPH CHURCH.—Mass at 6 o'clock, a.m.; Mass at 8 a. m.; High Mass at 10 a. m.; Vespers at 7 o'clock, p.m. Parish Priest—The Rev. Father Pallier.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH.—Mass at 6 o'clock, a.m.; Mass at 8 a.m.; High Mass at 10 a.m.; Vespers at 7 o'clock. p.m. Parish Priest—The Rev. [illegible]

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.—Mass at 6 o'clock, a.m.; Mass at 8 a.m.; High Mass at 10 a.m.; Vespers at 7 o'clock, p.m. Parish Priest—Rev. Father Collins.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE CHURCH.—Mass at 6 o'clock, a.m.; Mass at 8 a. m.; High Mass at [illegible] a.m.; Vespers at 7 p.m. Parish Priest—The Rev. Father Porcile.

N. B.—Clergymen and others in charge are particularly requested to notify the Local Editor of any changes or alterations that may be requisite in the above Directory each week.

Butler in Congress.

Wise members of Congress will refrain from entering into contests at the athletic sport of throwing mud with Gen. Butler. He has the advantage over most of them that he throws his own missiles with precision acquired by long practice, and the further advantage that they commonly object to being hit, while with him it makes no manner of difference whether he is hit or not. A little mud more or less doesn't show upon him. Accordingly General Butler was the easy victor yesterday over those gentlemen who indulged him with trying a shot or two. Our gratification at his victory is a little dashed by the reflection that talents for repartee which are almost wasted in Washington might have won their possessor eminence among the wits and sages of the Board of Assistant Aldermen of the city of New York.—*N. Y. World*

E. B. Washburne, the American Minister in Paris, gave a dinner on Tuesday to the legation in honor of the Duke Decazes. Among the guests were the English, Russian, German and other Ambassadors, ex Governor Washburne of Wisconsin, and J. Russell Jones, the American Minister at Brussels. A number of other well known persons were also present. Mrs. Washburne, was the only lady at the dinner.

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhoa,
etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

Pain Killer

The Great

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken internally, it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.
Used externally, it cures Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Swelling of Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.

May 18, 1874.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable opinion, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to bring its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of cure were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are truly grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied, we relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.
Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.
This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Front Street, Toronto,
Agents for Ontario.
Or DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal,
Agents for [illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Personal—York Pioneers—Collision—Fined—Central Prison.

TORONTO, June 11.

Sir John Macdonald arrived in the city to-day from Kingston, and is staying at the Queen's Hotel. He will remain about a week.

The York Pioneers meet next Monday afternoon, when a plan will be organized for restoring the old military grounds to proper order.

Last evening a farmer from Springfield, named A. Bates, while driving along Queen Street came in collision with a street car and was thrown out. He received severe injuries.

John Tomlinson was fined $10 and costs this morning for plucking out a handful of the beard of the policeman who arrested him last night.

Captain Prince bade good by to the police force yesterday, and entered upon his new duties as Governor of the Central Prison.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 11.

The following address was presented at the opening of the Queen's Bench Court this morning:—

"To the Hon. Antoine Aime Dorion, Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench for the Province of Quebec.

"The Montreal Bar beg to offer you their congratulations on your appointment to the highest judicial office in the Province. From your career at the Bar they draw the happiest anticipations as to the manner in which you will perform the duties of a Judge. This Court, under your guidance, enters upon a new existence. On you, to a great extent, devolves the responsibilities of its success or failure; to you the Bar trust and beg to assure you in all things touching the dignity or independence of the Bench of their hearty support.

In conclusion, they trust that you will long be spared to preside over and adorn that Court, and that after your service on the Bench is ended, your name will go down to posterity as a wise and upright Judge.

Signed "W. H. KERR Batonnier.
"A. S. FORGET, Secretary."

The Hon. Mr. Dorion replied briefly, thanking the gentlemen assembled for the expression of good-will they had manifest ed in their address, and assuring them that he would continue, while on the Bench, the same relations to them that he had previously shown.

Mr. George Noirs writes to flatly deny all the derogatory rumors which have so long gone unchallenged. He says "I deny emphatically the assertion that I ever purloined any papers, that I rifled any private drawers or that I was advised either one way or the other; and I also deny that I ever received or contracted for one farthing for assisting Mr. Mo-Mullen. If I had been open to contracts I might have listened to the proposals of the late Administration. Again repeat, let them prove wh t they can I stand prepared to answer any charge brought against me in this connection though I am unwilling to rake up what for those prompting this attack, had better remain silent."

Work on the new canal basins and locks is being carried on vigorously since the water has fallen. The contractors have had a powerful tug built at Buffalo, which arrived down this week, and is intended to tow stone barges from the quarries at Terrebonne to the works. The immense amount of 110,000 yards of masonry will be required to build the walls to the locks and basins.

The new Union Steamboat Company formed to run steamers from Montreal to Quebec and river ports will commence this month. The two large Lake Ontario steamers, the 'Abyssinian' and 'Athenian' are secured for this route. These boats are of such size as to be unable to go up through the St. Lawrence canals.

The stock market here this morning was dull with exception of Montreal Telegraph which was very buoyant.

Molson's 111 closing 111½;
Merchants 122¼ closing 122½;
Union 107½ closing 107¼;
Commerce 136 closing 136¼;
Telegraph 192¼ closing 193½ to 194¼.

LONDON.

Races—Western Rifle Association—Runaway

LONDON, June 11.

The track at Newmarket was in splendid condition to-day for the second day's races. The attendance was almost as large as yesterday. The weather was unusually cold.

The following are the winners of the respective races:—Dash of two miles and the homestretch: 1st, Protection, prize, $300; 2nd, Blenkvion, prize, $50. Second race, for Dominion-bred horses, dash of two miles: 1st, Vandal, $230: 2nd, Montreal, $50. Third race, for Dominion-bred horses—to carry 90 pounds—half mile heats 2 in 3; first horse $75; second $25. Won by Glencora in two straight heats; Johnny Schmoker second. Fourth race—trotting—for horses owned and wintered in the Dominion that have never beaten 2:40 mile heats 3 in 5: 1st Little Sam, $250; 2nd Varcoe, $50. The Consolation stakes—a mile and the home-stretch—were won by Galt Reporter.

The 30th instant has been fixed by the Western Rifle Association for their annual rifle tournament at the Cover ranges. Prizes aggregating to the sum of $800 will be offered.

A serious runaway accident occurred in the most crowded part of the city to-day at noon; a farmer's team having broke loose, ran away with the neck yoke between them. At the corner of Dundas and Richmond streets they ran into the carriage of Mr. Sheriff Glass, throwing Mrs. Glass and the driver out headlong Mrs. Glass received several severe cuts on the head. The driver had a fortunate escape.

KINGSTON.

KINGSTON, June 11.

Sir John A. Macdonald has left for Toronto.

The County Court closed to-day after a very short session.

The butchers living in Williamsville are all indicted before the Quarter Sessions for keeping slaughter houses, as a nuisance.

The investigation into the fire at the Penitentiary has so far disclosed no known cause.

The volunteer camp has been fully decided on. Tenders are called for supplies from the 23rd June to 3rd July.

The Rev. Messrs. Burns and Wilson, delegates from the Free Church of Scotland, are to make addresses in Chalmers' Church to-morrow evening.

HAMILTON.

13th Battalion Inspection—Board of Trade—Inebriate Asylum.

HAMILTON, June 11.

The closing inspection of the 13th Battalion by Paymaster Major Alger and Deputy Adjutant General Lieut.-Colonel Durie took place last night in the drill shed. A full attendance was called for, and in response 275 men were under arms at the hour of parade. The gallery of the drill shed and other temporary seats were crowded by ladies and gentlemen, admitted by ticket. The men were put through some battalion drill, and after inspection of their arms and accoutrements, were highly complimented by the inspector. He made the remark that in every team that had gone to Wimbledon the 13th Battalion was represented by one man, but this year five out of the Battalion had been chosen. The band was also in attendance and received great praise which they truly deserved.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade held this afternoon, Messrs. Adam Brown, W. F. Findlay, S. E. Gregory and the Mayor, Mr. Charlton, were appointed delegates to attend the Dominion Board of Trade Meeting at St. John, on the 10th July.

The contractors of the Inebriate Asylum have received orders to re-commence work upon the building.

QUEBEC.

Alleged Inefficiency of Post Office Clerks—Street Accident—Horrible Affray on Ship-board—Meeting of Quebec Cabinet—Water Supply—Irregularities in Post Office.

QUEBEC June 11.

The management of the Quebec Post Office is severely criticised by the press in consequence of numerous blunders and irregularities. It is asserted that some of the clerks employed can scarcely read or write, and some cannot read a word in the English language.

A little son of Constable Poulit fell out of a cart yesterday. The wheels of the cart passed over the middle of his body. When taken up he presented a fearful appearance. One of his arms was broken, and he had received besides many grave contusions.

Last evening a frightful affray between two coloured sailors took place on board the ship 'Squando,' lying at the Foundry Wharf, Levis. At tea time in the forecastle some sugar was spilt, and these two men, Santa Rose Gumb and Richard Lawrence, fell to accusing one another, and words ran high. Lawrence drew his knife threateningly, and Gumb in a series of rapid cuts hacked Lawrence up in a shocking manner, severing the muscles of the left arm, slitting up the shoulders, laying open both shoulders, and inflicting a severe wound in the side about four inches in length, and half an inch deep. On the other hand Lawrence in the embrace gnawed off Gumb's right ear and hacked his left thumb. Lawrence lost a great quantity of blood. Both men were promptly arrested.

A meeting of the Quebec Cabinet took place yesterday.

The water supply is becoming weaker every day, so that it will become necessary to lay a new pipes at once. The old system of water carts will have to be resorted to.

PETERBORO.

Destructive Fires.

PETERBORO, June 11.

About 3:30 this morning a fire broke out in the wooden building on the corner of George and Brock streets, owned by R. A. Morrow and occupied by George Mills as a carriage and blacksmith shop. With a strong east wind, the flames made such headway that it was impossible to save anything. A large lot of carriages and other stock belonging to Mr. Mills was destroyed; value over $3,000 insured in the Beaver Mutual for $700. No insurance upon the building. The roughcast dwelling house to the north, owned by A. Stult, and occupied by Mr. Jameson, was also destroyed; value $300, insured in the Provincial Insurance Company for $200. The brick building adjoining on the east, owned by Dr. Faucher and occupied as a hotel, was badly damaged. Insured in the London, Liverpool and Globe for $1,000, which will nearly cover the loss; the contents of the same insured in the British American for $600; total loss. The brick building on the opposite side of George Street, owned by Rev. Mr. Burnham; badly damaged. Covered by insurances in the North British and Mercantile. Mr. Glass, one of the occupants of Burnham's building, had his stock insured in Royal Canadian for $800; loss about $400. Mr Longford, in the same building, stock damaged; covered by insurance in the Western.

About four o'clock this morning the law office of Dennistoun, Bros., & Hall, on Hunter Street, was discovered to be on fire, being a one story brick building with fire-proof roof and iron shutters on all openings. The fire, although evidently burning for several hours, had made very little progress. Upon breaking open the door it was found that the fire had been chiefly confined to that part of the office where the books were kept, and which were nearly all destroyed, entailing serious loss and inconvenience to the firm. None of the papers belonging to clients were injured. The origin of the fire is unkown, No insurance.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

News from Spain.

LONDON, June 12.—A special despatch to the *Times* from the north of Spain says Gen. Concha and staff have left Lagrono from Tudela. Thirty thousand National Troops are marching to Amescoas Valley. The Carlist army under the command of General Dorregarra now numbers twenty-four thousand men.

FRANCE.

Tremendous Excitement in Paris—Gambetta Gets a Slap in the Face.

PARIS, June 12.—A large and excited crowd assembled at the western depot at the time of the departure of the Deputies for Versailles.

Gambetta was greeted with cheers and hisses.

The police attempted to disperse the throng, handling them roughly in some instances.

Lefevre, a Deputy of the Left, was arrested, but was subsequently released.

Tumult arose, and Gambetta was again insulted. The police cleared the railway station, and occupied it the entire afternoon.

In the Assembly, M. Bose demanded an enquiry into those riotous proceedings, which the Government promised to institute on the return of the Deputies to Versailles.

Cavort St. Croix struck Gambetta across the face with a stick, for which he was promptly arrested.

During the session this afternoon the excitement among the members became intense, and the parliamentary business was much impeded.

The Municipal Council of Bordeaux has been suspended for permitting a public demonstration of hostility to the Government.

A Dissolution at last Proposed.

LONDON, June 12.—A Paris special to the *Times*, says that the Left Centre to-day will probably introduce a bill, the first clause of which organizes the Republic according to the bill of 1873. The second fixes the date for the dissolution of the Assembly.

Civil War Expected.

The *Gazette de France* says that civil war will be the ultimate consequence of a dissolution.

It is generally thought that in the event of a dissolution, the Assembly before dispersing would authorize MacMahon to govern for some months, probably a year, without an Assembly, and will also authorize him to dissolve the next Assembly.

Reaction in favor of Bonapartism.

The police have clearly manifested their sympathy with the Bonapartists.

UNITED STATES.

The Regatta.

NEW YORK, June 11.—The annual regatta of the New York Yacht Club was sailed to-day over the usual course of forty miles. A stiff breeze from the south east blew all day. The race was exciting; sixteen yachts entered and twelve sailed. The signal to start was given at 11:20 and 30 seconds, a. m. The tide at the time was running three-quarters ebb from the Narrows to the southwest split buoy. The Gracia sloop led the fleet. Vindex had her topmast and main-masthead carried away, and was withdrawn. The Idler lost her jibboom. The Tidal Wave won the schooner prize of first class, without time allowance, arriving at 4h 9m 40s p.m., making the race in 4 hours 49 minutes and 10 seconds. She also won the Bennett Challenge Cup, beating the Idler, with time allowance, by about four minutes. The other prizes were won by schooner Magic 2nd class, sloop Gracia 1st class, and Wayward 2nd class. The Magic made the race in 5 hours 11 minutes and 13 seconds, the Gracia in 4 hours 58 minutes and 57 seconds, Wayward in 6 hours 30 minutes and 22 seconds.

The Ohio Miner's Strike.

COLUMBUS, June 11.—A despatch from Nelsonville says about 340 coloured men mostly from Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, arrived at Nelsonville this morning accompanied by 21 special policemen from Columbus. On arrival they proceeded directly to Longstretch mines where everything was quiet. They were immediately placed on military duty fully armed. Picket lines were thrown out encircling the Territory for half a mile in diameter, the entrance being refused to all not endorsed by operators or police. One operator has come to agreement with the miners. The latter says they are willing to treat with other operators, but they will have nothing to do with union miners on any terms. A despatch says that pickets were fired on several times to-night and returned shots without injuring any one. The union miners have formed a picket line near the line of coloured forces and no one is allowed to pass without explanations in detail.

The Compromise Finance Bill.

NEW YORK, June 12.—With reference to the Compromise Finance Bill the *Tribune* special says a gentleman had a talk with the President yesterday, and came away from the White House feeling very positive that he would not only refuse to sign the Bill, but also any other financial bill that may be passed this session.

The *Times* special says there seems to be little expectation on the part of the Inflationists that the President will sign the Bill; they repeat, however, with less confidence than before the passage of the former Bill, that he will not dare take the responsibility, and that if he does the result will be the formation of new parties

Earthquake—New Wheat Crop.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—Two sharp shocks of an Earthquake were felt here at 8 o'clock to night, no damage done.

Nine hundred sacks of wheat the first of the new crop were received here to-day.

Laborers Strike in England.

A letter from London says striking agricultural laborers of England prefer idleness at 9 shillings. The amount given them by unions to labour is 14 to 16 shillings per week.

The Civil Rights Bill.

A Washington despatch states the President has avowed to a coloured Congressman his opposition to the Civil Rights Bill.

Cession of New Territory.

A Honolulu letter says the new King in his opening speech to Parliament opposed Cession of Pearl Islands to United States, but favored a commercial treaty with the United States and a subsidy to Australian steamships stopping *en route* at the Sandwich Islands.

Mid-Night Despatches.

FRANCE.

The Fracas in the Assembly—Gambetta's Face Marked.

PARIS, June 12.—Count St. Croix upon his arrest last evening for striking M. Gambetta, told the police the object of his assault was to provoke a duel. The Count was formerly an officer in the Zouaves of the Imperial Guard.

M. Gambetta's face bears the mark of the blow given him.

Several persons in addition to the Count were arrested by the police at the railway station.

Another Melee at Versailles.

PARIS, June 12.—Scenes of yesterday were literally repeated at the western depot to-day at the time of the departure of the Parliamentary train for Versailles.

The populace again assembled in large numbers, and Deputies were respectively insulted and cheered.

The police once more dispersed the rioters and took twelve of the more violent into custody. Four of the arrested parties were released after they were identified, and the rest were committed for trial. So threatening was the demonstration that a body of troops was ordered to the station and aided the Police in maintaining order.

Armand Adam, brother of the Deputy of that name, and Spuller, brother of the publisher of *Le Republique Francaise*, a Radical Republican journal, were among those arrested.

The Government has suspended the publication of *Le Pays* and *Le Rappel* Radical Republican, and *Le Dix Neuvieme Siecle*, Conservative Republican, organized for a fortnight, because of violent attacks upon its policy.

Paul De Cassagnac, editor of *Le Pays*, replied in that journal to-day to demand of Schoelcher and Tistelin, who were delegated by the republicans to demand armed reparation for his article attacking the members of the Left. He says therein that he assailed Gambetta and other Deputies, but not Clemenceau, who is not therefore entitled to reparation, but, says De Cassagnac, if Clemenceau wants a personal quarrel he can have it. De Cassagnac says he particularly wishes to fight Gambetta, and adds that nine members of the editorial staff of *Le Pays* are willing to fight nine of the republican Deputies, and will draw lots for choice of adversaries and of arms.

England held Responsible for the Escape of Rochefort.

PARIS, June 12.—The *Moniteur* holds England responsible for the escape of Rochefort and his companions and declares the British Government cannot refuse to enter upon enquiry as to whether its subject in assisting convicts to escape, have not transgressed the International Law.

SPAIN.

Pardons—New Ministry—Shot for Mutiny.

MADRID, June 11.—Zabala President of the Ministry has authorized generals commanding national forces in the north to grant pardons to Carlists who give in their submission to the government.

Mansella, whose appointment as Minister to the United States was some time ago announced, and afterwards contradicted, has been ordered to proceed to Washington without delay.

The Carlists have shot two officers who mutined at Durango.

ITALY.

The Pilgrims.

ROME, June 12.—The American pilgrims and leading members of the society for the promotion of Catholic interests in the United States met to-day at the palace of Cardinal Barromo.

The Cardinal made a speech, praising the pilgrims for their zeal and courage, and distributed certificates of membership of the society.

Prince Lancella then welcomed the new members, and Bishop Dwenger returned thanks.

The pilgrims have presented to the Pope $100,000 in money, besides a coffer of gold nuggets from the American mines. They leave Rome on the 20th inst.

UNITED STATES.

Gov. Dix on the Currency Bill.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Governor Dix has written a letter of congratulation to President Grant on his published memoranda in which he says:—I am especially pleased that you recommend the withdrawal of all circulating notes under $10. That was the French limit, and it was by means of it that the German indemnity was paid. There is not the slightest difficulty in getting as large a basis of specie for our paper currency. If the country will have wisdom to adopt your plan, I am satisfied that it will prove an effectual remedy for our financial embarrassments.

Death of an Engineer.

ALBANY, June 12.—Thomas L. Green, long Superintendent of the Boston and Albany Railroad, is dead.

OPENING DAY.

MORRISON & ADAM,
FAMILY GROCERS,
TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48

SATURDAY, JUNE 13,

D. McDONELL,
Special Family Grocer,
—IS—
Receiving Foreign Importations
And will Advertise in a Few Days.]
June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S
Change of Business!

As the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.
Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c per Yard.
A still Further Reduction
—IN—
Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.
All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.
P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.
J. METCALFE.
Ottawa, 30th May, 1874.

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.
House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,
And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.
May 28, 1874. 2580y

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.
THOS. PATTERSON
Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.
Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c
PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.
Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.
FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.
Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S.
May 5, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,
Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2465

SPRING 1874.
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
FELT HATS!
Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's
SILK HATS,
For Spring Trade.
March 18, 1874. 2519y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } In the County Court of the County of Carleton.
In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.
On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.
CHARLES BOWIE.
By Tailion & Chrysler, his Attorneys.
Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of May A. D. 1874.

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.
MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.
Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.
NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P.Q.
2828-6m

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2590

FOR SALE—A Furnished Hotel, with rooms for forty boarders; also License, Bar, Liquors, Horse and Express. Apply to BENJAMIN LAURIN'S HOTEL, formerly Isidore Champagne, Murray-st., Ottawa.
June 9, 1874. 2580-3m

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!
J. R. STITT & CO.
Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.
As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.
***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.
The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts.	now 11½
2,500 "	20	14½
3,000 "	25	19
5,175 "	30	22½
2,085 "	36	26½
2,275 "	40	31
3,050 "	50	36½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90	now $0 78
1,225 "	1 25	1 00
1,800 "	1 40	1 25
1,575 "	1 55	1 28½
550 "	1 75	1 40½
500 "	2 00	1 47½
400 "	3 00	2 50

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts.	now 14
Assortment	20	16
Plain Black	25	19½
and	30	22
Coloured	35	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	12cts.	now 9½
2,275 "	14	11
3,025 "	16	12½
2,150 "	18	15
3,185 "	20	16

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons.	10cts.	now 7½
	12	10½
	15	12½
	17	14½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 50	now $3 75
Polonaises	8 50	7 25
	9 50	8 00
	12 00	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

White and	15c.	now 12½
	20	15½
Coloured	25	19
	30	23
Cotton	35	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batistes and Lawns.

88,000 yards	17cts	now 14
	20	16
	22	17½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Trellis and Satins.	22cts	now 18½
Stripe	25	19
Muslins	30	25
4,000 yards	35	28½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now 15½
Splendid	25	19½
Assortment	30	22
	35	28½
	45	35

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now 14
450 "	20	16½
475 "	25	19½
380 "	30 and 35	22 & 28½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60	now $3 75
	6 75	5 75
	8 50	7 25
Polonaises	9 50	8 00
	12 00	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.
J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

HATS!
SPRING OF 1874.
Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats .... Peacock
Christy's Hats .... Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats .... Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats .... Peacock
Wolseley Hats .... Peacock
Castellar Hats .... Peacock
Cheltenham Hats .... Peacock
Spencer Hats .... Peacock
Sorento Hats .... Peacock
Cordova Hats .... Peacock
Venosti Hats .... Peacock
Clinton Hats .... Peacock
All the above Styles of Hats to be found at
PEACOCK'S
SIGN OF THE
RED HAT
38 RIDEAU STREET.
April 2, 1874.

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS,
Attractive, Useful and very Popular
CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS
For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.
River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.
Cantata of Esther, Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.
Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes. 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.
River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.
Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book, 75c.
River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.
Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass.
Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

HARNESS,
HARNESS.
THOS. SHORE & Co.,
(Successors to Thos. Lee)
SPARKS STREET.
Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single Sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also a good variety of
SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.
A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.
June 12, 1874. 2600w

NOTICE.
Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.
PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.
CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.
GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.
Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.
THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row, RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME
$60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N. J.

THE HERALD OF HEALTH.
Advocates a "higher type of manhood,—physical, intellectual and moral." "The best people like it." The Press speak well of it. The leading doctors of Ottawa recommend it.
$1 a year, with premium; $1.50 without.
J. AIKLAND, P. O. Ottawa.
May 7, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,
Rideau Street.
BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class
Dress Making and Millinery Establishment
—AT—
234 | WELLINGTON-ST. | 234
With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.
THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.
Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection
SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.
***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris
Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.
May 21, 1874. 2575

Slaughter! Slaughter.
SLAUGHTER.
The subscriber having purchased the Stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES
In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105,29, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to affect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half, whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on
FRIDAY, APRIL 17,
IN THE THE TWO STORES,
36 Sparks st. and Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st
And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.
Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.
Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.
April 16, 1874. 2545-2m W. E. BROWN.

MOWAT & SON,
50 Sussex-st.,
OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of
Cloths and Men's Clothing,
FOR TWO WEEKS
Previous to giving up their Retail Business.
20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds 82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do $1.10
80 " Fancy Coburg 2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.
200 Men's Shooting Coats 3.50
150 " Sac Coats 2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.
Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.
A. Mowat & Son.
May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL
In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they
HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST.
With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS
Plain and Fancy Furniture,
Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a
SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.
Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874. 2551y

IMPORTANT CREDIT SALE.
Six magnificent, powerful and costly Rosewood
PIANO-FORTES,
All of the most superb workmanship, powerful and brilliant in tone, and of the largest compass. Each Piano is fully 7⅓ octaves, and warranted for five years. The subscriber is instructed by Mr. Shaw, the well-known wholesale Pianoforte agent for the largest and most celebrated makers of New York, to sell by Public Auction, on
Tuesday, the 16th Instant,
At two o'clock, in the large store, Robinson & Heney's Block, Sparks-st., six of the most costly and valuable Pianos ever imported into Canada, manufactured by J. P. Hale & Co. New York, who is among the largest and most successful manufacturers of Pianos in America, and this collection represents one of each of his most costly instruments. They will be on exhibition for three days, and an eminent musician from New York will be in daily attendance, to show and perform on the Pianos. Those in want of good instruments are invited to an inspection and a careful perusal of the catalogues which will be circulated.
The sale will be punctually at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, the 16th inst., in the large store, Robinson & Heney's Block, Sparks-st.
J. BERMINGHAM Auctioneer.
June 12, 1874.

THE DRUGGISTS HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of Dr. Wheeler's Celebrated Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic, the Compound Elixir Phosphates and Calisaya. This preparation has been in use in private practice for fifteen years, and is confidently recommended to the public as the most elegant and reliable tonic in use for building up constitutions that have for a long time been suffering from Chronic Wasting Diseases, depending upon poor blood. It perfects nutrition by aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby building up and vitilizing all the organs and tissues of the body. In diseases peculiar to women, and in delicate children, it supplies a want long felt by the physician, of a safe and agreeable remedy that may be taken for a protracted period without any possibility of injury, or of becoming repugnant to the patient. Sold at $1.00.

NEW
CARPETS.
SPRING 1874.
JUST OPENED—28 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.
Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Ottawa Carpet House
39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S,
Perfected Spectacles
AND EYE GLASSES,
In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,
At W. YOUNG'S
31 SPARKS-ST.
A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.

POOR COPY

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. We intend to keep all travellers in near every train, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table.

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 5.30 p.m.
Arrives, 8.35 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.00 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 4.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.30 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

Leaves at 7 a.m.
Picowee leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Coaches and Carriages Aylmer and other Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 12.

GRAIN.	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 30 to 1 40
Oats	0 30 to 0 00
Peas	0 60 to 0 00
Barley	0 60 to 0 90
Rye	0 00 to 1 00
Corn	none offered
Buckwheat	0 50 to 0 75
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	per cwt.
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per bbl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Lard, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 30 to 0 50
Onions, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per bbl	0 40 to 0 50
	9 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 80
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Pigeons	0 50 to 0 70
Wool	0 40 to 0 50
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	5 00 to 6 00
Mutton, per lb	0 05 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 05 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 14
Tallow, do	0 06 to 0 07
Hams, do	0 12 to 0 14
Bacon, do	0 10 to 0 12
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 07 to 0 00
White Fish, do	0 06 to 0 08
Haddock, do	0 00 to 0 10
Herrings, per bbl	none
Oysters, per quart	0 40 to 0 00
Halibut, per lb	0 10 to 0 00
Cod, do	0 08 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 50 to 3 00
Hemlock, do	3 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 8 50
do Egg, do	9 00 to 10 00
do Box, do	10 00 to 10 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 30 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 80
Calskins per lb	0 10 to 0 12

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, June 12.—Cotton, dull and easier at 19¾ for Middling Uplands.

Flour, heavy; receipts, 17,000 brls.; sales 10,000 brls. Quotations remain unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged at $4.85 to 6.00.

Wheat without material change; receipts, 81,000 bus.; sales 43,000 bus., at $1.42 for No. 2 Chicago; $1.47 for No. 2 Milwaukee; $1.48 to 1.50 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye quiet.

Corn scarce, and 1c. better; receipts, 53,000 bus.; sales, 36,000 bus. at 84c. to 87c. for Western mixed.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, firmer; receipts, 21,000 bus.; sales 25,000 bus. at 52c. to 64c. for mixed Western; 67c. to 71. for white.

Pork steady at $18 for new mess.

Butter, 24c. to 36c.

Petroleum—Crude, 5c.; refined, 12½ to 12¾c.

LONDON MARKETS.

London, June 12.—New York Central, 90; Erie, 49½; Erie preferred, 49½.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool, June 12.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 10,000 bales; sales for the week, 64,000 bales; for export 6,000 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes "send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more new; its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franktin, writes, "I have sold all the agent left, it sells like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized.

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be sacrificed in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once. J. METCALFE. 2577

ANTHRINE required in a garden or farm can be had at Forfar's, cheap and good. 2588

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar 24 Sparks street. 2575

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, arrising from cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing injurious to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet, around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Can be had of all druggists, obtain free, at the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women a Business That Will Pay from $10 to $20 per day, and be pleasant in your own neighborhood. This is a rare chance for those out of employment or having some time to spare and boys frequently make as much as men. Particulars free. Address,

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington, District of Columbia.

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-st., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 3557-3m

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated "*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*" of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York.
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL,

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time. Minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

DELIVERY.		CLOSE.
a.m.	A.M.	P.M.
8.00	7.30	4.15
8.00	7.30	4.15
8.00	7.30	4.15

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2595 — OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 15, 1874. — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.
A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of
COFFINS AND CASKETS,
SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 27, 1873. 2478-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated, if required.
Ottawa, May 4, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 2, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence—O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1872. 2528y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M. L. C. P. S. L. C., M. C. P. S. O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal, Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 29, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL D.D.S., L.D.S,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—41½ Sparks-st.
March 2, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM.
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 4, '67 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
S. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 11 St. James-St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2362-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 1y

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.,)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 13, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
Office:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
See T. & B. on each Plug.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c. in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the Market.
Agents wanted on Salary or commission to sell Singer and other popular machines. ... address,
GEO. DAWSON,
69 Sparks-st., Ottawa

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage..............................$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.
Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "
WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554

ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a. m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted] at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2.30 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
1874 1874
TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.
The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward for passengers.
FROM LONDON.
Thames..........................Wednesday, June 3
Delta............................Wednesday, June 17
Helios...........................Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence..................Wednesday, July 15
FROM QUEBEC.
Thames..........................Thursday, July 2
Delta............................Thursday, July 9
Helios...........................Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence..................Thursday, Aug. 6
Through Tickets from all points West at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and to the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billiter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Ottawa.
June 18, 1874. 2543.

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS..................P. McGowan
DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m. by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.
UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers WILL DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD,
President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast;
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!
J. R. STITT & CO.
Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.
STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.
As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.
***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.
The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts.	now	11½
2,500 "	20	"	14½
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	22½
2,085 "	36	"	26½
2,275 "	40	"	31
3,050 "	50	"	38½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90	now	$0 78
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,300 "	1 40	"	1 25
1,575 "	1 55	"	1 28½
550 "	1 75	"	1 40½
500 "	2 00	"	1 47½
400 "	3 00	"	2 50

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts.	now	14
Assortment	20	"	16
Plain Black	25	"	19½
and	30	"	23
Coloured	35	"	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	13cts.	now	9½
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,025 "	15	"	12½
2,150 "	18	"	15
3,185 "	20	"	16

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

White and Grey Cottons.	Old Price.		Sale Price.
	10cts.	now	7½
	13	"	10½
	15	"	12½
	17	"	14½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costomes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Hosiery.

White and	15c.	now	12c.
	20	"	15½
Coloured	25	"	19
	30	"	23
Cotton	35	"	28½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Batisles and Lawns.

$3,000 yards.	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts	now	16½
Stripe	25	"	19
Muslins	30	"	25
4,000 yards	35	"	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	15½
Splendid	25	"	19½
Assortment	30	"	23
	35	"	26½
	45	"	35

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16½
475 "	25	"	19½
350 "	30 and 35	"	23 & 28½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60	now	$3 75
	6 75	"	5 75
Polonaises	8 50	"	7 25
	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.
J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

Tailoring Department.
RUSSELL & WATSON.
A Splendid Sock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS
—COMPRISING—
TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.

WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock COATINGS and FRENCH SERGES.
We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
RUSSELL & WATSON
May 2, 1874

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,
Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Boots; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
31 and 33 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere.—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, a ...
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

L. D. SINE'S
ESTABLISHED 1854
GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$100,000
In Valuable Gifts.
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 4th Semi-Annual
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!
One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!
Five Prizes $1,000 | Five Prizes $500 | Ten Prizes $100 } Greenbacks,
Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1,000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c. &c.
Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2551 d&w

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. ... Claremont, Daniels & Co.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.

No. 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 21 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $800.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $5,000 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!—
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 28, 1873. 2523

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 13th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfillment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of H. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where Forms of Tender, and all necessary information can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price, 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer

THE RUSSIAN SCANDAL.

Why the Grand Duke Nicholas Stole the Diamonds—An American Woman Involved in the Robbery—Her History in Philadelphia—The Daughter of a Clergyman as an Arch-Adventuress.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.

"The Grand Duke Nicholas has been arrested in St. Petersburg for stealing his mother's diamonds. He is said to have been driven to this act through the extravagance of his mistress."—*Augsburg Allemeine Zeitung*.

The above, clipped from a German journal, simply corroborates a public scandal which, for several weeks past has in either one form or another appeared in all the representative newspapers of the United States. It is now known that the woman referred to is an American, the associations of whom were for a great many years confined to Philadelphia, and who, independent of the conspicuity given by her latest tricks, has a history of peculiar interest to all. To those familiar with her career, the burden of our latest Russian advices communicates nothing in the least surprising, for they chronicle an act so consistent with this female's general character that even the unusual circumstances under which the theft was committed rob it of much which would otherwise form the basis of an extraordinary sensation.

The female who, it is alleged, left Russia with the precious stones has figured in so many cities, under the guise of such a multiplicity of names, that I am somewhat at a loss by which one of them I can best denote her. This being the case I will begin with her family name; and in giving the outlines of her remarkable career will, as accurately as possible, state the circumstances by means of which she gained for herself the soubriquets which are so numerous and puzzling to her biographers.

HER EARLY HISTORY.

Her maiden name was Lizzie Ely, and she is the daughter of a prominent clergyman of the Presbyterian Church, and one of the company of Northerners who many years ago migrated to Missouri. He there founded Marion College, about which has been subsequently built a very prosperous and thriving town. When Miss Lizzie had attained the age of fifteen she was sent by her parents to a boarding school in West Virginia, where she remained quietly for about one year. She was there considered a remarkably intelligent creature, possessing a slight and delicately moulded figure, but at the same time superb health, while her disposition, tastes and general accomplishments gained for her favor and admiration. In the routine duties attendant upon her educational culture, she displayed remarkable talent, acquiring as if by intuition what to all others came only after the severest application and toil. Her literary compositions were models of originality and skill, and in a word her proficiency gained her the highest grade upon the roll. It was here that she first displayed those marvellous faculties which have ever since distinguished her and which have recently proven themselves to be sufficiently subtle to lead astray even so honorable a gentleman as the Grand Duke Nicholas.

ELOPEMENT AND CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE.

It was there, also, that she took her first step in her bold adventurous career, that in a moment divorced her from her dearest friends, severed her from her parents, and held her up before her acquaintances in the most glaring, and at the same time most unpopular light. It was brought in this wise:—While at the above-named school she formed the acquaintance of a young man named Blackford, and resorted to the most strategic measures in order to enjoy his society. The affair came under the notice of the head of the school, and extraordinary means were taken to keep them from meeting. It is said that a quarrel ensued between Miss Lizzie and her preceptress, at the climax of which the young lady dashed from the room, vacated the premises, and met her lover a short distance beyond. She eloped with and was married to him, But the union did not prove to be a happy one. As usual in such cases, the honeymoon had barely passed when the two discovered they had made a mistake. Quarrels were frequent, and subsequently, when a separation was imminent, Blackford was found one morning in his bed cold and dead. Leaving at once every association which this infelicitous marriage had created for her, she fled the South, came North, and under the name of Lizzie Blackford, took up

HER RESIDENCE IN PHILADELPHIA.

The great curse of this woman's life, if the statements made by all who knew her are worthy of credence, was her constant and habitual dissipation, and yet neither domestic trial nor indulgence upon her part seemed to affect her graceful figure or mar the attractions of her face. The summit of her ambition was to appear constantly in public places, and hence there was no social event of the year to which, in some way, she did not find access, nor an occasion favorable for promenading when she did not appear in the fashionable thoroughfares. The young widow "Lizzie Blackford" was known everywhere, and everywhere was she courted by certain beaux of society. Young, gay, accomplished, the mask she wore for a long, long time, was taken for her true face, and the dangerous and wicked elements of her character were completely veiled and obscured by the pure, tender and innocent light of her countenance. It was only after her admirers had placed themselves in her power that they discerned her in her true *role*, and discovered also how base and merciless she was. And yet she deceived every one. The example of one man wrecked by her failed as a warning for others because society, as usual, took the woman's part.

THE ADVENTURESS UNMASKED.

There was a certain talented and well connected young gentleman of this city who met and "loved her at first sight." At last he proposed to her and was accepted. Before the day appointed for the marriage arrived, however, an ugly rumor reached his ears and he refused, accordingly, to fulfil his obligations. The woman, determined not to be baffled, promptly instituted a suit against him for breach of promise and thus set to work to involve him and all his friends in public scandal. As the woman anticipated, a compromise was proposed and she resigned the case upon condition of the payment of a large sum of money. A short time after this a bad rumor was set afloat concerning her and a prominent lawyer of this city, and the wife of this gentleman happening upon the occasion to find her husband in the woman's company, assaulted Lizzie Blackford and knocked her parasol across her face. Her dissipation was regularly kept up; but, as stated before, in no wise appeared to affect her health. I am informed upon the best authority that she was recognized upon several occasions passing in very questionable company, and my informant further states that whenever any one she knew came "in her way" she would extort all the money by extravagant trickery and then close his mouth by threatening to go to his relatives and tell the whole story. However, this may be, it is well known that she kept up against several parties a regular system of blackmail, and that she extorted from one well-known individual in this city the sum of $50,000. The unhappiness of many fashionable households can be directly traced to her influence, and she appeared to relish to the fullest extent that intrigue which would bring the heaviest sorrow and disgrace upon the greatest number of people.

INTRIGUES IN NEW YORK AND PARIS.

All at once she left Philadelphia and proceeded to New York. So great was her fascinating influence and so marvellously well did she play her part that she became engaged to a young man, and report says married him. At all events, she dropped at this time the name of Lizzie Blackford, and called herself Lizzie Feenix. Her career in the metropolitan city, however, was exceedingly brief. The next heard of her was that she had sailed for Paris in company with a member of one of the best known families in New York. It is said that while in Paris she kept up the dissipation and blackmailing system, though somehow she moved for a long time among most respectable American families. It is also stated that she avenged herself upon all who offended her and who refused to assist in the fulfilment of any of her designs. She figured also in other European capitals, and at last it seems, has made away with $175,000 worth of royal diamonds.

In the above I have stated but a few particulars of the career of this dangerous woman.

HER VERSION OF THE ROBBERY.

[From Galignani's Messenger.]

A reporter of the *Gaulois* has just interviewed, at the Grand Hotel, Paris, Miss Feenix Blackford, the heroine in the affair of the robbery of diamonds by the Grand Duke Nicholas from his mother. That journal says:

She is slight and graceful in statute, like a person of good family; not pretty, but attractive. Unfortunately, her teeth have not the lustre of the pearls in her casket. In her conversation she calls the Grand Duchess Constantine "My mother-in-law" She declares that the only jewels abstracted by the Grand Duke was a decoration of diamonds and emeralds which adorned the breasts of one of those portraits of St. Nicholas which wealthy families in Russia covered with gems. It was taken by an aide-de-camp of His Highness to the Mont-de-Pete, which obliged him to break it up before lending 2,700 roubles on it. That occurred a few days before the departure of the Colonel for the Khiva expedition. The unfortunate officer was thrown into prison, and then were the police convicted that the frequent roberies at the Martle Palace had been committed by the Grand Duke Nicholas.

"And were you arrested?" I asked.

"Yes, and passed a week in the palace of Count Tropoff, Minister of Police"

"With the diamonds?"

"Oh, no; the Grand Duke had warned me on the previous evening, and I had deposited my papers and jewels at the American Legation, which the police were able to convince themselves that none of them had belonged to my mother-in-law."

Miss Feenix declared that everything was restored to her when she was conducted to the frontier.

"I was treated quite as a queen," she said, "and had an escort."

"Indeed!"

"Yes, but only a small one—two gendarmes."—*N. Y. Herald*.

The New Reciprocity Treaty.

We are pleased to find that recent negotiations which have been opened between the Dominion of Canada and the United States are received with favor by both parties. Whether directly or remotely connected with the arbitration at Geneva arising out of the Alabama Claims the present friendly attitude of those governments is matter of congratulation. The world is growing wiser as it moves on, and men are learning that the grandest triumphs are to be gained in times of peace, and through the onward march of progress.

Reciprocity is necessarily springing out of the obvious fact that no two nations are alike in regard to mineral wealth, agricultural products, skilled labor and inventive genius. The one has what the other wants. The deficiencies of the one are met by the superfluities of the other. For illustration of this we have only to think of the vast coal fields of Pennsylvania, and contrast them with the mighty timber-yielding forests of Canada; or to consider the cotton plantations of the Sunny South, and to compare with them the more common, but equally necessary products of wheat and kindred grains which pertain to the soil of British America; or to put side by side the wonderful growth and productiveness of corn in the South and West, and the wealth of fish, hides, and wool with which the Dominion is blessed; or we may take the gold and fruits of California, and with these purchase the more famous breeds of horses and cattle which our neighbors of New Caledonia so justly esteems and value. And not only is it obvious that the deficiencies of those countries in mineral and agricultural products are to be supplied by the superfluities of both, but the same thing is true as to skill in the arts, the pursuits of science, the products of literature, and the inventions and discoveries of genius. These will be of different types and qualities in the two nations,—those of the one being doubtless no less valuable than those of the other; while the wants of the one in any of these matters will be met and supplied by the successes of the other. Yankee acuteness in a word will be none the worse of being supplemented by Canadian thrift; while the solidarity of our good neighbors in the Dominion, as it has been aptly called, may be improved by an admixture of the go-aheaditiveness of the United States.

But we do not need to speculate on the advantages of reciprocity. The treaty of 1854 between the British provinces of America and the United States was followed by a satisfactory result. The figures which we need not here repeat, speak for themselves. First of all, during many years preceding this treaty, the money value of the commerce between the two nations was at its lowest point. The first year following exhibits an astonishing increase on all previous years. Every successive year during the continuance of the treaty reaches a higher point of commercial prosperity than the preceding. The last year of the treaty was the best of all the thirteen years of its history. Then immediately following its repeal, the commerce between the two countries becomes languid, its money value falls down to the tune of about twenty million dollars, and the evil consequences of the want of such a treaty between Canada and the United States continue to this day.

The inference is obvious. The restoration of the treaty will be followed by results of a beneficial kind. We believe that if these reciprocity negotiations are carried on in a spirit of magnanimity between the parties, if they are marked by liberality, and if they exhibit no mean and petty jealousies, they will result in immediate good to all concerned. We would counsel reciprocity even in such matters as the coasting trade, where the advantage seems to be all on the one side, for the reason that granting privileges implies receiving others of a no less valuable kind. When even we legislate for protection, it is in the interests of the favored few; but free trade on broad and liberal principles will infallibly result in the development of commerce and the good of nations. This is the lesson we learn from the history of free trade in Great Britain. The same lesson was taught by the long and prosperous commercial treaty that subsisted between England and France; and we look forward to happier times as the fruit of the present peaceful relations existing between the United States and the Dominion. In the treaty when accomplished we shall see the beginning of a long and unbroken period of commercial prosperity for both the countries whose interests are at stake. We congratulate ourselves that so early in the history of the SCOTSMAN AND CALEDONIAN ADVERTISER, it is our privilege to commend so instructive an example of international intercourse as the restoration of the treaty of 1854 in all its integrity, and in a shape more satisfactory than ever.—*N. Y. Scotsman.*

POOR COPY

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

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On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 23d, 1874. 2523-3m

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AT DEVLIN'S.

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AT DEVLIN'S.

STRAW HATS

AT DEVLIN'S.

HATS THAT R HATS

—AT—

DEVLIN'S.

March 25, 1874. 2500-

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—That desirable property known as Sherborne Grange, on the Richmond Road. Also for sale, a pair of fine Horses, suitable for carriage or saddle.
June 13, 1874. 2594-3in

OTTAWA

Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 48,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.

The Books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 36 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN., Secretary, pro tem.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.

Murray Bay,

NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

THE L[illegible]NE HOUSE

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Telegraph and independent Post Offices at Point a Pic.

CHAMARD & Co.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

THOS. S. SARNEY,

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CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
June 13, 1874. 2588-tf

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and fitting the same ready for use.

P. LeSUEUR.
June 11, 1874. 2582

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.

N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works, Otawa Sept. 12, 1872. 288

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address R. L. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys.
Dated at Ottawa, this 8th day of May A D. 1874

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2590

FOR SALE—A Furnished Hotel, with rooms for forty boarders; also License, Bar, Liquors, Horse and Express. Apply to BENJAMIN LAURIN'S HOTEL, formerly Isidore Champagne, Murray-st., Ottawa.
June 9, 1874. 2580-3m

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.
June 11, 1874. 2592

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location, is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 23-

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, [illegible] 74.

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HULL, P.Q.

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OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MacCUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2507

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.
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GLAD TIDINGS!!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at

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CLARETS.

Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freves, and a variety of other brands,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS, Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Bearine—Perry Davis & Son.
Flowers—Forfar.
Ottawa Ladies College.
Temperance Meeting.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, JUNE 15, 1874.

The Hon. D. A. Macdonald, Postmaster General, returned to town on Saturday night.

Mr. John Mackenzie of Sarnia, brother of the Premier, has arrived in the City and is staying at the Russell House.

The troops have arrived safely in Manitoba. The men are in good health and the horses, baggage and other equipments are in good condition.

The Hon. William Annand, Premier of the Province of Nova Scotia, arrived in the city on Saturday night, and is stopping at the Russell House.

At a meeting of the Caughnawaga Ship Canal Company, held last week, the Hon. John Young was elected President, and Governor Page, of Vermont, Vice-President. Hon. James Skead, of Ottawa, was elected one of the Directors. Our readers will observe that the construction of this canal is one of the clauses of the basis of the proposed Reciprocity Treaty.

The Agent-General for Canada in London, England, Mr. E. Jenkins, M. P., and his staff have just removed to the fine row of new offices, which is to be designated the Canada Government Buildings, King street, Westminster. These offices are worthy of the Dominion Government, and their proximity to the Houses of Parliament will make them exceedingly convenient.

The despatches from France are highly interesting. The Government have succeeded in putting down the disorderly element, and punishing the assailants of Gambetta, the chief of whom has been condemned to a fine and six months' imprisonment. The President may be at least relied upon to prevent such uprisings as led to the overthrow of Charles the Tenth and Louis Phillip. Probably with the confidence felt in MacMahon's honesty and strength, a revolution may be averted for the present.

The *Mail* abuses the Government for sending the Mounted Police by the Northern Pacific Railway route, instead of by the Dawson route, and attributes the act to a desire to benefit Jay Cooke & Co., and the Americans generally. Our contemporary's marvellous acuteness has solved many another mystery of this very patent description, but yet has failed to perceive the fact, or has lacked the candour to proclaim it—that the Government have had to spend only $5,000—not $7,000 as charged—while their predecessors had to disburse some $60,000 for the expenses of the last Canadian military expepition to Manitoba. Of course the *Mail* would set the benefit to "our own people" from this large outlay, against the loss to the Government, just as it defended other large expenditures among the people, by its friends, including the Allan and similar funds. The character and objects of those expenditures were, as Toots would say, "of no consequence" whatever.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA AFFAIR.

No one need dispute the right of the British Columbia Local Government to make any representations it may please, to the Imperial authorities, on the subject of Canada's course in the matter of the Pacific Railway. It is stated in journals professing marvellous anxiety for the carrying out of all the obligations respecting that work, assumed by the late Ministry, no matter how costly and difficult they may be admitted to be, that the British Columbia delegation is to enter a general protest against the railway policy of the present Federal Government. Mr. Walkem's Cabinet having, for reasons best known to themselves refused to entertain the liberal proposals of the Canadian Government, now wishes to exhibit their spirit and resources, and to prove themselves important enough to have their peculiar policy and whims respected by the greater power East of the Rocky Mountains. Unready to act or in coming to a decision before Mr. Edgar, Mr. Walkem and colleagues suddenly awake to a sense of the necessity of action after letting slip their good opportunity. The Canadian Government, not being in a humour to stand posturing before their high mightinesses the local ministers, and refusing to be trifled with, to suit the party necessities of those gentlemen at present, and in the forthcoming elections, they imagine they can put on the screws by means of the authorities of Downing street. But they represent only a portion of British Columbia in their puerile and ridiculous policy. The local Opposition, which, we believe, has been gaining strength rapidly of late, will now be able to use those blunders most effectually to the overthrow of the Ministerial party. In view of the present state of our knowledge of British Columbia, and of our circumstances which, after all, is the main consideration, no fair minded man can deny the liberality of the offers of the Canadian Government, which the Walkem Cabinet, in their foolish ingenuity, discovered a means of spurning, which they thought would least imperil their position. As already remarked, the Dominion offered to do more than the original contract for the Pacific Province secured, in the way of railroad making, while requiring, in turn, merely that official recognition of a condition of things, which no sane man can deny. What are they? Simply the impossibility of building the railway in ten years, the first three being already expired, the surveys as yet incomplete and not a dollar of the needed money borrowed for the work. There is the less justification for a petulant refusal to admit these palpable facts that the advocates of the "original terms" have over and over again conceded the impossibility of their strict fulfilment. How often have they not said in Parliament and elsewhere—we don't ask Canada to aim at the impossible, to complete the railroad in the seven remaining years; but only to commence and push it forward with reasonable energy? Yet, when the Dominion lately permitted this, and offered to spend at least a million and a half a year, as an earnest of good faith, and with a desire to help the Columbians, imperfectly as their country is as yet known, the first to throw embarrassing difficulties in the way were the men charged with protecting and advancing the interests of the Province? With regard to the appeal to the Imperial Government, we have little fear of its putting the Dominion to any serious inconvenience. A Government, so careful of its own interests, so cautious in the giving of its guarantee for the loan for this very railway, is not likely to urge Canada to any enterprise beyond her strength, or by which her solvency might be endangered. England has a large interest in the maintenance of our credit, and general prosperity, even were the policy of colonial coercion, in matters, domestic, not highly obnoxious of late years. No coercion is needed to settle any existing difficulty but only better judgment and a spirit of true patriotism on the part of those entrusted with the conduct of the affairs of the Pacific Province.

THE RECIPROCITY QUESTION.

There can be no doubt of the growing desire on both sides of the line for freer trade relations, by whatever name they may be called, or under whatever guise they may be agreed to. The announcement of the probable success of the negotiations carried on by Mr. Brown and the English and United States representatives at Washington, has made manifest the great spread of the desire for enlarged dealings with us among our neighbours, which feeling we observe continues to extend. The press across the border has not changed its friendly tone on this subject, which seems now, as immediately after the first announcement of progress, governed by the impression that a reciprocity treaty is among the events of the early future. We have not noticed any bitter opposition on the part of the United States journals or public men to the outline of the treaty recently published by the New York *Tribune*, as having been among the documents laid before the Senate. We have, however, observed some laborious efforts, by the Canadian opposition, to manufacture a grievance out of the supposed extravagant concessions to the Republic, based, of course, upon the assumption that the *Tribune's* sketch is in all points correct, and that the Dominion Representative has pledged the country, so far as within his power, to the various proposals made public by the press. Even supposing Mr. Brown had consented to them, and that they were more advantageous to the States than to Canada, no mischief would have been done, since our Parliament would have an opportunity of pronouncing its mind upon each and every article of the whole scheme. But, as usual with our opposition friends, ever ready to take upon trust any statement which furnishe the shadow of an excuse for an attack upon the Government, they have hastily jumped to conclusions upon allegations not yet proved. In their anxiety to make a point against Ministers, these sniffers of evil afar off appear incapable of doubting anything attributed to their agent, who is charitably supposed, for the benefit of hostile theories, incapable of holding his own against American negotiations, or unpatriotic enough to yield them the balance of advantage. It is time enough to make ourselves miserable about such a misfortune when it has actually happened, or at least when it is threatened, which, so far, can not certainly be affirmed. But, without at present entering into an elaborate comparison of the advantages offered by each party, according to the *Tribune*, we must express our conviction that Canada could not fail to gain largely by the facilities that would be extended her. It is worth while repeating the clauses embodying the alleged main points of agreement, for the purpose of illustrating our theory:—

1. Abandonment on the part of Great Britain and Canada of all claim for compensation on account of the concession to the United States by the Treaty of Washington of the privilege of the "inshore fisheries."

2. The free admission and interchange of all natural products of the United States and the British Provinces.

3. The reciprocal free admission of manufactured products of the two countries, specifically enumerated.

4. Welland and St. Lawrence Canals to be built by the Dominion.

5. Caughnawaga Canal to be built by the Dominion.

6. American and Canadian built vessels may carry cargo and passengers from any port on the Great Lakes and River St. Lawrence to any other such port.

7. All canals on either sides of the boundary to be open, under the same conditions to the citizens of the two countries.

8. Lake Michigan to be open to Canadians as the St. Lawrence has been to the Americans.

9. Canadians may purchase American vessels and register them as Canadian, and Americans may purchase and register Canadian built vessels in like manner.

With regard to the first provision, there is no doubt, of the importance of the Canadian surrender, but it will have been made to do excellent service by a man so intelligent, shrewd and practical as the representative of the Dominion, in obtaining from the Americans useful commercial equivalents. Our neighbours, so sensitive in regard to the privilege of the inshore fisheries, will have been very effectually made to understand the justice and value of the claim of the Dominion in the matter, an operation to which the representations of the English Commissioner would, no doubt, have materially contributed. All British subjects, particularly on this side the Atlantic, know [we have always set great store by this privilege on grounds political as well as commercial. We presume that no one acquainted with the circumstances of these Provinces will dispute the benefits promised by the second clause, which include free markets for our lumber, coal and other minerals, as well as for our agricultural produce, in the United States. Our population is overwhelming by agricultural, and considerable portions of it have suffered seriously since 1864 for the want of a good market for farm produce. In important districts of Ontario and Quebec, the husbandman has been reduced to poverty and embarrassed by debt on account of the ruinously low prices received for his stuff. Doubtless with our cheap labour, and lake and river facilities for transport, our farmers in the thriving as well as depressed districts would be able to sell largely to the Americans. They could hardly compete with us in field products, considering the distance of their most fertile regions from Ontario and Quebec. With respect to the third clause, some apprehension has been expressed in Canada. But we believe it to be without the support of facts. For instance, did we not all hear, day after day, the manufacturers' deputations declare during the discussion of Mr. Cartwright's tariff, their ability to compete with their rivals in the States, if only their markets were thrown open to them. They naturally complained of Canada giving foreign manufacturers opportunities not reciprocated, but seemed confident of success in any fair competition with our neighbours. Even supposing the industries on this side, regarded as most worthy of fostering care, or most in need of protection, started in the race with the American, on equal terms, there is no reason for alarm. Our artisans, if now inferior in skill, would soon catch up to their rivals, whose superior knowledge or dexterity would be available on the ordinary condition of adequate remuneration. Then we have capital, water-power and cheap labour in abundance, besides ample supplies of the raw material of the articles which have gained a footing with us. We notice the Americans, themselves, apprehend difficulty in settling this particular question, many of them fearing, with some reason, the results of Canadian manufacturing skill and enterprise. This fact makes for our theory, and should dissipate Canadian alarm. There is no doubt that, though we might be offered large quantities of particular articles, in the production of which our neighbours have been pre-eminently successful, and especially at times of depression in the States, we should have the opportunity of compensating ourselves, from the manufacturer's point of view, by the supply of large orders from the States, for commodities more cheaply producible by ourselves. But it will be admitted that the cheap supply of our markets, with certain goods, would, under any circumstances, not prove an unmixed evil. The poorer classes and all not engaged in their production, would not lament the opportunities thus afforded. So far as the other stipulations are concerned, without noticing them all at present, we may say of those affecting the Canals, which would certainly entail a heavy expenditure upon the Dominion, that we are already spending largely for their improvement, being committed to this policy in our own interest, with a view to the attraction that Western United States trade, which our cousins seem willing enough we should enjoy. These ameliorations promise a rich return, for the American shipper would find it decidedly to his advantage to make use of them, for which he would pay toll like his Canadian rival. The inland carrying trade would also prove a boon to our people, affording remunerative employment to our lake craft and sailors, who would be able to use the United States canals on equal terms with citizens of the Republic. This shipping interest is a valuable one at present, and would become more so from the undoubted ability of our ship builders and sailors to hold their own with any rivals. On the whole, we take a more cheerful view of our prospects than some of our Opposition contemporaries, believing that, with even the printed sketch of the treaty, Canada would have ample reason to anticipate substantial benefit, resulting in an improvement of her position at present, with encouraging promise for the future.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE TIMES will not be held responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR—The TIMES of this morning states that all the pipes on Wellington street are being raised again with a view to their being laid two feet lower. There are now laid on Wellington street about eight hundred pipes, and out of these the whole number which have been raised is less than twenty, and there has never been any intention of raising any more.

The main on Wellington street between Metcalf and Elgin streets was laid last summer according to the grade given by the City Engineer to the Government for the base line to the Government fence. In grading Elgin street last fall it was found desirable to cut down Wellington street at this point and this brought these few pipes nearer to the surface than they ought to be. If there has been any "blundering" it was when the grade was given to the Government. The extra expense entailed on the Water Commissioners has been about one hundred and sixty dollars; but if, as there is no reason to doubt, the connection between Wellington and Elgin street has been improved by the new grade this amount is altogether too trifling to stand in the way of the change.

THOS. C. KEEFER.
Engineer's Office, Ottawa Water Works, June 13th, 1874.

Canada Official Gazette.

The *Canada Official Gazette* of Saturday contains the following appointments:—

John McKinty, of Hamilton, Ont., to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher in H. M's. Customs.

G. W. Burton, of Hamilton, Ont., one of Her Majesty's Counsel, to be one of the Justices of the Court of Error and Appeal of Ontario.

C. S. Patterson, of Toronto, Ont., one of Her Majesty's Counsel, to be one of the Justices of the Court of Error and Appeal of Ontario.

T. S. Bawn, of North Sydney, Nova Scotia, to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

J. D. Giffin, of Isaac's Harbor, to be a sub-Collector in Customs.

W. Hall, of Sheet Harbor, to be Harbor Master of the port of Sheet Harbor.

J. Carson, of the port of St. Martins, to be Harbor Master of St. Martins.

A. Hodge, of Beamsville, to be Landing Waiter and Searcher in Customs.

Prince Arthur's Landing has been constituted a Port of Entry and Warehousing port under the Customs Act.

Silver Islet and Fort William are under its provisions.

The vessels and ships of Norway and Sweden are, by order in Council, admitted to the coasting trade of Canada, on the same terms as Canadian vessels.

The authorized discount on American Invoices is nine per cent.

The Revenue and Expenditure Account for the month of May, shows as follows:—Revenue, $1,683,541 04; Expenditure, $1,947,449 02.

BOOK NOTICE.

BOSWELLIANA: The Commonplace Book of James Boswell, with a Memoir by Dr. C. Rogers, and Introduction by Lord Houghton.

LONDON: Printed for the Grampian Club.

Nothing, while he was living, could be written by Boswell without being entertaining too. And nothing can, even eighty years after his death, be written about Boswell without being entertaining too. Here comes Dr. Rogers with a bulky volume of 333 pages, and we have read it all in one day, and nearly all at a single sitting and at the end feel ourselves craving for more. It consists of various parts—the book proper, or "Boswelliana," consisting of a portfolio crowded with anecdotes, &c., left for publication by Boswell; a life of him, written by Dr. Rogers, but largely interspersed with extracts from his Letters and Journal; and a short prefatory notice by Lord Houghton.

The life is especially interesting, although it is often rendered so at the expence of the hero, whose boasting and bibulous propensities, love of all kinds of flirtation, extravagance in money matters, literary vanity, excessive adulation of celebrated men, and utter disregard to his own personal dignity are faithfully recorded, almost always in his own words; but whose bitter qualities are not forgotten—his cleverness, wit, pleasing manners, unequalled power of ingratiation, genuine literary enthusiasm, hero worship, and natural religiosity. It is curious to notice how after a lifetime of struggle, misadventure and general contempt, mixed with the kind of liking felt for a parrot, lapdog or any other amusing pet, Boswell found at last his proper work—biography—and after writing the best life that ever had been or ever shall be written, in a short time thereafter died. No biographer ever so identified himself with his subject as at once to give and to share in his immortality! Some, at least, doubt whether but for Boswel Johnson's name would continue to survive; but no one now doubts that as long as Johnson is remembered so long Boswell can never be forgotten. They go down to posterity a pair of literary Siamese Twins; nor does the disparity between them—although the one was a native of Brobdignag, and the other only a Gulliver at the most—look so ridiculous as might at first be expected. Johnson had Boswell's worshipping tendency in a higher and purer form—his kind of intellect, too, on a colossal scale—and his sensuous propensities subdued by a more powerful will, and a stricter, yet still not very strict, self-control. Johnson, like Boswell, would have been a sceptic had he not been High Church, and a *roue* had he not been a pious man. In superstition and Toryism they were very much akin; and altogether, instead of wondering how they ever came together the real wonder would have been, once within reach of each other how they ever were kept apart. It was a male marriage, and few marriages have been preceded by such congeniality of disposition, tastes and temper.

Dr. Rogers has done his part of the work modestly and manfully, with great care and good taste, and he is generally very generous as well as just to the memory of poor "Bozzy." His annotations show immense knowledge of the private history of Scotland during the eighteenth century, and in this point are very valuable.

The "Boswelliana" labour is a little under the common fault of a jest book. They get dull by recording too many bright things, and you miss continuity of interest. Still, many of the stories and *bon mots* (a few of which, by the way, may be found in Boswell's life of Johnson) are exceedingly good. Here is one of the finest compliment ever paid:—

"Lord Carlies showed to a Turkish gentleman a picture of his lady. He looked at it long, very attentively, and then asked my Lord, with a good deal of emotion, whose picture it was? He replied it was the picture of his lady, who died just before he left his native country. 'My Lord,' said the Turk, 'you have the strongest constitution, and have a chance to live longer than any other man I ever met with.' And being asked the reason for saying so, 'Because, my Lord, you have been able to survive so fine a woman.'"

Another story of a Turk:—"When Lord Galloway was in Constantinople an old Turk of seventy was dining one day with a company of the English, with whose ease and mirth and freedom he was so much transported as to exclaim, 'Good God! am I come to this age and have lived but one day!'"

"Colonel Irwin was dancing down a country dance at Bath when somebody said 'I hope Mrs. Irwin is well.' The Colonel, dancing on, bowed and smiled, and replied 'Dead a fortnight—dead a fortnight,'"

"The Laird of Macfarlane was maintaining that the Highlands were much better country than Fife, and that Kelly law would make no figure among the hills of the country. 'I grant you,' said Captain Erskine, 'it would make but a contemptible figure as a hill, but it would make an admirable plain.'"

There are 130 pages filled with similar *bon mots*—good, bad, indifferent, the good, however, predominating.—*Dundee Advertiser*, May 25.

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets.

A fine collection of Flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595.

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I used that nothing relieved me. Now I can eat well, sleep well, work well and feel well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JEROME SHENK, Insurance Agent. 2595

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—T. E. Moore, Burlington Hair-cutting Rooms, 72 Sparks street, begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his fancy goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now over-stocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all fancy goods at half price or 25 per cent less than cost price. The goods consist of ladies' gold and silver watches, solid 15 carat gold chains, an immense assortment of elegant sets in gold. Best plate signet rings, plain and brass ring, hair ornaments, perfumery, brushes, real hair goods, meerchaum pipes, hand mirrors, hair brushes. All goods at half their market price. Ladies or gents requiring such articles will do well to call early. T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair Dressing Rooms 72 Sparks street. 2588

CITY AND VICINITY

CITY COUNCIL.—A Regular Meeting of the City Council will be held this evening.

POND'S EXTRACT.—Cures bleeding from the lungs. It can be used with a common "Inhaler." Try it. 2595

ERRATA.—In the suit referred to in Saturday's issue Preston *vs* Illingworth, it should have been verdict "Not Guilty," and the prisoner discharged.

INCREASE of population in Lower Town is supposed to have increased 10,000 in population this spring on account of Forfar's Flowers. 2595

Ladies in want of a good piano, will not fail to bear in mind that the Great Auction Sale of Hales' superior instruments will come off at 2 o'clock to-morrow, Robinson & Heney's block, Sparks street.

PERSONAL.—Mr. G. M. Rose, of Toronto, arrived in town on Saturday evening, having come to attend the meeting of the National Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—The Rev. Mr. Thompson, son-in-law of the Premier, officiated in the Baptist Church, yesterday morning, and in the evening preached in Knox Church, City Hall Square.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—The Rev. William Hall of the King Street Wesleyan Methodist Church, King Street, having obtained three months leave of absence from the Wesleyan Conference, which recently sat in Hamilton, starts for a tour through Europe on Wednesday.

MASONIC.—At the regular communication of the Builders' Lodge, held on Friday evening, the following brethren were elected office-bearers for the ensuing year:—Bro. Butterworth, W. M.; Bro. Biehler, S. W.; Bro. Kean, J. W.; Bro. Wilson, Treasurer; Bro. Rea, Secretary; and Bro. McCarthy, Tyler.

NEW FERRY.—It is in contemplation to organize a new ferry to ply on the bay at Aylmer, to suit the convenience of many who live in that district. A meeting is to be held some evening this week in Aylmer, with a view to the organization of a company to promote the proposed enterprise.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

INVESTMENT.—It is said that the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, M. P., has purchased the small Roman Catholic Church on Sparks street, and the property connected therewith for the sum of $4,400. The building has been vacant ever since the occupation of the new St. Patrick's Church.

LADIES' COLLEGE.—The closing semi-annual exercises of the Ottawa Ladies' College commence this morning, at 9.30 o'clock, in their Academical Institution, and will continue for three successive days. The College will be thrown open to the public during the day; but the musical exercises of the evening will be open only to those receiving special invitations.

UNFORTUNATE FIRE.—It is with regret that we hear of the destruction by fire of the saw and shingle mill of ex-Alderman Mosgrove, on the Bearbrook, on Saturday morning last. Mr. Mosgrove has sustained a total loss, and, unfortunately, has no insurance. This is the second time time that fire has visited that gentleman within two years.

CORPUS CHRISTI.—The festival of *Corpus Christi* which was celebrated in lower town and in Hull Sunday week, was not celebrated until yesterday in St. Jean Baptiste Parish, Chaudiere. It was celebrated with much *eclat*, a band and other features peculiar to such occasions were on hand and the procession was largely attended.

MUSIC.—The large store, in Robinson & Heney's block, Sparks street, was crowded all day Saturday inspecting J. P. Hales' magnificent pianos, which are to be sold by auction at 2 o'clock to-morrow. They will be on view all this day and up to the hour of sale. Go and see them, hear them, and if you want a good instrument purchase one, they will be sold on time, and a guarantee given for five years.

A CHALLENGE.—The challenge given by Mr. Gilbert on behalf of Merryweather & Sons for a trial of their engine against any in America, has been readily accepted by Captain Albert, of the "Union" steamer, at the Chaudiere. The trial is fixed for Dominion Day, and consequently a very exciting time may be expected particularly amongst the various members of the fire brigade.

THE WIMBLEDON TEAM.—The Wimbledon Team starts for Quebec on Saturday next by the steamship "Circasian" under the command of Lieut. Col. Gilmour of the Queen's own Rifles, Toronto. It is unnecessary that we should again repeat the names of the team, suffice it to say that Manitoba being unable to furnish a representative, Captain Morgan of the 8th Battalion, Quebec, has been added to the previous list to complete the quota. Major Montizambert of the Artillery, Quebec, will be second in command.

TELEGRAPH EXTENSION.—In a few days the Montreal Telegraph Company will connect with Martintown *via* Lancaster and Williamstown. The Company are also about to run a line between Dickinson's Landing and Ottawa *via* Osnabruck Centre, South Finch and Duncanville. This will facilitate business with the back townships and we hope prove remunerative to the Company. Great credit is due to Mr. McPhadden and the people on the Martintown route for the alacrity displayed in furnishing poles, and otherwise aiding the enterprise.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—The usual Sunday temperance meeting was held in the Temperance Hall yesterday afternoon. Mr. Johnston, President of the Association, occupied the chair. Amongst those present were the Hon. O. D. Wetmore, of New Brunswick, G. W. P. of the Grand Lodge of that Province; Mr. S. W. Hodges, of Boston, Grand Scribe of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, and Mr. G. McLean Rose, of Toronto. Very effective addresses were delivered by the two first named gentlemen. There was a large attendance on the occasion.

A HARDSHIP.—The season of year has arrived, when, to the great majority of citizens, who have a predisposition to cleanliness at all, bathing becomes absolutely necessary. Such complain of the hardship of being denied that privilage to satisfy what they are pleased to term the moral teachings of a class of people who from their circumstances in life can afford private baths; or to suit the clamors of another class, who have but little regard for cleanliness of person. This question of bathing is one that causes a good deal of grievance on both sides; but it is possible to have some solution of it which will meet the wishes of everbody. Certain localities might be set apart for the purpose of bathing, and hours prescribed within which it would be legal to go into public places to bathe. Before 7 o'clock in the morning and after that hour in the evening, in stated places, it might be so arranged that those who may desire it, can go into the river. This done and a proper By-law passed, any person may frequent or avoid, as the case may be, the localities specified. This suggestion is thrown out with a view to the Corporation devising some scheme that may in some mutual way meet the general desire of the community.

$55,000.—Ladies secure some of the cheap Print Grandines, Tussos and Muslins at Stitt & Co's cheap sale. Decided bargains are to be had. 2582

COUNTY COUNCIL

AFTERNOON SESSION.

FRIDAY, June 12.

The Council met at 2 o'clock.

Present—Ira Morgan, Warden, Messrs. Smith, Wallace, Sykes, Mooney, Rivington, Neil, Richardson, Mohr, Anderson, Mills, Lyon, Baskerville, Butler, Clark, Kelly, Bearman and Cummings.

On motion the Warden was authorized to give the County Clerk four weeks leave of absence.

Mr. Wallace moved, seconded by Mr. Neil, that leave be granted to introduce a By-law to equalize the different assessment rolls of the county. Carried on division.

Mr. Surtees moved, seconded by Mr. Baskerville, that the By-law be amended as follows: Nepean, $660,000; Gloucester, $657,000; Osgoode, $597,074; North Gower, $269,548; Marlboro, $240,013; Goulburn, $442,231; Huntley, $444,643; Fitzroy, $486,326; Torbolton, $103,081; March, $187,765; Richmond, $65,000; New Edinburgh, $60,000. Lost on division.

An amendment to the amendment was also lost.

The Council adjourned at 5 o'clock for want of a quorum.

MORNING SESSION.

SATURDAY, June 13.

On motion of Mr. Cleland, seconded by Mr. Wallace, John Ferguson was appointed to superintend the expenditure on the bridge between Carleton, Leeds and Grenville, and Andrew Spence and John Zimmons were appointed a Commission in reference to the proposed bridge between Beckwith and Goulburn.

A petion from the people of Nepean in reference to a road on the boundary line between that township and Rochesterville, was referred to the Roads and Bridges Committee.

On motion of Mr. Mills, seconded by Mr. Sykes, a sum of $100 was granted to repair the bridge at Burritt's Rapids, provided the County of Leeds grant an equal sum for the same purpose, also appointing Mr. Reid Waldo Commissioner in the matter.

The petition of the Grey Nuns, asking for the usual annual grant, was referred to the Finance Committee.

The report of the Finance Committee was then presented and adopted on motion. The above report was one of last session which was not presented on that occasion for want of the proper number of signatures.

On motion of Mr. Wallace, seconded by Mr. Surtees, it was resolved, that no petitions or communications should be received after the third day of the session of the Council, and that all such documents should be referred to the several committees.

On motion, the Clerk was authorized to obtain the assessment roll from the different municipalities, by and not later than the first July.

The report of the Building and Gaol Committee was received and adoped on motion.

On motion of Mr. Surtees, seconded by Mr. Cummings, the equalization of the assessment rolls was referred to the Finance Committee, with Mr. Bearman added to its number, the said Committee to report to the Council on the first day of a special meeting, to be held on the 8th of July next.

The Council then adjourned.

ANOTHER FIRE.

Alacrity of the Fire Brigade.

SUBJUGATION OF THE FLAMES.

On Saturday morning about nine o'clock Earnscliff, the residence of Thomas Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, was discovered to be on fire. The fire was early discovered by Mr. W. P. Lett, City Clerk, observing the kitchen chimney on fire, but treating it rather heedlessly he passed on. Mr. Lett, however, knowing that Mr. Reynolds was absent from home, being down at Gaspe, on a fishing excursion, and fearing that the Misses Reynolds would be alarmed, returned to the house. On entering he found it much more serious than he had anticipated, and that a great quantity of fire was smouldering in the kitchen garret. He next went to the door and observing Mr. George Thompson driving up town, asked him to give the alarm, a request which Mr. Thompson very soon complied with. The alarm was sounded first from the Central Station, and in a very short time the entire fire brigade was on the ground. The 'Conqueror' was on time quickly and was stationed at the Rideau river, immediately opposite the saw mill of MacLaren & Co. From this point a line of hose 1,650 feet was laid, and with one branch she soon succeeded in deluging the flames that had, by the time she was ready, got a fair hold of the building. A little delay was occasioned by not lighting the fire on the way, as steam might have been generated in sufficient quantity to be ready for work immediately upon her arrival. It would seem, however, that the torch was applied by the stoker but it did not, as expected, take on application. The torch having been inadvertently thrown away on the road, it became necessary to ignite the kindling wood with matches upon her arrival at the scene of the fire. With this single exception, the steamer did noble work, and, by the direction of Chief Young and his assistant, who were early on the ground, the fire was soon got under. Exception was taken to the volume of water thrown, as the inside of the house was literally a series of cataracts and waterfalls, but this at any time is preferable to a serious conflagration. The smaller engines, did good work on the old principle in keeping the fire from the contiguous building. Ald. Heney and other of the city fathers rendered valuable assistance to the brigade in its endeavors to suppress the fire. A great deal of valuable furniture and carpets as well as other house furnishings received irreparable damage, and in many instances are a total loss. The grounds and beautiful surroundings of "Earnscliff," on which the proprietor expended so much money, were, by the rushing of the thoughtless throng, entirely despoiled, revealing the fact of the necessity of a Salvage Corps to protect property during such an emergency. The police would do well, under similar circumstances again, to entirely exclude the crowd from such a place, leaving it altogether to the firemen to manage the fire. Mr. Reynold's loss will not exceed, perhaps, in the aggregate, $2,000. He had an insurance effected on the building in the Liverpool, London and Globe for $8,000. He had, in addition to this, a policy from the Commercial Union on the furniture for $7,000. Mr. Reynolds has been telegraphed to regarding his misfortune, and will probably arrive in town ere Saturday next, to look after his premises and put them again in a thorough state of repair.

Police Court.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

SATURDAY, June 13th.

James McFarlane and Charles Riley arraigned on a charge of stealing $16 from an employee of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, were each committed to gaol for 3 months. Two others implicated were discharged.

J. Gleeson, charged with using threatening language to one Edward Devlin, was bound over to keep the peace.

James Kennedy, charged with stealing $2 50 out of Satchell's till, at the Market, was sent to gaol for one week.

A man named Bellefeuille, charged with setting fire to his brothers premises on Augusta street, was remanded until Tuesday.

POND'S EXTRACT, a medical remedy known twenty-five years, and steadily increasing in reputation.

The New Opera House.

We have of late adverted to many signs of progress in our fair and rising city, and this morning again we have much pleasure in supplementing them, by another. The Messrs. Gowan with an enterprise for which in the past they have been noted have set to work, in fact have made considerable progress, in the erection of an Opera House on Albert street, between Metcalfe and O'Connor streets. This long talked of desideratum is therefore soon about to be realized, and the Capital will then have supplied it a hall commensurate with its rapid growth and great importance as one of the leading cities of the New Dominion. The building is to be constructed internally as to suit the Opera or Drama and at the same time be adapted for Musical Concerts or other public entertainments. The Messrs. Gowan from their experience in connection with their present Opera House, have become fully acquainted with all the requirements of a more extensive institution, such as the one they have now undertaken, and will doubtless, profiting by such experience, supply the new institution with all the modern improvements peculiar to such an edifice. The foundation of the structure is now nearly finished and the Contractors by due exertion will soon effect a completion of the entire building.

THE SITE

is on the South Side of Albert Street about equi-distant from Metcalfe and O'Connor Streets, and is sufficiently central to suit all our citizens. It has besides the advantages of being off the main street, which experience has shewn deteriorates from the site of an Opera House or Music Hall. It covers an area of 66x99 feet and when completed, the building will seat [illegible] people comfortably and in an emergency many more can gain admission.

THE PLAN.

The foundation is stone to the height of 13 feet, this will be surmounted by red brick with facings of white brick. The timbers used will be of the strongest material, in order that strength may be obtained, a feature so essential in any public building. It will have a fine front, contributing much in the way of architectural beauty, from the artistic character of the design. A fine large entrance is contemplated and other openings will also be afforded to facilitate egress from the building in case of fire or other sudden emergency. A stage 30 by 60 feet will be erected at one end, thereby affording ample room for the largest dramatic troupe travelling. The scenery will be of the most varied character and so arranged as to render it unnecessary as is too often the case now, that travelling troupes should be obliged to bring scenery along with them. The gallery will in design resemble a horse shoe, and will be so constructed, that an easy view will be had from any part of the stage. It is also the intention of the proprietors to fit up eight private boxes in first class style, one of which will be reserved specially for His Excellency the Governor General and suite. The heating of the building will be secured by the adoption of the latest and best system that it is possible to obtain. Due provision is at the same time being made for the proper ventilation of the house. It will be lighted on a new and improved principle, the jets of gas in the many chandeliers being ignited by electricity, avoiding thereby the delay and unpleasantness so peculiar to the old system. Cloak rooms and other incidental requisites to a first class Opera House will be supplied, and refreshment rooms under first class management will be instituted to add to the comfort of those who may from time to time visit the Opera House. The decoration will be done under the supervision of the Messrs. Gowan themselves, and, it being a speciality in their business, will doubtless be done, with a view to attaining the greatest possible degree of grandeur and beauty.

THE CONTRACT.

Mr. Saul, who has the contract for the stone and brick work, is now prosecuting his portion of the work vigorously, and Messrs. Leggo and Kean, will no doubt follow with equal promptness in the carpenter and joiner work; so that ere long the new Opera House will have become an institution of the capital. Mr. Wm. Hodgson is the architect and is deserving of much praise for the excellence of the design. The Messrs. Gowan are deserving of every encouragement for the zeal that has marked this private enterprise on their part. Many corporations, joint stock and otherwise, have had the subject under contemplation for the last five years, yet they have signally failed; and it has become the lot of one single mercantile firm in the city to erect a public hall at an estimated outlay of $30,000, for the convenience of the citizens of the Canadian Metropolis.

International Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America.

As the above supreme body will hold their annual session in this city during the week (commencing Wednesday) it is the duty of every member of the Order to do his or her utmost to make the stay of such distinguished visitors as pleasant as possible.

A reception committee, composed of G. W. P. Rose, Toronto, Chairman; P. G. W. P. Rev. J. W. Manning, Almonte; G. S. Webster, Brantford, Sec.; G. W. A. Howe, P. G. W. A. Hannum, the Mayor, W. P.'s Bertram and J. K. Stewart, P. W. P.'s Esplin, Wm. Stewart, Halkett, Watson, R. E. Jamieson, Kennedy, and Guppy, and Brothers Esmonde, Heney, Bell, Young, H. McLean and Gibson have prepared the following programme of entertainment, viz:—An excursion to the Chats Falls *via* Canada Central Railway to Britannia, to which the public are cordially invited, the fare being at the low figure of $1.25. The Independent Cornet Band will be in attendance.

On Friday the guests will be shown the Chaudiere and Rideau Falls, and other points of interest, for which purpose several of our leading citizens have kindly lent the use of their carriages.

On the evening of Thursday a social will be held in Knox Church, City Hall Square.

A conference of Canadian delegates is called for this afternoon at 2 o'clock, in the rooms over the Temperance Hall, Rideau street.

COUNTY COURT.

His Honor Judge Armstrong Presiding.

LAST DAY.

Bourget *vs.* LaRocque. Action on promissory note. H. Lapierre for plaintiff, and A. Gibb for defendant. Verdict for $105 90 for plaintiff.

McDonnell *vs.* Grant. An action to recover wages. M. O'Gara for plaintiff, and E. P. Reardon for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff, by consent, for $150, subject to award of Robert Lyon, Esq.

The Court rose at 11.30.

JARVIS & ARLESS Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks st, next door to Davidson's drug store. 2580

DID YOU EVER see such a lot of beautiful flowers as Forfar has at his seed store, Rideau street, opposite Dalhousie. 2582-1

$55,000.—Ladies are well satisfied with the bargains to be had at Stitt & Co's cheap sale now going on. The store is crowded every day. 2582

The foundation stone of St. Mary's Cathedral, Edinburgh, the erection of which is estimated to cost nearly £90,000, was laid by his Grace the Duke of Buccleuch.

BY TELEGRAPH

MONTREAL.

Arrest of a Highway Robber—Fatal Accident—Markets.

MONTREAL, June 12.

A fire broke out last night in the upper portion of McLeod & McNaughton's brewery, on Jacques Cartier street. The entire brigade turned out, as disastrous results were threatened. A large quantity of malt was damaged, and the roof was seriously burned. The loss, which is estimated between $8,000 and $10,000 is fully covered by insurance.

Last evening, whilst a railway train was passing Durham, Quebec, a waggon in which was sitting a farmer named Edward Pickens, and drawn by a very valuable horse was struck while crossing the track and completely smashed, the horse and man being instantly killed and frightfully mangled.

Patrick Slattery, of Lachine, who has long been wanted to answer to an indictment for highway robbery returned against him by the Grand Jury at the Court of Queen's Bench last September, was arrested to-day, and will stand his trial at the next term of the said Court.

The stock market yesterday was generally dull, Montreal telegraph sold up to 194, but closed weaker, offered at 3½. Montreal 184, closing 4 to ½. Molson's 112½, closing ¼ to ½. Toronto 197, closing 5 to 6, Merchants 121½ closing ¼ to 3. Royal Canadian 94½ closing ½ to ½. Commerce 136½ to ½. Dominion Telegraph 107, closing a 5 to 8½. Canadian Navigation Company 70, reported closing, 65 to 76.

HALIFAX.

The Faraday—Accident—Shipping—Government Sale—Niobe Wreck.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 12.

The cable steamer Faraday arrived here this morning from Portsmouth, New Hampshire, for coal and water. Her immense size—the second largest vessel that ever entered Halifax harbor—and her cable gear attract much attention. She is coaling at Seeton's and will probably sail to return to Portsmouth, N. H., to-morrow evening, where the Ambassador, the other steamer of the New Cable Company, is expected.

While John Tay and his wife were crossing the bridge at Newton's Mills, Colchester County, on Monday, the bridge gave way, and their team was precipitated to the bottom of the stream. Mrs. Taylor received fatal injuries.

The steamer Austrian, from Quebec arrived at one o'clock p.m. The steamer Prussian, from Liverpool, G. B., and St. Johns N. F., arrived this afternoon at 13 o'clock. The steamer Chase sailed for Portland last night.

The steam dredge difficulty was ended today, it having been sold at auction to satisfy the claim of the Government. N. P. Perley, on the part of the Department of Public Works, purchased the dredge for $1,500; Wallace, on the part of the owners, having protested against the sale.

The schooner John McKean, which arrived yesterday from the wreck of H. M. S. Niobe at Cape Blanche, Miquelon, brings the following additional particulars of the wreck:—After the Niobe struck she fell over on her starboard side to seaward. Most of the crew quartered on that side lost most of their clothing and effects, while those on the port side saved theirs. She is full of water and breaking up underneath. Nearly all the materials will be saved. Divers will be employed about the wreck saving the material.

QUEBEC.

North Shore Railroad. Spring Fleet. Salt and Coal. Freights. Casualties at Sea. U. S. Consul. Ocean Arrivals this Season Vessel Ashore. Cold Weather.

QUEBEC, June 12.

Work on the North Shore Railway was commenced yesterday at Port Neuf by Courtenay & Co., the contractors for that section.

The port is crowded with shipping. The spring fleet having arrived almost simultaneous, a press of work is the consequence, and although everything is being done to get them away quickly the progress they are making is not very rapid. The arrivals are larger than was anticipated, but the quantity seeking tonnage is not excessive. Grain has absorbed quite a number, but a decline in rates threw vessels on the market for timber at low rates. The quantity of grain to go forward will work an improvement in that trade, and after the press of work is through at this port an advance sufficient to encourage a fair midsummer fleet will take place.

Capt. B. Harris of Newport, reports:—May 24th fell in with two boats containing the crew—seventeen all told—of the Norwegian barque "Henrietta," Capt. C. Ball, from Barrow, for Bridgewater, U. S., and took them on board. The captain reported having been in collision with an iceberg on May 20. All hands took to the boats, and the "Henrietta" sank in twenty minutes after the disaster. May 25th sighted the Norwegian barque "Fourth November," bound for Quebec who kindly supplied us with water, and transferred the captain and his wife, and four seamen of the "Henrietta" to the "Fourth November."

The case of Julien Chabot against the sitting member for Levis, Mr. Frechette, was heard to-day before Mr. Justice Stuart, on the merits of the petition. The whole case has resolved itself into a question of qualification, the petitioner having failed to prove his case as to the bribery and corruption.

Mr. Wm. C. Howells has been appointed United States Consul at Quebec. He leaves his home in Ashtabula, Ohio, where he has been for many years editor of the Sentinel, to take up his residence in this city and assume the duties of his new office.

Since the opening of navigation 62 vessels have been licensed by the Quebec Custom House for the local trade of the Province.

The barque "Euclid," with a cargo of grain from this port, is reported ashore below Bic.

The weather continues wretchedly cold and wet. There was a sharp frost on Wednesday night. Many tender plants were killed, and in some parts ice formed.

Salt—Last sales small lot of Liverpool coarse, was at 95 cents. Coal—an active consumption of this article for steam purposes creates rather a better feeling. Steam is quoted at $7 50 to $8 per chaldron.

The arrivals of salt to date as compared with previous years is 13,144 tons against 6,985 tons in 1873, and 1[illegible],900 tons in 1872 for the same period. The import of coals in 1874 is 44,943 against 27,078 in 1873 and 79,913 tons in 187[illegible]. Pig iron 689 tons in 1874, 3,893 in 1873, and 8,521 in 1872.

The arrivals from sea to date are 371 sailing ships, representing 283 509 tons, and 37 steamships, representing 48,797 tons. The steamships are the same in number for both years, but show a decrease in tonnage of 826 tons. There are 323 sea-going vessels now in port. About 40 vessels are reported close at hand. They will probably arrive to-day, the wind being favorable.

SACKVILLE, N. B.

The Elections.

SACKVILLE, N.B., June 13.

Charlotte County—The total vote with one parish to hear from gives a majority of between 800 to 1,000.

Northumberland, 11 parishes, Kelly, 1,126; Davidson, 1,068; Tweedie, 1,055; Adams, 869; Gough, 921; Gillespie, 914. No doubt the Government ticket is elected.

Nothing from Albert yet.

NEWCASTLE, N. B., June 13.

Kelly, 1,117; Davidson, 1,063; Swim, 1,027 to 1,045; Adams, 934; Gough, 879; Gillespie, 876. Three parishes to hear from, but the school bill is carried.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

Exciting News from Paris—The City in Flames—"Le Pays" Newspaper.

LONDON, June 13.—The *Times* has the following special, dated Paris 12th, midnight:—

The boulevards are crowded to-night. All the cafes are full of people.

An immense conflagration is visible in the northern part of the city. The freight station of the Northern Railway is in flames. All the firemen of the city are hurrying to the spot, and thousands of policemen and soldiers are going in the same direction. The fire began at ten o'clock.

The Government has resolved, in addition to the temporary suspension of the *Le Pays*, to commence proceedings against its proprietors for a violation of the press laws.

FRANCE.

Cause of Violence in Paris—St. Croix Arraigned—Accounts of trouble said to be Exaggerated.

PARIS, June 13.—It is reported that the violence of the Bonapartists during the past few days is part of a conspiracy entered into to bring about a dissolution of the Assembly, and get an appeal to the country through a Plebiscite.

M. de Sainte Croix will be arraigned before the Police Court to-day to answer for his assault upon Gambetta.

A Semi-official note protests against newspaper accounts of late difficulties as mischieviously provocative of excitement and hatred, and expresses a hope that measures already taken by the Government to restore quiet and prevent further trouble will prove sufficient.

PRUSSIA.

The Civil Law of Prussia to be the Code for Germany.

BERLIN, June 12.—The Federal Council of the State has voted to extend to all States of the Empire the new Prussian Law for the civil registration of births, deaths and marriages.

The Bavarian members of the Council voted with the majority, showing that Ultramontane influences have failed to control the Bavarian Legislature which elected and instructed them.

The Saxon representatives voted with the minority, which numbered less than one-fourth of the members present at the Council.

UNITED STATES.

Fatal Homicide.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 12.—Thos. Walsh, saloon keeper, at St. Charles, Missouri, after being severely beaten by a telegraph operator, found his wife talking with one Scanlan and shot her through the heart. He then fired at and missed Scanlan. Walsh claims that infidelity of his wife was the cause of the shooting.

The Apachee Indian War.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12—A despatch from Prescott says that Lieut. Hoyt, on the 27th May, had a fight with the Apaches near Tonto Creek. He killed four Indians and captured seven women and two children.

Chemical Works destroyed by Fire.

NEW YORK, June 12. This evening the three story brick building, No. 560, West 28th street, occupied by the National Chemical Works Treatment Company, as a factory, was completely destroyed by fire. Loss $75,000.

West Point Graduates.

NEW YORK, June 13.—A West Point letter says that the proposed reunion of the Northern and Southern graduates of the Academy in June, 1875, is heartily responded to by many eminent Southern graduates who took a leading part in the rebellion.

Gen. Grant approves of the idea, and will be present as a member of the Alumni.

A Suidical Mania.

Twenty-nine suicides took place in this city during the last two months, which the doctor's regard as a proof of the periodical recurrence of what they call the suicidal mania.

On the Eve of a Bricklayers' Strike

The Bricklayers' strike which is to commence next Monday, unless builders pay the standard wages of four dollars per day, fixed by the General Council for the year, threatens to be more serious than any of the other strikes. As the place of the strikers cannot be so easily filled by other workmen. The strike if it is persisted in will put a stop to building in New York and Brooklyn except to complete contracts already begun.

Rivalry among Steamship Lines.

The competition between ocean steamers in rates of steerage passage hence to British ports still continue. One Line advertise tickets for $15, and another offers to convey passengers $2 less than any other competition.

Hanged Himself.

KEENE, N. H., June 13.—Henry C. Henderson, postmaster of this office hanged himself in the woods last night near the foot of West Mountain.

A Lunatic Asylum Burned.

NEW YORK, June 13.—A Cincinnati despatch states that the Lunatic Asylum at Lexington, Ky., is burned. Loss, $200,000.

SATURDAY'S MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES

FRANCE.

Precautionary Measures. St. Croix to be imprisoned. Other rioters.

PARIS, June 13.—Measures were adopted by the Government to prevent repetition to-day of the scenes of yesterday and Thursday, at the western depot; it proved effectual at the hour for departure of the deputies train. No more than usual bustle at the depot.

M. D. Saint Croix was brought before the Police Court yesterday for assaulting Mr. Gambetta, and was setenced to six months imprisonment, and was fined 200 francs, and also ordered to pay costs of the trial. He declined to accept legal assistance.

The other rioters were sent to prison for terms ranging from one week to a month.

Concentrating the Army---No Fire in Railway Station

PARIS, June 13.—In the Assembly today, General De Cessey, Minister of War, introduced a bill modifying the regulations for the mobilization of the army in case of an outbreak of war.

The report last night that the station of the Northern Railway was in flames was incorrect. The fire was in a timber yard adjacent to the station.

SPAIN.

A Vested Right to be asked for.

MADRID, June 13—The *Imparcial* newspaper says that in the event of the death of the Pope, the Spanish Government will in the election of his successor claim the privilege of veto that was formerly accorded to the King of Castile.

ITALY,

A Diplomatic Settlement.

ROME, Jne 13—It is stated in Diplomatic quarters here, that the British Government offered to bring about an amicable settlement of the differences between Brazil and the Argentine Republic.

The Pilgrims.

The Pilgrims from America assured Cardinal Barromeo, that upon their return to the United States, they will advocate the organization of pilgrimages to Rome at stated periods.

UNITED STATES.

An Old Steamship Line Sold.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The amount paid for the property of the Narragansett Steamship Company, composing the steamers 'Bristol,' 'Providence,' 'Empire State' and 'Metropolis,' together with the real estate, workshops and boats, was $1,800,000, of which the Old Colony Railroad furnished $750,000, and outside parties the balance.

Snow in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, June 13.—A special dispatch from Grand Rapids, Mich., says snow commenced falling at Mahon, on the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railway yesterday, a. m., and continued for some time. Boston United States S. S. 'Enterprise' was successfully launched at Kittery navy yard today.

Great Fire.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—Nearly a block of business houses in Canton, Mo., were burned yesterday morning. Loss $80,000. Insurance $18,000.

Reduction of Hours.

READING, P. A., June 13.—Owing to the depression in the Iron and Coal trade, the hours of labor in shops (of Reading Railroad Co.,) along the line will be reduced from nine to eight.

Specie Shipments.

The steamship 'Algeria,' with $310 000, the 'Lafayette,' with $115,022, and the 'City of Brussels,' with $23,600, all for Europe, and the 'Cleopatra,' with $45,000, for Havana, sailed to-day. Total shipment $718,033.

The bank statement shows the net reserve as $3,500,000 lower than last week.

Loss of a Schooner.

SAVANNAH GA., June 13.—The schooner 'Rover,' from Indian River Flats, Savannah, ran ashore off Dobay on the 7th inst., and went to pieces in fifteen minutes. Captain Troat and wife and child, Dr. Garfield, a passenger, and two colored men, got in a boat which was swamped, and all drowned except the Captain, who returned to the wreck, where two other passengers and the balance of the crew remained. They floated on the raft to St. Catharines, and were taken off by the steamer 'Carrie,' and brought to this city this morning. They were four days with out food.

A Canadian M. P., Arrested for Perjury.

BINGHAMTON, June 13.—Wm. McDougall of Three Rivers, Member of Canadian Parliament, was arrested here to-day, on a charge of perjury, he testified in suit: Strong *vs.* S. Dwight, growing out of a Williamsport and Canada Lumber Company matter.

A Fearful Rain Storm.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Considerable damage was done on the shore of Long Island last night by a rain storm, and a schooner was burned by lightning.

Revolutions from in South America.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Panama dates of June 3rd have been received. No news from the Central America.

From Peru it is stated that a revolt under Colonel Salas occurred in Cazco and Para—Col. Salas endeavored, but failed to capture a train from Lima with treasure to pay the laborers. He then laid siege to Cazco, but was driven off.

A small revolt in Arequapi, in Asma, was promptly suppressed. The failure in Lima, of Zearacondequi, is confirmed and much suffering among the wealthy classes are entailed thereby. The house of Agarte is also suspended.

The paymaster's hand car of the Oraya Railroad was capsized, its passengers shot and beaten and the money of the paymaster captured.

Attempt to Rob the Duke of Geneva.

The Duke of Geneva, a nephew of the King of Italy, is at Lima, and recently had a narrow escape by the attempt of robbers to wreck a train upon which the Duke was a passenger.

Chilian advisers state that the Valparaiso Bank has been victimized to the extent of $150,000 by forged drafts by A. G. Wendell, said to be the son of Dr. Wendell, of New York.

Base Ball.

NEW YORK, June 13.—In the Base Ball Match to-day, the Mutuals scored 19 and the Bostons 1.

Chicago Wins the Base Ball Championship.

BALTIMORE, June 13.—The 5th game for the championship between the Baltimores of this city, and the Chicagos of Chicago, was played here to-day, and resulted in a victory for the latter. Chicagos 14; Baltimores 11. Runs earned—Chicagos 4, Baltimores 2.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND

The Khedive of Egypt.

LONDON, June 14.—Rumors which have been circulating through Europe that the Khedive of Egypt was making extensive additions to his military establishment are pronounced unfounded.

FRANCE.

The French Turf. An English colt wins the French Derby.

PARIS, June 13—The great international race for the grand prize of Paris was run to-day, and won by the English colt Trent, Tomahawk second, Bieville third.

Fourteen horses ran; the betting at the start was 4 to 1 against Trent, 6 to 1 against Saltanilla and 7 to 1 against Tomahawk and Bieville.

The Constitutional Bill in the Assembly.

The Constitutionall bill prepared by the Left Centre will be introduced in the Assembly to-morrow, and urgency will be demanded for it; whether an alliance has been effected between the Left and Right Centre cannot be known until the bill reaches a vote.

The Moderate Left will support the motion for urgency, notwithstanding its antipathy to the recognition of the Assembly's constituent power, because it desires to secure some defence for the Republic against the Bonapartists.

UNITED STATES.

Troubles with John Chinaman.

PITTSBURG, June 14—A riot occured among the Chinamen at Beaver Falls yesterday. A. H. Chuck, their Superintendent, declined to distribute rice among the Chinamen who were loafing and refusing to work. These parties procured pistols, knives and ropes designing to kill A. H. Chuck The latter fled to his residence pursued by the enraged mob, who numbered about 15. A policeman appeared and commenced knocking them right and left, and with the assistance of a number of citizens succeeded in quelling the riot. Twelve of the ring leaders were arrested.

The Mines Rioters

COLUMBUS, June 14—Special despatches from Nelsonville report everything quiet. Pickets were taken off the mines yesterday and 25 deputy sheriffs from Atkins were sent to preserve order.

Rifle Shooting at Creedmoore.

NEW YORK, June 14.—In the Rifle match for the Remington diamond badge and other prizes at Creedmoore took place yesterday.

Col. John Badine, General Dakin, A. J. Roux, E. H. Sandford, J. L. Price and H. Fulton were the winners in the order above named, the distances were 500, 800 and 1,000 yard. There were 32 contestants, no artifical rests or telecope sights were allowed. The aggregate scores of the winners—Badine 69, Dakin 65, Roux 64, Sandford 36, Price 55, Fulton 54. The highest score attainable with the number of shots allowed was 84. Practice for the Irish team will commence next week.

Bank Robbery---Steamship Arrivals

NEW YORK, June 13.—A young German giving his name as John Baker, was arrested on arrival of the German steamer, "Neckar" yesterday, on a charge of robbing a London Bank of $7,500, by forged drafts.

Arrived steamers "Adriatic" and "City of Chester" from Liverpool.

The New Ministry in the South Seas.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The *Commercial Advertiser* of Honulu gives the following changes in the Cabinet: P. Mahaels, Minister of the Interior; Anadentoria, Minister of Foreign Relations, and R. H. Shanly, Attorney General.

Death of an Indian Chief.

Cochise, the famous Apachee chief, died on the 9th of June.

Ecclesiastical.

The University of Oxford has confessed the honorary degree of D. D. on the Right Rev. Bishop Callaway, of Caffraria.

Rev. John Macnaughtan.—We are glad to be able to announce the safe arrival in Ireland of the Rev. John Macnaughtan from America.

The Conservative Government have introduced a bill with the object of placing the matter upon a proper footing, viz, that no churches or chapels, etc., shall hereafter be liable in local or other assessments.

An announcement has been made that the Lord Mayor and the Lady Mayoress would attend in State the dedication service of the City Temple (Dr. Parker's church,) on the Holborn Viaduct, on Tuesday, the 29th of May.

The Rev. Thomas Lowry, formerly of Newmills and latterly of Brantford, Canada, has returned to this country, after an absence of twenty five years, to visit his friends. He was present at the meeting of the General Assembly.

The Synod appointed the Moderator, the Rev. Donald Frazer, of London, and Charles Wilton, Esq., of Cheltenham, to attend the meeting of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland.

The Archbishop of York presided at the annual meeting of the Church of England Home Missions. The report stated that £55,000 was paid in grants during the past year, and six hundred and thirty-two clergy received support.

The English Presbyterian Synod in London expressed regret at the suspension of the negotiations for the immediate union of the United Presbyterian Church. The next Synod is to be held in London. A resolution was passed approving of the holding of an Ecumenical Council.

It will be noticed that the Hamilton Scholarships, of the value of £50 per annum, and tenable for three years, will this year be open for competition to students contemplating the ministry of the Presbyterian Church in England. There are besides three theological scholarships of £20, and one of £15, all tenable for one year, open to students in attendance at the above College.

Dr. Buchanan, in the Free Church General Assembly, alluded to the late Rev. Dr. Candlish, and remarked with much feeling that his loss had been the greatest they had been called upon to sustain since the removal from their midst of Cunningham and Chalmers. He rose to propose that the House should appoint the following gentlemen as a committee to prepare a tribute to his memory—Sir Hy. Moncrieff, Dr. Begg, Dr. Blaikie, Mr. McLagan, Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Benjamin Bell and Dr. Buchanan—the latter to be convener.—(Agreed.)

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness, Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness, Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds, Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises, Headache, Piles, Sprains, Toothache, Colic, Old Sores, All Hemorrhages, Diarrhœa, etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE

For the Hair

Prepared from the Pure Grease of

THE CANADA BEAR.

It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.

June 15, 1874.

THOUSANDS CURED Every Week, IN THE DOMINION BY THE

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied. We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Scott Street, Toronto,
Agents for Ontario,
Or DEVANS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal,
Agents for Province of Quebec

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874. 2374

Slaughter! Slaughter.

SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105.29, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half, whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st AND Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. 2545-2m **W. E. BROWN.**

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20	pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds		82½c
15	" Fine Scotch	do	$1.10
30	" Fancy Coburg		2.50

A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.

200	Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150	" Sac Coats	2.25

500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2504y

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—26 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and the prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-ST.

IMPORTANT CREDIT SALE.

Six magnificent, powerful and costly Rosewood

PIANO-FORTES,

All of the most superb workmanship, powerful and brilliant in tone, and of the largest compass. Each Piano is fully 7¼ octaves, and warranted for five years. The subscriber is instructed by Mr. Shaw, the well-known wholesale Pianoforte agent for the largest and most celebrated makers of New York, to sell by Public Auction, on

Tuesday, the 16th Instant,

At two o'clock, in the large store, Robinson & Heney's Block, Sparks-st., six of the most costly and valuable Pianos ever imported into Canada, manufactured by J. P. Hale & Co. New York, who is among the largest and most successful manufacturers of Pianos in America, and this collection represents one of each of his most costly instruments. They will be on exhibition for three days, and an eminent musician from New York will be in daily attendance, to show and perform on the Pianos. Those in want of good instruments are invited to an inspection and a careful perusal of the catalogues which will be circulated.

The sale will be punctually at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, the 16th inst., in the large store, Robinson & Heney's Block, Sparks-st.

J. BERMINGHAM Auctioneer.

June 12, 1874.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S

32 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge

March 28, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold $1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

139 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A Testimonial from a Bunnell Purchaser.

Mr. Mosgrove, of the Commercial College, told me after he had purchased Bunnell's Washer, that mine (The Canadian Washer) was every bit as good as Bunnell's, and washed easier, and would have bought it in preference if he had seen it first.

A. R. GILES,
Corner Nicholas and Theodore-Sts.

Made and for sale at Eight Dollars.

June 3, 1874. 2585-y

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats ..... Peacock
Christy's Hats ..... Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats ..... Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats ..... Peacock
Wolseley Hats ..... Peacock
Castellar Hats ..... Peacock
Cheltenham Hats ..... Peacock
Spencer Hats ..... Peacock
Sorento Hats ..... Peacock
Cordova Hats ..... Peacock
Venosti Hats ..... Peacock
Clinton Hats ..... Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS,

Attractive, Useful and very Popular!

CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS

For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.

River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Cantata of Esther. Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.

Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes. 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.

River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book 75c.

River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.

Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass.

Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

HARNESS,

HARNESS.

THOS. SHORE & Co.,

(Successors to Thos. Lee)

SPARKS STREET.

Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also a good variety of

SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.

A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.

June 12, 1874. 2608w

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules: and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ½ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES

Selected, and shipping orders executed with care and despatch 2345

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 *SPARKS STREET,*

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN,

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade,

March 16, 1874. 2367

OPENING DAY.

MORRISON & ADAM,

FAMILY GR[OCERS]

TEA DEALER AN[D]

ITALIAN WAREHO[USE]

48 Sparks Street, Ottawa 48

SATURDAY, JUNE 13.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.]

June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 20th May, 1874. J. METCALFE

Tailoring Esablishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874. 2319

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

(From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris.

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2575

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 22, 1874. 2537

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 8.35 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 4.30 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Freeport leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 9 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.....111½

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 15.

GRAIN.	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Oatmeal, per bbl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 30
Tub butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 80 to 0 85
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per bbl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 90
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partringes, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Pheasants	0 60 to 0 70
Wood	0 00 to 0 00
Yard	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 05 to 0 06
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 05 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 10 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 60 to 0 80
White Fish, do	0 09 to 0 12
Haddock, do	0 08 to 0 10
Herrings, per bri	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 09 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 50 to 4 00
Hemlock, do	3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 00
do Egg do	9 00
do Soft, do	9 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	20 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	20 00 to 22 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 1 00
Calfskins per lb	0 10 to 0 12

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, June 13.—Cotton, dull and easier at 18¾ for Middling Uplands.

Flour, heavy; receipts, 11,000 bbls; sales 10,000 bbls. Quotations remain unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged at $4.85 to 5.00.

Wheat without material change; receipts, 81,000 bus.; sales 43,000 bus., at $1.42 for No. 2 Chicago; $1.47 for No. 2 Milwaukee; $1.48 to 1 50 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye quiet.

Corn scarce, and 1c. better; receipts, 53,000 bus., sales, 36,000 bus. at 84c. to 85c. for Western mixed.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, firmer; receipts, 21,000 bus.; sales 25,000 bus. at 52c. to 64c. for mixed Western; 67c. to 71. for white.

Pork steady at $18 for new mess.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 5c.; refined, 12½ to 12½c.

LONDON MARKETS.

London, June 13.—New York Central, 90; Erie, 49½; Erie preferred, 49½.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool, June 13.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 10,000 bales; sales for the week, 66,000 bales; for export 6,000 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil!—Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured Crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes "send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, "I have sold all the agent left, it works like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Ions, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.Q., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Excellent.

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once. J. MCCULLEN. 2677

ANYTHING required in a garden or farm can be had at Forfar's, cheap and good. 2688

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalric. Call and see it. 2575

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar Sparks street. 2675

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will prove men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address J. LATHAM & Co. Washington St. Boston, M

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 151 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 2557-3m

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated "*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*" of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

All Mails are closed by Montreal time, 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

DELIVERIES. A.M.	P.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.
7.30	1.30	7.00	1.00
7.30	1.30	7.00	1.00
7.30	1.30	7.00	1.00

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2596 — OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 27, 1873. 2475-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated, if required.
Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 8, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.
Special attention given to diseases and Displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m

DR. HENDERSON,
Homeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2529y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 29, 1874. 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—41½ Sparks-st.
March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law,
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM.
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 5, 87 2455

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
G. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-st. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2353-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514y

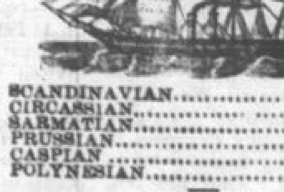
DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 8 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 2436-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
OFFICE:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the Market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell them and other popular machines.
Co. on or address.
GEO. DAWSON,
Sparks-st., Ottawa
March, 1871.

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

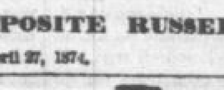
RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage........$39 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554

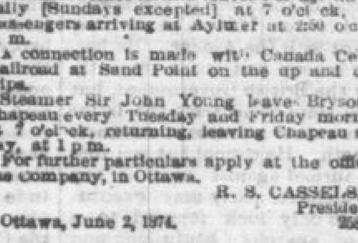


ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Mudro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:30 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2564

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL



1874. 1874.
TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.
The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.
Thames........Wednesday, June 3
Delta........Wednesday, June 17
Helios........Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence........Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.
Thames........Thursday, July 2
Delta........Thursday, July 9
Helios........Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence........Thursday, Aug. 6
Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billiter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec; DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Ottawa.
June 13, 1874. 2543

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS........P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p.m. by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD,
President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.
Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

*** Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Dress Goods—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts. now	11½
2,500 "	20 "	14½
3,000 "	25 "	19
3,175 "	30 "	22½
2,085 "	36 "	26½
2,275 "	40 "	31
3,050 "	50 "	38½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90 now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25 "	1 00
1,800 "	1 40 "	1 25
1,575 "	1 55 "	1 28½
550 "	1 75 "	1 40½
500 "	2 00 "	1 47½
400 "	3 00 "	2 50

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts. now	14
Assortment	20 "	16
Plain Black	25 "	19½
and	30 "	23
Coloured	35 "	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	13cts. now	9½
2,275 "	14 "	11
3,025 "	15 "	12½
2,150 "	18 "	15
3,185 "	20 "	16

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

White and Grey Cottons.	Old Price.	Sale Price.
	10cts. now	7½
	13 "	10½
	15 "	12½
	17 "	14½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Red Quilts, &c., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costomes.

Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50 "	7 25
	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Hosiery.

White and	15c. now	12c.
Coloured	20 "	15½
	25 "	19
Cotton	30 "	23
	35 "	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Batistes and Lawns.

83,000 yards	17cts now	14
	20 "	16
	22 "	17½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts now	16½
Stripe	25 "	19
Muslins	30 "	25
4,000 yards	35 "	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts. now	15½
Splendid	25 "	19½
Assortment	30 "	23
	35 "	26
	45 "	35

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts. now	14
450 "	20 "	16
475 "	25 "	19
350 "	30 and 35	23 & 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60 now	$3 75
	6 75 "	5 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

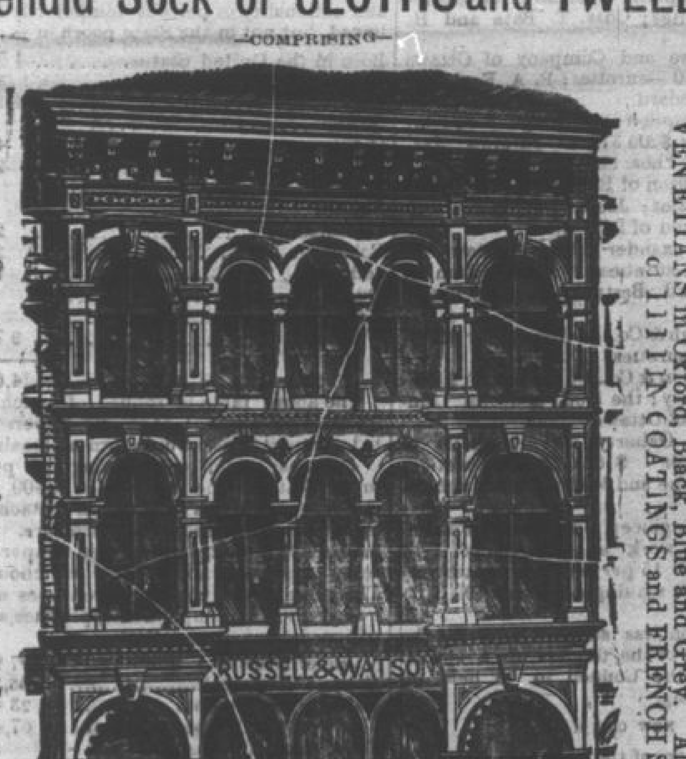
At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
20 SPARKS-ST.

Tailoring Department.
RUSSELL & WATSON.
A Splendid Sock of CLOTHS and TWEEDS
—COMPRISING—
TROUSERINGS in all the Newest Goods of the Season. Black and Colored Doeskins, Bedford Cords, Windsor Cords. Also Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, from the very best makers, which we are prepared to make up in first-class style at reasonable figures.



WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Black, and Blue. VENETIANS in Oxford, Black, Blue and Grey. Also, a large Stock of DITTO COATINGS and FRENCH SERGES.

We will take FIVE PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH, and guarantee a perfect fit in all Cases, or no sale.
RUSSELL & WATSON.
May 2, 1874

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,
Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

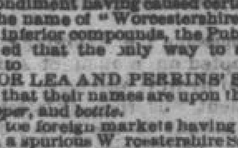
GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
1874. 2484

GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$100,000
In Valuable Gifts,
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 4th Semi-Annual
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE,
$10,000 IN GOLD!
One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!
Five Prizes $1,000 }
Five Prizes $500 } Greenbacks,
Ten Prizes $100 }
Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1 00 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c. &c. Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1874 2554 d&w

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other immitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free
Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Address at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation; balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built; three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $100. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Ledoc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.

No 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 23 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $550 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Rice's Terrace," Victoria st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work! —
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application.
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 28, 1873. 2528

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of H. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Fine Scents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer.

The Atlantic Cable Registration Bill.

(From the Globe's London Letter.)

The passing of this Act by the Senate of the Dominion has sent the Anglo-American shares down and otherwise excited the holders of cable stock. The Bill which has been reserved for Imperial sanction is doubtless by this time in the hands of the law officers of the Crown, who will finally decide as to whether it is to become law or not. Strenuous efforts will be made by parties interested in the Anglo Cable Company to have the Imperial sanction refused, as such sanctions will wipe out all exclusive rights possessed by all cable companies landing cables on Canadian shores. The *Standard* says:—A private telegram has been received in the city conveying the information that the Canadian Cable Registration Bill has passed the Senate of the Dominion, and will become law as soon as it receives the Imperial sanction. As we pointed out a few days ago, the effect of this Bill will be to oblige all Cable companies landing on the shores of the Dominion to give up all exclusive rights of landing elsewhere. This will then open the shores of Newfoundland to all Cable companies, thus putting an end to the monopoly now claimed by the Anglo-American Company, and as this policy of free trade is in accordance with that of the Home Government, it may be assumed that the giving of the Imperial sanction will be a mere formality. The following letter, it appears, was written by the Board of Trade to the Colonial Office as long ago as 1858, and has been placed on the journals of the House of Assembly, Newfoundland:—

Office of Committee of Privy Council for Trade, Whitehall, Jan. 11, 1858.

SIR,—In reply, my Lords direct me to observe that, having on many former occasions expressed their opinion that the granting to telegraph companies of the exclusive right to lay wires in any of Her Majesty's colonies is most injurious to Imperial interests, my Lords are unable to do more on the present occasion than to suggest that no opportunity should be lost that may present itself to the Colonial Government of putting an end to the monopoly of laying telegraphic wires in Newfoundland and its dependencies, which has been granted to the New York, Newfoundland, and London Telegraph Company, a monopoly which appears to my Lords not less injurious to the interests of the Colony than it is to them of this country.—I have, &c.,

JAMES BOOTH.

H. Merivale, Esq.

The following relating to the Anglo-American Telegraph is also published in the *Times*:—

"Anglo-American Telegraph Company (Limited,) 26 Old Broad Street, May 29

"SIR,—As there appears to be some uncertainty with respect to the Bill relating to marine electric telegraph companies recently passed by the Canadian Legislature, and its possible effect upon the rights of this company. I beg to inform you that the following telegram has been received by Lord Monck, the chairman of this company, from the Attorney-General of Canada.

"I am, &c.,
"H. WEAVER,
"General Manager.

"'On the possibility that the Bill to regulate the construction of marine electric telegraphs might be considered to affect the rights of your company, I have recommended that it be reserved for Royal pleasure.'"

THE CANADIAN AGENCY IN LONDON.

An occasional correspondent of the *Times*, writing from Toronto, says in the issue of Tuesday last:—Our Agent General, your member for Dundee, has been the subject of a good deal of discussion in Canada lately. In the House of Commons, a few days ago, in reply to Sir John Macdonald, who wished to know what Mr. Jenkins' exact position was, the Premier stated he was to have surveillance of the Canadian emigration business in Europe. He would also have occasionally to attend to such other business of a confidential nature as might be required of him by the Government, and he would be expected to give some little attention to Canadian gentlemen sojourning in London. Sir John Macdonald, in the course of his speech on this subject, said—(Here follows a short extract from his speech.)

Mr. Jenkins writes in reply to this correspondent and says—"Sir, In correction of the statement made by 'An Occasional Correspondent' at Ottawa, and published in the *Times* of yesterday, as to the nature of the new office of Agent General, which has been created in England by the Canadian Government, may I request of you the favor to print instead of the critical remarks of the leader of the Opposition, the authoritative statement of the Premier of Canada, the Hon. A. Mackenzie, as reported in the Montreal *Gazette* from which your correspondent quotes."

After referring to the person who had been appointed to act as the Chief Agent of the Dominion in England, the Premier said, 'He did not possess Ambassadorial powers, but it was well to have a man...... who might be intrusted from time to time with political missions to the Imperial Government whenever the Government felt any such mission was required.'

The care taken to procure for the *Times* accurate information might give the misrepresentation of your correspondent, who is, however, designated an "occasional," a consequence seriously embarrassing to the official relations of the tenet of the office, and therefore I am obliged to ask you to publish the correction of a statement to which I should have been personally indifferent.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
EDWARD JENKINS,
Agent General for Canada.

Paris, May 27.

The linen trade in Belfast and North of Ireland has been for some time in a very depressed state, and it would appear as if a crisis, which it was hoped would be averted, is close at hand. The result of the present state of affairs is being watched with much anxiety.

The annual meeting of the Lay Association for promoting the Schemes of the Church of Scotland was held during the Assembly in Edinburgh, under the presidency of Sir James Weston, Lord Provost, of Glasgow. The report submitted showed the Association to be in a healthy condition. Resolutions commending the various schemes to the liberality of the Church were passed.

As some of the ministers in England connected with this denomination have threatened to secede with their congregations to the English Presbyterian Church in consequence of the obnoxious vote of Synod, a conference of the English ministers of both parties were held in Edinburgh, but little business was transacted. It has been suggested that the English Presbyteries should take the matter into their own hands, without again consulting the Scottish United Presbyterian Synod. It is not concealed by the opponents of the Union that the vote was less due to a regard for the welfare of the Presbyterian cause in England than to a fear of weakening the ecclesiastical and political influence of the United Presbyterian Church by parting with its English contingent. The English Presbyterian Church, most of whose ministers have belonged to the Free Church of Scotland, have intimated their firm resolutions not to consent to subordination to any ecclesiastical authority in Scotland; hence the dead-lock. The Rev. Dr. Gillan, of Inchinnan, has counselled a fusion of all the three Presbyterian Churches in England.

British and Foreign News.

The Highland Railway Bill has received the Royal assent.

Mr. Jonas, whose name has been familiar for half a century as the Governor of Newgate, is to resign that post.

It is announced that Lieut.-Col., Whyte, M. P., is about to resign his seat for the County Tipperary.

The laying of the telegraph cable between Constantinople and Odessa was successfully completed on the 23rd of May.

12 open scholarships, varying in value from 50*l.* to 30*l.* per annum, will be competed for on the 17th June, in Marlborough College, England.

Mr. Maclean, of Glencairn, was present at Stafford House on the occasion of the anti slave trade meeting held there in May.

We have reason to believe that the present Government contemplate making a grant of £100,000 to the funds of Owen's College, Manchester.

Three coast guardsmen, while proceeding in a sailing boat to the Royal Alfred, lying off Portland, were drowned by the upsetting of their craft.

The Metropolitan Board of Works has resolved to contribute £370,000 towards a new street from King William street towards Fenchurch street.

The number of visitors admitted to the Exhibition on the 22nd ult., was as follows:—Season tickets, 202; on payment of 1s., 1,706; total, 1,908.

Mr. Siddall, proprietor, of the Alhambra Music Hall, South Shields, was recently fined £5 and expenses for performing stage plays without a license.

A meeting, under the presidency of the Duke of Westminster, was held in London for promoting the foundation of a National Training School of Cookery.

The Belfast and Northern Counties Railway Bill came before the Chairman of Ways and Means by adjournment from Thursday, May 19th, and passed.

The total amount received at the Mansion House up to the middle of May, towards the Bengal Famine Relief Fund, was £106,000, of which £80,000 has been sent to India.

The directors of the Bank of British North America announce a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, and an increase in the "Rest" from £202,213 to £240,322.

At Windsor, on 16th ult., the Queen presented medals to a number of non-commissioned officers and privates who distinguished themselves during the Ashantee campaign.

On the 5th of April last the new income tax, 2d in the pound, under Schedules A, C, D and E, commenced. It was 4d in the year ended April, 1873, and 3d in the year ended April, 1874.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of the appointment of the Rev. John James Stewart Perowne, D.D., Fellow and Professor of Trinity College, Cambridge, to be a preacher at Whitehall.

Mr. James Monaghan, Q.C., (son of the Chief Justice of Common Pleas,) Dr. Walde and Mr. Comyn, of Woodstock, are candidates for the representation of Galway, vacant by the unseating of Mr. O'Donnell.

A speech made by Mr. Dalway, M. P., for Carrick Fergus, when the Poor Relief Bill was under discussion in the House of Commons, on Tuesday, 19th ult., was ascribed, in the telegraphic report, to Mr. Power, M.P., for Waterford.

The Queen received the joyful intelligence on her birthday of the birth of her twenty second grandchild.—Her Royal Highness Princess Louis of Hesse (Princess Alice) having given birth that morning to a daughter. Both the Princess and her infant are doing well.

Divine service was performed at Balmoral on the morning of the 24th day of May by the Rev. A. Campbell, of Crathie, in the presence of Her Majesty, Princess Beatrice, Prince Albert Victor and Prince George of Wales, and the Royal Household.

Paris advices show that in the 10 days ending with the 20th of May, 39 ships passed through the Suez Canal. The transit revenue of the Canal Company amounted in the same period to 30,000f. in round figures.

A deputation of Irish members of all political parties waited recently on Sir M. Beach to urge the closing of public-houses in Ireland on Sunday. Sir Michael Beach said there seemed a much stronger feeling in favor of such a measure in Ireland than England, and promised to state on a future day the course he proposed to take.

Mr. H. B. Sheridan, who was unseated, but not disqualified, has been re-elected for Dudley. The Tories, with a new candidate, Mr. Hingley, slightly increased their total poll—Mr. Sheridan's majority being 718, against 968 at the last election when Mr. Sheastone was their candidate.

The shares of the Great Western are still lower, touching 11½, in anticipation of an unfavorable report of the Committee of Investigation, and also from the large decrease in the receipts. The shareholders of the Western are now afraid that when the Canada Southern is fully equipped with rolling stock, that it will make a very serious reduction in the receipts of their road, and it is therefore probable that the report of the Committee when submitted may have the effect of throwing out the present Board and electing in its place an entirely new set of men. The report is looked for daily, and it is said will be very voluminous.

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows.—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive use of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I used that nothing relieved me. Now I can eat well, sleep well, work well and feel well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JEROME SHEEK, Insurance Agent. 2595

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595

POND'S EXTRACT.—Cures bleeding from the lungs. It can be used with a common "inhaler." Try it. 2595

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

RECEPTION

—OF THE—

National Division of North America!

TRIP TO CHATS FALLS

By the Canada Central R. R. and Steamer "Jessie Cassells,"

ON THURSDAY,

Starting at 8.30 a.m.

A splendid BRASS BAND is engaged for the occasion.

Tickets for the Excursion, including Dinner, $1.50.

THURSDAY EVENING,

Public Reception in Knox's Church

TEA SERVED AT 7.30 P.M.

Addresses w[ill be deli]vered by several eminent Americans a[nd Canadian te]mperance advocates. Tickets for [...] 25c. each. Tickets may be procured a[t ...]on's Confectionery Store, of the Committee, and at the door and Railway Station.

JAS. E. HOWE, Secretary.

June 16, 1874.

BOOK OR STOREKEEPERS—Two young Englishmen of great experience are open to an engagement as above. Address R. B., Post Office, Ottawa.
June 16, 1874. 2596-2

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A. R. GILES, Esq., Dear Sir,—In reply to your note asking how I like the Canadian Washing Machine you left on trial at my place I have to say that it gives every satisfaction, doing its work thoroughly, being more easily worked than any other, and a great deal cheaper. I may add that it took me some time to persuade my wife to try your machine, as she had already tried the Bunnell Machine twice, and had concluded the machines were all humbugs alike. A. W. LANG.
June 16, 1874 2585-y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—That desirable property known as Sherborne Grange, on the Richmond Road. Also for sale, a pair of fine Horses, suitable for carriage or saddle.
June 13, 1874. 2594-3in

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2580

FOR SALE—A Furnished Hotel, with rooms for forty boarders; also License, Bar, Liquors, Horse and Express. Apply to BENJAMIN LAURIN'S HOTEL, formerly Isidore Champagne., Murray-st., Ottawa.
June 9, 1874. 2580-3in

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.
June 11, 1874. 2592

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria Streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location, is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2581.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria Building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACCUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2587

OTTAWA
Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 58,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.

The books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 38 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN., Secretary, pro tem.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made [in] the latest English and American St[yles] and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 2[...], 1874 2535-3m

THOS. S. SARNEY,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER AND AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances,

Light Engines and General Machinery

Agent for Elgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.

Orders or enquiries at

CORNER OF DAL. AND NELSON-STS.
June 13, 1874. 2535-tf

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and fitting the same ready for use.

P LASUEUR.
June 11, 1874. 2594

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.

N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works.
Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2350

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME

$60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address R. J. STANTON, Roselle, N.J.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE.
By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys
Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A. D. 1874

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, May 21st 1874

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
[...] Main-St.,
HULL, P.Q.
2535-6m

GLAD TIDINGS!!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freves, and a variety of other brands, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS, Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Reception—J. E. Howe
Washing Machines—A. R. Giles.
Situations Wanted.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 1874.

Mr. De Cosmos denies that he has any intention of leaving for England, either on private or public business.

We learn that Mr. Freer, Postmaster of Montreal, has resigned his office, which intention has been attributed to him for some time. His successor has not yet been appointed.

In our issue of yesterday we were premature in stating that the vessels of Norway and Sweden were admitted to the coasting trade of Canada, on the same terms as Canadian vessels. It would seem that no order in Council to that effect has as yet been officially promulgated.

We are glad to hear that at a meeting of the Stockholders of the Church of England Ladies School, held last evening, it was unanimously resolved that the success of the Institution during the past year, under the able management of the present Lady Principal, was such as to fully warrant them in continuing the School.

A considerable stream of emigration principally from Ontario, has begun to set towards Manitoba. The chief subject of speculation in that Province is the construction of the railway, from Winnipeg to Pembina. Certain alarmists pretend an anxiety as to the postponement of the work, for which there is no ground but a desire to appear wiser than their fellows, or to make a point against the Dominion Government.

We understand that an order was passed in Council to-day to convey the Pictou branch of the Nova Scotia railway to the Eastern Counties Railway Company, on condition of its completing a line of railway from New Glasgow to Louisburg (160 miles) within three years. The work is to be commenced within the present year.

The Local Government, however, has to give $5,000 per mile to the proposed road, and a quantity of land. There is little doubt but the road will be completed, but the transfer will only be made when it is built.

THE VAGARIES OF THE SEASON.

The word "capricious" scarcely meets the requirements of truth in the description of the weather of this spring and early summer. The season since the departure of the snow, has proved quite as exceptant as all admit the winter to have been in the matter of frequent and sudden changes. For weeks we have been alternately taunted with a glimpse of summer and provoked with touch of winter; this programme being varied only by periods of calm and repulsive spells of windy weather. The signal service bureau of the United States, painstaking and useful as have been its observers, has failed to foretell some of the violent gales which have swept the Northern Continent, and ravaged not a few unlucky localities. The tornado that wrought such mischief with farm property, and fruit gardens in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and other States, lately, proved a complete surprise, the more damaging in consequence. With ourselves, in these Provinces, the problem of how to dress for the day has perplexed the wits of multitudes, while all the maladies producible by changing winds and ever-shifting temperature have been at work to vex the sensitive, and replenish the coffers of the medical profession. The generality of these meteorological freaks has been particularly remarked, moreover. The people hundreds of miles to the East, West and South of us have been familiarized with them, and compelled to heed their disagreeable munitions as well as ourselves. But, with all the inconveniences occasioned the inhabitants of this Ottawa region we may congratulate ourselves upon our comparative good fortune. We have the consolation of knowing that others have been more miserable than ourselves. There is Quebec for instance: On the 24th May, vehicles were driven across the ice of Lake Beauport, only twelve miles distant, ice encumbering some of the streets of that city far into the month, while Ottawa had been rejoicing for several weeks in its dry and dusty streets, constantly swept, if not by the scavenger's besom, at least by the chilly north winds. One would have thought that winter had taken full satisfaction of Quebec for any of his indulgencies in the past; or the worst of its own sins; yet a few nights ago, in the month of June—the sunny leafy month of which rural poets have often sung—that hyperborean capital was cruelly visited by a sharp frost! Surely the upper and nether currents are at odds, the moon or the sun spots are playing tricks, or the electric principle is particularly vicious, thus to irritate and punish such a storm-pelted region. The philosophers will have to rack their brains for explanations of the enigma, which will, doubtless be given the unsophisticated in formidable polysyllables, and very learned astronomical definitions. But it was almost as cold at Ottawa some of the nights of last week, while in the States, far South, real frost made its appearance. The sudden return of warm weather Sunday, and yesterday, will be very welcome to those whose physical ailments or social schemes demand liberal sunshine. Without it, our well-to do fashionables would be deprived of excuse for the annual exodus to the popular sea-side resorts, and the brilliant, costly toilettes of the ladies, and stylish habiliments of our masculine swells would have to lie in the ignoble concealment of the clothes-press. The pretty philandering programmes of our belles and bachelors take form and develope with the temperature of the dog-days. The flowers of both sexes, hot-house plants, or wall clingers, then reach full bloom, and perfume the air with, at least, the subtle essences of the laboratory, and the imaginary invalids, too frail for the ornamental duties of the city, discover wonderful vigour in the congenial exercises of rural flirtation. The dance and the lengthly promenade at night can be instanced after the languishing pastimes of the morning. We notice this season, however, that there is a gloomy apprehension with the migratory class as to the smallness of the sea-side gatherings. The feeling saddens and perplexes in the States as well as in Canada. Times have been dull, latterly, and money scarce, and the votaries of love and fashion may be, as the scientist would say, a reduced quantity. The hotel-keepers, so far, have done nothing but sigh and afflict themselves with golden reminiscences of the time before the panic. Matters will mend with the heat, no doubt, and landlord's blues vanish with the clouds; but, as a humourous host of Murray Bay would remark, in reply to the appeal for "better terms," "the season, gentlemen, will be very short." The amorous youth of both sexes are to be pitied the curtailment of their opportunities, but they will have to make up for it by that high-pressure flirtation which promptly leads to the bower of hymen.

The lumber trade will be able this summer to make up for its loss last season in the matter of high freights. Vessels are as numerous as could be desired, at Quebec, by the Ottawa producers, their number constituting an embarrassment to the port itself, which seems unable to supply berths and laborers for their accommodation. Freights, it was feared some time ago, would be high this summer, but fortunately for the timber trade this is not the case so far. No doubt ample advantage will be taken of the present profitable opportunities.

We regret to learn of the rather sudden death of William Harvey, Esq., the Member for East Elgin in the House of Commons. The circumstances connected with this sad event afford some ground for supposing it is due to small pox. We find the following notice of this gentleman in "Morgan."

"Of Irish and Scotch descent, born in Malahide, Elgin, Ont., 3 April, 1821. Married Oct., 1848, the dau. of the late Mr. Sefre Mack, formerly of Stanstead, P. Q. Has served in the Township and County Councils. First returned to Parlt. for present seat at g. e., 1872; re-elected at last g. e. A Reformer. In favour of Economy and Honesty in the Administration of the Gov't."

We are glad to notice the long desired commencement of the North Shore Railway. Operations have begun at Portneuf, some twenty miles from Quebec, and other contractors are expected to follow suit promptly. A good deal of material has been collected, the winter and spring being made use of with a view to rapid progress in construction this summer. The Chief Contractor, Mr. McGreevy, it is thought, will be able to complete the work within the ten years prescribed. If so, we shall probably then have the advantage of a direct North Shore Railway from Ottawa to Quebec. The Northern Colonization contractors are working hard, making good progress, on the road from Montreal to Ottawa, confidence in their ability to perform what they have undertaken being general.

The New Brunswick local elections appear to have turned largely to the advantage of the Government, which made good use of the school question to prolong its existence. The merits of the school law and the conduct and designs of its opponents were the issues made to drown all other questions, including the capacity and achievements of the Ministry. Whether they deserve the continuation of the popular confidence, or not, they will have a further opportunity of carrying on the affairs of the Province, and justifying or reproaching by their conduct, the recent action of the constituencies. One thing is to be regretted, however—namely, the stirring up of a violent religious strife in the Province. All who wish it and the Dominion, generally, prosperity, will hope for an early settlement of this irritating school controversy.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE TIMES will not be held responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

In my letter published in this days *Times* you have omitted an important word.

I said the grade for the Government fence had been given by the "former" City Engineer.

It is well known that the Government wall was nearly completed before Mr. Sowdon, assumed the duties of City Engineer, and if the grade given for it between Bank and Elgin Streets is wrong, he is in no way responsible for it.

THOS. C. KEEFE.

June, 15th, 1874.

Rosa D'Erina on her Northern Tour

Since the departure of Ireland's Prima Donna to fulfil her numerous engagements as far north as Pembroke, she has been everywhere received with the greatest respect and enthusiasm. At Smith's Falls a crowded house assembled to honor "the Rose of Erin," and on her arrival at Perth she was met by the Mayor and citizens, who gave her a grand serenade, and the Prima Donna was obliged to come on the balcony and sing Moore's immortal "Last Rose of Summer." At the conclusion of her concert on Thursday evening Mlle. Rosa received a perfect ovation, the entire audience remaining to escort her to her hotel, she was accompanied by Mr. J. M. Miller, Mayor, and his lady in their carriage, with a torch light procession and band of music. On her last evening at Almonte another brilliant success was achieved by the "Rose of Erin."—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

Military Authority Asserted in Utah

The municipal authorities of Salt Lake City, the Mormons, in fact, have had a tilt with the military authority of the United States on the question of arresting soldiers, and have been beaten. In a case that came up where a magistrate of the Territory refused to deliver up a soldier who was imprisoned, General Morrow, acting upon the decision of the Judge Advocate and his own sense of duty, sent a company of cavalry, battered down the prison door and released the man. The Mormons, it appears, were stunned by this exercise of Federal authority, but the Gentiles and those who are chafing under Mormon rule rejoiced.—*N. Y. Herald.*

CITY AND VICINITY

MUNICIPAL GRANT.—The City Corporation of the city voted one hundred dollars last night for the erection of temporary sheds for the Artillery and Cavalry horses while in camp for their annual drill.

PERSONAL.—Messrs. Prieur & Moylan have arrived home having completed their labors in connection with the recent investigation as to the cause of fire in the Kingston Penitentiary.

VISITORS AT THE PROTESTANT HOSPITAL THIS WEEK:—Directors, Messrs. Alexander Workman, James Peacvill; Clergy, Rev. H. Pollard, J. Young; Physician, Dr. D. McGillivray.

At two o'clock to-day the great Piano sale will come off, in Robinson and Heney's Block Spark Street, we would advise all in want of good pianos to attend this sale. 2596.

CRICKET.—A match has been arranged to come off on Dominion Day between the "Commercial" Cricket Club and the "Ottawa" Cricket Club. The play will no doubt be exciting and interesting.

CAMP SUPPLIES.—Mr Joseph Kavanagh Grocer, Wellington Street; has been awarded the contract for the supply of rations and groceries for the troops while in Camp on Rideau Hill. Some eighteen different Mercantile firms tendered for the job.

REIMBURSED.—The City Council at its meeting last night voted the sum of three hundred dollars to reimburse Mr. John R. Booth for the loss sustained by him in lending a horse to the "Union" Steam Fire Engine Company, for the fire which took place in Sussex street, last Spring.

REQUEST GRANTED.—Permission was granted the Chaudiere Fire Company by the Corporation at its meeting last night to visit Brockville on the first of July, to take part in the Fire Brigade Tournament to take place in that town on Dominion Day.

SYNODICAL MEETING.—The Synod of Ontario, in connection with the Episcopal Church meets this evening in Kingston in St. George's Cathedral. To-morrow morning there will be an early communion, after which, the new Canons recently appointed will be installed. The Synod being then constituted will proceed with regular business.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

Those in want of good Pianos should recollect that at two o'clock to-day Mr. Bermingham will sell in their large store Robinson & Heney's Block, Spark Street, several of as fine Pianos as ever came into this city. They are made by J. P. Hale, & Co., of New York and guaranteed for five years. 2596.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.—At a meeting on Sunday of those interested in the completion of St. Patrick's Church, handsome subscriptions were realized in furtherance of the object. The Hon. R. W. Scott, and Messrs. R. Nagle and P. O'Meara, contributed $500 each, and in addition the sum of over $1000 was received. It was also determined to borrow a sum of $40,000 for twenty years to be repaid in annual instalments to assist in the completion of the work. The right men have at last taken hold of this matter, and we trust soon to see this church properly finished.

DOMINION DAY IN BROCKVILLE.—The people of Brockville are bent on duly observing the national day of our new Dominion. Nearly $3,000 have been raised for the purposes set forth in a very extensive programme. Ringing of bells, firing of cannon, Fire Brigade tournament, a regatta, a field day of sports, torch-light procession, fireworks and general illumination of the town are the principal features of the celebration. There will probably be a great number of our citizens avail themselves of the cheap excursion to visit Brockville and the noble river St. Lawrence on that day.

DOMINION DAY CELEBRATION.—A meeting of gentlemen was held on Saturday evening to get up some sports for the approaching national holiday. A Committee consisting of His Lordship the Mayor, and members of the Council, J. M. Currier, Esq., M.P.; David Moore, Esq.; W. P. Lett, Esq.; R. Skead, Esq.; W. McKay Wright, Esq.; M.P.; Dr. Sweetland; R. P. Young, Esq.; W. Champness, Esq.; Dr. McConnell; Dr. St. Jean, M.P.; D. J. O'Donogue, Esq., M.P.P.; John Graham, Esq.; J. W. Russell, Esq.; W. H. Baldwin, Esq.; T. D. Harrington, Esq.; M. Kavanagh, Esq; W. McCaffrey, Esq; E. C. Barber, Esq.; M. McNaughton, Esq.; John Gilmour, Jr. Esq. An active canvass for subscriptions will be made, and we hope to see a liberal programme issued. At the meeting of the City Council last night, a petition was presented asking a grant in aid of the proposed celebration. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee, who will doubtless deal with it in the most liberal spirit.

City Council.

A regular meeting of the City Council was held last night. Present:—His Worship the Mayor; Aldermen Bangs, Pratt, David, Bronson, Christie, Rowe, Robertson, Birkett, Rocque, McDougal, O'Connor, Heney, Waller, Groulx and Durocher.

PETITIONS, ETC.

A number of communications and petitions were referred to their respective committees, as well as several accounts.

A PRIVILEGE.

On motion of Ald. Rowe, seconded by Ald. Robertson, leave was granted the Chaudiere Fire Company to visit Brockville on Dominion Day.

CITY PARKS.

A communication respecting the setting apart of Public Parks for the city, was on motion of Ald. Christie, seconded by Ald. Pratt, referred to a Special Committee composed of His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Waller, Heney, Rocque and the mover and seconder, to report at the next meeting of Council.

WATERING MARKET SQUARE.

A resolution was adopted empowering the Market Committee to water the Market Square.

PUBLIC SCHOOL DEBENTURES.

The Council next took up the question of the propriety of investing in Public School Debenture the sum of $20,000 from moneys lying to the credit of the Corporation in the Quebec Bank, and raised under By-law 337.

After some discussion, the following resolution was adopted on motion of Ald. Bronson, seconded by Ald. Waller.

Whereas the Lieut. Governor of Ontario has signified his assent to the prayer of this Council for permission to invest the surplus moneys at the credit of Debenture No. 337; therefore it is resolved that his Worship the Mayor be and is hereby authorized to purchase the debentures of the Public School Board to the amount of $20,000, payable within twenty years, with annual interest at the rate of six per cent. with the moneys of that fund, and that he be authorized to sign the necessary cheque therefor, and to deposit said debenture or debentures as directed in a communication received from Provincial Secretary.

BILL POSTING.

The Council did not entertain the petition of John Tweed, asking for a license for the exclusive privilege of posting placards throughout the city, but referred it to the By-law Committee for their consideration.

MILITARY CAMP.

On motion of Ald. Birkett, seconded by Ald. Rowe, the petition of Capt. Stewart, of the Field Artillery, was received, and the sum of $100 granted in aid of the erection of temporary sheds for the accommodation of the artillery and cavalry horses during their encampment for annual drill.

BEECHWOOD CEMETERY.

On motion of Ald. Rocque, the petition of J. M. Currier, Esq., and others was received, and the Board of Works empowered to make all necessary improvements to the approaches to the St. Patrick Street Bridge to facilitate travel to Beechwood Cemetery.

CHANGING NAMES OF STREETS.

A number of petitions, asking the Corporation not to change the names of certain streets, were referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Pratt intimated his intention to withdraw that portion of the Board of Works' report having reference to the streets, in order to arrive at some amicable arrangement in regard to the change of names.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Ald. Rowe presented the report of the Board of Health, recommending some sanitary precautions in the interest of the public health, also suggesting the propriety of removing the Central Fire Station to George street, to permit of making a lock-up underneath the Police Court and some other improvements.

On motion of Ald. Rowe, seconded by Ald. Groulx, the report was received and adopted.

BOARD OF WORKS.

Ald. Pratt presented the 5th and 6th reports of the Board of Works, recommending certain street improvements, the purchase of lots for the opening up of Sparks street, and also urging the prosecuting of the work on the new City Hall.

Resolutions were passed adopting the reports, and giving the Board power to ask for tenders for the completion of certain street improvements.

PAYMENT OF HORSE.

The question of the payment of an indemnity to Mr. J. R. Booth for loss of a horse lent to draw the "Union" Steam Fire Engine to the Sussex Street fire last spring was next taken up.

A resolution was adopted on motion of Ald. Christie, instructing the Mayor to sign a cheque for $300 in favor of John R. Booth, Esq., to reimburse him for the value of the horse lost. It being distinctly understood that the Corporation would be at no further outlay in connection with said engine.

TENDERS FOR MAIN SEWER.

The Board of Works presented in an elaborate and carefully prepared tabular form the following tenders for the main drainage:—

John Whelan & Co., of Montreal, $243,539.65. Sureties, James McShane, jr., and O. J. Devlin, of Montreal.

David Booth and James Murphy, of Ottawa, for $214,566.75. Sureties, E. McGillivray and W. G. Bedard, of Ottawa.

John Steacy, of Brockville, for $224,273.30. Sureties, E. Lantus and J. T. Henderson, of Brockville.

O. A. Rocque, of Ottawa, for $221,128.50 Sureties, P. Rocque and Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa.

Stewart and Stockand, of Ottawa, for $218,271.81. Sureties, Henry McCormick, and John Heney, of Ottawa.

P. White, of Ottawa, for $214,439.10. Sureties, John Murray and John O'Reilly, of Ottawa.

Alexander Sparks of Ottawa for $207,648.78.—sureties; Chas. T. Bate and H. N. Bate.

James Rowe and Company of Ottawa for $207,354 10—sureties; P. A. Eagleson, and W. G. Bedard.

William Farquhar and George Farquhar, of Ottawa, for $200,378.00—sureties; Jas. Farquhar and Thos. Snarr of Toronto.

George Neilson of Belleville, for $190,672.60,—sureties; James Gordon and William Sutherland of Belleville.

William Alexander & Co., of Ottawa, for $188,165.20,—sureties; William Wilson of Montreal and J. Bertram, M. P., of Peterboro.'

T. Kavanagh & Co., of Ottawa, for $180,203.02. No sureties.

James Cotton & Co., of Ottawa, for $166,342.50,—surety; the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, M. P., of Ottawa.

McNamee, Gaherty and Frechette of Montreal for $163,007.20.—Sureties; James McShane and William McNaughton of Montreal.

The City Engineer puts the estimated net cost of work at $174,355.06. To which he adds 15 per cent for contingencies and profit making a total of $199,310.65.

A resolution was adopted deferring the consideration of the tenders to a special meeting of the Council to be held on Friday Evening.

NEW CITY HALL.

The question of the new City Hall was next taken up upon which considerable discussion ensued.

A resolution was however adopted to accept the plans of Messrs. Horsey and Sheard, and authority given them to prepare estimates and working plans of said building, and that on the completion of the same, the City Clerk to be empowered to advertise for tenders for the erection and completion of said City Hall.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS.

The by-law compelling commercial travellers to take out a license was read a first time.

On motion of Ald. Christie, seconded by Ald. McDougal, the blank in the by-law was filled with the sum of forty dollars, and then read a second and third time time and passed.

OBSTRUCTING STREETS.

The by-law to prevent the obstructing of the sidewalks, and to prevent the erection of projecting signs was introduced by Ald. Christie and read a first time.

The second and third reading were postponed till the next meeting of the Council.

After some further routine business, the Council adjourned at 12 o'clock.

Police Court.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

MONDAY, June 15th.

Francois Potvin, disorderly conduct, was fined $3 and costs.

Jeffrey Nolan was charged with keeping a disorderly house on Nelson street. The case was adjourned until this morning.

Henry Charbonneau was charged with asking 75cts. for driving a lady from the Canada Central station to Maria street, the tariff allowing being only 25cts. Fined $5 and costs.

Mary Anne Rayeraft was up again on a charge of drunkenness, and committed for three weeks.

Two women, charged with being inmates of a house of bad repute on Nelson street, were remanded.

A little girl, charged with throwing a stone at a child, was cautioned and dismissed.

A party, charged with having foul premises, was fined $3 and costs.

Cornelius Kennedy, charged with having foul premises, was fined $3 and costs.

Fire Inquest.

At the request of His Worship the Mayor a fire inquest was held yesterday at McAmmond's hotel, Wellington street, to ascertain if possible the cause of the recent disastrous fire in that locality. Coroner Beaubien caused Mr. Paul Favereau to have a jury summoned for 3 o'clock p.m., at which hour they were duly sworn in. The following are the names of the jurors sworn:—

E. McCullough, *Foreman*; John Roos, Joseph Kavanagh, A. E. Gendreau, E. King, E. Hall, John Cowan, James Dalglish, Geo R. Clarke, P. Therriault, John Edwards, J. McCarthy, Geo. R. Blyth.

The jury after being organized selected Mr. L. N. Favereau as secretary. They then visited the scene of the fire, and afterwards adjourned till 2 30 p. m. to day.

Pauperism in the United States.

We referred some months ago, to the statistics of the poor of Michigan as presented in the compilation of the facts found in the annual reports of the County Superintendent, and which, in accordance with a recommendation made three years since to the Board of Commissioners of penal, reformatory, and charitable institutions, are now sent directly to the Secretary of State. By this change of system a much greater amount of information relative to the care and support of the poor is required to be furnished than was supplied previously. The information thus obtained possesses an important and practical character. This great State as large as England in area, containing 32,000 inhabitants in 1838 and about 750,000 in 1860, with a lake shore line of 1,500 miles, and the same length of navigation of its own for domestic and foreign commerce, with vast forest wealth and almost boundless mineral and agricultural resourses, and probably more than 1,000 miles of railway for transportation and travel, has not omitted, amid its wonderful progress, the Apostolic precept of "caring for the poor;" and the Secretary of State, pointing in his report to the considerable efforts which have been made in this direction, confidently hopes that, under judicious management, they will stimulate an ambition for improvement in those districts which are behind their neighbours, and results in an amendment of the condition of all those unfortunate sufferers who inhabit the county poor houses, and a correction of abuses in the disbursement of the funds. We have not the reports by us of any State save Michigan, but we assume that the facts and statistics of its poor may be taken as more or less representative of what is found in relation thereto in the Union generally; and as the information presented is valuable and representing. we give space to the following abstract of the Secretary's copious report.

The following table shows the whole number, average number per month, and number under sixteen years of age, of the insane, idiotic, blind, mutes, and all others maintained in poor houses in the State:

Classes.	Whole number.	Monthly average.	Under sixteen years of age
Insane	332	237	5
Idiotic	127	107	28
Blind	50	42	...
Mutes	18	15	7
All others	2629	973	489
Total	3 156	1,374	529

The nationalities of the paupers supported in the poorhouses were as follows:

Born in the United States, except negroes and Indians	1,191
English	[illegible]
Irish	577
Scotch	44
Germans	303
French	101
Italians	1
Norwegians	4
Canadians	129
Coloured	123
Indians	7
Danes	13
Swedes	82
Poles	3
Dutch	9
Welch	5
Unknown	214
Total	3,156

The next statement shows the number and nationality of persons temporarily relieved, but not in the State poorhouses:—

Born in the United States	1,868
English	332
Irish	1,185
Scotch	40
Germans	452
French	262
Italians	2
Swedes	97
Canadians	259
Coloured	212
Indians	124
Dutch	8
Norwegians	50
Unknown	9,738
Total	14,600

The above table is robbed of much of its value on account of so many persons being reported as of unknown nationality.

The total cost of maintaining the poor in the State for the year was $324,300, including, purchases of farms attached thereto, stock, seed, and furniture. Of this sum $ 39 842 were spent in temporary relief to persons not in the poorehouse. The value of the county poorehouses and farms, stock and implements, produce, and pauper labour, is as follows:

Value of farms and buildings	$797,985
Value of live stock	56,357
Value of implements	23,496
Value of other property or farms	67,426
Total value of farms and appurtenences	$945,241
Total value of all products of farms	89,034
Total value of paupers' labour	10,299
Total	$1,044,577

The reports show that the average expense per month of maintaining paupers is from $7.20 to $9 20. The question whether the case of the poor can be most with a county farm seems to be yet unsettled. But the Secretary of State remarks that the extremely small average expense of supporting each pauper per month as stated in the old counties, compared with the expense where paupers are boarded by the week, or with the ordinary cost of living would seem to indicate that the county farm system is, in the end, the most economical one yet practised.—*Mail.*

The Man for Galway.

LONDON, May 25.—"The man for Galway" has an uncommonly hard time of it. Galway is a small town, but it has managed to fill much space in the public eye within the last few months. In 1872, as may be remembered, Galway was called upon to elect a member of Parliament; after a severe contest Captain Nolan was returned at the head of the poll. He was the candidate of the peasants, as against the nominee of the landlords; the priests, who are the natural friends of the peasants, supported him, and they were not backward in expressing their condemnation of men who voted against him. The defeated candidate contested the election, and Justice Keogh set it aside on the ground of "intimidation." At the general election in February last Galway returned as one of its members Lord St. Laurence; but on the very day of the election the father of this nobleman, the Earl of Howth, died. Lord St. Laurence was translated to the House of Lords, and another election was ordered to fill the vacancy. There were two candidates; both were Roman Catholics; one was Mr. Joyce, a resident of the place; the other was Mr. O'Donnell, a young gentleman who has for some time lived in London, where he is well known as a journalist. He went to Galway with a letter of recommendation from Archbishop Manning; he made a very favorable impression upon the Galway people; the clergy advocated his election; and he was returned at the head of the poll. But Mr. Joyce contested his election; and the case, which was tried before justice Lawson, has resulted, after an inquiry of four days, in a declaration by that judge that the election was void on the ground of "undue influence and intimidation." The decision makes it impossible for Mr. O'Donnell to become a candidate for Parliamentary honors for the next seven years. The bishop of the diocese was no doubt friendly to Mr. O'Donnell's election, but he took no part in the contest. Some of the priests electioneered for him, but there was no "altar denunciations," and the worst thing that appears to have been done was the parading of a body of men through the town on the day of the election, who exclaimed, "To—with Joyce and Keogh!" However, the judge declared that this was "undue intimidation," and Mr. O'Donnell accordingly loses his seat. The only safe plan for the Roman Catholic clergy in Ireland would seem to be to abstain entirely from all advocacy or partisanship in elections.

Dr. Ward, who represents the principles of the unseated member, has announced himself as a candidate for the new election, and he will in all probability be returned.—*World.*

An Unreciprocity Treaty

(From the Detroit Post)

It is understood that a great deal of pressure is already being exerted in Washington, aided by professional lobbyists, to rush a Canadian reciprocity treaty through the Senate without regard to the views and interests of a large majority of the Western producing interests. We advise the farmers and lumbermen of Michigan, as well as the salt and mining interests, to bestir themselves if they do not want to be ruthlessly sacrificed. They are not, and need not be, the *Post* is not, and will not be, opposed to a liberal reciprocity treaty; but it must be *liberal* and not loose; it must be fair, and not free; it must consult the producer and the manufacturer in the United States, as well as the trader and the speculator. Otherwise it will prove a curse instead of a blessing. It will alienate instead of reconcile the two peoples. A treaty that is made without consulting the producing interests of Ohio, Michigan, and the Northwest generally, which will come into direct competition with Canadian producers, will simply ignore the rights of millions of people entitled to be heard upon this subject. For example, three fourths of Michigan winter wheat received at Detroit is shipped to the millers of Central New York and New England. Although the Canadian farmers are now handicapped by a duty of twenty cents a bushel on wheat, they find their best market in the United States. This is because they are entirely free from the burdens imposed upon our own people by the war. The Canadian people, to put it in the mildest way, certainly did nothing to shorten the war and mitigate these burdens. In consequence whereof they are now enabled, with labour, land, and improvements much cheaper than with us, to come into our markets and sell at a profit by the side of us. Strike down the protective duty, and they will undersell our own producers and be sure of enormous profits under so many advantages. It would in effect be a decline of twenty-five cents a bushel on American wheat—a loss to Michigan farmers alone of three and a half million dollars. The same will be true of lumber; is true of lumber already. The lumber market is already dull—made so by the mere prospect of the reciprocity treaty. Salt will feel it also. Such an arrangement would be simply ruinous to these large interests.

We believe, and the people of Michigan believe, in reciprocity, but a free exchange of products is not an equal exchange of products, and hence not a reciprocal exchange of products. There cannot be a true reciprocity treaty formed which will put the producers of the two countries on an equal footing of prices in the market. It would be an unequal, one sided treaty, and the title would be ironical as well as erroneous. A false title will not long deceive, and the deceived who awake to the deception will cry aloud and spare not against those who have deluded them. Let not the eyes of Michigan producers be closed to such a ruse and peril.

Afghanistan.

Affairs in Afghanistan appear to be developing themselves in much the manner that our correspondent foretold some weeks ago. Mahomed Yakoob Khan has raised the standard of rebellion, preferring an appeal to arms and the chances of war to any advantage likely to result to him from another appeal to the British Government. Already in possession of Herat, he has, it is reported, lately taken possession of Farah, and is prepared to besiege Kandahar. The general feeling of the country and of the army is represented to be in his favour. If this be the case, it must go hard with the Ameer. He has, it is true, the money and arms recently given him by the British Government, but in the present state of his army the latter may be to him rather a source of weakness than of strength. He cannot but feel that they may be turned against him at any moment. Whichever party may eventually win, we can only look forward to a long period of anarchy, confusion, and civil war, a long vista of strife, disorganization, and weakness, beyond which it is impossible to perceive any signs of the strong consolidated power that it has been the policy of the British Government during the last 20 years to build up as a bulwark between India and the Russian possessions in Central Asia. If the Ameer win, he can only do so by a free expenditure of British gold; his health is delicate, he holds his life on a very precarious tenure, and on his death—which, from all we hear, must take place within a very few years—the strife will be again renewed. So from his victory we cannot anticipate much advantage. If Sirdar Mahomed Yakoob Khan gain the day, he can scarcely be expected to look upon the English as his friends, and the strong kingdom which he may hold together must be to us rather a source of danger than a bulwark against our great northern rival; for if he win he will win by the aid of money, the giver of which it will not be difficult to surmise. Look at it in what light we may, our policy with regard to Afghanistan does not appear likely to be a successfull one. We freely give it as our opinion that without the aid of British officers as well as of British gold and arms no strong Power capable of resisting pressure from without will ever be built up in Afghanistan. Our policy at present is a policy of half measures. We give a great deal of good advice, which is not attended to, and we favour our advice with a large amount of treasure, which is greedily accepted. Then we wait, and yet our patience, our money, and our arms have been productive of no good results, and we are not sanguine enough to suppose that they ever will be. In the meantime, as the last published correspondence of the Foreign Office with Russia shows, we are held responsible for the good behaviour of our neighbor, whom it suits Russia at present to profess to believe to be our vassal, or, at all events, much more under our influence than he is.—*Times of India.*

Disraeli's Duke of Connaught.

(From the Cork Examiner, May 27.)

Prince Arthur's accession to the peerage as Earl of Sussex and Duke of Connaught was gazetted last night. He is the first member of the royal family to whom an Irish title has been given. So far the anticipations have been partly realized, but it remains to be seen whether Mr. Disraeli intends to send the Irish Duke over to govern the country to which he owes his title. Whatever else Mr. Disraeli may be inclined to deny us, he seems to be determined that we shall have a fair share in the superior honors of the peerage. When he came into office in 1868 we could boast of only one duke, and now, thanks to his generosity, we have three of these blessings.

At the Edinburgh Police Court on Friday, before Sheriff Gebbie, August Pentzlin, Upper Gray street, was charged with having on various occasions since the beginning of last month kept poultry, to the annoyance of Dr. Thomson Lorne, Minto street. The Doctor deposed that Mr. Pentzlin had for some time been in possession of a cock, the crowing of which had become a nuisance to the neighborhood. In defence, a gentleman living next door to the defendant stated that he had never been disturbed by any noise the bird had made. The Sheriff held that the fact of one neighbor having complained was sufficient proof, and ordered Mr. Pentzlin to find caution to the extent of £1, or go jail for one day.

International Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America.

As the above supreme body will hold their annual session in this city during the week (commencing Wednesday) it is the duty of every member of the Order to do his or her utmost to make the stay of such distinguished visitors as pleasant as possible.

A reception committee, composed of G. W. P. Rose, Toronto, Chairman; P. G. W. P. Rev. J. W. Manning, Almonte; G. S. Webster, Brantford Sec; G. W. A. Howe, P. G. W. A. Hannum, the Mayor, W. P. s. Bertram and J. K. Stewart, P. W. P.'s Esplin, Wm. Stewart, Halkett, Watson, R. E. Jamieson, Kennedy, and Guppy, and Brothers Esmonde, Haney, Bell, Young, H. McLean and Gibson, have prepared the following programme of entertainment, viz:—On Thursday, an excursion to the Chats Falls, *via* Canada Central Railway to Brittania, to which the public are cordially invited, the fare being at the low figure of $1 25. The Independent Cornet Band will be in attendance.

On Friday, the guests will be shown the Chaudière and Rideau Falls, and other points of interest, for which purpose several of our leading citizens have kindly lent the use of their carriages.

On the evening of Thursday, a social will be held in Knox Church, City Hall Square.

EXECUTION IN VIRGINIA.

A Negro Hanged at Culpepper for the Murder of a Farmer.

CULPEPPER, VA., June 12.—Edward Brown alias William Jones, an escaped negro convict, who murdered William C. Dirken, a young farmer, in this county on the 25th of December, 1873, for his clothes and $5 or $6 in money, was hanged [...] this afternoon. At about 7 o'clock a.m. the prisoner was taken from the jail to the place of execution, some one and a half miles from town, guarded by a posse of 200 men under the command of Colonel Crittenden. At about 12 o'clock noon the condemned man ascended the scaffold with a firm step, and without any perceptible emotion whatever. He was attended by three Baptist clergymen, two of them negroes, and the Rev. Mr. Baldridge. After kneeling and praying he was bound hand and foot, and asked by Sheriff Pullian if he had anything to say. Brown grasped the rope and with a waive of his tied hands said: "Come on; I am ready." The rope was then adjusted around his neck, and at a word from the Sheriff the drop was sprung and Brown's body dangled in the air. The drop was five feet, but his neck was not broken by the fall, the knot slipping round to the back of the neck and the rope being too thick, causing it to slip and tighten by degrees, so that he was literally strangled to death. For two minutes after the drop fell there were movements of the limbs, and the pulse continued to beat for fully ten minutes. Drs Thomson and [...] pronounced him to be dead after hanging fifteen minutes, but in order to be certain, they did not order the body to be cut down until it had been suspended twenty-seven minutes. The execution was witnessed by nearly 3,000 persons (principally negroes) men and women. The prisoner confessed his crime before the trial, and did not wish counsel to defend him. He said the face of the murdered man haunted him everywhere until he confessed, and then he felt much better. He was the most self-possessed man in meeting his fate ever seen by those who have frequently assisted on similar occasions. Some persons of the crowd of spectators cut the rope into pieces to be kept as souvenirs, others obtained his shoe strings, and two men were anxious to pay 10 cents for his suspenders.

The First Evil Fruits of the Civil Rights Bill.

In the disturbances between the whites and negroes at Memphis we have the first fruits of the Civil Rights Bill. The negroes evidently have exaggerated notions of the privileges which this act of Congress is to confer upon them. To them the Civil Rights Bill appears to be an act which makes them more than the equals of the whites and even gives them immunity from punishment. The whites, too, probably regard the law with an aversion that will not be justified by the practical operation of the measure. It is unnecessary law, which would not have been passed at all had it not been left to Congress as the dying gift of Senator Sumner. Unnecessary laws usually fall into desuetude almost as soon as they are passed. The same thing will prove true of the Civil Rights bill, unless its provisions are brought offensively forward as party capital in the ensuing political contests. This is evidently the aim of the carpet-baggers of the South, with a view to retaining the negro vote; but they will find to avail them little even in this respect, if the conservatives treat its provision with the true conservative spirit. There is much danger in vigorous opposition as in the evil designs of those who expect to make it an engine of political power. As a matter of course these remarks are applicable only on the assumption that the Civil Rights bill is actually a part of the laws of the land. So far the measure is not a law, for the President has not yet given it executive sanction. It is to be hoped General Grant will withhold his signature altogether, and thus avert a danger which can be precipitated only as an act of extreme partisanship. It would be a mistake for him to believe that in signing it he would be showing magnanimity toward his dead political enemy, who was the author of the bill. The country asks no such sacrifices from the President, and demands only that he shall sign such measures as will be conducive to the interests of the whole people. Both races in the United States are now equal before the law, and it is only such unnecessary and ill advised legislation as this Civil Rights Bill which can prevent the speedy and complete recognition of the equal privileges of black and white, or precipitate troubles like those which have just occurred in Memphis.—*N. Y. Herald.*

ACCIDENTS.

A Young Lady Fatally Burned by the Explosion of a Coal-oil Lamp at a School Exhibition

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 12.—Miss Sallie Smith, aged about seventeen years, a student at the female school at Oakland, Ky., was fatally burned last night during the school exhibition services. She was standing on the stage near a coal oil lamp which exploded and at once enveloped her in flames. She immediately rushed among the audience causing great confusion. Her father in endeavoring to save her had his hands seriously burned. The physicians this morning report that she is dying.

As a matter of interest to those who are just now asking, "was there ever such a mild winter as this?" we extract from the *Pall Mall Gazette* the following record to show that they have been quite numerous. "The mildness of the present season, though unusual, bears no comparison to that of some winters long gone by. In 1172 the temperature was so high that the leaves came out on the trees in January, and the birds hatched their broods in February. In 1329 the winter was equally mild, and the maidens of Cologne wore wreaths of violets and corn flowers at Christmas and on Twelfth day. In 1421 the trees flowered in the month of March, and the vines in the month of April. Cherries ripened in the same month, and grapes appeared in the month of May. In 1572 the trees were covered with leaves in January, and the birds hatched their young in February, as in 1172; in 1584 the same thing was repeated, and it is added that the same was in the year at Easter. There was in France neither snow nor frost througout the winters of 1588 1607, 1609, 1617 and 1659; finally, in 1662, even in the north of Germany stoves were not lighted, and trees flowered in February. Coming to later dates, the winter of 1847–48, when it thundered at Paris on the 21st of January, and that of 1866, the year of the great inundation of the Seine, may be mentioned as exceptionally mild.

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Base Ball—Refused—Police.

TORONTO, June 14

A lacrosse match took place yesterday between the Toronto and Ontario clubs, in which the former proved victorious, winning the first, third and fourth games.

A petition to allow the Coroners to hold inquests in the fire halls, the dead house being unfit for the purpose, has been refused.

Albert Badden who figured prominently in the family quarrel with the Wrights, in which he was charged with embezzling his grandfather's property, was before the Police Magistrate yesterday, accused of having stolen an affidavit. The case will not be gone into until Monday.

MONTREAL.

Decision in the Montreal Centre Election Case—The Great French Canadian Demonstration—Macadamizing.

MONTREAL, June 14.

This morning Mr. Justice Mackay gave judgment in the Montreal Centre election case, Caverhill *et al.* petitioners, and M. P. Ryan, respondent, dismissing the petition with costs. In delivering judgment, the Judge touched upon the evidence taken with regard to the preparation of the voters' lists, the copies transmitted to the Returning Officer being only sworn as correct in April last; quoted the law relative to the right of voters to use their franchise, and under what circumstances; instanced further proof offered of the qualification of the petitioners apart from the lists in question, and declared that the petitioners, in his opinion, had not proven in the manner directed, according to the law on this subject, that they were duly qualified voters, the evidence adduced in this relation not being the best evidence to establish such status. The petitioners had no legal status, and, consequently, they never had the right to present a petition for lack of qualifications under these circumstances There was now no petition; and he would accordingly report to the Speaker of the House of Commons that the petition had failed for the reason he had stated. He observed that the petitioners had not complained of the insufficiency of the voters' lists, and the candidates appeared to have gone to the poll without protesting against the lists produced. The candidates did not petition, but if the House of Commons called upon him for a further report he should be ready to make it. The opposing candidate did not claim the seat from the number returned, and the petitioners only claimed to be voters, entering no pretension to the seat for themselves or others; and in consequence, owing to their lack of qualification as voters the petition was dismissed.

Honourable Mr. Dorion sent yesterday to the Organization Committee his resignation of the position of President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society. He thanked the Society for the honour it had done him, but thought the position of Judge in Chief to which he has just been raised would not permit him to fulfil the duties which the position of President of the Society would impose upon him. The election of another president will take place on Monday. It is believed that Mr. Coursol will be elected. Information has been received that sixty St. Jean Baptiste Societies, accompanied by thirty bands of music, will be represented either in a body or by delegation at the great demonstration to take place in this city.

The item of $15,000 asked for by the Local Committee to macadamize and pave the streets was approved of at the last meeting of the Finance Committee of the City Council.

The stock market this morning was dull. Union, 107½ closing at 107½ to 108; Royal Canadian, 94, closing 94 to 94½; Telegraph, 193½, closing at 193 to 194; Commerce, 136½ closing at 136½ to 136½; Toronto, 195½ closing at 192½ to 197.

Sales at the Afternoon Board:—Montreal, 184; Merchants, 117; Royal Canadian, 94; Telegraph, 193.

QUEBEC.

Departure of Hon. J. G. Robertson—Albion Lodges—North Shore Railway—Turf Club Races—Collision Through Carelessness — Fearful Storm.

QUEBEC, June 13

The Hon. J. Gibb Robertson, Treasurer of this Province, leaves to-day by the 'Scandinavian.' He goes to England to place the Provincial bonds upon the English market.

The Albion Lodge supped together last night at the Albion Hotel, celebrating their one hundred and twenty-second anniversary.

A contract for ten miles of the North Shore Railway between Jacques Cartier and Port Neuf, which was awarded to Joseph Trudel, has already been commenced.

The Quebec Turf Club races are advertised to take place on the 14th and 15th July. The Queen's Plate, 50 guineas; Merchants' Purse, $200; and Gentleman's Hack race, a sweep stake of $10 with $100 added, will be run for on the first day. The second day's races will be a hurdle, $200; Albion Hotel purse, $200; a sweepstake of $20 with $150 added, and the Scurry stakes of $100.

Captain Harris, of the barque 'Favorite,' reports having been in collision with the barque 'Ossian' in the Gulf on the 4th June, in consequence of gross carelessness on the part of those in charge of the latter vessel.

A frightful storm occurred on the evening of the 7th instant at St Joseph de la Beauce, lasting from 10:30 p.m. to 1:30 a.m. It was accompanied by torrents of rain, thunder and lightning. In a remarkably short time streams and rivers were overflowed. On one river three saw mills were blown down, and two flour mills were seriously damaged. Further off, barns and houses were overturned. The damages are estimated at $30,000, and extend to a surface of four leagues.

The weather has the appearance of clearing up. It still continues very cold.

PORT COLBORNE.

Accident to a vessel in the Canal.

PORT COLBORNE, June 13.

The schooner 'Annie Falconer,' struck a rock on her way down the canal last night, and sank about four mile from here She was being towed by the tug 'Jane Armstrong.' She lies on the heel path side and does not obstruct navigation.

THREE RIVERS.

Melancholy Case of Drowning.

THREE RIVERS, June 15.—A sad accident happened on the steamer 'Montreal' on her down trip on Saturday night. An American gentleman from Providence R. I., fell overboard between Port St. Francis and Three Rivers. Every effort was made to save him, but without avail, it is supposed that he was struck by the wheel of the steamer and was killed The body has not yet been found.

HAMILTON.

Salmon Breeding—Preacher.

HAMILTON, June 13.

Mr. Kerr, Fishery Inspector, received from Mr. Wilmot of Newcastle, yesterday, a lot of salmon to be used as he thought best. Six thousand of them, about an inch long were deposited in the 14 mile creek at Bronte, and 2 500 in the reservoir of the fountain in Princess Square, opposite the Court House. It remains yet to be seen what the success of the project will be, but from the fact that some very fine salmon have been caught in the Niagara river and on the Island at Toronto, it is likely the scheme will be a success.

Sunday, June 14.—The Rev. Mr. Williamson, of Belfast, who was sent out as a delegate from the Presbyterian Church of Ireland to the General Assembly of the Canadian Presbyterian Churches, preached this morning in Knox Church and in the evening in the Central Presbyterian Church. Both services were attended by large congregations, who listened with deep interest to a very eloquent sermon. On Tuesday evening Mr. Williamson will address a public meeting in McNab street church

LONDON.

Abolition of the Toll System—Revenge.

LONDON, June 13.

The County Council have at length decided to abolish the toll system in Middlesex, the act being contingent upon the abolition of market fees in the city of London, both measures to go into force on the 1st of January next.

A notorious, half witted fellow, named Bragg, has been lodged in jail here on a charge of setting fire to the barn and stables of Mrs. Keefer, Strathroy, about a week ago, by which property to the amount of $800 was destroyed. He admits the crime, saying that he did it out of revenge for being turned away from the place.

HALIFAX.

Marine and Fisheries—Pardon—Manslaughter.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 13.

The steamer "Circassian" sailed for Quebec at noon.

Fifty sailors from the Flagship "Bellerophon" had to assist in cailing the cable steamer "Faraday" to-day, it being impossible to obtain enough laborers to do the work.

The schooner "Martha W. Hall," of Providence, which was stranded at Cow Bay last August, was successfully floated off on June 1st, and sailed to North Sydney. Two thousand tons of sand stone was removed from where she lay stranded. This is the last vessel of the five contracted to be floated off by McKay, Lormay & Burchell.

William Cochrane, who was sentenced to the Provincial Penitentiary for seven years a few months ago for barn burning in King's County, has been pardoned on condition of leaving the Dominion.

Schooner "John Burney" arrived at Shelburne on 10th from the banks, after an absence of six weeks, with 1,005 quintals of cod fish.

Newfoundland advices represent the shore fishery from Cape Frances to Cape Race encouraging. Good prospects also at Cape Pine, some boats having taken from 25 to 30 quintals. On the south side other boats landed 90 quintals. American fishing schooner "Elizabeth Foster" was at St. Johns on 3rd from banks, with 900 quintals. Reports plenty of fish when he bore up to St. Johns to repair, having lost mainmast in a gale on 30th May. Spoke American schooner "Annie G. Turner" of Beverly, with 400 quintals. Herring were in abundance all the season on the coast and very cheap. Over 50,000 barrels had been thrown away, not being required for bait.

At St. Johns, Cahill, for murdering his wife, was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to two years' imprisonment and banishment from the colony after.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Election—The Carlists.

LONDON, June 14.—Stewart, Conservative, has been returned to the House of Commons from Wigton district.

It is rumored that the Carlists have evacuated Estella.

The New Constitutional Bill.

The Paris correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs that the votes in the Assembly for and against the Left Centre's Constitutional Bill, to-day, will be about equal in number. Fifty or sixty members of the Right Centre are undecided. If the rumor that these Deputies will abstain from voting is true, the Left Centre will probably be successful.

The proposed Bill has three articles:—

1st. It provides that the Government shall consist of a Senate and Chamber of Representatives, and President of the Republic.

2nd. It confirms Marshal MacMahon's Presidency until 1880.

3rd. Provides for partial or total revision of constitution by such constitutional bills as may be hereafter submitted.

Prospects of a Good Crop in India.

LONDON, June 15. — The Vice-Roy of India telegraphs reports relative to the growing crop as being favorable.

A special from India to the *Times* says the Government continues to furnish assistance to three and a half millions of natives. There can be no crops until December. The Government say some people may die before assistance reaches them.

Ritualism in England

The *Post* says the public worship regulation bill, now before Parliament, which is intended to restrain the Ritualists, threatens to lead to the coalition of the High Church Clergy and Liberals, which may result in an attempt to replace the present members for the Oxford Ministry with Gladstone and Montague.

Gladstone heads the Opposition to the Bill.

FRANCE.

A Duel between 10 Republicans and 10 Bonapartists.

PARIS, June 14.—Great anxiety prevails in regard to the result of to-morrow's sitting of the Assembly, to all classes

M. Clemencian has again challenged M. De Cassagnac for insinuating that he was a coward and had acted dishonorably, and proposes a duel between 10 Republicans and 10 Bonapartist Deputies.

De Cassagnac will fight only Gambetta.

M. De Cassagnac replies contemptuously that he will fight nobody but Gambetta, and that the Bonapartist Deputies cannot accept the challenge.

Further Government Precautions.

The Government has taken vigorous steps for the suppression of both Bonapartist and Radical agitations in the barracks.

Closing of an Opera House.

The police have closed the Cafe d'Opera on the Boulevard Hassemann, because it being a rendezvous for Bonapartists.

ITALY.

Italian Senate Prorogued—The Pilgrims.

ROME, June 14.—The Italian Senate has been prorogued, a consistory will be held in the Vatican on the 22nd inst., when Monsignori Chigi and Guibert will be formally made cardinals.

The American Pilgrims attended mass in the Catacomb to-day. Monsegnior A. Ranchi was in the celebrant.

UNITED STATES.

Steamship Arrivals.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Arrived Steamers The 'Queen' and 'Wyoming' has just arrived from Liverpool.

PLYMOUTH, June 14.—The 'S.S. Silesia' arrived here from New York.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 14—The steamer 'Prince Alfred' arrived from Victoria to this port and went ashore at Polatre Cove about six miles north of this harbor. The passengers and mails were saved.

A Fire.

TROY, N. Y., June 14—A B Knowlton & Co.'s hosiery mill at Sand Lake was burned this evening Loss $80,000; insurance $30,000.

A Review of the Trade of New York.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Interviews with New York merchants represent the trade of the city in several important branches as seriously retrograding.

In the dry goods line, one house that formerly sold $50,000,000 per annum, now sells $20,000,000. Ten of the largest houses in the city lost at least fifty-five million dollars in the aggregate by the falling off of trade.

The boot and shoe business is also retrograding, and ship building is almost entirely dead.

A large portion of the loss of commerce is attributed to the inferior terminal railroad and warehouse facilities.

A Chapter of Crime in New York.

Criminal records show that Michael Murphy was fatally stabbed yesterday by Chas. Savoor and Wm. Burns, who were arrested.

W. O'Rourke and P. Garvey were both stabbed badly by C. McGuire in a drunken spree, and Prior in attempting to shoot P. McCabe fatally wounded Michael Dougherty, then shot McCabe in the leg. Prior escaped.

Frank T. Rayner was arrested for fatally beating his wife.

Michael Burns was arrested for murdering Maggie Watson, and James Brody and George Roulett were arrested yesterday for beating and robbing David Meadam. These two last villians when arrested proved to be members of a gang who early in May forced the wife of Meadam into an alley and attempted an outrageous assault.

They were yesterday held in five thousand dollars bail.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Bullion.

LONDON, June 15.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England to-day was £9,000. Consols 92 5 8 and 92¾.

Brazilian Cable.

The steamship "Africa," is now making a final splice of the Brazilian cable near Manura Cape, Halpin, commander of the expedition, hopes to have the work completed by the 21st inst.

SPAIN.

Carlists Shot.

MADRID, June 15.—It is reported that eighteen Carlists Officers have been shot at Talara, by order of Don Carlos, for mutiny.

Federal Council.

LONDON, June 15.—A semi official despatch from Berlin gives explicit contradictions to the despatch from that city of Friday last, which said the Federal Council of State has voted to extend to all States of the Empire the new Prussian law for civil registration of Births, Marriages and Deaths It is stated on the contrary that the Federal Council really rejected the bill on the ground that its provisions are not in harmony with the Legislation of the different States. The Council, however, adapted a resolution inviting Prince Bismarck as Chancellor, to prepare a new bill, the provisions of which shall be applicable to the whole Empire.

FRANCE.

The Constitutional Bill.

PARIS, June 15.—The Constitutional Bill prepared by the Left Centre was introduced in the Assembly to-day, and a vote of urgency was carried by 345 against 341.

UNITED STATES.

A man Murdered and Robbed.

CHICAGO, June 15.—A special despatch from Desmoine, says:—John Johnson, tailor, fifty years of age was found lying in a gutter, his skull broken in and his head was gashed in a frightful manner. Near the body was found an envelope containing a note which was written:—"This is the 27th man we have killed and we will never be taken alive." Robbery is supposed to have been cause, as the victim's watch and pocket book were gone.

Trotting Match.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—The trotting match between 'Goldsmith Maid' and 'Nettie,' to-day, for a purse of $5,000 was won in three straight heat by 'Goldsmith Maid' 2:23—2:26—2:24¼ nearly all betting was on 'Maid's' time.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—Later from China, a Chinese mob numbering five hundred, attacked a number of houses in the French quarters. They maltreated occupants and burned one house. The riot was finally quelled by the French and English police.

Naval Award.

NEW YORK, June 15.—All the officers of the Spanish war ship "Tornado" which helped to capture the steamer "Virginius" were promoted, and the subordinates and seamen were awarded silver medals.

Jeff Davis.

Jeff Davis arrived last night but left immediately for Tennessee. No one waited upon him.

Fire.

The Boston leather manufactory of Pierce & Ellis, Lynn, damaged by fire to the extent of $10,000 loss, is principally on stock and covered by insurance.

A Great Feat.

Edward Mullen, who commenced last night to walk 500 miles in six days, has accomplished this extraordinary feat, walking fifty miles in 9 hours and 2 minutes.

Navy Department.

Washington despatches to the Navy Department report the "Juniata" at Cadiz on May 22nd. Rear Admiral Case arrived at Ville Franche in Flagship "Franklin." on May 14th, where he was expected to remain for several weeks. "Juniata" and "Alaska" were soon expected there.

Returned.

Presdt and party returned to Washington this morning.

Fraud.

NEW YORK, June 15—In the Court of the General Sessions to-day Dr. Ulbring, charged with attempting to defraud the Merchants Life Insurance Company, by means of a brick filled coffin conspiracy, was sentenced to States Prison for 18 months. Recorder Hackett in passing sentence, regretted he could not inflict a higher penalty.

S. S. Arrival.

The Steamship 'Australia' arrived from Glasgow.

Death of a Famous Trotter.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 15.—The Black Stallion "Strideaway," the famous trotter, valued at $25,000, died to-day in this city.

Electrical Storms and Summer Auguries.

The numerous and severe electrical storms that have recently burst upon various parts of the country afford the first distinct augury of the summer. On the other side of the Atlantic there has been, also, a refutation of the proverb, "An English summer—two hot days and a thunder storm." The presence of atmospheric electricity in the frequent storms to which we allude, contrary to the opinion of many of the weatherwise, must be considered as an effect rather than a cause.

The most approved researches show that the electricity of the clouds is generated during the condensation of vapor into rain, and is proportional to the amount of rainfall. In this view, it seems, we are to regard the thunder storm as an indicator of the presence and quantity of vapor in the regions aloft, where it is stored away, ready to be condensed into the fertilizing and refreshing rain drop. It is the normal "observation" in thunder storms to see a great flash of lightning succeeded by a sudden downpour of rain. The abrupt precipitation of hail is almost always preceded by vivid electrical displays, followed by the thunder clap. It is certain, therefore, that in a season abounding in thunder storms there is no lack of water in the cloud regions and no lack of the refrigerative agencies necessary to squeeze the moisture out of the clouds for the benefit of the thirsty soil below. So far, the abundant electrical phenomena of the early summer augur well for the farmer, provided only due care be exerted to secure his June harvests from wet weather.

In a sanitary point of view the prevalence of thunder storms is highly auspicious. The chemical action of lightning is, perhaps, the most beneficent of all the uses of atmospheric electricity. The transformation of oxygen into ozone (the most powerful of all known atmospheric disinfectants) is easily proved by experimenting with an artificial electric spark. A single electric machine will develop enough electricity to transform oxygen into ozone on a large scale. How inconceivably grand must be the transforming agency of the long lightning flashes, kept up in incessant blaze, reaching as they commonly do, over three miles! It is well known that cholera and ozone avoid each other, and it is believed that the latter is destructive of malarial poison.

We may, therefore, regard the predominant feature of the early summer as auspicious of a healthy season with abundant showers for the agriculturist.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The N. Y. *Herald* makes the following pleasant statement:—

"It is gratifying to learn that the condition of the crops in the West is in the highest degree encouraging. The good harvest of last year encouraged the the farmers to plant more extensively than on any previous occasion; and the crops, already vigorous and far advanced, give promise of a rich and abundant harvest. The farmers, according to all accounts, are in excellent spirits, and the merchants are making ready for a season of prosperity which it is expected will be unsurpassed by any former year. One house expects to do a business which will reach the high figure of twenty millions of dollars. With such prospects before us the resumption of specie payments ought at no distant day to be an accomplished fact."

DIED.

Yesterday evening, June 15th, Ethel, only daughter of Jacob Erett, Esq., aged two years and two months.

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness, Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness, Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds, Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises, Headache, Piles, Sprains, Toothache, Colic, Old Sores, All Hemorrhages, Diarrhœa, etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE

For the Hair

Prepared from the Pure Grease of THE CANADA BEAR.

It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25 cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.

June 16, 1874.

THOUSANDS CURED BY THE

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism; and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us too, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied. We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Scott Street, Toronto,
Agents for Ontario.
Or DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal;
Agents for Province of Quebec

Ottawa, May 18th. 1874. 2373

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbidge & Co., Coleman-st., London. Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London. Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London. Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.

Aug 23 1873

Slaughter! Slaughter.
SLAUGHTER.

The subscriber having purchased the Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the matter of C. U. Lindsay, the entire Stock, in one lot, amounting to $10,105,29, at 61 cents on the dollar of their first cost, and having obtained the use of the premises, tremendous slaughter in prices will be made, in order to effect an entire Clearance of surplus Stock. The whole stock has been re-marked, some goods to about one-fourth their original price; other goods to one-half, whilst a large proportion of the perishable stock will be ALMOST GIVEN AWAY. The sale will commence on

FRIDAY, APRIL 17,

IN THE THE TWO STORES,

36 Sparks st AND Lindsay's old stand 15 Sussex st

And will continue until the whole Stock is disposed of.

Special inducements will be offered to the Trade. Goods to be sold for CASH ONLY during the sale. I simply invite the public to examine for themselves.

Remember the address—36 SPARKS-ST. and 15 SUSSEX-ST.

April 16, 1874. 2545-2m W. E. BROWN.

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20	pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c
15	" Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30	" Fancy Coburg	2.50
	A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.	
200	Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150	" Sac Coats	2.25
500	pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.	

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874.

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—25 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3 Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower that elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-ST.

IMPORTANT CREDIT SALE.

Six magnificent, powerful and costly Rosewood

PIANO-FORTES,

All of the most superb workmanship, powerful and brilliant in tone, and of the largest compass. Each Piano is fully 7⅓ octaves, and warranted for five years. The subscriber is instructed by Mr. Shaw, the well-known wholesale Pianoforte agent for the largest and most celebrated makers of New York, to sell by Public Auction, on

Tuesday, the 16th Instant,

At two o'clock, in the large store, Robinson & Heney's Block, Sparks-st., six of the most costly and valuable Pianos ever imported into Canada, manufactured by J. P. Hale & Co. New York, who is among the largest and most successful manufacturers of Pianos in America, and this collection represents one of each of his most costly instruments. They will be on exhibition for three days, and an eminent musician from New York will be in daily attendance, to show and perform on the Pianos. Those in want of good instruments are invited to an inspection and a careful perusal of the catalogues which will be circulated.

The sale will be punctually at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, the 16th inst., in the large store, Robinson & Heney's Block. Sparks-st.

J. BERMINGHAM Auctioneer.

June 12, 1874.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S

34 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge

March 28, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo	75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner	80cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSATIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold	$1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash

May 7, 1874.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.

Murray Bay,

NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

THE LORNE HOUSE

Is now open to visitors.

Telegraph and Independent Post Offices at Point à Pic.

CHAMARD & Co

June 13, 1874.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venetti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

53 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS,

Attractive, Useful and very Popular

CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS

For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.

River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Cantata of Esther, Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.

Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes, 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.

River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife, Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book 75c.

River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.

Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass.

Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

CHAS. H DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

HARNESS,

HARNESS.

THOS. SHORE & Co.,

(Successors to Thos. Lee)

SPARKS STREET.

Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single Sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also a good variety of

SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.

A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.

June 12, 1874. 2886w

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN,

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennetts & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 12, 1874.

OPENING DAY.

MORRISON & ADAM,

FAMILY GROCERS,

TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,

48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48

SATURDAY, JUNE 13.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.]

June 5, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

May 6, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 | WELLINGTON-ST. | 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.

Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 8.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Pictorial leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer Jessie Cassels leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD............110⅞

[OTTAW]A MARKETS.

[TIM]ES OFFICE, June 15.

GRAIN.	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 30
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 08 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 12
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 10
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 8 to 0 10
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Stove do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Cotton, dull and easier at 18½ for Middling Uplands.

Flour, heavy; receipts, 11,000 brls; sales 10,000 brls. Quotations remain unchanged.

Rye flour unchanged at $4.85 to 6.00.

Wheat without material change; receipts, 81,000 bus., sales 45,000 bus., at $1.42 for No. 2 Chicago; $1.47 for No. 2 Milwaukee; $1.48 to 1.50 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye quiet.

Corn scarce, and 1c. better; receipts, 59,000 bus., sales, 36,000 bus. at 84c. to 87c. for Western mixed.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, firmer; receipts, 21,000 bus.; sales 25,000 bus. at 52c. to 64c. for mixed Western; 67c. to 71. for white.

Pork steady at $18 for new mess.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 5c.; refined, 12½ to 12¾c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 15.—New York Central, 90; Erie, 49½; Erie preferred, 49½.

LI[VERP]OOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 15.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 10,000 bales; sales for the week 64,000 bales; for export 6,000 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes —"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Eclectric Oil. We [illegible] to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once,
J. METCALFE.
2577

ANYTHING required in a garden or farm can be had at Forfar's, cheap and good.
2588

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it. 2575

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar Sparks street. 2575

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars. Address
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

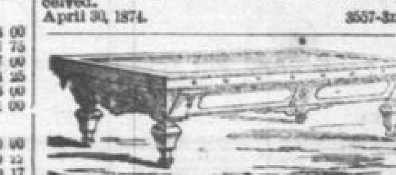
THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 3557-3m



STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AGENT:

G. MANN,

Hardware Merchant.

SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Ma. way	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00	[illegible]	4.10
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00		
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00		
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont. and Detroit, Mich. British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and Sanfrancisco, Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7.21
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30		
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30		
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30		
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30		2.00
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, Marsh, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30		
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30		
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	9.00		
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	10.00		
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	9.00	11.30	
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00		
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00		6.30
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	11.30		6
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	11.30		

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian line, close every Friday at 12.05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9.00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

S. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

NEW Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING,

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the [illegible] ferred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO.

Ottawa, March [illegible] 1874. 2555

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample [roo]ms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees [well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871], take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

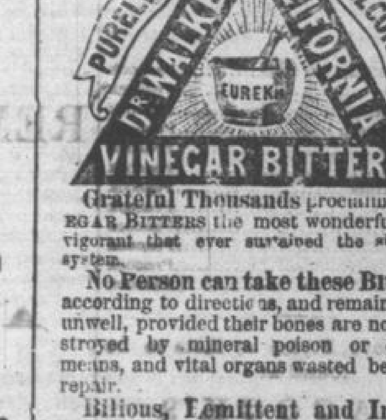
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y



Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts. San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

Easter Beef

AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

Opposite Bank of B.N. A.

[A]pril 3, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 26 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 2d 5-6m

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors. **A New Glee Book For Temperance Use.** Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.,
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method	Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice: Ludden's School for the Voice	Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor: Worrall's Guitar	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices: Sangerfest	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices: Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home: The Cluster	Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book: Fairy Echoes	Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by

J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best **A New Music Book** work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work. **For Public Schools.** SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.

Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of bijouterie, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No plate is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. [illegible] 1874. 2467-1y

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION.

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO

Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the

LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

April 20, 1874. M. M. REYNAL & Co., 86 A[n]n-st., New York City

DATURA TATULA.

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 381 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto,

Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore, Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2513-12m

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Lines. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, [illegible] WIRE CO., [illegible] street west, Toronto, Ontario.

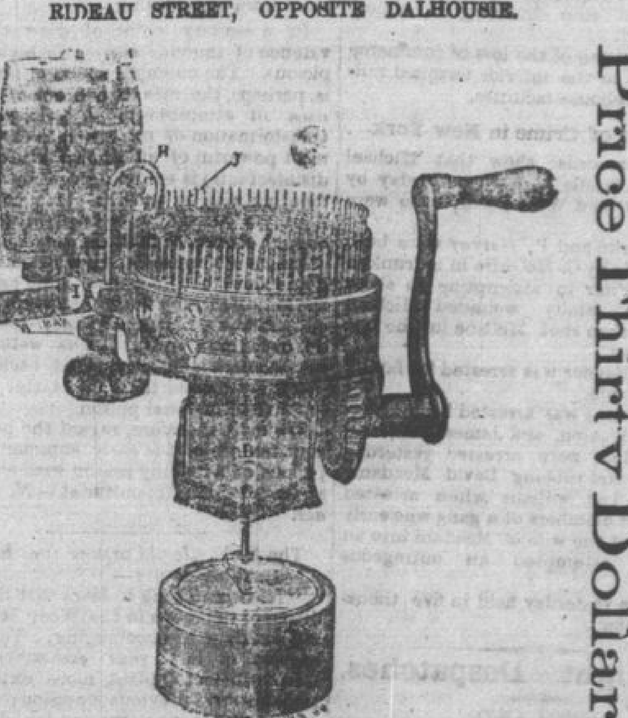
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, [Warranted for Three Years,] will Knit 20,000 [stit]ches a Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp [W]icks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggings, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF

Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING

ROOMS,

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

T. E. MOORE

RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can now make up the tangled saving of the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 SPARKS-ST.

May 1, 1874.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75	Cash Gifts	each	$1,000
5	" each, 50,000	200	"	"	500
10	" " 25,000	200	"	"	200
20	" " 5,000	500	"	"	100
400 Gold Watches				$75 to	300
275 Sewing Machines				60 to	150
75 Elegant Pianos				250 to	700
50 Melodeons				50 to	100

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $15,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,000; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
65 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 2550-3m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 28th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874.

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimmings, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them already prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Mazurkas, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements. Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers" containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

C[laim]s to attract general attention as one of the [best SU]NDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever publ[ished]. $30 per Hundred. [Ab]ove Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city
—ALSO—
A complete assortment of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place—the sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

NEW GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.

And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done at the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand.

Elgin-St. : Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874.

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, [illegible] Lot No. [illegible], fronting on [illegible]

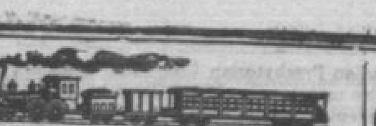
ROCHESTERVILLE.

[illegible]

[illegible] COMFORTABLE DWELLING [illegible]

[illegible]

Ottawa, March [illegible], 1874.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.
Time faster than by any other route.
Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.
ARRIVE.		
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

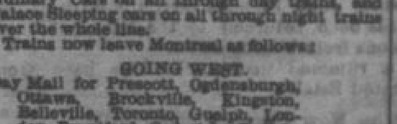
10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9.00 a.m.
Night Express	9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations	6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations	[illegible]
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at	1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.00 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.	
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.30 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.	
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.	
GOING EAST.	
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	6 45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at	5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at	10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe	11.00 p.m.
GOING SOUTH.	
Mail Train for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at	6.00 a.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at	3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N.S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 22nd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa.
May 28, 1874.

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the [illegible] the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $8.00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 21 Sparks Street.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

of [illegible]

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

[illegible]

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

and parties intending to erect Houses or Dwelling Houses.

[illegible]

Caution.

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Scrofula, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them [put] forth as possessing the same properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE,"

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an Ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, besides being free from Pancreatic juice, has the delicate creamy appearance and consistency of fresh cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada,
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 381 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., 157 King Street, Toronto
[F]ebruary 28th. 1874.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright! Cheerful! Earnest! and Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

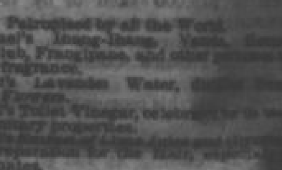
in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber for 1874 receives one of the following large and beautiful Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.

"Peace Be Unto This House"

"The Christian Graces," "The [illegible]," "[Bl]ed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles."

Agents wanted on [illegible] ... [s]end at once for circulars to

[T]. S. ARTHUR & SON, [illegible]



RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronized by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihlang-Ihlang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its uses for toilet and sanitary properties.

[illegible]

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, [illegible] Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Cold Cream [illegible] Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Lead, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London; 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton.

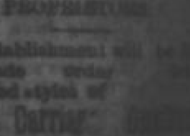
Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh

FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co.

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be kept on hand, or made to order, [illegible] most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, [illegible]

ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND [illegible]

[illegible]

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been put in, and as the whole is driven by steam power, the only establishment so supplied in this section of country, we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1874.

AUTUMN 187[3]

[illegible]

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

[illegible]

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS

[illegible]

[illegible] A. DUFF.

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2597 — OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1874. — PRICE 3 CE[NTS]

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,
SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 2, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 8, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 2, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.
Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence—O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 28, 1873. 2523y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M. L. C. P. S. L. C., M. C. P. S. O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 29, 1874 2556-3m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—41½ Sparks-st.
March 2, 1871. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
S. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 4, 67 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
A. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-S. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2363-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 5, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 13, 1874. 2514y

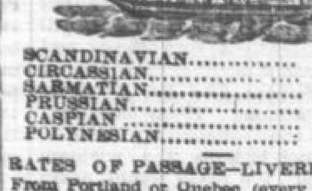
DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
Office:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
See T. & B. in each Plug.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines.
Call on or address,
GEO. DAWSON,
Sparks-st., Ottawa

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin.......$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage.......$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTA " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

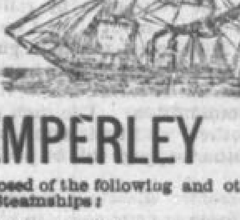
WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554

ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chandiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily (Sundays excepted), at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:30 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874

TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.
The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.
Thames.......Wednesday, June 3
Delta.......Wednesday June 17
Helios.......Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence.......Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.
Thames.......Thursday, July 2
Delta.......Thursday, July 9
Helios.......Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence.......Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
June 12, 1874. 2543.

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS.......P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!
J. R. STITT & CO.
Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.
STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.
As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.
***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.
The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Dress Goods—

		Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards		16cts. now	11¼
2,500	"	20 "	14½
3,000	"	25 "	19
3,175	"	30 "	22½
2,085	"	36 "	26½
2,275	"	40 "	31
3,050	"	50 "	38½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90 now	$0 78
1,225 "	1 25 "	1 00
1,300 "	1 40 "	1 25
1,575 "	1 55 "	1 28½
550 "	1 75 "	1 40½
500 "	2 00 "	1 47½
400 "	3 00 "	2 50

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts. now	14
Assortment	20 "	16
Plain Black	25 "	19½
and	30 "	23
Coloured	35 "	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	13cts. now	9½
2,275 "	14 "	11
3,025 "	15 "	12½
2,150 "	18 "	15
3,185 "	20 "	16

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons.	10cts. now	7½
	13 "	10½
	15 "	12½
	17 "	14½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costomes.

Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Hosiery.

White and	15c. now	12c.
	20 "	15½
Coloured	25 "	19
	30 "	23
Cotton	35 "	26½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Batisles and Lawns.

88,000 yards	17cts now	14
	20 "	16
	22 "	17½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts now	16½
Stripe	25 "	19
Muslins	30 "	23
4,000 yards	35 "	26½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts. now	15½
Splendid	25 "	19½
Assortment	30 "	23
	35 "	26½
	45 "	35

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts. now	14
450 "	20 "	16½
475 "	25 "	19½
380 "	30 and 35 "	23 & 26½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costumes.

Dresses	$4 60 now	$3 75
	6 75 "	5 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.
J. R. STITT & Co.,
20 SPARKS-ST.

MOWAT & SON,
50 Sussex-st.,
OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of
Cloths and Men's Clothing,
FOR TWO WEEKS
Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds		82½c
15 " Fine Scotch	do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg		2.50

A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.

200 Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 " Sac Coats	2.25

500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.
Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.
A. Mowat & Son.
May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL
In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they
HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST
With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS
Plain and Fancy Furniture,
Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a
SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.
Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874. 2561y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,
Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.
House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,
And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.
May 28, 1874. 2580y

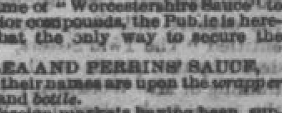
GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping, by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, and guaranteed.

GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$100,000
In Valuable Gifts.
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!
One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!
Five Prizes $1,000 each; Five Prizes $500 each; Ten Prizes $100 each — Greenbacks,
Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1500 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, 101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 86 Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Outfits Free — Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.

No 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Prince's Terrace," Victoria st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $4,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
33 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 28, 1873.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of R. W. Fearse, Esq., C. E., Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 24th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
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This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all drug stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer.

Presbyterianism in Scotland.

The proceedings of the Church Assemblies in Edinburgh, which we continue to report from day to day, are by no means wanting either in instruction or in interest. The Assembly of the Established Presbyterian Church is holding its sittings at the same time as the Assembly of the Free Church, and it is curious to remark the characters they respectfully display. We will not say that an Edinburgh altar is at the present moment set up against altar, for both parties would, we are sure, repudiate such a word with about equal vehemence. We will say rather that each party seems to be disagreeably conscious of the other's neighbourhood, and, though no incivilities are exchanged, yet the ruling spirit of the Establishment and the restiff uneasiness of the less prosperous Free Church can be traced with sufficient clearness. There are two points, however, on which they seem to agree perfectly. In the first place, the financial position of both is sound and flourishing. Whatever may be the task on which the Committees of either are engaged, whether on the conversion of the heathen abroad or at home, or the building and maintenance of schools, or the endowment of the clergy, the annual income is in every case in excess of the annual expenditure, and a fair balance remains over to be applied to the next year's work. With both, too, the chief human frailty which is to be contended against appears to be the love of drink. Whether the fact is pressed upon our notice by complaints about the conduct of congregations or by judicial sentences upon the offences of clergymen, the result is still the same; and the conclusion is forced upon us that in this, too, as well as in the shrewdness and good sense in money matters, there is no very essential difference between Scotch laymen and Scotch ecclesiastics. The weakest point, of these Assemblies is that they present to the outer world a sort of bird's eye view of the faults or follies of the whole year, and impress somewhat too strongly upon us the irreverent lesson that the clergy of Scotland show no exception to the proverbial tendency of all men to go wrong. The Convocation of the Church of England is far less indiscreet, but it is also far less powerful. The corresponding body in Scotland exercises a penal discipline which is not entrusted in England to so large a miscellaneous an assemblage. There are, no doubt, advantageous in the Presbyterian form of Church Government, and we know certainly, on the principal of the "survival of the fittest," that it is at all events, the best suited to the temper and habits of Scotchmen. We cannot help feeling, however, that the jurisdiction of the Bishop or of the Court of Arches is less adapted than that of the Presbytery to invoke the indecent comments of outsiders, and to reveal to a censorious world the possibility of error in the conduct of those who assert a claim upon its reverence.

The Bill on the Law of Patronage in the Scotch Church which has been recently brought forward by the Duke of Richmond in the House of Lords, has been, in both the Edinburg Church Assemblies, a great topic of discussion. It is not very clear at first sight in what way the Free Church Assembly is concerned in the matter at all. The express purpose of the Bill is to abolish the right of private patronage in the Established Church, from which the Free Church seperated itself just thirty-one years ago, and with which it is not now in the least proposing to reunite. The patrons are willing to surrender their rights and the Established Church is strongly in favour of their surrendering them, and it would seem, therefore, that no further consent was necessary. Such, however, is not the view which the Free Church takes of the position. There objection is that legal legislation which professes to affect Scotland ought not to be proceeded with at the instigation of only one body of Scotch Christians. There ought, they think, to be an inquiry into the wishes of the people generally, and they protest on their part to regard the proposed change as very far from satisfactory. There can be little doubt, although naturally they do not themselves urge the argument, that it would have a marked tendency to weaken their own position. The proposed appointment of the parochial clergy by the whole body of the male communicants of the congregation may or may not be the best possible method which could be devised, but it would be likely, at least, to be a privilege much valued by those to whom it is to be intrusted, and thus to unite them more closely among themselves, and possibly, too, to attract others to their communion. It is hardly to be expected, however, that the representatives of a rival Church should be warm enough in charitable feelings to look with favour on a prospect so hopeful for others and at the same time, so threatening to themselves. The reasons which make the proposed change acceptable to the Established Church tend directly to make it distasteful to the Free Church, accordingly, protests against its rival's advantage. We fear, however, that the protest will be in vain. There are plenty of real objections to be urged against a popular election of church ministers, even when the franchise is restricted to those only who are communicants. It might seem likely to promote in about equal degrees insolence on the part of the electing body and hypocrisy and subservience on the part of the candidates. A clergyman striving to ingratiate himself with the members of his future flock, and begging, cap in hand, for their vote and interest, must be a sight very far from edifying. It might be argued fairly that a mixed system of appointment would probably work best, and that it would be well there should be, as in the Church of England, many sorts of approaches to the desired haven of a benefice. There is much, however, to be brought forward on the other side. There is not only the expression of a large majority of the Assembly, though this alone would be necessarily of great weight, there is the fact that the proposed method of appointment already prevails in practice, and is not found to work otherwise than well. The opposition of the Free Church would, however, be perhaps the most conclusive of all arguments in favour of the Duke of Richmond's measure.

We see with some surprise that objections are made by the Assembly of the Established Church to receiving the munificent gift which Mr. James Baird has offered them. Mr. Baird, as our readers will remember, wished to devote a sum of no less than half a million sterling to the promotion of religious objects through the agency of the Scotch Establishment. Such gifts, it is true, do not always succeed in effecting their intended purposes, and too great wealth is even more likely than too great poverty to be unfavourable to religious fervour. The truth of this, however, is in general best appreciated by lookers-on. Endowment, to those who are intended to receive it, can scarcely appear as other than an unmixed benefit. Our Reporter does not state the grounds of the objection which has been made to the proposed employment of Mr. Baird's money, but it would be quite safe to assume that the Assembly has not been influenced in the matter by any fear that their Church will become too wealthy. There is plenty in the reported deliberations of the Assembly which must command our sincere respect. Its members appear earnest in their aims and sensible and moderate in their views and language, and they are clearly putting to a good use the considerable funds and the great influence they have already at their command. We are less thoroughly impressed, we must acknowledge, with the proceedings of the Free Church. Its representatives are probably no less sincere and no less earnest than those from whose Communion they have for so many years been estranged, but they do appear very much more narrow and intolerant.—*London Times.*

KANSAS DEVILTRY.

A Diabolical Outrage Upon a Wife—A Woman Chained and Rotting in a Dungeon for Over a Year—Flight of Her Husband and Daughter.

About a year ago one A. W. Fullie moved into a frame cottage in Atchison, Kansas, and for several months was engaged in "tinkering" about the premises. He was about forty years of age, was quite reticent and lived the life of a hermit, except that a young woman was frequently seen about the place. The neighbors became curious, then interested, and finally, according to the "Champion," one or two of the women living in that locality went over to the house to see the new comers. The man met them at the gate before they entered the house, and asked them who they wished to see.

Mrs. Asbach, who was one of the callers, says the "Champion," informed him that they had called over to see the ladies. In the most polite manner he thanked them, but told them he was living there with one daughter, whose mind was not very strong, and who was subject to epileptic fits whenever a stranger came into the house, and he knew it would be unpleasant for them to see her.

Of course this satisfied the desire of the ladies who came to call, but it did not in the least allay their curiosity, and ever since the house has been kept under surveillance and a watch as close as only a curious woman can keep was kept upon the house and its inmates. In the course of two or three months the man went off to work, it seems, as a stonemason or bricklayer, he working quite a while last summer in the employ of Owen Seip, and by him was considered a good workman and a steady, sober, quiet man.

One day a woman living in that vicinity took occasion in his temporary absence to run over and see his daughter. The woman verified the man's story in regard to the girl, who seemed about twenty years of age, in all except the story in regard to her fits. She was reticent and untalkative, and seemed to be endowed with only partial common sense, and barely treated her visitor with common respect. This was early in January, and it proved not only the first visitor who got inside the house, but it was undoubtedly the last. All winter long the man appeared to have nothing to do, and was continually seen around his house. All this was regarded very suspiciously, and as occasionally, at night, a sort of frightful cry was heard from the house, it became a sort of chronic rumor that he was in the habit of abusing his daughter, and that it was this cause alone that placed her in this mental condition. So strong had these rumors become that Marshal Crall was informed of them, and for several days he had the house "shadowed," or closely watched, until yesterday afternoon, when, the man not being seen around all day, it was determined to at least see the cause, and, accompanied by an officer, he entered the house. The girl seemed frightened to death, and in response to an inquiry as to where her father was she stated that he had gone to Kansas City to get work, and would not be back for several days. After some looking around Marshal Crall approached a door leading to the cellar. For the first time the girl evinced a feeling that demonstrated action, and she walked over to the officer and told him not to go there. This action, of course, made the search more thorough and careful, and of this portion of the house particularly.

Lighting a lamp, the officers proceeded to the cellar, and there found one of the saddest and most sickening sights that could be imagined. In one corner, upon a dirty, filthy pallet, lay a half-naked woman, chained with an iron band around her ankle to a staple in the wall. The first question showed the half crazed mental condition in which the poor woman was, and the cause which produced her horrible confinement in this miserable hole. But one little aperture permitted ventilation, and the hole had a sickening, deathly smell, that was caused by non-ventilation and the dirty, filthy surroundings.

On a box, in a dirty old yellow dish, was some filthy looking meat and some stale bread.

The chain was taken off her leg by the use of a small iron bar and a file, and the poor woman stood on her feet.

The story was soon gathered from the woman and the girl, and it is as full of cruelty and barbarism as could be conceived. For one year the woman had thus been confined, and never once saw the light. The girl said the woman was her stepmother, and was crazy; but the quiet manner in which the woman acted would tend to disipate the story; or, if it were so, the aberration of the mind must have been very slight.

The poor woman, nearly deaf from the excitement, was taken by the neighbours, kindly washed, dressed and cared for, and by the change, would hardly be known. She is a tolerably fair-looking woman, and doesn't bear the appearance of harming an infant. She seems in constant dread and misery lest she should be taken back to the hideous hole from which she was rescued, and is continually inquiring if she is in heaven.

The inhuman husband has probably escaped, and a visit to the house at a late hour last night to arrest the daughter, discovered the fact that she was also gone. The trains are closely watched to see that she does not leave town by railroad, and an attempt will be made to arrest the husband.

It would make the strongest man shudder to step inside the hole, and the only wonder is that the poor woman lived so long.

The woman will be cared for by the neighbors until some disposition is made of her by the county. She is now but little more than a skeleton, and can hardly walk around. The dread of going back to the internal hole where she was discovered, still seems to haunt her, and her pathetic appeals to save her, with the interrogatories in regard to where she is, are certainly heartrending.

POND'S EXTRACT.—Cures bleeding from the lungs. It can be used with a common "inhaler." Try it. 2595

At two o'clock to-day the great Piano sale will come off, in Robinson and Heney's Block Spark Street, we would advise all in want of good pianos to attend this sale. 2596.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I used that nothing relieved me. Now I can eat well, sleep well, work well and feel well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JEROME SHENE, Insurance Agent. 2595

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF

ORGAN MUSIC!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport $2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries 2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste 2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries 1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea. 3 50
Rio's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each 0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete 3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel 2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home $2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs 1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries 1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion 2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.
JOS. METCALFE.
June 17, 1874. 2 97tf.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

RECEPTION

—OF THE—

National Division of North America!

TRIP TO CHATS FALLS

By the Canada Central R. R. and Steamer "Jessie Cassells,"

ON THURSDAY,

Starting at 8.30 a.m.

A splendid BRASS BAND is engaged for the occasion.

Tickets for the Excursion, including Dinner, $1.50.

THURSDAY EVENING,

Public Reception in Knox's Church.

TEA SERVED AT 7.30 P. M.

Addresses will be delivered by several eminent Americans and other Temperance advocates.
Tickets for reception, 25c. each. Tickets may be procured at Mr. Gibson's Confectionery Store, of the committee, and at the door and Railway Station.
JAS. E. HOWE, Secretary.
June 16, 1874.

BOOK OR STOREKEEPERS—Two young Englishmen of great experience are open to an engagement as above. Address R. B., Post Office, Ottawa.
June 16, 1874. 2596-2

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A. R. GILES, Esq., Dear Sir,—In reply to your note asking how I like the Canadian Washing Machine you left on trial at my place I have to say that it gives every satisfaction, doing its work thoroughly, being more easily worked than any other, and a great deal cheaper. I may add that it took me some time to persuade my wife to try your machine, as she had already tried the Bunnell Machine twice, and had concluded the machines were all humbugs alike.
A. W. LANG.
June 16, 1874 2585-y

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentlemen only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2590

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.
June 11, 1874. 2592

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location, especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584.

OTTAWA

Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 48,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock in same.
The books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 38 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN., Secretary, pro tem.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.
Ottawa, May 23d, 1874. 2528-3m

THOS. S. SARNEY,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER

AND

AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances,

Light Engines and General Machinery

Agent for Edgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.

Orders or enquiries at

CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
June 13, 1874. 2588-tf

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and fitting the same ready for use.
P LeSUEUR.
June 11, 1874. 2591

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2468

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail [illegible]) mailed free. Address [illegible] ANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,

Main-St.,

HULL, P.Q.

GLAD TIDINGS !!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freves, and a variety of other brands,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS, Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Gentlemen's Dress—Russell & Watson.
Mantles, Grates, &c.—W. M. Somerville.
Organ Music—Ditson & Co.
Flowers—A. Forfar's.
Notice—Joseph Metcalfe.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1874.

Hon. Messrs. Burpee and Smith left for St. John, N. B., yesterday.

The Postmaster General has gone to Toronto. He will return about the end of the week.

We learn that on Monday night the North West Police Force camped at a point on the other side the Cheynne river, 15 miles beyond Moorehead, which is about 200 miles from Dufferin. It is likely that Red River may be made use of for the transport of the heavy stores from Moorehead to Pembina.

Our despatches from New Brunswick, received last night, announces the success of the Local Government's Candidates in York, and conveys the impression that they will have a majority in the Legislature, though Gloucester went against them. The battle continues to be fought on the School question, mainly, the other issues being of a trifling character. The friends of the present School system resent the idea of interference, much less pressure from abroad, with a view to the change of this school law, which is as energetically denounced as ever by the Roman Catholics, and their sympathisers in Quebec. However gratifying the good will of their Quebec co-religionists, as expressed through their journals, may be, it has been citied by the friends of the Free Schools as a proof of the desire of Quebec to dictate to New Brunswick in a matter exclusively concerning herself. The Catholics, as before, assert their determination to agitate and appeal to England, if need be, for the reform they demand. The Local Government will probably secure a working majority, and with success may come an inclination to devise a conciliatory policy for the removal of Catholic discontent.

THE RECENT MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

We are inclined to believe that those who are charged with the administration of the Department of Militia and Defence are as a rule well pleased to receive from officers others, and who are interested in the Volunteer Force, hints or suggestions pointing to the attainment of a desirable improvement and efficiency. Militia officers are entitled to make representations of the kind we have indicated. In that direction they can indulge their disposition for complaint, or criticism, or advice. But a wholesome rule of discipline closes to them the avenues of public discussion open to ordinary citizens. We find officers and officers in command airing their grievances and indulging in criticism, not we should say of the most temperate kind either, through the medium of the public press, thus placing themselves in open conflict with the discipline to which they are understood to be subject, and which it is their duty to enforce in their command. We need not stigmatise the conduct of those who thus assume a freedom that they ought to know is not permitted to them, further than to say that it is grossly insubordinate and must be dealt with in that character. It is quite evident that no indulgence can be granted in a license that is so liable to be abused and to result in damaging consequences. We find an example of the kind of transgression of which we complain in the *Globe* of Monday last, in the form of a letter signed "Lieutenant Colonel," and which, we were pleased to see, received a well-merited rebuke from the paper in which it appeared. The correspondent must scarcely have been impressed with the chances of his violent and, from him, highly improper communication finding favour even with those whose sympathies lay in line with its sentiments, much less with those who could from their position give early effect to suggestions properly conveyed.

Respecting the recent Militia General Orders, we still adhere to the opinion we expressed a few days ago. There may be, however, as intimated by the *Globe*, a few exceptional cases in which previous good character and perhaps active service establish claims to recognition superior to those of the average delinquents. These, it is not improbable, may yet be dealt with in a manner that will not impose upon them the reproach of having secured by favoritism a status to which by the standard of their actual efficiency they were not entitled. Of the force coming within the scope of the General Order of the 2nd June, it is altogether propable that there may be some companies, perhaps battalions, that may not be in a position to turn out. Such occurrences were not unknown in former years, and we have reason to believe that applications have already been made to the Department, in view of the approaching drill, by some corps that are sensible of their inability to meet the requirements of the Service. Should such prove to be the case there needs be no doubt that the Acting Adjutant General will select the more deserving of those who have come short of the standard fixed by the general order, the number requisite to replace those who will have declined to come forward. It will be highly satisfactory if a remedy for apparent grievances can be found in this unobjectionable way. There will be universal agreement with the *Globe* in its expressions of confidence in Lieut.-Colonel

RECENT GERMAN LEGISLATION.

Whether from a sensitive repugnance to error, or an aversion to the impression likely to be created by its identification with the proposal to extend to all the States of the Empire, the new Prussian law for the civil registration of births, marriages and deaths, the Federal Council of state has thought it proper to obtain a semi-official denial of the report recently telegraphed, that it had voted for that extension. In itself the system of civil registration seems unobjectionable enough, so far as any State is concerned, and particularly any professedly laical and free in its form of Government; and were the new Federation to adopt it, it would be but following the example of other European nations, including France and Austria. There seemed nothing extraordinary, then, in the original announcement, in view of the fact that the Imperial Legislature has been dealing with some very important questions, of late, in a manner evincing anything but timidity. For the motive of the prompt denial thus given, apart from its propriety on the ground of truth, it may be imagined that the Council did not desire to appear as assuming the responsibility of transcending its powers. It could not have legislated for all the States on a subject so delicate, in view of their different circumstances as regards the proportions of Roman Catholics and Protestants, their traditional policy and past and present relations with the ecclesiastical power at Rome. Though the various States, like the members of other Confederations, have surrendered some of their powers for the purpose of general government and administration, they have retained others, affecting questions of domestic, social and religious interest. Those different States, as might naturally be expected, have provisions specially suitable for such requirements as registration, which the Federal Council, instead of disregarding, as at first reported, so far respected as to reject the measure designed to establish a uniform system for all, regardless of existing arrangements. We are now told the reason for the rejection of the bill was that its provisions were not in harmony with the legislation of the different States. It is interesting to observe such a manifestation of respect for the authority of the various States, side by side with the readiness to undertake the most radical legislation within the powers of the general Diet. However willing the Imperial authorities, inspired by Bismarck, may be, to break a lance with the Roman Catholic ecclesiastical body, they seem scrupulous enough in dealing with the rights and prerogatives of the separate political organizations forming the Empire. The Federal Legislation has so deeply offended the Ultramontane party, and that section of the Clergy disposed to look exclusively to Rome for direction, in all matters of administration, that nothing further that could be proposed, of a nature to exalt the civil at the expense of the ecclesiastical authority, would create surprise. There can be no doubt that Prince Bismarck and colleagues, who have so long labored for the unity of Germany, under Prussian leadership, and the consolidation of its strength, have been convinced of the hostility of the Ultramontane Party, or those disposed to set the Church above the State in all matters of genuine importance. Bismarck has declared repeatedly that this party plotted and struggled to thwart German Unity, and assist the French and Roman enemies of the Empire. Believing, moreover, that there was no coming to terms with it—that it considered its allegiance in all matters, secular as well as religious primarily and next to exclusively due to Rome—that, in fact, it constituted a powerful enemy entrenched in the heart of the country, which had entrusted it with so much authority—it became with the Prince a question of the utmost importance to diminish its power and discredit its pretensions. The secular authorities will no longer divide the supreme power, but exercise it themselves in matters of church administration, such as episcopal and clerical appointments. The aim is to secure a national feeling, with all the clergy, and the subordination of all in temporal things to that State which provides for their support and jurisdiction, and comprehends all religious denominations. Whatever may be the merits or demerits of the Chancellor's vigorous policy, or whatever may be said of his method of giving it expression, he has earnestly disclaimed all intention of harming the Roman Catholic faith. There is no desire to cramp its religious spirit, or embarrass its purely religious operations. The vital interests of the State are pleaded as the justification for the recent changes, which are directed against internal opposition, on the part of a portion of the clergy, supposed to be more Italian or Roman than German in spirit. It is designed by the school system, the States', or the people's appointment of the clergy, in the event of refusal by the Bishops, and by other recent arrangements, to develop home feeling and loyalty to the Empire and to weaken foreign and, possibly hostile influences. Germany considers she is still struggling for the consolidation of her institutions, at present against spiritual if not temporal powers, and that she can not afford to disregard such enemies. Whether this anti-ecclesiastical policy will succeed remains to be seen. At present it is supported by Roman Catholics as well as Protestants—by the elements disposed to give all due weight to considerations of a political or national character. In another column we give an extract from an English paper describing the recent legislation, and commenting upon its character.

The Montreal *Herald* says:

"It has been generally supposed that Mr. Geoffrion would be invited to take a place in the Cabinet which has been rendered vacant by the removal of Mr. Dorion to the Chief Justiceship. So far, this has been, however, no more than speculation, based of course upon the patent probabilities. But now we believe it to be a fact that the invitation has occurred. Whether it will be accepted will, no doubt, be known in a few days.

The St. John (N.B.) *Telegraph*, a journal friendly to the Dominion Government, publishes the following editorial notice:

We extend to the Hon. A. J. Smith our congratulations on the high position tendered to him, as Minister of Justice. The tender is creditable to the liberal views of the Mackenzie Government, and will be appreciated in the Maritime Provinces. Mr. Smith will, perhaps, decide in favour of holding his present portfolio, on the ground that his doing so may be held to be in the interests of his county and of the

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR:—In your report of the late fire at the residence of Mr. Thomas Reynolds, the inference is sought to be conveyed that the "Conqueror" did all the work—that in fact, were it not for her services the building would have been consumed. That such was not the case, however, was very evident to all who were present at the early stages of the fire, for it was well under control by the *hand engines* before the "Conqueror's" hose was even laid into the garden; and her efforts on this occasion were really expended in deluging the premises with water. Now it appears to me very wrong to thus mislead the public with regard to the time required by this machine to get up a *working* head of steam, as at fires she takes at least eighteen minutes to get a stream on. Perhaps she can do it faster, but it has not been done as yet *at a fire*. I feel satisfied it will be some time before the interested public will feel confident that the "Conqueror" was the best *size* of engine to purchase for this city. Many old firemen felt that a light engine to draw, making steam in six or seven minutes, and withal giving serviceable fire streams through a few thousand feet of hose, would have been the best investment for Ottawa, all things considered, and feel assured the citizens at large will agree they were right in that opinion. The best evidence of this is that there is a wide spread wish with the members of the Corporation to get rid of her at the first favourable opportunity, and purchase in her stead one of the smaller steamers. The utility of smaller engines would be even more patent when able to take suction from hydrants, which it is expected will be soon available. The "Conqueror" is a very good engine when allowed sufficient time to steam up—and this she must have, notwithstanding what may be said in her favour by interested friends. While allowing all that may be claimed for her however, why not give the volunteer "tubs" that honest meed of justice which at most fires they are entitled to. "Honour to whom honour is due.

FIREMAN.

OTTAWA, June 15, 1874.

CITY AND VICINITY

WOOD FOR CAMP.—Alderman John Heney has been accorded the contract for supplying the camp at Ottawa with wood.

FOR ROCKWOOD.—Deputy Sheriff Nicholson left yesterday by the St. L. & O. Railway, with a lunatic for Rockwood.

HOSE.—The last 500 feet of 3½ inch rubber hose, has arrived, making in all 2,500 feet now in the possession of the Corporation.

MAIN SEWER.—The tenders for the construction of the main sewer for the city of Ottawa will be taken into consideration at a special meeting of the Council on Friday evening next.

NEW OFFICE.—The Montreal Telegraph Company have opened an office at Gilmour & Co's. new steam mill opposite the city. Tariff from Ottawa 15 cts.

THE MEAT CONTRACT.—The Messrs. Satchell Bros. have been awarded the contract for supplying the troops to be in camp at Ottawa with meat during their twelve days drill.

PERSONAL.—The Rev. A. A. Cameron left the city yesterday to attend the Baptist Convention which meets this morning in the Baptist Church, West Osgoode. The month of June is truly an ecclesiastical one in the Dominion of Canada, for during it Church Assemblies, Synods, Conferences, Unions and Conventions meet in endless numbers throughout the length and breadth of the land.

CRICKET MATCH.—The Montreal Cricket Club will play a match with the Ottawa Cricket Club on the grounds of the latter, at Rideau Hall, on Dominion Day. As both Clubs are very strong this year, this match is certain to be one of the best of the season, and will doubtless be an attractive feature in the programme of amusements for the day. The Commercial Cricket Club are expected to play a friendly game with the Ottawa Cricket Club, at the Rideau Hall grounds, on Saturday next, the 20th inst.

TEMPERANCE.—The grand officers of the National Division paid a visit to the Bytown Division on Monday night, and no doubt felt pleased at the rapid strides made by the old division during the past year. Among those present were—O. D. Whitmore, most Worthy Patriarch; W. Hodges, G.W. Scribe; G. McLean Rose, G. W. P. Ontario; Rev. T. Gale, G.W.P. Quebec; Ed. Carswell, P. M. W. G.; Thomas Webster, G.S. Ontario; J. G. Rowe, G. W. A. Ontario. The above grand officers were introduced by Bro. Jr M. T. Harrison, P. G. W. A. Ontario; a pleasant evening was spent.

NEW SIDEWALK.—The sidewalk in front of Mr. Cruice's brick block, on O'Connor street, is being raised to the proper grade. It will require some two feet of earth to bring it up to the necessary level. On the opposite side of the street and in front of the Orange Hall there exists a much greater necessity for improvement than in the above place. Time and again has it been adverted to in the public press, but as yet no steps have been taken to improve this much travelled public thoroughfare. A crossing about Albert street would also be a great public convenience.

THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—This hotel has received a thorough renovation from garret to cellar. Rooms have been whitewashed, papered and painted, giving a freshness and cleanly appearance to the entire establishment. A fine new oil cloth has been laid in the principal saloon and other improvements, in keeping with the necessities of such a house, have been made. Mr. Gouin thinks this should at least suffice, until the new and enlarged premises just begun are completed. The new building when finished will make unexceptionably the largest and finest looking hotel in the Dominion of Canada.

THE CROPS.—News comes to hand from all parts of the surrounding country as to the fine appearance of the crops. The hay crop will exceed in yield anything that has been produced for years in the Ottawa district. Contrary to expectation the fall wheat has survived the bleak and cold spring, and will be a heavy crop. The spring grain and root crops, which were all got in during the dry weather, are also thus far very promising and likely to give a good yield. All this pleasing intelligence should make us feel grateful to him who is the great dispenser of the bounties of nature, and who so regulates the seasons as to best suit the interests of mankind.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS' CONCERT.—Prof. Workman is at present making great preparations for a grand concert to be held under the auspices of the Board of Public School Trustees, in the Rink Music Hall, on the evening of the 29th inst., at the close of the Semi-Annual Examinations in the City Public Schools. One leading feature of the concert will be a beautiful Operatta entitled "The Twin Sisters," to be rendered by the pupils so long under the training of Mr Workman. A rehearsal of the piece took place last night in the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and judging from the success attending the practice the rendition of the piece will ultimately be attended with success. The music is said to be of a much higher order than anything previously undertaken by the pupils, and with a view to making it a complete success several amateurs have kindly volunteered their assistance on the occasion. The object of the concert is to assist in the liquidation of an indebtedness incurred to supply our Public Schools with instruments suited to assist in the carrying out of vocal music in them. This fact being known, we feel satisfied our citizens will generously respond to the call and accord to the entertainment their patron-

TRADES' COUNCIL.—Rosa D'Erina is shortly expected to give a musical entertainment in this City, under the auspices of and in the interest of the Trades' Assembly of Ottawa.

COURT OF REVISION.—The Court of Revision held its last sitting last night in the City Hall. The appeals from assessments were all dealt with, so that the final revision of the assessment has now taken place.

THE FIRE BRIGADE.—Two more men have been appointed for service at the Fire Engine House, George street, making in all six in the employ of the Corporation. The additional men are intended as drivers and night watchmen, and are expected to keep a sharp look out during the night for fires.

LITERARY SOIREES.—Among the closing exercises of the Ottawa Ladies' College, are a literary soiree and matinee, at which the different colored tickets of admission on each occasion will be as follows: Matinee this afternoon, blue; soiree, this evening, green. Ticket holders must be careful to present the right color or they will be refused admittance.

RAIN.—All day yesterday from early morn a steady rain poured down. It rendered out doors somewhat unpleasant but it is a glorious thing for the country, and such being the fact, it is not for us to grumble. The verdure of the woods is now at its brightest, and the pastures and fields possess a verdancy equal at least to anything that can be boasted of in Erin's green isle. Great expectations are in consequence anticipated from the dairy this year.

BASE BALL.—The Prescott Base Ball Club yesterday defeated the celebrated "Pastimes," of Ogdensburgh, the score being 13 to 10. A match is arranged to take place about the middle of next week between the "Ottawa" Club of this city, and the "Newcastle" Base Ball Club, of Newcastle. It is also probable that the "Maple Leaf" Club, of Guelph, will shortly visit Ottawa to play. Negotiations to that effect are now being carried on between the two Clubs.

TRUANCY.—Detective Davis has during his first year of office as truant officer of the Public Schools, been very indulgent with parents who neglect to educate their children. He has, however, given ample warning in this respect to such delinquents, and further leniency would be a dereliction of duty and an evasion of the work that the statute law of the land demands that he should faithfully discharge. He has now broken the ice in the way of prosecuting the guilty, so that all those who are desirous of avoiding the full penalty of the law, had better see to it that their children are at least sent to school one-half of the year.

Police Court.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

TUESDAY, June 16.

Jeffrey Nolan, charged with keeping a disorderly house, was fined $2 and costs.

Casimire Deault, charged with assaulting his wife, *alias* Mrs. Campeau, was sent down for one month, at hard labor.

A man named Turcotte, charged with getting drunk and abusing his wife, was fined $2 and costs, or two weeks in gaol.

David Bellefeuille charge his brother with setting fire to his house on Coburg street. The evidence went clearly to remove all suspicion and blame from the prisoner. He was defended by Mr. Ross, and discharged.

The adjourned case of Casimere Deault, charged with breaking into Daire's house was further adjourned until to-morrow, to afford the defendent time to get a witness.

A Pleasing Tribute.

Last evening a pleasant time was spent in the "Feathers Restaurant," William street, it being the occasion of the presentation by the members of the Guards' Band, of an address and Baton to their much esteemed bandmaster, Mr. James Carter. Amongst those present, besides the members of the band were Col. Ross, Major White, Capt. and Adjt. Walsh and other commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the Governor General's Foot Guards, together with the representative of the city Press.

The baton is of ebony and neatly designed by Mr. John R. Greenfield. The silver mounting is of the most chaste and artistic kind, and was executed by Messrs. Radford & Goyer, jewellers. On the end, in solid gold, is a miniature lion. It will be on exhibition for a few days in the window of their jewellering establishment on Sparks street, when our readers can see and judge for themselves as to its appearance. It bears the following inscription:—

Presented
to
Bandmaster James Carter,
by the members
Of the G. G. F. G. Band,
Ottawa, June, 1874.

Sergeant Brewer read the subjoined address, and Major White made the presentation at the particular request of the members of the band. Col. Ross occupied the chair during the interesting ceremony.

ADDRESS.

To Bandmaster James Carter,

DEAR SIR,—We, the members of the Band of the Governor-General's Foot Guards, beg your acceptance of this Baton which is presented to you as a slight token of the esteem and respect in which you are universally held, and we earnestly wish that you may long use it in the service of the Band.

We feel proud of the position in which we stand among the Volunteer Bands of Canada, and are confident that with continued practice under your able leadership, we might hope to be able to compete with rival bands at the Annual Band Contest held at Toronto, and bring back laurles to the Capital.

Finally, you may feel assured that the Bandsmen will ever act with you in your efforts as Bandmaster to advance the band to that *acme* of perfection we are so anxious to attain.

Signed on behalf of the Band by Band Sergeants

JAMES BREWER,
WM. TAYLOR.

Mr. Carter responded in a few but very appropriate remarks.

This part over, it was followed by an impromptu spread, at which the usual toasts, songs, and speeches followed. The affair was kept up till a somewhat late hour, when the "National Anthem" brought a very pleasant but social reunion to a close.

Mine host, Mr. Fred. Evans, of the "Feathers," did everything in his power to make the affair a success.

Deplorable Suicide.

Yesterday morning about eight or nine o'clock, the body of a woman was discovered floating in the Rideau, between the residence of Mr. Satchell and Cumming's Bridge, which was shortly after identified as being that of a Mrs. Wheeler, well known in police circles. She is said to have been greatly addicted to the vice of intemperance, a fact which has had the effect of leading to a separation from her husband, Mr. George Wheeler. His heartless conduct, however, in thus deserting her and his lawful children, leaving them to eke out a miserable existence, is deserving of the severest censure, as it has unfortunately led her to commit what is unmistakeably a clear case of suicide. She has had for some time to provide as best she could for the subsistence of herself and three helpless children, and this desperate and vagrant habits has doubtless prompted the taking deliberately of her own life. She was observed on Ottawa street by Sergeant Brown, about nine o'clock on Monday night, when she appeared to be going towards the Rideau River. She had crossed over St. Patrick's Bridge probably during the night, as about five o'clock yesterday morning she was seen by Mr. F. Satchell wandering about near Mr. Harris' new house, just below Cumming's Bridge. Mr. Satchell thought there was something strange in the woman's appearance and conduct, and as he looked at her for awhile, she went back into an adjoining field, from which she must have subsequently come and thrown herself into the river. The deed as far as she is concerned must have been premeditated and deliberative, for she had taken off her shoes and a portion of her clothes which were found in the vicinity. The body was first seen by Mr. Tremblay, of Gloucester, and was no distance from shore. It was floating at the time, and was hauled to the shore to await the arrival of the Coroner. An inquest was held by Coronor Beaubien and a jury empalled, but the result of the investigation we were not in a position to obtain last night.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Daniels' Hotel.

Wm. A. Wilkes, Toronto; Duncan McFarlane, Montreal; S. Tucker, Clarence; A. MacLean, Eardly; A. H. Percy, Montreal; L. Laliberte, Quebec; Jas. W. Stafford, Quebec; W. K. Egan, Aylmer; D MacLaren, Wakefield; A. B. Howell, Trenton, N J; Wm. Robins, Trenton, N J; Fred W Kelly, Int Holly; B F Horndike & wife, Portsmouth, N H; E M Horton, C Waters, James Nixon & wife, Mrs Quincy & two daughters Boston; A M. Kennedy, O. Heavitt, Jas Jones, South Carolina; F L Harding & wife, Boston; E. Cody & wife, Boston; Thos. Chubbock & wife, Springfield, Mass.; Robt M Foast, Philadelphia; Miss M Kigsby, Baltimore; E Emerick Sell, Charleston S C; J Neville & wife, Poughkeepsie, N Y; T Myers, S A Hewett, J Jean, Baltimore; Samuel Halley, Quincy N Y; W B Wadman & wife, Boston; E W Wheeler, Worcester; Thomas Wilson, Stoughton, Mass; F M Bradley & wife, J S Winfield, Washington, D C; P B Struess & wife, Rhode Island; C P McCabe & daughter, Virginia; T R McArthut, Montreal; H S McCollom, Saratoga; John C Sims, Philadelphia; F Murtagh, Leitchfield; Revd J Fraser, Bryson, P Q; J H Ralph, East Templeton; S J Greenlease, Aylmer; M Curtis, Brooklyn; A C Flanagan, New York; Jonathan Mason, Brooklyn; Jno J Littell, Newark, N J; Mrs J Young, Baltimore; Edward Cranmerry, Edwarp Roberts, Poughkeepsie, N Y.

The German Bishops

Neither the Prussian Government and Legislature nor the German Imperial authorities have shrunk from the logical consequences of the Falk laws. Drastic as some of the provisions of these measures are, it has been long manifest that they were incomplete. If Prince Bismarck were to do his work thoroughly—as he is in the habit of doing—further legislation was necessary. What was to be done with bishops and other ecclesiastics who obstinately persisted in defying the laws after the supreme ecclesiastical court had removed them from their high offices? What again, was to become of the Catholic congregations and parishes which under the May laws had lost their clergy? How if both bishops and priests, in spite of the law and of all the sentences of the civil courts, were to persist in acting as if they were bishops and priests all the same; and if their faithful flocks continued to look to them for spiritual guidance as before? And even supposing the bishops and priests were got rid of and quite out of the way, who were to come in their places? or were the sheep to be left altogether without shepherds and the dioceses without control? These are the questions, accompanied by all the difficulties growing out of them, which the German and Prussian authorities have had to face ever since they saw the result of the May laws and of the rebellion of the clergy against them. It was necessary to answer them soon, because under the natural operation of these laws there were large numbers of congregations without pastors, and the cases were multiplying daily of archbishops and bishops dispossessed of office and imprisoned, but refused to lay aside their episcopal character.

These questions have now been answered. They have been answered in a way that implies, if the hopes of German statesmen be realized, the reorganization of the Catholic Church in the German Empire, its separation in respect of administration and government from the Vatican, and its institution as a German National Church. These have been the ends and aims of the German ecclesiastical policy ever since the war with the Roman Curia began, and now the great experiment will be tried. If the Catholic laity desire its success, it will succeed; if not, it will be a failure, so far as the Church is concerned, though the State will, all the same, have secured its autonomy and guarded itself against possible aggressions from the "Roman theocracy." So long ago as January last two measures had been prepared, both of which have now become law, the one referring to the whole Empire, and the other to Prussia alone. The first, regarding the treatment of ecclesiastical functionaries deprived of office or punished for the illegal practice of the duties of their former office, was laid before the Federal Council by the Chancellor on behalf of the Prussian Government, and declared such ecclesiastics deprived of their rights as citizens of the State, and liable to internment and exile. This law was passed by the Federal Council, and accepted by the Imperial Parliament during the last session. The second measure was a bill prepared by the Prussian Government to regulate the administration of Catholic bishoprics declared vacant, and which remained unprovided for by the cathedral chapters. After repeated debates in the Diet this bill was passed by an overwhelming majority—257 to 95 on the third reading—in the Lower House, and by a sufficient majority in the Upper House just before the Diet adjourned. There was still a third measure, which was passed at the same time by an equally large majority, for completing the May law regarding the training and appointment of the clergy. The votes in the Diet show that in the Church and State struggle all political parties, except the Ultramontanes and a few isolated "fractions"—Poles, Particularists, and Alsatians—are convinced of the necessity of providing the Government with the legislative and administrative means of thoroughly going through with the task it has undertaken.

The Government, therefore, can now make the Falk laws effective. Bishops and others go on defying the laws in spite of the supreme ecclesiastical tribunal may be liberated from prison (if they are there) to be sent into exile or to be interned under police surveillance. Communication with their flocks may thus be prevented. In regard to those parishes which have lost their spiritual leaders through legal proceedings, and where those who have the authority will not exercise it in order to provide others, the Prussian State has reverted to the principle that the laity are the Church as well as the clergy, and that if the latter will not appoint the former may be applied to. Consequently, when a clergyman is condemned for the illegal exercise of clerical functions, the part of the presentation may be called upon to present, and, should he fail to do so within a certain prescribed time, his patronage is transferred to the parishioners. Thus it is hoped new pastors may be settled, and the old ones will be got rid of, if they prove troublesome, through the police. A like principle *mutatis mutandis*, is applied to the case of vacant bisoprics. The bishops dispossessed by law having been sent away, and the chapter abstaining from electing a substitute to administer the bishopric, the Minister for spiritual affairs, after an interval, may appoint a commissary who will take charge of the property of the bishopric, and do [illegible] the bishop himself would have done.

Prussia, Baden, and Wurtemberg have in consequence, found it necessary to introduce new regulations between Church and State, and as so much depends on the clergy, new rules have been drawn up regarding their training and appointment. The old law declared by the Bull of 1821 still holds with respect to the election of bishops; but, as Rome will not now co-operate with Prussia in adhering to it, further changes become necessary as there are vacancies. Meanwhile Prussia is proceeding steadily in the enforcement of the laws which must ere long empty every episcopal see in the Kingdom. Powers have been taken, as we have seen, to send refractory ecclesiastics into exile, and the Archbishops of Posen and Cologne and the Bishop of Treves and others may soon find they are released from prison only to be expelled the land. As the cathedral chapters will not probably appoint administrators and the Pope will not even admit there are vacancies, the Government will have to administer by its own officers, and thus take possession of the property unless Old Catholic Bishops like Dr. Reinkens should be forthcoming. If any considerable portion of the Catholic laity were to acknowledge such bishops, the problem would be solved; the State would cease to support the Roman Catholic Church, and there would be in reality a Reformed National Catholic Church in Germany.

THE MOUNTED POLICE.

Their Arrival in this City—Who Commands—A Fine Appearing Body of Men and Horses—Further information about their Duties and Trip thus far.

(*From the St. Paul Press, June* 11.)

The Mounted Police arrived here yesterday morning by the West Wisconsin, and spent yesterday in the city. As stated yesterday, the party have recently been recruited at Toronto, Canada, and are on their way to Dufferin, in Manitoba. The entire party left Toronto on Saturday noon, by two special trains, on the Grand Trunk road to Detroit, where they took the Michigan Central to Chicago, remaining in that city twenty-four hours for the purpose of raising their horses and resting, re-shipping by special trains on the Chicago & Northwestern and West Wisconsin roads for this city, where they arrived safely.

The organization is under the command of Lieut.-Col. French, the Commissioner of the Canadian government for the Northwest, who is with them, accompanied by his family. Col. French is a civil, as well as military officer—holding much the position of that a Justice of the Peace does in this State.

The other officer's of the party, constituting Col. French's staff, are, Lieut. Col. Griffiths, Adjutant and Sub-Major; Mr. Forgett, Quartermaster; Dr. Kittson, son of N. W. Kittson of this city, of steamboat fame, surgeon; Mr. Pott, veterinarian surgeon. The other officers are Major J. M. Walsh, commanding troop 'D,' composed of eighty-eight men; Captain Jackson, commanding troop 'E,' of fifty men, and Captain Richer, commanding troop 'F,' of fifty men. Troop 'D,' is the artillery section, and carries with it two heavy guns and two mortars, which explains why it has a larger number of men than the other divisions of the organization. They carry with them eighty waggons and over two hundred and forty horses. The entire party is under the personal charge of Mr. C. Sheehy, passenger agent of the Michigan Central Railroad, who succeeded in affecting the arrangements with the different roads over which they are compelled to pass, and inducing them to come this way, it being originally designed to take them by the way of the lakes and overland. This trip would have been of a very decidedly tedious character, and through Mr. Sheehy's efforts the railroad arrangements were made. The following letter from the Secretary of the Treasury to the collector of customs at Port Huron, shows something of the spirit in which the project of passing through the United States Territory was received, and also gives some information concerning them:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20, 1874.

SIR,—This department has been informed by the Secretary of State of the intention of the Canadian Government to send out to the Canadian territory, on the northwestern frontier, a police force for the purpose of co-operating with the United States Government in its endeavours to secure the suppression of traffic in liquor with the Indians in that region, and as such force will pass through the territory of the United States by way of Port Huron, St. Paul and Pembina to its destination, the request has been made that the usual customary facilities be granted in order that the force may be enabled to proceed without detention or delay.

The force, it is understood, will consist of about 170 officers and men, who will probably arrive at your port by railway about the end of this month, and be accompanied by 220 horses, two field guns, two mortars, with a corresponding number of carbines and other arms, as well as waggons and ammunition. The men will be in plain clothes, and their arms, ammunition and other baggage will be packed in boxes.

You are therefore directed, upon the arrival of such force at your port, to allow the horses, guns, baggage &c., to go forward without requiring any entry therefor, and to extend to the officers in command every facility compatible with the interests and safety of the revenue. If necessary you may require all the articles except the horses to be placed in locked cars.

I am, very respectfully,
WM. A. RICHARDSON, Secretary.

To Collector of Customs, Port Huron, Mich.

Yesterday the officers and men were about the city. The officers are quartered at the Metropolitan, and the men at the various hotels throughout the city. All the men are fine appearing, and it is undeniable that they are as a whole a much more intellectual, gentlemanly, and respectable appearing body of men than the private soldiers of the United States army. They are all picked men, as there were thirty-five applications to every one taken. The men are enlisted for three years, and receive in addition to their rations and wearing apparel, 75 cents per day which is more than the United States regular soldier receive. Among the number are men who have before figured in military exploits more prominent than they now do, and have held higher positions. One of the number, a gentleman named Crofton, was a captain in the British army at one time, and came to this country during the war. He offered his services to the United States, and was offered a position as captain. This he did not see fit to accept, and went over to the other side, joining the confederate army, where he was brigade commander under General Fitz Hugh Lee. He now ranks as private in the mounted police. Mr. Miles, who was formerly a captain in the 13th British Hussars, is now sergeant-major of troop D. Mr. De LaCour, is a son of a French General who was killed at the battle of Gravellottee, and was with him at the time. He ranks as a private. In addition to the compensation as above stated, they are entitled at the end of their service to locate 160 acres of the public lands. At present the men are all in citizen's clothes. They will don their uniforms when the British possessions are reached. These uniforms are something, though not exactly like the uniforms worn by the regular British soldiers. They consist of a red coat, red cap, and dark pants with a red stripe. The object in adopting this high colored uniform is two-fold. The Indians have a traditional remembrance of King George's men, and believes that a red coat carries a peculiar and terrible significance with it.

The gentlemen of the party express themselves much pleased with the country through which they have passed, and the courtesy which has been everywhere extended to them along the route by the railroad officials and others. The railroad connections have been promptly made, and all moved smoothly, which reflects credit upon Mr. Sheehy.

Superintendent W. G. Swan, of the West Wisconsin, met the party at Elroy, and proceeded with them to this city. Other railroad officials yesterday gave the officers a hearty welcome at the Metropolitan.

The police were so unfortunate as to lose two horses in unloading at [illegible] point, and were in search for them until late last evening, without finding them. Two horses also escaped at Chicago. The remainder of the number were stabled at different places about [illegible] yesterday. Gentlemen connected with the Quartermaster's Department were busy yesterday making large purchases of supplies in this city.

This morning they take their departure by two special trains of twenty cars [illegible] on the Lake Superior and Mississippi, where they will arrive on Saturday night. They will remain there over Sunday and drive to Dufferin which is to be their headquarters. The men will then be distributed at points all through the British Possessions to the north of us, as far as the Rocky Mountains. It is not probable that scarcely any of them will remain in Manitoba. During the stay of the police in this city they have conducted themselves in an orderly manner, and their general appearance is very manly.

International Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America.

As the above supreme body will hold their annual session in this city during the week (commencing Wednesday) it is the duty of every member of the Order to do his or her utmost to make the stay of our distinguished visitors as pleasant as possible.

A reception committee, composed of W. P. Rose, Toronto, Chairman; [illegible] P. Rev. J. W. Manning, Almonte; [illegible] Webster, Brantford, Sec; G. W. A. [illegible] P. G. W. A. Hannum, the Mayor, W. P. [illegible] Bertram and J. K. Stewart, P. W. P. [illegible] Esplin, Wm. Stewart, Halkett, [illegible] E Jamieson, Kennedy, and [illegible] Brothers Esmonde, Heney, Bell, [illegible] H. McLean and Gibson, have prepared the following programme of entertainment, viz:—On Thursday, an excursion to Chats Falls, via Canada Central Railway [illegible] Brittania, to which the public are cordially invited, the fare being at the low figure of $1.25. The Independent Cornet Band will be in attendance.

On Friday, the guests will be shown the Chaudiere and Rideau Falls, and other points of interest, for which purpose several of our leading citizens have kindly lent the use of their carriages.

On the evening of Thursday, a [illegible] will be held in Knox Church, City Hall Square.

The "Journal de Quebec" [illegible]

The following appears in the [illegible] *Quebec*, received at this office [illegible]

"The Montreal *Witness* says the New Brunswick, like St. John, will [illegible] give a victory to the Local Government. This result, we presume from the [illegible] spatches is wretchedly probable.

In this case, this is more than a [illegible] is a sword, thrust in the side of the Confederation by the armed [illegible] of religious fanaticism.

Why force this thing? What is the problem? It is, however, no time to [illegible] still, while our existence is in peril.

Is it not intolerable that this [illegible] party will insist that their "existence [illegible] peril" because New Brunswick will not submit to give special educational privileges to one denomination over others, will not submit without protesting against the attempts made to change the [illegible] Act without our consent? Are we the slaves of this party, that their [illegible] should be our law?—*St. John Telegraph*.

A fine collection of flowers at Forfar's fruit store, Sussex street.

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges [illegible] ons, and all fruits in season, at Forfar's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets.

Those flowers at Forfar's still are [illegible] do not miss your chance, but call and see them.

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and [illegible] many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. [illegible] special cheap sale which continues during the present month.

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the [illegible] actual saving to those who buy [illegible] cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap [illegible] No. 22 Sussex street, next door to [illegible] Bishop's Chapel.

JARVIS & ARLES' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store.

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July, parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.
J. METCALFE.

ANYTHING required in a garden or house can be had at Forfar's, cheap and good.

Just received at the Bazaar, 24 Sparks street, the new game of Chivalrie. Call and see it.

A splendid lot of Croquet at, the Bazaar, Sparks street.

There are now in the harbor of Miquash, loading deals for Europe, [illegible] barques on one ship. Messrs. [illegible] & Co., Messrs. Knight & Co., and others must be doing a large business in the exportline.

Oliver Ditson & Co., of Boston, our constant advertisers, have repaired damages caused by fire and water, and are now in the old quarters, with store and stock [illegible] fine order, and with music sufficient for the largest orders.

The Registrar General estimates the population of the United Kingdom in the middle of this year, 1874, at 32,4[illegible] being 600,000 more than double the population enumerated at the first census in 1801. The population of Ireland in 1874—viz: 5,300,485—is only 84,000 more than in 1801. The population of Scotland in 1874—viz.: 3,428,916—is 212,000 more than double the population in 1801. The population of England and Wales in 1874—viz.: 23,649,609 is above 5¼ millions more than double the population in 1801.

An expedition is being fitted out for exploration of the Arctic Seas. Captain Wigans, Sunderland, has engaged Mr. Lamond's splendid steam yacht 'Diana,' and will proceed via Nova Zembla, sailing from Dundee, on the 1st of June. It will be absent four months, and will make minute investigations of the topography, &c., of the country. It is thought possible that the Austrian expedition, which went out two years ago, may be discovered, in which case succor will be afforded if necessary. Captain Brown, Peterhead, will command the 'Diana.'

In the House of Lords, recently, Earl Hampton moved a resolution in favor of the appointment of a Minister of Public Education. He said it was anomalous that the care of the cultivation of the mind and the health of towns should be entrusted to the same Minister. The motion was opposed by the Duke of Richmond, who said there already existed a responsible Minister of Education, and he had the honor to hold that office. The resolution was also opposed by Earl Granville and Earl Grey, and was ultimately negatived.

Trinity College, Cambridge, offers one or more foundation scholarships of the value of £100 per annum. The examination is to be opened to all undergraduates of Cambridge who have passed the Previous Examination. Also an examination of the value of £50 per annum. This examination to be open to all persons under [illegible] who have not commenced residence at the University. The examination will commence on March 30th, 1875. Candidates must send certificates of age and moral character to one of the Tutors of Trinity before March 19th.

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Returns--Jewish Mission--Small-pox at the Lunatic Asylum--Police--Ecclesiastical.

TORONTO, June 15.

The City Clerk's returns show that during the last week there were registered 29 births, 27 marriages and 4 deaths.

A sermon preached in St. James' Cathedral yesterday evening for the Jewish Mission resulted in $85 being collected.

The prisoner, Daniel Kelly, who escaped from the Central Prison on Friday has been recaptured in Guelph and brought back to this city.

A morning paper gives currency to the rumor that small pox has broken out in the Lunatic Asylum, and that four deaths have taken place.

Chas. B. Cooper, associated with Bell & Warren in the publication of the dead-beat directory, was before the Magistrate this morning, on remand, charged with libelling J. G. Beard. Prisoner admitted that he obtained Beard's name from Graham's carpet-store. Cooper was committed for trial.

Wm. A. Rodden was also brought before the Magistrate, charged with having stolen an affidavit and other papers from the office of O'Brien & Robinson, Solicitors. He asked to be shewn the papers in question, and while the clerk's back was turned thrust them into the fire, where they were burned. He was committed for trial.

The Synod of the diocese of Toronto will meet to-morrow afternoon, when the Bishop will deliver an address in which reference to high church matters will be likely made. The following subjects will probably be considered: First day—Rectory Patronage Act; construction of Vestries in Free Churches; Mission Fund; proposed change in time of Synod meetings; reunion of Church with other Christian bodies from whom it has been separated. Second day—Consideration of reports and election by ballot of delegates to Provincial Synod.

The annual Diocesan Missionary meeting in connection with the Synod will take place on Wednesday evening, the annual meeting of the Diocesan Sunday School Association on Thursday evening.

MONTREAL.

Accidentally Shot—Case of Drowning at Trois Rivieres—Revival in Scotland — Ruffianism Stolen Money Recovered Small Pox Markets.

MONTREAL, June 15.

A young man, aged 26, named John Josephs, while in liquor and in company with a friend, shot himself through the neck, on St. Peters street, on Saturday night, with a revolver. He was taken to the General Hospital, where the ball was extracted.

It is stated that Mr. C. C. Cahoone, jeweller, a young man who arrived from Providence, R. I., in company with six other tourists at the Ottawa Hotel on Friday, and left by the steamer on Saturday evening for Quebec, was lost overboard during the night. It is supposed he felt ill, and approaching the steamer's side leaned over so far as to lose his balance and fell into the river. For a moment after he left the cabin the pilot saw him drop, and immediately stopped the engine, but long before that was done the deceased was crushed to death by the paddle wheel. The companions of deceased were overwhelmed with sorrow, and bitterly lamented their loss. They returned to-day to Three Rivers to endeavour to recover the body. Mr. Cahoone was about 25 years of age, unmarried, sober, and of pleasing appearance.

Rev. Messrs. Burns and Wilson, with Messrs. Gordon and Barlow, students from the University of Edinburgh, addressed a public meeting this evening in St. Paul's Church with especial reference to the revival in Scotland.

Two young men, a young lady, and a boy were attacked by a gang yesterday morning on the Mountain, and treated in an outrageous manner.

Detective Cullen has received $10,400 in cheques, which, with some $2,000 in cash were stolen from the Metropolitan Bank about a year ago.

There were nineteen deaths in the city last week from small pox.

QUEBEC.

Drowned. The Graving Dock. Somnambulism. Rafts Ashore. Personals

QUEBEC, June 15.

Mr. C. J. Cahoone of Providence, R. I., aged 34 years, fell overboard the steamer Montreal, about three miles above Three Rivers, a 1:20 a m. yesterday, and was drowned. Mr. Cahoone was forming part of a pleasure party going fishing.

In anticipation of a favorable arrangement being made with the Government to aid in the construction of the graving dock a motion will be made at the next meeting of the Harbour Commissioners asking for an appropriation of money to be offered as a prize for the best and most feasible plans for the construction of the proposed dock and other harbor improvements.

Two large rafts, in tow of the steamer Rhoda, were driven ashore at Cap Sante on Sunday. Apparently no damage was done.

Last night at Levis, a man who was asleep walked off a bateau lying in the stream, and of course plunged, clothes and all, into the river. Being a good swimmer, despite his encumbered condition he kept afloat, and his cries excited efforts of a large number of persons for his rescue, which was at length happily effected.

Commodore Vanderbilt, of New York, is in town.

The Hon. Mr. Fournier, Minister of Inland Revenue, arrived here yesterday morning.

KINGSTON.

Tug Aground. County Orange Lodge Meeting. Inquest.

KINGSTON, June 15.

The tug 'Daly' went ashore at Amherst Island on her way to Ogdensburg. The tug 'William' went to her assistance.

The sale of the property known as Morton's Distillery takes place to-morrow.

The County Orange Lodge meets to-morrow.

An inquest was held on the body of Charles Clarke, who died on Saturday, resulting in a verdict of "Death from natural causes."

SACKVILLE.

Provincial Election — Government Victorious

SACKVILLE, N. B., June 16.

York—twelve parishes heard from. The Government victorious:

Fraser	1,642
Robinson	1,148
Barker	1,423
Dow	1,227
OPPOSITION.	
Blair	813
Thompson	890
Needham	798
Everett	130

The six parishes to hear from will increase the Government majority. Full returns to-morrow.

HALIFAX.

Brown Challenged by Sadler--Pay for West India troops.

HALIFAX, June 15.

James Sadler, of London, Eng., has challenged George Brown to row a race over the champion course of England, from Mortlake to Putney. It is not likely that Brown will accept, as his backers would prefer races to be rowed on neutral waters.

The Control Department have sent £10,000 in specie by the steamer "Delta" to Bermuda, to-day, to pay the troops in the West Indies.

PORT HOPE.

Change of Guage—Incendiarism.

PORT HOPE, ONT., June 15.

The change of guage from five feet six to four feet eight and a half, over the entire line of the Midland Railway, from Port Hope to Orillia, and from Port Hope to Lakefield, was accomplished by noon to-day, the time consumed in doing so being but twelve hours, and the regular trains were running on the usual time this afternoon. The new locomotives and rolling stock provided by the company are of the most superior description. Everything is in first rate order, and the energy displayed reflects much credit on the management.

A fire was discovered on Saturday night in G. A. Woods & Co's. sash and blind factory, and in less than half an hour the whole place was destroyed. It was a clear case of incendiarism, as no fire was used in the building or near it for some weeks. The same parties were burnt out with heavy loss a year ago, and were just picking themselves up again when this most rascally act occurred again. Great sympathy is felt for them by everyone.

NAPANEE.

River Improvements.

NAPANEE, Ont., June 15.

Mr. Cornelius Daly's large steam dredge arrived this morning from Ogdensburg, N. Y., and has commenced work in our harbour. The dredge is in splendid order and is working finely. About $3,000 was granted by the Government last year and a small amount by the Corporation and private subscriptions, making about $5,000, which was expended between Napanee and the mouth of the river. A large grant is expected this year, which will be expended to the best advantage and enable vessels drawing eight or nine feet of water to pass in and out of the river without meeting with any obstruction. A decided improvement has been noticed in what has been expended in partly removing the sand bar which projects into the channel of the river. Mr. Daly, the contractor, is taking great pains in doing the work well.

EDWARDSBURG.

Barge Sunk.

EDWARDSBURG, Ont., June 15.

The barge owned by McPhie & Co., of Kingston, while in tow with the tug Chieftain, struck a stone between Iroquois and Edwardsburg in the St. Lawrence Canal. Every effort was tried with the pumps to keep her from sinking. They kept her afloat till about 300 yards above Lock 6, and then she sank. She is loaded with coal for Brockville. The position she now lies in will not interfere with navigation.

LONDON.

Returned—Building—Ladies College—Branch Bank — Police — School Board.

LONDON, Ont. June 15.

The people of Aylmer Village have backed out of purchasing a fire-engine after having at a public meeting decided that a good fire engine was a good thing for a community. Those of the population who wished to buy the London engine have therefore had to return it on our hands.

Preparations are being made to lay out the exhibition grounds in building lots to be sold off after the Western Fair.

Stock is being taken up for the Presbyterian Ladies' College to be established here.

The Federal Bank is to establish a branch in this city in the store occupied by Messrs Tyler & Rose.

A little girl was nearly strangled in St. Peter's Cathedral yesterday, during service, by swallowing a copper.

John O'Brien, the alleged watch thief, has been remanded for eight days.

Our School Board are about to inaugurate an improvement in the style of our School Buildings. It is proposed to offer $50 as a premium for the best designs.

HAMILTON.

Yacht Race--Rifle Match--Post Office Improvements--Narrow Escape.

HAMILTON, June 15.

On Saturday afternoon the first yacht race of the season took place. There were only three entries for the race; the Saunterer, Jacquelin and Fairy, all second-class yachts. The Saunterer took the lead from the first, but owing to a fierce wind which was blowing at the time, she lost her mast, which catastrophe was followed by the Jacquelin losing her gaff-sail. The fairy shot ahead, and came in a winner by six minutes.

The annual competition for the National Rifle Association bronze medal, which was shot for at the Victoria Rifle ranges on Saturday, resulted in leaving Captain J. J. Mason in possession of the prize, with a score of 56.

The improvements on the Post Office are rapidly approaching completion. The money order and registered letter departments have been elegantly fitted up, and will shortly be ready for occupation. Railings will also be placed around the delivery wickets.

A man named Garrock narrowly escaped with his life one day last week, near the village of Bartonville, in this neighbourhood. He was engaged in taking gravel from a pit, when a large mass of earth fell upon him, burying him completely, with the exception of his head. Fortunately some workmen were near and succeeded in rescuing him. He was nearly one hour beneath the gravel.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Fire near Paris.

LONDON, June 16, 3 a.m.—Despatches from Paris bring a rumour that a portion of the Forest of Fontainbleau is on fire.

Rebellion in Central Asia.

The *Daily Telegraph* has a special despatch from Central Asia, announcing that a rebellion has broken out in Khokan—sixteen officials of high rank having been beheaded. The Russian Commanders in Central Asia have received orders to remain neutral.

Steamship Arrivals.

MOVILLE, June 15.—Steamships 'Anglia' from N. Y., and 'Polynesian' from Quebec, arrived to-day.

Latest News from Paris.

LONDON, June 16.—A *Times* Paris special contains the following particulars of proceedings in Assembly yesterday, in addition to that sent:—

M. Lambert De Sainte Croix, supported by all members of the Right Centre, submitted a Bill providing that McMahon's power be confirmed with title of President of the Republic; that a second Chamber be organized; that the right to dissolve both Branches of the Assembly be conferred upon President McMahon; and that his successor be appointed by two Chambers in convention. This Bill was referred to a committee of thirty, together with that of the Left Centre.

The *Times* correspondent adds "the exact result of the sitting, is that a committee of 30 now have received an imperative mandate forcing them to promptly organize either a septenate without proclaiming a republic or to constitute and declare a definitive republic under the Presidency of McMahon. It is probable that the assembly will ratify its decision the commission will organize a septenate otherwise the majority hitherto with the government will shift, which in all probability would cause McMahon to resign. It is not unlikely that in consequence of yesterday's proceedings, that some of the ministers will resign, but there will be no absolute ministerial crisis.

In a Cabinet Council held previous to the sitting of the Assembly, General Cissey and others urged McMahon to send a message to the Assembly reminding it of its promise to organize his powers, but the majority of ministers were averse to such a step. Ministers Cissey, Magne, Grivaut and Decazes voted in favor of M. De La Rochefoucauld's motion to refer his resolution to a committee of 30 deputies. Blanc, Quinet, Peyrat and D'Audiffert Pasquier and 20 members of the right centre abstained from voting on Mr. Casimer Perier's, motion for urging on the left centre's constitutional bill.

FRANCE.

The Debate and Vote on the Constitutional Bill.

PARIS, June 15.—The Chamber of the Assembly to-day was crowded with Deputies and spectators.

M. Casmier Perier introduced a Constitutional Bill, prepared by the Left Centre, and moved that its consideration be declared urgent. He said the country demanded the termination of a provisional State. He urged Union against Bonapartism and Demagogues. The speaker was frequently interrupted by the Right and warmly applauded by the Left.

Laboulaye supported the motion for urgency. He said recent events had shown the dangers of a provisional condition. Monarchy was impossible and Empire would only lead to the invasion and oppression of France. A Republic was the Government for all and its establishment would inspire the country with confidence.

General Changarnier of the Right Centre, and M. Raoul Duval of the Right opposed the motion.

M. De Kerdrel of the Right warned members that if a majority of the Assembly was changed, Marshal McMahon might consider it his duty to resign the Presidency.

The vote was then taken on the motion for urgency, and it was agreed to. Yeas, 345; Nays, 341.

All the Ministers voted against it, but in their capacity as members of the Assembly only. The motion not being made a Cabinet question, urgency having been declared the bill was referred to a committee of 30.

M. De La Rochefoucauld, Duc De Bisaccia of the Extreme Right, then introduced a resolution in substance as follows, which was received amid profound silence. "That Marshal McMahon may assume the title of the Lieutenant of the Kingdom, and that the National Institution shall be determined by the agreement between the King and the National representatives." Great excitement followed the reading of this resolution.

De La Rochefoucauld moved that it be referred to a committee of 30. It was rejected by a majority of 100 votes.

All the Ministers with the exception of Tailhaud voted against it.

The Assembly adjourned until to-morrow.

It is stated that La Rochefoucauld resigned his position as Ambassador to Great Britain before introducing the resolution.

The Bonapartist Deputies held a conference before to-day's sitting, and came to the conclusion that it would be of no use to introduce any counter motion against the Left Centre.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Death of a Nobleman.

LONDON, June 16.—Sir Charles Fox, the celebrated English Civil Engineer, is dead.

Ascot Races.

The Ascot races meeting began to-day, and as usual was largely patronized by the nobility and well attended by the general public. The most notable events of the day were the Ascot stakes, Prince of Wales stakes, and the Ascot gold cup. The first race was won by Lord Lonsdale's 'Coventry'; second by Sir R. Bulkelly's 'Leoginus'; and third by John Osborne's 'Organizist.'

News from Paris.

The *Times'* Paris despatch reports that preliminary steps for an alliance of the Centres have been taken and others will necessarily follow. It quotes an article in the *Journal Des Debats*, the organ of the Left Centre, comparing the fears aroused by the empire with the confidence inspired by the Republic of true Conservatives and will loyally consent to assume the Government.

Resigned.

The report that Duc De Bisocia had resigned is confirmed.

Attempt to Lynch Rochefort.

QUEENSTOWN, June 17th.—When the Steamer "Parthia" arrived here this evening, a large and unruly mob gathered on deck awaiting the appearance of Rochefort, who was generally known to be on board. As Rochefort passed down the gangway he was immediately recognized by the crowd, who received him with hootings and execration, and made a rush for him as he landed. The police surrounded Rochefort, which is feared he would have been lynched but for their protection, the intensely excited mob pressing forward howling and yelling and followed the Frenchman to the Queen's Hotel, and from that place the police escorted him to the depot where only the passengers were admitted. His arrival at Cork was not expected; he therefore passed through the city unnoticed and took the train at nine p.m. for Dublin, whence he will proceed to London.

PORTUGAL.

A New Atlantic Cable.

LISBON, June 16.—The steamer 'Africa' has returned to this port after successfully submerging her section of the Brazilian Cable lines. It has been tested and found to work satisfactorily and handed over to the Brazilian Cable Company. The unbroken telegraphic communication is thus established from England through Lisbon and made *via* St. Vincent and Cape Verde Islands.

FRANCE.

State of Affairs in France.

PARIS, June 16.—The Republican journals to-day speak in the most energistic terms of the members of both Right and Left Centres of the Assembly because of their vote against restoration to monarchy They say the vote in the Assembly, though it does not proclaim a Republic, it shows that monarchy is impossible.

The Orleanist journals affect to consider that the action of the Assembly leaves the situation uncharged and expresses a belief nevertheless, that the consequence of the vote will be a consolidation of President McMahon's powers.

The French Assembly.

PARIS, June 16.—In the Assembly to-day on the reading of the journal of yesterdays proceedings, loud complaints were made by members of inaccuracy of the lists of yeas and nays. Gen. Cissey and three others said they had voted in vavor of the motion for urgency on the Left Centre's Bill. A Deputy, who voted against the motion, declared that seven members of the Left whose names were recorded in its favor, were not present when the vote was taken. He demanded the rectification of the vote, which according to his statement ought to stand 339 affirmative to 340 negative.

M. DeFranchien of the Extreme Right, formally moved that the vote in question be declared void.

M. Buffet, President of the Assembly, maintained the validity of the record.

The Right Centre presented a constituent resolution defining the powers of President MacMahon, it was referred to a committee of 30.

The Left have abandoned for the present the agitation for a dissolution of the Assembly, because they hope for the organization of the Republic.

The Presidents of the Bureau of the Assembly have been appointed; eight from the members of the Right and seven from the Left including MM Laboulaye, Casimir, Pirier and Leon, say that a committee of parliamentary initiative was also appointed, and consisted of eighteen members of the Left and twelve of the Right.

M. De La Rochefoucauld's monarchial resolution of yesterday was finally referred to this committee, but it is considered certain that the resolution will not be reported to the Assembly for discussion.

The fire in the forest of Fontainebleau has been extinguished, after destroying 10 acres of timber.

UNITED STATES.

The Strike in New York. The New Tribune building likely to be stopped.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The strike among the bricklayers is likely to be pretty generally enforced to-day although many workmen regret it and say they only submit on compulsion of leaders.

Obeyen, contractor for the new *Tribune* building notified his men last night that he would not pay the advanced wages, and work on that structure will probably stop to-day. A few workmen belonging to the union refuse to stop work, and say they will keep on no matter what orders the leaders may give.

Fight with the Sioux.

ST. PAUL, June 16.—Intelligence was received at General Terris headquarters to-day from General Custar at Fort Lincoln, stating that a small party of Sioux appeared on the river bank opposite the Fort Berthold Agency this morning before seven o'clock, and commenced firing into the village. Indians from Agency at once crossed the river and were met by about 400 Sioux, a short fight ensued in which five Rees and one Grosoentre were killed; and one man mortally wounded.

A Vigilance committed at work.

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—A letter from Vinita Indian Territory says, that a vigilant committee was lately formed in that Territory extending to Kansas for the purpose of ridding the country of the band of outlaws who defy the authorities, steal horses and depredate generally.

John Blythe, John Friend, Young, Cochrane, Dock, Goddon and two others whose names are not given, have been lynched.

Seventeen other desperadoes are on the list of the committee, and will be ordered out of the country, while Joe Queen, John Morgan the leaders of the gang will be killed on sight.

Murder.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 16.—Dr. S. J. Crittenden, was shot and killed by a man named Hall, recently in Conway County.

Conflict with the Murderer.

Yesterday a Sheriffs' posse searching for Hall, found him and a fight ensued. One of the Sheriffs' posse was killed and another wounded. Hall was wounded and captured.

Horrible Murder,

CINCINNATI, June 16.—Special despatches from Lawrenceburg report that Mrs. C. Bradley and her two daughters, aged 10 and 12 years, were found dead and terribly mutilated. Mrs. Bradley's body was cut open and her viscera exposed. The faces of her daughters were beaten to a jelly. The baby was found suffering from slight wounds, and a three year old boy was found wandering in the woods uninjured. There is no clue to the motive or persons of the murderers.

CUBA.

Charge of Leaders.

HAVANA June 16.—Diario De La Marina says, that four armed insurgents who belonged to the bands of Camaguari have come into the Spanish lines at Trocha Jucara and surrendered themselves. They asserted that the Marquis of Santa Lucia had been deposed from the Presidency of Cuban Republic and Gen. Maxima Gomez, was appointed his successor.

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa,
etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE

For the Hair

Prepared from the Pure Grease of

THE CANADA BEAR.

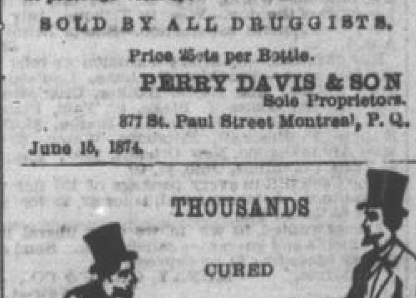
It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.

June 15, 1874.



THOUSANDS
CURED
Every Week,
IN THE
DOMINION
BY THE

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

This statement is substantially a FACT based upon evidence in the possession of the agent, in the shape of numerous testimonials from past sufferers, in all the walks of life, and particularly from some of the most respectable and trustworthy families in Canada.

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

In its history, this invaluable Medicine occupies the most honorable position possible for any remedy to attain. A few years since it was known only to the friends and neighbors and patients of the proprietor, and always sought for by them whenever troubled with Rheumatism, and in this way came to the notice of physicians generally, and through their favourable expression, and its acknowledged value as a Rheumatic Remedy, the demand for it became so frequent and urgent as to oblige its proprietor to increase his facilities for its manufacture. Its reputation rapidly extended, and soon orders, letters of inquiry, letters of thanks, and certificates of praise were received from all sections of the United States and Canada, and this on a basis of its own merit alone—unaided by "tricks of the trade" or special efforts—it has risen to its present enviable position. Wherever introduced it has received the most flattering preference in the treatment of all rheumatic complaints. In this we are really grateful and happy, not alone because our medicine finds ready sale, and is consequently profitable to us, do we say this, but because we open a new field in medical science, and cure at once what the best medical practitioners have for ages found so difficult even to relieve. We fill a place heretofore unoccupied, "We relieve the suffering and minister to God's poor; we restore the laboring man to the use of his limbs and save him scores of times its cost in doctors' bills; we carry contentment and gladness into the home of the afflicted, and consequently are remembered by millions of grateful souls.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and sufferers cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

This medicine is for sale at all the druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Scott Street, Toronto,
Agents for Ontario.
Or DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal:
Agents for Province of Quebec

Ottawa, May 18th, 1874.

Gentlemens' Dress.

CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at

RUSSELL & WATSON'S,
29 SPARKS-ST.

The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.

It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.

R. & W.

June 17, 1874

W. M. SOMERVILLE,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods, And General Building Supplies.

Has constantly on hand and to order—

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES, ARCHITRAVES BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING, SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

SHINGLES—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.

N. B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.

RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.

June 17, 1874. 2597y

NEW CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—25 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S

34 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.

March 25, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo...... 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner...... 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold...... $1.75

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BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa. Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.

Murray Bay,

NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

THE LORNE HOUSE

Is now open to visitors.

Telegraph and Independent Post Offices at Point a Pic.

CHAMARD & Co.
2594-1m

June 13, 1874.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE.

By Tallion & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 29th day of May A. D. 1874

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th 1874.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats..........Peacock
Christy's Hats..........Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats..........Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats..........Peacock
Wolseley Hats..........Peacock
Castellar Hats..........Peacock
Cheltenham Hats..........Peacock
Spencer Hats..........Peacock
Sorento Hats..........Peacock
Cordova Hats..........Peacock
Venosti Hats..........Peacock
Clinton Hats..........Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

LOW PRICED MUSIC BOOKS,

Attractive, Useful and very Popular

CLARKE'S DOLLAR INSTRUCTORS

For Reed Organs, Piano and Violin.

River of Life—35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Cantata of Esther. Dramatized. 50c. Immensely popular.

Father Kemp's Old Folks Tunes. 40c. Much enlarged. Sung everywhere.

River of Life. 35c. Best Sabbath School Song Book.

Winner's New School for Piano, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Accordeon, Fife Flute, Flageolet, Clarionet. Price of each Book 75c.

River of Life. 35c. Best Book for Sabbath Schools.

Winner's Band of Four. $1.00. 1st and 2d Violin, Cornet or Clarionet, and Bass. Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.

Aug 29 1873

OFFICES TO LET.—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACCUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y, cor. Sparks and Elgin-st.

OPENING DAY.

MORRISON & ADAM,

FAMILY GROCERS,

TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE.

48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48

SATURDAY, JUNE 13.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.]

June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 30 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874.

J. METCALFE.

Tailoring Esablishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatngs and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET.

April 16, 1874.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisbed's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallised; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEA MEAL for sale at THOS. PATTERSON'S.

May 8, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street.

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.

Our stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN,

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874.

HARNESS.

HARNESS.

THOS. SHORE & Co.,

(Successors to Thos. Lee)

SPARKS STREET.

Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also a good variety of

SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.

A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.

June 11, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 8 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.......................111¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 16.

GRAIN.

	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 00 to 1 05
Fall Wheat	1 05 to 1 10
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 30
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 15
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 65 to 0 70
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 0
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	25 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Cotton, heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 16,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus., sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 7200 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower; receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24 000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15¼c.; refined, 13¼c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 16.—Erie, 26¼; refined petroleum 18¼ to 10½ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 16.—Cotton, sales today 6,000 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.

And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Horse Remedy"—it is always safe ... Remember the name and see that ... of Hurd & Co. is on the ... Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women **Business That Will Pay** from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars, Address J. LATHAM & Co. Washington St. Boston, M

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 161 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 3557-3m

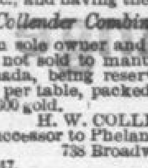
STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated *"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"* of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York

P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Trade Mark.



STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AGENT:

G. MANN,

Hardware Merchant,

SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

All Mails are closed by Montreal time, 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE.	DELIVERED.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Rs. way	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S. and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich.	[illegible]	[illegible]
British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Manotick, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, Marsh, &c. per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9:20 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 3 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, May 25th, 1874.

NEW Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of work.

We are preprepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO

Ottawa, March 2 1874 2395

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel, CORNER OF Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE, Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2493

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees [well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871], take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE, Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

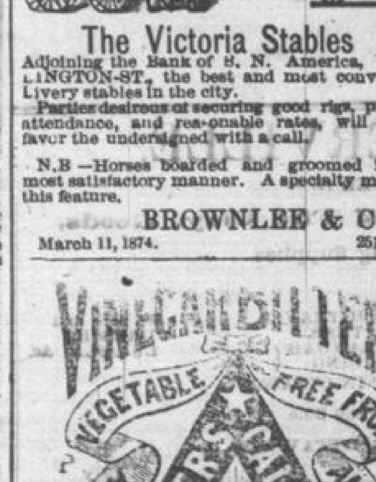
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y



Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

Easter Beef

AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2, 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.

Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa. Money to loan.

March 17, 1874. 2nd 3-6m

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.

A New Glee Book For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y. (P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
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Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by

J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. **A New Music Book For Public Schools.** The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.

Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds, Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, a moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

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Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure some materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. Nothing is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying. Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
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Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
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Hamilton—Winer & Co.
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MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts. for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co., 66 A—2-st. New York City

April 20, 1874.

DATURA TATULA

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

Is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st. London, W.

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal,

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto,

Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H. I. M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street west Toronto, Ontario.

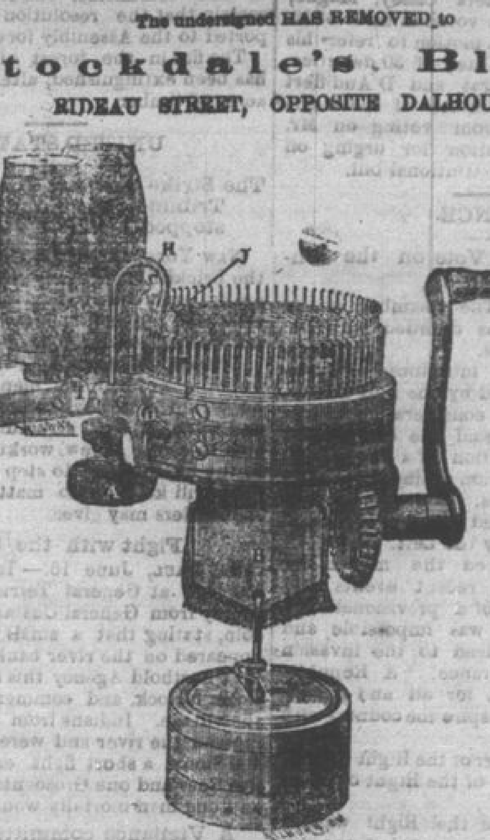
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, (Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 Stitches a Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF

Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie, Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING

ROOMS,

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA,

T. E. MOORE

RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can now make up the tangled saving of the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 SPARKS-ST.

May 1, 1874.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
6 " " each,	50,000	200 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	100
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	50
400 Gold Watches			$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines			60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos			250 to 700
50 Melodeons			50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 23. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $12,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5, 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO., 5 New-st.

April 28, 1874. 2599-3m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE, General Manager for Dominion of Canada.

May 26th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of *CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.*

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE, Kent and Wellington Sts.

March 24, 1874.

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa

Feb 18

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

JUST PUBLISHED! Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Mazurkas, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers," containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

Continues to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred. Above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS.

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shlf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place Sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

Ottawa, April 16, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Phillion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-ly

NEW GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c., And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks-st. 244

OTTAWA Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St.: Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2564y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, by private contract, Lot No 68, fronting on Elm-st.,

ROCHESTERVILLE,

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x20, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

Apply to A. BOWE, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent

Ottawa, March 17th, 1874

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.30 P.M.
6 Express	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 25, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

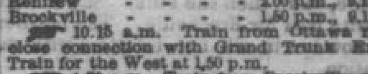
10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9.00 a.m.
Night Express	9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations	6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations	5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at	1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.	
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.	
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at	5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at	10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe	11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Steamers, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at	3.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at	3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON, Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa

May 28, 1874. 2499y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District, ROBERT ANGUS, JR., No. 28 Sparks Street.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do. Felt Boots—wool lined. Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN, [Late Preston & McLaughlin], and 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOF CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CAPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 3 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. REIFFENSTEIN.

Caution,

GENUINE PANCREATINE PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis or Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength. Messrs SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them which are put forth as possessing the remedial properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the Genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE,"

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have examined, and which, besides being rich in Pancreatic juice, has the delicate smooth appearance and consistency of fresh cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada, Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & Co., 157 King Street, Toronto

February 28th, 1873.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright! Cheerful! Earnest! and Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

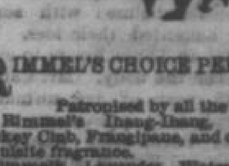
in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber will choose ONE of the following large and superb Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace" "Not Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles."

Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to J. W. JONES, ... Oct.

Nov



RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipanni, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dagong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.

W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order, the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses,

ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability, are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872.

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our stock of Blankets, Bags, Sock and Boot Moccasins is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF. Ottawa, Augt 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, wishes to give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between 2 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ..., Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre, Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2598 — OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS, SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 27, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 4, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M. L. C. P. S. L. C., M. C. P. S. O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Cumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and ... sts.
April 29, 1874. 2556-3m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and ... of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—41 Sparks-st.
March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 4, 1874. 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2383-3m

J. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE.
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
OFFICE:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and are the best suited in the ... Machine in the World.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell ... and other popular machines.
GEO. DAWSON,
... Sparks-st., Ottawa

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

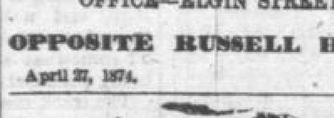
RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage........$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554

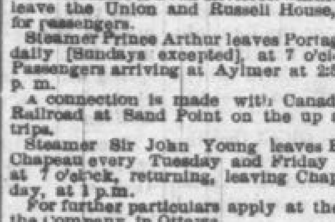


ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Bajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m., for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, June 3, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.
The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.
Thames........Wednesday, June 3
Delta........Wednesday June 17
Helios........Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence........Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.
Thames........Thursday, July 2
Delta........Thursday, July 9
Helios........Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence........Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st, London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Ottawa.
June 13, 1874. 2543

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS........P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD,
President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.
Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts.	now	11¼
2,500 "	20	"	14¼
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	22½
2,085 "	36	"	26¼
2,275 "	40	"	31
3,050 "	50	"	38¼

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Black Silks—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
1,100 yards	$0 90	now	$0 78
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,300 "	1 40	"	1 25
1,575 "	1 55	"	1 28¼
550 "	1 75	"	1 40¼
500 "	2 00	"	1 47¼
400 "	3 00	"	2 50

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Grenadines—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
Splendid Assortment	17cts.	now	14
"	20	"	16
Plain Black,	25	"	19¼
and	30	"	23
Coloured	35	"	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Prints, 425 Pieces—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
1,500 yards	18cts.	now	9¼
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,025 "	15	"	12¼
2,150 "	18	"	15
3,185 "	20	"	16

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

White and Grey Cottons.	Old Price.		Sale Price.
	10cts.	now	7¼
	13	"	10¼
	15	"	12¼
	17	"	14¼

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costomes.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
	8 50	"	7 25
Polonaises	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Hosiery.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White and	15c.	now	12c.
Coloured	20	"	15¼
	25	"	19
Cotton	30	"	23
	35	"	28¼

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Batisles and Lawns.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
88,000 yards.	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17¼

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts	now	18¼
Stripe	25	"	19
Muslins	30	"	25
4,000 yards	35	"	28¼

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Tassones.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	15¼
Splendid	25	"	19¼
Assortment	30	"	23
	35	"	28¼
	45	"	35

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Piques and Brilliants.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16¼
470 "	25	"	19¼
380 "	30 and 35	"	23 & 28¼

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costumes.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
Dresses	$4 60	now	$3 75
	6 75	"	5 75
	8 50	"	7 25
Polonaises	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

MOWAT & SON,
50 Sussex-st.,
OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of
Cloths and Men's Clothing,
FOR TWO WEEKS
Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg	2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.	
200 Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 " Sac Coats	2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.	

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.
A. Mowat & Son.
May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL
In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they
HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST
With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS
Plain and Fancy Furniture,
Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a
SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.
Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874. 2564y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,
Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.
House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,
And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.
May 28, 1874. 2580y

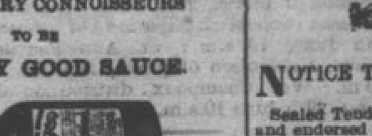
GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
51 and 53 SPARKS-ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 19, 1874.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.
B. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$100,000
In Valuable Gifts.
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!
One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!
Five Prizes $1,000 each } Greenbacks.
Five Prizes $500 each }
Ten Prizes $100 each }
Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1500 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Address at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co. ...

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built, three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.

No 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 18, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 22 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $800.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $4,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 1843

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, Manitoba," will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY the 17th day of JUNE next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of J. P. M. Lecourt, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Winnipeg, on and after SATURDAY the 16th instant, where forms of Tender, &c., and all necessary information can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate, or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of H. W. Pearse, Esq., C. E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works stated in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer ...

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. Blackburne, the celebrated blindfold chess player, recently contested eight simultaneous games against strong players of the London Chess Club. He won four and lost one—three being unfinished.

Amongst the "Strangers" inscribed in the Introduction Book of the Liverpool Exchange News-rooms was 'J. Ossom Aushah, Coomassie.' The gentleman in question is a son of the predecessor of King Coffee.

The miners of Bolton and Farnworth, to the number of two thousand, have resumed work upon the employers terms—namely, a reduction of 20 per cent. There has also been a partial resumption of labor in various districts of Wales.

A deputation waited on the Home Secretary to point out the hardships that would be inflicted on sporting newspapers by the alteration made in the House of Lords of the date when the Betting Bill will come into operation. Mr. Cross, on the ground that further information was desirable, refrained from giving any definite answer.

The Registrar General estimates the population of the colony of Victoria at the end of the year 1873, at 790,488, showing an increase of 19,761 in the course of the year. The births registered in the year were 28,010, being 16,506 more than the deaths. The arrivals were 29,459, being 3,166 more than the departures. There were 4,915 marriages in the year.

An interesting ceremony took place on 21st May, in the East of London, the occasion being the acknowledgment of the presentation by Her Majesty the Queen of a clock with chiming arrangements, and a peal of eleven bells, to St. Mark's Church, Victoria Park, to mark her satisfaction with her visit last year to the East End. During the day the bells played several airs.

The total amount earned by the Liverpool pilots during the first quarter of the present year is £17,373, as compared with £16,599 in the corresponding period last year, and with £18,588 in 1872. For the year ending 31st March 1874, the total earnings were £73,973, against £70,138 in 1873, and £77,612 in 1872. The pilotage of the Mersey is compulsory.

The Prince and Princess of Wales were present at a garden party given by the Princess Louise and the Marquis of Lorne at Argyle Lodge, Camden Hill. Their Royal Highnesses afterwards dined with Lord Carlingford and Frances Countess Waldgrave, at their residence in Carlton House.

Mr. Morley and Mr. Dixon, M. P., write that they cannot speak in too high terms of the manner in which the Lincolnshire farmers acted under the difficult circumstances. They cannot believe Cambridge and Suffolk farmers will be less disposed to settle the dispute in a spirit of mutual concession. At all events, an appeal will be made to them to do so.

The theory with regard to the burning of dead bodies has at length assumed a practical form in London. Under the title of "The Cremation and Urn Society (Limited)," a company has actually been registered, with a proposed capital of £50,000, for the purpose of carrying out the necessary arrangements in connection with the progress of the 'cremation.'

The Duchy of Connaught.

Between the year 1760 and the Union, no less than seven members of the Royal Family were created Peers of the Kingdom of Ireland, with titles taken from Irish localities.

The first of these creations—and as far as I know, the first instance of an Irish peerage conferred upon any Prince of the Blood Royal—was that of Edward Augustus, the second son of Frederick, Prince of Wales. His grandfather, George II., a short time before his death, on the 1st of April, 1760, created him Duke of York and Albany, in the Peerage of Great Britain, and Earl of Ulster in that of Ireland. These peerages became extinct by the death of the Prince without issue in 1767.

George III. had two brothers younger than the Duke of York. In 1764 he created one of these Duke of Gloucester and Edinburgh in the British Peerage, and Earl of Connaught in the Irish. The other he created Duke of Cumberland in the British, and Earl of Dublin in the Irish. The Peerages of the Duke of Cumberland in a very few years died with himself. Those of the Duke of Gloucester survived until a comparatively recent period.

George III. conferred Irish Peerages upon four of his own sons. His second son, Frederick, Duke of York, took the Irish as well as the English title of his uncle, being created Earl of Ulster in the Peerage of Ireland. The third son, the Duke of Clarence, received the Irish title of Earl of Munster. On the 21st of April, 1799, the two next sons of the King were created Dukes of Great Britain, and they were both on the same day created Peers of Ireland, the Duke of Cumberland by the title of Earl of Armagh, and the Duke of Kent by that of Earl of Dublin.

Each of these seven Peerages were Peerages of the Kingdom of Ireland. They entitled the holder before the Union to sit in the House of Lords of the Irish Parliament, and after the Union to vote at the election of Irish Representative Peers. This latter privilege has been, in fact, exercised by more than one Irish Peer of the Blood Royal.

These Irish Peerages are all now extinct, with the exception of the Earldom of Armagh, which is held by the ex-King of Hanover with the British Duchy of Cumberland. His Majesty may at any time claim and exercise the privilege of voting at the election of Irish Representative Peers.

Since the Union no Prince of the Blood Royal has been created an Irish Peer. There is one obvious reason apart from any other. The Act of Union has limited the prerogative of the Crown in the creation of Irish Peers. Three Irish Peerages must become extinct to authorise the creation of a new one. Even if Her Majesty had been desirous of conferring an Irish Peerage on Prince Arthur, she has not at present the power.

But since the Union (including Prince Arthur) five Royal Princes have received Peerages of the United Kingdom with titles derived from Irish places. In the year following the Union, the Dukes of Sussex and Cambridge received their patents. Among the titles conferred upon the first was that of Baron of Arklow, among those on the second that of Earl of Tipperary.

These, however, were not Irish Peerages. They were Peerages of the United Kingdom just as much as those of Lord Emly or Lord Carlingford,—just as much as if the titles had been those of English places. The present Earl of Tipperary cannot, like his cousin, the Earl of Armagh, show a title to vote at the election of an Irish Representative Peer.

The three Peerages which Her Majesty has complimented Ireland by conferring upon her children, are, of course, of this latter character. In 1850 Her Majesty conferred upon the Prince of Wales his grandfather's title of Earl of Dublin—strange to say, the first instance in which an Irish title had been ever borne by a Prince of Wales. The Duke of Edinburgh bears the title of Earl of Ulster, the title of the Irish Peerage held by his grand-uncle, Frederick, Duke of York; and now Prince Arthur is created Duke of Connaught, the Irish Earldom of Connaught having been extinct since the death of the last Duke of Gloucester.

Seven Princes of the Blood Royal have been created Peers of Ireland. Including these seven, twelve have been created Peers with Irish titles. But the new creation of the Dukedom of Connaught is the only instance in which the chief title of a Royal Prince has been an Irish one.

TERRIBLE SUFFERINGS OF TWO FISHERMEN.

Eight Days in an open Boat without Food or Water.

(From the St. John, N.B., Telegraph.)

Two Gloucester, Mass., fishermen, who have been in the city for the past two days, recently experienced great sufferings off the banks of Newfoundland, by being without feed or water, eight days in an open boat.

On the 28th of May, Capt. Wm. Hines and John Foster (the two above referred to), of the fishing schooner 'Eben S. Philips,' of Gloucester, left the vessel, which was off the banks of Newfoundland, in a small dory. The hour of leaving was a little fog at the time. They got about a mile and a half from the schooner, and, after "twalling" for about two hours, pulled back towards the vessel. They reached a buoy a short distance from her, having ascertained their proximity to the vessel, hauled off to another vessel about a mile and a half from the first. After remaining a short time another attempt was made to reach the schooner, but in vain, and they drifted around, occasionally rowing a little and night settled down without having succeeded in their purpose. The following day the sun was obscured by fog, but Captain Hines was of the opinion that he might make the vessel by steering westwardly. The boat was, accordingly, put in that direction, but instead of going towards land, she was only receding from it, the current, which runs very strong in that vicinity, bearing them rapidly from their destination. For seven days they continued on in this way, the fog being very thick, and, to add to their sufferings, they were destitute of food and water, which they had neglected to supply themselves with on entering the boat, as they had intended to be absent but a short time from the schooner. They were thinly clothed besides, each having only light pants, shirt and "jumper" in addition to hat, shoes and socks. The fog penetrated through their clothes, rendering the two men very uncomfortable in their open boat, exposed as they were to the raw wind which swept over them nearly all the time.

Ere this they had grown weak from continued exposure and want of nourishment, and at sunset on the eighth day, when they were about giving up in despair, the fog lifted, and a barque was sighted to the southward. Both were so weak that they could hardly do anything to attract attention beyond rapping on the gunwale of the boat. They knew, however, that there was a chance of their being delivered, and it was their only one, so both men took to the oars, and after rowing a couple of hours, were discovered by those on the barque, which hove to, and at half-past eleven that night they came up to the vessel, which proved to be the Norwegian barque "Collector" bound to one of the ports in the northern part of this province. Captain Hines was able to get to the deck of the vessel without assistance, but the sailor had to be lifted on board.

It was then ascertained that they two had drifted 160 miles from the Banks. The captain and crew of the "Collector" treated them kindly, and on Friday, the 5th, the vessel arrived at Dalhousie. Capt. Hines and the man Foster were taken ashore the following day, and sent to this city by the Norwegian Consul at that place, that gentleman kindly paying their expenses. The captain is stopping with a friend here, and Foster with Mr. Jas. Murphy. The American Consul sends them to Boston on Monday, paying their expenses to that point from which they can reach home.

Jerome Park Races.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The attendance at Jerome Park to-day was large, the weather delightful, and track in excellent condition. First race, ladies' stakes for fillies 3 years old, $100 each, H. F. with $1,000 added, 2nd horse to receive $300 out of stakes, 40 nominations, distance 1¼ miles, 5 horses started. Sandfords C. H. F., Bonaventure McDaniels br. F., Fleur Ange, Belmonts B F, Countess and Hunt Reynolds C H F Christina, Fleur Ange remained at post when starting flag fell, Bonaventure winning by 5 lengths, Leva 2nd and Countess 3rd, time 2.42¼. 2nd Race—purse $600—winner to be sold at auction for $1500, if not to be sold to carry ten lbs extra; if entered to be sold for $1,000, allowed 800 lbs., if for $500 12 lbs.; distance, 1 mile and a quarter. Nine horses started—Sandford's Peakness, Lawrence & G. Lovillard's Resolute, Mont's Gordon, Lithell's Wizard, Wither's Minstrel, Thompson's Australian Billy, Cothrell's First Chance, Donahoe's Cordelia, Cariboo and Belmont's Scratch; Peakness won the race, Cordelia being second. Time, 2 minutes and twelve seconds. 3rd and principal race—purse $700—one mile and three quarters. Five started—Sandford's Mate, Walden's Utica, McDonnel's Springbok, Lithell's Fallow Craft and Belmont's Woodline. Springback was the favourite and though he kept towards near during the first mile, he won easily, Mate 2nd and Fallow Craft 3rd. Time, 3min. 14¼sec. 4th Race—hurdle race for $600—one mile and three quarters. Three started—Hitchback's Limestone, Walden's Acrolite and Ayre's Victor; the last mentioned was the favourite, Acrolite fell in jumping fourth hurdle, and Limestone which had kept the lead from the start won by two lengths. Time 3 minutes and 36 seconds.

Mr. Markfirth, who recently erected and endowed a block of almshouses at Sheffield, at a cost of £30,000, purchased Page Hall estate, near that town, for $65,000, with a view of presenting a portion of it to the town as a public park.

Her Majesty is stated to have conferred the honor of a baronetcy upon Mr. Callender, M. P. for Manchester. This gentleman, it may be recollected, was Mr. Disraeli's host on the occasion of the visit of the latter to Manchester two years ago.

Stroud has returned a Tory and a Liberal—Messrs. Dorrington and Stanton—for the Liberals unseated. It will be remembered that an arrangement was come to by the leaders of both parties to divide the constituency, but to this a small section refused to agree; hence the contest and the result.

Messrs. W. G. Grace and G. F. Grace played their first cricket match since their return from Australia for Dr. E. M. Grace's Thornbury team, Gloucestershire, against the Clifton Club, of Bristol. Mr. G. W. Grace made 259 runs of his own bat, and showed some tremendous hitting powers, and his sixes and fours out of boundary were loudly cheered. Mr. G. F. Grace contributed 123, and their team had only four wickets down for 427 runs. When the match closed Clifton's score was 112.

Professor Huxley, the foremost English expounder of Darwinism, and consequent scientific opponent of the scriptural theory of man's creation, actually confesses that the reading of the Bible in public schools is a beneficent practice. "I have always" said he, on a recent occasion, "been strongly in favor of secular education in the sense of education without theology; but I must confess I have been no less seriously perplexed to know by what practical measure the religious feeling, which is the essential basis of conduct, was to be kept up, in the present utterly chaotic state of opinion on these matters, without the use of the Bible. By the study of what other book could children be so much humanised and made to feel that each figure in the vast historical procession fills, like themselves, but a momentary space in the interval between two eternities, and earns the blessings or the curses of all time, according to its effort to do good and hate evil, even as they also are earning their payment for their work!"

POOR COPY

TO PRINTERS—Wanted immediately, in a first-class country office, a good practical Printer with a knowledge of job and newspaper work. He will have partial charge of the office. The situation will be a permanent one for a thoroughly sober man. Apply immediately to W. E. JONES, Richmond "Guardian."
June 2, 1874.

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF ORGAN MUSIC!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport.......... $2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries.......... 2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste.......... 2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries.......... 1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 vols., ea. 3 50
Hile's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each.......... 0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete.......... 3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel.......... 2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home.......... $2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs.......... 1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries.......... 1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion.......... 2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.
JOS. METCALFE.
June 17. 2597-1f.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A. R. GILES, Esq., Dear Sir,—In reply to your note asking how I like the Canadian Washing Machine you left on trial at my place I have to say that it gives every satisfaction, doing its work thoroughly, being more easily worked than any other, and a great deal cheaper. I may add that it took me some time to persuade my wife to try your machine, as she had already tried the Bunnell Machine twice, and had concluded the machines were all humbugs alike.
A. W. LANG.
June 16, 1874 2595-y

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentlemen only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2590

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.
June 11, 1874. 2592

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, a handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584

OTTAWA Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 48,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock in same.
The books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN., Secretary, pro tem.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.
76 SPARKS STREET [76.
T. LAWRENCE
begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of
CLOTHS
now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring
A FASHIONABLE SUIT
would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of
HABERDASHERY
on hand.
Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.
Ottawa, May 23d, 1874. 2528-3m

THOS S. SARNEY,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER
AND
AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST,
Special attention given to
REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES
And other appliances,
Light Engines and General Machinery.
Agent for Edgar Allen & Co., Wall Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.
Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
June 13, 1874. 2588-tf

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and fitting the same ready for use.
P LeSUEUR.
June 11, 1874. 2593

Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works, Ottawa. Sept. 12, 1873. 2588

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME
$50 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
R J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P. Q.
2628-3m

BEARINE
For the Hair
Prepared from the Pure Grease of
THE CANADA BEAR.
It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean.
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Price 25cts per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.
June 15, 1874.

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.
Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.
NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

GLAD TIDINGS!!

CANADA.
The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.
CLARETS.
Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freres, and a variety of other brands,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.
Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.
Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
Grocers, 35 Sparks-St.
Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.
To Printers—W. E. Jones.
Diamond Rheumatic Cure—Northrop & Lyman
Ottawa Marble and Granite Works—P. A. Taylor.

The Ottawa Times
THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1874.

The Hon. C. F. Fraser, Commissioner of Public Works for the Province of Ontario, was in the city yesterday in his official capacity in connection with the New Normal School. He left for Montreal yesterday afternoon.

Advertisements will be at once issued by the Public Works Department, inviting tenders for the construction of a telegraph line across the Continent. We presume there is no need to enlarge upon the meaning of this announcement, which will be welcomed by both Canada and British Columbia.

The Board of Directors of the Ontario Bank held their Annual General Meeting on Tuesday, at Bowmanville, the present head-quarters of the Institution. The Board determined upon increasing their capital stock by half a million and removing their head office to Toronto. Other particulars of the business transacted by the Board will be found in our telegraphic columns.

Mr. O'Reilly, Q. C., of Kingston, was in town yesterday. He came here to represent to the Government the case of the fishermen of Wolfe Island and other localities in the neighborhood of Kingston. The new regulations issued from the Department of Marine and Fisheries, restricting seine fishing, &c., threatened to operate with exceptional harshness upon the people for whom Mr. O'Reilly interested himself. His representations were promptly considered by the Government, and a remedy at once granted. The fisheries in the vicinity of Kingston, which have thus been beneficially relieved, are quite extensive, the exports amounting we are informed to upwards of $100,000 annually.

Our readers, by referring to our special despatch from Kingston this morning, will see that the Synod for the Diocese of Ontario has been duly constituted for business. There is a large attendance of both clerical and lay delegates. The Bishop, in his opening address, spoke in feeling terms of the death of Archdeacon Patton and the Rev. William Macaulay, which took place during the past year. His Lordship confirmed 468 males and 688 females during the year, and during the same time consecrated four churches. The total number of clergymen in the Diocese is put down at eighty-six. He also announced the division of the Diocese into two Archdeaconries. A resolution was passed by the Synod expressing the deep sense of the loss the Diocese has sustained in the death of Archdeacon Patton. Memorials were read, asking the support of the Synod in aid of the temperance movement, also asking it to take such steps as might lead to a due observance of the Sabbath on the canals.

THE COUNTY COUNCIL AND THE LIST OF CONVICTIONS.

The gentlemen of the County Council of Carleton, who the other day made themselves appear ridiculous in their action with reference to the advertising patronage in the hands of the Clerk of the Peace, will do well to read for their information an article, of which their action is the subject, from the *Globe* of yesterday. It is perfectly well understood elsewhere, however, and ought to have been known in Carleton to the intelligent gentlemen who could not tolerate the dictation of the Attorney General, that entirely irrespective of the act of Parliament which the *Globe* bases its argument upon, and which has not yet come into force, the patronage of the Clerk of the Peace, as that of other Government officials, was at his own disposal. The Clerk of the Peace is held by the Government responsible for the performance of the duties of his office, a portion of which duties is the publication of the list of convictions. Being held responsible, he is not in any respect subject to the orders of the County Council or any other local body or board. That he should be responsible to the Government, and at the same time be subject to the control of the County Council, would be rather an anomalous position. The members of the County Council may console themselves with the reflection that they are not responsible for the publication of the convictions, and therefore that they can give no orders as to what vehicle of publicity shall be chosen. The Council is relieved from doing anything in the matter except paying the bills; and that it must do however distasteful may be the journal whose bill is rendered.

FRENCH AFFAIRS.

The proceeding in the French Legislature, described in our various despatches up to yesterday, make a few facts sufficiently clear to even the hastiest reader. There can be longer any doubt that the Monarchists, with all the delays secured, all the uncertainty and agitation created and used for their purposes, are unable, even with the existing Chamber, to restore a Bourbon Prince. Neither Henry the Fifth, nor a member of the Orleans family has a chance at this juncture. The defeat of the Rochefoucauld proposal to proclaim a Monarchy, by 100 votes, may put an effectual stopper upon any further attempts to accomplish this object, and sadly discourage even secret operations. The Bonapartists have not felt themselves strong enough to propose the Empire, though particularly outspoken and demonstrative of late. All things have favored the Conservative Republic, after Thiers' idea, which has been enlisting the support of both the Centres lately, and bids fair to beat all existing systems. The apparent impossibility of setting up any rival form of Government at this time, in face of the powerful, constantly growing Republican feeling in the country, and in the divided state of the Chamber, has commended the present system as the most acceptable and advantageous possible. This conclusion has made rapid headway within the past few weeks, with the failure of the various attempts to restore Monarchy. The union of the moderates of both Centres, which we anticipated some time ago, will defeat the extremists of all shades, and secure the country a Government proper, with the people, because of its achievements hitherto, and its assurance of reasonable liberty and order. Probably the next business will be to define or develop the Constitution in a Republican sense, confirming the powers and strengthening the influence of the head of the State. The temper displayed by the Assembly, and order maintained out of doors, afford encouraging guarantees of an early and peaceful settlement of the great constitutional questions so long in dispute.

CANADIAN FINANCE AND ENGLISH OPINION.

The reply of Sir John Rose to the article recently published in the London *Economist*, on the financial position of Canada, is worthy of persual; it will be pleasant reading for all who like this country, not only on account of the friendly spirit animating it, but the useful, encouraging facts it sets forth in support of the writer's theory. Our readers can form their own conclusions upon the composition as a whole, our present purpose being to notice but a few of the points it suggests. We have no hesitation whatever in concurring in the view that the financial condition of Canada is not of a nature to excite apprehension, always assuming the presence of caution, honesty and economy in the Government's policy. One can admit the justice of some of the *Economist's* criticisms, respecting undue expenditure upon certain of our public works, and the serious proportions of our public debt, without seeing a necessity for swallowing the inference that our finances are in danger, or that our prospects, even with good management, are discouraging. Sir John Rose has cleverly combated the melancholy theories entertained in certain quarters, demonstrating from the statements of Mr. Cartwright and other data that the country's circumstances are the reverse of unfortunate, and that the Dominion is rather to be envied than pitied. It is all the more remarkable that this sensible opinion is expressed in full contemplation of the leading feature of Mr. Cartwright's budget speech—namely, the increase of our taxation. Sir John Rose saw no alarming confession of weakness in the declaration of the necessity for this augmentation, no evidence of failing resources or approaching bankruptcy. How refreshing and suggestive this is after the hypocritical howlings, the coarse bluster and incessant denunciation of the Finance Minister and colleagues, which followed his recent statement. That the country's credit would be ruined, her resources blasted, her progress brought to an early stand still, by the assertions and proposals of the budget speech were repeated, *ad nauseam*, with a vehemence which knew no bounds. The prophets of evil saw it all with the mind's eye, and would insist on the blindest and least credulous of their neighbours bewailing with them this melancholy train of evils before the first dark cloud appeared to the physical orb. Cartwright was the traitor, intent upon overthrowing the beautiful fabric of national solvency and prosperity erected by the genius and self-sacrificing labors of Sir John Macdonald, Tupper and the other victims of Canadian ingratitude. Sir John Rose, however, like many on this side the Atlantic, took a different view of the probable effect of Mr. Cartwright's utterances, being simple-minded enough to imagine that the best way to avoid danger is to meet it in the face, according to the Boyle Roche philosophy; or, in other words, that the safest course for the navigators of the ship of State is to cry out and change the course when the rocks ahead are seen, instead of shutting the eyes and calmly drifting to doom. This ill-conceived, malicious, blundering speech, which the Opposition were sure would prove so damaging, has been deemed worthy of quotation by a friendly writer, in support of his sound and complimentary theories as to Canada. He says "No Chancellor (of the Exchequer) has yet been wanting in the duty of warning and putting before the country the new burdens which the fresh works of public improvement would entail. The present Finance Minister has done so, and his budget speech is to be regarded only as an injunction to pause and mark time for a season." This is the very thought urged in every variety of language by the friends of the present Government, in reply to the absurd, dishonest clamour of the Opposition. After arguing that Canada has shown wisdom and prudence in regard to her public works, which affords a guarantee of similar virtues, with their attendant success, in future, Sir John Rose, in order to remove any impression adverse to the prudence or foresight of Canada, in reference to her financial condition, and to dissipate any possible alarm, quotes the passage of Mr. Cartwright's speech, recording the hope that, if sufficient taxation be imposed now, the country would be able not only to meet the requirements of the current year, with a small margin over, but to dispense with additional taxation for a considerable period. Perhaps a Financier of the standing of this Knight may not know, with his years of London experiences, the circumstances which affect that market, and the credit of nations in it, as well as the critics of the Opposition in Canada; but if he does, we may safely assume a belief on his part that Mr. Cartwright's remarks would at least do the Dominion no harm in the world's money market. In speaking of the causes of Canada's increased expenditure of late years, our London friend touched upon suggestive subjects, upon which different opinions have been entertained in these Provinces. Having noticed Canada's reluctance to assume the burden of terminating the Hudson Bay monopoly, and the expense of setting up and maintaining representative institutions in the North West, he adds: "and as regards British Columbia, I venture to think in view of the possible consequences resulting from its isolation, and the risk to England of losing a foothold on the Pacific, that its incorporation with Canada was as much a matter of Imperial as of Colonial concern." There is a good deal to be said for this view of the case, particularly by those unable or unwilling to contemplate the Dominion in any other light than that of a modest section of the British Empire, as regards the present and the coming time, and even those who look forward to a severance of the existing connection, when Canada shall have become stronger, have thought that it was too early for her to enter upon the Imperial task of governing, from a remote basis, of but moderate strength, a fourth of the American continent. It looked hard to expect three millions and a half, inhabiting a country much too large for them, and but partially developed, to assume the serious responsibility of ruling and protecting a territory extensive enough for several nations. If Great Britain was pleased with the connection with North America, or thought it worth perpetuating, it seemed natural to expect her to assume, at least for a time, some reasonable responsibility in regard to the vast portion of it hitherto under her immediate control. We can quite appreciate, however, the feelings of that section of the people disposed to anticipate the development of a national, self-reliant spirit, and to undertake even onerous obligations for the honour and prospective advantage of extended sovereignty. They feel that a magnificent territory and limitless resources, with a splendid position between the European and Asiatic Continents, is worth some sacrifice, and particularly when no power will stand in the way of our purposes with regard to the great opportunities thus afforded. Whether England values her influences in North America or not, exercised under the present conditions—and there is reason to believe she does—she will long have at least a commercial interest in maintaining pleasant relations with Canada. We are among her best customers, and will be better with the settlement and development of our country, so that she can not wisely look with indifference upon any scheme with that object, whether the raising of money for the Pacific Railway at a low rate of interest, or the encouragement of emigration to our shores. In short, we have claims upon the mother country to all possible friendly treatment, not likely to embarrass her, in view of which fact she might well be asked to guarantee the whole of the loan we require for the above National work. The extension of the loan guarantee from the eighteen to the forty millions, would greatly benefit us while putting her to no inconvenience whatever.

CITY AND VICINITY.

IMPORTS.—The following imports for Ottawa appear in the manifest of the steamship 'Sarmatian,' just arrived at Montreal from Liverpool: T. Beament & Co, 2 cases of merchandise; J. L. Orme & Son, 1 case of merchandise; Hon. John Hamilton, 4 cases of wine.

ENGLISH MAIL.—An English Mail will close at the city Post Office to-morrow at 12:05 o'clock, noon, destined for the steamship *Circassian* which sails from Quebec on Saturday. A supplementary bag, which will only receive unregistered matter will close at 1:25 p.m for the same destination. The Wimbledon Team will sail by the same steamship for Liverpool.

COUNTY COURT.—The following persons were arraigned on Tuesday afternoon before Thos. Langrell, Esq., J. P., County Magistrate, and fined $20 and costs each, for selling liquor without license in the County of Carleton: Michael Welsh, of Osgoode; H. Sayers, of Gloucester; A. Hawley and P. Teevens, of Fitzroy. Mr. Gordon, License Inspector, is bound to enforce with the utmost rigour, the new Ontario License Law.

DEFECTIVE CROSSINGS.—The crossings in many parts of the city are sadly in need of repair; in other instances there are no crossings at all, thereby greatly inconveniencing the public in this wet and disagreeable weather. The corner of Metcalf and Maria streets will be found to be particularly in need of improvement in this respect, and it is to be hoped the engineer may do something to facilitate pedestrianism in such an important locality.

THE CRESCENT CRICKET CLUB.—The Crescent Cricket Club alive to the necessity of keeping up the manly game of cricket, have purchased a site on the By Estate for a cricket ground in rear of Cartier Square, and have at a considerable outlay put the field in excellent order. A piece of ground 60x90 has been levelled off and firmly sodded for the purposes of play. This enterprise on the part of this Club is a commendable one and is well worthy of emulation. The ground will not be used for some time until the sods become firmly imbedded.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A man named Louis Cusson, aged 22 years, met with a fatal accident in Mr. E. B. Eddy's Saw Mill, on Tuesday morning. He was in attendance at a circular saw taking the edgings off some boards, when suddenly one of the pieces flew, striking him on the side breaking two of his ribs and inflicting such internal injuries as to cause death in some eight hours afterwards. Everything that it was possible for surgical skill to do was done, but without effect, as death put an end to the poor fellows sufferings at 10 o'clock. He was unmarried. His remains were interred yesterday afternoon in the Hull Cemetery.

SEPARATE SCHOOLS.—At the last meeting of the Board of Separate Schools it was decided that the yearly examinations and distribution of prizes in the several Schools under its supervision should take place as follows:—Rev. E. H. Porcile, 2nd of July at 1 p.m.; Mr. R. Slattery, 4th June, 3 p.m.; Christian Brothers, examination, 23rd June, 1 p.m; Christian Brothers, distribution of prizes, 3rd July at 1 p.m.; Notre Dame School, distribution of prizes, 29th June 1 p.m.; Mr. Doyle School distribution of prizes, 29th June 10 a.m.; Mr Tasse, School distribution of prizes, 26th June, 10 a.m.; St. Ann Female School, distribution of prizes, 30th June, 1 p.m.; Wm. Champoux, distribution of prizes, 29th June 10 a.m.

A LOST CHILD.—A young lad named George Hagan, from Kemptville, aged six or seven years, came to town yesterday for the first time with his father, who had come to transact some business. Having some relatives in the lower end of the city they first visited them; and after spending a short time with them, the father started up town to look after some business matters, taking the young lad with him. While he was in the store of Lee and Erskine, on Sparks street, the boy wandered off, and in a short time was nowhere to be found. A few friends and others being made aware of the fact, a search was at once instituted, but for four or five hours without avail. The police were warned and no store was left unturned to find the missing lad. At last some one suggested the propriety of going to the house of his relatives, where he had been in the morning an idea that was promptly acted upon. The result was the discovery of young Hagan, which had the effect of relieving the anxiety of his father and other friends who had lost the greater part of a day in searching for him.

THE SUICIDE INQUEST.—The result of the inquest held by Coroner Beaubien on the body of Mrs. Wheeler, referred to in our issue of yesterday, was a verdict of "Found Drowned."

FIRE INQUEST.—The fire investigation which opened on Tuesday last continues its sittings from day to day without any apparent satisfactory result. Yesterday several witnesses were examined, but nothing was elicited as to the cause or origin of the fire. The investigation was further adjourned until this afternoon when a probable termination of the inquest will take place and a summary of the work done be given and the verdict of the jury rendered.

THE GUARDS' BAND.—Last night the band of the Governor General's Foot Guards played in Parliament Square notwithstanding the dull and gloomy appearance of the evening. There was as usual a turn out *en masse* of our citizens, the fair sex if anything preponderating in numbers. The following well selected programme was gone through with under the direction of Bandmaster Carter:

1. Quick March on popular airs......J. Harman.
2. Overture—"Bayadiere,"......Auber.
3. Waltz—"Stella Coüas,"......Van Maanen.
4. Selection—"Les Huguenots,"......W. H. Hawkes.
5. Quadrille—"Chilperic,"......C. Godfrey.
6. Galop—"Lovely Nancy,"......A. Sommer.
7. The Regimental Quicksteps.

NATIONAL ANTHEM.

TEMPERANCE PROGRAMME TO-DAY.—This morning at 8:30 o'clock an excursion party, in honor of the delegates now attending the "National Division of North America" Sons of Temperance, will leave the Canada Central Station on a trip up the Ottawa. The party will go by train as far as Britannia, where they will embark on board the "Jessie Cassels" for the Chats Falls. After having viewed the scenery and places of interest in that locality, the party will then return by the same route arriving in town at 5 o'clock, p.m. The public are cordially invited, and as the fare is moderate, being only $1.25 there and back, there will doubtless be many avail themselves of this very pleasant trip. A brass band will accompany the excursionists, thereby contributing much to the enjoyment of the trip. In the evening a reception will be given the National Division in the basement of Knox Church, City Hall Square. Tea will be served at 7:30 o'clock. A rich treat is in store for those who attend, as several talented speakers are expected to address the meeting.

PUBLIC SQUARES.—The matter of public squares has at last been broached by the City Council, and a committee struck to take the matter in hand. This is a step in the right direction, and if properly attended to will do much towards benefiting the citizens and affording suitable places of recreation. The idea at present contemplated, is to purchase three sites for the purposes referred to, one in St. George's Ward, in rear of St. Joseph's Church; another in rear of Biddy Street, towards Ashburnham Hill; it is also intended to add to the present "Cartier Square," and to procure the site with a view to having it properly laid out as a public square. The expense consequent upon such an outlay, will be less now than at any subsequent time, and the rapid growth of the city and great increase in population render it absolutely necessary that such an enterprise should be undertaken. In rear of Biddy Street on the By Estate, 20 or 25 acres can be easily secured, and we should think at a reasonable price and with very little inconvenience to any residing in the neighborhood of that locality. These facts being known, it befits our City Fathers to move at once in the matter, for there is nothing so defective in a large city as the lack of public squares to which our citizens can at all times resort for pleasure and recreation after the arduous labours incident to their various callings. A large park is a matter that can safely be left over for a number of years; but on the score of economy and in the interest of the health of the community, no time should be lost in the carrying out of the smaller projects referred to at the earliest possible moment.

The Canadian Building Society of Ottawa.

The French Canadians of this city have determined to establish a Building Society in the interest of their nationality. A prospectus has been issued and stock books are to be opened at once for the subscribing of stock. The object as set forth in the general regulations adopted by the society is "to offer to its members and advantageous method of investing their savings; to aid them in acquiring real property, and in improving that which they already possess; and to offer to borrowers easy conditions of loans and repayment."

The capital of the society will be divided into permanent shares of $50 each, payable in cash at the time of their subscription, and into temporary or accumulating shares of $140 each, payable in eight years by monthly instalments of seventy-five cents per share.

The following gentlemen have been appointed Directors of the society:—J. A. Pinard, Merchant, President; T. G. Coursolles, Assistant Law Clerk, House of Commons, Vice-President; Samuel Benoit, Manager of the Banque Nationale; Dr. P. St. Jean, M. P., President of St. Jean Baptiste Society; Joseph Tasse, President of the Institute Canadian Francais; O. A. Rocque, Contractor; Leon David, Merchant; Secretary and Treasurer, N. S. Benoit; Bankers, La Banque Nationale; Solicitors, H. Lapierre and G. Thillon; Inspector, Pierre Marier, Contractor.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Grand National Division.

THIRTIETH ANNUAL SESSION.

Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock the thirtieth Annual Convention of the Grand National Division of the Sons of Temperance was duly constituted in the Temperance Hall. There was a very large attendance, and delegates were present from all parts of the Dominion of Canada and the United States. Quite a number of the delegates figured as Daughters of Temperance.

The chair was taken at 10.30 by M W Patriarch Wetmore, N. B., and the first business transacted was the initiation of the new delegates, who were as follows:—S T Parsons, Eastern N Y; S T Champion, N J; J S Little, N J; John Frustie, N J; W Wilkons, Penn; E H Clapp, and E Coddy, Mass; J W Willett, R I; Fanny L Findlay, N H; John Beatty, J H T Hannum, J G Howe, Ontario; W Brodie, Rev J Gales, Quebec; W M Murray, Louisiana; J T Frusty, jun Maryland; E M T Anderson, Nebraska.

After they had been formerly presented, a number of standing committees were appointed.

The report of the Most Worthy Patriarch was then presented, showing that the past year had been prosperous, and giving a detailed account of the zealous working of the subordinate lodges under the jurisdiction of the Grand National Division.

The annual report of the Worthy Scribe, S. W. Hodges, Boston, was next presented. It stated that the general standing of the order was much better than it was a year ago. A few of the larger jurisdictions had, however, decreased very largely in numbers, which the gains in other jurisdictions had about counterbalanced. It showed greater activity in the general movement, also in the work as performed by the several subordinate divisions. The largest total losses, as reported, are, Eastern New York 3,078; Pennsylvania, after allowing for membership in Western Pennsylvania, 2,287. The largest gains are in Ontario, 3,189; Nebraska, 1,411; South Carolina, 747; and Wisconsin, 702. None others reached 500.

Total membership reported to-day	79,895
California report not received	2,268
Indiana report not received	136
	82,299

The total receipts by the W. M. Scribe for the past year were $6,550 79, from the grand division of Canada and the United States.

Of this sum $1,971 58 has been paid to the M. W. Patriarch, and $4,579 20 to the Treasurer.

Drafts to the amount of $3,970 04 have been drawn on the Treasurer, leaving a balance in his hands of $608 17.

The amount of saleable property held by the National Division, not including stereotype plates, regalia, jewels, banners, seal or gravels, &c., to $2,910 51.

The total available assets of the National Division on the fifteenth day of May, were as follows:—

Publications, &c., as per inventory	$2,910 51
Amount due from Grand Divisions	1,315 62
Cash in hands of M. W. Treasurer	2,362 66
	$6,588 79
Less amount due propagation fund	311 36
Net assets	$6,277 43
Net assets last year	8,883 28
Increase in net assets during the year	$394 15

The Convention then rose to meet again in the evening.

Carleton County Council and the Attorney General.

The County Council of Carleton is at the present time indulging in a little display of ill-temper against the Attorney General for Ontario. There appears in Carleton to be a sort of chronic state of war between the Council and the County Attorney, Mr. Robert Lees, as to the papers to be selected for advertising the Lists of Convictions before the Police Magistrate and County Courts, a matter costing something over $300 annually. The struggle reached its climax when, on a recent occasion, Mr. Lees submitted an account of $319 74, accompanied by the following intimation:—"I have arranged so that for the future these convictions can be published in the *Free Press* or any other paper that may be agreed upon, provided the consent of the Attorney General of Ontario be obtained."

The Councillors could bear it no longer. Mr. Cummings "would take a decided stand;" Mr. Surtees "could not tolerate such dictation;" Mr Smith would not "kneel nor bow down to the Ontario Government," and the whole, at last, frothed over in a resolution stating, in effect, that the Council would not pay the accounts presented, if, in future the convictions were not advertised in papers adopted by them, and declaring that they "could not entertain the idea that the "same be advertised in any paper that "may be agreed upon provided the consent of the Attorney-General of Ontario "be obtained."

The case only affords one more of the daily recurring illustrations of the absurd positions in which ignorance and party spirit combined will place their victims. If the County Council of Carleton will only look at the "Administration of Justice Act" of last session they will find they have no choice in the matter. The 8th clause expressly declares that the advertisements must be inserted in papers approved by the Lieutenant Governor, in other words by His Excellence's adviser, the Attorney General. The Act, it is true, does not come into force till the first of July, but, as Mr. Lee's communication refers to the future, it effectually answers the Council's protest and states, once for all, the question as to Mr. Lee's duty in the premises. The clause in the new Act only provides in form for what has substantially been the practice in the past. And this for a very obvious reason. The Attorney General is answerable for the due administration of the law, and these advertisements are a part of that administration. They are inserted for a public object and it is the Attorney General's duty to see that object is carried out. His approval in the matter is therefore a necessity; and if it were necessary nowhere else it might still be expedient it should be exercised in the County of Carleton, where political bigotry is so rampant that even a gaol doctor has been dismissed because he did not happen to pronounce the Tory shibboleth.—*Toronto Globe.*

Canadian Finance.

(To the Editor of the London Economist.)

SIR,—No exception can be taken to your article on Canadian Finance, in so far as it inculcates caution in assuming heavy engagements for public works without due consideration as to whether they will be reproductive; but you say that unless the past policy is reversed, the splendid financial position of Canada is one of difficulty, if not of imminent danger; that the financial outlook is a very gloomy one; that the public works speculation of the Canadian Government has not been a successful one; that they have imposed heavy charges for interest on the country, and the works themselves are as yet worse than unproductive; and that in reference to these works and territorial expansion, Canada has committed the most serious blunders, and the result is the large deficit and gloomy outlook you have described.

Now, I presume to ask your attention to the following facts (with which it is, perhaps, not to be expected that any one who has not had local opportunities of watching the progress of Canada in past years should be familiar), a just consideration of which cannot but qualify—if it does not wholly reverse—the impressions you have formed.

The total debt of Canada, in round figures, after deduction of cash assets and sinking fund, is about $90,000,000, or about £5 8s sterling per head of the population involving an annual charge of less than 5s per head. This debt, I believe, is less per head than that of any other colony, and only about one-sixth of that of the adjoining State of New York. Unlike the States of the Union, the Provinces of Canada have no separate debt whatever, while that of most of the States is very large.

I deny emphatically that the past policy of Canada in reference to public works has either been rash or inconsiderate, or that any of the material would have been unnecessary or are unproductive.

The direct returns may be small, and some of them may involve a considerable charge for working, but the indirect benefit to every interest in Canada has been incalculable.

What are these works?

By the construction of canals and the improvement of her rivers, Canada has created the finest inland water communication in the world. Ships of 4000 tons can now ascend to Montreal from the ocean (1,000 miles), and from thence there is now river and inland lake navigation of 1,300 miles for vessels of 400 tons. She has erected more than 300 lighthouses along a frontier and seaboard of nearly 3,000 miles. These are free to the shipping of the world. She has had to construct harbors, deepen rivers, and provide other means of floating her immense forests of timber to the seaboard. She has subsidized railways, of which there are upwards of 4,000 miles in actual operation; and, like every other new country, she has had to open roads, build wharves, bridges, court houses, custom houses, post offices, and other buildings of various kinds.

These works represent more than two-thirds of her total debt, and stands in her balance sheet, in round figures, as follows:

(1) Canals	$16,000,000
(2) Harbors, lighthouses, river improvements, roads, and buildings	12,000,000
(3) Railways, including advances to, and cost of those actually owned by the Government	34,000,000
	$62,000,000

Now, as to the prudence of these items of outlay. Means of transportation and facility of transport may be considered the chief element of prosperity to Canada. Her navigation, except on her limited seaboard, is closed for upwards of five months of the year, and railways are therefore an absolute necessity. In summer, they have, however, to compete with water communication, and in winter to contend with a climate of exceptional severity—conditions which must always interfere with the direct return from such works in Canada, but the trade of the country could not go on without them.

The wisdom of having embarked in these public works, and of giving the use of them nearly free to her own and to foreign commerce as well, is demonstrated by the steadily augmented trade of Canada.

The volume of trade has risen from $76,000,000 in 1861 to $240,000,000 in 1873, employing a tonnage of nearly 4,000,000. Her exports have increased 56 per cent. in six years, while during the last ten years her imports of British manufacture have risen from £4,000,000 to £8,000,000 sterling. She owns between 9,000 and 10,000 vessels, having a registered tonnage of over 1,500,000. She employs 90,000 men in her fisheries, the value of which is about £2,000,000 sterling a year, while the facilities she has given for the products of the Western States of the Union reaching the sea by way of the St. Lawrence are attracting an export trade through Canadian channels which already amounts to upwards of $12,750,000 per year, and which will increase enormously by the improvements in the navigation now in progress.

The undeveloped resources of Canada are immense, and no Englishman would desire to let them lie fallow. The enterprise and energy of the population have been turning these elements of wealth and national greatness to rapid account, hence there is a constant pressure on every Government to undertake fresh works of public improvement, but no Chancellor has yet been wanting in the duty of warning and putting before the country the new burdens which these in the aggregate would entail. The present finance Minister has done so, and his Budget speech is to be regarded only as an injunction to pause and mark time for a season. The good sense of the community will in the future, as in the past, afford sufficient security against their incurring obligations beyond their means, or for other than objects which will bring an adequate return, either in attracting increased trade or otherwise.

I think you will admit that the facts I have stated prove that the record of few countries show a parallel to the wisdom and prudence which Canada has heretofore displayed in her public undertakings, and those qualities ought to be some guarantee for the future.

You speak of "territorial extension," and of Canada having "to pay the penalty for these extravagances."

The work of consolidating British America (which must be done materially if it is to be done politically) has undoubtedly entailed very heavy items of outlay—first, in the construction of the Intercolonial Railway; second, in the purchase of the Hudson Bay Company's Territories and their Government; and thirdly, in the construction of a railway or other means of communication to these territories, and on to British Columbia.

But surely Canada should not be reproached for assuming her share in this national duty. The Intercolonial Railway, is the only means of connecting in the winter the fortress of Halifax with that of Quebec, and of reaching the interior of Canada, was a work forced on the Imperial Government as much as on Canada, and the latter undertook it only on receiving the Imperial guarantee for the cost.

The primary duty of freeing half a continent from the monopoly of the Hudson Bay Company was one that Canada always contended belonged to the Imperial Government which had created that monopoly, and she very reluctantly assumed the expense, as well of the purchase, as of the burden of maintaining representative institutions for the growing communities of those territories.

And as regards British Columbia, I venture to think in view of the possible consequences resulting from its isolation, and the risk to England of losing foothold on the Pacific, that its incorporation with Canada was as much a matter of Imperial as of Colonial concern.

I should not have troubled you with so long a letter but that I am anxious to remove any impression adverse either to the prudence in the past or the foresight of Canada in reference to her financial condition, and to dissipate the alarm which your remarks, unexplained, may be the means of creating.

It ought in fairness to be added that the Finance Minister, after a review of all possible engagements stated that, "As far as it is possible to form a calculation, I am in hopes that if a sufficient amount of taxation is now laid on to meet the present gross annual expenditure, that, in view of the gradual growth of the country, though I do not believe it will be to the same extent as we have hitherto seen, we may be able not only to meet the requirements of the current year with a small margin over, but to dispense with the necessity for additional taxation for a considerable period, perhaps altogether."

You omit also to notice the fact that during the previous year the Canadian Parliament remitted a large amount of customs duty.

The re-imposition or increase of this year was not wholly due to the new charges, but mainly to the fact that the Finance Minister did not think he was warranted in calculating on the continued importation during the current year of the same amount of dutiable goods. It is not to be forgotten that one-fourth of the total imports of Canada are still subject to no duty whatever.

One word in conclusion with reference to the character of the duties which you hint at as being protective.

I think, on examination, you will find that they are based entirely on revenue considerations.

Canada has of late years steadily pursued a policy of increasing her revenue from excise and other direct imposts. The returns from these sources have risen from £60,000 a year in 1861 to over £1,000,000 sterling in 1872.

Apologizing for the length of this communication, I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

R.

A GALLANT REPORTER KILLS HIS ASSAILANT.

Attempt to Assassinate a Vicksburg Local—He Kills One Ruffian and Wounds Another.

From the Vicksburg Times, June 5.

About one o'clock yesterday morning, as Mr. Joseph S. Barnhurst, local reporter of the *Times*, was returning home, he was accosted near the corner of Washington and Crawford streets, by a large muscular looking individual who said in a gruff and determined tone, 'Young man, I want you.' As he said this, he aimed a blow at Mr. Barnhurst with a large cudgel, which the assailed gentleman dodged just in time to save his life, at the same time striking the assassin a blow between the eyes with his fist and knocked him down. Mr. Barnhurst then took the stick, and raising it above his head with both hands, was about to deal his cowardly assassin a blow that would put an end to him, when he was struck from behind and felled to the ground. He was not so unconscious, however, though severe the blow, as not to draw his pistol, which he levelled at his assailant and fired, the ball passing through the villain's left eye and killing him instantly. As he fell the man said, 'I'm a dead man, finish him Jack.' The party addressed had meantime risen to his feet, and was rushing upon Mr. Barnhurst with the stick, which he had again secured, when a bullet from Mr. Barnhurst's pistol caused him to fall, exclaiming 'I'm killed.' Captain Edwards and Sergeant Hoffman came running down the street at that moment, and secured the wounded assassin whom they took to the workhouse. Several citizens were attracted by the shooting, and some of them assisted Barnhurst into Charlie Wheeler's carriage, and took him to his room in the *Times* building, while others removed the body of the dead man to Mr. Arnold's undertaking establishment. The wounded man gave himself as Jack Allen, who will be remembered as the notorious Chicago and St. Louis highway robber. He said the dead man's name was Raggio, a Spaniard, who had a very bad reputation in New Orleans. Mr. Barnhurst is seriously though not dangerously wounded, having an ugly gash on the right side of the back of the head. He is now lying in his room in the *Times* building, and is able to converse with his friends.

GREAT WALKING FEAT.

Attempt to Outdo Weston—500 Miles in Six Days—115 the First Day and 50 in the First Ten Hours.

Edward Mullen, the champion ten mile walker of America, who has undertaken to accomplish the feat which Weston failed to do, of walking 500 miles in six consecutive days, 115 of which he proposes to make in the first twenty-four hours, and fifty miles without a rest in ten hours from the start, commenced his task this morning at twenty-five minutes after twelve o'clock at the Washington Riding Academy, corner of Sixth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street. He expressed himself as confident of successfully completing the prescribed distance within the allotted time. He has been in training for the event for some time, confining himself, however, more to a judicious system of dietary and moderate daily exercise rather than covering long distances, which he states it has never been his habit to indulge in when preparing for a contest. He has never, previous to the present time, engaged in any walking match for any long distance, the longest race hitherto being twelve miles, as will be seen by the following record of his performances:—

His first appearance as a pedestrian was on July 2, 1873, at Beacon Park, Boston, when he walked against Wane, Connor, Driscoll and Libby, for the Massachusetts championship medal, which he won by nearly thirty seconds. On October 4, 1873, he walked a three mile race against several competitors at the Athletic Club grounds and won, beating his opponents by over two minutes, his time being 23m. 05s. On the 18th of the same month he walked ten miles against J. D. Wane, at Boston, winning in 1h 30m. 25s. His next appearance was at New Bedford on November 2[illegible], when he beat B. Beverlander in a twelve mile race, his time being 1h. 30m. [illegible]s. On the 29th of the same month he walked W. E. Harding four miles at Beacon Park, Boston, which race he won in thirty-one minutes. On the 13th of January of this year he again walked a race with Harding at Glass Hall, in this city, the distance and time being ten miles. He again won in 1h. 32m. On the 21st of April last, at Deerfoot Park, he walked a match on ten miles against Walter Brown, which he won in the unprecedentedly quick time of 1h. [illegible]m. 30s., beating his opponent by one second.

THE START.

Precisely at twenty-four minutes after midnight, Mullen stepped on the track accompanied by his trainer, George E. Coyle, the long distance pedestrian. He was dressed in full walking costume, consisting of white Guernsey, blue silk trunks and white hose, with Oxford shoes. He appeared at the starting post in excellent health and good spirits, and as fit as good training could make him. He is somewhat slimly built, is about five feet six inches high, and weighs 130 pounds. He started to commence his journey, however, off somewhat slowly, his step, however, being peculiarly elastic and springy.

The track measures 330 feet round, requiring seventeen circuits and three-tenths to be made to complete a mile. His first lap he made in 14s., the second in the same time, keeping on at about this pace, and making his first mile in 7m. [illegible]s., and completed his third mile by a quarter to one o'clock.

Crops.

A very large area of land is sown this spring with wheat, which, since the rains, looks very well. The fall wheat has not improved, but the frost has killed quite a large quantity of the clover. Oats, peas, &c., look beautifully green.—Minden Gull. Bobcaygeon *Independent*.

Owing to the lateness of the spring and the long spell of dry weather, the crops in this locality did not improve in appearance very rapidly, but since the late rains things are getting more hopeful, the grass is springing up as if by magic, and with favorable weather, the hardships of spring will be forgotten in the abundance of the harvest.—Stayner Cor. Collingwood *Bulletin*.

There is no necessity for repeating the remark, but we cannot resist the temptation in the face of the glowing reports which are conveyed to us nearly every hour during the day. The verdure of the farms and gardens inspires the tiller of the soil to perform mighty deeds and the prospects are that there will be an abundant yield. Still some people will grumble.—Belleville *Ontario*.

In spite of the recent gloomy forebodings and fears as to the probability of a harvest at all this year, at no time for years have the appearances been so favorable as at present for a bountiful season. Throughout this entire country news comes of the prospective richness and the abundance of the crops. The pastures are thickly clothed with substantial food; trees are in full leaf and fruit; trees are loaded with promising bloom. The grain is coming up evenly and thickly, and ere long will be waving in golden sheen in all the summer's beauty.—Napanee *Standard*.

So far, in the vicinity of Hespeler and in the township of Puslinch, the cereal is for the most part, very good, in fact the greater part of it is all right, none being so badly destroyed as to necessitate its being ploughed up and substituted by another crop. As a matter of course, a certain amount of grumbling has to be indulged in, it's fashionable now. "The other day it was so offensively cold, and now it is so uncommonly warm," and in a day or two, when some 'good brother' gets his jacket permeated by a beautiful shower of rain, he will shrug his shoulders and think he must take cold, and complain of the wet weather being so very changeable in this country.—Cor. Galt *Reformer*.

International Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America.

As the above supreme body will hold their annual session in this city during the week (commencing Wednesday) it is the duty of every member of the Order to do his or her utmost to make the stay of such distinguished visitors as pleasant as possible.

A reception committee, composed of G. W. P. Ross, Toronto, Chairman; P. G. W. P. Roy, J. W. Manning, Almonte; G. S. Webster, Brantford, Sec; G. W. A. Howe, P. G. W. A. Hannum, the Mayor, W. P.'s Bertram and J. K. Stewart, P. W. P.'s Esplin, Wm. Stewart, Halkett, Watson, E. E. Jamieson, Kennedy, and Guppy, and Brothers Esmonde, Heney, Bell, Young, H. McLean and Gibson, have prepared the following programme of entertainment, viz:—On Thursday, an excursion to the Chats Falls, via Canada Central Railway to Brittania, to which the public are cordially invited, the fare being at the low figure of $1.25. The Independent Cornet Band will be in attendance.

On Friday, the guests will be shown the Chaudiere and Rideau Falls, and other points of interest, for which purpose several of our leading citizens have kindly lent the use of their carriages.

On the evening of Thursday, a social will be held in Knox Church, City Hall Square.

A story found its way into the press despatches, where unfortunately many things find their way that it is not safe to accept as absolutely true without circumstantial evidence, to the effect that Mr. Wm. McDougall, M.P., of Three Rivers, had been arrested on a charge of perjury in the United States. Mr. McDougall was in the city yesterday, looking hale and hearty, and from him we learn that although a charge of the kind was made on Saturday, it was at once dropped, and nothing more has been heard of the matter.—*Montreal Gazette.*

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Canada First Party.—Small Pox—Episcopal Synod—Abduction Case.

TORONTO, June 16.

There was a meeting of the "Canada First" party last night, attended by eight members, who nominated officers for the ensuing year. All interest in this party is dying out.

Small-pox of a very virulent description is making its appearance in the city. During the last week nine patients were admitted to the hospital; three died and three were discharged, leaving seventeen still in.

The Synod opened at 2:30, and the Bishop delivered his charge, which, as was anticipated, referred to the recent High Church practices. He said the Church was a guide for her worship in the prayer book, from which there should be no deviation; all should be allowed to conduct worship according to the rubrical directions, and in carrying those out, no congregation should be told that they were going to Rome. Some congregations preferred singing instead of saying the service, and this was permissable; if it were found that singing rouses people up and animates the congregation that have adopted it singing should be congratulated. He condemned the introduction of novel practices for which no authority can be adduced, but he did not agree with those who condemned the use of the sacred symbol of the Cross of Christ. With reference to the Lord's Supper, he said that the voice of the church asserted from the earliest period that there was an actual but undefinable presence of Christ in the Eucharist; while it was hard to understand this, he thought it better to have an excess of faith than a deficiency. While he had a warm respect for many members of the Church Association, he thought they had adopted a very mistaken course, and that no clergyman could listen to their dictation. At the close of the address, officers were elected and reports of committees handed in.

A true bill was found against Geo. Mundell, a young farmer, this morning for abducting a lovely heiress for improper purposes. Blanche Jones is the heiress, a young lady of 18 years living at Aurora, and owner of 800 acres of land in England; she left home on the first instant and joined Mundell, and has been living with his mother. She complains of having been badly treated at home.

MONTREAL.

Boat Upset—Two Persons Drowned—Run Over at a Railway Crossing—Found Drowned—Emigration from Ireland—Markets.

MONTREAL, June 16.

Yesterday morning a man named A. Rowland, accompanied by Walter Cross; a brass finisher, and G. Waddington, a clerk in the G. T. Railway offices, went out fishing near Nun's Island. During the evening a breeze struck the sail of the boat, upsetting it and throwing the men into the water. Waddington sank almost immediately, and has never since been seen. The boat righting, Rowland climbed in, and Cross caught hold of the side near the stern. In this fashion the boat drifted until, on its striking a boulder, Cross released his hold, and, being swept away, was also drowned. Besides the above catastrophe, Coroner Jones was summoned to Lachine this morning to hold inquests on two bodies which had been found in the river at that place. One was the corpse of an Indian, 50 years old, living at Caughnawaga; the other was the body of a well dressed man, found in the river opposite Lachine, among the booms. The Coroner being unable to ascertain who he was removed the body to the dead house, where it now lies for identification.

Jno. Melville, a foreman employed at the G. T. R. works at Point St. Charles, was run over by a train at the crossing on Wellington-st this morning. His legs were cut off, and shortly after being removed to his house the unfortunate man died.

Mr. O'Leary, the Irish Joseph Arch, leaves for Ottawa to-morrow. He waited upon the Mayor to thank him, as the chief citizen, for the kind reception everywhere accorded him. He hopes to be able to induce quite a large emigration, including good female domestics.

The stock market here this morning was dull with little change. Royal Canadian was again firmer, but there were no transactions. Molson's, 113, closing at 113 to 113½; Telegraph, 192¾, closing at 192½ to 193; Commerce, 131¼ to 132¼. Sales at the afternoon board, 117½; Royal Canadian, 94; Richelieu Navigation Co., 154.

KINGSTON.

Opening of the Ontario Synod—Tug Race—New Steamer—Rifle Association.

KINGSTON, June 16.

The opening service of the Synod of Ontario was held in St. George's Cathedral, the Bishop and a large number of clergy being present. To-morrow morning the Synod begins business.

The tug race excites interest; the 'Conqueror' is the first to pass here from Toronto, the 'Edsall' second, 'Admiral Porter' third, and 'Matamoras' fourth.

The new steamer 'Algerian,' of the Royal Mail line, will make her first trip on July first.

Power & Son, of the ship-yard, are at once to begin work on a new Graving Dock.

A new Rifle Association, called the Lennox and Addington, has been formed at Odessa, Ont. It includes all the volunteers of the county.

The Episcopal Synod

KINGSTON, June 17.

The Synod of the diocese of Ontario, met here to day in St. George's Hall, the Lord Bishop presiding.

There was an unusually large attendance of clerical and lay delegates.

The Bishop in his charge referred in feeling terms to the death of the late Archdeacon Patton, and also the Rev Wm. Macauley.

During the past year the Bishop confirmed 468 males and 688 females. Four churches have been consecrated. The total number of clergy now in the diocese is 86. The diocese has been divided.

A resolution expressing the deep sense at the loss the diocese has sustained through the death of the late Archdeacon Patton was passed.

A joint letter from the Ontario and Quebec Temperance and Prohibitory League was read. It asked for the cordial support of the Synod in the establishment of temperance societies, &c.

Several notices of motion were given, including a protest against Sunday working on the Edwardsburg Canal.

HAMILTON.

Gaol Statistics—Wool Market—Bank of Hamilton.

HAMILTON, June 16.

In the presentment presented to His Honor Judge Ambrose, yesterday, by the Grand Jury, it was found there were six lunatics in the gaol, and sixty prisoners, viz: 41 males and 19 females. They called His Honour's notice to the fact that out of these sixty, 59 were enclosed through the use of intoxicating liquors.

It is estimated that since the wool season commenced, over 40,000 pounds have been marketed here, and of that not much less than 12,000 pounds was bought on Saturday last. Prices are still advancing, 39 to 40 cents being paid for choice.

To-day at noon the second annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Hamilton was held at the Bank. There was a large attendance of shareholders, and on motion, the President, Mr. D. McInnis, took the chair, Mr. H. C. Hammond acting as Secretary. The report which was read by the President, showed the affairs of the Bank to be in a flourishing condition. Only one call of 10 per cent had been made on the capital stock during the year, the shareholders receiving 8 per cent. The thanks of the meeting were tendered to the directors for the interest they have taken in the affairs of the Bank, and especially to G. W. Hammond, the cashier, for the efficient discharge of his duties. The election of officers by ballot then took place, and resulted as follows:—D. McInnis, John Stuart, James Turner, Edward Gurney, Jacob Hespeler, Dennis Moore, and John Proctor. At a meeting of the directors held immediately after the election, D. McInnis was elected President, and John Stuart, Vice-President.

PAKENHAM.

Melancholy Accident.

PAKENHAM, June 17.

A fatal accident occurred here to-day in the saw mills of Spellard & Dickson. Mr. Nelson, the foreman, while grinding a saw, his feet got entangled in the belt, and before assistance could be rendered one limb was severed from his body. He died ten minutes afterwards. A coroner's inquest was held on the body by Dr. Burns, and a verdict returned of accidental death.

BOWMANVILLE

Ontario Bank.

BOWMANVILLE, June 16.

The general annual meeting of this Bank took place here to day. The business of the Bank for the past year has been very satisfactory. Directors were enabled, after paying two half yearly dividends of four per cent. each, to add $75,000 to the rest, besides having a balance of over $23,000 at the credit of the profit and loss account. A resolution was adopted authorizing the removal of the head office to Toronto. A resolution was also passed increasing the capital stock of the Bank by the sum of $500,000, to be allotted to existing shareholders on the 1st of October next at par. The Directors elected for the ensuing year are the Hon. John Simpson, Hon. D. A. Macdonald, Hon. W. P. Howland, C. S. Gzowski, W. McMurtry, Donald Mackay and Dr. McGill; and at a subsequent meeting of the new Board, the Hon. John Simpson was re-elected President, and the Hon. W. P. Howland Vice-President, for the ensuing year.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Moors Attack Algieres, but are Repulsed.

LONDON, June 17.—Advices from Algiers state that a body of Moorish Insurgents invaded that city, but the French troops repelled them; 12 of the Insurgents killed and a number injured.

INDIA.

Good Crops—Number Fed by Government.

CALCUTTA, June 17.—Prospects for future crops are improved by the copious rains now falling throughout the country. 300,000 persons are being fed by Government.

UNITED STATES.

Weather.

NEW YORK, June 17—Weather cloudy with indications of rain.

The Strike.

Many of the bricklayers who struck on Monday have returned to work at the old wages, and it is generally believed the strike will be a failure.

All the bricklayers on the new *Tribune* building struck yesterday.

Tax on Bankers Declared Illegal.

United States District Attorney Bliss says that if Judge Woodruff's decision is sustained, declaring illegal the tax heretofore collected on bankers and brokers on deposits made with them and liable to be withdrawn by checks and drafts, the effect will be that the government will have to refund thirty million dollars.

New Senator.

A despatch from Providence, R. I., says that Dixon's chances for Senatorship are improving.

A Suicide

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—Samuel Wiltsie, committed suicide at New Hamburg last night, by jumping from a third story window.

Death of a Representative.

BOSTON, 17th.—Edward Jackson, a member of the Massachusetts Assembly, died at Tremont House last night, of apoplexy.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

The Ascot Races.

LONDON, June 17—Ascot races, second day—The rail hunt cup was won by Capt. Sterling's ch. c. Lowlander; the Maid of Perth, second, and Flower of Dorset, third. Twenty six horses started.

Betting before the race was 5 to 1 against the winner, 14 to 1 against Maid of Perth, and 50 to 1 against Flower of Dorset.

The Coronation Stakes were won by Mr Lounde's ch. f. Apology; Blanchefleur came second and Dalnamaine, third. Only these three started. There was little or no betting.

Ascot Derby Stakes—Four started; won by Lord Falmouth's Atlantic, second Year of Sixteenth.

Ascot Biennial Stakes; only four started; won by Mr. Spencer's ch. c. Lemnos.

New Spanish Loan.

The Spanish Government is in negotiation with the Credit Mobilier for a loan of 50,000,000 reals.

FRANCE.

Rochefort's Letter.

PARIS, June 17.—Copies of the New York *Herald* containing the letter written by Rochefort on his arrival in New York, have been seized on account of an attack on President MacMahon.

SPAIN.

Attack on Estella Delayed.

MADRID, June 17.—The bad weather delays General Conchos, attack on Estella.

ITALY.

Rejoicing at the Vitican.

ROME, June 17.—Many deputations waited on the Pope yesterday and to-day and presented congratulations on the occasion of the anniversary of his accession, which was observed at the Vitican with the usual ceremonies.

INDIA.

Preparing for a Cyclone.

CALCUTTA, June 17.—Meterological observations give notice of the approach of a Cyclone, and the inhabitants are preparing for it. Shipping in the river has been warned and all precaution has been taken.

UNITED STATES.

Serious Railway Accident.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 17.—A serious accident occurred this morning to an excursion train on the Carolina Central R. R. The locomotive, two flat cars, a baggage car and a second class car were thrown from the track. Capt. F. M. Wotten, conductor, was slightly hurt, Thos. Alderman, express messenger, was seriously injured; three negroes were killed and nine injured. Ten or twelve whites were also seriously injured. There are many conflicting reports and it is impossible to get at full particulars as the railroad authorities have prohibited the sending of specials to the Press or any telegrams that do not pass through their office.

A Railway Junction—Generosity of Brigham Young.

NEW YORK, June 17.—President Dillon, of the Union Pacific Railway, is reported to have stated that he had an arrangement to make a junction between the Union and Central Pacific Roads at Ogden, Utah, and Brigham Young has donated 133 acres of land on which to erect a depot and other necessary buildings.

99th Bunker Hill Anniversary.

BOSTON, June 17.—The 99th anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill was very generally but quietly observed in Boston to day. The Custom House, Post Office, and many business houses closed at noon.

Bill of Rights Passed.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Senate.—In the House the bill to ascertain the possessory rights of the Hudson Bay Company and other British subjects within the limits which were subject of award of the Emperor of Germany under the Treaty of Washington, of May, 1871, and for other purposes passed.

Unveiling a Statue.

HARTFORD, Ct., June 17.—The bronze statue of General Israel Putman, was unveiled in the Park this p m., with appropriate ceremonies and an imposing military display.

Siamese Medal to be Accepted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 17.—The President has approved of the Act giving the assent of Congress to the acceptance by officers of the United States ship "Monarchy" of the silver medals presented to them by the King of Siam.

The Belgian Treaty.

The joint resolution providing for the termination of the treaty between the United States and the King of the Belgians concluded at Washington, July 17th, 1878.

The New Tariff.

House—The tariff bill is amended by the Finance Committee, in the following particulars:—The act is to take effect on the 1st July, 1874. Words in value are inserted in silk section to determine the dutiable rate of silk and mixed goods; the duty on still wines is made 40c per gallon on casks and $1 per gallon dozen in cases; two per cent allowance for breakage and leakage is stricken out; hops are stricken out, leaving the duty at the present rate. Chromate and bichromate of potassia, four cents per pound instead of 4½c as fixed by the House; maccaroni and vermacelli, two cents per pound instead of 3 and 5 cents. Tin plates 1 1-10 instead of 1½ per pound. The provision permitting the return of empty grain bags free of duty is stricken out.

Peas exclusively for seed purposes, and quicksilver are stricken from the free list. The Committee on Finance propose to strike out the section allowing growers of tobacco to sell $100 worth a year directly to consumers without paying a tax, also one-twentieth of one per cent on all sales of coin, stocks, bonds, bullion, &c.

Cuban Belligerency—Canadian Reciprocity.

NEW YORK, June 17.—A Washington special states that the President is considering the proclamation favoring Cuban Belligence.

An Executive Session, probably for the consideration of the Canadian Reciprocity Treaty, will take place.

Interchange of Courtesy.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 17.—Extensive preparations are making to entertain the delegates of the business men from Galveston and Houston, comprising 30 men headed by the Mayores of these cities. They arrive here to day.

POND'S EXTRACT.—Cures bleeding from the lungs. It can be used with a common "inhaler." Try it. 2595

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

A fine collection of flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street. 2597

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets. 2597

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and a great many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale which continues during the present month. 2597

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale. No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

JARVIS & ABLESS Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at Once. J. METCALFE. 2577

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I used that nothing relieved me. Now I can eat well, sleep well, work well and feel well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JEROME SHENK, Insurance Agent. 2595

The American Cardinal.

(*From the Winona Republican.*)

The probability of the appointment of an American cardinal is again mooted, and the personality of possible recipients of this high office is discussed. It is stated that the choice lies between Archbishop Purcell, of Cincinnati, and Archbishop Perche, of New Orleans, who of the Catholic clergy of this country are the most notably conspicuous in learning and piety and in influence at the Vatican.

Murderers Lynched in Louisiana.

(*From the New Orleans Republican, June 10*)

Several weeks ago the "Republican" gave the details of a horrible crime on Bayou Macon, near its junction with the Tensas, wherein a Mr Arbuckle was murdered in the presence of his wife, and his house robbed by three young men. They were subsequently identified. One of them, named Lewis, managed to escape, while two brothers, named A. B. and Thomas L. Norris, were arrested and incarcerated at Winnsboro. These young men—twenty and twenty-four years of age respectively—were connected with some of the most respectable families of the parish, and their crime has excited an unusual amount of indignation. This feeling culminated last Saturday in a party of some thirty disguised men visiting the jail, disarming the keeper, taking the brothers to a convenient tree and lynching them into eternity without the benefit of clergy or a moment's respite for repentance. The record of Franklin parish has for years been black with assassinations and murders, but this latest crime has been unknown in the parish since the war till now.

The Throne of Spain.

The Paris *Débats*, of June 2, speaking of the rumor which has prevailed of the candidature of a German prince, or rather a Prussian one, for the throne of Spain, makes the following observations:—

It is even asserted that three members of the new Spanish Ministry have devised this intrigue, and that they hope to force the hand of Marshal Serrano and neutralize this opposition of General Concha, who has remained faithful to the Alphonsist party. The mission of Count de Hatzfeld in the quality of Minister Plenipotentiary, or "Confidential Ambassador," according to the exact expression of our Madrid correspondent, gives room for all sorts of suppositions. It is not only Prince Leopold de Hohenzollern that is put forward. A letter addressed from Madrid to the *Neue Freie Presse* of Vienna presents Prince Frederick Charles as the real candidate for the throne of Philip V. and Charles V. Count de Hatzfeld is said to have been sent as a sort of scout, so to speak, charged to study the country, to sound the dispositions of the Spanish people, and to furnish Berlin with all the elements necessary for the success of this great enterprise. We call the attention of our readers to the letter of our correspondent. He is inclined to think that the new Prussian Ambassador has not the mission of offering to Spain a candidate for royalty, but that of laboring to form between that country and Prussia an alliance similar to that which the latter Power has probably concluded with Italy. The partiality which the French government has evinced towards the Carlists is supposed to be the principal argument used by the Count with the Spanish Ministry. As to the candidature of any Hohenzollern whatever, great or small, it is probably the mere dream of a romance writer.

Correcting His Excellency.

Lord Dufferin is a good Irishman, and so is our esteemed townsman, the Moderator of the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church. It would be impossible for two *such* Irishmen to meet without seeing something good. They met last week it seems, in the Parliament Building at Ottawa, the one in his capacity as Governor-General of the Dominion, and the other as the official representative of the Church, of which he is the ecclesiastical head. His Excellency came in state to receive an address from his royal subjects of the C. P. Church, and the Moderator, (Rev. Mr. Macpherson), arrayed in his robes of office, and accompanied by a deputation, appeared to present the address. The document was read, and His Excellency proceeded to make a most gracious and polite reply. In doing so he, as we are informed, dropped an unfortunate sentence which seemed to imply that all Presbyterians are Scotsmen. This was too much for the Moderator, and slightly interrupting His Excellency he assured him in the blandest possible tones, that there was no necessary connection between Scotsmen and Presbyterianism. We score one for the Moderator.—*Beacon.*

The Binghampton Frauds.

BINGHAMPTON, N.Y., June 16—In the suit of Strong against Dwight, to recover $23,000 alleged to have been fraudulently obtained from information of the Company to purchase lumber lands on the St. Maurice river, in Lower Canada. The jury rendered a verdict for the defendant. Several suits involving $300,000 are pending between the defendant and parties in Pennsylvania.

A marriage is arranged to take place between Lord Edward Spencer Churchill, only son of Jane, Duchess of Marlborough, and Miss Warburton, daughter of Lady Northwick and the late Major Warburton, M. P.

Major Beaumont, who was lately examined before the Parliamentary Committee on explosive substances, stated that dynamite in its pure state was far safer than gunpowder, but when adulterated with nitro-glycerine, became dangerous.

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pustules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis, &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these corrosive atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedent the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now for the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Agents for the Province of Ontario, Scott street, Toronto, or to DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame street, Montreal, General Agents for the Province of Quebec. Price—$1 per bottle. Large bottles, $.

May 1?, 1874.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

OTTAWA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS
ESTABLISHED 1860.

P. A. TAYLOR, - - - - PROPRIETOR.

The largest and best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scottish Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. RATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874. 2598y

Gentlemens' Dress.

CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at

RUSSELL & WATSON'S,
29 SPARKS-ST.

The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.

It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.

June 1?, 1874. R. & W.

W. M. SOMERVILLE,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods, And General Building Supplies.

Has constantly on hand and to order—

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES, ARCHITRAVES BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING, SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

SHINGLES—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.

N.B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.

RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.

June 17, 1874. 2597y

NEW CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—bales of new patterns Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and all prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet Hous

39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S

33 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge

March 23, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold $1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

130 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices.

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa. Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.

Murray Bay,

NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

THE LORNE HOUSE

Is now open to visitors.

Telegraph and independent Post Offices at Point a Pic.

CHAMARD & Co.

June 12, 1874. 2594-1m

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACCUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y, cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2597

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Yenosti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in 1 oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S. Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON, Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row, RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

Works—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and shipping orders executed with care and despatch.

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores.
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck.
Cures ulcerated sore legs.
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face.
Cures scurvy sores.
Cures cancerous ulcers.
Cures blood and skin diseases.
Cures glandular swellings.
Clears the blood from all impure matter, From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 6d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS,

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London. Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London. Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London. Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London. And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE, By Tallion & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of May A. D. 1874

OPENING DAY

MORRISON & ADAM,

FAMILY GROCERS,

TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,

48 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and Interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 20th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

Tailoring Esablishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

58 SPARKS STREET.

April 16, 1874. 2519

ESTABLISHED 1854. — OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisbed's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection.

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

**We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2575

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennett & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 26, 1874. 2537

HARNESS.

HARNESS.

THOS. SHORE & Co.,

(Successors to Thos. Lee)

SPARKS STREET.

Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single Sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest, and most fancy in the market. Also a good variety of

SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.

A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—opposite ... Bank.

June 12, 1874. 2599

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.35 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 3.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Pictorn leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 9 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.....111

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 17.

GRAIN.	per bushel
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 30 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 25 to 0 50
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per bbl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 80
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Pheasants	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 07 to 0 10
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 50 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Stove do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Cotton, heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 16,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus.; sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower; receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24,000 bus. at 56c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15½c.; refined, 13½c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 17.—Erie, 26¼; refined petroleum 18½ to 10½ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 17.—Cotton, sales today 6,000 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes "send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, "I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We fin to take well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.

And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

PETTIGREW HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hind & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

WANTED.—We will give men and women **Business That Will Pay**, from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having sure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address J. LATHAM & Co. Washington St., Boston, M

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 2557-3m

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated "*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*" of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1347. 2277m

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 18. 2545-1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time, 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

	DELIVERIES. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 8:00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 5 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:00 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:30 p.m., in which only registered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9:00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 20th, 1874.

NEW Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the use referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & COX

Ottawa, March 1, 1874. 2502

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Samples rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE, Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM,

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE, Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 4, 1873 2265 1 law

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Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favour the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2515y

VINEGAR BITTERS

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

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Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

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Opposite Bank of B.N.A.

April 2, 1874.

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Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.

A New Glee Book For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall sell them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

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To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

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WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
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Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the head. Sold in boxes, at 1s. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

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MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES FOR CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION;

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

IMPORTANT TO

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All persons who wish to raise the LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

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Should send 25cts for one package of imported ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
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April 29, 1874.

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Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Agent for the U.S. have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastilles, for inhalation, in boxes.

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And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pulmonic Wine, a tonic, the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nau sea or indigestion.

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COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable for the most delicate of invalids and weakest stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2513-12tn

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expense allowed to Agents everywhere, selling our new Braided White Wire Hope Clothes Lines. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King street West, Toronto, Ontario.

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The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

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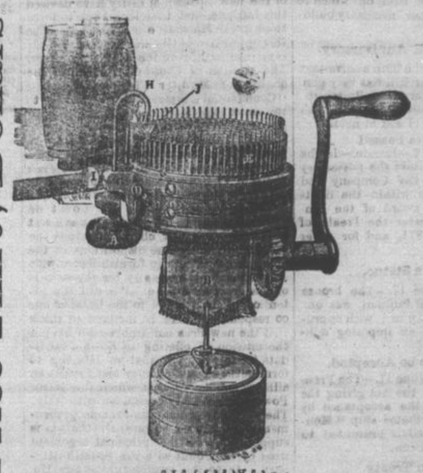

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Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 stitches in a Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Mufflers, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggings, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

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Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

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HAIR-DRESSING ROOMS,

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T. E. MOORE

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for permanent Combings, with the roots all one way, and the new make up the finest serving the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

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$955 000 IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

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DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
1 " "	50,000	200 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	300 " "	400
20 " "	5,000	500 " "	100
400 Gold Watches			$75 to 200
275 Sewing Machines			60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos			250 to 700
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Gift Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for sale. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your Prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 22. Generous distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following: Rev. E. Lazarus, Columbus, drew $15,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Hartford, $5,000; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 100 tickets guaranteed. 11 tickets for $1, 31 for $2, 55 for $3, 55 for $3, 150 for $10.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAN, GRAY & CO.,
61 New-st.

April 29, 1874. 2500-3m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & CO., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.

May 20th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of *CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.*

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

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Kent and Wellington Sts.

March 24, 1874. 2387

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UNDERTAKER

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Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Parties requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them promptly prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

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Feb. 18 2494

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 5 per cent.

R. R. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
19 Mail.	6.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	8.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.30 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	8.15 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	8.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.10 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS, 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Cornwall, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 8.00 a.m.
Night Express 8.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at intermediate Stations 4.00 a.m.
Express Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations 5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at 1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.20 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Provincial Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations 6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations 3.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at 5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at 10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe 11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Train for St. Johns and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at 8.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at 8.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2599 — OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 19, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.
A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,
SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 17, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 8, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 2, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1879. 2528y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M. L.C.P.S. L.C., M.C.P.S.O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 29, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—41½ Sparks-st.
March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM.
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q.C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 4, 1874 2465

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
S. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, JR.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514y

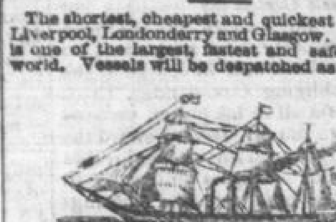
DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 2435-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Office:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
[illegible]

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Call on or address,
GEO. DAWSON,
60 Sparks-st., Ottawa

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

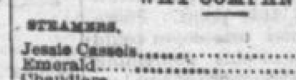
RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin.......$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage.......$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2:54



ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily (Sundays excepted), at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p.m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874. 1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.
The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.
Thames.......Wednesday, June 3
Delta.......Wednesday, June 17
Helios.......Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence.......Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.
Thames.......Thursday, July 2
Delta.......Thursday, July 9
Helios.......Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence.......Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends.
Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billiter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec; DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
June 12, 1874. 2548.

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS.......P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a.m., and 5 p.m. by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked, Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-1f

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent, C. F. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!
J. R. STITT & CO.
Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.
As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.
*** Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.
The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Dress Goods—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts. now	11½
2,500 "	20 "	14½
3,000 "	25 "	19
3,175 "	30 "	22½
2,085 "	36 "	26½
2,275 "	40 "	31
3,050 "	50 "	38½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$0 90 now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25 "	1 00
1,300 "	1 40 "	1 25
1,575 "	1 55 "	1 28½
550 "	1 75 "	1 40½
500 "	2 00 "	1 47½
400 "	3 00 "	2 50

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts. now	14
Assortment	20 "	16
Plain Black	25 "	19½
and	30 "	23
Coloured	35 "	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	13cts. now	9½
2,275 "	14 "	11
3,025 "	15 "	12½
2,150 "	18 "	15
3,185 "	20 "	18

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons	10cts. now	7½
	13 "	10½
	15 "	12½
	17 "	14½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costumes.

Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Hosiery.

White and	15c. now	12½
	20 "	15½
Coloured	25 "	19
	30 "	23
Cotton	35 "	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Batistes and Lawns.

83,000 yards	17cts now	14
	20 "	16
	22 "	17½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Trielle and Satins	22cts now	16½
Stripe	25 "	19
Muslins	30 "	25
4,000 yards	35 "	28½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts. now	15½
Splendid	25 "	19½
Assortment	30 "	23
	35 "	28½
	45 "	38

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts. now	14
450 "	20 "	16½
475 "	25 "	19½
350 "	30 and 35 "	23 & 26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costumes.

Dresses	$4 80 now	$3 75
	6 75 "	5 45
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 90 "	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.
Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

MOWAT & SON,
50 Sussex-st.,
OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of
Cloths and Men's Clothing,
FOR TWO WEEKS
Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds		82½c
15 " Fine Scotch	do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg		2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.		
200 Men's Shooting Coats		3.50
150 " Sac Coats		2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.		

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.
A. Mowat & Son.
May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL
In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they
HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST
With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS
Plain and Fancy Furniture,
Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a
SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.
Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874. 2561y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,
Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.
House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,
And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.
May 28, 1874. 2570y

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS-ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

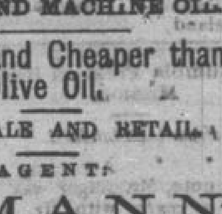
—REMEMBER—
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, and guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo.......75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner.......60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold.......$1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!
Books, Books!
16,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.



STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.
Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AGENT:
G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 16. 2545-1m

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.
A New Glee Book
For Temperance Use.
Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.
Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y. (P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method	Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice: Ludden's School for the Voice	Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor: Worrall's Guitar	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices: Saengerfest	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices: Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home: The Cluster	Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book: Fairy Echoes	Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by
J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all New, Fresh, and Sparkling—any two pieces being worth the price of the work.
A New Music Book
For Public Schools.
SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 60 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.
Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Easter Beef
AT
C. KENNEDY'S,
WELLINGTON-ST.,
Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built, three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable in this locality.

No 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 19, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold en bloc, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 21 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $900 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 36 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

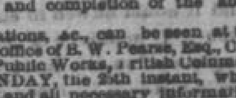
Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts., for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three storied high with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873.

NEW
Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,
No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.
The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop
At No. 54, Sussex Street,
Where they will be prepared to execute all work in
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.
Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.
Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.
We are preprepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.
All work warranted for One Year.
MASON & CO.
Ottawa, March 1, 1874.



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E., Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

THE MISSES SINGLETON
HAVE REMOVED
Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 131 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.
N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.
April 30, 1874. 2557-3m

THE FRENCH ASSEMBLY.

Violent Scene Between the Republicans and Bonapartists—A Bonapartist's Threat—"The day close at hand when we shall put a gag in your mouths."—M. Ledru-Rollin's Speech.

(From the Liverpool Mercury, June 4.)

In his address to the deputations who waited upon him at Auxerre on Monday, M. Gambetta said:—"To-day the republican democracy finds itself in presence of the pseudo democracy—the Cæsarian democracy. The struggle is expected—the duel is inevitable. Republican France will not allow herself to be surprised."

The following evening the representatives of the two democracies came as near striking the first blow in the "expected struggle" as to shake their fists in each other's faces. The storm was raised by M. Brisson, a republican, who, in moving the rejection of the Electoral Bill, which would strike off several millions from the electoral roll, said that tampering with universal suffrage would be putting a weapon in the hands "of the fatal party which led France from the 2nd of December to Sedan." This complaint raised a terrific storm in the Bonapartist camp. M. Levert, one of the high-minded prefects of the Empire, shouted, "Never mind; the day is close at hand when we shall put a gag in your mouths!" Hereupon a fearful row arose. At this menace there ensued one of the most violent scenes ever witnessed, even in the French Assembly. A number of the ultra-radical members sprang to their feet and rushed across the arena as if to charge their Bonapartist foes. Meanwhile as many Imperialists, several of them pale with rage, advanced to meet the radicals. In this crisis a serious fray was prevented by several Deputies from the Right throwing themselves between the excited members, and so preventing their actually coming into collision.

M. Brisson's motion to shelve the bill was rejected by a large majority.

M. LEDRU ROLLIN'S SPEECH.

[Paris (June 3) correspondence of London Times.]

The Assembly was extremely crowded to-day. It was known that M. Ledru-Rollin was to speak, and extraordinary efforts were made to obtain tickets of admission. Some instances are cited in which as much as £5 was paid for a ticket. The sitting began at half-past two with a noisy incident caused by a correction of the minutes of the last sitting. The result was a violent scene between a Bonapartist and a Deputy of the Left. M. de Castellane then rose, and in a long speech, delivered amid ever increasing noise, demanded that the intelligent representation of interests should be substituted for the brutal representation of numbers. "From 1815 to 1848," said the speaker, "monarchy gave France thirty-three years of prosperity and peace; she had not a single war with any Power in Europe; and she won her finest colony. From 1848 to 1874 she had four terrible wars; she has been vanquished; 800,000 men have perished; she has left two provinces and an alarming number of milliards. Such is the balance of twenty-five years of universal suffrage." (Violent protestations from the Left; prolonged cheering from the Right.) "Universal suffrage," said the speaker, "gives us a mandate, and is a jealous master. We must constantly keep our eyes upon it; it imposes upon us its ideas in all things—in politics, in political economy, and even in military organization." (Cries of 'Nonsense!') 'The Empire dare not organize great military manœuvres, because requisitions would have to be made. It reduced the contingent because it was necessary to shield a favorite Deputy from recriminations. During the war it was universal suffrage that was feared; its representatives had to be tenderly dealt with and the Army of the East died with cold and grief beyond the Swiss frontier.' (Noisy interruptions from the Left.) 'Gentlemen,' the speaker went on, 'I shall have the courage to tell universal suffrage the truth.' (A Member on the Left—'Have you had the courage to tell it to your electors?') (A laugh.)

M. LEDRU-ROLLIN.

M. Ledru-Rollin ascended the tribune in deep silence. He stood for several moments without opening his lips, and then began in a voice in which slight traces of emotion were noticeable. It should be stated at once that this speech proved an immense disappointment for all present. M. Ledru-Rollin speaks slowly and in a low key. His diction is as heavy as his gait. Some times he is scarcely to be heard. His expressions, the turn of his sentences, his very attitude, everything about him plainly shows that the speaker has for a quarter of a century been a stranger to public debate, and it is from that standpoint that the public seems desirous of listening to the speaker and of comparing him with his former self of 1848, when the whole population of Paris obeyed his voice. Mr. Rollin said:

GENTLEMEN,—I should have thought that on a question of this importance, which touches upon the greatest dogmas of France, there would have been a serious, well defined and concise debate. Such has not been the case, and I see the end of the debate approaching. I will not discuss the details of the bill; I will reject it in the lump. You are not competent to discuss this bill, in spite of the constituent faculty you have conferred upon yourselves. You may be competent to do anything except to vote on universal suffrage. Who are you? You are commissioned by universal suffrage, and the commission has its rules, its limits, its measures. Its rules have long been established. The commission must be special. You have no special commission; you hold a general one. You cannot give your commission a special character, not even by seeking it in what you call public safety, you may administrate, but you cannot alienate a right with which you have been invested. (Strong denials from the Right.) I am speaking a judicial language. There is no one who knows anything of law who will contradict me. (From the Left, "It is true.") I say you cannot alienate—(A voice, "What?") A right that was conferred upon you. Laws were not made amid the fiery passions of politics. They were made coolly; they are the work of centuries. And then, gentlemen, with what offence do you reproach universal suffrage? No doubt, when it was considered under the form of a plebiscite, it did, indeed, make a very great mistake. (Loud protestations from the Bonapartists; laughter on the Right and among the Centres.) Did the people wish for war at the last plebiscite? Did the people believe that by voting the plebiscite it was voting for war? No, it wanted peace. Therefore under the appearance of an appeal from the people, which is the most deceitful form of universal suffrage the people made a mistake. With that exception, what have you to reproach it with? With having elected Republicans? Would you have condemned it had it returned Monarchists? (Loud laughter from the Left.) Ah! I know very well there is an expression used in the newspapers, in this tribune and out of doors—"Purify Universal Suffrage." The Romans, too, of old Rome, of which you were told yesterday, purified universal suffrage, and purified it in such a manner that from century to century, from curia to curia, nothing remained but the whole people. (Loud cheers from the Left.) We endeavor by universal suffrage to efface classes, to establish political equality with equality before the law, and you would undo that. You would re-establish classes and have as formerly great and small, fat and lean. (Laughter on the Left.) (Cries of 'Nonsense' on the Right.) You are going to have select and excluded citizens and both parties will be at daggers drawn. In Rome [...] were created. The [...] the slave were excluded and then, when the barbarians reached the Rome, it was those who [...] of their fatherland who opened the gates of Rome to the barbarians. (Prolonged cheers from the Left.) What you wish to do is dangerous. Why not drive straight at what you are aiming at? You wish to purify universal suffrage, to give more force to the power you have founded. You wish to do so in order to re-establish monarch. What monarchy? (On the Left, "Yes; which one?") If it is monarchy by Divine right you will never have it in France. (Uproar on the Right and cries of "There is no monarchy by Divine right.") You ask me why you will never have it. (On the Right. "Not at all. Who has asked you anything of the kind?" (A general laugh, during which the speaker remained silent for several minutes.) There are three men in history who have dealt with the three questions—tyranny, monarchy, democracy. (A laugh and a voice, "That is not it; you were speaking of monarchy by Divine right.") Montesquieu quoting Aristotle (renewed laughter), Montesquieu, said governments could live by fraud and die only by force. (Renewed laughter and uproar.) As for the monarchy of King Louis Philippe, when it fell all France declared that the government of contempt had fallen under the blows of the revolution of contempt. (Loud and prolonged interruption from the Centres.) The Empire is entirely enclosed between Waterloo and Sedan, to which must be added the dismemberment of France through the loss of two provinces. (M. Haentjens, "Go and tell them that at Berlin.") (Uproar.) The Republic appears to frighten you, but what form of government has never been seriously tried in France. (Uproar.) The first Republic was but a camp. The Convention fought at home against La Vendee, and afterwards fourteen armies were obliged to combat the whole of Europe in arms. She did and organized great things, which still last. (Cries of 'The Guillotine.') The second Republic, that of 1848, was never constituted. You say it had a constitution, but from its birth that clement Republic—(Prolonged shouts from all the benches of the Right. "Why clement?" Explain the word—which arrested no one, transported no one, which gave the most ample liberty to the press, which administered the finances well? (Cries of "What about the forty-five centimes?" but the day after its birth you attacked it. (Voices—"What about May 15?") May 15? Why, it was a Bonapartist conspiracy. (Protestations.) Who led that manifestation? It was Hubert—Hubert, who was condemned, then pardoned by the Empire, obtained the concession of a railway in the South, and was afterwards made administrator of another company.

M. Rouher—A flagrant material error.

M. Ledru Rollin—I can prove it. Do you wish me to speak of the 24th of June? ("Speak of the 13th of June, article 5 of the constitution had been violated. A manifestation was thought necessary, and a peaceable manifestation was made. Yes, 12,000 men armed with rifles and revolvers. I come now to June 24, the day of blood and crimes. Who brought it on? The day before M. Rouher had demanded the immediate breaking up of the national workshops; the day after M. de Falloux, who pledged himself to do nothing hastily, asked for the immediate dispersion of these men and threw them into the street. ("You excited them by telling them they were in the right.") But by whom were those men led? By a man who was spirited away, and who for two days had been perambulating the streets at the head of 800 men, shouting "Napoleon, we will have him." [Loud laughter.] Yes, at that time Royalists and Bonapartists went hand in hand, and the first five flags that were brought to me at the Executive Commission were white flags. (Prolonged tumult and laughter on the Right.) The barricades which extended throughout the Faubourg St. Germain were commanded by an ex-Chouan of 1830, and the Count of Chambord was waiting on the frontier. (Loud laughter; a voice, "This is dreadful stuff;" cries of "Order" from the Left.) The Bonapartists and Legitimists did not give that unfortunate Republic one moment's peace. (From the Right—"Without us it would not have lasted six weeks." From the Left—"Silence, ye conspirators of the Rue de Poitiers.") The Republic frightens you. What, in a country where there are as many small landowners as electors, you think the Republic would not be conservative in a country which has so promptly paid five milliards? ("In spite of the Republic.") And then when your bill is voted you will have to choose. You cannot leave the country in this state of uncertainty. And then, again, let us talk of business. Do you get your taxes in? You vote them, but they do not come in. There is a deficit for this year; there will be a more serious one next year. I should like to put a few questions to the Minister of Finance. (A general laugh. A voice—"There is none; he's gone out!") This uneasiness without work will become greater still. If you want any information on the subject there is a very moderate corps, one almost always of government's opinion, the notaries. (A laugh.) Ask them what has become of transactions, loans, business in general? ("That is because we are under a republic.") It is because between the three governments you wish to introduce you can do nothing. I speak without passion. I appeal to you as a Frenchman in the name of Fatherland, for which you are all ready to die. (A voice from the Centre—'Stuff! stuff!'—prolonged laughter.) Have confidence, then, in this country which desires no better than to have confidence in you. Instead of mutilating universal suffrage, decree the dissolution of the Assembly and you will see the whole country rise again as if by enchantment." (Loud laughter; slight cheering on the Left; long uproar.)

The Assembly then rose.

Republicanism in Germany.

(From the London Telegraph.)

This is a country in which the government is an incorporation of one set of political principles, but where the people entertain another. Through the accident that the army system has got welded into the national habits to such an extent that the most advanced Prussian democrats have not a notion how to set about getting rid of it in earnest—were the chance of doing so afforded them—Germany has got to be governed by an absolute monarchy. But the German people is far more really and generally republican than the French. There are plenty of excellent State officials—even in this finest of bureaucracies, which holds the nation's will, perhaps, yet more tightly fettered than does the army, whose political principles are republican to the bone. One of Prince Bismarck's most trusted subordinates and indispensable companions is one of this class, who has suffered exile in his day for his opinions—the more rigorously because he did not keep them by any means to himself nor hesitate attempting to put them into action. Not the less for all this does this admirable functionary fulfil the duties of his office—which all tend to the greater glorification and fortification of monarchy—with exactitude and zeal. In his heart, doubtless, he yearns for Liberty, Equality, Fraternity, and it must be very gratifying to him to observe that just now his mighty chief is so fond of a 'republic'—in France. But his brain and hands are devoted to the maintenance of a dynasty, the present reigning representative of which at least looks upon republics with the same sort of contempt and loathing that might be expected to animate the breast of a Parisian gourmet whilst contemplating the rudimentary performances in the gastronomic line of a south sea cannibal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TELEGRAPH LINE.

Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—

The furnishing of all materials, labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.

The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.

In the wooden Section of land to be cleared to a width of 132 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.

Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:

(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.
(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 500 miles.
(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.
(4) Lac La Hache, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia, to Fort Edmonton, about 550 miles.
(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.
(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 760 miles.

The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.

Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.

Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, 12th June, 1874. 2588_2awk-tf.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
PIANOS!

SEIZED BY CUSTOM HOUSE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, of the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, am instructed to sell by Public Auction, at my Sale Rooms, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, at the hour of two o'clock on

MONDAY NEXT, 22D INST.,

Three very fine Rosewood Pianos, 7¼ octaves, made by J. P. Hater, New York, numbered 20049, 20,540, 20,547, and seized by an officer of Customs of this city on Tuesday, June 16th. The subscriber has therefore in consequence of such seizure, received positive instructions to sell said Pianos at Public Auction, and

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE WHATEVER,

which he will do on above named day and place, regardless of price. All concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

June 19, 1874.

CREDIT SALE
—OF—
BUGGIES AND EXPRESS WAGGONS
By Auction.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, on

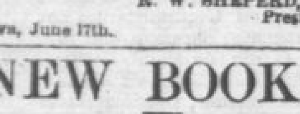
TUESDAY, 23d INSTANT,

At 10:30 o'clock a. m., on the By Ward Market, ten new Buggies and six Express Waggons, all of the very best material, finest workmanship and made by one of the best carriage builders in this city. The owner is determined to sell them, in order to make room for the manufacture of his winter stock, and they will therefore be sold on six months' credit, and at the purchasers own price. All in want of good Express Waggons and Buggies should bear this sale in mind, as such an opportunity to purchase cheap, and from a good stock, will not offer again this season. They will be on view from eight o'clock until hour of sale, ten thirty on Tuesday, 23d inst, on the By Ward Market.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

June 18, 1874.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE CELEBRATION AT MONTREAL.



THE Ottawa River Navigation Company will issue Tickets on 22nd and 23rd instants to Montreal and return for a SINGLE FARE AND A THIRD. Tickets good to return up to 27th instant inclusive.

R. W. SHEPERD,
President.

Ottawa, June 17th.

NEW BOOKS.

Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon....$1.25
" Meridiana, or adventures in South Africa.... 0.75
" A journey to the Centre of the earth.... 0.75
" Tour of the World in 80 days.. 1.50
Family Herald, vol 32, bound.... 1.35
At Her Mercy, by James Payn.... 0.50

FOR SALE AT
HENDERSON AND CO'S,
29 Sparks Street.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JAMES BUCHANAN, of the City of Ottawa, an Insolvent.

A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until 4th July next, after which dividend will be paid.

ALEX. MOFFAT,
Assignee

Monday, June 17, 1874. 289-2w

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A. R. GILES, Esq., Dear Sir,—In reply to your note asking how I like the Canadian Washing Machine you left on trial at my place, I have to say that it gives every satisfaction, doing its work thoroughly, being more easily worked than any other, and a great deal cheaper. I may add that it took me some time to persuade my wife to try your machine, as she had already tried the Bunnell Machine twice, and had concluded the machines were all humbugs alike.

A. W. LANG.

June 16, 1874 2565-y

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.

June 9, 1874. 2560

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.

June 11, 1874. 2562

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria Streets, handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location, is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. R. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584.

FASHIONABLE
TAILORING
ESTABLISHMENT.
76.] SPARKS STREET [76.
T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

Is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2528-3m

MARRIED.

On the 11th ... at the residence of the Bride's father, by the Rev. R. L. Stephenson, M. A., Robert Barclay Whyte, Ottawa, to Emily Ruth, second daughter of Mr. James Patterson, of Perth.

GLAD TIDINGS!!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freves, and a variety of other brands, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
Grocers, 36 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Sale of Buggies—J Bermingham.
Sale of Pianos—J Bermingham.
Canadian Pacific Railway—F Braun.
Insolvent Act of 1869—A Moffat.
New Books—Henderson & Co.
O R Navigation Co—R W Shepherd.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, JUNE 19, 1874.

Our telegraphic despatches announce that the President yesterday sent to the Senate of the United States, the recently negotiated Reciprocity Treaty. It is not likely to pass unopposed in either Legislative body at Washington, but we have no doubt the more enlightened views will prevail.

THE NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY.

A sort of crisis appears to have been reached in the affairs of the Northern Colonization Railway. The Engineering staff and the men employed on the survey have failed to receive their pay lately, and are making trouble to the Board in consequence. Sir Hugh Allan is blamed for the default of payment, but whether justly or because he has become a sort of scapegoat we cannot tell. The local Directors from this quarter, including two well-known Ottawa gentlemen, Messrs. Alonzo and W. McKay Wright, have been summoned to a meeting of the Board convened to discuss the emergency. The meeting was to have been held on Wednesday, but was not; Sir Hugh Allan being charged also with the blame of hindering the meeting, which however is expected to come off to-day. The trouble has not extended to the men employed by the contractors in the construction of the line. At such a time there are, of course, any number of rumours afloat, some of which are improbable enough to counteract themselves. There is said, with some appearance of truth, to be strong opposition to the giving up by the city to the company or the contractors the million dollars of debentures voted sometime ago. This is a symptom of want of confidence which must operate against the efforts now being made by the contractors to raise money in the English market for the prosecution of the work. A goodly number of people are representing Sir Hugh as the Jonah who must be sacrificed to appease the angry elements.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY—OPINION IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

We have received our British Columbia exchanges, of dates to the 3rd inst, by which we observe that great interest, naturally enough, continued to be felt in the discussion of the Railway question, in connection with Mr Edgar's recent mission to that Province. The Victoria *Standard* tries to defend the conduct of the Walkem Government, in its cavalier treatment of the Dominion agent, while the *Colonist*, putting the matter in its true light, proves the impropriety of that course and what is important at this time, so far as a correct understanding of the difficulty is concerned, reveals the motive which most probably dictated it. Whatever may have been the surprise created this side the Rocky Mountains, by the singular action of the Local Government, and however calculated to arouse suspicion, a becoming delicacy was felt in discussing the reasons therefor, and in dealing with Mr. Walkem's personal position. Some of our contemporaries, like ourselves, guardedly expressed a misgiving as to his impulses being wholly of that public, or patriotic description, alone justifiable in proceedings of general concern, while a few critics imagined they had a right to characterize his unwillingness to treat with Mr. Edgar as governed by the selfish motive of making party capital, by keeping the question between the Province and the Dominion open as long as it suited him. We notice that the *Colonist*, enjoying the advantages of local knowledge and influence, has done the discussion a service which could not be expected of journals published at a great distance, by making known the secret of the Walkem Cabinet's conduct; that is no other than its fear to close up the controversy, by accepting or rejecting the Canadian Government's terms, and to appeal to the people for their verdict. The *Colonist* asserts it knows its weakness and that it does not represent the inhabitants; therefore, it is resolved to avoid an election as long as possible. We reproduce a portion of the article of each contemporary, on the railway question, to shew the manner in which it is viewed by the different parties in the Pacific Province. From all we can learn, the Local Government is weak, and has just grounds for alarm in the event of a dissolution. It may be they are unlike some Governments with which Canada has been afflicted, in standing above personal or party considerations in the handling of public affairs. It is not necessary to accuse the Columbia Ministers of selfishness to prove the misfortune of having, as rulers, men unready to seize golden opportunities. Crediting them with patriotic feeling, for the sake of argument, it is not the less deplorable that they were unable to form a sound judgment when it was all important in the interests of the country. A blunder is often as mischievous as a crime. We perceive that the ingenuity of the Walkem journals, the *Standard* in particular, is put to the sharpest strain to make out a passable defence for his late dealings with Mr. Edgar. It finds it necessary to divide his mission into two parts; the first being to converse with Mr. Walkem on the question lately agitating the public mind in British Columbia, obtain information, and to "receive" the views of himself and colleagues, regarding the Canadian Government's policy on the construction of the Railway. Of course Mr. Edgar, after presenting Mr. Mackenzie's note of introduction, which was a sufficient commission, explained the intention of his principals, the Federal Ministers, respecting that work. The *Standard* says:—"We have every reason to believe he did confer with them fully and freely on these matters, and ascertained exactly their views in relation thereto;" and further, "Therefore, in these respects, Mr. Edgar fully accomplished the objects of his mission, and had nothing whatever to complain of." So to this extent the Local Government deemed him worthy of confidence, and every way competent to represent the Federal Government. There was no suspicion dropped as to his lack of qualifications to act as a faithful medium of communication between both Cabinets. No distrust on personal or official grounds was expressed. Strangely enough, however, doubts and difficulties suddenly arose in the mind of Mr. Walkem the moment the Canadian agent approached the solid ground of business. A movement that should have been heartily welcomed by men, the burden of whose incessant complaint has been Canada's dilatoriness in approaching the practical part of the scheme, was met with a show of unpleasant surprise and unfeigned repugnance. The idea of Mr. Edgar's inability to treat for Canada, though hitherto freely dealt with as its accredited representative, and though holding its Premier's well-known instructions in his hands, then instantly dawned upon Mr. Walkem's mind. Mr. Edgar might be ever so much a gentleman, and commissioned by a number of gentlemen at Ottawa, possessing the confidence of the people of Canada, to propose certain things in their behalf, and the Columbia authorities might have acted upon this impression ever so long, yet it would be quite becoming in them at the last moment, and without any apparent reason, to exhibit a total change of conduct, and to tell the Envoy he must proceed to prove his quality. He might be capable of speaking the mind of the Canadian Government, and receiving the views of the British Columbian, but could not possibly be in a position to make proposals in behalf of the former. He was at once an agent and no agent, the Walkem Ministry possessing the fine perception necessary to marking the hair-line between his real power and his mere pretentions. To any but persons in a condition of mental feebleness, or bound to discover an excuse for an indefensible course, it would have appeared that a gentleman deemed worthy to speak for the Dominion on one set of subjects, involved in a mission, would be thought fit to handle all the rest. It is not the fashion with governments to divide a mission, or make use of agents not fully empowered to represent them. But if Canada, the greater power, which was to make all the sacrifice connected with the railway, was content to deal with the Columbia Premier for the time being—to treat him as competent to act for the Province, surely he ran no great risk in accepting the claims of Mr. Edgar; and, at the worst, neither party could have irrevocably bound the other; nothing would have been final till Parliament had sanctioned the bargain. Under all the circumstances then, we believe, with a large portion of the people of British Columbia, that their Ministers acted very foolishly in casting difficulties in the way of the good intentions of the Government of the Dominion. To prolong their tenure of office, probably, they have jeopardised their prospect of a railway in Vancouver Island, and possibly delayed the commencement of a post road towards Canada, on the mainland. Notwithstanding, we sympathise with the appeal of the *Colonist* and other opponents of the Walkem party, against the consequences of their short-sighted conduct.

IRISH AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS' IMMIGRATION.

Mr. P. O'Leary, the delegate of the Irish Agricultural Labourers' Union, is at present in Ottawa, collecting such information as may be most useful to the organization. He carries a letter of introduction from Lord Dufferin, and has similar letters from gentlemen in the old country, to persons of influence in Canada. Mr. O'Leary intends to publish in pamphlet form, on his return home, his views of Canada, and such facts as he may acquire with respect to the condition of the Irish race in it, as well as corresponding with the London *Hour* and several Irish papers, and no doubt his letters will prove interesting to the English as well as the Irish working man, possessed of a notion of emigrating. This gentleman called upon Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue, M.P.P., at the TIMES Office, yesterday, and we understand conversed with him about the object of his mission, receiving at the same time useful information with respect to the status, circumstances, and prospects of working men in this country, particularly the portion from the emerald isle. We learn that Mr. O'Leary has been agreeably impressed with the air of self respect and comfort, as well as the neat habits exhibited by Canadian working men as compared with the same class in the United Kingdom. The Irish agricultural laborer would seem to be contracting a preference for the Dominion, to judge from Mr. O'Leary's being sent hither instead of to the States. We have reason to conclude he believes that large numbers of his countrymen and countrywomen can be drawn to Canada by a faithful description of its advantages. He would probably like to see Manitoba, of which he has heard a good deal, before returning to Ireland, and it would be well to encourage such a tour. It would be a happy result of this mission if one or more colonies of healthy, industrious Irishmen could be planted in the North-west. Special localities might be marked out for them, as in the case of the Mennonites and the Minnesota emigrants. We have no doubt that Mr. O'Leary will leave Ontario with a very high opinion of the opportunities it offers to agricultural labourers and farmers, willing to work and found free houses for themselves.—He waited upon the Premier yesterday, and was cordially received, Mr. Mackenzie expressing his strong sympathy with the mission, and hopes for its success. Mr. O'Leary will, no doubt, find this encouragement highly useful. He intends visiting Toronto in the early part of next week, and will, we understand address a meeting convened by Mr. Richardson, lately from England in charge of some emigrants from Lemington, the scene of the late "lock-out" of agricultural laborers, and will no doubt meet a hearty reception.

Black Bouquets.

Under this caption the New York *World* discusses one view of the Civil Rights Bill in a way that is amusing and that exemplifies in a felicitous way the dark side that almost every picture of social reconstruction amongst our neighbours never fails to present. The *World* says:—

"A curious report comes from the South. It is said that several enterprising gentlemen of New England extraction residing in Mobile have conceived a scheme for making a prodigious fortune out of the Northern people if the pending Civil Rights bill becomes a law. They propose to go to the neighboring plantations and hire for the heated term this summer several hundred of the blackest, greasiest, raggedest, dirtiest, most insolent, and most odoriferous field hands that can be found, and take them just as they are, barefooted and bareheaded, buck and wench alike, and ship them to the North. One hundred, for instance, will be precipitated upon Boston. The best accommodations will be demanded at the St. James, Revere, Tremont and Parker houses, and the bucks will take the range of the bars, smoking-rooms, bath-rooms, barber shops, dining-rooms, gentlemen's parlors, and bridal-chambers, and the wenches the run of the halls, parlors, and ladies' ordinaries. The theatres and churches will be visited and the choicest seats selected. On the palace steamboats on the 'Sound' the bridal-chambers and supper saloons will be occupied. Large parties will be sent over the railroads whenever it can be ascertained that the sleeping-cars are but partially full, so that the vacant berths can be used by these "flowers of the South." The same course will be taken in reference to the Pullman palace cars by day. Long Branch is to be infested by another delegation, which will lounge about the hotel piazzas and parlors, trip the fantastic toe at the 'grand hops,' and elbow the other guests at the President's levees. In short, these dark hued bouquets of the sunny savannas will attempt to go everywhere and do everything that the most fashionable of our Boston beaus and belles go and do. And it is just here where the enormous profits of the enterprise are expected to come in. Many hotels railroads, steamboats, theatres, liquor-saloons, barber shops and restaurants will refuse to entertain the pets of the nation, and then suits at law will be instituted against them and swingeing damages realised. Such eminent lawyers as General Woodford, of this State, Judge Hoar, Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania; and the late Mr. Schuyler Colfax will be retained. We glean these facts from the correspondence of a Louisville paper. For fertility of invention and shrewdness of execution, these New England gentlemen squatting temporarily in the South are certainly unequalled.

BOOK NOTICE.

The London Quarterly Review for April, just printed by the Leonard Scott Publishing Company, and on sale by Durie & Son, opens with an article on the "War between Prussia and Rome," and takes side far more warmly with the Government than did the *Edinburgh Review* when treating the same subject in a recent number. It significantly remarks: "The contest for power is subject to the same conditions as every other political contest. The object is to defend the State and to fix the limits between the dominion of the priest and the king; and these limits must be fixed in such a manner as to secure the existence of the State, for in the affairs of this world the State rules and has the precedence." "Russian Advances in Central Asia." The desire of Russia to secure the trade of Central Asia, which in 1820 was estimated to be worth over three hundred thousand pounds yearly, has led to the struggles and aggressive and punitory actions described in this article. The fine map which accompanies it shows the progress of these advances, which have extended "700 miles to the south and 900 miles to the south-east within a quarter of a century." The article on "Discoveries at Troy" gives a sketch of Dr. Schliemann's life, a description of the plain of Troy, with map and plan of excavations, and a full account of the objects discovered, and is profusely illustrated. Although there is no positive proof that these are really Trojan relics, there have undoubtedly been "found monuments which place beyond doubt the existence of flourishing and civilized inhabitants on the spot that has always, within historic memory, borne the name of Ilium." In the "Medical Charities of London," we have a survey of the working of the hospitals and dispensaries, with suggestions for alteration and improvement, in order more fully to meet the wants of the community. "The Alleged Apostacy of Wentworth, (Lord Stafford)" is an essay aiming to prove that Wentworth was not an apostate. The evidence on which the writer relies is taken from notes of the debates in 1621 made by Edward Nicholas, Secretary to Buckingham at the time, and from a "record of the debates preserved among the Harleian MSS." Other articles in this number consist of an essay on the character and works of Samuel Wilberforce, late Bishop of Winchester; a description of the caricatures of Gillray, the "Nast" of the early part of this century; "Irish Home Rule in the Eighteenth Century;" and "The Fall of the Liberty Party." By a singular coincidence, there are no fewer than four articles in the present number of the Review, and the current number of its great rival, the *Edinburgh*, devoted to the same subjects—the religious contest in Prussia, Russian advances in Central Asia, Schliemann's Discoveries, and Froude's Ireland.

British Columbia Press on the Edgar Mission.

From the Standard.

* * * * According to Mr. Mackenzie's note, Mr. Edgar was simply authorized "to *confer* with Mr. Walkem and other members of the Local Government on the questions lately agitating the public mind in British Columbia, and to receive their *views* regarding the policy of the Government on the construction of the railway," and we have every reason to believe he did *confer* with them fully and freely on these matters, and ascertained exactly their *views* in relation thereto. It is quite possible they told Mr. Edgar just what they thought respecting the treatment British Columbia had received from the Dominion Government in the non-fulfilment of the policy by Mr. Mackenzie's Administration for the construction of the railway, so far as it had been made known to them. Therefore, in these respects Mr. Edgar fully accomplished the objects of his mission, and had nothing whatever to complain of. To do this much no formal negotiations were necessary, nor was it any of Mr. Walkem's business to enquire whether Mr. Edgar was the duly accredited agent of Mr. Mackenzie or not. But when Mr. Edgar approached Mr. Walkem in the character of a negotiator of new terms—to undo what had been done and substitute new conditions with respect to the railway covenant for those now existing—the aspect of the affair became entirely changed. It then became Mr. Walkem's duty to ascertain exactly Mr. Edgar's *status*, and by what authority he undertook to negotiate upon a matter of such vital importance to the interests of British Columbia. Up to this period the Government looked upon Mr. Edgar as a confidential friend of Mr. Mackenzie's sent out here to enquire into the condition of the country and to ascertain the views and feelings of the people, and as such they received and entertained him; but when he assumed the more important character of a negotiator of new terms, Mr. Walkem was in duty bound to call upon him to show by whose or what authority he proposed to act. Mr. Walkem might have assumed that he had authority, but would he have been justified in doing so and acting upon the assumption? We contend that he would not. The subject was of too great importance to take anything for granted, and hence it was in no way disrespectful to Mr. Edgar, or to Mr. Mackenzie, to ask him to produce his authority to act, so as to satisfy the Government and people of this province that what he did and agreed to would be sanctioned by the Dominion Government and faithfully carried out. Mr. Edgar could easily have done so, if he had felt so disposed, and when the Government here took the trouble themselves to telegraph to the Secretary of State for the requisite information, Mr. Mackenzie might have given it instead of getting his back up and calling Mr. Edgar home, and all might have been well. The fact that he did not do so, or would not do so, only tends to strengthen the position Mr. Walkem took and to justify the wisdom of his course. Had he done otherwise he would have been to blame, and had evil came of it no one would have been more ready to find fault with him than our contemporary, who is now laboring so hard to make capital against the Premier for acting as he did.

[The *Colonist* replies effectively to the above sophistry in the following article which shows the opinion entertained of the Government policy respecting the Railway.]

(From the Colonist.)

* * * Those who have read attentively Mr. Mackenzie's speech will see that this Province was in no position to insultingly repel a proper advance for reasonable negotiations—or, in other words, that British Columbia has not got quite such a good thing in the old, impossible Terms as some would lead her to imagine. In honest truth, there are not altogether wanting reasons why British Columbia, as well as Canada, should desire to come under the provisions of a new and workable treaty. Nay more; it seems open to question whether the old Terms game isn't more into Canada's hand than ours. *Mr. Mackenzie made an honest advance and a reasonable proposal. He asked for more time. Every thinking man must have known that an extension of time was essential, inevitable.* He intimated willingness to make certain valuable concessions in return for a time relaxation. These concessions were to build a railway and telegraph on Vancouver Island immediately; to build a waggon road and telegraph on the Mainland from the seaboard to the Rocky Mountains at once; and to make a bona fide commencement of railway construction beyond the Cascades next year, spending there not less than a million and a half annually. Mr. Walkem absolutely refused to lay it before the Government at all, and insolently questioned the honesty of Mr. Mackenzie and the bona fides of his agent! And, now, what has British Columbia to expect at the hands of Mr. Mackenzie? In common justice, however, Mr. Mackenzie should discriminate between the acts of British Columbia and those of the men whom accident has for once placed in a position to do so much mischief. In a strictly literal and constitutional sense, he has undoubtedly a right to regard the acts of British Columbia. But, in this instance, he has reason to know and must know *that the conduct of her Ministers is condemned by British Columbia.* It must be tolerably clear now that the foolish and unjustifiable game played by Ministers for no conceivable purpose but to prolong their official existence, has endangered, if it has not absolutely lost, the Island portion of the Railway. Nor would that sure and certain commencement beyond the Cascades, which is of so much importance to that part of the Province, appear to be less endangered by the suicidal action of the Local Government. * * * The defence attempted to be set up for Mr. Walkem is at best very weak. It is contended that he was quite right to be careful about committing the Government, until he knew that the Dominion Government would be held. Now, it is simply absurd to pretend that negotiations had reached that point at which either party could possibly think of being bound. It was for the two Governments to negotiate the basis of new Terms. Only the first preliminary step had been taken. Had that step been properly followed up by the Provincial Government contending for better Terms—say two millions and a half as the minimum expenditure, and the work of railway construction to be begun on the Mainland (at two or more points beyond the Cascades) next year, the line between Esquimalt and Nanaimo to be commenced this year at both ends and the middle and completed in two years—there is good reason for believing better Terms would have been conceded, and that the negotiations would in due time have reached that stage at which the mind would naturally turn to the subject of bonds, securities and the like. But even then, let it be noted, it would be Parliaments and Peoples, not Ministers or Agents, that would make things binding. Does Mr. Walkem really imagine that he would have had the right, even if he possessed the power, to bind British Columbia? It had been distinctly and unanimously declared by Parliament that no proposal for any change in the railway obligation should be made binding save by the people themselves. Where, then was the danger? Where the commendable caution? There was danger; but it was to the Ministers themselves, not the country. Knowing right well that to go on with negotiations and bring them to a head involved dissolution and a general election, and conscious of what that process imported to them and their 'Silent Brigade,' they trumped up the paltry quibble about credentials. Talking about credentials the organ should be the last to raise the point, for we find in its editorial columns the following passage:—

"The mover in the City Council took the precaution for his own guidance to ascertain that Mr. Edgar is the accredited agent of the Dominion Government in this Province, 'an assertion we have constantly made and one which the information given Mr. Dewdney by Mr. Mackenzie confirms.'" But when the organ made that statement, which is undoubtedly true, it did not foresee the terrible strait to which its masters were to be brought for an excuse for averting a general election.

International Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America.

As the above supreme body will hold their annual session in this city during the week (commencing Wednesday) it is the duty of every member of the Order to do his or her utmost to make the stay of such distinguished visitors as pleasant as possible.

A reception committee, composed of G. W. P. Rose, Toronto, Chairman; P. G. W. P. Rev. J. W. Manning, Almonte; G. S. Webster, Brantford, Sec; G. W. A. Howe, P. G. W. A. Hannum, the Mayor, W. P.'s Bertram and J. K. Stewart, P. W. P.'s Esplin, Wm. Stewart, Halkett, Watson, R. E Jamieson, Kennedy, and Guppy, and Brothers Esmonde, Heney, Bell, Young, H. McLean and Gibson, have prepared the following programme of entertainment, viz:—On Thursday, an excursion to the Chats Falls, *via* Canada Central Railway to Britannia, to which the public are cordially invited, the fare being at the low figure of $1.25. The Independent Cornet Band will be in attendance.

On Friday, the guests will be shown the Chaudiere and Rideau Falls, and other points of interest, for which purpose several of our leading citizens have kindly lent the use of their carriages.

On the evening of Tuesday, a social will be held in Knox Church, City Hall Square.

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale, No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

JARVIS & ABLERS' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.

J. METCALFE.
2577

CITY AND VICINITY

REAL ESTATE SALE.—The Bray property, on Sandy Hill, was sold by Mr. Rowe, Auctioneer, to Mr. Layton, for $1,425.

WIMBLEDON.—The Ottawa members of the Wimbledon Team, Capt J. P. Macpherson and Sergeant Sutherland, left this morning by the St. L. & O. Railway *en route* for Quebec, from whence the Team sails to-morrow for England.

SOCIAL.—The men of the Central Hook and Ladder Company purpose giving a grand social entertainment on the evening of July 1st. The Centrals' socials have always been of a very enjoyable character, and the one this year promises to surpass anything ever before attempted.

SEIZURE OF PIANOS.—Mr. Bermingham advertises for sale at his Auction Rooms, Elgin street, on Monday next at 2 o'clock, three very fine seven and a quarter Octave Pianos, made by G. J. P. Hall & Co., New York, and seized by the Customs officers of this city on Tuesday last. See advertisement. Sale positive, and without any reserve whatever.

BASE BALL.—The Ottawa Mutual Base Ball Club will go to Montreal on the 24th instant, and play the club of that city. Mr. Wm. McCaffery is Captain of the club, and will accompany it on the trip. They intend providing themselves with good grounds in the neighborhood of the city for the purpose of regular practice.

DOMINION DAY.—Many questions are asked as to what is being done towards a due celebration of Dominion Day? It is a somewhat difficult question to answer, but this much is known that a large committee was struck a few evenings ago, and if some of the more prominent members of that body would speak out, an inkling of the proposed celebration might be had.

A TEMPERANCE DRIVE.—This morning the members of the National Division and visitors will be provided with carriages, so that they may visit the Parliament Buildings, the Chaudiere and Rideau Falls, and other places of interest in and around the city. The carriages are to be in readiness on the City Hall Square at 8 o'clock a. m. The following have in the most generous manner placed their vehicles at the disposal of the Local Committee for the occasion:—Messrs. Bronson, Young, Perley, Pattee, Eddy, Booth, Aumond, Currier, T. McKay, W. H. Walker, J. Rochester, Senator Skead, Slater, D. O'Connor, J. Heney, Z. Wilson, W. McK. Wright, W. F. Powell, Featherston, Orme, McRae, Fisher, Woodburn, Pennock, H. Robinson, W. Howe, Surtees, Esmonde, Hannum, R. S. Cassels and Noel.

NEW EDINBURGH UNION PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—The Building Committee of the above Church have awarded the tenders for the construction as follows:—John Saul, masonry, $2,435; J. & R. McCracken, carpentry, $1,625. It is estimated that the total cost of the building will be about $5,000. The New Edinburgh subscribers have already contributed about half this amount, and it is the intention of the Committee to have the Church fully completed before next winter. The Church is to be located at the east end of the MacKay estate (fronting Rideau Hall domain), on two lots donated by the MacKay Estate. The structure is to be rubble coursed masonry, 75 x 35 feet, with about 300 sittings. Plans and specifications have been kindly prepared by Mr. Robert Surtees, the architect of the County Court House and Protestant Hospital, and this of itself is a sufficient guarantee that the building will be quite an ornament to the village.

TEMPERANCE JUBILEE.

Grand Excursion—A Trip to the Chats.

Yesterday will be a day long to be remembered in the annals of temperance circles in Ottawa. According to a programme previously announced, the order of the day was a trip to the Chats, and in consequence a bustle and considerable stir from early dawn agitated the mind of those who had determined to do honor to the National Division now in session in the city. The weather was anything but propitious, and the heavy rain of the day before made it scarcely agreeable under foot; but as the day advanced old *Sol* began to evince his sympathy with the temperance movement below by shedding his rays on the scene, adding materially to the enjoyment of a party numbering in all about three hundred ladies and gentlemen. The Independent Cornet Band under the leadership of Mr. Adams, was early to work and by its inspiriting strains aroused many to a preparation for the trip. Throughout the day too, music was at all times ready to relieve any monotony that might ensue, and truly the whole party must feel deeply indebted to Mr. Adams for the generous manner in which his excellent band contributed to the day's enjoyment. The Canada Central Depot was reached in a variety of ways, some drove up in carriages, some staying at hotels availed themselves of the opportunity afforded of taking the respective omnibuses, many took the street cars, while the majority took the old style of locomotion, reaching the station in due time on foot. As the iron horse signalled his readiness for a start, the Cornet band by way of compliment to the American visitors struck up "Yankee Doodle" which was cheered lustily by our friends from over the border. This tune was followed by the "Red, White and Blue," which was in like manner cheered to the echo.

THE UPWARD JOURNEY.

All having arrived, the cry of *all aboard* by the conductor soon made every person seek a seat, while the trip of six miles to Britannia was being undergone by a long and heavy laden railway train. The start was effected about nine o'clock; and none regretted leaving behind for a day the city with its cares, noise and turmoil; to have a day's recreation to enjoy the magnificent scenery which a trip up the Ottawa so richly affords. Britannia was reached in less than half an hour by rail. Passing along, many places of interest took the eye. No sooner was the hum of industry at the Chaudiere out of hearing than that of the fine new Steam Mill of Senator Skead renewed the sound. The broad expanse of the Ottawa next came in view, with its many tiny Islands clothed in the richest verdure, revealing a scenic grandeur rarely to be found on the Continent of America. As the journey proceeded new sights appeared, each in turn vieing with the other as to beauty, while the beautiful cascades of the Du Chene rapids, as the train neared Britannia, commanded the admiration of all. The fine mill of the Conroy estate, on the Quebec side of the rapids, and the other manufacturing establishments at Britannia, on the Ontario side, gives the place such an industrial appearance as to render its name of the "Little Chaudiere" very appropriate indeed. Before proceeding further, it will be as well to give the reader some idea as to the leading persons who comprised the large and somewhat notable excursion party. The following are a few of the more prominent persons who were present:

O D Wetmore, Most Worthy Patriarch; H S Bell, M W Associate; S W Hodges M W Scribe, and lady; Rev A N Benedict, M W Chaplain; W A Duff, M W Treasurer; W C Clark, M W Conductor; Rev J H Bryce, M W Sentinel; Rev F Gales, G W P Quebec Division; G M Rose Ontario Division and lady; William T Wilkins, Pennsylvania; S T Champion, New Jersey; J L H Windfield, District of Columbia, S L Parsons, Eastern New York; J T Trusty, Maryland; His Worship the Mayor of Ottawa and lady; Dr M T Anderson, Nebraska; Rev A W Cummings, D D, Prof of Columbia College, South Carolina; Hon R M Faust, Pennsylvania; W H Armstrong, United States Treasury, Washington; Hon S D Ransom, P M W P, New Jersey; H D Cushing, Esq., Massachusetts; H M Sternes, P M W P, New York; G W Ross, M P, P G W P, Ontario; W H Curtis, P G W A, Brooklyn, N Y; Rev J W Manning, P G W P, Quebec, together with many ladies and gentlemen from among the leading citizens of Ottawa. The city press was also represented on the occasion.

THE JESSIE CASSELS.

Upon alighting at the Britannia Station a walk through a beautiful grove, but somewhat unpleasant road, had to be undertaken on foot to reach the wharf, where the *Jessie Cassels* lay awaiting her living freight. But a short time elapsed when the entire party were embarked on board this fine vessel and in charge of the amiable and obliging Commander, Capt. Findlay; who did all in his power, assisted by Purser Brown and Mr. Davis Steward the to make the trip a pleasant and enjoyable one to the many strangers entrusted to their care. The boat left her moorings shortly after half-past nine o'clock, riding majestically through the surging Ottawa, with a strong head wind. Notwithstanding the stiff breeze many persons, even the ladies, paced the deck, inhaling with every evidence of invigoration, the fresh breeze of the river. Aylmer was reached in about fifteen minutes, which from the river presents for a small town a somewhat imposing appearance. The Court House and Gaol, Convent and several Churches appeared to good advantage as did also many private dwellings owned by some of the lumber princes on the Ottawa. A stay of 15 minutes was deemed sufficient here, when the steamer once again moved from the wharf, and pursued her upward journey. Flags by this time had been hoisted upon every available staff, fore, aft and amidships. The American flag was hoisted amidships surmounted by a penant bearing the name of the steamer, while the British flags were put up fore and aft amid the enthusiastic cheering of a vast crowd on deck, the band playing at the same time "Yankee Doodle" and "God Save the Queen." As we passed on beautiful farms and farm houses came fast in view, relieved in turn by rocky cliffs and the bleak and sterile Laurentides, which at many points come very near the river. Small villages and many houses along the shore turned out their occupants *en masse* to see the somewhat unusual sight of a gaily decked steamer, with her colors fluttering in the breeze, and to hear the music which the playing of the band echoed on shore. A waving of handkerchiefs and the other customary salutations on such occasions were freely indulged in between those on deck and the shore. An occasional Indian encampment meets the view adding novelty to the already varied scene. After a sail of 27 miles we reach our place of destination, "The Chats Falls" about half-past 12 o'clock.

AT THE CHATS.

Disembarkation is the next order of the day, but many whose appetites had become pretty well whetted by the journey preferred remaining on board and partaking of dinner which was now ready. A great number however availed themselves of the privilege extended by the courteous Managing Director of the Union Forwarding Company, R. S. Cassels, Esq., to take a trip on the horse railway some three miles to the head of the Chats Rapids. Two cars capable of holding at least 50 persons were got ready, and two horses placed to each car in tandem style, by which means the party in a very short time reached the head of the Cascades. From this point a fair view is had of Arnprior, some five miles in the distance, across a broad expanse of water, the Ottawa being very wide at this point. Those having field glasses and telescopes could get a very fine view of this flourishing town, the fine marble residence of the late D. McLachlan, M.P., standing prominently on a rising ground to the westward of the town. The Chats themselves are so picturesque and of such enhancing grandeur that the writer feels that he can but feebly depict its beauty to the satisfaction of those who may read this rather hurried narrative. They consist of a series of 13 cascades extending from the Village of Fitzroy Harbor on the Ontario side of the river to the Village of Pontiac on the Quebec side where the boat landed. Between the series of roaring Cataracts are thickly wooded islets giving a scenic effect rarely surpassed to the whole scene. The steamer passed as closely as possible to them that all might enjoy what was truly a beautiful sight; and which called forth the universal remark, that neither the Thousand Islands nor the Niagara Falls could surpass what was beheld in grandeur. A portion of the once intended canal to avoid the Chats Rapids, stands boldly and defiantly to view, as a triumph over engineering skill which it baffled many years ago, when Mr. A. P. McDonald, Ex-M. P., for West Middlesex undertook the work many years ago. Many large ponds are found in the locality and are said to contain many fine trout fish as well as pike and pickerel. The astonishment was expressed as to how fish could get into ponds that had no visible outlet or inlet. The mystery was however soon solved by a person who has lived for many years in the vicinity, who said that Mr. Jason Gould one of the pioneers of the Upper Ottawa had brought the fish up in vessels and thrown them into the ponds, thereby proving himself to be a true disciple of Ike Walton.

THE HOMEWARD TRIP.

Sight-seeing over the party again re-embarked for the homeward journey, leaving Pontiac at 3 o'clock, p. m. Immediately after coming on board and shortly before starting, the fact should be mentioned that those who went off without taking dinner partook of a very hearty meal on their return. Quio village is passed a short distance below Pontiac which seems a thriving village at the mouth of a stream of the same name. The next feature of the trip was an impromptu meeting in the saloon, at which Mr. Wetmore, Grand Patriarch presided. Speeches were delivered by many prominent members of the order in both Canada and the United States, as well as by his Worship Mayor Featherston. After the meeting the deck was again freely paced, and the trip down was much pleasanter as the day had grown warm and the wind had entirely subsided. Nothing new was revealed in the way of landscape or scenery, but a repetition of it had the effect of leaving a more lasting impression upon the mind. Aylmer was passed by again and Britannia reached shortly after 5 o'clock; but to the astonishment of all our being half an hour behind time had the effect of delaying the entire party till 7 o'clock, as the train that awaited our arrival had to proceed to town to clear the track for the evening express. The band played in the interim and many of the party went out botanising with a view to whiling away the time until the arrival of the train. We had not long to wait, however, for the train soon came in sight carrying the excursionists into the city where they arrived at half past seven o'clock having spent, what was admitted by one and all to be a very pleasant holiday.

Too much praise cannot be awarded to Messrs. Hannum, Bartram, Howe, Halkett, Esmonde and others of the Committee of Arrangements, more particularly the first named, who did so much to contribute to what must be admitted by every one to have been one of the pleasantest trips ever taken up the Ottawa.

THE SOIREE.

Owing to the delay in the arrival of the train conveying the excursionists back to town, the Soiree which took place in the basement of Knox Church, City Hall Square, began later than was anticipated. The attendance was, however, very large, the building being completely filled. About half-past eight o'clock a prayer was offered up by the Rev. Mr. Young, and the company partook of the refreshments usual on such occasions.

The chair was then taken by Mr. G. M. Rose, Grand Worthy Patriarch of Ontario, who had on his right Mr. Oscar D. Wetmore, Most Worthy Patriarch, National Division of N. A., and on his left His Worship the Mayor of Ottawa.

The chairman expressed the pleasure he had in presiding in his capacity of Grand Worthy Patriarch for the Province of Ontario. This was an assembly of which he felt proud, as there were amongst it delegates from every State in the Union and every Province in the Dominion. He then read the following address:—

To the most Worthy Patriarch, Officers and Members of the National Division, brothers and Sisters,

On behalf of the Grand Division of the Province of Ontario, we to-night extend to you a brother's hand and a brother's welcome.

The National Division of North America comprising as it does representatives from every State of the American Union and every Province of the Dominion of Canada, is of no mean importance. Around its altar gather men of all shades of political and religious opinions—men of wealth—men in humble circumstances, those who have swayed the Senate and adorned the pulpit, those who engage in the busy walks of commercial pursuits, and those who enjoy the leisure of accumulated fortunes—all—irrespective of nationality or creed, eager to destroy the destroyer of millions and to conquer the enemy of our people—the Liquor Traffic.

Coming on this glorious mission, we bid you welcome. Welcome, men of hoary hairs—time may have left its impress upon your foreheads, but we rejoice that your hearts yet pulsate warmly for humanity. Welcome, ye messengers of gospel truths, who teach the true spirit of Christianity, and who, imbued with the spirit of your Master, seek to raise the fallen and rescue them from the drunkard's death. Welcome, ye busy men of trade. Welcome, all. Welcome, ye from the sunny slopes of the Pacific, from the fertile prairies of the West; and the groves of the fair South. Welcome, faithful scions of the Pilgrim Fathers—founder of a mighty nation. And you, too, from our own Dominion, welcome. We greet you all as friends, and trust that while here and away from loved ones at home, a kind Providence will watch over you, and direct your journeyings as well as your deliberations. Welcome, once again, to our hearts and homes.

Signed, on behalf of the Grand Division,

GEO. MACLEAN ROSE,
Grand Worthy Patriarch.
THOS. WEBSTER,
Grand Scribe.

Ottawa, June 18th, 1874.

To this address, Mr. Wetmore replied in an animated and eloquent speech, in which he thanked the Worthy Patriarch of Ontario for the kindly sentiments contained in the address, which he should gladly place on record as a memento of the 30th Session of the National Division of North America.

An address of welcome to the members of the National Division, in which, was read by Bro. E. Carswell, who was loudly applauded. Stirring addresses were delivered by Dr. W. W. Brown, P. G. W. A. of G. D., of Massachusetts, who gave an interesting account of the progress of the movement in his native state, and expressed that the present administration in England who were pandering to the brewing interest, would be ere long hurled from power; by the Hon. W. G. Clark, G. W. P., of California, G. W. Ross, M. P., Rev. Stephen A. Merritt of New York, Professor Cumming of South Carolina. Some songs were also sung during the evening. Mr. W. E. Macdonough, of New York, gave in excellent style "The Old Oaken Bucket," and, in reply to an irresistible encore, "Simon the Cellarer," with an arch humour which fairly captivated the audience. It was nearly eleven o'clock before a most agreeable evening was brought to a close by the singing of the National Anthem.

Police Court.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

THURSDAY, June 18.

Cassimire Deault, charged with committing a breach of the peace, was fined $40 and costs. He paid the money and went to gaol on the offence tried a few days ago.

County Police Court.

Before T. Langrell, Esq.

WEDNESDAY, June 17.

A case in which one Murphy charged one Minette with stealing a pig, was adjourned.

A man named Robitaille was charged with selling liquor on the race course on the day of the races. The case was adjourned.

James McKinny was fined $1 and costs for assaulting John Malloe.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Russell House.

L C Dyer, Portland, Maine; George Johnson, New York; Peter O'Leary, Dublin; James Horsley & Son, J Fair, L Gardiner, Wm Sasserelle & Wife, F S Henston, J M Sare, T T Kinnear, W H Bleridge, Montreal; John Idington, James Corcoran, Stratford; John Manby, W J James Irving, Boston; Hon D A Macdonald, Glengarry; L Bell, Pembroke, D Bonnett, Frances PaDenbur, George Bryson, Mansfield; John Brown, Ogdensburg; Hon. A B Trotter Waterloo.

The Judgment in the Montreal Centre Case.

The decision of Judge MacKay with regard to the election contestation in Montreal Centre leaves the matter in what appears to lawyers its true position, but what to laymen looks like a very funny complication. Because Mr. Glackmeyer did not swear something at the right time, the voters' list was irregular, and therefore—an ordinary person would say the election was null and void. Not at all. It is the petition of the petitioners that is null and void, because, the voters' list being irregular they are not proved to be voters, and therefore have no standing as petitioners. Good and sufficient proof was brought to the fact that they had a right to be voters, but it was not the right proof; and therefore Mr. Ryan, who was elected upon this voters' list, although it is null and void and by voters whose standing is certainly as bad as that of the petitioners, retains his seat. The Judge knew all the time what was the right proof, and that it was within the reach of the petitioners, but of course gave them no hint with regard to it, and consequently the constituency continues to be represented by the person whose election was patently proved to be null and void because Mr. Glackmeyer did not swear something at the right time. All these things are according to law, but they seem out of joint with justice. It seems very simple now to say, and everybody will say that it was very foolish for the petitioners not to bring forward the previous voters' list, as being, according to the letter of the law, the proof that was formally requisite, and that it was a great pity they failed to do so, as it must be acknowledged on all hands that much more important matters were involved in this petition than the legality or otherwise of the voters' list. If the petitioners had been content to rely on the merits of their case against Mr. Ryan for being returned by undue influences they could have done so; but by choosing to avail themselves of a technicality that recoiled upon them they destroyed their *locus standi* and brought the case to a collapse. Judges must be sometimes brought into strange difficulties. The statute says that the judge must determine the sitting member to be duly elected, or adjudge the seat vacant. But the petition having fallen through and no other being now possible, he seems relieved from that responsibility in this case—a responsibility which would have been a very awkward one. It is certainly much to be regretted that a decision on the merits of the case was not obtained. $6,000 is a pretty large sum, and much of it was spent in such a peculiar manner that the Judge's opinion on the subject would have been received with interest by the public. Although there was no proof that Mr. Ryan knew anything at all of the expenditure, we fancy he must have had some suspicion of it, and could have prevented it by very strong remonstrances; and at least it would be well to have learned how far the present law will allow undoubted friends of a candidate to be so liberal under such auspicious circumstances.—*Witness.*

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Incendiarism—Synod.

TORONTO, June 17.

At an early hour yesterday morning a policeman on Queen street heard a loud report, and saw flames issuing from a one-story house. The inmates were aroused, and the origin of the fire discovered in a large tin tube which had been filled with coal oil and wrapped round with rags and fired by a fuse.

At the Synod this morning, the report on the Western or Algoma Diocese was read and it was resolved that a salary of only $2,000 should be attached to the Bishopric at present.

A petition from the Ontario Prohibitory League, asking the co operation of the Synod was read and reported.

The following delegates were elected for the Provincial Synod:—Hon. W. Allan, Hon. J. W. Cameron, Lewis Moffatt, C J. Campbell, H. B. Bull, J. Francombe, J. B Hunt, S. B. Hardman, Professor Buckland, Clarkson Jones, Vice-Chancellor Blake and Chief Justice Draper.

QUEBEC.

Drowned—Personal—Dull Times—Lumber Trade.

QUEBEC, June 17.

Levasseur, a stevedore of Bic, was drowned in the harbor last night. The body has been recovered.

Raining; business dull.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie is expected here this week. The Minister of Inland Revenue will remain in town for about a week.

There is a great dullness in the lumber trade, and the sales that have been made are anything but satisfactory. The merchants are holding off, believing that prices must go down. It looks as if shippers made contracts at lower prices in Europe last winter than in 1873.

QUEBEC, June 18.

The story in the *Chronicle* about the emigrant girl is denied by the Ontario Government agent. The author of the report is said to be a captain in the Allan service. The Government has ordered an enquiry.

Col. Scoble of Toronto, Inspector of Prisons, left for home to-day.

Premier Ouimet left for Montreal on the evening boat.

The new line between Quebec and Montreal has secured Crawford's wharf, which is one of the best quays here.

The new *Daily Telegraph* issues two editions daily.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

More Government Successes.

WESTMORELAND, June 18.

Six parishes heard from. Government—Smith, 1,774; Rickard, 1,678; McQueen, 1,746; Humphrey, 1,711. Opposition—Harrington, 1,510; Landry, 1,431; McKenzie, 1,382; Hicks, 1,390. One parish to hear from. No doubt the Government ticket elected.

HALIFAX.

Fire—Fog Whistle Burnt—"Niobe" Wreck—Cricket Match—Tournament—Mutiny.

HALIFAX, N. S, June 17.

The Sons of Temperance Hall and contents was destroyed by fire at the Sydney mines.

Captain Hickey and Captain Layton left by the "Falmouth" yesterday en route to the Wimbledon rifle competition.

The captain of the American schooner "Gettysburg" at this port yesterday, reports that two of his men went ashore on Sable Island on the 4th inst., and the light keeper told them that one of the fog whistles was burnt.

H. M. ships 'Cherub,' 'Woodlark,' and 'Zephyr,' have arrived from Cape Blanc, Miquelon, bringing all the officers and men and a quantity of materials saved from the wreck of the 'Niobe.' The schooner 'Ocean Lily,' with two men under the charge of a sub-lieutenant, is also expected with materials saved from the wreck. The 'Niobe's' starboard is bridged; the lower masts are still standing. The officers and men of the wrecked ship speak in the highest terms of the kindness of the French inhabitants of the village.

The programme for the grand cricket tournament, commencing August 18th, and lasting a week has been issued, including a match between England and the United States, England and Canada, Canada versus the United States, and Halifax versus all others. The prizes consist of three silver challenge cups, and prize bats and balls. There is expected to be a great gathering from the continent on the occasion.

The steamship 'Austrian,' which sailed for Liverpool yesterday, had as part of her cargo, from this port, $4,660 worth of raw furs and sixty-five bundles and two cases of split leather.

The crew of the barque 'Argo,' seven in number, all colored men, which arrived on Sunday last from Liverpool, were arrested for mutiny on board that vessel. Six of them have been sentenced to slight terms of imprisonment in jail.

LONDON.

Obit—Remanded—The Ontario Car Works.

LONDON, ONT., June 17.

An old resident of Lobo, Mr. Donald Seaton, died this morning. He was one of the early pioneers of Middlesex.

A public meeting was held to-night to take steps for a general subscription to aid the Ontario Car Works employees, who suffered by the late fire, to procure new tools. Major Walker was Chairman and Dr. Street Secretary. A committee were appointed for London City and London East to canvass. A list was opened at the meeting, and $140 immediately subscribed. The total loss of tools will amount to about $1,500.

BELLEVILLE.

Albert University Convocation.

BELLEVILLE, ONT., June 17.

The convocation of Albert University took place this afternoon in the Town Hall. The Hon. Mr. Mowat, Attorney General, was present, and delivered a very able address. The Hon. Robert Read, Senator; J Brown, M.P.; W. Ross M.P.; H. M. Derocher, M.P.P.; and K Graham, M.P.P., were also present and participated in the proceedings. Among the gentlemen who had the honor of being laureated were Dr Nichol, of Montreal, who was admitted to the Bachelor's degree in laws, and Henry Taylor, LL.B., of Brooklyn, who was admitted to the Doctor's degree in laws.

KINGSTON.

Installation—Tug Races—Number Five—Police—Synod.

KINGSTON, June 17.

The six new canons for St. George's Cathedral are to be installed this morning before the Synod re-meets.

The tug Estell won the race to Prescott, the [illegible] second.

A [illegible] named Potter, who has buried four husbands already, was married again yesterday.

There is an outcry here against the police poisoning dogs.

The Synod of the Diocese of Ontario met here to-day in St. George's Hall, the Lord Bishop presiding. There was an unusually large attendance of clerical and lay delegates.

The Bishop, in his charge, referred in feeling terms to the death of the late Archdeacon Patton, and also the late Rev. Wm. McAulay.

During the past year the Bishop confirmed 463 males and 688 females; four Churches have been consecrated. The total number of clergymen now in the Diocese is eighty-six.

The Diocese has been divided into two archdeaconries.

A resolution expressing the deep sense of the loss the Diocese has sustained through the death of the late Archdeacon Patton, was passed.

A joint letter from the Ontario and Quebec Temperance and Prohibitory Leagues was read. It asked for the cordial support of the Synod in the establishment of temperance societies, &c.

Several Notices of Motions were given, including a protest against Sunday working on the Edwardsburg Canal.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Death of Gladstone's Brother-in-Law.

LONDON, June 18—Mr. Stephen Glynne, brother-in-law of Mr. Gladstone is dead. W. H. Gladstone, son of the ex-Premier, inherits the estates of the deceased.

Rochefort in Dublin

Rochefort was received in Dublin and hissed by the crowd.

Rioters in India Sentenced.

A despatch from India says that 123 of the rioters in Stettim district have been sentenced to imprisonment from two to five years.

Cholera.

Forty deaths from cholera are reported in Durbungha.

Political Crisis in Paris.

The *Times* Paris correspondent telegraphs that the Committee of Thirty commenced the discussion of the Constitutional bills referred to it on Monday. In the Assembly the debate opened on organizing the municipal law. The Government announced it was determined to insist on its right to nominate mayors. An enegetic opposition is certain.

FRANCE.

The Left Seek Alliance with the Right

PARIS, June 18.—The Deputies of the Left Centre publish a note again inviting an alliance with the Right Centre, in order that both parties may establish a Republic. The Left Centre offer all the necessary constitutional guarantee, and declare if the alliance they seek is refused the Right Centre will be responsible for the possible return of the Empire.

Prosecution of Republican Journals

The Government has commenced the prosecution of the proprietors of the *Le Figaro* and *La France*, Republican journals for reprinting articles written by Rochefort. M. Aidrian Tailhand, Minister of Justice, publishes an order instituting a commission to prepare immediately a new law for the regulation of the press.

The Fight with the Moors at Algiers.

In the fight at Algiers thirty-seven Moorish insurgents were killed. The loss of French was six killed and ten wounded.

UNITED STATES.

Arrival of the Shore End of the New Cable.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., June 18.—The steamer 'Ambassador' arrived with thirty miles of the shore end of the new cable.

The 'Faraday is expected this morning. The laying of the cable is to take place at once.

Republican Convention.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill, June 18.—The Republican Convention met to-day and adopted a platform which declares against the immediate contraction of the legal tender currency, in favor of free banking, in favor of the earliest practicable return to specie payments, the gradual withdrawal of greenbacks and the volume of National Bank currency.

Episcopal Convention.

MILWAUKEE, June 18.—The Episcopal Convention yesterday nominated Rev. John Henry Hobarb Brown, rector of the Episcopal Church, at Cohoes, N. Y., as Bishop of this diocese.

At the evening session of the Episcopal Convention yesterday, Dr. C. R. Wells, of Minnesota, was unanimously elected Bishop.

Fire.

WORCESTER, Mass., June 18.—The upper section of Tainton's mill, in this city, was destroyed by fire last night; damage, $50,000.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Battle between Carlists and Republicans.

LONDON, June 18.—A despatch from Madrid reports an engagement between the Carlists and Republicans at Alcora, resulting in the defeat of the former Government force lost 10 killed and 85 wounded and loss to Carlists larger. Among the killed was Don Enrique, son of Henry of Bourbon, while leading Carlists and Republicans. Concha expects an open attack on Estella to-day.

An Hospital Ship.

S. S. 'Ahrato,' which sailed from London on the 10th of February for New Zealand, and when near the Cape of Good Hope put back to England on account of an accident, sailing again from Plymouth on the 15th of April, has arrived at Otaga. A large proportion of her passengers were down with measles during the protracted voyage, and 32 deaths occurred.

Ascot Races.

At the Ascot races to day the St. James' Palace Stakes were won by Sir R. Bulkeley's. Felonius, before Escosais; second Lord Falmouth's Thornaby.

The New Biennial Stakes were won by Prince Bathyany's Camby; Tipoher second and the Colonel third.

The Gold Cup valued at 500 sovereigns was won by Delamare's Boiard. Six horses ran, and Doncaster and Flageolet made a dead heat for second place; betting before the race was 9 to 4 against Boiard, 8 to 1 against Doncasters and 4 to 1 against Flageolet.

ITALY.

The New Cardinals.

ROME, June 18—At the reception of the Cardinals by the Pope on Tuesday, His Holiness mentioned that proposals had been received, emanating from exalted political personages looking to a reconciliation between the Papacy and the Italian Government He declared, however, that he would yield nothing, that any concession on his part would be injurious to church and society.

The Pilgrims.

The American Pilgrims have scattered from Rome for rest and recreation. Some of them have gone to Venice and others to the mountains in the North of Italy.

FRANCE.

Sate of Affairs in the French Assembly

PARIS, June 18—In the Assembly today, the clause in the Municipal Organization Bill giving to tax payers the right of membership in the Municipal Councils was rejected. Yeas, 35; Nays, 375. The Left Bonapartist and a portion of the Right Centre voted with the majority. They regarded the clause as an attempt to restrict universal suffrage.

Minister Fourbon, Minister of the Interior, expressed willingness to accept as a compromise limitation of government right to appoint Mayors of cities for three years.

The Committee of Thirty have approved the report in favor of an American Postal Convention. The Assembly will probably ratify the report shortly without further discussion.

The Right Centre is negotiating with the Right, and with a portion of the Left Centre, in the hope of forming a new majority upon the programme based on the bill submitted by M. Lombert de Sainte Croix on the 15th inst., providing for the confirmation of President McMahon's powers.

The organization of the second Chamber conferring the right upon President MacMahon to dissolve both Houses and the appointment of his successor by joint convention of the two Chambers negotiations, will probably prove abortive.

Left Centre adhering to provisions of Casimie Periere's bill.

M. Dufour intends when the bill of M. Periere comes up for debate to distinctly warn the Right that the 335 Deputies are prepared to demand the dissolution of the Assembly if the organization of the Republic is prevented.

M. Goulard is very sick.

Paul De Cassagnac is cited to appear before the Assize Court, on Monday next, to answer to the charge of inciting the citizens to hatred of each other.

The American Squadron.

The American naval squadron in the Mediterranean are expected at Toulon shortly to revictual.

UNITED STATES.

The Reciprocity Treaty.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the recently negotiated Reciprocity Treaty between the United States and Canada.

Base Ball.

NEW YORK, June 18.—In the base bal match to day between the "White Stockings" of Chicago and the "Mutuals" of this city, the former sustain an overwhelming defeat, the "Mutuals" winning the game by a score of 38 to 1.

Jerome Park Races.

Out of the five races set down on the programme for Jerome Park to-day, two proved walks over, while the race for the members' cup, gentlemen riders, failed to fill. Sandford's Kade walked over for the mile and a half dash and Hunt and Reynold's Whisper for the mile and three-quarter dash. The mile and quarter race for three year olds was a match betwden Hunt and Reynold's Christine and Lewis & Co.'s Vandalite. The latter won easily in 2.17. For the steeple chase five started It was won by Bullet; Tammany, 2nd Blind Tom, 3rd. Time, 5:28¼.

Negro Atrocities and Loss of Life.

LOUISVILLE, K. Y., June 18th.—Last night a party of negroes attacked a house of one Johnson, near Clarksville, Tenn., with stones, one of Johnson's daughters fired on the crowd wounding a negro woman in the abdomen from which she died. In 20 minutes afterwards the girl herself was struck on the head and probably fatally wounded.

THE TONG-KING MASSACRES.

Fearful Slaughter of Chinese Christians—The Flight of an Archbishop.

The French periodical, *Missions Catholiques*, gives us the first authentic and detailed narrative of the recent massacre of Roman Catholic native converts in China to which we have already alluded. The account, as translated for the London *Tablet*, relates that the massacre broke out on the 25th of February, when the "literates," as the persecuting party is called, opened the campaign by beheading two men in the service of Pere Doare and a Christian, whom they then threw into the river. The same day they burnt the three villages of Tru-Lim, Nio-Vinh and Buan Tach, and massacred the inhabitants that were in them. Those who succeeded in escaping to the woods were hunted down with hounds, brought back and killed on the following day. The river was covered over with bodies floating down it from the side of Lareg. At that time the murderers were massacreing the Christians of the parish of Hoiven, and were burning their villages. Those who took refuge in the cliffs of the neighborhood were hunted down and burnt alive. The grand mandarin of justice was at the market of Sa-Nam with 800 soldiers, but remained an inactive spectator of the massacre of the Christians of Nam-Duong, only a few of whom were able to escape.

The literates, who were the heads of the militia appointed to massacre the Christians, say that the work of extermination, carried out under the eyes of the Mandarins, was concerted between the Court and the literates, and was done in reprisal for recent events. The Mandarins have just received orders from the Court not to employ any other means save those of persuasion to stop the murderers in their career.

One of the chiefs who had just caused two Christians to be murdered on the high road, went on the parade before the Governor of the citadel, by whom he was dismissed with honour. On his return twenty women and children fell under the swords of this man and his followers. He had just come from offering sacrifice to the Goddess of Prostitution, to whom a famous temple that stands near the road is dedicated.

In several localities they take an entire family, father, mother, and children, and bind them together with bamboos, and then fling the bundle of living humanity into the waves. First, however, they take care to cut off the man's head. The multitudes of dead bodies thus fastened together in groups from eight to ten blocks up the principal river, but to the great surprise of everybody, does not send forth any bad smell.

There are, then, five parishes, containing nearly ten thousand Christians, which have to be blotted out of the mission, namely, Lang, Thank-Huyen, Nam-Duong, Hoy-Yen and Doreg-Thank. Many of the victims died in the midst of flames.

A village of more than 400 Christians was attacked by the literates and soon became a prey to the flames. Amongst these 400 Christians there were 120, more or less, who succeeded in saving themselves by taking refuge in a large village near by. The remainder—about 300—were nearly all massacred.

Two small villages of Christians situated two hours' walk from the place at which I then was, were hemmed in by the pagans. The mayor visited each house, numbered the Christians, and forbade them, under threat of most severe punishment, to go out of doors. A few of the Christian women attempted to go to the market to keep themselves from starving. They never returned. Some pagan women that went with them say that the Christian women were captured and beheaded. Two men from one of these same villages hazarded a flight. During the night they crossed the great river by swimming, and came to me to tell their misfortunes. Alas! writes Archbishop Gauthier, from whose letters this information is chiefly derived:—

"I could do nothing but weep with them, being unable to do anything to succour them. Two or three days afterwards I learnt that all the men in that village had had their heads cut off, but the women and children were spared. And as their houses were intermingled with those of the pagans, it was forbidden to burn them down.

"I now understood the extent of the danger that threatened myself and the village in which I was living. I never ceased hearing confessions by day and by night. Everybody came to confession to prepare for death, for everybody was expecting to be killed. Those dear Christians were fully resolved to obey the holy will of God and to shed their blood to obtain the conversion of their murderers. Sometimes in fear lest they should not have time to make their confessions separately, they hurried to me in large numbers, and falling on their knees before me, cried out:

"Father, Father, give us a general absolution; the wicked are at hand; we are going to be killed."

"They were pale and disordered in appearance, and shedding floods of tears. I was overcome with grief, and was scarcely able to say a few words to console them, and to encourage them to suffer.

"Father, Father (again they said to me), we are resolved to die for God and Religion. Pray for us that the sacrifice of our life may be pleasing to Our Lord."

"When the half of the village had taken flight I resolved to go on board a vessel and get away. Tempest overtook us two leagues out at sea.

"To die amidst the waves or by the sword of the persecutors,' said I, to the Christians who were with me in the vessel; what signifies it after all, provided that the will of God be done? Let us go back to the barbour, and let us place ourselves in the hands of the Most Blessed Virgin.' 'This was on the evening of the 12th March."

The Archbishop, with about eighty fugitives, escaped to the harbour of Giante, the southern point of the Mission, and at last accounts were about to pursue their flight to Saigan. The extermination of the Christians is the desired object of the persecutors.

POND'S EXTRACT
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Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
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THE CANADA BEAR.
It produces a luxuriant growth.
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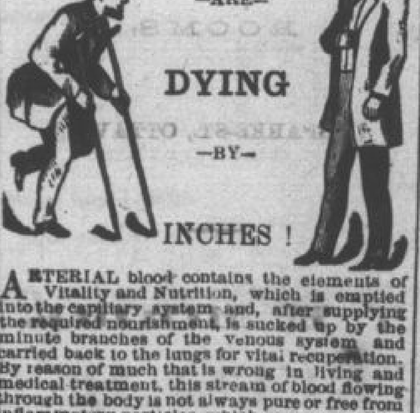
INCHES!

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause these intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatoro Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physicim, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Agents for the Province of Ontario, Scott street, Toronto, or to DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame street, Montreal, General Agents for the Province of Quebec. Price—$1 per bottle. Large bottles, $[illegible].
May 1[illegible], 1874.

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June 18, 1874. 2538-tf

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By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and fitting the same ready for use.
June 11, 1874. P LESUEUR.
2592

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OTTAWA
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For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.
The books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN.,
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June 12, 1874. 2594-1m

OTTAWA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS
ESTABLISHED 1860.
P. A. TAYLOR, - - - - PROPRIETOR.
The largest and best-selected assortment of
Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,
&c., in Marble, Scottish Granite, or Sandstone.
The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.
A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory, either Plain or Mounted.
June 18, 1874. 2598y

Gentlemens Dress.
CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at
RUSSELL & WATSON'S,
29 SPARKS-ST.
The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.
It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.
R. & W.
June 17, 1874

W. M. SOMERVILLE,
—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—
Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods,
And General Building Supplies.
Has constantly on hand and to order—
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES, ARCHITRAVES BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING, SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.
SHINGLES,—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.
N.B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.
RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.
June 17, 1874. 2597y

NEW
CARPETS.
SPRING 1874.
JUST OPENED—26 bales of new patterns Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.
Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower that elsewhere.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Ottawa Carpet Hous
39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S
Perfected Spectacles
AND EYE GLASSES,
in Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,
At W. YOUNG'S
3[illegible] SPARKS-ST.
A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.
March 28, 1874.

NOTICE
All parties indebted
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 23 1874.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.
Murray Bay,
NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.
THE LORNE HOUSE
Is now open to visitors.
Telegraph and Independent Post Offices at Point à Pic.
CHAMARD & Co.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF
ORGAN MUSIC!
FOR PIPE ORGANS.
Organ Gems—Davenport $2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries 2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste 2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries 1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea. 3 50
Hile's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each 0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete 3 00
50 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel 2 50
NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.
FOR REED ORGANS.
Organ at Home $2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs 1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries 1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion 2 00
Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.
NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—IN AUGUST.
Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price
CHAS. H DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

HATS!
SPRING OF 1874.
Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats .... Peacock
Christy's Hats .... Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats .... Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats .... Peacock
Wolseley Hats .... Peacock
Castellar Hats .... Peacock
Cheltenham Hats .... Peacock
Spencer Hats .... Peacock
Sorento Hats .... Peacock
Cordova Hats .... Peacock
Venosti Hats .... Peacock
Clinton Hats .... Peacock
All the above Styles of Hats to be found at
PEACOCK'S
SIGN OF THE
RED HAT
33 RIDEAU STREET.
April 2, 1874.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.
In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE,
An Insolvent.
On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.
CHARLES BOWIE,
By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys
Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A D. 1874

GRAND CLEARING SALE
—OF—
BANKRUPT STOCK.
JOSEPH NEELIN
Having purchased the stock of
Boots and Shoes
Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,
No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,
Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do. Felt Boots—wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccassins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.
JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
an., 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

FOR SALE.
Lot 28, 9th Range of Hull, covered with fine Maple Wood. Ten miles from the City. Fine Road.
Apply to L. W. P. Coutlee, Esq., Advocate, Hull, or to Henry Celly, Mountain Road, Hull, near the property.
Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 25-w2

BELL & BRUNEL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.
J. H. BELL M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 2[illegible]

WANTED.—We will give men and women
Business That Will Pay
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having sure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars Adress.
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, [illegible]

STRAYED.
From the premises of the undersigned, on or about 20th May last, TWO COLTS, One Mare Colt, two years old, brown color, with some white on nose, and One Horse Colt, one year old, dark brown color, with small white speck on forehead. Any information leading to their recovery will be thankfully received by
JOHN MANION,
West Huntley.
Ottawa June 19, 1874. 25-w2

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at
NOONAN'S.
Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.
NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. We[illegible]

OPENING DAY.
MORRISON & ADAM,
FAMILY GROCERS,
TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48
SATURDAY, JUNE 13,

D. McDONELL,
Special Family Grocer,
—IS—
Receiving Foreign Importations
And will Advertise in a Few Days.
June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S
Change of Business!
AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.
REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.
Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c per Yard.
A still Further Reduction
—IN—
Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks
Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.
All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.
P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.
Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S
GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES
FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 16, 1874. 2519

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.
THOS. PATTERSON
Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.
Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c
PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.
Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.
FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.
Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S.
May 5, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,
Rideau Street.
BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class
Dress Making and Millinery Establishment
—AT—
234 | WELLINGTON-ST. | 234
With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.
THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.
Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection
SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.
***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris
Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.
May 21, 1874. 2575

SPRING 1874.
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN,
FELT HATS!
Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's
SILK HATS,
For Spring Trade.

HARNESS,
HARNESS.
THOS. SHORE & Co.,
(Successors to Thos. Lee)
SPARKS STREET.
Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single Sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also, a variety of
SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.
A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place...

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, with ease, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and boats to and from East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m. 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.20 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves 10.15 a.m., 4.20 p.m.
Arrives 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

Leaves at 7 a.m.
Pictou leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD........................111

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 17.

GRAIN.

	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superior Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 30
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 5 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 10
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 08 to 0 10
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 10
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 00
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 09 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 00

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Cotton, heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus., sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 3,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower, receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24,000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15¼c; refined, 18½c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 17.—Erie, 26¾; refined petroleum 18¼ to 10¼ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 17.—Cotton, sales today 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes —"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We fi[nd it] to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co, Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1872

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in 1 and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

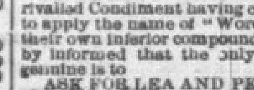
THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and shipping orders executed with care and despatch 2245

LEA & PERKINS

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR Savory & Moore's PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto,

Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12in

DATURA TATULA FOR Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. M'Veagh reports—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES FOR CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown &

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expense sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street west Toronto Ontario.

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send at once. Ulermont, Daniels & Co., 265 Notre Dame-st. Montreal.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. 73 57 ydaw

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,) CORNER OF Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated Telegraph Office in the House. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample Rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. McKENZIE, Proprietor.
Ottawa, Feb 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

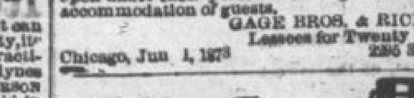
GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE, Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2513y

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS (CLOSE / DELIVERED, A.M., P.M.):

Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Railway
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., etc.
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and Sanfrancisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.
United States, via Ogdensburg.
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway.
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway.
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway.
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway.
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, etc., per Canada Central Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction.
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction.
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage
Onslow and Aylmer, March via Aylmer.
Aylmer, Hull, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Intermediate offices, Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
New Edinburgh.....
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa May 25th, 1874.

L.D. SINE'S GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000 In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000, Five Prizes $500, Ten Prizes $100 — EACH in Greenbacks.

Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1500 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c. Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1, 1874. 2554 d&w

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts. San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts. San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, Centre Seconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c,	Library, Bracket, &c,

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure soft materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No ... is really cheap at any price, nor worth buy...

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2167-1wly

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated *"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"* of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York.
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (trade mark secured) Montreal. 2141-1y

REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED, to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars

Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

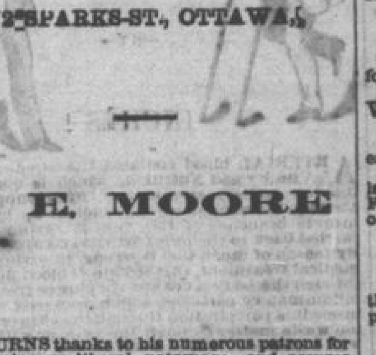
A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, (Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 Stitches per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie,
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING



ROOMS.

DYING

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

T. E. MOORE

RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can now make up the tangled saving of the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 *SPARKS-ST.*

May 1, 1874.

$955,000 IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift, $100,000 | 75 Cash Gifts each $1,000
6 " each, 50,000 | 200 " " 500
12 " " 25,000 | 200 " " 200
20 " " 5,000 | 550 " " 100
400 Gold Watches........$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines........60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos........250 to 700
" Melodeons........50 to 200
Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $12,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO., 48 New-st.
April 28, 1874. 2550-2m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE, General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 26th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,
FAMILY GROCERS,
Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received, Also a large supply of *CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.*

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE, Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874. 2505y

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.
18 449

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R.S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Mazurkas, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 100 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers" containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

Continues to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred.

Above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co. 711 Broadway, N.Y.

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS.

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shlf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place The Sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.
Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,
Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre
Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

NEW GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.
And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.,

And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks-st.

OTTAWA Mills' Supply Agency,

(OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St.: Opposite the Post Office
May 7, 1874. 2564y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, by private contract, Lot No 62, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x22, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

Apply to A. BOWE, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent

Ottawa, March 17th, 1874.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE

Brockville G. T. Junction - 9.10 a.m. 4.30 p.m.
Ottawa - - - 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Renfrew - - - 9.10 a.m., 4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

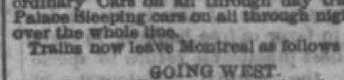
Ottawa - - - 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.
Renfrew - - - 2.00 p.m., 9.10 p.m.
Brockville - - - 1.50 p.m., 9.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........9.00 a.m.
Night Express........9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations........6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations........5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at........1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations........6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations........2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at........5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at........10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe........11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at........3.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at........3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N.S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leaves Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON, Secretary & Treasurer.
Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.
W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 25, 1874. 2469y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District, ROBERT ANGUS, Jr., No. 38 Sparks Street.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOFS, CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CAPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letter addressed to No. 8 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. REIFFENSTEIN.

IMPORTANT TO Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co., 56 A ... -st., New York City
April 20, 1874.

Caution.

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

"The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them which are put forth as possessing the remedial properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the true Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE,"

The Original and only Manufacturing Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have examined, and which, besides being rich in Pancreatic juice, has the definite milky appearance and consistency of thick cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada.
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., 157 King Street, Toronto
February 28th, 1873.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE,

Bright!
Cheerful!
Earnest! and
Progressive!

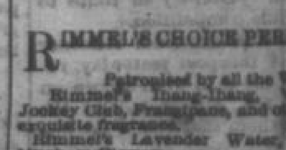
The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and home life than any other. Every yearly subscriber ... choice of the following large and splendid ... Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace," "Bed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles." Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to J. W. JONES ...



RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipanni, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

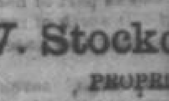
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Custard and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street and 24 Cornhill, London, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order, the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872.

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders ... will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.
A. DUFF,
Ottawa, Aug 1 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, will give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between 2 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ..., Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre,) Centre Town, Otta...

The [crest] Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2600 — OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of
COFFINS AND CASKETS,
SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. ☞Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 27, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks st., Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 8, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. ☞Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 21, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.
☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523y

DR. BURROWS,
C. M. L. C. P. S. L. C., M. C. P. S. O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks Sts.
April 29, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—41½ Sparks-st.
March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 5, 87 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocate.
O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2282-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
☞Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.,)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
☞60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514y

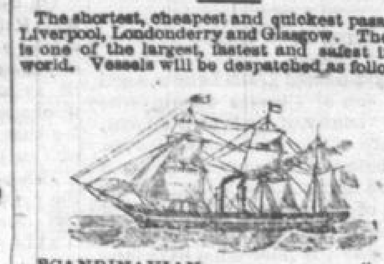
DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa,
Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,
☞Issuer of Marriage Licenses.☜
Offices—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the Market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell them and other popular machines. Call on or address,
GEO. DAWSON,
Sparks-st., Ottawa
2367-3m

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



SCANDINAVIAN.......... " 13
CIRCASSIAN.......... " 20
SARMATIAN.......... " 27
PRUSSIAN.......... July 4
CASPIAN.......... " 11
POLYNESIAN.......... " 18

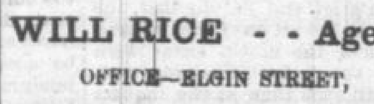
RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage........$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st,
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554



ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily (Sundays excepted), at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p.m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874 1874

TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.
The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.
FROM LONDON.
Thames........Wednesday, June 3
Delta........Wednesday June 17
Helios........Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence........Wednesday, July 15
FROM QUEBEC.
Thames........Thursday, July 2
Delta........Thursday, July 9
Helios........Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence........Thursday, Aug. 6
Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec; DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
June 13, 1874. 2543

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS........P. McGowan
DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings
UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—	Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts. now	11¼
2,500 "	20 "	14¼
3,600 "	25 "	19
3,175 "	30 "	22½
2,085 "	36 "	26¼
2,275 "	40 "	31
3,050 "	50 "	38½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—		
1,100 yards	$0 90 now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25 "	1 00
1,300 "	1 40 "	1 25
1,575 "	1 55 "	1 28¼
550 "	1 75 "	1 40¼
500 "	2 00 "	1 47¼
400 "	3 00 "	2 50

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—		
Splendid	17cts, now	14
Assortment	20 "	16
Plain Black	25 "	19¼
and	30 "	23
Coloured	35 "	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—		
1,500 yards	13cts. now	9¼
2,275 "	14 "	11
3,025 "	15 "	12¼
2,150 "	18 "	15
3,185 "	20 "	16

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

White and Grey Cottons.	Old Price.	Sale Price.
	10cts. now	7¼
	13 "	10¼
	15 "	12¼
	17 "	14¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.		
Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.		
White and	15c, now	12c,
	20 "	15¼
Coloured	25 "	19
	30 "	23
Cotton	35 "	26¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batistes and Lawns.		
$8,000 yards.	17cts now	14
	20 "	16
	22 "	17¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts now	18¼
Stripe	25 "	19
Muslins	30 "	25
4,000 yards	35 "	28¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.		
Grass Cloths	20cts. now	15¼
Splendid	25 "	19¼
Assortment	30 "	23
	35 "	28¼
	45 "	35

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.		
400 yards	17cts. now	14
450 "	20 "	16¼
475 "	25 "	19¼
350 "	30 and 35	" 23 & 28¼

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.		
Dresses	$4 60 now	$3 75
	6 75 "	5 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.			
Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 89
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

MOWAT & SON
50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS
☞Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds........ 82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do $1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg 2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.
200 Men's Shooting Coats 3.50
150 " Sac Coats 2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.
Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.
A. Mowat & Son.
May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they
HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST
With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS
Plain and Fancy Furniture,
Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a
☞SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.☜
Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874. 2561y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
☞All Goods Warranted Shrunk.☜
Feb. 13, 1874. 2495

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,
And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.
May 28, 1874. 2580y

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
☞AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.☜
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. ☞Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
1874.

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo...... 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner...... 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold...... $1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!
Books, Books!
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.
STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.
Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AGENT:
G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 16. 2545-1m

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large
A New Glee Book — number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.
For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.
ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.
The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic........Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method........Price, 2 50
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The Best Collection for Male Voices: Sangerfest........Price, 1 50
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The Best Instructor for Accordion: Sedgwick's Complete Method........Price, 1 50
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Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by
J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N. Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the
A New Music Book — latest and best work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work.
For Public Schools. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.
Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Easter Beef
AT
C. KENNEDY'S,
WELLINGTON-ST.
☞Opposite Bank of B. N. A.
April 2, 1874.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Farm No. 2, being forty-five acres of excellent land in the Township of Gloucester, one mile and a quarter from Cumings' bridge, being west half of east half of lot No. 11. To speculators this will prove an excellent investment to lay out into building lots. It is thought the depot of the Coteau Landing Railroad, will be located there, and consequently property must become very valuable *in this locality*.

No. 3, fifty acres of good wooded land, being west half of north half of lot No. 18, ninth concession of Gloucester, Ottawa front, only nine miles from Ottawa, to be sold. A great bargain, if purchased at once. For particulars, apply to J. Bermingham.

That most valuable and centrally situated property, lots 55 and 56, corner of Elgin and Gloucester streets, directly opposite Cartier Square, to be sold *en bloc*, with buildings and stone thereon, or will be sub-divided into four lots on Elgin street, with two on Gloucester. This is unquestionably one of the best located properties in the city for sale at present, and must in a short time more than double its present value. Apply at once for a bargain to J. Bermingham.

For either house or land property apply to the undersigned, who, it is admitted, is the most extensive Real Estate Agent, the most correct Appraiser, and the most experienced Auctioneer in Ottawa. Read the other city papers for Bermingham's other valuable properties for sale.
J. BERMINGHAM.

Lots 19 and 20, south side Maria-st., adjoining St. Patrick's Asylum. No 19 is a corner lot, with frontage on Maria-st. of 99ft. Above lots will be sold cheap.

A very fine finished house, with baths and all the modern improvements, on Besserer-st., at private sale.

Lot No. 21 South Wilbrod-st., 66x172, worth $1,000, will be sold for $900.

Lot No. 22 North Theodore, 66x99, will be sold for $650 cash, or 66x172 will be sold for $800 cash, well worth $1,000.

That large brick block corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, known as "The Bishop's Block," to be sold at private sale.

Two business lots 24x99, on Sussex-st., to be sold at a bargain.

One building lot on Murray-st., to be sold cheap.

Lot No. 38 corner of Besserer and Augusta streets, to be sold at a bargain.

An extensive sale of Real Estate by auction.

Several beautiful lots on Daly-st., Wilbrod-st., Cumberland, Gloucester and Theodore sts, for sale cheap.

A most valuable property, corner of O'Connor and Albert sts., with five dwellings, to be sold on easy terms.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $.500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 22, 1873.

NEW
Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,
No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.
The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop
At No. 54, Sussex Street,
Where they will be prepared to execute all work in
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING,
Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.
Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.
We are preprepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.
☞ All work warranted for One Year.☜
MASON & CO

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C. E., Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works stipulated in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

THE MISSES SINGLETON
HAVE REMOVED
Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 161 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.
N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.
April 30, 1874. 2557-3m

A Sad Story.

The following touching incident is related in the Denver (Col.) *Tribune*:—

The car door opened, there was a rattle and a rustle upon the platform outside—and she came stumbling in. At the same instant there came in with her a ruddy-checked, blue-eyed boy, whose years were not counted above ten. She carried in her arms a bundle closely and carefully wrapped, at the end of which a tiny face appeared, a diminutive copy of her own. Carefully placing this bundle upon a seat, she next dragged in a box and a basket and the strong odor of bilge water, such as ever pervades the steerage or between decks of the emigrant vessel, announced to the indifferently interested passengers that my fellow-passenger was an emigrant.

She was not more than thirty; she was fair and appeared as strange and timid as the antelope we saw from the car window gliding over the plains. But no one spoke to her, no one presumed to claim acquaintance with this travel-soiled, weary-looking young woman, and as she sat upon the next seat to my own, gazing wearily out upon the wide, bleak monotony of the plains, I observed several time during the day that her blue eyes filled with tears, and that the little boy in Scotch cap, knee breeches and black hose busied himself in a vain attempt to comfort his "mother." All this I observed from behind my book, which book proved a medium of communication between my fellow-passenger and myself.

She had been looking at the back of my book attentively for some time, when she broke the silence by saying:

"I beg pardon, sir, but can you tell me when we shall arrive (looking at an envelope) at Bijou Station?"

"To-morrow evening some time, if all goes well," I replied.

"Is the country out there as wild and sparsely settled as this, sir?"

"Yes, madam, or more so. It depends very much upon the portion of the Bijou you go to."

The ice being broken between myself and my fellow passenger, she soon fell a victim to a professional American newspaper interviewer, to whom she told her story.

But this story would have but little interest for the general reader, were it not for the sequel which is herewith given. I will give her story as near as possible in her own words:

"Yes, sir, I am from England. I left there three weeks ago. I observed you reading Dickens, and I took the liberty of speaking to you. Do I admire Dickens? Yes, sir, I loved him I am a relative of his, and have oftimes visited him at his place at Gad's Hill. I am from Gloster. Do you know Gloster. It is a dear old town. We lived just within the shadows of that great cathedral (a laugh) Oh, the dear old town. I expect we will never meet again. It is a great old structure, sir. You can read all about it in Uncle Charles' last book, 'The Mystery of Edwin Drood.' He describes our town just as it is. We all loved Mr. Dickens. I walked with him many times in the grand old structure, for he made our home his home when he came to Gloster. He only lived ten miles away, and frequently came to see us while working upon his last book. I observed you reading one of his works, and I made so free as to speak, for I am—oh! I so very lonesome and strange here! Did I come all the way alone, sir? Yes, sir. But it was wrong in me for to attempt it I think sometimes I shall give up before I reach my husband. But Charles is quite a man to me. You have no idea, sir, how clever and kind my little son has been to me, both on the voyage and at Halifax, at Baltimore and Cincinnati. How do I like the States, did you say? Well sir, I don't like them at all! I like the State of Cincinnati the best of any I have been in. I stopped at Halifax, it is a dull, cold, miserable place. They kept us three days at Baltimore to discharge cargo. At Cincinnati my luggage was smashed, and I had to purchase deal boxes to pack in. They charged me a sovereign for them I was detained one day at St. Louis—a nasty, gloomy, smoky place, is it not sir? At Leavenworth they refused to take my English gold for any hotel bill, and I was in great trouble and distress Did I get my luggage all right? Yes sir. There is nine hundred pounds of it. Why did I bring so much, did you say? Why, sir, my husband wrote me that he had got a perfect little Eden of a place in Colorado. Yes, sir, he calls our new home Eden, and I thought I would bring as many of the old things from home as possible and I brought a box of tea, a barrel of sugar several bolts of long cloth, some boots and clothing, and at least a hundred different kinds of garden seeds. We will be so happy when I get home. But, sir, (crying) I really think I never shall reach home again. Three weeks of travel all alone has nearly cost me my life.

"What is my husband doing in Colorado, did you say, sir? He is sheep farming. He was a tailor and gentleman's furnisher in Gloster. We lived in one house for nineteen years. My father kept the business before I married my husband. We were doing very well and getting rich, but my husband, who had been a sailor when a boy, and who was born in Brazil, was always discontented and wanted to travel. In an evil hour I consented to sell out our business in Gloster. He took £5,000 with him and started to Colorado. His letters which he wrote from Colorado were very interesting; they were printed on county paper at home. Oh, sir, if you only could know how tired I am of travelling, how lonesome I feel here upon these plains, so many thousands of miles from my dear old home, you would realize how anxious I am to meet my husband."

The sun and the train rolled on westward, and toward evening on the second day out from Kansas City came in sight of Bijou. My fellow-passenger was all bustle and excitement, she had been half a dozen times to the glass to adjust her hair and apparel. The beautiful little boy in his Scotch cap, blue jacket, and black stockings had had his golden locks freshly curled his rosy cheeks washed, and stood upon the car seat looking out of the window—looking for "father."

"Oh, mother, I think I see father," said Charley. "No, mother, it is some one else. Oh, I see a coffin, mother; some person is dead; they are taking the coffin out of the waggon, mother. There it is, mother; there, we are past it now. Now we shall see father, we are home." The train stopped. The weary travelled soiled niece of Charles Dickens gathered in her parcels and her cloaks, and stepped out upon the wild, bleak spot called Bijou station. The passengers, all interested in the talkative and unsophisticated pair of travellers, crowded to the windows of the car to witness the expected meeting between husband and wife. They saw it. While her baggage was being tumbled out of the car, she stood with her baby in her arms and her boy by her side gazing around upon the strange scene, and pearing through the crowd of rough clad ranchmen and plainsmen for the face which alone of all others she wished to see.

A rough looking but polite ranchman stepped forward and, with a clumsy bow and a bashful manner, inquired who the "Madam desired to see."

"I want my husband, Mr. Harry Lester. Does he not keep a sheep and cattle farm near here?"

"He did, madam," answered the ranchman, sadly; "but he's rounded up his herd for the last time. There he is in that coffin, died last Wednesday night, and we're sending the body back to Denver, according to his last instructions. He died of congestion of the bowels, ma'am. Beg pardon madam, but are you his——."

He did not finish his sentence, but stepped forward to catch the falling form of my fellow traveler, who was carried to the car in a swoon. The little boy uttered a piteous wail of grief, while I led him sobbing back to the car which this wearied, travel-tired pair had left a minute before so hopeful and so happy. There were many wet eyes in that car, just then mine among the rest, as I held the beautiful boy sobbing to my breast.

I saw my fellow-traveler twice again, once when she followed her husband to his last resting place, attended by one solitary carriage and four mourners, and again last Monday morning, when, pale, sad, and bowed with grief, she started with her fair-haired boy upon her long journey back to the quiet shade and seclusion of her old home within the shadows of Gloster Cathedral.

An English View of Rochefort.

(From the London Telegraph.)

We might have hoped that the sometime editor of the "Lanterne" would return from exile a wiser and a sadder man. If ever any human being had cause to feel gratitude for the fact that he was still numbered amid the living it is the author of "Paris-Boheme." Of the men shot down at Satory there were few who were so morally guilty of high treason against France as Henri Rochefort. He had wilfully identified himself with all the horrors of the Commune, and he was utterly unable to plead the excuses which might have been urged in behalf of many, if not most, of his fellow traitors. He was not a fanatic, like Rossel; he had not, like Dombrowski, retrieved the infamy of his conduct by the gallantry of his courage; he was not, like Courbet, a half-crazed fool, who could hardly be accounted responsible for his actions; he was not even a man wedded to the Socialist creed like Felix Pyat or Paschal Grousset. Without fanaticism, without conviction, without heroism, he had made himself the champion and apologist of the vilest excesses of a worthless cause. It was his reputation for talent which alone saved his life. In our more stern and less sentimental country a man who had been a willing accomplice in crimes such as those of the Commune would have been hanged without pity or regret, even if he had united the wit of Sheridan to the genius of Swift But in France popular judgment was more lenient. Whatever his sins might be, Frenchmen had a kindly feeling for the brilliant 'litterateur,' the witty, cynical, epigrammatic pamphleteer; and so, while many a better man was shot down at Satory, Rochefort was treated with exceptional leniency. His sentence of death was commuted to imprisonment; his imprisonment was alleviated by special favors, and it was only in deference to public opinion that he was finally banished to the remote island, where he was subjected to no penalty beyond that of exile, and from which he has escaped after a few months' confinement.

Dr. Brouse, M. P., and the Veteran's of 1812.

To the Editor of the TELEGRAPH.

SIR,—During the last Session of the House of Commons, I brought under the notice of the Government the Royal Warrant issued from "Chelsea Hospital," granting pensions to soldiers who had fought for the defence of the British Flag, previous to 1815, and asked the action of the Premier to ascertain if such notice would not include the "Canadian Veterans" who had fought side by side with the regular soldiers? The Government promptly replied that they would. I now understand the Hon., the Minister of Militia, has submitted one or more applications to ascertain if the Warrant will apply to our surviving "incorporated Militia of 1812," and if they will be intitled to claim the division under the Chelsea Warrant. In a few weeks a definite reply may be expected.

I submit the above statement for the information of those interested, as it is quite impossible for me to send replies to all the letters received and making inquires respecting the anticipated pensions.

It is really extraordinary the number of veterans of 1812 who are still living in the Province of Ontario. A company of over fifty can be mustered along the River St. Lawrence in this "Territoral Division," and what is still more pleasing arises from the fact that they are active and appear to take a deep interest in the future of our Dominion.

Yours, &c.,
W. H. BROUSE.
Prescott, June 1874.

Violent Assault on the Editor of the "Post."

On Tuesday the 16th inst. Professor Koerber, a music teacher in Lindsay, was committed for trial at the Assizes for assaulting the editor of the "Canadian Post," at the residence of the latter, last Saturday afternoon. Koerber took umbrage at a serio-comic account, with illustrations, of a duel that was to have been fought between himself and another man last week, and endeavoured to get satisfaction by brute force, as he is twice the size of the editor. The assault was made in the editor's drawing-room, and a desperate struggle ensued, which resulted in Koerber getting decidedly the worst of the encounter, and being compelled to sue for mercy. The editor was unharmed beyond a few slight scratches. The affair naturally caused much indignation, and a big Scotchman from Eldon was going to thrash Koerber that evening, but the latter retreated rapidly, and the law will take its due course.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JEROME SHENK Insurance Agent. 2595

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horse frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SIXTH ANNUAL

PIC-NIC

—OF THE—

QUEEN FIRE COMP'Y

Will be held in

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL,

—ON—

Dominion Day.

Mr. Marier's Brass and Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

TICKETS of admission, 25c. may be had of the Committee and at the gate.

A. PAULKNER, Secretary, CHAS. DUPUIS, Captain.

June 8, 1874. 2560-3in-ewas

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS

T. E. MOORE

BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING

ROOMS.

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA,

Begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his Fancy Goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive sto k in New York, and is now overstocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all Fancy Goods at half price, or 25 per cent less than cost price.

The Goods consist of

Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,
Solid 15 karat Gold Chains,
An immense assortment of elegant sets in Gold,
Best Plate Signet Rings,
Plain and Brass Rings,
Hair Ornaments,
Perfumery,
Brushes,
Real Hair Goods,
Meerschaum Pipes,
Hand Mirrors,
Hair Brushes.

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks-st.

June 20, 1874.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MAGDALEN ISLANDS.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until

THURSDAY, 23RD JULY,

At noon, for the conveyance of mails by steamer between Pictou, N. S., and the Magdalen Islands, calling at Georgetown, Prince Edward Island, both going to and returning from the Magdalen Islands.

The Tenders to give a full description of the steamer offered for this service, specifying the tonnage, speed, and accommodation for passengers and freight and also the price asked for each round trip from Pictou to the Magdalen Islands and back, calling at Georgetown, Prince Edward Island, for weekly or fortnightly trips, as may be agreed upon, during the season of navigation, on a contract of three years, to commence this season if the steamer can be ready in time.

WM. WHITE, Secretary.

Post Office Department, Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 2560-3in

TO LET—A good House well finished, with a good garden, in the Village of Montebello, near Major's Wharf. Enquire from MAS. MICHEL RAUDRY, or at this office. June 20, 1874 2560-2in

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. ☞A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 20, 1874.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE CELEBRATION AT MONTREAL.

THE Ottawa River Navigation Company will issue Tickets on 22nd and 23rd instants to Montreal and return for a SINGLE FARE AND A THIRD. Tickets good to return to 27th instant inclusive.

R. W. SHEPERD, President.

Ottawa, June 17th.

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.

June 9, 1874. 2560

FOUND—A Twenty-Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.

June 11, 1874. 2562

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria Streets, handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighbourood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. B. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2564.

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 23d, 1874. 2523-3m

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.

JOS. METCALFE.

June 17. 2567-tf.

TO PRINTERS—Wanted immediately, in a Business country office, a good practical Printer with a knowledge of Job and Newspaper work. He will have partial charge of the office. The situation will be a permanent one for a thoroughly sober man. Apply immediately to W. E. JONES, Richmond "Guardian."

June 2, 1874.

GLAD TIDINGS !!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARET.

Johnstons, Barton and Guestiers, Godard Freres, and a variety of other brands, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS, Grocers, 36 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Pic-Nic—Queen Fire Company.
Agents Wanted—F. M. Reed.
Tenders Wanted—Wm. White.
Bargains—T. E. Moore.
To Let—Mrs. M. Baudry.
Jewellery—Wm Young.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1874.

We learn that His Excellency the Governor General and family will make a trip to the West about the middle of July. The route will probably be by Lakes Simcoe and Muskoka, to Parry Sound, and thence by Georgian Bay and Lake Superior. In coming back, it is likely the party will visit Lake Michigan and return by Sarnia and Goderich.

ROCHEFORT IN IRELAND.

If Rochefort is a man of a sensitive spirit, or a victim to the passion of revenge, he will not only feel keenly the insults of the Irish crowds in Queenstown and Dublin, but speak his mind of them in a way not complimentary. It is said, however, he is not a man of temper, but as cool and unprincipled as he is cruel and unscrupulous. If he ever laboured under an impression, entertained by some foreigners, that the Irish people were ignorant, subdued, and listless, he is now relieved of his error, and conscious of the fact that they not only take an interest in foreign events but have strong prejudices in regard to some of them, not at all in keeping with those of the Paris advocates of "liberty fraternity and equality." The Irish populace can urge their own ideas on social and political matters, without considering themselves bound to treat with politeness or indifference, even, the representatives of a certain set of French opinions. It is just possible that if Rochefort ever had any respect for Irish malcontents, it has sensibly declined within the last few days, though that feeling would not be worth much; and that his experiences in England, so far as immunity from insult is concerned, may incline him hereafter to look favorably on her side of any argument with the Emeral Isle. Great as has been Ireland's love of Frenchmen, it is now patent she will henceforth exercise it with discrimination. Perhaps rencontres of this kind do good in dispelling illusions on both sides.

THE COTEAU RAILWAY.

The indications of interest taken by the Boston Corn Exchange in the line of route *via* Ottawa to the Georgian Bay, as a channel of traffic between their city and the Great West, must lend good cheer to the parties interested in the line of railway from Coteau Landing to Ottawa City. To people capable of taking an intelligent view of the situation it will appear inevitable that this link of railway, already partially constructed, must become an important part of a great through route from Boston westward.

Latterly there has been an unfortunate delay in the work of construction. The contractors owing mainly to the recent financial crisis in the States became unable to carry out their engagements. There are, however, thirty miles of the line graded, leaving only some 50 odd miles undone of the least difficult part of the work. It was given in evidence at a recent judicial enquiry in an action brought against the contractors by one of their creditors, that the work has been well done, that the cost is exceedingly low, and that the Company is now over $220,000 better off than when it commenced operations. The company has means to carry the work promptly to completion; but the contractors have until January next, by the terms of their agreement, to resume operations, the Company being powerless in the meantime. We make this explanation as to the affairs of the Company because there has gone abroad an idea that the enterprise has failed for want of means, and that its completion must be regarded as indefinitely postponed. This impression is entirely erroneous; the railway to Coteau Landing and Montreal direct will be an accomplished fact, perhaps at a surprisingly early day.

PACIFIC SURVEYS—SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS.

It is understood that a renewed effort will be made to find a feasible route by the Fraser Valley in Columbia, or by the Chitukeveyuk River, which falls into the Fraser, near its mouth, and the Similkameen Valley, towards Princeton, joining route No. 1 on Fleming's map, near Kamloops. Mr. Horetzky will penetrate the Cascade range by Gardner's Inlet, which is navigable far inland, and from which a good passable route is reported by Francois Lake, Fort Fraser, and the Nechaco river to the North bend of the Fraser. This route, if finally adopted, will enable the Government to reach the Pacific waters by a shorter line than any other, but at a point more than a hundred miles north of Vancouver Island.

The party of Engineers who will locate the line finally from Lake of the Woods, or the Winnipeg River, will start in a few days.

The line from Thunder Bay, or the Kaministiquia River to the east end of Lac des Mille Lacs, the summit level, will also be located immediately. The length of this link is about sixty-three miles. The construction of it and the section from Winnipeg River to Fort Garry (about 100 miles) will be proceeded with as soon as the line can be located between these two points. Some contemplated improvements on the portages between the line of lakes and rivers will make the route an excellent short one for summer travel and freight.

A small party will start from the head of Nepigon Bay, to explore this country eastward, on the Lake Superior shore, with a view to ascertaining whether it is not possible to construct the road near that Lake. Mr. Hazelwood will commence work at once on the French River Station, and steps will also be taken to ascertain the nature of the country from Parry Sound to the Ottawa Valley.

The above gratifying intelligence is worth columns of argument with regard to the good faith of the Government, in the matter of the commencement of the Pacific Railway. Were the daily slanders, and reiterated fallacies of the Opposition press, on this subject, possessed of even a shred of influence with the public, one might point to this action, with the object of discovering the best route across the continent, at the earliest moment, and of taking prompt advantage of the water courses, in proof of their dishonesty and worthlessness. We have now an assurance of the selection of the shortest and least costly route through British Columbia, as also of the early connection of Ontario with Manitoba by railway and improved navigation. The interests of the Ottawa region, it will be seen, are receiving that attention promised, and its people may be congratulated upon the prospects presented in connection with this railway. The present Government seem determined to make liberal amends, by honest performances, for the hollow promises of their predecessors. Instead of glittering visions of coming blessings to Ottawa and the country, which garnished the perorations of Sir John Macdonald, Tupper, and colleagues, we have now quiet, honest work, and a restoration of confidence in the sincere desire of the Government, as well as the capacity of the Dominion, to construct this Railway.

PARTY CHANCES IN THE STATES

The Democratic party in the United States have felt in good spirits, of late, through the blunders of their enemies, which have been gradually diminishing their strength. The Republicans had enough sins to answer for before the events of the present session of Congress, which have proved of a nature to materially damage their cause. They are now staggering under a load of mistakes and scandals, owing to the ignorance, selfishness, and partizanship of many of their party, heavy enough to sink any organization in the opinion of sensible, patriotic men. To their difficulties have been added, of late, the desertion of the President, so far as the most important of the questions dividing parties is concerned—namely, the financial. The Republicans of the West and South, particularly, sided by a few Democrats, after spending a large portion of the Session in attempts to secure legislation, enlarging the paper currency, and altering its distribution—legislation calculated to derange the course of business and further impair the national credit—found themselves completely foiled by the President's veto, and subsequently paralyzed by the letter in favour of a contraction of the currency, and an early return to specie payments. Dismayed and incensed, the inflationists have struggled to secure even a modicum of success, to carry out an ignorant, but none the less dangerous theory, and preserve their influence with unenlightened, but needy constituents, with whom more paper promises to pay appeared the panacea for all pecuniary ills. Under these circumstances it is not surprising the Democrats have made great advances in public favour. They have had their own arguments in advocacy of contraction and an early return to gold payments reinforced by the action and sentiments of the Republican President, and they have been profiting industriously by the numerous blunders and the corruption of their opponents. Having taken a correct course on the financial and commercial questions, they have headed their rivals, and in a sense, rendered it necessary to them to adopt the opposite, which the intelligent and the moneyed community perceive is at once stupid and dangerous. The Democrats loudly demand free trade or a revenue tariff, and the early riddance of the country of its irredeemable paper currency, to be succeeded by specie. The Republicans have seen fit at their Springfield Convention, just opened, to fall into the very pit, predicted, and from which their enemies joyfully anticipate their doom. Their adopted programme embraces a declaration against the immediate contraction of the currency, which means more than this bold statement, in the way of suicidal opposition to the only promising policy. The following declarations are evidently designed to modify the preceding and quiet apprehension—namely, in favor of free banking, in favor of the earliest practicable return to specie payments, and the gradual withdrawal of greenbacks and the volume of National Bank currency. But this is a policy of delay, which the last few years have proved every way hurtful to the country. The disease has lasted too long, and demands an immediate cure, which, if one party will not, another stands ready to apply. The withdrawal of the depreciated bank notes and greenbacks could be made so tardy as to prolong the existing evils for many years, and render panics as regular as the Fall's advent. In face of such a wrongheaded course, and of the increasing dissatisfaction of the honest and educated section of the Republican Party, it is no wonder the Democrats exult already in the prospect of a brilliant victory.

THE OTTAWA ROUTE.

There are constantly cropping up indications that when a shorter route than those at present available for the traffic between the Great West and the seaboard will be taken up as a necessity, Ottawa as a principal objective point cannot be avoided. This city must inevitably become the centre of a system of railways, each of which will be the rival of the other in the work of carrying the produce of this country and the Western States, and the merchandise consumed by the populations concerned, to and from tide water. The Huron and Ottawa railway, which has been projected and chartered to run from the city of Ottawa to Parry Sound seems to have been caught by the keen business sense of the mercantile interest of Boston. The Montreal *Gazette* referring to the action of the Boston people, makes the following remarks:

BOSTON AND THE GEORGIAN BAY.—We observe that our fellow townsman, W. H. Hibbard, Esq. has had a hearing at the Boston Corn Exchange, where he has represented the interests of a proposed railway designed to connect this port with Lake Superior, via Ottawa and the Georgian Bay. Of course other New England cities would be affected by it as well as the "Hub." But the idea seems to be, the construction of a road from existing American lines on the South side of the St. Lawrence river, on the city of Ottawa, thence using connecting lines to Georgian Bay. The Bostonians, in their anxiety to gain a hold upon the grain trade of the West readily listen to any project likely to further their views. Hence a committee was appointed to examine the documents submitted by Mr. Hibbard, and on Monday their report was presented to the Exchange. In substance, it approved of the scheme, expressed an opinion that the connection afforded with the western lakes would be valuable, while the pecuniary and general commercial advantages would warrant its consideration. It also thought the subsidies of the Canadian Government and the Municipalities, of $500,000 seemed to guarantee the completion of the road.

THREATENED CRISIS IN FRANCE.

The French Government appears bent upon measuring its strength with the Opposition of all shades, particularly the Radicals and moderate Liberals, in regard to one of the principal features of the Municipal Bill—the appointment of the Mayors. The Minister of the Interior announced fifteen days ago, that it was his intention to propose that the nomination of the Mayors should be placed in the hands of the Executive power. This has long proved a delicate question with French parties, the different Governments desiring to retain all the power possible, so as to be able to influence the various constituencies in their own interest. The Liberal Opposition has equally made it a point to oppose this system of centralization, knowing the use it has been put to in the maintenance of arbitary principles. Despotic authority at Paris could be sustained only by a machinery providing for the co-operation of pliant tools throughout the departments. After all the heated controversy and stormy scenes of the last fifteen days, the De Cissey Government seem foolishly determined to adhere to their policy of controlling these appointments. Considering the breakdown of the preceding governments which exercised this power, and the general progress of liberal ideas, resulting in the creation and partial establishment of the Republic, it seems strange to witness this obstinacy. The Ministry are aware that the Republican idea has been gaining ground with the masses, and that this as well as other portions of the old despotic system is opposed to the spirit of this movement—that it has been discredited by experience; yet they insist upon a privilege unpopular with the electors, and particularly distasteful to the great Republican party. This inflexibility may entail their defeat, another period of agitation and a further unpromising experiment in Cabinet-making. French ministers find it most painful to relinquish an iota of their imaginary rights, and difficult to understand that the people should exercise the controlling voice in the selection of the persons to be entrusted with the guardianship of their interests, and the management of their affairs. One would imagine that at this time of day, after the long experience of the failure of despotic government, and with the successful working of the British municipal system before their eyes, even French Ministers might see the propriety of leaving the Departments untrammelled in matters of this kind. The principle of interference from above is doomed, but it dies hard, the tenacity with which it is cherished revealing either an ineradicable spirit of tyranny, or a fear of the free operation of the public will. The infatuation of Ministers appears the more surprising that the union of the Centres, sought by the Left, and to which events have seemed tending, would place them more at the mercy of the Liberal Republicans than hitherto. Such a combination is truly described by the Left as offering the best guarantee against the return of the Empire. Both Centres are favorable to the maintenance of the McMahon regime for the seven years, though differing as to whether the Republic should be declared or not, which constitutes a basis for co-operation in measures calculated to strengthen a Moderate Republic, and give the country that guarantee of peace and order which it sorely needs. The following is the article of the Municipal Bill upon which the conflict with the Government is threatened:—

Article 14 provides as follows:—"The Mayor and his Adjoints or Vice-Mayors are chosen from the electors of the tax-payers inscribed in the Communes, liable to one of the four Direct Contributions; they are to be elected by the Municipal Council; they must be accepted and instituted by the President of the Republic in the cases of towns, of Departments and arrondissements, and in towns of more than 20,000 inhabitants by the Prefect. In the other communes, if the Mayors and Vice-Mayors elected are not accepted, a second election shall be proceeded with. If the Council then elects the same candidates, or if the newly-elected candidates are not accepted, the Mayor and the Vice-Mayors are named directly by decree of the President of the Republic." It seems needless to point out on what grounds this Article will be contested by the Left, who desire the elections of municipal functionaries to be entirely independent of the Central Government, but it will also be opposed from another and very different quarter. The Minister of the Interior, at the moment when the vote was about to be taken whether the Organic Municipal Bill should pass to a second reading, pointed out that it involved the principle of the nomination of Mayors, and declared his opposition to the system adopted by the Committee of Decentralization, and that it was his intention to propose at the proper moment that such nomination should be placed in the hands of the Executive Power."

Good Opinions about a Canadian.

The subject of the following complimentary paragraph was some years ago well known to the public men and many of the people of this country as a political writer and journalist of excellent ability. From *The State*, London, England, May 16th, we quote:—

"We learn that Mr. George Sheppard, who has for three years past had charge in London of the Land and Emigration business for Europe of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, returned to the States in the Spain, on the 13th inst. His movements and personal welfare will be a matter of concern to a wider circle of correspondents and friends than is possessed by, probably, any other representative of land grant railway interests on this side the water. Mr. Sheppard has been more or less concerned in colonization movements during the last twenty years, the period of the successful establishment of his first colony taken out from England, antedating, we believe, that of any one else still in the same field. Perhaps not all of those who must have been cognizant of the wonderful efficiency and comprehensiveness of the system of the Northern Pacific Company in diffusing information and organizing colonists in Europe, were aware that the results achieved were chiefly due to the wise and energetic management of the gentleman above referred to. Quite invariably judicious in the election of its representatives, the Northern Pacific Company was especially fortunate in entrusting the general control of its European business to Mr. Sheppard. The Company's operations here have been suspended for some months from well known causes. We infer, however, from the tenor of information from Philadelphia, that the recent adjustment of affairs has given a much better look to the Company's prospects, and shall not be surprised presently to hear of the renewal of measures for directing a due share of the stream of emigration to the line of the Northern Pacific. We are not acquainted with Mr. Sheppard's plans, but are assured that there is good reason to believe that his present visit to the States does not involve the discontinuance of his service as one of the most influential of those guiding surplus population from Europe into the inviting fields of the States."

THE SYNOD.

Wednesday Afternoon.

The rules of order being suspended the reports of the Auditor and Treasurer were presented and referred.

Rev. C. H. Mockridge moved, That while admitting the principle of classification of missions, as stated in the proposed amendment to part of Canon xvi, it is the opinion of the Synod that no clergyman should be deprived of any portion of the grant which he now receives from the Mission Board until said Board has made arrangements with his people to make up the loss which, by this action, he will sustain.

He explained the reason for the motion—depriving some clergymen of assistance derived from the Mission Board when no means were used to make up to those clergymen the sum of which they were deprived.

Rev. Canon Mulock seconded the motion.

Rev. Mr. Preston would support the motion. He explained the reason of the action of the Mission Board in making the reduction in salaries in order to bring the people up to the standard in giving, and making the amount contributed by the Mission Board supplementary, and not as it has been the most of the salary of the ministers. In supporting the motion he didn't wish it to be understood to be the intention of the Mission Board of Classification Committee to reduce the amount.

The Rev. G. W. White explained the difficulties of the Mission Board in distributing a sum which was fixed and could not be raised.

The Venerable Archdeacon Parnell said that the only thing Mr. Mockridge could do was to have the particular part of Canon xvi. expunged, therefore he thought the motion out of order.

Rev. Mr. Forest moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Walkem, That while admitting the mode of classification in the amendment proposed to Canon xvi, it is the opinion of this Synod that no clergyman shall be deprived of any portion of the grant which he now receives from the Mission Board until the Archdeacon having jurisdiction in the section of the diocese in which such missionary is at work, certifies to the Mission Board that arrangements have been made with the people of that particular mission to make up the loss which the missionary otherwise would sustain by any reduction on the part of the Board.

Mr. Walkem seconded the amendment. He thought that the Rev. Mr. Mockridge's motion was important only as a recommendation to the Mission Board, and that the Mission Board had shown a liberal spirit in dealing with particular cases such as that of the Rev. Mr. Mockridge. At the same time he thought the laity would furnish their share of the support of the missions.

His Lordship the Bishop had always disapproved of the classification scheme, and thought that the Rev. Mr. Mockridge's resolution simply meant doing away with classification altogether.

The Rev. Mr. Mockridge, withdrew his motion in favor of Mr. Forest's amendment which was carried.

Moved by Mr. Walkem, that the report of the committee on printing and financial reports be adopted.

Dr. Boswell opposed the motion on the ground of the expense, while the substance of the report might be obtained from the other reports.

The Rev. Mr. Mulvaney said that it was of very great importance that the Synod should have all the facts before them, and they would be in this position if the reports were printed. The motion was carried.

The Rev. Mr. Stannage moved, seconded by the Rev. Mr. Spencer, that the necessary expenses of the clergy and lay delegates, incurred by attendance at Synod, be defrayed out of the Assessment Fund, and that the rate of assessment be correspondingly increased.

The Bishop was opposed to the motion, which therefore was lost.

Judge Macdonald moved, seconded by Mr. Kirkpatrick, M.P., that a special committee, consisting of the Venerable the Archdeacons, the Revs. Messrs. Mulock and Preston, the Chancellor, the mover and seconder, to confer with the Bishop of the Diocese to consider the whole question of patronage, and report at the next meeting of Synod.

Judge Macdonald, in making the motion, did not mean that the laity should appoint whoever they pleased, as probably in nine cases out of ten the Bishop was the best able to appoint the ministers for parishes, as he knew the characters of both clergy and people, but at the same time he thought people would be more willing to give, if they had some voice in the appointment of the minister.

Rev. Canon Bleasdell thought there could be no such scheme as Judge Macdonald had proposed. The patronage must belong to either the Bishop or the people. There could be no middle course, as if there were, there would be a continual struggle between the Bishop and the people, and no distribution of clergymen and no exercise of patronage could be more satisfactory than that of the Bishop.

Mr. Young, of Trenton, would vote against the motion, as the practice of the Bishop's sending out the clergy had existed for 1800 years.

The Rev. J. G. Low thought that if the motion carried, either there would be a dead lock or there would be a compromise, which would satisfy neither party to the injury of the other. He thought that whereas at the present time young clergymen are stimulated to work hard for improving their parishes in order that they might found upon their services some claims to the Bishop. If the motion before the house were carried those parishes which had ministers would be troubled continually by their ministers going to other parishes in order to make themselves known and popular for the purpose of getting a call to some richer and better parish.

Judge Armstrong supported the motion.

Rev. Mulvaney moved in amendment, that all after the word "That" be omitted, and that the words "This Synod has entire confidence in the administration of patronage as at present vested in his Lordship the Bishop.

Dr. Pringle opposed the motion, as clergymen who are very useful in parishes which they at present occupy would be called away to others, and their own parishes left without ministers, and they would be obliged to call a minister from another parish, and so on.

Rev. Mr. Tighe thought that if the question were brought before the country parishes throughout the diocese, and fairly discussed, not one parish would give a verdict in favour of it. He thought that it was entirely unscriptural, subversive of ecclesiastical history, and opposed to that conservatism which is and always has been the bulwark of the Church. The gentleman gave instances of certain congregations in the United States who had given calls to Clergymen whom they knew by fame, but whom they found to be utterly unsuited to themselves.

Mr. Kirkpatrick said that in seconding the original motion of Mr. Macdonald he did not mean to give the patronage into the hands of the laity, but that he wished to anticipate the possible occurrence of the Bishops being translated to another Diocese or the vacation of the Bishop's chair by any possible occurrence, so that when such a thing should occur they would already have devised a plan of exercising the patronage, the question being at present a personal matter with the present Bishop. He moved in amendment to the amendment, that all the words after "that" be omitted, and the following words be inserted—That before the avoidance of the See, it is desirable to consider the best system of exercising the patronage of the rectories and appointment to parishes, which will then be vested in the Synod.

Judge Lyon, of Ottawa, supported the motion.

The amendment to the amendment was lost, and the amendment of the Rev. Mr. Mulvaney being put was carried almost unanimously.

The Synod then adjourned till Thursday morning.

THURSDAY MORNING—SECOND DAY'S SESSION.

The Lord Bishop took the chair this morning at ten o'clock.

The minutes were read, amended, and approved.

The names of the committees nominated by the Bishop were then read.

Mr. Francis read a report of the Amelisburg Endowment Fund, and gave notice that he would move its adoption.

Dr. Henderson read the report of the Episcopal Endowment Fund Committee, and gave notice that he would move its adoption.

Rev Canon Mulock read the report of the Book and Tract Committee, and gave notice he would move its adoption.

Mr. Rogers gave notice that he would move for the confirmation of the amendment to Canon XI.

ELECTION OF DELEGATES TO THE PROVINCIAL SYNOD AND FOR MISSION BOARD.

Moved by the Rev. Mr. Lewis, seconded by the Rev. Canon Preston, that Messrs. Lewin, Crawford, and Judge Macdonald be scrutineers for the clerical vote for delegates to the Provincial Synod. Carried.

Moved by Judge Macdonald, that the Rev. F. W. Kirkpatrick, and Messrs. W. Ellis and G. May be scrutineers of the lay vote for delegates to the Provincial Synod. Carried.

The Revs. Messrs. Pollard and Austin with Dr. Collins were appointed scrutineers of the clerical vote for members of the Mission Board.

The Rev. E. R. Loucks and C. Cartwright, with A. Code, were elected scrutineers of the lay vote for members of the Mission Board.

While the scrutiny of vote was going on, the Rev. Mr. Pollard read a statement of the expenses of the Visitation Committee.

The scrutineers reported the following:—

PROVINCIAL SYNOD.

CLERGY.

Ven. Archdeacon of Kingston.
Ven. Archdeacon of Ottawa.
Revds. J. A. Preston, J. W. Burke, E. H. Baker, F. R. Tane, Chas. Forest, G. W. White, Dr. Boswell, Canon Bleasdell, C. B. Petit, J. J. Bogart.

SUBSTITUTES.

Rev. Canon Jones, Very Rev. Dean Lyster, Revds. H. Wilson, C. Nesbitt, F. W. Kirkpatrick, C. P. Emery.

LAITY.

Dr. Henderson, R. T. Walkem, F. Mc. Annany, Wm. Ellis, Geo. May, S. Keefer, Judge Jarvis, G. Kirkpatrick, M.P., R. V. Rogers, D. Collins, Judge McDonald, Jas. Shannon.

SUBSTITUTES.

A. Code, M.P.P., F. Jones, M. P., J. D. Slater, F. Taylor, Wm. Shea, Dr. Pringle.

MISSION BOARD.

CLERGY.

Revds. G. W. White, J. A. Preston, A. C. Nesbitt, J. W. Burke, E. H. M. Baker, C. Forest, J. J. Rogert, F. R. Tane.

APPOINTED BY THE BISHOP.

Revds. Dr. Boswell, R. Lewis, Canon Jones, G. W. G. Grout.

LAITY.

Messrs. F. McAnnany, Geo. May, G. Kirkpatrick, M.P., James Shannon, D. Collins, E. Harrison, E. T. Dartnell, E. Rose.

APPOINTED BY THE BISHOP.

Dr. Henderson, A. Keefer, A. Code, M. P.P.

Judge Macdonald moved. That the bishop be and is hereby respectfully requested to cause all proper enquiries to be made as to whether any book or books in or by which doctrines or practices subversive of, or different from those of the Church of England are bought, have been issued from the Depository of the Diocese, or are now for sale therein, or that he will, if possible, cause some method to be adopted which will lead to a careful scrutiny of every book which is offered for sale in the Depository. The Judge said that a paragraph had appeared in the papers, saying that books had found their way into Depositories which contained doctrines subversive of those taught by the Church of England, and therefore he thought that some measures should be taken to supervise and overlook the books admitted to the depository of the church.

The Rev. Canon Bleasdell moved an amendment for the appointment of a committee to consider the whole subject of the Depository, and report.

Rev. Mr. Tighe thought that the Judge's decision was entirely impracticable and could not be put in force. The Synod should not take notice of the sensational articles which are in the newspapers, because their object is not faith, but the extension of their circulation. If a committee were appointed they would disagree among themselves as to what was and what was not in accordance with the church.

Rev. Canon Mulock said that Mr. Bousfield always desired the most rigorous scrutiny exercised with regard to the books circulated among the Sunday Schools. He had always left the choice of the books for his own church to Mr. Bousfield, and had been satisfied with his selections.

The hour of adjournment having arrived, the Synod adjourned until 2 o'clock.—*Kingston News.*

CITY AND VICINITY

CRICKET.—A cricket match will take place on the Rideau Hall grounds this afternoon between the Ottawa and Commercial Cricket Clubs, commencing at 1 o'clock sharp. The Guards' Band is expected to be in attendance.

FOR THE CENTRAL PRISON.—A Central Prison Bailiff took to Toronto yesterday morning the following prisoners, to undergo their respective sentences: James Gibson, misdemeanor, six months; and the two boys McFarlane and Riley, larceny, three months each.

THE SEWER TENDERS.—A good deal of dissatisfaction agitates the public mind at the action of the City Council last night in regard to the awarding of the tenders for the main sewer. An indignation meeting is freely spoken of and will possibly be urged upon the Mayor within a day or two.

COMPLIMENTARY.—At a meeting of the Sergeants' Mess of the Prince of Wales' Rifles, held at the Mess Room, on Wednesday evening, June 3rd, 1874, the following resolutions were unanimously passed: "That the thanks of the Sergeants' Mess, 1st Prince of Wales' Rifles, are due and are hereby rendered to Mr. Evans, of the "Feathers," William street, Ottawa, for his kind and generous entertainment to the representatives of this Mess while on their late visit to Ottawa." "That the Secretary be instructed to forward a copy of the above resolution to Mr. Evans." Mr. Evans, it is needless to say, acknowledged the reception of the above complimentary resolution in appropriate terms.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE SOCIETY.—The French Canadians of this city, purpose celebrating St. Jean Baptiste's day, this year on the 22nd inst., to enable any who desire it, to go to Montreal on the 24th inst., the regular anniversary. An excellent programme has been prepared by M. Stanislaus Drapeau, *Commissaire Ordonnateur*, and Mr. Paul Savreux, in the procession will be all the French societies of Hull, Templeton and Ottawa, accompanied by their bands; and also by a portion of the fire brigade and military. A grand mass will be celebrated in Notre Dame Cathedral by the Very Rev Mr. Dandurand, Administrator of the Diocese, the musical part of the services to be conducted by the members of the Societe Ste. Cecile, under the direction of Father Champagne. The procession will march through the principal streets of the city and Hull.

Drowned in a Well.

A young child named Louis Laurin, aged 3½ years, and son of Charles Laurin, who resides in the vicinity of MacArthur's farm, in the township of Gloucester, was drowned the day before yesterday in an open well some three or four feet deep, in the neighborhood of the house. The well had just been recently dug, and the little lad in walking around the door must have fallen accidentally into it and got drowned. It was open and perfectly level with the ground and not in any way protected from danger. Another woman in the house happening to go out for wood, discovered the child floating on the surface of the well drowned.

Coroner Beaubien was at once sent for and an inquest held. A jury was accordingly sworn in by the Coroner, to whom the facts were made known, and after deliberating for some time on the evidence, brought in a verdict of "Accidental Drowning."

Melancholy Case of Drowning.

Yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock, a young girl named Eveline Belerdeau, aged six years, a daughter of Mr. Pierre Belerdeau, residing in Dalhousie street, was drowned at the Queen's wharf in the Ottawa river. The father of the child it would seem works at the Chaudiere. The mother was washing or preparing to wash and sent her two little daughters, Delphina Belerdeau aged 10 years and the deceased to look for a puncheon of water in the direction of the Queen's wharf. Having reached the river the deceased wandered away from her sister and must, when walking on the new open wharfs of the Ottawa River Navigation Co., have fallen between the timbers of the piers, as she was shortly afterwards found by a man named Enright in that vicinity, having drowned in less than six feet of water. The elder sister missing the deceased, returned to her home thinking she had gone thither, but on arriving found she had not returned. Both her and the mother immediately returned to look for the lost child, but on arriving at the wharf found to their utter astonishment that the corpse of the child had just been taken out of the water. The father was immediately sent for, who soon came and also recognized the dead body of his dearly beloved daughter. All were intensely overcome with grief, and finding that the body must await the act on of the Coroner, the mother and the eldest sister were taken home, the father remaining with the corpse until such time as the inquest was held.

A carriage having been sent for Coroner Beaubien he was found at Mr. McAmmond's Hotel, Wellington Street, where the fire inquest had just been concluded. Dr. Beaubien immediately proceeded to the Queen's Wharf and Mr. Paul Fevereau, who acted as constable at the fire inquest, accompanying him, was again instructed to select jurors for the new inquest. He soon succeeded in getting the requisite number of men who were sworn in by the coroner. The following are the names of the jurors:—

Havier Lariviere, foreman; Joseph Decoraier, Francis Larocque, Phedime Lemieux, Pierre Paul, Pierre Valiee, Charles St. Andre, John Champagne, Alphonse Cote, Etienne Philon, Maxime Poirier, Isarealle Lortie.

The jury after selecting their chairman proceeded to examine the body. After satisfying themselves in this direction they took the evidence of Mr. Enright who found the child and of Pierre Belerdeau the father. The former testified to having found the child drowned and having pulled it out of the water and placed it on the piece of timber where it lay at the time of the inquest. The father testified to the fact of the deceased being his daughter.

The jury then after a short consultation returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

Fire Inquest.

The inquest held by Coroner Beaubien to ascertain if possible, the cause of the late fire in LeSueur's block, Wellington street, was brought to a close yesterday afternoon, after sitting four days. On Monday, as previously reported, the jury were sworn in and examined the locality of the fire.

The investigation was resumed on Tuesday at two o'clock, and the following witnesses examined. Messrs. P. LeSueur, M. Lepine, Sergt. Hornidge, of the Police, and Henry Hodges. The only striking feature of the day's work was the testimony of Mr. LeSueur, who swore that he believed the fire originated in the Hon. Mr. Mackenzie's kitchen.

On Wednesday the examination was resumed at the same hour as the previous day when Messrs. C. E. Langford, C. P. LeSueur, J. R. Stitt and Martha LeSueur, wife of Mr. Stitt, and Kate Kenny, a servant in the employ of Mr. Mackenzie. Nothing of interest was elicited by the evidence, and the inquest was adjourned till Friday at 2 o'clock.

Yesterday, pursuant to adjournment, the investigation was resumed, when the following persons were examined. Messrs. H. Walters, Thos. Vincent, F. Lefebvre, L. E. Lawson and C. P. LeSueur, who had been recalled. The only evidence of importance is that of Thos. Vincent, Steward of the Hon. Mr. Mackenzie, as it controverts the idea of the fire having originated in the kitchen of the Premier's house.

HIS TESTIMONY.

T. Vincent, of the City of Ottawa, merchant, deposed:—I keep a fancy store on Sparks street. I remember the morning of the fire. At the time I was acting as steward for the Hon. Mr. Mackenzie and sleeping in the attic of the house. I was awakened by the smoke about three o'clock, a.m. Immediately after, I awoke the inmates of the house and dressed. When I first discovered the fire it was coming out from the two windows over the waiting room of the photograph gallery. I saw no person in the yard at the time. I heard no person making noise or playing cards in the vicinity. Nobody could be there without being heard in our house. Before going to bed I visited all the rooms in the house and I am positive there was no fire in the kitchen. The morning of the fire I went into our kitchen and things were removed from it. The eastern portion of the block on Wellington street was in flames before our kitchen took on fire.

THE VERDICT.

BY TELEGRAPH

MONTREAL.

Robbery at the St. Lawrence Hall—Condition of French Canadians in the States—The Wimbledon Team—St. Lawrence River Steamers—New Hotel—Markets.

MONTREAL, June 18.

About eight o'clock this morning, the cashier at the St. Lawrence Hall had occasion to take the drawer from the safe for the purpose of changing a large bill. Being called away for a few seconds, he placed the drawer on an inside desk, but on returning he found that it had disappeared with its contents. He afterwards found the empty drawer lying on the floor in the private office. Some $800, and two checks drawn for about $500 were taken, and it was supposed that the party who took it was hidden in the private office, and that the persons who called the cashier away were accomplices.

A member of the *Minerve* staff, who has recently returned from a brief trip in the United States, reports that the condition of the French Canadians who have settled there is far from being as favourable as has been represented.

This evening notice was given to Mr. Ryan and his lawyers that an inscription had been filed by the petitioners for a review of the Montreal Centre contested election case before three Judges.

Some of the members of the Canadian team selected to represent the Dominion at the approaching Wimbledon contest, left Montreal this evening for Quebec.

It is said that Chief Justice Dorion will take up his residence in Quebec.

Thirty vessels more have been in port up to this time this year than to the corresponding date in 1873.

It is stated that the Richelieu Company intend placing the steamers Canada and Berthier on the route between Quebec and here, to run in opposition to the two large steamers 'Ayshi n' and 'Athenian' of the new steamboat Company.

The erection of a hotel to accommodate eight hundred guests is talked of. It is to be situated on Dorchester street, and will cost upward of $500,000. The enterprise is in the hands of a joint stock Company with some $600,000 capital.

MONTREAL, June 19.

The stock market here this a.m. was quiet, the only decided change being in the Richelieu Navigation Co., which sold 2½ per cent higher; Montreal 194¾, closing ¼ to ½; Ontario 111¼, closing 11 to ½; Toronto 197, closing 6 to 200; Merchants 117½, closing 17 to ½; Telegraph 192¼ down to 1½, closing 1 to 2; Richelieu Navigation Co. 160, closing 56¼ to 60; Canadian Navigation Co. 66; Commerce 132 to ¼; Royal Canadian 94 to 5, sales at the afternoon board; Montreal 184½; Molsons 115, Merchants 117; Commerce 131¼; Telegraph 191; Richelieu Navigation Co. 160.

ST. JOHN, N.B.

The Elections—Gale—Vessel Ashore.

ST. JOHN, N.B., June 18.

Returns this evening from Westmoreland and Carleton counties show the Government candidates elected by large majorities.

It has been blowing a gale, with incessant rain, the last forty-eight hours.

The ship 'Flying Cloud,' laden with deals for Liverpool, dragged her anchor and went ashore on the bar. She is full of water and must disharge.

New Brunswick Elections.

Carleton County election yesterday, as far as heard from, Leighton 1166, Jones 1110, White 610. Two former doubtless elected, both free school men.

PERTH.

Races.

PERTH, June 19.

At the races to-day, Jas. Connelly's mare, "Lady Jane," of Ottawa, won the open trot. Time 2.52¼, 2.52, 3 04¼, 2.52¼. Mr. Colman's "Ramadam," of Ottawa, won the open running race. Time 1 55, 1.55¼, 1.58¼.

ST. CATHARINES.

Remarkable Escape—Lamented Death—Military.

ST. CATHARINES, June 18.

A labourer working on the brick block in course of erection on King street, fell a distance of 27 feet yesterday, and strange to say, was not at all injured.

Last night there passed away, at the early age of 2- years, one of our most esteemed citizens, Capt. Theodore Thompson, whose demise will be generally lamented.

No 2 and 3 Companies assembled last evening at the drill shed, and will parade again on Friday evening. Both companies will go to camp with the full compliment of men allowed for this year's drill. The want of a regimental band is felt very much by the officers in recruiting their corps.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, June 18.

Hon. Mr. Ross, President of the Council, left yesterday afternoon for Montreal.

A meeting of the Executive Council of the Province was held yesterday morning.

The Faculty of Arts of Laval University has instituted a course of French poetry.

The writ of *quo warranto* taken out against Ald. Cote, representative of St. Roch's Ward by Mr Letourneau, on the ground of insufficient qualifications, is being proceeded with. A number of witnesses have been examined, and they all declare that the property held by Mr. Cote is not worth $2 000. The contestation of the seat of the Alderman is likely to continue for some time to come.

Mr. Bell Irvine, C. B., C. M. G., of the Control Department, son of the late Col Irvine, arrived here by the 'Sarmatian.' Mr. Irvine has obtained leave of absence to recruit his health, slightly impaired by service on the Gold Coast during the Ashantee war.

Mr. Edward Savard has been appointed Inspector of Schools for the Saguenay District.

Messrs. Alonzo Wright, M. P.; W. McKay Wright, M. P.; J. Bather, Hon. G. Bryson, Mr. Poupore, M. P. P., have arrived in this city to wait upon the Quebec Government in the interests of the North-ern Colonization Railway.

The duties collected at the Custom House to-day amounted to $486,805.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Rochefort in London.

LONDON, June 19, 5 a. m.—Rochefort reached this city last evening. His arrival at Easton station was unattended by any demonstration.

FRANCE.

The wife of Don Carlos.

PARIS, June 19.—The wife of Don Carlos has arrived in this city and is going to Switzerland.

SPAIN.

Concentration of Troops.

MADRID, June 19.—Advices from the scene of war in the North state the Carlists are certainly concentrating at Monte Jura, near Estella, they have cleared the country over which they passed of provisions, horses, and vehicles. Marshal Serrano's force numbers 38,000 men. He has 57 pieces of Artillery. Weather beautiful. There is some dissatisfaction because an attack upon the insurgents has not yet been made. Quite a number of Marshal Conchas men are suffering from Dysentery, attributed to raw onions.

PORTUGAL.

Yellow. Fever.

LISBON, June 19.—The mail steamship arrived here to-day from Rio Janiero, June 6th, with intelligence that yellow fever had broken out in Brahia and was raging with great violenc.

ITALY.

Illness of a Cardinal.

ROME June 18.—Cardinal Antonelli is suffering from a severe attack of gout, and is very weak.

UNITED STATES.

Syracuse Races.

SYRACUSE, N.Y., June 18.—The races were continued to-day.

The first race was for a purse of $800, with a fourth of the money for 2 45 horses. There were seven entries; Roan Jack, of Utica, won in three straight heats; Bay Ben, second; Brown Kate, third.

The second race was for a purse of $1000 for 2.50 horses; seven entries; won by Billy Rae; Lola Montes, second; Bonnie Doon, third; Messenger Boy and Billy Rowe distanced. Best time 2.33½.

Fire.

NEW YORK, June 19.—A Washington despatch says that Congress will probably adjourn next Tuesday afternoon.

The building No. 8, Howard street, was partially burned last night. Loss by Hathway & Dodge, importers, $15,000; Leavitt & Allen, $5,000. Insured.

Bricklayer's Strike.

It is stated that the bricklayer's strike is not ended. The journeymen stating that no general strike had been ordered as yet, but will soon be ordered unless all receive the advance demanded.

Shooting Affray.

Mortimer Sullivan was shot dead this morning in a liquor saloon on Murray street during a dispute about a yacht race, by a man named Mark Gill. Gill attempted to shoot the officer who arrested him.

New Senator.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 18.—Despatches say the leading men declare Burnsides' outlook for Senatorship as hopeless. Members are getting tired and the lobby is disgusted.

Mid-Night Despatches.

ENGLAND.

Rochefort Watched.

LONDON, June 19.—Numbers of French detectives are in this country watching the movements of Henri Rochefort.

Ascot Races.

To-day, the last day of the Ascot meeting, the Ascot plate was won by Capt. Sterling's Lowlander, Batt's Thorn 2nd, Lefevre's Drummond 3rd; ten horses ran. The Alexander plate was won by Lord Lonsdale's King Lud, Delamare's Boiard 2nd, Lefevre's Flageolet 3rd; five horses ran.

The attendance at the meeting was large throughout, and embraced several members of the Royal family.

Ocean Cable.

The ship engaged in laying the section of the Brazilian cable from St. Vincent, Cape Deverdes, to the coast of Brazil, was at noon to-day in lat. 2 south, 1 long. 32 west.

Mediation.

LONDON, June 19.—In the House of Commons to-day, Bourke, under secretary of the Foreign Department, in reply to a request for information stated that Her Majesty's Government was not unwilling to mediate between the Brazil and Argentine Confederation, but it had not as yet been invited to use its friendly offers in that direction.

Rochefoot.

LONDON, June 19.—Rochefort will probably address a large public meeting in this city at an early day.

FRANCE.

The Assembly.

PARIS, June 19.—The Right is deeply discouraged by recent votes in Assembly it feels that its power is gone and that the majority which it was hitherto able to command, is broken up. Left Centre is determined to make change in domestic policy of Government.

Jules Janin, the author died to-day, aged 70 years.

SPAIN.

Church Difficulty.

BERLIN, June 19.—The Cathedral Chapter of Posen has refused to obey Government orders to elect a Vicar General, declaring that it does not consider that a vacancy exists in the Arch Bishopric. The Roman Catholic Bishops of Prussia will hold conference on the 23rd inst. at Fulda.

MADRID, June 19.—General Cornha is continually receiving re-inforcements.

General Palacios, with 10,000 men is marching against Cantavieja, the Carlist head-quarters are in Arragon.

ITALY.

Church and States.

ROME June 19.—The text delivered by the Pope to Cardinals on Tuesday last is now published. The Pope renews his protests against ursurpation of Papal, or States abolition of religious corporations and other acts of Italian Government, so that enemies of the church may not be able to plead justification of undisputed customs. He is also moved to allude to those subjects again, because he recently received overatures of reconciliation and had in his possession a respectful letter urging as Vicar of God and of the peace, he should pardon his enemies and withdraw the excommunications pronounced against them, but he declares he cannot make peace with enemies of the church, and in conclusion he exhorts the Cardinals to imitate the conduct of the foreign bishops especially those of Germany and Brazil.

The American pilgrims who went to Venice, have left that city for Bavaria.

UNITED STATES.

Tweed.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Wm. M. Tweed is to be brought to the city to-day on a *habeas corpus*, to testify in suit for one thousand dollars lent to Wm. Colligan, President of the 7th Ward.

The *Herald* states the proposed walk of Mullen in this city is a fraud, as the track over which he is walking is but 240 feet in extent, when as it is claimed by Mullen and backers to be 300.

Postal Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—In the House to-day, Garfield referred to an argument made recently before the Committee, on appropriations in regard to the postal telegraph in which the theory had been suggested that the primary business of the post office, was not transmission of intelligence; but, transmission of packages which might or might not contain intelligence. He had since looked in to the question historically and found that the resolution on which the post office was started in days of Confederation.

Sued for Libel.

NASHVILLE, TENN, June 19.—Col. John C. Burch, Comptroller of the State Treasury, sued the *Banner* yesterday for libel, laying damages at $50 000. The proprietors of the *Banner* has also instituted a suit against Burch, Ira P. Jones, and Travis Winborn, proprietors and part owners of the *Union* and *American*, for libel, laying damages at $60,000.

Boss Tweed.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Tweed's arrival at the city Hall this afternoon to testify in a case before the Supreme Court drew together an immense crowd. After giving testimony, he took a seat within the railing and listened to Charley Spencer summing up for the defence. The Boss wears his beard and mustache and looks hale and hearty.

Murder Hanged.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., June 19.—Cass Mattark, the Rock Creek muderer was hanged to-day in presence of a large crowd, most of whom were colored. He protested his innocence to the last.

Munitions of War.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Havana letters of the 13th inst. state that the expedition under Aguelcira had safely landed on the north coast with four thousand rifles, six pieces mountain artillery, and a large quantity of ammunition.

Docray Still in Prison.

Docray the American is still confined in prison at Pueria Principe. The clerk of the U. S. Consul General at Havana has arrived to assist Docray before the council of war, which soon convenes for his trial. He will soon be released.

Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The committee on foreign relations had the Canadian Reciprocity Treaty before it to-day, but as barely a quorum was present no definite action was taken. The Treaty was printed this morning, headed "Confidential," and copies furnished to individual Senators, with each name written on the title page. Senators to-day are inclined to believe the Treaty will be postponed till next session, as its consideration would involve more debate than could now be afforded.

Gen. Von Schweinites, German Ambassador at Vienna, and Mr. Jay, American Minister to Austria, left Washington to-night.

Petition.

SYRACUSE, N.Y., June 19.—The following petition emanating from the Anti-Secret Society movement, was to-day forwarded to the President at Washington.

To His Excellency U. S. Grant, President of the U. S. of America:—

The undersigned citizens of the United States learning through public announcement, that it is proposed to lay the corner stone of a new government building in Chicago, with masonic ceremonies on the 24th of June next, St. John's Day, so called, respectfully represent that under our constitution and laws, no society, sect or order is entitled to official preferment or precedence over any other order, sect or society, and they therefore do earnestly protest that the order to which it is thus proposed to delegate the work of a national interest should be allowed such a recognition, either through its festivals or its rites and ceremonies which are offensive to a great body of the American people. The petition is signed by 20,000 persons from 16 States.

SYRACUSE, N.Y., June 18.—There was in very large attendance at the Syracuse Driving Park to-day and the track was a excellent condition. The race for the $900 purse for horses of 2:40 class, twelve started, and was won by "Snap," in three straight heats. The sulkies of "Bullet" and "Billy Rowe," collided in the third heat, unseating N. Taggart, driver of "Billy Rowe," who was slightly injured. The latter horse ran a full mile breaking the sulky to pieces—time, 2 36½, 2-36½, 2-41. The race for $1,500 purse for horses 2-25 class, closed with six entries, and all started. Daniel Jenkin's stallion "Joe Brown" winning in third, fourth and fifth heats. "Spotted Tail" took the first and second heats—time 2-21, 2-33¼, 2-29½, 2 29, 2-31½.

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa,
etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE

For the Hair

Prepared from the Pure Grease of

THE CANADA BEAR.

It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.

June 15, 1874.

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatoro Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these ocrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now for the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Agents for the Province of Ontario, Scott street, Toronto, or to DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame street, Montreal, General Agents for the Province of Quebec. Price—$1 per bottle. Large bottles, $2.

May 18, 1874.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

PIANOS!

SEIZED BY CUSTOM HOUSE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, of the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, am instructed to sell by Public Auction, at my Sale Rooms, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, at the hour of two o'clock on

MONDAY NEXT, 22D INST.,

Three very fine Rosewood Pianos, 7⅓ octaves, made by J. P. Haler, New York, numbered 2049, 20,540, 20,517, and seized by an officer of Customs of this city on Tuesday, June 16th. The subscriber has therefore in consequence of such seizure, received positive instructions to sell said Pianos at Public Auction, and

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE WHATEVER,

which he will do on above named day and place, regardless of price. All concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

June 19, 1874.

CREDIT SALE

—OF—

BUGGIES AND EXPRESS WAGGONS

By Auction.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY, 23d INSTANT,

At 10:30 o'clock a. m., on the By Ward Market, ten new Buggies and six Express Waggons, all of the very best material, finest workmanship and made by one of the best carriage builders in this city. The owner is determined to sell them, in order to make room for the manufacture of his winter stock, and they will therefore be sold on six months' credit, and at the purchasers own price. All in want of good Express Waggons and Buggies should bear this sale in mind, as such an opportunity to purchase cheap, and from a good stock, will not offer again this season. They will be on view from eight o'clock until hour of sale, ten thirty on Tuesday, 23d inst., on the By Ward Market.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

June 19, 1874.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TELEGRAPH LINE.

Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—

The furnishing of all materials, labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.

The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.

In the wooded Sections the land to be cleared to a width of 132 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.

Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:

(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.

(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 500 miles.

(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.

(4) Lac La Hache, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia, to Fort Edmonton, about 550 miles.

(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.

(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 760 miles.

The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.

Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.

Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, 18th June, 1874. 2598 2awk-tf.

NEW BOOKS.

Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon....$1.25
" Meridiana, or adventures in South Africa.... 0.75
" A journey to the Centre of the earth.... 0.75
" Tour of the World in 80 days.. 1.50
Family Herald, vol 32, bound.... 1.35
At Her Mercy, by James Payn.... 0.50

FOR SALE AT
HENDERSON AND CO'S,
39 Sparks Street.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria Building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to

R. C. MACCUAIG,
Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2557

OTTAWA

Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 48,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.

The Books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No. 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN.,
Secretary, pro tem.

June 18, 1874. 2594-1m

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now succesfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.

N. S. BLASDELL & Co.

Victoria Foundry & Machine Works, Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2868

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME

$60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples that retail for $51 mailed free. Address

R J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,

Main-St.,
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AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances,

Light Engines and General Machinery

Agent for Edgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.

Orders or enquiries at

CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.

June 13, 1874. 2588-tf

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and fitting the same ready for use.

P LaSUEUR.

June 11, 1874. 2592

Outfits Free — Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Address at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co., 236 Notre Dame-St. Montreal.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

73 — 57 ydaw

OTTAWA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS
ESTABLISHED 1860.

P. A. TAYLOR, - - - - PROPRIETOR.

The largest and best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scottish Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874. 2580y

Gentlemens Dress.

CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at

RUSSELL & WATSON'S,
29 SPARKS-ST.

The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.

It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.

June 17, 1874. R. & W.

W. M. SOMERVILLE,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods, And General Building Supplies.

Has constantly on hand and to order—

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES, ARCHITRAVES, BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING, SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

SHINGLES,—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.

N. B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.

RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.

June 17, 1874. 2597y

NEW CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—36 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower that elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet Hous

39 SPARKS-ST.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles

AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S

31 SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge. March 28, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.

Murray Bay,

NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

THE LORNE HOUSE

Is now open to visitors.

Telegraph and independent Post Offices at Point à Pic.

CHAMARD & Co.

June 15, 1874. 2594-1m

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF

ORGAN MUSIC!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport.... $2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries.... 2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste.... 2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries.... 1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea. 3 50
Hile's Short Noluntaries—9 Nos., each.... 0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete.... 3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel.... 2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home.... $2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs.... 1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries.... 1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion.... 2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats.... Peacock
Christy's Hats.... Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats.... Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats.... Peacock
Wolseley Hats.... Peacock
Castellar Hats.... Peacock
Cheltenham Hats.... Peacock
Spencer Hats.... Peacock
Sorento Hats.... Peacock
Cordova Hats.... Peacock
Venetti Hats.... Peacock
Clinton Hats.... Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A. D. 1874

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's &c. Felt Boots—wool lined. Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
(Late Preston & McLaughlin),
and 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

Lot 28, 9th Range of Hull, covered with fine Maple Wood. Ten miles from the City. Fine Road.

Apply to L. W. P. Coutlee, Esq., Advocate, Hull, or to Henry Celily, Mountain Road, Hull, near the property.

Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 25-w2

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,

Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.

Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa. Money to loan.

March 17, 1874. 2d 6-6m

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St., Boston, M

STRAYED.

From the premises of the undersigned, on or about 20th May last, TWO COLTS, One Mare Colt, two years old, brown color, with some white on nose, and One Horse Colt, one year old, dark brown color, with small white speck on forehead. Any information leading to their recovery will be thankfully received by

JOHN MANION,
West Huntley.

Ottawa June 19, 1874. 25-w3

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at

NOONAN'S

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

OPENING DAY.

MORRISON & ADAM,

FAMILY GROCERS,

TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,

48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48

SATURDAY, JUNE 13,

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.]

June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.

April 18, 1874. 2519

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extract; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S

May 5, 1874.

J. W. RYAN.

Rideau Street

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 | WELLINGTON-ST. | 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

*** We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2670

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 16, 1874. 61y

HARNESS.

HARNESS.

THOS. SHORE & Co.,

(Successors to Thos. Lee)

SPARKS STREET.

Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single Sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest equipment they in the market. Also variety of

SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.

A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.

June 12, 1874. 2597y

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.30 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD..........111

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 19.

GRAIN.	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 30
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 5 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 80
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 50
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw,	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Cotton heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus, sales 86,000 bus, at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower; receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24,000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15½c.; refined, 13½c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 19.—Erie, 26¾; refined petroleum 18¾ to 10½ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 19.—Cotton, sales today 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrised

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1872

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE.—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE.—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch 2245

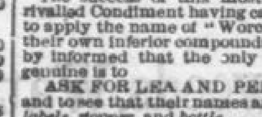
LEA & PERKINS

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper*, and *bottle*.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR Savory & Moore's
PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co, 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H. I. M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12in

DATURA TATULA.
FOR
Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st.. London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES
FOR
CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expense sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Lines. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King street west Toronto Ontario.

Outfits Free Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co., 236 Notre Dame-St. Montreal.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland.

73 57 ydaw

ST. LAWRENCE HALL
(Formerly the British Hotel,)
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample Rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE, Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.
ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

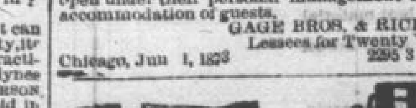
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL
Chicago,
The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE, Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	8.00	[illegible]	4.10
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and Sanfrancisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Osgoode, Russell etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, etc., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
11.30	[illegible]	[illegible]	Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	11.30	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

S. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000
In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 } EACH } Greenbacks,
Five Prizes $500
Ten Prizes $100

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1,000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874. 2554 d&w

VINEGAR BITTERS

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

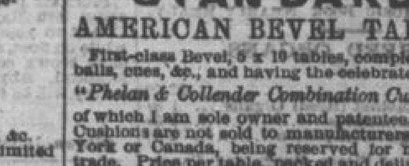
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly



STANDARD
AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer. Trade Mark secured. Montreal. 2417-ly

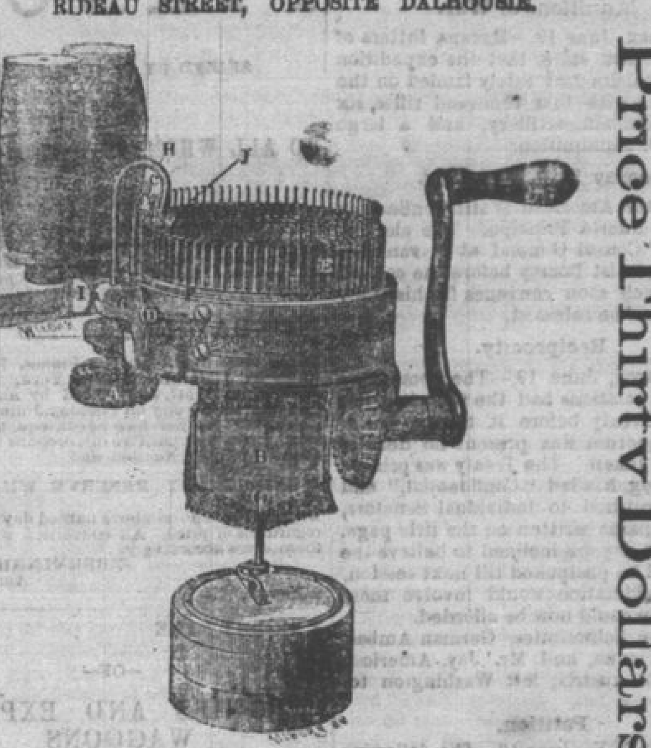
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 Stitches per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-DRESSING

ROOMS.

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

T. E. MOORE

RETURNS thanks to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that no endeavour shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of the same.

TO LADIES

He has a very important announcement to make, that he has now an apparatus for preparing Combings, with the roots all one way, and can new make up the tangled saving the dresser's comb equal to hair of finest quality.

72 SPARKS-ST.

May 1, 1874.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000		75 Cash Gifts each		$1,000
5 " each,	50,000		300 " "		500
12 " "	25,000		200 " "		100
20 " "	5,000		550 " "		200

400 Gold Watches .... $75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines .... 60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos .... 250 to 700
50 " Melodeons .... 50 to 200
Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $15,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $5, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO., 48 New-st.

April 29. 1874. 2550-3m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 26th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,
FAMILY GROCERS,
Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874. 2525y

S. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER
6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa
Feb 18 244

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Marches, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 180 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers," containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

Calculated to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred. Above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place the sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-ly

NEW GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES.—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.,

And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874. 2521

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St: Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2564y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

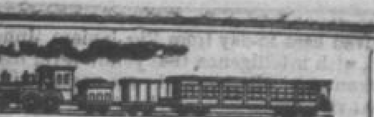
For sale, by private contract, Lot No 65, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE.

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a

COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x30, Kitchen 28x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. Title three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

Apply to A. BOWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent
or to 18 1873.
Ottawa, March 17th, 1874. 2523



THE ST. LAWRENCE
AND
OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A. M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P. M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P. M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A. M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville & Ottawa Railways
For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction - 9.10 a.m. 4.30 p.m.
Ottawa - - 10.15 a.m. 5.20 p.m.
Renfrew - - - 9.10 a.m. 4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa - - - 12.55 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
Renfrew - - - 2.00 p.m. 8.10 p.m.
Brockville - - - 1.50 p.m. 9.10 p.m.

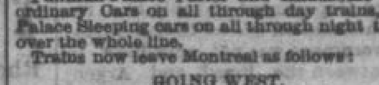
10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9.00 a.m.
Night Express .... 9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations .... 6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations .... 5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at .... 1.35 p. m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.30 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations .... 6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations .... 3.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at .... 5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at .... 10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe .... 11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at .... 3.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at .... 3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leaves Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874. 2569y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 38 Sparks Street.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSEFRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOF CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CUPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 8 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. REIFFENSTEIN

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Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the

LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
36 A..y-st., New York City
April 28, 1874.

Caution,

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE caution the Public against imitations of them which are put forth as possessing the remedial properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the Genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE,"

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

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Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was somewhat alkaline, indicating free alkali, which acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the fine Pancreatic Emulsion which I have examined, and which, besides being rich in Pancreatic juice, has the delicate uniform appearance and consistency of fresh cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada,
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., 157 King Street, Toronto
February 28th. 1873. 2000

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright! Cheerful! Earnest! and Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber choose one of the following large and beautiful Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace," "Bed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles." Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to

T. J. W. JONES, London, Ont.,
Nov 8 Sole General Agent

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipanne, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

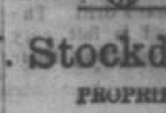
Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order, the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses,

ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872.

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE.

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our ... Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug 5 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalisation, wishes to give lessons in Vocalisation. She will attend pupils at their residences or receive them at her house, between 2 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's Terrace, Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre,) Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2601 — OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1874. — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS.

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 2, 1873. 2476-ly

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Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 4, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 2, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 till 10 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1769

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2029y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 28, 1874. 2555-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—61 Sparks-st.
March 5, 1873. 2582y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law,
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM.

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 4, 1874. 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | M. P. HILL.
Feb. 4, 1874. 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

A. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.

Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No. 12 St. James-St., MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2383-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514

DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 2428-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Office:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS

SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—

ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

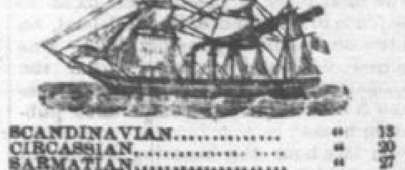
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.

Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell the above and other popular machines. Call on or address,

GEO. DAWSON,
Sparks-st., Ottawa
March, 1874.

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin .... $77 50 to $87 50
Steerage $29 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2 54

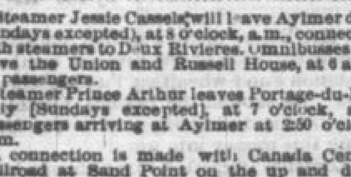
ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jacob Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m., for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL



1874 — TEMPERLEY LINE, — 1874

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.

The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.

Thames	Wednesday, June 3
Delta	Wednesday June 17
Helios	Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence	Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.

Thames	Thursday, July 2
Delta	Thursday, July 9
Helios	Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence	Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
June 18, 1874. 2543.

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS .... P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2578-1f

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent
G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.

Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

*** Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts. now	11½
2,500 "	20 "	14½
2,000 "	25 "	19
3,175 "	30 "	22½
2,085 "	35 "	26½
2,275 "	40 "	31
3,050 "	50 "	38½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—

	Old Price	Sale Price
1,100 yards	$0 90 now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25 "	1 00
1,300 "	1 40 "	1 25
1,575 "	1 55 "	1 28½
550 "	1 75 "	1 40½
500 "	2 00 "	1 47½
400 "	3 00 "	2 50

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—

	Old Price	Sale Price
Splendid	17cts. now	14
Assortment	20 "	16
Plain Black	25 "	19½
and	30 "	25
Coloured	35 "	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—

	Old Price	Sale Price
1,500 yards	18cts. now	9½
2,275 "	14 "	11
3,025 "	15 "	12½
2,150 "	18 "	15
3,185 "	20 "	16

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons.	10cts. now	7½
	13 "	10½
	15 "	12½
	17 "	14½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

	Old Price	Sale Price
Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.

	Old Price	Sale Price
White and	15c. now	12c.
	20 "	15½
Coloured	25 "	19
	30 "	25
Cotton	35 "	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batistes and Lawns.

	Old Price	Sale Price
35,000 yards.	17cts now	14
	20 "	16
	22 "	17½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Trialls and Satins.	22cts now	16½
Stripe	25 "	19
Muslins	30 "	25
4,000 yards	35 "	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.

	Old Price	Sale Price
Grass Cloths	20cts. now	15½
Splendid	25 "	19½
Assortment	30 "	22
	35 "	26½
	45 "	35

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.

	Old Price	Sale Price
400 yards	17cts. now	14
450 "	20 "	16½
475 "	25 "	20
360 "	30 and 35 "	22 & 26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.

	Old Price	Sale Price
Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
	6 75 "	5 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62	0 75	0 88
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
39 SPARKS-ST.

MOWAT & SON,
50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,
FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg	2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.	
200 Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 " Sac Coats	2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.	

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.
A. Mowat & Son.
May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they
HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST
With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS
Plain and Fancy Furniture,
Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a
SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.
Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874. 2564y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c. is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.
House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.
May 28, 1874. 2580y

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Boots; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa,

All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
1874. 2484

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo	75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner	60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold	$1.75

For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!
Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.
Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AGENT:
G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 16. 2545-1m

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.
A New Glee Book
For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.
ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method	Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice: Ludden's School for the Voice	Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor: Worrall's Guitar	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices: Sangerfest	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices: Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home: The Cluster	Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book: Fairy Echoes	Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by
J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best
A New Music Book work for singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all New, Fresh, and Sparkling—any two pieces being worth the price of the work.
For Public Schools. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents, Price, $6 per dozen.
Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Easter Beef
AT
C. KENNEDY'S,
WELLINGTON-ST.
Opposite Bank of B. N. A.
April 3, 1874.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
PIANOS!
SEIZED BY CUSTOM HOUSE.
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, of the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, am instructed to sell by Public Auction, at my Sale Rooms, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, at the hour of two o'clock on

MONDAY NEXT, 22D INST.,

Three very fine Rosewood Pianos, 7⅓ octaves, made by J. P. Haler, New York, numbered 20019, 20,540, 20,547, and seized by an officer of Customs of this city on Tuesday, June 16th. The subscriber has therefore in consequence of such seizure, received positive instructions to sell said Pianos at Public Auction, and

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE WHATEVER,

which he will do on above named day and place, regardless of price. All concerned will govern themselves accordingly.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
June 19, 1874.

CREDIT SALE
—OF—
BUGGIES AND EXPRESS WAGGONS
By Auction.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY, 23d INSTANT,

At 10:30 o'clock a. m., on the By Ward Market, ten new Buggies and six Express Waggons, all of the very best material, finest workmanship and made by one of the best carriage builders in this city. The owner is determined to sell them, in order to make room for the manufacture of his winter stock, and they will therefore be sold on six months' credit, and at the purchasers own price. All in want of good Express Waggons and Buggies should bear this sale in mind, as such an opportunity to purchase cheap, and from a good stock, will not offer again this season. They will be on view from eight o'clock until hour of sale ten thirty on Tuesday, 23d inst., on the By Ward Market.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
June 18, 1874.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built; three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $250. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Ledon, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
3 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 28, 1873.

NEW
Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,
No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING,

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.
We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the business.
All work warranted for One Year.
MASON & CO.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of H. W. Fearne, Esq., C.E., Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 29th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

THE MISSES SINGLETON
HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favors they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.
N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.
April 30, 1874. 2557-3m

POND'S EXTRACT
CURES
Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa,
etc.
POND'S EXTRACT

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TELEGRAPH LINE.

Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—
The furnishing of all materials labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.
The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.
In the wooded Sections the land to be cleared to a width of 132 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.
Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:
(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.
(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 500 miles
(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.
(4) Tete la Cache, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia to Fort Edmonton, about 550 miles.
(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.
(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 760 miles.
The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.
Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.
Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, 13th June, 1874. 2598 2awk-tf.

NEW BOOKS.

Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon	$1.25
" Meridiana," or adventures in South Africa	0.75
" A journey to the Centre of the earth	0.75
" Tour of the World in 80 days	1.50
Family Herald, vol 32, bound	1.85
At Her Mercy, by James Payn	0.50

FOR SALE AT
HENDERSON AND CO'S,
39 Sparks Street.

OTTAWA
Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 48,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.
The Books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No. 38 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN., Secretary, pro tem.
June 15, 1874. 2591-1m

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa, Sept. 12, 1873. 2368

THOS. S. SARNEY,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER
AND
AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to
REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES
And other appliances,
Light Engines and General Machinery

Agent for Edge, Allen & Co., Wall Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.
Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON STS.
June 12, 1874. 2588-1f

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME — $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples that retail for $21 mailed free. Address
R J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J

W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P.Q.

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women. $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S
Perfected Spectacles
AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS.

At W. YOUNG'S
31 SPARKS-ST.
A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.
March 28, 1874.

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF
ORGAN MUSIC!
FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport	$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries	2 50
35 pieces for Organ—Batiste	2 50
Clark's short Voluntaries	1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols. ea.	3 50
Rink's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each	0 50
Zundel's Voluntaries—Complete	3 50
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel	2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home	$2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs	1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion	2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston. — CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

The Reciprocity Treaty with the United States.

(From the St. John's, Newfoundland correspondence of the Globe.)

Much attention is directed here to the Reciprocity Treaty which is now being negotiated between Canada and the United States. Our commercial men regard such a treaty with much satisfaction and hope that an opening will be left for this colony to share in its benefits. The Washington Treaty, in the acceptance of which we had no choice, when the neighboring colonies had once accepted, is far from being regarded with unmixed satisfaction. It throws open our valuable fisheries to the Americans, and while it admits certain of our productions, duty free, into the markets of the United States, it excludes our seal oil, the product of all others whose admission would most benefit us. The Reciprocity treaty would, of course, cover our seal oil. There can be little doubt, too, that this Treaty would do much to smooth the way for Confederation, and lead us to see that our interests as a colony are identical with those of Canada, and will be best conserved by union with the Dominion. Should we take advantage of the Reciprocity Treaty our tariff would have to be revised, as American produce of all kinds would come in free of duty, and we could not retain a duty on Canadian produce in the face of such a change. The difficulty of obtaining a revenue sufficient to meet the public service would, in such a case, be severely felt; and our absurd and ignorant prejudices against Confederation would be shaken. We should be at length convinced that our taxation would be lighter under Confederation, when the number of articles which would then be admitted duty free is taken into account; and that our whole industries would receive a new impulse. Once included in the Dominion, a railway across the island would follow; the French Shore question, our great grievance, would receive speedy settlement, and Western Newfoundland, the garden of the country, would be opened for settlement. Canada has done us an incalculable service by delivering us from the Telegraph Monopoly, and this stroke of policy has done more than anything else to silence the cavillers here, and convince us of the power for good which Canada can wield over our destinies. In fact union is but a question of time, and the hour for it may strike any day. Silently but surely old prejudices are getting undermined, and wider and clearer views on the subject are prevailing. I expect that the revulsion in favour of Confederation will come suddenly, and that on the flood-tide we shall sail triumphantly into union. It is deeply to be regretted that prejudice has delayed the consummation so long.

Agricultural and Arts Association.

The Council of the Agricultural and Arts Association of Ontario met Thursday afternoon, at their Board room, Sheriff Gibbons, of Goderich, President, in the chair. There were present Rev. Messrs. Burnet, Aylesworth, Bethune; Messrs Charles Rykert, M. P. P., Hon. D. Christie, J. Young, M. P., S. Wilmott, A. Wilson, Ira Morgan (Warden of Carleton), A. McNabb, Prof. G. Buckland, S. White, L. Shipley (Warden of Middlesex), Thos. Stock, (Warden of Wentworth).

The Secretary brought before the notice of the Council a paragraph from the Globe, containing a resolution passed by the City Council of London, providing for the sale of sixteen acres of the present fair grounds lying between Wellington and Waterloo streets in that city.

In view of the fact that the Agricultural and Arts Association have a claim upon such land, it was moved by Rev. Mr. Burnet, seconded by Hon. D. Christie, and resolved, "That the Secretary send the Solicitor a copy of the bond from the City of London to the Association, with instructions to take such proceedings as may be necessary to protect the rights of the Association in respect to the Exhibition grounds at London, attempting to dispose of the said grounds."

The Secretary read the resolution of the Exhibition Department as amended.

Mr. Wilmott brought up the matter of fish culture, and a somewhat lengthy discussion culminated in the following resolution: Moved by that gentleman, seconded by Rev. Mr. Bethune, "That with a view to encourage and aid the new industry of fish culture now fully established in this country and throughout the continent of America, a list of premiums be awarded by this Association to such competitors as may be desirous of exhibiting the products of the water, either living or preserved, and who may be anxious to make the approaching exhibition of their Association both attractive and instructive on this important subject, amounting to the sum of $150, and that Messrs. Bethune, Wilmott, and Graham be appointed a Committee to arrange such list." Carried.

Mr. Wilson introduced the subject of ploughing matches in the following resolution, which was carried "That whereas the Provincial ploughing matches of last year were highly successful and gave general satisfaction to the agriculturists of Ontario, therefore resolved that the sum of three hundred dollars be granted to the four ploughing match districts as established by the Association last year, and that the members representing each district have the sole control of the management of the ploughing matches."

Hon. D. Christie referred to a resolution he had before introduced in reference to the Veterinary College, and after giving his views at some length on the subject, the following resolutions which were seconded by Mr. Wilson: Resolved—"That with a view of extending the usefulness of the Veterinary College, it is expedient to transfer that Institution to the Model Farm at Guelph, to be in connection with the Ontario School of Agriculture."

Resolved—"That a sum not exceeding $4,000 from the funds of the Agricultural and Arts Association of Ontario be appropriated for the erection of suitable accommodation for the Veterinary College, and that the Executive Committee be empowered to create the necessary building fund for the purpose and within the limit above named, when the Government shall have granted a suitable site."

Mr. Rykert, seconded by Mr. Wilmott, moved in amendment, "That it is inexpedient to appropriate any money towards the erection of a Veterinary School at Guelph until such time as some definite understanding has been arrived at with the Ontario Government in reference to the management and government of the said school."

On the amendment being put, the yeas and nays were called for. The amendment was lost by 10 to 4, and the original motion declared carried.

Rev. Mr. Burnet submitted the report of the Finance Committee, which recommended the payment of accounts to the amount of $526 40, and setting forth that the Globe Printing Company's tender for work had been accepted.

RECIPROCITY.

The Reciprocity Treaty has passed through several important stages during the past few days. It has received the sanction of Her Majesty, of President Grant and his Cabinet, and of the Government of the Dominion. The President has now sent the treaty to the Senate for advice. If that body accepts its provisions the President will sign it, and it will go back to the Senate for ratification. We may add that the treaty shall not go into operation till July, 1875, and in the interim the legislation which it will render necessary must pass Congress and the Parliament of the Dominion.—Globe.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that any person or persons found

SHOOTING BIRDS

In and about the

RIDEAU HALL GROUNDS,

And in the BAY west of the main road, will be prosecuted as the Law directs.

By order, E. J. O'NEILL, Supt. Govt. Police.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 20th June, 1874. 2601

SWEET TONED

ORGANS

In Beautiful Cases, for sale cheap, at

GEO. DAWSON'S.

AGENTS WANTED to sell

SEWING MACHINES, ORGANS, &c.

Call and see the Instruments and Machines at

GEO. DAWSON'S, 66 Sparks-St

A good second hand EXPRESS WAGGON for sale cheap.

July 2, 1874.

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

DIVIDEND No. 6.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of

SEVEN PER CENT.

per annum for the half year ending 30th inst., has been declared upon the paid up capital stock of this Company, and will be payable at the head office and offices of the Company, on and after

SATURDAY, 25th JULY NEXT,

By order of the Board.

Signed, J. C. SMALL, Secretary.

Toronto, June 20, 1874. 2602-4in

BANK OF OTTAWA.

The Stock Books of the BANK OF OTTAWA are now open for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Bank, and are placed at the following places, viz:—

In Ottawa at the Office of R. W. Cruice, Esq.
Pembroke " Messrs. Hunter Bros.
Arnprior " Messrs. McLachlan Bros.
Mansfield " Hon. George Bryson.
Aylmer " Messrs. Fleming, Church and Kenney.
Buckingham " Jas. McLaren & Co.

By order of the Provincial Directors,

JAMES McLAREN, Chairman.

Ottawa, June 20, 1874. 2601-6in

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2523-3m

SIXTH ANNUAL

PIC-NIC

—OF THE—

QUEEN FIRE COMP'Y

Will be held in

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL,

—ON—

Dominion Day.

Marier's Brass and Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

TICKETS of admission, 25c.; may be had of the Committee and at the gate.

A. FAULKNER, Secretary. CHAS. DUPUIS, Captain.

June 20, 1874. 2600-3in-swas

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the

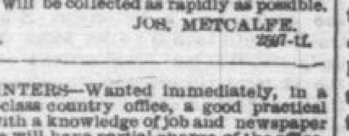
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 20, 1874.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE CELEBRATION AT MONTREAL.



THE Ottawa River Navigation Company will issue Tickets on 22nd and 23rd instants to Montreal and return for a SINGLE FARE AND A THIRD. Tickets good to return to 27th instant inclusive.

R. W. SHEPERD, President.

Ottawa, June 17th.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Ten Millwrights and Framers. Apply to WM. MOSGROVE.

June 22, 1874. 2601-6

TO LET—A good House well finished, with a good garden, in the Village of Montebello, near Major's Wharf. Enquire from Mrs. MICHEL BAUDRY, or at this office.

June 20, 1874. 2580-2in

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.

JOS. METCALFE.

June 17. 2597-tf.

TO PRINTERS—Wanted immediately, in a first-class country office, a good practical Printer with a knowledge of job and newspaper work. He will have partial charge of the office. The situation will be a permanent one for a thoroughly sober man. Apply immediately to W. E. JONES, Richmond "Guardian."

June 2, 1874.

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.

June 9, 1874. 2569

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising.

June 11, 1874. 2592

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria streets, handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584.

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

by the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material, and fitting the same ready for use.

P LeSUEUR.

June 11, 1874. 2592

GLAD TIDINGS !!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freves, and a variety of other brands,

AT CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS, Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Dominion Telegraph Company—J C Small.
Notice—E J O'Neill.
Sweet Toned Organs—Geo Dawson.
List of Letters—G P Baker.
Wanted Immediately—Wm Mosgrove.
Bank of Ottawa—James McLaren.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1874.

The steamship "Prussian" from Liverpool, with 39 cabin, 19 intermediate and 512 steerage passengers, arrived at Father Point, at 6 a. m. yesterday; also, steamship "Quebec," from Liverpool, with 17 cabin and 84 steerage passengers at 7.15 a.m.

It is reported here that the British Government is not likely to agree to the Canadian Act of Copyright passed during last Session. The result would be to leave matters as they are, a state of things which American publishers, if they wish to republish British copyrights will have to deal with their authors or owners.

The members of the Railway deputation, consisting of W. McKay Wright, M. P., Alonzo Wright, M. P., and other gentlemen, which went to Montreal last week to see the Quebec Premier, have succeeded in their mission. They have returned to Ottawa with the full assurance given them that the work on the Northern Colonization from Aylmer through the County of Pontiac will be at once proceeded with. The Government will not only assist the work, but engineers will be sent to begin the preliminary survey in July.

Kent County, in the Province of New Brunswick, has been carried by the Opposition. The result as far as heard from was:—

Brail,	Govt	1269
Guegin	"	910
O'Leary	Opp	1542
Johnson,	"	1285

One parish has yet to be heard from.

From a despatch received last night it would seem that the Government have carried King's County, New Brunswick:—

Crawford,	Govt	1241
McLeod	"	1195
Flewelling	"	1208
Vail,	Opp	897
Scovil,	"	718
Nowlin,	"	764

Three or four small parishes have still to be heard from, but they are likely to increase the Government majority.

CORPORATION CONTRACTS.

The award of the contract for the construction of the main sewer to Row & Co., was the theme of general conversation the whole of Saturday, nor is it likely to drop from public discourse for some time. It would be idle to disregard the fact that, from the City Council discussion and the various circumstances connected with the decision of the majority, not to speak of the winks and hints of the *quid nunes*, the impression has gone abroad that some of the influences employed in the procurement of the Council's decision were not of that straightforward, legitimate description the citizens had a right to count upon. For one reason or another the existence of a Council Ring has been suspected, and all know the ideas generally associated with such a suspicion. We need not enter into any elaborate argument on the subject at this moment, in the absence of such an amount of plain direct evidence as we prefer for the purpose of our conclusions. It may suffice for to-day to acknowledge the existence of some grounds for misgiving, as to the conduct and motives of at least some of the majority on this occasion, in the speeches of Ald. Christie and Robertson, in the personal circumstances of Row & Co., and the preferring of a tender asking $7,000 more than the Toronto firm demanded. If Row & Co., were men of standing in contractors or financial circles, and their rejected rivals obscure and necessitous parties, we could perceive a strong reason for the selection made, but the case was quite the reverse. The firm putting in the lowest tender, of which we know nothing, but what we gather from the public reports, is one enjoying sufficient means and a reputation in their line in a larger city than Ottawa, while it comes well recommended by parties both wealthy and well known. On the other hand, if the rule of accepting the lowest tender should not have governed, though the security was unobjectionable, we equally fail to see why Row & Co. should have been favored, as they have no reputation as contractors nor other qualification to single them out from among the crowd of competitors. We think better cause could be shown for an award to at least some of them than for that under discussion. We need not further attempt to explain the reasons for the popular suspicion that this case has not been disposed of on its merits, that, in plain English, a job has been perpetrated. We shall not say this unpleasant suspicion is proved or can be justified, but there it is, with its hurtful shadow and its solemn warning. We should have observed also, that among the elements operating to the disadvantage of the Council's reputation with the public an, at least, this occasion, was the indifference to the connection of one member with the competition for this contract. It was a spectacle that would have surprised and shocked other communities, and should scarcely produce a different effect here, that of one of the municipal representatives and law makers openly striving to turn his official opportunities to account for his own advantage. What other city in Canada would, for a moment, tolerate the bare idea of an Alderman being a contractor, with the power of acting as a judge in his own case at the expense of the citizens? No trustee or guardian of other people's money would be permitted in any intelligent community to benefit himself by means of opportunities devised for their single interest. Suppose, under this system a dispute arose, we might have a man, owing his position to the people, and elected to look after their interests in the first and in the last instance, using his delegated power to his own profit and the prejudice of the men who gave him his power. The wisdom of the principle of depriving public stewards of privileges, so liable to scandalous abuse is, however, too well known to require defence at our hands. We are glad to see the that sentiment of the Council was aroused against its violation however late the hour, in a way to oblige the offending Alderman to withdraw from his exceptional and indefensible position. But the easy virtue exhibited by some of the members in this matter, hitherto, tends to diminish surprise at the impressions which have gone abroad respecting the action on the sewer affair. We need not say that the citizens of Ottawa will have to evince more interest in Corporation proceedings, if they wish to checkmate a system tending to ring transactions or, at least, to lift the action of the Council out of the region of doubt and discredit. Neither the character nor the circumstances of Ottawa can stand any jobbery, her position in face of her heavy responsibilities, constantly increasing, being trying enough, even with all the aid derivable from open, honest dealing in regard to public works, coupled with the most economical management.

TELEGRAPHIC.

In these days, when the vast importance of Free Trade in telegraphy must be deeply felt by all of the commercial, and even the ordinary reading public, every intelligent mind must sincerely pray that nothing may interfere to prevent Her Majesty's assent being given to Mr. Blake's bill of the last parliamentary session, having for its object the virtual termination of that oppressive monopoly by which a certain Company claim the exclusive right of telegraphy through the Island of Newfoundland. Indeed, it is not only Canadians who have an interest in the sanctioning of that bill. It is one which concerns all who have aught to do with the transmission of matter by any Atlantic cable whatever; for the rate of telegraphage charged by the monopolists affects the rates charged by all other companies.

It is difficult to conceive upon what reasonable, or just, ground the Queen's assent to the bill in question can be opposed. Surely we Canadians have the right to say who shall and who shall not land telegraph cables upon our shores; as we also have to impose the conditions upon which they may be so landed and operated. When, as in the present instance, those conditions are made known and are shewn to be in the interest of humanity generally, it is truly difficult, as we have already said, to imagine what reasons can be urged why we should not impose those conditions. We simply say that we will allow no Company to bring into, or operate in, Canada any submarine telegraph line, when that Company enjoys a monopoly of telegraph rights elsewhere. In passing such a Bill, we, in fact, infringe upon no chartered rights; although doubtless the Newfoundland Company, to put an end to whose insufferable pretensions Mr. Blake's Bill was of course intended, will make a great effort to show to the contrary.

By the sanctioning of this Bill, one of the most oppressive monopolies under which the people of North America have ever suffered, will be happily ended. A churlish and over-reaching Company will have been thwarted in its pertinacious efforts to still longer impose upon the public; and a boon of incalculable value will have been ensured to many millions of people. That Bill alone, should it receive Her Majesty's assent, is worth a Parliamentary Session.

So rapid has been the growth of telegraph interests and of the power of those who manage them, that it becomes, in these times, the bounden duty of those who stand in the position of guardians of the public weal, whether as political ministers, legislators, or members of the press, to exercise the closest possible vigilance to guard against imposition upon the public by these powerful telegraph corporations, with some one, or other, of which nearly all of us are brought into contact. The Government of our "Mother Country" has rid itself of all difficulties in that way by taking the telegraph lines of the United Kingdom into its own hands. In the United States, the same policy has been stoutly agitated; but we see little present prospect of its soon being carried into practical operation. Here, in Canada, however desirable such a step might be, the Dominion Government has already so much on hand in the shape of enormously costly public works to be constructed, paid for, and managed, that it seems useless to urge it. Seeing that most of the telegraph lines of the Dominion are to remain in the possession of and be managed by private companies, our own experience has taught us the necessity of that vigilance already mentioned, to guard against a too prevalent disposition of those companies to encroach upon justice and the rights of the public.

There are two of these great companies which enjoy what amounts to something very like practical monopolies in respective portions of the Dominion. These are the "Montreal Telegraph Company" of Canada, and the "Western Union Company," of the United States. Without going into anything like an exposition of their shortcomings, we will only say that, between the two, the people of the Maritime Provinces and those who have communication with them, find themselves grievously victimised. In Nova Scotia and the greater part of New Brunswick, the last named of these companies has virtually practically a monopoly of telegraphing, and charges what it pleases, having no fear of competition. The Montreal Company, for a time, made great demonstrations in the way of extending its lines into Nova Scotia. Every disposition was shewn by that Province to encourage and aid the enterprise; but, in the end, the Nova Scotians were left in the lurch. It is bitterly complained, too, that messages from the Upper Provinces destined to this Company, and which have to be transferred to the Western Union for transportation over their lines, are habitually delayed by the Montreal Company until it suits their officials' entire convenience to forward them after getting through the business belonging exclusively to their own lines.

Whether as an excuse for this, or not, we are unaware; but the Montreal Company make a totally unfounded charge against the "Nova Scotia Electric Telegraph Company," who own the principal lines of their Province, that this Nova Scotia Company showed an undue and even unjust partiality to the Western Union by leasing their lines to the latter for a term of years, whilst the Montreal Company was negotiating for and eager to obtain them upon terms even more favorable to the Nova Scotia Company, and that therefore the Nova Scotians must take the consequences, &c. Everybody conversant with the facts well knows that the Nova Scotian Company, having determined to let their lines and being pressed with offers by the Western Union, delayed as long as possible to close the agreement, in hopes that the Montreal Company would take their lines upon the same terms. They much preferred letting to the Montreal Company, partly because they rather dreaded to add to the already immense powers of the grasping Western Union; but mainly through the natural wish that the lines should remain in possession and under the control of their own fellow-countrymen; and deeply mortified were they to find themselves at last obliged to close with the offer of a foreign company. No sooner had they done so than the Directors of the Montreal Company, who had declined to give any satisfaction—who were speechless down to that time—suddenly raised a cry of feigned indignation at the way *they* had been treated.

We cannot now further pursue this subject; but will only say, in conclusion, that there is ample room for competition in telegraphy, in this Dominion—whether the matter is regarded from a capitalist's or the general public point of view. The public welfare especially, is suffering for want of it.

LITERATURE.

We have received a handsome little volume of *Poems* and Essays by the late Hon. Joseph Howe, which we have not been able to examine as carefully as we could have desired. From the notice given them, however, we may state that the subjects chosen for poetical treatment are various, and many of a nature to command the attention of colonists and admirers of the gifted statesman who has passed away. That Mr. Howe was a distinguished orator before his powers declined with age, most people knew, but not many in Western Canada, we presume, were aware that he had a taste for verse-making as well, and had cultivated and employed it to such good purpose. Of course there will be observed in these, as in other compositions of this description, differences in merit, some will take exception to some of the subjects, perhaps, and others to their method of treatment. But all who like poetic sentiment, or poetic fancies pleasingly and, at times, very happily expressed, will find in this volume no little enjoyment. The author was a man of profound feeling, of various moods; his fancy was active, fertile and far-reaching; he could be grave or gay, sad or sportive, and his imagination could be easily and fearfully aroused. All who took an interest in him, and who, knowing his great talents and stirring career, should procure this little literary souvenir, which sparkles with the reflection of a brilliant intellect, now departed from a scene with which it has so long been affectionately familiar. The lectures and orations at the end of the book are worthy of Mr. Howe's lofty reputation in this line. For sale by J. G. Davis, sole Agent.

Reciprocity Treaty.

On the subject of the Reciprocity Treaty, the New York *Herald* of Friday says:—

This treaty, which has so long been under consideration, it will be seen from our news of this morning, has, after being approved by the British and Canadian governments on the one hand and by the Executive of the United States on the other, been sent to the Senate for ratification. So far the negotiations have commanded the approval of all thinking men. This matter demands immediate attention, and it will be well if the treaty is approved by the Senate and immediately passed into law. This Reciprocity Treaty is one of the grandest of all the outcomings of the famous Treaty of Washington. Such international arrangements encourage the hope that a higher arbiter than the sword may yet control the nations.

The following is the *Herald's* Washington despatch on this important subject:—

The President to-day sent to the Senate the perfected draft of the proposed reciprocity treaty between the United States and Canada, which has been under consideration for some months by George Brown on the part of the Dominion, Sir Edward Thornton on the part of Great Britain and Secretary Fish on the part of the United States. The proposed treaty, having received the approval of the Dominion Ministry and Great Britain and the State Department, was respectfully submitted by the President to the Senate. It was ordered to be printed and sent to the Committee on Foreign Relations. Senator Chandler, chairman of the Committee on Commerce, thought it ought to be referred to his committee, but the Senate decided otherwise. Senator Hamlin, who is third on the Committee on Foreign Relations, represented the committee in the absence of the chairman, Senator Cameron and Senator Morton, the senior member, who is understood to be the strenuous advocate of the proposed treaty, as he considers it would benefit the North and Northwest. The draft of a treaty so long deferred, it was thought would have been sent in two weeks ago, but Secretary Fish was extremely exacting as to those concessions which he thought likely could be obtained from the Dominion. In fact, like two French notaries preparing a marriage contract between the heir and heiress of two families of distinction, a process which Balzac has described as the perfection of sharp negotiation, Messrs. Fish and Brown have been playing this game of international chess with the zest of youth and the caution of veterans. The Canadian Commissioner, whom we must hail as an experienced and accomplished journalist, has made two secret trips to Ottawa, to carry points he was disposed to cede, or to obtain their equivalents. These questions are geographical and international. The Gut of Canso, our diplomatists have always maintained to be an arm of the sea, while the British Foreign Office have claimed it as a *bona fide* branch of the River St. Lawrence. The Caughnawaga canal they were disposed to enlarge for the reception of sea-going vessels, provided our government in the State of New York would bind themselves to extend it from Lake Champlain to the Hudson. This condition has been given up by the Dominion, who will make this magnificent internal improvement and rely upon its continuation by the State of New York as a question of interest if not of necessity. The next great struggle has been about the admission of our textile fabrics and our manufactures of iron free of duty. The coarser description of some of these articles will be put upon the Canadian free list, as well as all the agricultural implements of American manufacture. Opinion is divided, but the preponderating vote, if taken to-morrow, would be on the side of reciprocity. Senators Chandler and Hamlin, Cameron and a few Southern Senators, are against it, New England, excepting Hamlin, is for it to a man, and the Chamber of Commerce, of Detroit, has requested Senators Chandler and Ferry to vote for it. On the Pacific Coast Senator Hager is the only doutful vote.

CITY AND VICINITY

GRASSHOPPERS.—These pests are inflicting the farmers of McNab and Fitzroy, and are making sad havoc among the crops in these localities.

ON THE MARCH.—The Cornwall volunteers leave that town this morning for the military camp now being formed in this city for the 12 days' annual drill.

CHURCH SERVICE.—The Rev. Mr. Myers one of the delegates in attendance at the National Division preached last night in the Metcalfe Street Wesleyan Church.

PERSONAL.—Deputy Assistant Adjutant General Jackson, Major Maltice, Brigade Major, have been in town for the past few days making all necessary preparations for the troops going into camp to-day.

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—The visitors at the Protestant Hospital this week are: Directors, Messrs. H. V. Noel and T. C. Bramley. Clergy, Revds. C. Kaapke and Armstrong. Physician, Dr. D. McGillivray.

A REPRESENTATIVE.—A meeting of the teachers will be held in the Public School of Arnprior, on Saturday next, for the purpose of nominating a representative for the Council of Public Instruction.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—The usual Sunday temperance meeting was held yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Hardy was the principal attraction, but some of the delegates of the National Division also addressed the meeting.

PISCATORIAL.—On Friday last as early as 7 o'clock in the morning, two disciples of Ike Walton, while plying the art of angling in the vicinity of Billing's Bridge, on the Rideau river, caught a very large maskinonge weighing 24½ pounds.

LOST CHILD.—A lost child was picked up in the vicinity of Sapper's bridge on Friday last by the police and taken to the station. It remained there for the afternoon and till late at night, until the parents came from the neighbourhood of "Anglesea Square," the young child having apparently strayed from that vicinity.

THE NATIONAL DIVISION.—Most of the delegates in attendance at the National Division left town on Saturday. The remainder will leave this morning. They express themselves as highly pleased with their visit to the capital, and many purpose making a further tour of the Dominion.

ROAD EXTENSION.—The Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company has issued instructions to Mr. Surtees, their Engineer, to prosecute without delay the survey of the proposed extension of their road to the Village of Manoltck. That gentleman has at the same time been instructed to get the necessary specifications for the work ready.

AN EXTENSIVE CONTRACT.—Messrs. Rowe and Koyl, says a Perth exchange, the builders of the bridge at Oliver's Ferry, on the Rideau Canal, have received the contract for constructing the harbor at Cobourg, from the Dominion Government. The total amount of the contract is $200,000. These gentlemen will make a good job of it.

BASE BALL.—A match game has been arranged to take place on Friday, the 26th inst., between the Newcastle Club of Newcastle, Ont., and the Ottawa's. The Newcastle Club were at one time the champions of Canada, but relinquished that claim when defeated by the Guelph's. They also suffered a second defeat at the hands of the Ottawa's during the latter Club's tour through the West in 1873. As both Clubs are so evenly matched a lively and interesting game may be looked for.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.—The County Council of Renfrew at a meeting recently held voted $150,000 as a bonus towards an extension of the Canada Central Railway from Renfrew to Pembroke provided the bonus to the Kingston and Pembroke road could be withdrawn, as that road had very little prospect under its present management of ever being completed. Many members of the Council were of opinion that this city should give a bonus too, as it would regain in a measure the trade taken to Brockville by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

THE MILITARY CAMP.—The military camp will be formed to-day. The tents will be pitched beyond the Rideau range. The 41st and 42nd Battalions will arrive this morning by the Canada Central from Brockville and Perth. The 59th from Cornwall and 56th battalion from Prescott will arrive by the St. Lawrence & Ottawa. The 18th battalion will arrive by boat from L'Orignal. In addition to these battalions the local battalions and cavalry and artillery, together with the Prescott cavalry, will complete the camp. It will number upwards of 1,500 men.

MANTLE, GRATE AND DRAIN PIPE DEPOT.—The attention of all those desirous of investing in Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods and General Building Supplies, is directed to the advertisement of Mr. W. M. Somerville in another column. He keeps on hand at all times a large stock of such materials, and any orders given are executed with promptness and in a business like manner. Mr. Somerville also keeps on hand a good supply of shingles, of X, XX and XXX qualities. He is also agent for the Amherst, Ohio sandstone, best buff and blue, which he imports on the shortest notice. Remember the stand corner of Ottawa and Rideau streets.

BURLINGTON HAIR-DRESSING SALOON.—This popular establishment is growing in public favor every day. Gentlemen find the hair-dressing parlor everything they desire, shaving, hair-cutting, shampooing and hair-dressing being done in first class style. Ladies will find Mr. Moore at all times prepared to supply everything in the way of chignons, switches and other articles to an extent that will suit the most elaborate toilette table. He has in addition to this, an extensive stock of jewellery and fancy goods of the most chaste and elegant designs. There is a rush every day to this establishment, but still there is room for more. Great bargains are to be had at No. 72 Sparks street.

MARBLE WORKS.—The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of Mr. P. A. Taylor in another column, proprietor of the Ottawa Marble and Granite Works, established now over twelve years. More monuments, head-stones and obelisks have been turned out of this establishment since the year 1860, than out of all others combined in the Valley of the Ottawa. Its work can be seen and will stand the most rigid inspection in almost every graveyard from Montreal to Kingston. New designs in cemetery fencing, also a heavy stock of mantles in American, Italian and colored marbles. Give Mr. Taylor a call, and we feel satisfied every satisfaction will be given.

CLOSING OF SCHOOLS.—The time for the closing of all schools is fast approaching. The Collegiate Institute is by law expected to close on Friday next, but the public schools are generally supposed to keep open a fortnight longer. The Trustees, however, has been in the habit of making the latter close at the same time as the former, and it is altogether unlikely that there will be any deviation from this rule. Besides, Monday and Tuesday next, are the days fixed for the examination of pupils for admission to the High School and as many from the Public Schools are candidates, it somewhat, breaks up the schools. Dominion Day follows as a legal holiday, consequently a week being spoiled, it would be unwise not to close this Friday by public examination, while the schools are intact. To give effect to these considerations, however, it would be necessary for the Board to meet to-morrow night or on Wednesday, in order that the days might be named for the purposes before adverted to. Six weeks is little enough time for both scholar and teacher for recreation in extremely hot weather, as it is very generally admitted that, but little work can be done during such a season.

A fine collection of flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street. 2597

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets. 2597

POND'S EXTRACT is recommended for many afflictions; but this is the result of experience. Try it. 2601.

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and a great many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale which continues during the present month. 2597.

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale. No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

JARVIS & ARLESS' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once, J. METCALFE. 2577

IRON ORE.—Some fine specimens of iron ore are to be seen on Elgin Street in front of the Russell House. They consist of two huge blocks of quartz containing fully 60 per cent. of metal. One is from the Haycock mine and the other from that of A. H. Baldwin, both situate in the Township of Hull.

GRADING.—Considerable progress is being made towards grading the entrance to the Major's Hill. The improvement already made considerably improves the locality. Care must be taken, however, to keep the south end of the field on a level with the highest part of the Square otherwise the symmetry and general appearance thereof will be seriously marred.

BLESSINGS BRIGHTENS AS THEY TAKE THEIR FLIGHT.—If you have a good head of hair take care of it; once gone and we realize its loss far more than we appreciate its presence. The Bearine is taking the place of all other hair dressings, because it is healthful to the hair and delightful to use. 2601.

Y. M. C. ASSOCIATION.—A Social Reception Meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held to-morrow night, in their rooms, to welcome their new and permanent Secretary, Mr. A. E De St. Dalmas. It is the intention of the Society to arrange a course of work at the same time for the ensuing year.

LET US BE JOYFUL.—The Nicholson pavement on the new Dufferin Bridge is now fast approaching completion. This will be a relief to an anxious public who from mouth to mouth for the last year have been fully disposed to pronounce *anathema* on the dilatoriness of an indifferent contractor. King Street in Toronto was laid in half the time that this work has already taken. Yet our City Fathers are content to put up with this one horse style of doing things.

DOMINION DAY.—The Committee appointed to prepare a programme for the celebration of Dominion Day, met at the Union House, on Saturday night and arranged a splendid programme for the day. It will consist of a Base Ball Tournament, in which the "Pastimes," of Ogdensburg, and the "Mutuals" and "Ottawa's" of this city will take part. An Indian race in which Karrowne and Daillebout from Caughnawaga will run. Other races and sports will also take place, of which due notice will be given. Valuable prizes are to be offered. The sports will take place at the grounds of the Ottawa Base Ball Club, at the foot of Elgin street.

Sudden Death at the Hospital.

A man named James Ward, lately employed in the capacity of a general servant with Mr. Hubert Kerr of the Crown Hotel, Rideau street, was removed to the Protestant Hospital a few days ago owing to some injuries received by an accident while in that gentleman's employment. He was getting on well in the institution, and would soon have been discharged. It would seem that he was strongly addicted to drink and the denial of it except on a very moderate scale in the hospital was not very congenial to his thirst in this respect. He had therefore through some friends in some clandestine way succeeded in getting a bottle of whiskey, of which he must have freely partaken, as on Saturday morning he had been observed run out of the hospital in a most frantic manner, doubtless resulting from his intemperate use of the spirits in his possession. He fell dead on the street leading up to the old cemetery. An inquest was held on Saturday afternoon by Doctor Vancortlandt. The medical evidence decided that death had resulted from bleeding and inflammation of the right lung caused by the extremities of the broken ribs projecting into the substance of the lung. The right of the chest was filled with clots of blood and watery effusion. The heart also was diseased and contained a large palypoid growth, extending several inches into the main blood vessel leading from the heart.

Verdict: "That the deceased James Ward came to his death from the result of injuries received accidentally and hastened by disease of the heart."

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

The National Division.

THIRD DAY.

FRIDAY, June 19.

The members of the National Division, at nine o'clock this morning, started in carriages for a drive, and drove through the grounds attached to the Governor General's residence, then visited the grounds of one of our city members, Mr. J. M. Currier, M.P. Afterwards the party traversed the principal streets, then they drove to the Chaudiere, and were received by Mr. Perley and others of the mill-owners, and were shown through several of the large mills. They visited the Falls, and were delighted at the splendid scenery. Hull was thoroughly explored, and afterwards they were conducted through the Parliament Buildings. When in the Senate Chamber the National Anthem was sung, three cheers for the Queen were given, and the same compliment was paid to the President of the United States. They had a good time generally, and all were remarkably well pleased with the events of the morning. Mr. G. M. Rose and Mr. J. M. T. Hannum had charge of the party and performed their duty admirably.

The National Division after the drive resumed business at eleven o'clock.

A letter of congratulation was read from G. N. German, of New York, and placed with other communications on file.

An adjournment was then made until two o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

A letter was read from the R. W. Grand Lodge of British Templars, announcing the appointment of Rev. A. M. Phillipps as a representative visitor to this session.

On motion of Bro. Carswell, (Ont.) the hour of eight o'clock this p.m., was assigned to receive the representative of British Templars and Bros. Kennedy of South Carolina and Thorndike of N. H., were appointed to notify Mr. Phillipps of the action taken by the Division. The election of officers for the ensuing year:—M W P F Marion Bradley, Washington, D C; M W A E Carswell, Oshawa, Ont; M W Scribe, S W Hodges, Boston Mass; M W Treas., W A Duff, Philadelphia, Penn; M W Chap., Rev. S Merritt, jr., New York City, N Y; M W Cor., M F Anderson, Omaha Neb; M W Sent., Mary E Studley, Cleveland O.

The report of the committee on changes of constitution was presented by brother Ste..ens (N.Y.) chairman. It recommended a change in the by-laws of subordinate Divisions, in reference to the admission of ladies. Heretofore there have been two distinct classes of female members, which were known as 'full' and 'visitors.' Hereafter there must be only one, viz., that approved by such division.

The report was adopted.

Rev. Mr. Phillipps, representative of the British Good Templars, was introduced, and extended the courtesies of the division. The rev. gentleman read and address of welcome from the British Templars, the only national temperance institution in the Dominion. It also contained a suggestion to form a reciprocity treaty between the two orders, by which British Templars and Sons of Temperance could have access to each other's divisions.

The address was referred to the Committee on the Good of the Order, to report at the next annual meeting.

During the evening some very lively discussions took place on the receptions, &c.

The next place of meeting was fixed to take place in Providence, Rhode Island, on the second Wednesday in July, 1875. One hundred dollars was voted, from the propogation fund, towards the expenses of the National (U. S.) Temperance publication house.

At a late hour the meeting adjourned until Saturday at 9:30 o'clock.

FOURTH DAY.

CLOSING SESSION.

SATURDAY, June 20.

The business this morning was merely of a formal character, and consisted of the installation of the newly elected officers, and discussions upon resolutions of a nature known only to the order.

A standing vote of thanks were given G. M. Rose of Toronto, Grand Worthy Patriarch of Ontario, for reporting proceedings of this Grand Division, also a vote of thanks was passed, thanking the proprietors of the city papers for giving the use of their columns for reports of proceedings.

The roll having been called and the minutes of the day read, this M. W. G. P. Bradley said in his

CLOSING REMARKS.

Our thirtieth annual session is closing, and we are about to return to our respective homes. We shall take with us many precious memories of our visit to Ottawa. Let us work, each in our respective jurisdictions; we shall not *all* meet again in National Division; year by year we are passing away from labors and conflicts to our rewards. Let us live, dear brethren, that if we meet no more in National Division, we shall meet again and gather in unbroken columns by the side of the crystal river that flows by the Throne of God.

The doxology was then sung, and the benediction having been pronounced by the Rev. S. Merritt, the proceedings of the National Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America were brought to a close.

SYNOD OF THE DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

THIRD DAY.

KINGSTON, June 19.

The Synod resumed session at 10 o'clock.

After prayer, the minutes of yesterday's meeting were read and amended.

The Committee appointed last session to take into consideration the subject of increased stipends to the clergy, were not prepared to report, and were re-appointed, the Archdeacons, the Rev. Messrs. Emery, Bogert, and Lewis, and Messrs. McAnnany, Ellis, and Keefer.

The reports of several Committees were then presented and notice given of motions for their adoption.

Notice was given of a motion for the usual grant to the Treasurer.

The Archdeacon of Kingston moved a confirmation of an amendment to Canon 32 respecting the sale of rectory lands. He explained how the sale of these lands was often prevented by the present canon, since persons were not prepared to pay for the deed of land bought, as enacted by the canon.

The motion was seconded by the Rev. Canon Preston, and carried.

Rev. Mr. Emery made a motion concerning the distribution of the interest on the Sustentation Fund when that Fund reaches $30,000. He showed the reasons for this course in the desirability there was for bringing this money into use.

His Lordship suggested that a change be made in the latter portion of the motion.

The motion, as modified, was—"That so soon as the Sustentation Fund of the Diocese reaches the sum of $30,000 the interest be no longer added to the principal, but be appropriated for mission purposes in this Diocese."

This was seconded by Rev. Mr. Forrest, and carried.

Rev. Mr. Carey moved, seconded by Mr. Code, that the Sec., on behalf of this Synod, be requested to memoralize the Hon. the Minister of Public Works to close the Edwardsburg and Morrisburg Canals traffic during the Lord's day. The mover stated that these were the only canals kept open in this Diocese on Sunday.

Judge Lyon raised a point of order as to the jurisdiction of the Synod in this matter.

Rev. Mr. Forest contended that the memorial would be of no service, and cited an instance concerning the closing of the canal at Merrickville, when an answer was returned, that there was a law to prohibit such things, and the petitioners might take advantage of the law.

Judge Armstrong sustained the objection of Rev. Mr. Forest, citing an instance that occurred under the administration of Lord Metcalfe concerning the Welland Canal.

Judge Macdonald supported the motion since, provided the petitioners were referred to the law as now capable of stopping such work, they would be strengthened in appealing to the law.

Judge Lyon thought the motion should be made general.

The motion was carried.

Dr. Boswell moved, seconded by Rev. Mr. Lewis, the adoption of the report of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund Committee.—Carried.

Dr. Boswell also moved the adoption of the report of the Clergy Trust Fund Committee.

A question was here raised by Rev. Mr. Forest as to the supervision exercised and the care bestowed on this fund. He regretted to see lands held for the purposes of this fund alienated from their proper use by being sold and taxes.

Mr. Walkem explained the importance of the land referred to in the remarks of Mr. Forest, and showed the cost to the Synod by the carlessness of some one.

Archdeacon Parnell explained the circumstances concerning the land referred to, and showed that the whole matter was left to an agent at Woodstock, who had neglected to do his duty, and so no blame could be attached to the committee.

The resolution was agreed to.

Dr. Henderson moved the adoption of the report on the amendment of the Act respecting the sale of rectory lands.

A discussion then arose as to passing this important matter in its present state, when no copy of the Act had been printed and the information respecting it was so very vague and indefinite.

Dr. Henderson accepted an amendment, seconded by Mr. Walkem, that the matter stand over until next session, and in the meantime the report be printed and circulated.—Carried.

Rev. Canon Jones made a motion concerning the enumeration of Christian bodies in the last census table. He was seconded by Mr. Burke.

Judge Lyon deprecated action on the subject as being too trivial to call for the intervention of the Synod.

Judge Armstrong was in favour of entering a protest, and going no further in the matter.

Judge Macdonald supported the motion. He thought the fault was in some of the clerks of the Census Department.

Mr. May suggested a petition to the Government in the matter.

An amendment, seconded by Dr. Henderson, was accepted by the Rev. Canon Jones. It was, "That the Synod of Ontario protests against the change of nomenclature adopted in the last census table, whereby it appears that the members of the Church of England are represented as "non-Catholic," the members of the Church of Rome for the first time being classed under the designation "Catholic," which is the common and honoured title claimed by branches of the Universal Church which has both evangelical truth and Apostolic order, and that this matter be brought at once before the Dominion Government. Carried.

Archdeacon Lauder moved a vote of thanks to the Rev. Mr. Pettit for the able sermon preached at the opening of the Synod. Carried.

Mr. Lauder moved, seconded by Mr. Forest, That the Synod, desirous of advancing the cause of Church education, commends to the favourable consideration of the members of the Church in this Diocese, the Church of England ladies' school at Ottawa, as deserving of their support. Mr. Lauder spoke in support of the school, showing its necessity. He now wished this school to take a Diocesan character, and cease to be a local school.

Rev. Canons Bleasdale and Preston supported the motion.

Rev. Mr. Lewis proposed the addition of the words "that the Bishop be requested to form a Committee to consider the best means of forwarding the institution."

The motion with this addition was then carried.

The rules of order were suspended, and a motion passed declaring the afternoon and evening sessions be considered a succeeding day.

Rev. Mr. Lewis then moved, seconded by Dr. Boswell, that the Clerical Secretary be requested to furnish to each rector at least one week previous to Easter Monday in each year, a statement in detail of the amount invested from the sales of the lands of the Rectory, showing how invested, at what rates of interest, and what sums have accrued during the past year, and that the Secretary be directed to advise mortgagers of the interest or principal falling due at least one week previous to the date of its becoming due; and moved that the interest be paid quarterly to the rectors entitled to the same. Carried.

The Mission Board report was, on motion of the Clerical Secretary adopted.

The report of the Ameliasburgh Endowment Fund was presented and, encountering a good deal of opposition from the apparently unsatisfactory and continually decreasing state of the fund, a motion was proposed by Dr. Henderson to refer the matter to a Committee, consisting of [illegible] Mr. Forest and Messrs. Walkem and [illegible] to report to the Executive Committee.—Carried.

The report of the Episcopal [illegible] Book and Tract and Auditor's and Treasurer's Committees were adopted.

Judge Armstrong moved that a respectful address be presented to the House of Bishops at the next session, praying that efforts be made to produce uniformity within the legal limits allowed by the Book of Common Prayer in the Churches throughout their jurisdiction.

It being one o'clock the House rose.

Judge Armstrong continued his support of the motion. He referred to the action of the Synod of Toronto diocese with a motion similar to but *going to greater* [illegible] than the resolution which he submits. He showed the fairness of the resolution. He also pointed out the difference in the Churches in different parts of Canada.

Dr. Henderson seconded the motion which was carried.

Dr. Henderson introduced a canon dividing the sum set apart for the Archdeacon of the diocese between the two Archdeacons of the diocese.

Mr. R. V. Rogers moved the confirmation of the amendment to Canon [illegible] changing the time of the meeting of the Endowment Fund Committee.

Mr. Baker moved the adoption of the report of the Divinity Students' [illegible] Committee.—Carried.

The Finance Committee's and Treasurer's reports were adopted.

Rev. Mr. Kirkpatrick moved the adoption of the report concerning the formation of a Temperance Society. [illegible] Society ask establishment, merely [illegible] the auspice of the Synod.—Carried.

The rules of order being suspended.

Rev. Mr. Forest moved that a circular be issued from the Bishop to the [illegible] the Diocese, whose parishes are in [illegible] admonishing them that the Act of [illegible] line would be enforced against them. The motion was occasioned by the report of the Divinity Students' Fund Committee showing that 21 parishes were in default. In one case none of the four quarterly collections had been raised.—Carried.

The Archdeacon of Kingston moved the adoption of the report on the Mission Deputations.—Carried.

Mr. Walkem moved that the usual grant to the Treasurer of the Diocese.

The usual complimentary resolutions were passed.

The Committee on the Ladies' School at Ottawa was nominated by his Lordship the Bishop, and the Synod adjourned.

Public School Inspectors' Representative.

The following letter anent the representative of the Public School Inspectors in the Council of Public Instruction appeared in the *Globe* of Friday last:—

The undersigned hereby nominate David Mills, Esq., M. P., to represent the Public School Inspectors of Ontario in the Council of Public Instruction:—

Theodule Girardot, Essex.
Edmund B. Harrison, Kent.
John Brebner, Lambton.
G. W. Ross, Lambton.
A. F. Butler, Elgin.
J. C. Glashan, Middlesex.
S. P. Groat, Middlesex.

I may add that Mr. Mills, at our earnest solicitation, has consented to become a candidate for the position, and I am sure that all who know him will regard his candidature as a credit to the Inspectors of the Province. He was the Superintendent of Schools for the County of Kent for [illegible] years, and discharged his duties as such with great credit to himself and the entire satisfaction of all concerned. He is a thoroughly educated gentleman, and his knowledge of Constitutional Law, and of the history and resources of this country has made his name known over the whole Dominion. He is an excellent public speaker and is respected in Parliament by all political parties, as a man of independence and honour. From his long connection with the Public Schools, his superior education, and his thorough acquaintance with the Province, his services in the Council could not fail to be a benefit to the whole educational system.

S. P. GROAT.

London, June 16th, 1874.

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and rapid restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JAMES SHENK, Insurance Agent.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and kidneys, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without over-[illegible] any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

BY TELEGRAPH

ARNPRIOR.

Sad Accident.

ARNPRIOR, June 20 — A Frenchman in the employ of McLaughlin Bros., Steam Saw Mill, got his left hand nearly severed at the wrist, while attending the butting saw.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES

ENGLAND.

Ascension to the Throne.

LONDON, June 20.—To-day is the 37th anniversary of Queen Victoria's ascension to the Throne, which is observed by the ringing of bells, firing salutes, and the usual demonstrations.

Steamship Disaster.

LIVERPOOL, June, 20.—The steamship Montena, which left here on the 17th on her first voyage, for New York, returned with her machinery disabled, she had no passengers.

FRANCE.

The Paris Situation.

PARIS, June 20.—It is reported that the Government has consented to accept the amendment to the Municipal bill extension for two years. Operation of present law providing for nominations of Mayors by Government.

UNITED STATES.

A Race—Murder.

NEW YORK, June 20. — The race for $700 at Philadelphia yesterday was won by the 'Philadelphia Roy,' best time 2 43.

In Pittsburg yesterday, Earnest Ortcoien was found guilty of murder in first degree, for the killing of the Hammet family, some weeks ago.

Hydrophobia.—Mad Dogs.

NEW YORK, June 20.—G. W. Johnston, Editor of Bergh's Society paper on a lecture on Hydrophobia last evening, expressed a doubt whether there was any such disease at all.

Deaths from hydrophobia so-called almost result of fear.

In the meantime the morning's papers report three mad dogs killed in the streets yesterday, and a London paper of the 6th inst, says during past fortnight more than 20 persons have been bitten by mad dogs in Bermingham.

The Beecher Scandal.

Theodore Tilton has written a letter to Plymouth Church, offering to appear before the Examining Committee of the Church, and answer any questions touching upon the Beecher scandal.

Confirmation.

Thirteen thousand children were confirmed by the Archbishop McColskey at St. James Church yesterday.

Effects of Benzine.

A clothes cleaner named Maurice had his eyes burned out in Worcester street, by benzine, with which he had sprinkled clothing.

Tweed's Short Visit to New York.

The jury disagreed in the suit for $1,000 in which Tweed was witness. Tweed remained in Court till the conclusion of the trial, and on leaving the Court House to return to Blackwell Island, was cheered by the populace.

Balloon Ascension.

ALLENTOWN, PA., June 20.—Professor Pierce of Philadelphia, yesterday attempted a balloon ascension from the Fair Grounds, and in descending, the balloon struck against Dormer's window, breaking his collar bone and several ribs, and was injured internally, threatening his life.

Pigeon Shooting.

OMAHA, Neb., June 20.—In the shooting tournament yesterday the handicap match, ten single rises, nineteen entries, was won by Mr. Mitchell, of Omaha.

The sweepstakes, ten single and five double rises, nine entries, was won by Mr. Petty, of Omaha. To-day in the sweepstakes match of 20 single rises, Captain Bogardus shot 19; Preston, of Omaha, 17; Homan, of Omaha, 16.

In the sweepstakes match of fifteen double rises, Bogardus shot 30; Petty, of Omaha, 29; Mullis, of Omaha, 26.

In the exhibition match by Bogardus, fifty birds to kill, thirty eight from two plunge traps, forty rods apart, the shooter on the line between two traps which were sprung at the same time, he killed 39 out of 44.

Broke His Neck.

WILKESBARRE, PA., June 20.—Harris Fisher, a miner, was struck by a train this morning on Lehigh Valley Railroad, and had his neck broken.

A Schooner Lost.

OSWEGO, June 20.—The Canadian schooner 'Shannon' which left here yesterday afternoon for Gananoque, Canada, with a cargo of coal, sprung a leak twenty miles off Oswego, and sunk in deep water. The captain and crew came ashore in a yawl.

New Steamboat Line.

NEW YORK, June 20.—The day line to Boston by the Stonington route was reopened to-day for the summer, leaving at noon and reaching Stonington early in the evening, enabling passengers to land in Providence and Boston during the evening.

Large numbers of the editorial fraternity of this State and city, also of Philadelphia, and other cities, make the excursion trip to day.

Burglary.

Burglars robbed the residence of ex-Recorder Smith in Lexington Avenue during Thursday night of $10,000 worth of property, consisting of laces, silks, wearing apparel, &c. The family were absent in the country.

News from Brazil.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Rio de Janeiro dates to the 25th ult. States that the Bishop of Para, arrived there on the 19th and was immediately arrested and imprisoned.

The registeration of births, marriages and deaths in Brazil has been taken from the Priesthood and given to the Justice of the Peace, as priest, would never record any marriage, birth or death of persons outside the catholic church.

Coffee at Rio has declined five dollars per bag, and several merchants lost heavily.

Longworth Powers, writes from Florence to the *World* confirming the previous statements of frudulent practices of articles in that vicinity.

SATURDAY'S MID-NIGHT. DESPATCHES

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 20.—The Parliamentary election in North Durham, resulted in the return to the Commons of Charles N. Palmer liberal, one of the former members, and George Elliott conservative. The election of Elliott is again for the conservatives.

International Congress.

The Pall Mall *Gazette* says the success at the Congress of the international law cable is to meet at Brussels is very doubtful. England, France and Austria object to the scheme, and Switzerland extends but feeble support.

FRANCE.

Assembly Proceedings.

PARIS, June 20.—The Chamber of the Assembly was crowded to-day with Deputies, and the galleries were filled with eager observers of the proceedings.

The Municipal Organization Bill was again before the body, it appearing that though the reporter of the Decentralization Committee yesterday announced its withdrawal. The minority of the Committee subsequently took up the bill and secured the adoption by a vote of 579 against 134 of an amendment maintaining the present system of municipal elections, thus overthrowing three clauses of the bill which provides for the representation of the minority by emulative voting. These clauses having been struck from the bill it again came up in the Assembly to-day in its modified form.

M. Fourtier, Minister of the Interior, announced that the Government accepted the amendments proposed by M. Clapier to the Bill, which extends for two years the operation of the present law providing that the nominations of Mayors shall be made by the Government. The amendment was thereupon adopted by 358 yeas, to 329 nays.

UNITED STATES.

Suspicious Death.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—John Conner of Dodgeville, cut to pieces on Boston R. R. Thursday night by train due there at 11 o'clock.

The suspicion is that he was murdered and his body placed on the track.

South Atlantic Squadron.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Despatches dated 23rd May, received from Rear Admiral Strong, commanding the Naval Forces on the South Atlantic station, 'Manangahela' was then at Rio Janeiro and was at Montevideo.

The health of the squadron is good.

Great Fire.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20.—W. C. Ralston's stables at Belmont, were burned last night, all of the horses and carriages were saved. Loss $30,000.

Train off the Track.

PITTSBURG, PA., June 20.—Last night a freight train was thrown from the track on the Pennsylvania Railway, near Wetmore, by running over a cow. The engine and 15 cars were thrown down a steep embankment killing the engineer and fireman.

Man Shot.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Isaac Gibbs, was shot and fataly wounded by Samuel Sutton in a quarrel yesterday. Sutton made his escape.

The Bricklayers Strike.

One hundred Bricklayers continue to work. The Bricklayers' Association, will decide on Monday whether they will make their strike general.

A Honeymoon Trip—Tourists.

Rev. Mr. Morgan Dix and Bride sailed for Europe to-day. Quite a large number of passengers sailed for Europe to-day by out-going steamers.

Two Men Drowned.

CINCINNATI, O., June 20.—Lewis Shuter, while bathing on the river here last night was seized with cramps. Ephraim Carruthers went to his assistance, but was seized by the drowning man in such a way as to prevent the use of his limbs, and both were drowned.

Protest Against Reciprocity.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—A meeting of the Philadelphia Book Trade Association was held at noon to-day, the object of which was an entire protest against the enactment of a Reciprocity treaty with Canada.

Resolutions expressing a fear that under the provisions of the treaty Canada will become a great entering port for the reception of goods from all parts of the world, to be legally smuggled into the U. S., and stating that the treaty inaugurates free trade and involves the necessity of collecting the entire revenues of the Government by internal taxation, were unanimously adopted

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

Ocean Cable.

LONDON, June 22.—The steamship 'Edinburgh, which is laying the telegraph cable from Cape de Verdes to Brazil, has arrived off the Brazilian coast. The following despatch was received to-day from on board: Noon, Sunday, spliced on intermediate cable in 1,100 fathoms this morning, and hope to make a final splice at 3 this afternoon. The cable is in perfect condition.

Banquet to Hon. Geo. Bancroft.

The Berlin members of the Academy of Science and University authorities joined in giving a farewell dinner on Saturday night to the Hon. Geo. Bancroft, Minister to the U. S.

Professor Curtins, historian of Greece, toasted Mr. Bancroft and lady, from Mommsen, the R man historian, and made some remarks, in the course of which he spoke of the union of Germany and the United States in the struggle for intellectual freedom.

Home Rule.

LONDON, June 21.—The *Observer* publishes a text of Home Rule resolutions which Dr. Isaac Butt, M. P., for Limerick proposes to move on the 30th inst, in the House of Commons. It is in substance that in the opinion of the House it is expedient and just to restore to the Irish nation power of managing exclusively the Irish affairs in an Irish Parliament, provisions being made at the same time for maintaining the integrity of the Empire by leaving the temporal Parliament control of the Imperial affairs.

Miners' Strike.

The strike in which more than 10,000 men are engaged in Cleveland, Yorkshire, is now ended with the acceptance of master's terms, which impose a reduction of 12½ per cent. in wages.

Geneva Conference.

The Washington Committee of Conference on the Geneva Award Distribution Bill have not yet been able to agree, and the probability is that it will go over until next session with many others of a public character.

SPAIN.

Operations Suspended.

MADRID, June 21—General Concha reports the roads in the neighborhood of Estella as impracticable for heavy artillery, and that he will be obliged to suspend operations for the present.

ITALY.

Grand Deum.

ROME, June 21—As a multitude was returning from the Grand Deum at St. Peter's, the Pope was seen at one of the windows of the Vatican. Hundreds of the people waved their handkerchiefs, and some of the ex-pontifical policemen shouted long live the Pope our King. Several arrests were made by the troops, who cleared and took possession of the streets.

FRANCE

PARIS, June 21.—The latest advises from Spain, state that the frontier town of Figueras in the Province of Girona is closely invested by the Carlist Chieftan Sadalls.

Herr Hatzfeld, who was sent from Germany to Spain with an offer of a loan to be guaranteed by a mortgage upon the Phillippine Islands, has failed in his mission and will return to Berlin.

The Telegraphic communication between France and Spain has been severed.

TURKEY.

Vessel Sunk—320 Drowned.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 21.—The Turkish vessel "Kars," from Salonica, was run into yesterday by the Egyptian ship "Bebera" in the sea of Marmora and sunk. The "Kars" had 340 persons on board, including passengers and crew and of this number 320 were drowned

UNITED STATES.

Steamboat Collision.

NEW YORK, June 21—The ferry boat "Union" ran into the Staten Island boat "Pomona" to-day near Brooklyn carrying away one of the latter's paddle boxes, but fortunately not injuring any passengers.

Roberts' Forgery Case.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The jury in the Roberts' band forgery case, after being out twenty-four hours, failed to agree, and were discharged.

District of Columbia.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The President has signed the bill providing for the new government for the District of Columbia.

The Long Range Badge.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The long range badge at Creedmore was won yesterday by J. S. Corlin by a score of 45 in a possible 60, namely, 16 at 800 yards, 10 at 900 yards, and 17 at 1,000 yards.

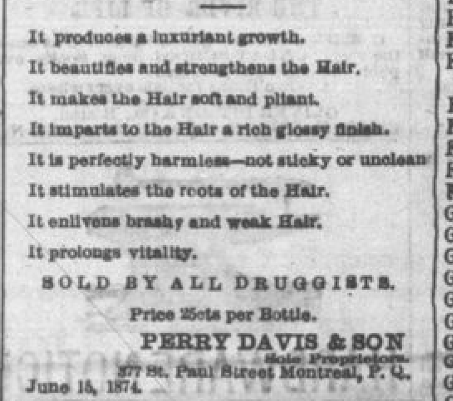
The Press Bulletin Supressed.

NEW ORLEANS, June 21.—At half past twelve o'clock last night when the last forms of the *Bulletin* newspaper, were being conveyed to the press room, they were seized by the Metropolitan police by an order of the Police Judge McArthur, and locked up in the central station where they still remain. The *Bulletin* appeared this morning with six printed and two blank pages. Closing with an editorial under the caption, another midnight order and outrage on American liberty, the press to be bullied and suppressed. The *Bulletin* says whether Dunell, Kellogg, Badger, the Chief of Police or their underlinings are implicated we cannot as yet say, but that this bold audacious and villainous robbery on the highway of newspaper material on its way to press was effected simply because of the *Bulletin's* daring and outspoken exposure of fraud and corruption is certain.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

BRAIN EXHAUSTION.—Mr. James I, Fellows, St. John, N. B. SIR: Having, while at your establishment, carefully examined your prescription, and the method of preparing your Compound Syrup, I felt anxious to give it a fair trial in my practice For the last twelve months I have done so, and I find that in Incipient Consumption, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, it has wonders. In restoring persons suffering from the effects of Diptheria, and the cough following Typhoid Fever, prevalent in this region, it is the best remedial agent I have ever used. But for persons suffering from exhaustation of the powers of the brain and nervous system, from long-continued study or teaching, or in those cases of exhaustion from which so many young men suffer, I know of no better medicine for restoraton to health than your Compound Syrup. If you think this letter of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you see fit. I remain yours, &c. EDWIN CLAY, M. D.
PUGWASH, N. S., January 14, 1868. 2601.

BEARINE
For the Hair
Prepared from the Pure Grease of
THE CANADA BEAR.
It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Price 25cts per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.
June 15, 1874.

THEY
—ARE—

DYING
—BY—
INCHES!

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now for the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Agents for the Province of Ontario. Scott street, Toronto, or to DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame street, Montreal, General Agents for the Province of Quebec. Price—$1 per bottle. Large bottles, $2.
May 12, 1874.

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF
ORGAN MUSIC!
FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport	$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries	2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste	2 50
Clark's short Voluntaries	1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea.	3 50
Hile's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each	0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete	3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel	2 00

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home	$2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs	1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion	2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for re all price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

LIST of Letters remaining in the Ottawa P. O., June 15th, 1874.

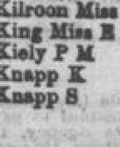
Allen R S	Knowles R
Alexandre H	Knapp T E
Anderson James	Larkin W
Angus J W	Larineg A
Armstrong R	Lamb Miss M A
Arkell H	Laffoley T
Ashford J A	Lewis R P
Back Miss B	Leith Jas
Barrows R G	Leonard L
Ball G H	Levings L A
Beatie Miss J	Lockhead D C
Belleville S	Lousdale J
Begg Jas	Lousdale H
Begg A	Lucktor A
Beggs Wm	Lynch R D
Beathens Mrs L	Lynes J
Bender E	Maloney Miss S
Black B	Margart G M
Blatch F K	Martkell Jas
Blackie Mr	Marks W
Boyce P	Maxwell J
Brown A J	Martin Geo
Bryee Geo	Meyers L
Brown M A	Mortimer H J
Bryant Jno	Maughan T
Brennan M	Morran J
Broadbent & Overell Messrs	Murphy J C
	Murphey Miss A
Brown Mrs Jas	Muldoon J 2
Bradley W M	Nash J
Brown & Robinson	Naftel E C
Burns Miss S.	Neil Miss S J
Buckley Mr	O'Gilvie A W
Burdge Miss C A	Olerie E
Burke Jno	Osborne J
Cambrou Miss K	Orr J
Carmedy Miss S	Patterson & Co J W
Cartman J	Page G S
Callaghan Alex	Patterson J
Carrigan M	Perry Jas
Callender & Son G L	Penny H
Carruthers J J	Peterson C
Cass M S	Powes Rev H D
Carpenter D	Potts Jas
Chamber Geo	Reid T M
Chisholm Miss E	Richardson Miss E
Chisholm Miss M	Richardson Miss S
Chamberlin A	Ring Miss E
Clark Miss C E	Robertson D
Clark Capt A	Ross C
Caughlin Mrs	Robinson Miss J
Coghlin Jno	Robert Miss M
Coughlin Miss A	Ross A
Conell M	Robertson D S
Cokeur Alex	Roberts J S
Cochlin E	Rositer Mrs
Cochlin T	Ruby W
Cosgrove Jas	Russell Miss A
Comb Jas	Ryan P
Cobey P	Ryall J
Cook Wm	Russell Miss K 2
Craig R J	Russell Jas
Crawford Jas	Sanders W
Currell Jno	Saunders J W
Cunningham G C	Scott Geo
Dayrolles L J V	Shanley J
Davis Geo	Sharp L A
Davis Jas	Shaw Miss A E
Dewar Jno	Shelton W
Delerson R	Suns W J
Dorsey Mrs.	Sills T A
Donaldson Mrs J	Sinclair A
Dunn Jno	Seth C D
Dunn T	Sinclair J
Duff A C	Snow J
Edwards M N	Small H A
Edwards Wm	Smyth W
Encome Madam	Spratt Jas
Ellis A	Strachan W
Elford T	Stockand J
Espie Miss	Stafford P 2
Evans H H	Stitt W
Farrell Jno	Stephens J
Felds Mrs E	Stewart J
Findley Wm	Taylor G
Fitzgerald T	Tapson Mrs W H
Fitzsimons & Bro M	R Taylor W
	Taylor M
Fleming Miss M A	Talwell H
Fleming D	Taylor Miss C
Ford Jas	Thompson Miss E A 2
Foley Wm	Thompson Miss H
Fraser Alex	Tinny J
Gallather Miss M	Travers W
Gaudge M H	Tremblay A
Gibbs J H	Tuckett L
Gibson Miss A	Turbayne D
Gilmour R	Vaughan J
Gleeson J	Vankoughnet P T
Glover Miss R	Waddle J 2
Gow H	Walther A
Gorman Miss E	Wellwan Mrs
Gouhier S	Wilson Miss M
Gofton R	White J
Gooderson Mrs	Whit Mrs
Grant P	Whitehead J
Grieve Miss L	Whillans R
Greene Mrs H	Williamson J G
Gretevam F	Wilson W 2
Hannaway P	Willson T
Hammond J P	Wilson & Burns
Harris Capt	Wilson H
Hawkens T	Wilmott E A
Hannaway Miss S	Wetmore O D
Hays Miss A M	Wilgress Geo
Harvey H	Woods Jas
Heurick P F	Woods W
Hewett W R	Wright J
Head H C	McArthur D
Heron M	McCallum R
Heron & Hill	McCormick Miss K
Hennessey J W	McCarthy Miss L
Hillman Miss L 3	McCracken R
Hill B	McCarroll P
Hillman Miss H	McEwan J
Hodgson Jos	McDonald Mrs M J
Halleun Jno	McDonald R J
Holmes R	McGuire Miss R
Hogg E	McGregor G
Huston Jas	McIntyre A
Hydle L D	McGrath T H
Hynes T	McVeigh T
Johnston A B	McIntyre R
Johnston W	McIntosh H
Jones & Co	McKay C
Johnston L	McKenzie C
Jones A E 3	McLean J 2
Kelly J	McLean Miss E
Kevill Widow	McLeod Miss C
Kerwin Mrs S	McLean A
Kelly & Hauck Messrs	McLarnon R
Kenedy Mrs J	McLaughlin J
Kelly B W	McNabb A
Kerr Mrs E	McMillan B
Kenedy J	McRea K
Kilroon Miss M	McMullen J
King Miss R	McNabb E S.
Kiely P M	McMullan R
Knapp K	McVeigh T
Knapp S	

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address E J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P.Q.
2322-6m

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S
Perfected Spectacles
AND EYE GLASSES,
In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,
At W. YOUNG'S
32 SPARKS-ST.
A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge
March 25, 1874.

NEW BOOKS.

Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon	$1.25
" Meridians, or adventures in South Africa	0.75
" A journey to the Centre of the earth	0.75
" Tour of the World in 80 days	1.50
Family Herald, vol 32, bound	1.25
At Her Mercy, by James Payn	0.50

FOR SALE AT
HENDERSON AND CO'S,
39 Sparks Street.

OTTAWA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS
ESTABLISHED 1850.
P. A. TAYLOR, - - - - PROPRIETOR.
The largest and best-selected assortment of
Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,
&c., in Marble, Scottish Granite, or Sandstone.
The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.
A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory, either Plain or Mounted.
June 18, 1874. 2586y

Gentlemens Dress.

CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at
RUSSELL & WATSON'S,
29 SPARKS-ST.
The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.
It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.
R. & W.
June 17, 1874.

W. M. SOMERVILLE,
—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—
Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods,
And General Building Supplies.
Has constantly on hand and to order—
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES, ARCHITRAVES, BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING, SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.
SHINGLES.—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.
N.B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.
RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.
June 17, 1874. 2597y

NEW CARPETS.
SPRING 1874.
JUST OPENED—26 bales of new patterns Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.
Our stock being even More complete and extensive than in any former season, and prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Ottawa Carpet House
39 SPARKS-ST.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.
In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.
On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.
CHARLES BOWIE,
By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys
Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A. D. 1874

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors. A New Glee Book For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.
ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.,
(P. O. Box 5429.)

GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method	Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice: Ludden's School for the Voice	Price, 3 50
The Best Guitar Instructor: Worrall's Guitar	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Male Voices: Sangerfest	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Mixed Voices: Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book	Price, 1 50
The Best Collection for Church and Home: The Cluster	Price, 1 50
The Best School Song Book: Fairy Echoes	Price, 65
The Best Instructor for Accordion: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50
The Best Instructor for Concertina: Sedgwick's Complete Method	Price, 1 50

Published and Mailed, Post-paid, by
J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

Just Issued! A New Music Book For Public Schools. We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work. SAMPLE COPIES mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 65 cents. Price, $6 per dozen.
Address, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N.Y.

THOS. S. SARNEY,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER
AND
AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.
Special attention given to
REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES
And other appliances,
Light Engines and General Machinery
Agent for Bigar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.
Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
June 18, 1874. 2588-tf

Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa, Sept. 12, 1873. 2068

HATS!
SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venoeti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at
PEACOCK'S
SIGN OF THE
RED HAT
33 RIDEAU STREET.
April 2, 1874.

GRAND CLEARING SALE
—OF—
BANKRUPT STOCK.
JOSEPH NEELIN
Having purchased the stock of
Boots and Shoes
Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,
No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,
Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do. Felt Boots—wool lined. Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.
JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
an., 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

NOTICE
All parties indebted
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 28 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.
J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874.

WANTED.—We will give men and women
Business That Will Pay
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars Free. Address
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, Mass.

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at
NOONAN'S.
Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.
NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

OPENING DAY.
MORRISON & ADAM,
FAMILY GROCERS,
TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48
SATURDAY, JUNE 13,

D. McDONELL,
Special Family Grocer,
—IS—
Receiving Foreign Importations
And will Advertise in a Few Days.]
June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S
Change of Business!
AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.
REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.
Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.
A still Further Reduction
—IN—
Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks
Of the latter I still have about 20 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.
All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.
P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.
Ottawa, 30th May, 1874.
J. METCALFE

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES. FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.
THOS. PATTERSON
Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.
Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c
PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.
Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.
FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Corishead's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.
Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S.
May 5, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,
Rideau Street
BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class
Dress Making and Millinery Establishment
—AT—
234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234
With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.
THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.
Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection
SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.
***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also Milliner in Paris
Call early, and leave your orders.
May 21, 1874.

SPRING 1874.
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
FELT HATS!
Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christies
SILK HATS,
For Spring Trade.
March 18, 1874. 2515y

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.
Murray Bay,
NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.
THE LORNE HOUSE
Is now open to visitors.
Telegraph and independent Post Offices at Point a Pic.
CHAMARD & Co.
June 12, 1874. 2594-1m

OFFICES TO LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACQUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 8 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD..........................111

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 20.

GRAIN.

	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 0
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 08 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Cotton heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus.; sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower; receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24,000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c, to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15½c; refined, 13½c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 20.—Erie, 26¼; refined petroleum 18¼ to 10½ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 20.—Cotton, sales today 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrised

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores.
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs.
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1872

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules, and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

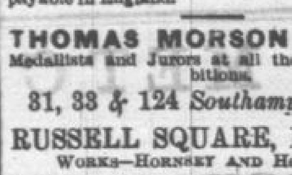
CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed re and despatch 2245

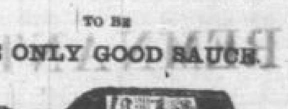


LEA & PERKINS

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper, labels, stopper,* and *bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &C.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 383 St. Paul-st., Montreal.
" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto,
Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt, &c.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st., London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-1 3m

DATURA TATULA

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expense sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street west Toronto Ontario.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JAMES BUCHANAN, of the City of Ottawa, an Insolvent.

A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until 4th July next, after which dividend will be paid.

ALEX. MOFFAT, Assignee

Montreal, June 17, 1874.

Outfits Free. Employment at your ... traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. ... Clermont, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-st., Montreal.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel,)
CORNER OF
Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated. Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE, Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE, Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by G. T. way.	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00	4.30
Halifax, N. B. and St. John's, N. B., etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00	
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00	7.20
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich. British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30	
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30	
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30	2.00
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30	
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00	
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, etc., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	10.00	
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	10.00	
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c	[illegible]	[illegible]	10.00	
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	11.30	
Onslow and Bristol, March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]		6.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	11.00	
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]		5
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 | Five Prizes $500 | Ten Prizes $100 } Greenbacks,

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1 ... Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, 101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 86 Cincinnati, O.

June 1 1874. 2564 d&w

VINEGAR BITTERS

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, CentreSeconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

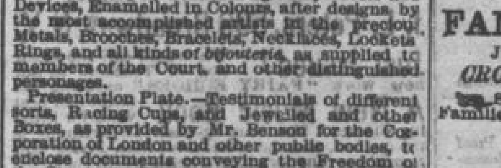
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No ... is really cheap at any price, not worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2497-1wly



STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated "*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*" of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York

P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal. 2141-1y

REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars

Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 Stitches per Minute, It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggings, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF

Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS

T. E. MOORE

BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING ROOMS.

172 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA,

Begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his Fancy Goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now overstocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all Fancy Goods at half price, or 25 per cent less than cost price.

The Goods consist of

Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,
Solid 15 karat Gold Chains,
An immense assortment of elegant sets in Gold,
Best Plate Signet Rings,
Plain and Brass Rings,
Hair Ornaments,
Perfumery,
Brushes,
Real Hair Goods,
Meerschaum Pipes,
Hand Mirrors,
Hair Brushes.

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks-st.

June 20, 1874.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000		75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
6 " each,	50,000		300 " "	500
12 " "	25,000		200 " "	200
20 " "	5,000		550 " "	100

400 Gold Watches..................$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines..................60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos....................250 to 700
... Melodeons.........................50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $5, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO., 48 New-st.

April 29, 1874. 2560-3m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE, General Manager for Dominion of Canada.

May 26th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE, Kent and Wellington Sts.

March 24, 1874. 2520y

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crapes, Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Mazurkas, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers," containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

CANNOT fail to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred.

The above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place at the sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and, therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2465-1y

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.

And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks-st. 244

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St.: Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2564y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A

GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, by private contract, Lot No 68, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE,

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a

COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x20, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17, Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

Apply to A. BOWE, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent

... Aug. 22 1873.
Ottawa, March 17th, 1874

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction.	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

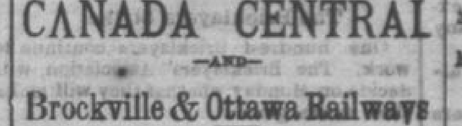
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 20, 1874.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

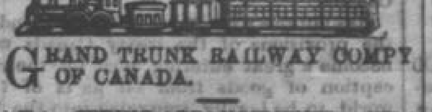
10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9.00 a.m.
Night Express	9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations	6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations	5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday	1.35 p.m.

Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.

Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.

The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations	2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at	5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at	10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe	11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at	2.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at	3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON, Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa

May 28, 1874. 2489y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District, ROBERT ANGUS, JR., No. 28 Sparks Street.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSEFRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOFS, CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CUPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 3 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. REIFFENSTEIN

IMPORTANT TO

Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD.

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co., 66 A ...-st., New York City

April 20, 1874.

Caution.

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis or Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them ... put forth as possessing the remedial properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either ... compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE."

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an Ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, besides being rich in Pancreatic juice, has the delicate smooth appearance and consistency of thick cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada. Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL. Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., 157 King Street, Toronto

February 28th, 1873. 2001-1

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright! Cheerful! Earnest! and Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber ... choice of the following large and superb Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace" "Bed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles." Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to

J. W. JONES, London, Ont., Sole General Agent

Nov 3

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

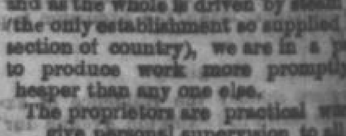
Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Lent, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY.

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found in stand, or made to order, all the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses,

ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability, are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1931y

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS.

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our stock of Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug. 1873. 21

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, wishes to give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between 3 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ..., Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1872

THE TIMES is printed and published by MACLEAN, ROGER & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, Gale Her ... jesty's Theatre, Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2602 — OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
33 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS, SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 27, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 9, 1873.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2563y

DR. BURROWS,
C. M. L, C. P. S, L. C., M. C. P. S. O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
April 29, 1874 2556-3m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st.
March 21, 1874. 2532y

TAILLON & CHEYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
S. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM
The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.
G. S L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA.
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 5, 87 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | M. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.
Have opened an office at ... in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Ontario or Quebec. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-st. MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2363-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
COURT HOUSE,
OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.,)
Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514?

DONALD M. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Office:—At ...ELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.
Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines.
Call or address,
GEO. DAWSON,
Sparks-st., Ottawa

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

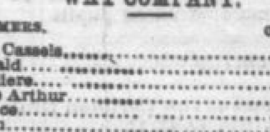
RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin $77 50 to $87 50
Steerage $39 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2564

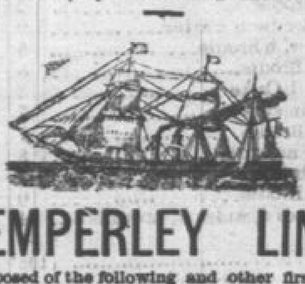


ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a. m., for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily (Sundays excepted), at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874.  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.
The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.
Thames Wednesday, June 3
Delta Wednesday June 17
Helios Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.
Thames Thursday, July 2
Delta Thursday, July 9
Helios Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec; DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Ottawa.
June 18, 1874. 2643.

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD,
President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!

J. R. STITT & CO.
Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.

As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.

**Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.

The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Dress Goods—	Old Price.	Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts. now	11¼
2,500 "	20 "	14¾
3,000 "	25 "	19
3,175 "	30 "	22½
2,085 "	36 "	26¾
2,275 "	40 "	31
3,050 "	50 "	38¾

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Black Silks—		
1,100 yards	$0 90 now	$0 73
1,225 "	1 25 "	1 00
1,300 "	1 40 "	1 25
1,575 "	1 55 "	1 28½
550 "	1 75 "	1 40½
500 "	2 00 "	1 47½
400 "	3 00 "	2 50

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Grenadines—		
Splendid	17cts. now	14
Assortment	20 "	16
Plain Black	25 "	19½
and	30 "	22
Coloured	35 "	27

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Prints, 425 Pieces—		
1,500 yards	13cts. now	9¾
2,275 "	14 "	11
3,025 "	15 "	12½
2,150 "	18 "	15
3,185 "	20 "	16

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

White and Grey Cottons.	Old Price.	Sale Price.
	10cts. now	7½
	13 "	10½
	15 "	12½
	17 "	14½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.		
Dresses	$4 50 now	$3 75
Polonaises	8 50 "	7 25
	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Hosiery.		
White and	15c. now	12c.
Coloured	20 "	15¼
	25 "	19
	30 "	22
Cotton	35 "	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Batistes and Lawns.		
$3,000 yards.	17cts now	14
	20 "	16
	22 "	17½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.	Sale Price.
White Triellis and Satins.	22cts now	16½
Stripe	25 "	19
Muslins	30 "	25
4,000 yards	35 "	26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Tassones.		
Grass Cloths	20cts. now	15½
Splendid	25 "	19½
Assortment	30 "	22
	35 "	26½
	45 "	35

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Piques and Brilliants.		
400 yards	17cts. now	14
450 "	20 "	16
475 "	25 "	19½
350 "	30 and 35 "	23 & 26½

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Costumes.		
Dresses	$4 60 now	$3 75
	6 75 "	5 75
	8 50 "	7 25
Polonaises	9 50 "	8 00
	12 00 "	10 25

At STITT & CO'S SALE.

Ladies' Under-Clothing.			
Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00
Sale price	1 00	1 18	1 62

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

MOWAT & SON,
50 Sussex-st.,
OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of
Cloths and Men's Clothing,
FOR TWO WEEKS
Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds		82½c
15 " Fine Scotch	do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg		2.50

A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.

200 Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 " Sac Coats	2.25

500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.
Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.
A. Mowat & Son.
May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL
In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they
HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST
With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS
Plain and Fancy Furniture,
Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a
SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.
Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874. 2554y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,
Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2495?

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.
House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,
And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.
May 28, 1874. 2580y

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,
I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
31 and 33 SPARKS-ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, and guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
PIANOS!
SEIZED BY CUSTOM HOUSE.
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, of the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, am instructed to sell by Public Auction, at my Sale Rooms, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, at the hour of two o'clock on
MONDAY NEXT, 22D INST.,
Three very fine Rosewood Pianos, 7¼ octaves, made by J. P. Haler, New York, numbered 20069, 20,540, 20,547, and seized by an officer of Customs of this city on Tuesday, June 16th. The subscriber has therefore in consequence of such seizure, received positive instructions to sell said Pianos at Public Auction, and
WITHOUT ANY RESERVE WHATEVER,
which he will do on above named day and place, regardless of price. All concerned will govern themselves accordingly.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
June 19, 1874.

CREDIT SALE
—OF—
BUGGIES AND EXPRESS WAGGONS
By Auction.
The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction on
TUESDAY, 23d INSTANT,
At 10:30 o'clock a. m., on the By Ward Market, ten new Buggies and six Express Waggons, all of the very best material, finest workmanship and made by one of the best carriage builders in this city. The owner is determined to sell them, in order to make room for the manufacture of his winter stock, and they will therefore be sold on six months' credit, and at the purchasers own price. All in want of good Express Waggons and Buggies should bear this sale in mind, as such an opportunity to purchase cheap, and from a good stock, will not offer again this season. They will be on view from eight o'clock until hour of sale, ten thirty on Tuesday, 23d inst., on the By Ward Market.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
June 19, 1874.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $550 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $200. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $4,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
30 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 23, 1873

NEW
Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,
No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.
The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop
At No. 54, Sussex Street,
Where they will be prepared to execute all work in
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.
Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.
Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.
We are preprepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.
All work warranted for One Year.
MASON & CO.
Ottawa, March 1 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of S. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 29th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874. F. BRAUN, Secretary.

THE MISSES SINGLETON
HAVE REMOVED
Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 151 RIDEAU-st., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.
N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2526

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold $1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
30 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!
Books, Books!
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.
Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AGENT:
G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 16. 2545-1m

Easter Beef
AT
C. KENNEDY'S,
WELLINGTON-ST.,
Opposite Bank of B. N. A.
April 2 1874.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
TELEGRAPH LINE.
Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—
The furnishing of all materials, labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.
The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.
In the wooded Sections the land to be cleared to a width of 132 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.
Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:
(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.
(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 500 miles.
(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.
(4) Lac La Hache, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia, to Fort Edmonton, about 550 miles.
(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.
(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 760 miles.
The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.
Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.
Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,

JOHNNY GEDDES;
OR,
THE ADVENTURES OF A SCOTTISH PACKMAN.
RELATED BY HIMSELF.

JAMIE STANG, IN ILL-TREATING HIS WIFE, GANGS A STEP OWRE FAR AND GETS A FLIG.

Of a' the fluffy-faced, cowardly monsters that ever crossed my path, few excelled Jamie Stang, the salmon watcher. He stood a gude wheen inches abune six feet, and was as powerful and remorseless as a Bengal teeger—that is when there was nae possible risk or danger to himsel'. Jamie Stang, like the maist o' bullies, was a real hen at the bottom; and though he was known to drink like a fish, stalk aboot with the swagger of a giant, and beetle his puir wife into blue flesh, it was whispered that when he and the other watchers cam' on ony trawlers or poachers he wad jouk his heid at the first stane, turn as white as a cloot in the face, and advise a speedy retreat from the dangerous spot. That, however, was a mere whisper, spoken by some and believed by few; and like a lock mair of the so-called heroes of this warld, Jamie took care to sustain his reputation for power by preying upon a'thing weak and defenceless, mair particularly upon his gentle wife, Elsie, who slaved frae morning to night for his comfort and that of her bairn, but got naething but cruel blows, neglect, and starvation in return.

I happened to be in the village—a place doon by near Perth—ae day towards the close of the fishing, and among other houses cal ed at that of puir Elsie, where I was busy displaying some bonnie sma' prints for weanies frocks, and was just about to measure off the required quantity, which the puir body was aboot to pay for out of her ain hard winnings, when in stalkit the rampaging teegur to upset a' her kindly plans.

"Hullo, whats a' this aboot?" he cried, kicking owre my pack with his great dirty clutes, crunkling and stamping on my gude stuff, and gieing his wife a sair drive in the breast. "Wastin' siller on trash again, eh? 'Twad set ye better to gie't to me, that has na ae bodie to rub on an ither."

"It was only some frockies I was buyin' for the wean," gently put in his wife, staggering from the blow, but trying to look pleasant. "I've worked extra-hard for the bawbees, and ye'll surely no grudge what's to make wee Jock decent and trig?"

A storm of oaths and curses—which froze me to the spot, and the like of which I never heard from the lips of the lowest cateran that crawls—was his answer; and he stampit aboot as if every moment he was gaun to ca' doon the wa's.

"Tae heaven wi' Jock and you baith," he cried, with the exception of ae word, at the same time beginning to shove me oot bolus-bolus. "Hand owre the siller—I'll put it to a better use—quick noo, or I'll blatter yer brains owre the wa'!" and then, seeing that a storm was brewing, I thought best to get ootside, where I stood, swithering whether to leave the place, gang back, or stand still.

"Oh Jamie," pleaded the puir wife, "ye'll surely no rob your ain bairn for the sake o' that cursed whisky." But before the words were weel oot o' her mouth, the monster was at her. A cruel drive of his right fist bunged up her left ee, and wad have knocked her owre had he not violently rugged her back by the hair of the heid and begood to kick her aboot the hoose like an auld pair of bauchles, till her heartrending screams aroused the hale place and made me dance like a hen on a het girdle ootside with impatience to step in and interfere—even against my better judgment. But if I swithered to interfere between man and wife, there was another that was troubled wi' nae sic cruples. Scarce had the crowd begood to swarm round the window when the door of a neighbouring cottage was banged open, and the wee form of its tenant, Mrs. Clipshear, appeared ootside.

'What's the matter?—what's the matter?' she quickly enquired.

'It's Jamie Stang killin' his wife,' cried the crowd; and in a moment the spunky wee body had flung open the door, sprung into the hoose, seized the gis it by the collar—which she could hardly get up to—and fairly kicket him oot o' his ain hoose.

'Tak' that, ye big skulking deevil,' cried the breathless wee rescuer, standing up to the full extent of her sma' height in the door way to prevent him from re-entering. 'Ye ought to be ashamed o' yersel, and yer wife's a great big tattie headed sumph no tae gie ye intae the hands o' the police, an' let ye get yer fechtin' oot against the wa's o' a cauld cell in Perth. My certie, I wish I was yer wife, if it was only for five meenits! Ay, come forrit if ye daur! As sure's death, if ye cross the door, I'll gie ye the hale stoup o' water aboot yer lugs; ay, and the stoup after it.'

Thus saying, Mrs. Clipshear slammed the door in his face, locking and barring it inside; and then Jamie, the brute, after looking unco big, an' using a' sorts o' cooper's favourites, turned aboot and hunkit off to the public-house; while Mrs. Clipshear turned her attention to the bruised and stupefied wife, for she was quite as kindly and warm-hearted as she was sharp and brave. Taking the puir body's heid in her lap, she smoothed the hair frae her swollen face; chafed her cloors with tender motherly skill; and, finally, bathed the closed e'e, and tied it up with something cauld to prevent discolouration.

'Weel, but you are a puir, useless sumph,' she cried at last, addressing puir Elsie. 'A strong, big woman like you, too—ye should be able tae tak' the deevil by the scruff o' the neck, whisk him into the air, and shak' the very life oot o' him. And the puir bairnie, too—starved, ill-used, and frichtened oot o' its life. I wonder, Elsie, if ye think whaur it'll a' end?'

'I dinna ken—I dinna ken!' wildly responded the half-killed wife, dropping her heid wearily on her rescuer's breast, and bursting oot into the first tears she had shed during the stramash. 'Oh, Mrs Clipshear, I wish I was deid!'

'Deid! hout, tout! muckle gude that wad dae,' sharply replied Mrs. Clipshear. 'I'se no by deein' that folk accomplish onything—it wad only leave your puir bairn to the mercies of a monster—a sure death and an early grave. What way can ye no spunk up and gie the deevil a fricht—a touch of his ain treatement?'

'I couldna try it—I like peace, and I wad rather suffer and hae done wi' it,' sighed the puir wife. 'I dinna think I can live muckle langer if things gang on this way.'

'Ye like peace, ye feckless idiot!' echoed Mrs. Clipshear, turning up her nose, and giving a grunt of impatience. 'Surely ye lo'e your bairn?'

'Lo'e my bairn?' repeated Elsie Stang, looking up through her tears in astonishment. 'Ay, mair than a' the world beside!'

'Then look to yersel, for he'll land it and you in ae grave.'

'Gude save us, woman, dinna speak o' sic a thing,' cried Elsie, starting up, and taking wee Jock oot o' his cradle to hug him tight in her arms. 'He may kill me, but he shanna harm a hair o' wee Jock's heid,' and then she kissed and cuddled and crowed at the wee fellow, bruised and bashed though she was, till she had him laughing and screaming with delight.

'Weel, if ye want to save your bairn, ye maun save yersel,' put in Mrs. Clipshear. 'I'm nae mischief-maker atween man and wife, and I wadna hae ye to 'hurt' your man for onything. But ye maun dae something, and that speedily. Ye'll no hand him owre to the police—ye'll no even appear against him when other folk get him ta'en up; so the deevil gets aye the aulder the baulder. Spunk up, woman! spunk up! Gi'e him a fleg. Ye micht ken that ... never focht ... turned on him, but tak the quickest oot for safety. He has been kent to cower afore twa laddies, oot poachin' in a stolen coble, and only faced them and brutally ill-used them when he was tell't that they werna men, and when he was in a safe position himsel'. Try it, woman—try it. Ye canna lose onything; he'll be naue the waur; and may be it'll be a lesson he'll no sune forget.' And with this emphatic advice, and a wee cuddle at the bairn she was speaking for, Mrs. Clipshear retired to her ain hame, leaving Elsie to meditate upon the strange proposal. Elsie didna like the plan, as she often afterwards confessed to me, nor did she see ony way to its execution, or intend to look for ane; but chance or Providence—that supreme Master of a' oor actions!—had so ordered it that the plan, or something unco like it, was to be tried for a' that.

In twa three hours Jamie Stang, who had been priming up his courage and wrath wi a' kinds o' spirituous liquors, cam hurling and stottering to the door, and as a matter of course was instantly admitted by his peaceable wife. His face, never bonny at the best, was now convulsed and fiery with rage and whisky, his great muckle arms swung aboot as if itching to knock something doon, and his een ran roond and roond the hoose as if disappointed at finding only ae wife to beetle instead of twa. As for Elsie, thinking quietness best, and no wishing to irritate him, she just sat down with her back to him, though with a quaking heart, and pretended to be absorbed in rocking her bairn's cradle, at the same time humming to hersel' a bit weanies croodle. But no; Stang wad hae a quarrel, richt or wrang, and instead of sitting quietly doon and lighting his pipe, as ony 'sensible' drunk man wad hae dune, the brute gied her a sudden vicious kick on the back wi' his tackety boot, growling oot—

'Stop that singin'. Stop it, or I'll murder ye!'

There was instantaneous silence. Elsie never uttered a cry or shed a tear, or sae much as lookit roond. She stopped the sang and rocked away as if naething had happened. But this simple submission enraged the brute far waur than tears or cries, and glaring roond for some other object of wrath, his e'e fell on the moving cradle.

'Stop that rockin', or I'll fling you and your cradle and wean and a' oot at the door!' he snarled out, with a string of oaths. 'I'm awin' ye something for this afternoon's wark, and I'll pay it aff afore I'm lang in the hoose—dae ye hear me, woman?'

Elsie made nae reply, but just calmly rose and rammed the poker into the heart of the bleezing fire, and then as quietly resumed her seat.

'Dae ye hear me, woman?' he shrieked, foaming at the lips with rage, and suddenly rugging her off her seat by the hair; 'I'm your husband, and will hae an answer.'

'You're no my husband, but a deevil that has possessed him,' wearily cried the puir wife, tugging hersel' out of his grasp, and ensconcing hersel' ahint the cradle for safety. 'I wonder wha ye'll get tae ill-use when I'm deid an' gane?'

'Deid and gane! Ye'll no kill!' shouted the infuriated man, making another grasp at her, but missing it and stumbling owre the cradle flat on his face and hands on the other side. 'Blast ye, that was a' your faut!' and then with a rush he was after her a' roond the kitchen, till she ance mair safely ensconced hersel' ahint her bairn. 'Come oot o' there, or I'll smash cradle and wean into a hundred bits,' he cried, advancing on her like a demon.

He was getting hotter and hotter, *and so was the poker.*

'Will ye come oot? Ye winna! then here's for at ye,' and in an instant his heavy clute had descended on the side of the cradle, pushing it and the poor wean closer in at her feet. Then he raised his cruel foot for another furious drive; but that kick never descended. In a moment the long-delayed spunk had gotten into Elsie's head and heart; what she wadna dae for hersel' she was now goaded on to dae for her bairn; and with ae spring and whisk she was at the fire, swung out the bleezing, red-hot poker, and cam' whis owre his hurdies wi' it. There was a dreadful yell and a queer fizzing sound, and then ane of the best pairs of breeks ever made were damaged for ever alow the coat-tails, to say naething of a long strip of the skin beneath, which took long weeks of rest and I kenna how many boxes of ointment to heal. Then, without giein' the dumfoundered bully a moment to recover himsel', Elsie put back the poker in the fire, and snatched up a great big bowl of parritch which she had duly prepared for his supper, and played smash at his heid wi' it. The trembling coward—who thought her troubles had turned her brain and thus shut him up wi' a raging maniac—jouked his heid no a moment owre sune, and the bowl went crashing into the china rack, jamping the wall wi' steaming parritch, and scattering its fragments on every side.

'Elsie! Elsie! my woman, are ye mad?' screamed the terror-striken bully, shrinking backwards for the door.

'Mad? Yes, I am mad, and I mean to murder you,' cried the excited wife, without gieing hersel' time to think, and then she up with a big pan of boiling dish-water, and with ae skyte had sent it splashing at his legs. He jumpit to escape, but didna just succeed; and then, to save his puir legs frae the scalding water, he very rapidly begood to strip off his breeks—yelling out that he was burned to death, and roaring for help and assistance, and the hale time Elsie stood showering him madly wi' teapots, plates, cup and saucers—ony kind of dishes that came in her way—and then seeing him tugging at his breeks with his hand on the door-sneck, and likely to escape, she turned roond, snatched oot the glowing het poker wi' the tae hand, grasped a great big hamknife wi the ither, and was at him wi' a rush. At this moment Stang had gotten his breeks aff a' but ae foot, and roond that they clung in spite of his maist frantic efforts; but seeing what he thought to be a furious maniac thirsting for his blude rushing on him with a knife and a red-hot poker, he couldna stay to disentagle his foot, but slammed open the door and went fleeing and stumbling doon the brae for his life, while a crowd gathered rapidly in his wake headed by Elsie, who keepit up nobly, with her knife and poker, and then he made the air resound with piteous cries for help, which were only answered by laughter and hoots of contempt and derision. On flew the miserable, disjaskit-looking figure, hirpling and bauding the place that had been touched with the poker; and in this way he had almost reached the river side, when the flaffing breeks got in alow his feet some way, tripped him up, and sent him skyting and clattering down the brae on his face—scarting his nose into a thing ye never saw the like o'—knocking oot four o' his teeth, and making him think that the world had burst into a million fragments. But little time, I wot, had he to think aboot onything. The stumble had gi'en Elsie the advantage, and afore he could scrumble to his feet again the poker, which, though not now red, could not be said to be cauld, had touched him behind, and sent him spinning forrit' again with the speed of a racehorse. Hearing the yells and hoots o' the hale place ahint him, and kenning that with nane had he ever been a favourite, and feeling the breath of what he thought to be a maniac wife close at his back, he now glared forrit with a view to discovering some means of escape from what seemed certain death, and very sune espied a salmon coble lying moored about ten feet or sae frae the edge of the bank. It was a desperate resolve—especially for a bullying coward—but he rushed on, collecting a' his energies for the terrible spring; and then his twa white legs were seen to leap frae the bank, play wachle in the air, and plunk clean into the deep water a foot if it was an inch frae the edge of the coble.

POOR COPY

carried him clean off his feet, doon, doon, struggling, yelling, and imploring, till he stuck fast on a bank of mud, where the mair he shouted and struggled the deeper he appeared to sink. His heid was very sune nearly level wi' the edge of the water; but by this time some o' the crood—though some of them were salmon poachers, and all of them bore him nae gude-will—had gotten the coble dragged to the bank, and with it they paddled up to the spot, and with some difficulty got him tuggit cotand landet, wet and shivering, on the bank. His wife was there to receive him, hauding oot, not the knife or poker, but the miserable man's breeks, which in his maddened spring he had left on the bank; and thus amid much smudging and laughing he was conduckit hame to his ain door, where he sneakit into bed and askit for a warm drink, while the folk cried, "Three cheers for Elsie," who had tamed the biggest blusterer that ever domineered in the place. Elsie allooed him to doctor himsel', giein him little sympathy, by aye gaun for his boxes of ointment, as became a dutiful wife, as they were needed; but as he progressed towards health and haleness, she was not a little surprised to hear him addressing her in soft and affectionate terms, the like of which she had not listened to frae his lips for years. Mutual explanations and entreaties for forgiveness followed, and from that day Jamie Stang developed steadily into a steady, quiet husband and a kind father.

But I'm thinking there are still many bullies in the warld who would not be the waur of a touch up behind with Elsie Stang's hot poker; though that this plan is not always to be relied upon I may show in a succeeding chapter. After a', my friends, love is a far mair powerful weapon to subdue than even a het poker, and if a' was kent I believe there are mair drawn to heaven wi' that power than by being threatened with the terrors of the damned.—*Dundee Advertiser.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOT FOR SALE.—The South half of Lot No. 4, 1st Concession of Gloucester (Ottawa front) fronting on th Montreal Macadamized Road, seven miles from the city limits. Soil unsurpassed by anything in the Township. Apply to A. W. POWELL, County Jail, Ottawa. June 23, 1874. 2602-4w&d

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that any person or persons found SHOOTING BIRDS In and about the RIDEAU HALL GROUNDS, And in the BAY west of the main road, will be prosecuted as the Law directs.

By order, E. J. O'NEILL, Supt. Govt. Police.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 20th June, 1874. 2601

SWEET TONED ORGANS In Beautiful Cases, for sale cheap, at GEO. DAWSON'S, AGENTS WANTED to sell SEWING MACHINES, ORGANS, &c. Call and see the Instruments and Machines at GEO. DAWSON'S, 66 Sparks-St.

A good second hand EXPRESS WAGGON for sale cheap. July 22, 1874.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

DIVIDEND No. 6.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of SEVEN PER CENT. per annum for the half year ending 30th inst., has been declared upon the paid up capital stock of this Company, and will be payable at the head office and offices of the Company, on and after SATURDAY, 25th JULY NEXT,

By order of the Board. Signed, J. C. SMALL, Secretary.
Toronto, June 20, 1874. 2602-4in

BANK OF OTTAWA.

The Stock Books of the BANK OF OTTAWA are now open for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Bank and are placed at the following places, viz:—
In Ottawa at the Office of R. W. Cruice, Esq.
Pembroke " Messrs. Hunter Bros.
Arnprior " Messrs. McLachlan Bros.
Mansfield " Hon. George Bryson.
Aylmer " Messrs. Fleming, Church and Kenney.
Buckingham " Jas. McLaren & Co.
By order of the Provincial Directors, JAMES McLAREN, Chairman.
Ottawa, June 20, 1874. 2601-6in

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT. 76.] SPARKS STREET [76. T. LAWRENCE Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of CLOTHS now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring A FASHIONABLE SUIT Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of HABERDASHERY On hand. Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.
Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2522-3m

MANUFACTURING Watchmaker and Jeweller. Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street. W. YOUNG.
June 20, 1874.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Ten Millwrights and Framers. Apply to WM. MOSGROVE. June 22, 1874. 2601-6

TO LET—A good House well finished, with a good garden, in the Village of Montebello, near Major's Wharf. Enquire from MRS. MICHEL BAUDRY, or at this office. June 20, 1874 2560-2in

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible. JOS. METCALFE. June 17. 2597-tf.

TO PRINTERS—Wanted immediately, in a first-class country office, a good practical Printer with a knowledge of job and newspaper work. He will have partial charge of the office. The situation will be a permanent one for a thoroughly sober man. Apply immediately to W. E. JONES, Richmond "Guardian." June 2, 1874.

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office. June 9, 1874. 2598

FOUND—A Twenty Dollar Bill, in the vicinity of THE TIMES Office. The owner can have it upon identifying the property and paying charges of advertising. June 11, 1874. 2592

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria Streets, handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size, finish, and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2564.

GLAD TIDINGS !!

CANADA.
The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.
CLARETS.
Johnstons, Bartons and Guesters, Godard Freres, and a variety of other brands, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.
Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.
Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS, Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1874.

The *Globe* states that the object of Sir John Macdonald's recent visit to Toronto was political. He went to reorganise, encourage and strengthen the failing, dispirited band led by M. C. Cameron, Rykert, and the irrepressible Lauder. The change of the leadership is a subject of speculation, some desiring to exchange those heroes of defeat for men of more talent, judgment and ability to inspire respect. The Ontario Opposition are in a bad state no doubt, but could they be helped by the ungrateful deposition of their chiefs, who have had some political experience, for the appointment of other and newer men? It is also important to consider whether the source whence they seek advice and assistance is at all qualified to furnish it. Of all the politicians in Canada, men not blinded by idol-worship or party prejudice, would think least of the Ex-Premier, as a person fitted to revive a drooping party, and improve its standing in public confidence. With his party in the Dominion utterly ruined by his and their corrupt folly and political dishonesty, he is in a nice position, truly, to advise or assist the Ontario Opposition! If he had achieved any success as an Opposition leader at Ottawa, last Session, there might have been some appropriateness in his mission to Toronto, but even his own followers are painfully conscious of his complete failure in this role. Dr. Tupper tried to make up for his deficiencies, but his efforts were paralyzed by the suspicion of hypocrisy and prejudice attaching to them, as well as by the evil effects of the Pacific scandal. The Local Government of Ontario need have no anxiety for their position so long as any proof can be shown of Sir John's connection with their opponents' policy. It is equally a misfortune to the Federal Opposition that they should be afflicted with his leadership.

THE CANADIAN LOAN.

The Dominion loan of four millions sterling, for public works, has been placed on the London money market at the price of 90. We believe that there is reason to expect bids at figures considerably over this issue price, and that the loan will be taken up in a manner advantageous to Canada. We congratulate our fellow countrymen on this pleasant prospect, which is largely due to the confidence inspired by the character and good management of the present Government.

DR. SANGSTER'S CASE.

The *Witness*, also, has come to the support of the *Globe's* position in the argument as to Dr. Sangster's unsuitableness for the position in the Council of Public Instruction to which he aspires. After noticing the conflict of statement produced by the controversy between the *Globe* and its adversary, our Montreal contemporary observes:

"There seems to be not the slightest doubt that he paid the most marked attentions to the present Mrs. Sangster some time before being even separated from his first wife; that he never made any attempt to procure a divorce in Canada, where he had been married; and that, so far as the public are aware, he has not made the slightest attempt to prosecute any person for adultery with his first wife, or to bring the *Globe*, which has made the most bitter and damaging attacks on his character, to account for its conduct. These circumstances certainly unfit him to be a candidate for the representation of the Ontario teachers in the Council of Public Instruction, and it will be well for them to select some one of the others who have been proposed for that important office."

The Doctor is understood to be preparing a reply to the charges against him, with the view of dissipating the suspicions as to his infidelity to his first wife before the difficulty with her reached serious proportions, or resulted in a divorce. We do not know, of course, how far he may succeed in his enterprise, if he is really embarked in it, but without desiring to prejudge the case, we are of those who should regret his appointment to the Council if proved guilty of conjugal infidelity, or a course of cruelty to one wife simply inspired by the design to exchange her for a woman more acceptable. So long as Mrs. Sangster's conduct was proper, even men who take latitudinarian views on the subject of marriage and divorce, would not defend deliberate ill treatment or neglect, for the purpose of getting rid of her and marrying another; nor would subsequent errors on the part of the injured woman be considered a palliation of her harsh usage while her behaviour was irreproachable. But the *Globe* denies that the first Mrs. Sangster confessed adultery, even as regards the period long subsequent to the early quarrels. She may never have so sinned; but, whether or not, we believe it does not appear that she offered this excuse for her husband's original change of feeling and irregular attentions to the lady who afterwards became his second wife. The Doctor may be misrepresented to some extent, no doubt, but the exposures, so far, appear to bring home to him lack of proper feeling towards his first partner, and easy notions on the subject of the obligations and sanctity of the marriage relation. His ideas on the propriety of divorce and re-marriage, especially under the present circumstances, can not be palatable to the majority of our people, who rightly differ with their American cousins in their theories and practice on this head. It is moreover, unfortunate, that some offences are of such a nature as to leave a shadow on the character of the accused, even in the event of the failure to prove them; they weaken his moral influence with the sensitive and the religious portion of the community, and render his work very hard when they do not entirely forbid its success; and it is just as true that the offences attributed to Dr. Sangster come within this unpleasant category. For all that, we hope not a particle of injustice will be done him in any discussion or enquiry, for this, with other reasons, that he is a man of education and ability, who has rendered service to the scholastic institutions of the country.

PARLIAMENTARY MANNERS.

The London *Globe* has cited the flinging of the blue book at Dr. Tupper, to show that the manners of Colonial Legislatures are no improvement upon those of the British Parliament. The necessity for a defence upon this subject was created by the attack of some American critic, who was shocked by the British practice of wearing the hat in the House of Commons, a liberty not imitated, it appears, in the Houses of Congress. What irritated the London journalist most appeared to be, not simply a comparison of Parliamentary usages, to the advantage of Congress, but the remark that even the Colonial Legislatures were better than the Imperial, as regards the demeanour of the members. Bad enough, thought the *Globe* apologist, to be eclipsed by the American Parliament, without being outdone by the Canadian, and hence the effort to show that this branch of the critic's case could not be sustained. The Tupper incident luckily was at hand for the purpose of defense, for which, the most has been made of it. But granting an occasional impropriety of this sort towards the end of the session, in Canada, we believe the conduct of members here will compare favourably with that of members in the old country. Unseemly noises, offensive interruptions and disorderly manifestations at particular times, especially when bores have the floor, are more frequent at St. Stephen's than at Ottawa. We have no objection, however, to the wearing of the hat in Parliament, so long as it is a decent tile, well brushed and paid for—that is in the case of intelligent members; but it is another matter when it becomes necessary to drive an argument into a stupid head; the orator's difficulties should not be enhanced by obstructions which are not only seen but felt. Of course in the case of straw, the hat may be seen through, if not the wearers views; but there is this consideration to be weighed, that the straw, though the same material as many of the arguments addressed to its owners, is a less substantial defence against a massive blue book or a cushion, than a rampart of beaver. As to Dr. Tupper's assailant's motives, we are in the dark. He probably thought the member for Cumberland more afflicted with fancy than fact, and that it required the forcible introduction of a blue-book to rectify this evil, and give the doctor some basis for his arguments. His unfortunate aversion to facts could not probably be overcome by this involuntary or heroic treatment, yet the thrower may have ignorantly imagined there was no other remedy. On the whole, this incident does not prove the Canadian Commons unmannerly, while the most genuine gradgrind would possibly admit that it were better to bear with the infliction of the Doctor's airy flights and unsubstantial assertions than to create a love of facts by knocks on the head with a blue-book.

THE MODEL FOR THE PARLIAMENT GROUNDS.

Notwithstanding the somewhat minute description we gave last year of this design, it may be doubted whether a majority of our readers were able to connect any definite idea therewith. It is, therefore, with much pleasure that we welcome the very beautiful model which has now arrived, and all the more so, as the public at large whose interest in the same will be very great, are now enabled to realize to the fullest extent the very grand effect it will produce. To have penetrated the spirit of the Gothic age and its associations teeming with a picturesque redundancy of outline, and to embody the character of its purest and most essential forms is a task of no common order and demanding for its accomplishment powers of no ordinary kind, yet such, without fear of contradiction, do we assert that Mr. Marshall Wood, the eminent English sculptor, has achieved in the model we are about to criticise, and even more, for after traversing the world of mythology in the execution of works of an *Ideal* character, he has been able, at request, to turn aside and supply the setting for the completion of a public monument such as our Parliament Houses are, in a manner, and with a power, alone sufficient to prove his knowledge in the sister art of architecture, to be as great as that which he possesses in sculpture.

It is perhaps only by contrast that we can come to anything like a fair estimate of the value of such a design or its artistic significance, but calling to mind the the various piazzas and squares, in Europe, we do not think the extent of area also taken into consideration, that when completed, we shall have any reason to consider the Parliament Grounds inferior to any we could name. Every detail is firmly and carefully designed and the harmony of the whole is perfect.

Commencing with the wall, in addition to the great value it will lend to the main building in the front elevation, and all the angles, where in outline it supplies a most beautiful pyramidical line. It is in itself an Academic work possessing not only great simplicity, but through that simplicity as shown in the three-quarter views by the pure line of the quadrants; also a grandeur which no mere elaboration of parts could have given it. The central entrance is, in our opinion, particularly fine, and while remaining perfectly open, and complimentary to the Tower by a width of 55 feet—it maintains itself most admirably. The projecting quadrants on either side ending in two massive piers, and the value of these two grand piers, forming as they do, abutments to the curved lines form a grand and striking instance of the combination of structural and architectural design—two groups surmount these Piers, Legislature resting on Justice promulgating the laws which history records; the other being Eloquence moderated by Wisdom and encouraged by patriotic love, explaining the wants of the people. Viewed from Wellington street, through the entire frontage, this wall, from the admirable perspective obtained by the fall of the terraces, will appear to very striking advantage, while the fountains forming the necessary centre points to support these falling levels and hold the serial lines, will present a *Coup D'œil* which, from want of area, has been very seldom obtained. Even on the ground itself, from what has been done, we are now enabled, after having seen this model, to fully realize what it will be when completed.

The scale of the terrace, as before described, is 15 inches, 3 feet and 9 feet respectively. Mr. Wood has not departed from his original design save and except to round the corners on each side of the middle terrace. We think this is decidedly an improvement, as it not only enables him to do away with the severe angles and break the parallel line, but renders its junction with the outlying sidewalk very much more easy. The central and regular approaches to the terraces as well as the disposition of the geometric curves given to the walks and paths, are not only very beautifully balanced, but are so adapted to practical requirements, that we shall be able to traverse them at any point; while the boundary roads are increased in width to about double what they are at present. We must now speak of the fountains; the four smaller of which embody through the tyares upon them the subject of agriculture science hunting and fishing, these appear so intimately connected with the architectural design that it would be difficult to say whether they really are more sculpturesque or architectural in character. The precise preservation of proportion between realism and conventionalism in their treatment, strikes us as remarkably fine and the relation between the ornament and the general design of the buildings is very perfect in harmony.

In a style such as gothic, where the general outline and character suggests to a more or less extent, the irregular and picturesque outline in nature, the embodyment of the same in sculpturesque form becomes of the highest value, perfect effect, is of course, only achieved, when as here, all the details that can be called architectural, appear as belonging to the structural design, rather than a picture affixed to it, but such is the balance between the freedom and flow of line and altitude in those works, that when they are in position they will appear like beautiful and indestructable pictures set in an architectural framework. The grand central fountain builds up from an octagonal base, upon the four projecting angles of which are seated figures representing the oceans, in the die above but so strongly recessed in pannels as to appear in alto relievo, are eight figures symbolical of the chief towns upon the rivers and lakes of the Dominion. Supported by four sets of clustered columns, springing from the sides of these, rest the four chief basins for water for the upper part, above these are canopied in gothic meches from which there appears female figures with vases typical of the water falls and cascades, and above and surrounding the whole springs a figure of the St. Lawrence. As works of art these fountains require no praise from us, they speak for themselves, it is only necessary to say that as pieces of sculpture they have been designed and will be executed as central objects having strict relation in style and treatment to a total architectural effect while being necessarily architectural in treatment they have not the least stiffness or rigidity but express that beautiful quality that sculpture always does when allied with architecture, viz., of emphasizing and blending into one grand whole all the grace that exists in the various parts of the construction, a large area destitute of such ornamentation would give as a sense of barreness and uncompleteness.

All art stands on the same common ground, and the enjoyment we derive from it is distinct from our enjoyment in nature in kind as well as degree, but in these grounds we shall derive pleasure from both. The indescribable and magic charm of piazzas and gardens, with fountains, has been felt by all those whose good fortune has enabled them to travel. Here in Ottawa the subject is not only one of simple necessity, but of popular interest and value, and in carrying out this very valuable design the Government may not only calculate upon the support but the thanks of the public. If we are to take rank with other countries let us vindicate this advancement of our ideas, by a positive proof of our appreciation and support of Art. We congratulated the late government upon the selection of this design, and we equally congratulate the present government in the unhesitating manner in which it is being carried out. At the present time the subject of Public Works is being agitated everywhere, and fountains are being raised even where water is a matter attended with very great outlay. Here we shall have no such expense, and in point of fact, apart from objects of beauty, they can be made of great practical value in the draining of the tanks at the Buildings, and by rendering provision of water for the grounds, will, in a few years, pay for themselves.

ONTARIO LEGISLATIVE SCHOOL GRANT FOR 1874.

The last journal of Education contains the apportionment of the Legislative School grant for 1874 to the various Municipalities of the Province of Ontario. It is based on the population as enumerated in the census of 1871. The total amount of the apportionment for the year is $242,342, being $20,000 more than last year, and in addition to the increased amount available on the basis of population, those townships in which there are feeble schools and a spare population have been specially considered in an additional apportionment from the poor school grant. Where Roman Catholic Separate Schools exist, the sum apportioned to the Municipality has been divided between the Public and Separate Schools therein, according to the average of pupils of both classes of Schools during last year, as reported and certified by the Trustees. The grants are, by law, payable on the 1st April, by the Hon. the Provincial Treasurer, on the certificate of the Chief Superintendent. These certificates will be issued on or before the 30th June, in favour of those Municipalities who have sent in duly audited school accounts and Inspectors' reports to this office.

The grants for cities we give below with a view to enable our readers to make a comparison between our own and other cities.

Cities.	Public Schools.	R. C. Separate Schools.	Total.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts
Hamilton	3204 00	737 00	3491 00
Kingston	1230 00	600 00	1830 00
London	2047 00	287 00	2334 00
Ottawa	1476 00	1702 00	3178 00
Toronto	5880 00	2394 00	8274 00
	13837 00	5720 00	19557 00

With a view to letting those of our readers who reside in the surrounding Municipalities know what they are to receive, we subjoin, the apportionment for the several Municipalities comprising the Counties of Carleton and Russell.

COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Fitzroy		$505 00
Gloucester		706 00
Goulbourn		477 00
Gower, North		373 00
Huntley		388 00
March		253 00
Marlborough		312 00
" for seperate schools	21 00	
Nepean		707 00
" for separate schools	41 00	
Osgoode		541 00
" for separate schools	88 00	
Torbolton		130 00
	150 00	4392 00
Total for County		$4542 00

COUNTY OF RUSSELL.

Townships.	Apportionment.
Cambridge	$113 00
Clarence	393 00
Cumberland	431 00
Russell	345 00
Total	$1,282 00

BOOK NOTICES.

HISTORY OF THE UNITED EMPIRE LOYALISTS. By J. Beaufort Hurlbert, M.A., LL.D., author of "Britain and her Colonies;" "Field and Factory;" "Climates, &c., of Canada," &c.

The first volume, (Royal Octavo) now ready for the press will contain more than 6,000 names of U. E. Loyalists of Ontario, giving their rank in the army and the part of Canada in which they settled. It will also give a short account of the discovery and early settlement of Canada by the French; a statement of the causes of the revolt of the Colonies, taken from original records of the Imperial Parliament; proceedings in the Colonies; the part taken by the U. E. Loyalists, and the principles which actuated them; opinions of leading statesmen of that time; biographical accounts of some of the families, (to be continued in the second volume).

The author has, for many years, been collecting information for this work. The names of all the U. E. Loyalists, who settled in Upper Canada, are given, with the hope that many of their descendants may furnish the author with biographical accounts of their families for the second volume.

The work will be furnished to subscribers only.

The early settlers have passed away and many records have perished with them. It is important to preserve all that can be obtained, and our object in giving this notice is to make, on behalf of the author an earnest appeal to the descendants of those heroic families, to furnish him any papers in their possession bearing on this subject (these if required will be returned) and for all information relative to their families and to the early settlements. The author's address is Ottawa.

FIELD AND FACTORY. By J. B. Hurlbert, Esq. LL.D. Printed by John Lovell, Montreal.

The above is the title of an unpretentious work recently published by Dr. Hurlbert, devoted to the question of Free Trade versus Protection. The first part treats of the developement of native industries, the second part treats of British free trade, and the third part is entitled "Sophisms of Free Trade." The writer has evinced a thorough knowledge of this difficult subject, though if there is a tendency one way more than another in his leaning it is towards Protection.

His idea seems to be that Canada has to do with economic questions under very different circumstances to England, and he compares with well deduced arguments the different bearings of the two countries. In Dr. Hurlbert's preface he advocates a policy springing purely from Canadian interests, "a policy which would be a 'bond of union to an Empire scattered over the whole face of the earth,'" is, says the writer, ardently to be desired, but he thinks there is little hope for such a fulfilment, or of a Reciprocity Treaty which would be to the interests of Canada as a whole.

The work is well worthy of perusal, and a new edition which has been called for will doubtless meet with a large circulation. Dr. Hurlbert's name as a writer always carries weight.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE TIMES will not be held responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR—Referring to an editorial in your paper of the 19th inst, I beg to certify that all the Engineering Staff of the Montreal Northern Colonization Railway Co., have been paid in full for the past month, and their vouchers are now in my office, and that there is no unpaid claim now outstanding against this Company.

I further certify that the Engineer appointed by the Corporation to inspect and certify to the amount of work done, is now out on the line with the Chief Engineer of the Company for that purpose, and so far as the Directors are aware, no want of confidence at present exists between the Corporation of the City of Montreal and this Company.

I have the honor to be Sir,
Your Obedient Servant,
E. RODIER,
Secretary *pro tem.*

OTTAWA, June 20th, 1874.

Park versus Parks.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Last Friday's *Citizen* contains a communication on the above subject, which should commend itself to the consideration of our City Fathers. The supervision of three or four plots of ground would keep the caretaker most of his time on the road between them, especially during Spring's busiest season, when his time is most valuable; besides, it does not require any argument to show that in union there is strength; then why not unite the force at command on one suitable location. New York has its Central Park, Brooklyn its Prospect Park, Montreal its proposed Park on the Mountain. It has not been shown that Ottawa is more wealthy, or has more money to spare than these Corporations. Having often passed the situation mentioned by "Civis," I can fully bear out all he has stated with regard to its suitableness, and the quiet charm of the beautiful Rideau, and I trust when any more is made, its advantages may not be overlooked.

Yours,
MUNDI.

Ottawa, June 22, 1874.

THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS.

The Provincial Association pass a Resolution.

The Council of the Agricultural and Arts Association met in the Agricultural Hall, Toronto, on Thursday afternoon. The President, Mr. Sheriff Gibbons, occupied the chair.

After disposing of sundry business the Secretary stated that he desired to bring before the notice of the Association the fact, as he gathered from newspaper paragraphs, that the City Council of London were going to sell the Exhibition Grounds of that place without at all officially acquainting or consulting the Toronto Association thereon, although the latter held a lien upon the grounds to the amount of $3,500, and in lieu of payment were to be allowed the free use of the grounds for ever.

The agreement entered into between the city of London Council and the Middlesex Council was read.

Considerable discussion followed, the opinion being generally held that the Ontario Association of Agriculture and Arts ought to be treated in the same manner as the Middlesex Agricultural Association.

It was moved by Mr. Burnett, seconded by the Hon. D. Christie, and carried,

"That the Secretary send to the Solicitor a copy of the bond from the city of London to this Association, with instructions to take such proceedings as may be necessary to protect the rights of this Association in respect to the exhibition grounds at London, in the event of that city attempting to dispose of the said grounds."—*Globe.*

CITY AND VICINITY

BREAD CONTRACT.—Mr. T. Iliffe has been awarded the contract of supplying the volunteers in camp with bread.

CITY COUNCIL.—A Special Meeting of the City Council is called for to-morrow night at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of considering By-laws and other business.

A LARGE TOW.—The steamer "Maude" took down to Hawkesbury Mills, a tow of 8000 logs for the Messrs. Hamilton, Bros., on Saturday last.

PIGEON MATCH—The great source of attraction to-morrow, will be the pigeon shooting match for $1000, between Ward of Toronto, and Paine of New York at Mutchmor Park.

ANCIENT RELIC.—In the St. Jean Baptiste procession yesterday were two flags presented to the Canadian Militia at Quebec in 1775, from the King of England. They are in the custody of Mr. Joseph Aumond.

BASE BALL.—The "Mutual" Base Ball Club of this city leave for Montreal this morning to play the "Unions" of that city on St. Jean Baptiste Day. They get half the gate receipts after the expenses are deducted.

JARVIS & ARLESS' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

NEW ORANGE LODGE.—On Monday evening last, the Orangemen of Orangeville, on the Sherwood Estate, met together for the purpose of forming themselves into a Lodge. After the usual routine of business had been gone through, the following were elected office-bearers, for the ensuing year:—Bro. Samuel Beamish, Worshipful Master; Bro. W. Hogan, Deputy Master; Bro. John Watkins, Secretary; Bro. W. Booth, Treasurer; Bro. J. Burns, First Committee man; Bro. T. Craig, Director of Ceremonies; Bro. B. Bonnell, Chaplain. The Lodge will meet on the first Wednesday of each month.

ARRIVAL OF THE MILITARY.—The 41st, 42nd and 43rd battalions arrived by Canada Central train yesterday. The 56th and 59th together with the Prescott Cavalry arrived at 7 p.m., by the St Lawrence & Ottawa. The 18th Battalion by the "Peerless." In addition to these, the Ottawa Field Battery and Cavalry go into camp. The different battalions marched to camp last night up Nicholas street to the rifle range hill, where everything was confusion preparing for encampment. The Guards' band, fife and drum band, Adam's cornet band, and the 42nd Battalion Band played the troops out. They number in all probably 1,200 men. To-day will possibly do much to bring things into order.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE DAY.

How the Day was Honored—Large Procession.

Yesterday was set apart by our French Canadian fellow-citizens as the day on which to do honor to to their Patron Saint, a proceeding which was done to admit of such as desired it, to visit Montreal to witness the grand celebration which takes place in that city to-morrow on the occasion of the real anniversary. The procession was one of the largest and most imposing that ever our French Canadian citizens have had, and the banners, regalia and other insignia were very beautiful indeed as they were paraded through the principal streets of the city. The city from the manner in which it was decorated with trees, flags and streamers wore a rather holiday appearance. The pealing of joy bells and playing of bands added much to the festivities of the day. Men were dressed in their best, and wore an endless variety of uniforms, noticeable among which were a few Papal Zouaves who had seen service in Italy. In one carriage in the procession was a well dressed boy in fur purporting to be the Saint himself, and in the same vehicle a snow white lamb. Ladies were out too in large numbers, and seemed to go in with as much zest in the celebration of the day as even the men. The streets were at all points crowded by those who had congregated to witness the procession. Another striking feature of the procession was a troop of cavalry under the command of Messrs. Fevreau and Lessard, which made a gay turn out. The place of *rendezvous* for the procession was the "Major's Hill," where many began to congregate as early as 8 o'clock. About 10 o'clock the procession was organized and proceeded from the Square down Rideau Street to Dalhousie down Dalhousie to St. Patrick, and up St. Patrick to the Cathedral. The following was the order of the procession observed:

A MARSHAL ON HORSEBACK.

A cavalcade of horsemen, under the command of M. Fevreau and Lessard.

Two Halberdiers.

The Banner of the Brothers, and the principal scholars with lances and battle-axes. The Band of the YOUNG CANADIANS, under the leadership of L'Abbe Champagne.

The Deputy Chief of the Fire Brigade, M. Paul Fevreau.
The Victoria Company, Capt. Roleau.
The Queen Company, Capt. Dupuis.
The Sapeurs Company, Capt. McKay.
The Voltigeurs Company, Capt. Richer.
The Templeton Band, under M. Narcisse Roy.
St. Joseph's Society of Templeton, with Banner and Mottoes
St. Joseph's Society of Hull, with flags, lances, and battle axes.
St. Joseph's Society of Ottawa, with banners lances and battle axes.
Carriage with Allegorical personages, escorted with Papal Zouaves in Uniform.
The flags of the Quebec Militia Regiment, bearing date 1775.
The Hull Horse Guards, under Captain A. Quesnel.
The Chaudiere Band, under Mr. Fehr.
The St. Jean Baptiste Society of Hull, with banner and mottoes.
The St. Pierre Society of Hull with banner, lances, and battle axes.
The St. Pierre Society of Ottawa, with its mottoes.
The French Canadian Institute of Ottawa, with mottoes.
St. Cecile Society, with mottoes.
Students of St. Joseph's College.
Canadian Amateur Club.
The Castor Canadian Club, in uniform.
The Hull band under Mr. Durocher.
St. Jean Baptiste Society of Hull, with banners, lances and battle axes.
St. Jean Baptiste Society of Ottawa, with Lances escorting the President and other officers of the General Committee of Management.
A portion of St. Joseph's Society with banner, lances, battle axes, &c.
St. Anne's Society.
Notre Dame Society.
Private citizens on foot and in carriages.

The Cathedral was handsomely and tastefully decorated. The aisles were lined with evergreens, with which the arches and pillars were also completely covered from view. From the dome of the Church flags and drapery of various descriptions were suspended, and the Church generally betrayed evidence of a great deal of labour having been expended in making the preparations. The Cathedral was crowded, and there were hundreds who could not gain admission, and during service Sussex street was crowded, whilst in the neighbourhood of the Canadian Institute, there were constantly a large assemblage of people. A large number of clergy occupied seats within the enclosure of the altar, immediately in front of which sat Dr. St. Jean, M.P., Dr. Beaubien, Mr. Peachy, M. Drapeau, and other gentlemen.

The Rev. Father Dandurand officiated, assisted by two young clergymen from St. Joseph's College. Chevalier Gustave Smith presided at the organ with his accustomed ability. The Grand Mass sung was that of "*Joachim de Natividad*," which was rendered by the choir of the Cathedral, under the direction of the Abbe Champagne. The Canadian Band also played some appropriate airs during the service, in very commendable style. The tree of Blessed Bread, which formed a very handsome sight when lit up on the altar was distributed, during which proceeding the choir rendered some excellent music. The sermon was preached by the Rev. Father Porcile of St Jean Baptiste Parish, Chaudiere. He paid a just tribute to the memory of St. Jean the Baptiste, eulogized the French nation, and dwelt upon the great work which had been performed by the Catholic Church throughout the world, and thorughout all ages. The discourse was characterized by much ability, and it lost none of its merrit in the delivery.

After service the procession reformed in the same order as before and headed by Paul Fevereau's Cavalry marched up Sussex, Rideau, Sparks, and Wellington streets to the Parish of St. Jean Baptiste, whence it proceeded through Queen, Broad, Oregon, and Bridge streets. It then crossed over to Hull and marched through Church, Central, Lake, Victoria, and Brittania streets, and drew up in Leduc's Gardens. Here speeches were made by Dr. St. Jean, M. Beaubien, Dr. Valade, Dr. Beaudion, M. Drapeau, LeDuc, L. A. Grisor, and others. The vast assemblage then amused themselves in a variety of ways, there being abundance of music, and consequently plenty of dancing. Towards evening the Ottawa members of the procession returned to town, and with the close of day terminated the St. Jean Baptiste demonstration.

Congregation de Notre Dame.

An examination of the junior pupils of the Convent of the Congregation de Notre Dame Gloucester street, took place in that establishment on Saturday last, before a large number of persons interested in the welfare of the children. The correct and intelligent answering of the little ones in their various studies evinced a great amount of care and attention on the part or the pupils and of the very efficient method of instruction followed by the good sisters. The children read and spell very correctly and shewed an accurate knowledge of Geography so far as they had gone; and for little children of the average age of ten years their knowledge of arithmetic was very fair.

The neat, bright and intelligent appearance of the little ones was especially pleasing to notice, as well as the cordial and and affectionate sympathy that seemed to subsist between the pupils and their devoted teachers. We had almost forgotten to mention their proficiency in instrumental as well as vocal music; also to refer to the beautiful plain sewing exhibited. It was specially commended by many ladies present, who took a lively interest in the proceedings. Many of these fair judges were overheard expressing their very high appreciation of the performance of the children in music, and especially so as regards their really *chef d'oeuvres* in plain sewing.

The examination of the senior classes will take place on Saturday and be continued on Monday in French, English and instrumental music, when the pleasure derived from this examination will be greatly enhanced by listening to the exercises of the more advanced pupils.

CRICKET.

Eleven Members of the Carleton Club vs. the O. C. C.

This match was played at the Rideau Hall ground on Saturday last with the following result:

THE CARLETON CLUB.

C B Brodie, b G Brunel	0
W Himsworth, b G Brunel	8
W Carter, b J Brunel	5
E Miall, c Chrysler, b J Brunel	4
F G Mather c and b G Brunel	0
G Duval b G Brunel	0
A Bell, run out	13
S Lane c Powell b Philipps	0
S Smith b Phillipps	0
R E Kimber b Phillipps	3
J Anderson, not out	0
Byes 1, leg-byes 2, wides 2	5
Total	38

OTTAWA CLUB.

Rev T D Phillipps b Brodie	43
C S Scott b Brodie	2
G Brunel c Brodie b Carter	9
J Brunel l b w, b Brodie	5
Fitzgerald b Brodie	8
A W Powell, b Carter	3
J Smith b Himsworth	7
Dr Bentley b Brodie	7
F H Chrysler not out	8
B W Powell b Brodie	2
Mothersill b Brodie	0
Byes 1, leg-byes 5, wides 2, no balls 1	14
Total	108

The Ottawa Baptist Association.

The above Association met this year with the Osgoode Church on Wednesday the 17th of June at 10:30 a.m.

The annual sermon was preached by W. K. Anderson of Breadalbane, from 2 Cor., 4th and 5. "We preach not ourselves but Christ Jesus the Lord." The sermon was a clear scriptural exposition of the great central idea concerning the Redeemer.

Rev. J. P. McEwen, pastor of the Osgoode Church was appointed Moderator, and A. A. Cameron of Ottawa, Clerk, who called to his assistance A. Turnbull, B. A., of the same place. Interesting letters were read from some 23 Churches, embracing a membership of nearly 2,000. 140 Baptisms were reported, being 45 more than last year, the membership showed an increase of about 260, or about 10 per cent. $29,556 were raised for all purposes, being $5,550 in advance of last year. Good collections were taken up in aid of the Foreign Mission Ministerial Education Society, and for the Home Missionary Convention East. A large number of resolutions on denominational and general topics of interest were discussed and recorded as the expressed convictions of the body.

A School Convention was also held on Thursday forenoon, the President Rev. Mr. Cameron, gave the opening address. The following topics were ably introduced and discussed.

1. The best way of opening and closing school? Geo. Edwards of Thurso.
2. What is the true principal of teaching? J. W. A. Stewart of Toronto University.
3. What is the best method of increasing the attendance? A. C. Turnbull, B. A. of Ottawa.
4. What is the best method of getting a good Teachers Meeting? Rev. Joseph Denovan of Montreal.

The report of the Secretary Rev. T. H. McEwen, showed a marked progress in School work.

On the whole the proceedings of the Association showed the Baptists are vigorous and progressive in the Ottawa Valley. The Association meets next year with the Church in Breadalbane, Glengarry, on the 3rd Wednesday of June 1875. A very able circular letter was written by Rev. J. Higgings of Thurso.

Sale of Real Estate.

Mr. Hector McLean disposed of the following properties yesterday:

Lots numbers 1 and 2, on sub-division of block 8, Sherwood Estate, sold to Morris Fitzgerald for the sum of $425.

Lot No. 23 North Bolton street, sold to John Maronly, for the sum of $600.

Lot No. 11, on sub-division of block 8, Sherwood Estate, sold to J. Woodland for $250.

Lot No. 2, on the north-east corner of Albert and High streets, sold to P. Hurley for the sum of $1,700.

West half lot No. 1, in ninth concession, Osgoode, sold to J. McLeod for the sum of $609.

Lots No. 7, 8 and 9, on sub-division of block 12, purchased by the school trustees for the new school section for the sum of $600.

Also, the following lots on the property of His Honour Judge Armstrong, Richmond Road: No. 20 and 21, sold to T. A. Fraser for the sum of $650, No. 18, sold to W. T. Norris for the sum of $400.

Police Court.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

MONDAY, June 22.

Margaret Doherty, charged with breaking windows, was fined $10 and costs, and in the absence of the necessary funds was sent down for two months.

Samuel Robb, drunk, fined $3, and $1 costs.

John Geddes, assault, was fined $15 and $1 costs.

Edward Riopelle, assault, sent down for trial.

H. Laviolette, selling liquor on Sunday, adjourned.

John Tenant, breach of the peace, dismissed.

William Baldwin, dangerous dog, case dismissed.

O. Belmaise, insulting words, case dismissed.

Grip Outdone.

A local cartoonist, who has of late done much in the way of cartooning local events and celebrities, has reached the acme of his profession on the subject of the recent jobbery perpetrated in connection with the main sewer of the city. The portrait is that of a prominent citizen who is presumed to be the "Boss Tweed" of the Ring that now seeks to control the Civic Corporation of our fair city. He is represented as having both hands full of [illegible] tempting the unwary. His mouth is wide open, with the inscription "Main Sewer" across it. A proclamation to the following effect surrounding the cartoon:

Proclamation!!
We won't submit!
Meet on Thursday, 25th,
At City Hall Square,
at 2 p. m.,
en masse.
Down with jobbery.

Below is the following stirring appeal to the people of Ottawa:—

CITIZENS,—Shall we submit tamely and without remonstrance to the unblushing effrontery of those we place in positions of honour and trust. Squandering $1000 of our money. How long at this rate will you be able to enjoy the luxury of ice-cream. Remember the bridges! Call the meeting at once.

The Oshawa *Vindicator* says:—"Leah, the youngest child of Hon. T. N. Gibbs, had a very narrow escape with her life on Friday evening last. While standing in a bed-room beside a grate with a fire burning therein, she accidentally threw a bottle of spirits of camphor on the floor. It took fire and in endeavouring to put it out her clothes became saturated with the fluid and also took fire. She ran down stairs and her cries aroused her mother and her brother Charles, who, with great presence of mind, threw her down and wrapped her in woollen garments. Dr. Clarke was soon on hand and relieved the little sufferer. She was very badly burned about the lower part of the body, but though her hair was on fire her face escaped.

A fine collection of flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street. 2597

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets. 2597

POND'S EXTRACT is recommended for many afflictions; but this is the result of experience. Try it. 2601

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and a great many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale which continues during the present month. 2597.

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale, No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

IRON ORE—Some fine specimens of iron ore are to be seen on Elgin Street in front of the Russell House. They consist of two huge blocks of quartz containing fully 60 per cent. of metal. One is from the Hancock mine and the other from that of A. H. Baldwin, both situate in the Township of Hull.

BLESSINGS BRIGHTEN AS THEY TAKE THEIR FLIGHT.—If you have a good head of hair take care of it; once gone and we realize its loss far more than we appreciate its presence. The Bearine is taking the place of all other hair dressings, because it is healthful to the hair and delightful to use. 2601.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and am still well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and rapid restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JACOB SHENK, Insurance Agent. 2595

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595.

BRAIN EXHAUSTION.—Mr. James I. Fellows, St. John, N. B. SIR: Having, while at your establishment, carefully examined your prescription, and the method of preparing your Compound Syrup, I felt anxious to give it a fair trial in my practice. For the last twelve months I have done so, and I find that in Incipient Consumption, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, it has wonders. In restoring persons suffering from the effects of Diptheria, and the cough following Typhoid Fever, prevalent in this region, it is the best remedial agent I have ever used. But for persons suffering from exhaustion of the powers of the brain and nervous system, from long-continued study or teaching, or in those cases of exhaustion from which so many young men suffer, I know of no better medicine for restoration to health than your Compound Syrup. If you think this letter of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you see fit. I remain yours, &c. EDWIN CLAY, M. D.
PUGWASH, N. S., January 14, 1868. 2601.

BY TELEGRAPH

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 22.

Early on Saturday morning last 80 members of the Press Association, accompanied by a number of ladies, arrived in town by special train from Newport, Va., via the South Eastern Railway. The President is Mr. G. S. Merrill Lawrence. They ran the Lachine Rapids this morning.

The *Minerve* announces that Hon. Mr. Chapleau has been retained by friends to defend Lepine, whose trial for complicity in the Scott murder has been postponed until the Fall.

Last Saturday evening the Premier, Solicitor General Chapleau, and Sheriff Leblanc visited the jail with reference to instituting extensive repairs.

The stock market here this a.m. was dull and heavy, especially the Merchants, as the annual statement which was distributed to the shareholders on Friday is not considered entirely satisfactory. Montreal 184½, closing 74 to ½; Molson's 115½, closing 15 to 16; Toronto 199½, closing 98½ to 200; Merchants' 116, closing 15¾ to 16; Telegraph 191, closing ½; Commerce 130½ to ½. Sales at the p.m. Board—Montreal 184½; Merchants 115½; Richelieu Navigation Co, 157½

HAMILTON.

New Uniforms—Railway Excursion—New Grain Elevator—Civic Holiday — Presentation— Miscellaneous.

HAMILTON, June 22.

The Field Battery has been supplied with new clothing, previous to going into camp.

The County Council of Simcoe is expected to pay this city a visit next week.

The branch of the Huron and Lake Erie Railway which extends to the Bay, is expected to be completed in about ten days.

The foundation for the warehouse and piling for the wharf is being pushed ahead.

The elevator, which is to be erected here, will be begun very soon so as to be ready for the reception of grain this fall.

August 14th is to be a Civic holiday.

The young man, James A. Brown, reported to have been murdered at Fort Garry, is the adopted son of Sergeant-Major Brown of this city.

Mr. James Burton was yesterday presented with a gold pen and pencil case by the clerks of the law office of which he was formerly the head.

ARNPRIOR.

Severe Thunder Storm—Fire.

ARNPRIOR, June 22.

This village was visited with a severe thunder storm this evening.

The lightning struck a house on the Harrington section of Arnprior, and burned it to the ground.

In McLachlin Bros. lumber yard a boy was thrown off his feet, but not hurt.

CUMBERLAND.

Found Drowned.

CUMBERLAND, June 22.

Found drowned, here to-day the body of an Indian, apparently three weeks in the water.

Yesterday's Despatches

ENGLAND

Agricultural Laborers—Joseph Arch.

LONDON, June 21—A great demonstration of sympathy for the agricultural laborers locked out from work was made in Manchester yesterday.

Members of the Trades Unions' to the number of 25,000, with fifty bands of music, marched in procession through the principal streets.

A mass meeting was subsequently held at Pomona Gardens, at which it is estimated that upwards of fifty thousand people were present.

Mr. Joseph Arch and other prominent friends of the workingmen delivered addresses.

FRANCE.

A Deputy Dead.

PARIS, June 22—M. Viox, Republican Deputy in the Assembly from the Department of Meurthe, is dead.

ITALY.

The Pope not yet in Despair.

ROME, June 22.—The Pope, in reply to a deputation yesterday, said he was confident God would restore the Crown, if not, because he was too old, and might not live to see the day, then to his successors.

UNITED STATES.

Shot in a Drunken Brawl.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 21.—This afternoon Capt Fowler, of the yacht 'Ariel,' shot and dangerously wounded a labourer named Byron Cook, on the wharf at Charlotte Harbor. The affair was the result of a drunken quarrel.

The Currency Bill.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A *Tribune* special from Washington says the President has informed his friends that he will sign the Currency Bill agreed to by the House yesterday, although he does not like the Bill, yet he has been persuaded to give it his approval, hoping that next winter some positive steps towards resumption of specie payments may be taken.

Geneva Award.

There is no prospect of an agreement between the Conference Committees on the Geneva Award or Civil Service Bills.

The Bricklayers' Strike.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The *Tribune* says, most of the Bricklayers' who struck for higher wages on its new building, came back on Saturday and asked to be employed at the old rate of wages, but their places were nearly all filled.

The same was the case on the other buildings.

The Beecher Scandal.

PLYMOUTH, June 22.—The Church has declined. Theodore Tiltons offers to appear and answer all questions that might be asked him, touching upon the Beecher Scandal.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—For New England Middle States, and the lower region generally, clear weather will prevail during the rest of Monday, with south or west winds, a slight rise in the temperature and slowly falling of the barometer.

Drowned.

CINCINNATI, O, June 22.—Two young men named Frank Kuhlemeyer and Benjamin Lendermer were drowned while bathing in the river here on Saturday.

Fatal Accident.

ESSEX, Mass., June 22.—Leonard Mackenzie of the firm of James Mackenzie and ex-member of the Legislature on Friday last, was struck by the neap of a pair of high wheels. He was thrown about 30 feet into the air, falling on his head and died yesterday.

Lynched.

ST LOUIS, June 22—The clerk Evans who murdered Holbiert, in Green County, Ill., was taken from jail in Carleton, yesterday morning by a large mob and hanged from a tree in the outskirts of the town. None of the lynchers were recognised.

Political.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A Paris letter to the *World* says: If there is any truth in the old proverb that coming events cast their shadows, we ought to be on the very eve of some terrible political eruption in this country. That end cannot be far off in the opinion of all thinking men, but after we have got rid of this state of things who can say what will follow.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

Henri Rochefor.

LONDON, June 22.—Henri Rochefort declines to deliver a lecture in this city. He says he prefers to remain in privacy.

Canadian Southern Railway.

BUFFALO, June 22.—The *Commercial Advertiser* says, that Mr. L. D. Rucker for many years General Superintendent of the Erie Railway, has been appointed General Manager of the Canada Southern Railway.

Pius, IX.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Special services were held in all Catholic Churches in this city yesterday in commemoration of the 28th anniversary coronation of Pope Pius, 9th.

Franco American Kow.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A letter from Nice dated June 6th says, that a good deal of ill-feeling has arisen between American sailors, at that port, and French soldiery, growing out of a bar room quarrel in which the French soldiers ran a sailor of the American war ship 'Franklin' through the body, causing death. The soldiers were called on by the saloon keeper for assistance, an attempt having been made to rob him.

The License Bill.

LONDON, June 25.—In the House of Commons this evening they passed the licensing bill, 328 yeas to 39 nays.

The Prussian Bishops.

The Cologne *Gazette* mentions a rumor that a conference of Roman Catholic Bishops of Prussia which meets to-day at Fulda, will endeavor to make a compromise with the Prussian Government.

Recognition of Spain.

Mr. Bourke, Under Foreign Secretary, in reply to an inquiry from Mr. Sandford said, that the question of recognizing the present government of Spain engaged the most serious attention of Her Majesty's Ministers. They did not wish to defer the recognition for they were ever anxious to give moral support to a constitutional government, which was endeavouring to maintain order against re-action and revolution, but it was desirable to wait until the reorganization ofSpanish the Government had an appearance of greater permanency.

Home Rule—The Mordaunt Case.

In the House of Commons to day Richard Smyth, member for Londonderry, gave notice that he would move an amendment to Dr. Butt's Home Rule resolve to the effect that in the opinion of the House it would be prejudicial to the peace and prosperity of Ireland to make any changes involving the dissolution of the legislative union of the two countries.

The House of Lords has decided that in the Mordaunt divorce case the proceedings shall continue notwithstanding the insanity of the lady.

The Bible in Turkey.

The Porte prohibites the circulation of copies of the Bible in Turkey.

The Brazilian Cable.

The Brazilian cable has been successfully laid and London is now in telegraphic communication with the Brazils.

The following depatch was received today from an officer of the Cable Co., at Pernambuco, June 22nd: "The cable is in perfect order and will be opened to the public to-morrow for business."

UNITED STATES.

Alarmed at Reciprocity.

PATERSON, N.J., June 22.—The President of the Paterson Board of Trade telegraphed representative Phelps that the Paterson manufacturers are alarmed about the proposed Canadian Reciprocity Treaty, as it would be ruinous to their interests.

Letters from the Holy Land.

N. Y. letters from Prof. A. L. Rowson, dated Jerusalem, says the American Oriental Topographical Corps at Jaffa are all well, and just in from a desert journey from Suly to Petra, Kerah, Lebran, Gaga, &c. Scientific results did not then appear, but they had a large number of photographs. One of the number had skinned a few animals, birds, &c. They were to start on a northern tour on the 25th May.

Railway Collision.

ALBANY, June 22.—There was a collision between two freight trains about four miles west of Johnsville on Sunday morning, by which Peter McGregory, cattle shipper of Brighton lost his life, and Geo. Wishing, shipper of Buffalo was seriously injured. Charley Little, brakesman, was seriously injured in the back.

The Reciprocity Treaty.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The Senate was in Executive Session nearly four hours this afternoon on the Canadian Reciprocity Treaty. The injunction of secrecy was removed and the treaty is now officially made public by the Senate.

The minutes of the treaty were incidentally debated, but there was no vote or any indications to show whether or not the requisite two-thirds to ratify it could be obtained.

The treaty will now go over until next session of congress for final action.

Official Changes.

WASHINGTON, June 22—The Senate confirmed Mr. Lynan K. Bois, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Benjamin Moran, at present Secretary of the legation in London, is to be third Assistant Secretary of State from the 1st of July, when an act creating the office will take place.

Killed by Lightning.

OMAHA, June 22.—Henry Swift, formerly of Auburn, N. Y., was struck by lightning and instantly killed near Living, Douglas Co. The horse which he rode was also killed.

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.

J. METCALFE.
2577

LAST CHANCE FOR

An Easy Fortune.

FIFTH AND LAST GIFT CONCERT

In aid of the

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

JULY 31st, 1874.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts,	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts,	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts,	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts,	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts,	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts,	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts,	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts,	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts,	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts,	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts,	50 each	950,000

Grand Total, 20,000 Gifts, all Cash, 2,500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets	$50.00
Halves	25.00
Tenth, or each Coupon	5.00
11 Whole Tickets for	500 00
22½ Tickets for	1,000.00

For Tickets or information, address

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky

June 23, 1874.

STRAYED.

From the premises of the undersigned, on or about 20th May last, TWO COLTS, One Mare Colt, two years old, brown color, with some white on nose, and One Horse Colt, one year old, dark brown color, with small white speck on forehead. Any information leading to their recovery will be thankfully received by

JOHN MANION,
West Huntley.

Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 23-w3l

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa,
etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE

For the Hair

Prepared from the Pure Grease of

THE CANADA BEAR.

It produces a luxuriant growth.

It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.

It makes the Hair soft and pliant.

It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.

It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean

It stimulates the roots of the Hair.

It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.

It prolongs vitality.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.

June 15, 1874.

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatoro Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now for the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Agents for the Province of Ontario, Scott street, Toronto, or to DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame street, Montreal, General Agents for the Province of Quebec. Price—$1 per bottle. Large bottles, $2.

May 1st, 1874.

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF

ORGAN MUSIC!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport	$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries	2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste	2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea.	3 50
Hile's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each	0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete	3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel	2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home	$2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs	1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion	2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.

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Boston.

OTTAWA

Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 48,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.

The Books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN.,
Secretary, pro tem.

June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

SIXTH ANNUAL

PIC-NIC

—OF THE—

QUEEN FIRE COMP'Y

Will be held in

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL,

—ON—

Dominion Day.

Marier's Brass and Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

TICKETS of admission, 25c.; may be had of the Committee and at the gate.

A. FAULKNER, Secretary, CHAS. DUPUIS, Captain.

June 20, 1874. 2600-3in-ewas

TENDERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

By the undersigned, from persons willing to undertake cleaning the cellars and surroundings of his burnt houses, sorting out the good material and fitting the same ready for use.

P. LESUEUR

June 11, 1874.

LIST of Letters remaining in the Ottawa P. O., June 15th, 1874.

Allen R S	Knowles R
Alexandre H	Knapp T E
Anderson James	Larkin W
Angus J W	Larineg A
Armstrong R	Lamb Miss M A
Arkell H	Lafloley T
Ashford J A	Lewis R P
Bock Miss B	Leith Jas
Barrows R G	Leonard L
Ball G H	Levings L A
Beatie Miss J	Lockhead D C
Belleville S	Lousdale J
Begg Jas	Lousdale H
Begg A	Lucktor A
Beggs Wm	Lynch R D
Beathens Mrs L	Lynes J
Bender E	Maloney Miss S
Black B	Margart G M
Blatch F K	Martkell Jas
Blackie Mr	Marks W
Boyce P	Maxwell J
Brown A J	Martin Geo
Bryce Geo	Meyers L
Brown M A	Mortimer H J
Bryant Jno	Maughan T
Brennan M	Morran J
Broadbent & Overell Messrs	Murphy J C
	Murphey Miss A
Brown Mrs Jas	Muldoon J 2
Bradley W M	Nash J
Brown & Robinson	Naftel E C
Burns Miss S	Neil Miss S J
Buckley Mr	O'Gilvie A W
Burdge Miss C A	Olerie E
Burke Jno	Osborne J
Cambrou Miss K	Orr J
Carmedy Miss S	Patterson & Co J W
Cartman J	Page G S
Callaghan Alex	Patterson J
Carrigan M	Perry Jas
Callender & Son G L	Penny H
Carruthers J J	Peterson C
Cass M S	Powes Rev H D
Carpenter D	Potts Jas
Chamber Geo	Reid T M
Chisholm Miss E	Richardson Miss E
Chisholm Miss M	Richardson Miss S
Chamberlin A	Ring Miss E
Clark Miss C E	Robertson D
Clark Capt A	Ross C
Caughlin Mrs	Robinson Miss J
Coghlin Jno	Robert Miss M
Coughlin Miss A	Ross A
Conell M	Robertson D S
Cokeur Alex	Roberts J S
Cochlin E	Rositer Mrs
Cochlin T	Ruby W
Cosgrove Jas	Russell Miss A
Comb Jas	Ryan P
Cobey P	Ryall J
Cook Wm	Russell Miss K 2
Craig R J	Russell Jas
Crawford Jas	Sanders W
Currell Jno	Saunders J W
Cunningham G C	Scott Geo
Dayrolles L J V	Shanley J
Davis Geo	Sharp L A
Davis Jas	Shaw Miss A E
Dewar Jno	Shelton W
Delerson R	Suns W J
Dorsey Mrs	Sills T A
Donaldson Mrs J	Sinclair A
Dunn Jno	Seth C D
Dunn T	Sinclair J
Duff A C	Snow J
Edwards M N	Small H A
Edwards Wm	Smyth W
Encome Madam	Spratt Jas
Ellis A	Strachan W
Elford T	Stockand J
Espie Miss	Stafford P 2
Evans H H	Stitt W
Farrell Jno	Stephens J
Felds Mrs E	Stewart J
Findley Wm	Taylor G
Fitzgerald T	Tapson Mrs W H
Fitzsimons & Bro M	Taylor W
	Taylor M
Fleming Miss M A	Talwell H
Fleming D	Taylor Miss C
Ford Jas	Thompson Miss E A 2
Foley Wm	Thompson Miss H
Fraser Alex	Tinny J
Gallather Miss M	Travers W
Gaudge M H	Tremblay A
Gibbs J H	Tuckett L
Gibson Miss A	Turtayne D
Gilmour R	Vaughan J
Gleeson J	Vankoughnet P T
Glover Miss E	Waddle J 2
Gow H	Walther A
Gorman Miss E	Wellwan Mrs
Gouhier S	Wilson Miss M
Gofton R	White J
Gooderson Mrs	Whit Mrs
Grant P	Whitehead J
Grieve Miss L	Whillans R
Greene Mrs H	Williamson J G
Gretevam F	Wilson W 2
Hannaway P	Willson T
Hammond J P	Wilson & Burns
Harris Capt	Wilson H
Hawkens T	Wilmott E A
Hannaway Miss S	Wetmore O D
Hays Miss A M	Wilgress Geo
Harvey H	Woods Jas
Heurick P F	Woods W
Hewett W R	Wright J
Head H C	McArthur D
Heron M	McCallum R
Heron & Hill	McCormick Miss K
Hennessey J W	McCarthy Miss L
Hillman Miss L 3	McCracken R
Hill B	McCarroll P
Hillman Miss H	McEwan J
Hodgson Jos	McDonald Mrs M J
Malleun Jno	McDonald R J
Holmes R	McGuire Miss R
Hogg E	McGregon G
Huston Jas	McIntyre A
Hydle L D	McGrath T H
Hynes T	McVeigh T
Johnston A B	McIntyre R
Johnston W	McIntosh H
Jones & Co	McKay C
Johnston L	McKenzie C
Jones A E 3	McLean J 2
Kelly J	McLean Miss E
Kevill Widow	McLeod Miss C
Kerwin Mrs S	McLean A
Kelly & Hauck Messrs	McLarnon R
Kenedy Mrs J	McLaughlin J
Kelly B W	McNabb A
Kerr Mrs E	McMillan B
Kenedy J	McRea K
Kilroon Miss M	McMullen J
King Miss E	McNabb E S.
Kiely P M	McMullan R
Knapp K	McVeigh T
Knapp S	

G. P. BAKER,
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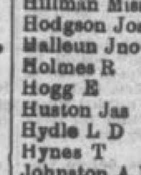
2328-6m



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Perfected Spectacles

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In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

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A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge. March 28, 1874.

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Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon	$1.25
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The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries

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R. & W.

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Has constantly on hand and to order—

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES, ARCHITRAVES, BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING, SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

SHINGLES,—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.

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June 17, 1874. 2597y

NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—20 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower that elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-St.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A D. 1874

Just Issued! "TEMPERANCE ECHOES" is the title of a new Book, compiled especially to suit the wants of Temperance Societies. It contains a large number of well-known Temperance Songs, Glees, Quartets, Choruses, etc., together with a choice collection of new melodies, written especially for this work by Hays, Danks, Stewart, Dressler, and other well-known authors.

A New Glee Book

For Temperance Use. Price 75 cents each. Sent, per express, for $7.50 per dozen. Send your orders early, as we shall fill them in the order received. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of 75 cents.

ADDRESS,
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.
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GET THE BEST.

The Best Piano Instructor: Peters' Eclectic	Price, $3 25
The Best Reed Organ Instructor: Kinkel's New Method	Price, 2 50
The Best Instructor for the Voice: Ludden's School for the Voice	Price, 3 50
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Just Issued! We would call the attention of Teachers to our new work "FAIRY ECHOES," as being the latest and best work for Singing Classes. The Singing-Class Department is unequalled, and the Music is all *New, Fresh, and Sparkling*—any two pieces being worth the price of the work.

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AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

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And other appliances,

Light Engines and General Machinery

Agent for Edgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.

Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.

June 15, 1874. 2588-tf

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.

N. S. BLASDELL & Co.

Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2368

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venceti Hats	Peacock
Clinton Hats	Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do. Felt Boots—wool lined. Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
an 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,

Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL M.A. | G. BRUNEL M.A.

Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Money to loan.

March 17, 1874.

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently does well as men. Particulars free. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at

NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. Wed.

Ottawa, May 29th 1874.

OPENING DAY.

MORRISON & ADAM,

FAMILY GROCERS,

TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,

48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48

SATURDAY, JUNE 13,

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 29th May, 1874.

J. METCALFE

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES. FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874. 2519

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

J. W. RYAN.

Rideau Street

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris.

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874. 2575

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 18, 1874.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.

Murray Bay,

NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE,

THE LORNE HOUSE

Is now open to visitors.

Telegraph and Independent Post Offices at Point a Pic.

CHAMARD & Co.

June 13, 1874.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria Building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACQUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y, cor. Sparks and Elgin-st. 2387

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 8.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 8.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.......111

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 20.

GRAIN.

	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 30
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Cotton, heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 386,000 bus., sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus, Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower, receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24,000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15½c.; refined, 18¼c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 20.—Erie, 26¼; refined petroleum 18¼ to 10¼ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 20.—Cotton, sales to-day 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We fin to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Pric 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1872

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules: and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row*, RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

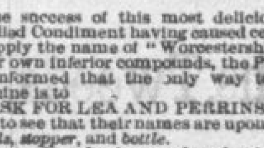
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICIN Selected, and Shipping orders executed re and despatch

LEA & PERKINS

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper*, and *bottle*.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other immitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR Savory & Moore's PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt, &c.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

DATURA TATULA FOR Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes Pastiles, for inhalation, in Boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES FOR CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition o the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expense sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street west Toronto Ontario.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JAMES BUCHANAN, of the City of Ottawa, an Insolvent.

A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until 4th July next, after which dividend will be paid.

ALEX. MOFFAT, Assignee

Montreal, June 17, 1874. 2679-2w

Outfits Free Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send at once. Clerement, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

(Formerly the British Hotel, CORNER OF Sussex & George Streets, Ottawa.

This Hotel has just been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished at great expense, making one of the best Family and Commercial Houses in the City.

The parlors, sitting-rooms, and bed-rooms are properly heated and ventilated Telegraph Office in the house. Carriages to and from the Railway.

CAPITAL YARD FOR STABLING.

Sample rooms for Commercial Travellers.

J. B. MACKENZIE, Proprietor.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1874. 2495y

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL, Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE, Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

All Mails are closed by Montreal time. 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED. A.M.	P.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa May 25th, 1874.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 } EACH
Five Prizes $500 } IN
Ten Prizes $100 } Greenbacks,

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two Fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c. &c.

Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, 101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 86 Cincinnati, O.

June 1 1874. 2564 d&w

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS

PURELY VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, Centre Seconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. As Electro-plate it is necessary to secure solid materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No plate is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated *"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"* of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York

P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer Trade Mark secured.) Montreal. 2441-ly

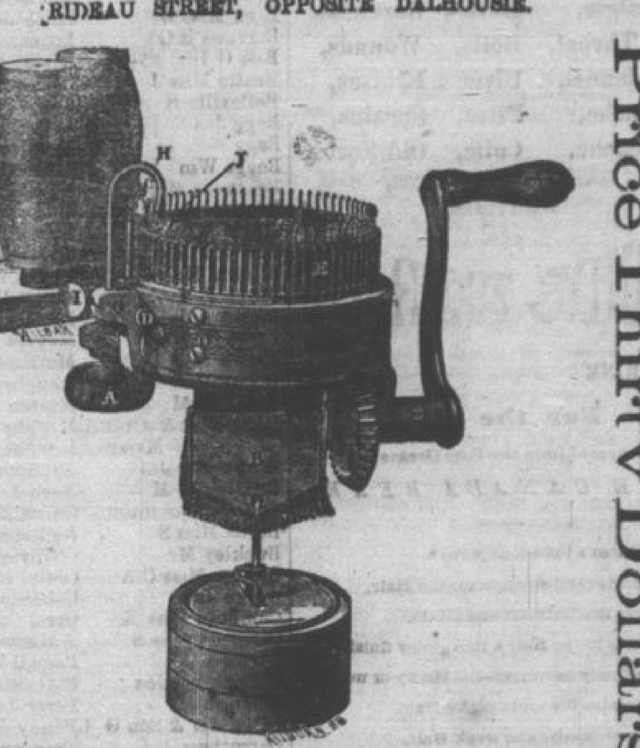
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 Stitches per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggings, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tuffed Work.

JAS. BAILIFF

Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS

T. E. MOORE

BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING ROOMS,

172 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA,

Begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his Fancy Goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now overstocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all Fancy Goods at half price, or 25 per cent less than cost price.

The Goods consist of

Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,
Solid 15 karat Gold Chains,
An immense assortment of elegant sets in Gold,
Best Plate Signet Rings,
Plain and Brass Rings,
Hair Ornaments,
Perfumery,
Brushes,
Real Hair Goods,
Meerschaum Pipes,
Hand Mirrors,
Hair Brushes.

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks-st.

June 20, 1874.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
6 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100

400 Gold Watches ....$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines .... 60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos .... 250 to 700
50 " Melodeons .... 50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 14 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO., 48 New-st.

April 29, 1874. 2550-3m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE, General Manager for Dominion of Canada.

May 26th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of *CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.*

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE, Kent and Wellington Sts.

March 24, 1874. 2526y

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them secured ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa

Fe 18 2491

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R.S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by Sep. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Marches, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.50.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violio Amusements. Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violion Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers," containing, however, as much "Flute or Viosl" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

Continues to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred.

The above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shlf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place the sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c., And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks-st.

244

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c. done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St. Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2561y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A

GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, by private contract, Lot No 63, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE.

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 33x99, with a

COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x20, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent

Ottawa, March 17 h, 1874

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And accelleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	6.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

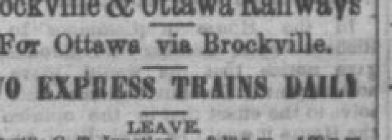
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 20, 1874.



CANADA CENTRAL —AND— Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	8.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	8.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

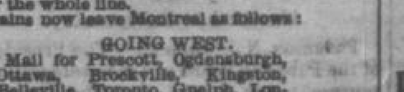
10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9.00 a.m.
Night Express .... 9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations .... 6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations .... 5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at .... 1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations .... 6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations .... 3.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at .... 5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at .... 10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe .... 11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at .... 8.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at .... 3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N. B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON, Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa

May 28, 1874. 2499y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District, ROBERT ANGUS, JR., No. 38 Sparks Street.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOF-CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CUPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 3 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. REIFFENSTEIN

IMPORTANT TO Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co., 86 Ann-st., New York City

April 20, 1874.

Caution.

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, ... Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, ... ing, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength. SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them ... forth as possessing the ... ties of the true preparations, ... are in reality either ... pounds, ointments or pomades, ... trace of the Pancreatic principle ... tirely unfit and useless ... These imitations are calculated ... serious disappointment and to ... affect the reputation which the Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore important that purchasers examine the ... on the bottles for the name and ... Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE"

The Original and only Manufacturing Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report on a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled ... ment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with ... Almond or Prussic Acid. It was ... alkaline, indicating free alkali, ... ing upon the fat, produced the ... nifying result; the whole forming ... lar moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine, water. This ointment was ... chemically different from the ... creatic Emulsion which ... ined, and which, besides ... Pancreatic juice, has the delicate appearance and consistency of cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada, Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., ... Paul Street, MONTREAL, Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & Co., King Street, Toronto

February 28th, 1873.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE

Bright! Cheerful! Earnest! and Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

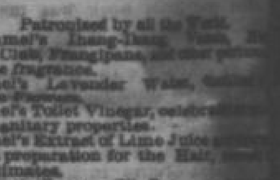
in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social ... than any other. Every yearly subscriber ... choice of the following ... steel Engravings, one of which ... First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.

"Peace Be Unto This House"

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace," "Bed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles." Agents wanted everywhere ... Send at once for circulars ...

J. W. JOHN, ...

Nov 1 ...



RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, ... Jockey Club, Frangipanni, and other ... exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, ... Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated ... ful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice ... the best preparation for the Hair, ... warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, ... Australian Eucalyptus.

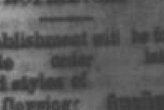
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, ... Floral Crackers, very amusing for ... Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, ... Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance ... Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, ... and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 ... Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's ... Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA



W. Stockdale & Co.

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order, latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS, Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for ... and all kinds of repairing ... promptly done.

A very large amount of new ... proved machinery has lately been ... and as the whole is driven by ... (the only establishment so supplied ... section of country), we are ... to produce work more promptly ... cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical ... give personal supervision to all ...

Ottawa, March 20, 1873.

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & Co.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Annual ... through which medium we beg to ... that we will submit for your ... plate assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other ... the Trade. Our energies having been ... directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE ... TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders ... will be satisfactorily filled.

... inspection to ... Blankets, Bags, Buck and ... is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & Co.

A. DUFF, Ottawa, Aug 1 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon ... celebrated teacher of Vocalisation, ... to give lessons in Vocalisation. ... attend pupils at their residences ... receive them at her house, between ... 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ... Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at ... Office, Lot Number 13, Wellington Street, (late ... Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2603 — OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.
A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS.
SERGUS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.
Jan. 7, 1874. 2476-1y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the Times office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Metcalfe Street, Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated if required.
Ottawa, May 4, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultation at all hours.
Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.
Special attention given to diseases and ailments of the urinary organs.
1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.
Office and Residence—O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.
Ottawa, March 28, 1872. 2037y

DR. BURROWS,
C.M.L.C.P.S.L., C., M.C.P.S.O.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Assistant Surgeon N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Cambridge-sts.
April 25, 1874. 2556-3m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—41 Sparks-st.
March 2, 1874. 2522y

TAYLOR & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Sharp's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAYLOR. F. H. CHRYSLER.
Ottawa, June 1 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM
The undersigned have agreed to form a Partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as
Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.
G. S. L. FELLOWES, Q.C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.
Feb. 4, 67 2465

DOHERTY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
T. H. PINHEY. | J. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 464-2m

A. CHAMBAULT & LEAMY,
Notary Public and Advocates.
A. CHAMBAULT, ANDREW LEAMY,
Notary Public. Advocate.
Have opened an office in Ottawa in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal Business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Jan 19, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FOHAN,
ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.
No. 12 St. James-S. MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2365-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c
OFFICE:
Master in Chancery Chambers,
OTTAWA DUCHY HOUSE CANADA.

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,
Barrister Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.
March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. PERLAND,
ADVOCATE,
Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,
MAIN STREET, HULL.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 1y

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
(Successor to William Mongrove, Esq.,)
Mongrove's Building, Ottawa.
March 2, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders
LOOKING-GLASS and
PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTURERS,
60 Sparks-st.
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2517

DONALD H. GRANT,
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT
Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.
Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
April 1872. 2020-1y.

F. YIELDING,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
OFFICE—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at I. C. BIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
THE WILLIAMS
SINGER
SEWING MACHINES
—TOOK—
ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.
They are used by nearly all the leading Manufacturers, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and are the easiest to keep in order of any Machine in the market. Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell the celebrated Popular Machines.
GEO. DAWSON,
Sparks-st., Ottawa
Ottawa, April 1, 1874. 2387-3m

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE
From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)
Fares from Ottawa, Cabin.....$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage.....$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.
From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. (When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.)
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.
Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.
OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.
April 27, 1874. 2554

ROYAL MAIL LINE.
UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Balotte
Snow Bird	Daly
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
Lone Star	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	Mulligan
Kippewa	Reid
Deux Rivieres	

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 9 a.m., for passengers.
Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily (Sundays excepted), at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:30 o'clock p.m.
A connection is made with Canada Central Railway at Sand Point on the up and down trips.
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2564

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
1874. 1874.
TEMPERLEY LINE,
Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:
ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.
The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.
FROM LONDON.
Thames.....Wednesday, June 3
Delta.....Wednesday, June 17
Helios.....Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence.....Wednesday, July 15
FROM QUEBEC.
Thames.....Thursday, July 2
Delta.....Thursday, July 9
Helios.....Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence.....Thursday, Aug. 6
Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.
For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec; DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or
C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.
June 18, 1874. 2543.

1873. 1874.
Ottawa River Navigation Co.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
DAY AND NIGHT LINE.
New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonell
" PRINCESS.....P. McGowan
DOWNWARDS.
Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a.m., and 5 p.m. by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.
UPWARDS.
Passengers leave by the 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.
Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extras.
Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.
The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.
Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.
Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.
R. W. SHEPHERD, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
G. F. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

$55,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
TO BE SOLD AT COST PRICE!
J. R. STITT & CO.
Will commence on TUESDAY, 26th, their GREAT CLEARING SALE of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

STOCK VALUE $55,000, which must be reduced to $15,000 by 1st August. In order to do this, we have decided to have a Genuine Cheap Sale. Every piece of Goods will be offered at Cost Price.
As we make it a rule never to advertise anything but what is strictly correct, our patrons may rely on the sale being BONA FIDE, and the reductions as quoted below.
***Ladies, remember the Stock is quite new, well assorted, and the prices lower than ever before quoted in this City.
The sale price in Red, the old price in Black Ink. See Immense Reductions!

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Dress Goods—

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
2,000 yards	16cts.	now	7½
2,500 "	20	"	14½
3,000 "	25	"	19
3,175 "	30	"	22½
2,085 "	36	"	26½
2,275 "	40	"	31
3,000 "	50	"	38½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Black Silks—

1,100 yards	$2 00	now	$0 75
1,225 "	1 25	"	1 00
1,300 "	1 40	"	1 25
1,575 "	1 65	"	1 25½
550 "	1 75	"	1 40½
500 "	2 00	"	1 47½
400 "	3 00	"	2 50

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Grenadines—

Splendid	17cts.	now	14
Assortment	20	"	16
Plain Black	25	"	19½
and	30	"	22
Coloured	35	"	27

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Prints, 425 Pieces—

1,500 yards	13cts.	now	9½
2,275 "	14	"	11
3,025 "	15	"	12½
2,150 "	18	"	15
3,185 "	20	"	16

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White and Grey Cottons	13	"	10½
	15	"	12½
	17	"	14½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT well assorted in Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Grey and Bed Quilts, etc., at 20 per cent. reduction.
AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costomes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
	8 50	"	7 25
Polonaises	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Hosiery.

White and	15c.	now	12c.
Coloured	25	"	19
	30	"	22
Cotton	35	"	26½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Batistes and Lawns.

83,000 yards	17cts	now	14
	20	"	16
	22	"	17½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.

	Old Price.		Sale Price.
White Trellis and Satins. Stripe	25	"	19
	30	"	25
Muslins	30	"	25
4,000 yards	35	"	28½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Tassones.

Grass Cloths	20cts.	now	15½
Splendid	25	"	19½
Assortment	30	"	23
	35	"	26½
	40	"	28

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Piques and Brilliants.

400 yards	17cts.	now	14
450 "	20	"	16½
475 "	25	"	19½
350 "	30 and 35	"	22½ 26½

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Costumes.

Dresses	$4 50	now	$3 75
	6 75	"	5 75
	8 50	"	7 25
Polonaises	9 50	"	8 00
	12 00	"	10 25

AT STITT & CO'S SALE.
Ladies' Under-Clothing.

Original price	$0 75	$0 90	$1 00	
Sale price	0 62½	0 75	0 80	
Original price	1 25	1 50	2 00	
Sale price	1 00	1 12	1 62	

Ribbons, Laces, Ladies Ties, Frillings, and several other Lines too numerous to mention, will be sold at the usual reduction.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST.

MOWAT & SON
50 Sussex-st.,
OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of
Cloths and Men's Clothing,
FOR TWO WEEKS
Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg	2.50

A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.

200 Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 " Sac Coats	2.25

500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.
Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.
A. Mowat & Son.
May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL
In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they
HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST
With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS
Plain and Fancy Furniture,
Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a
SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.
Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-St, 3rd DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-St.
May 9, 1874. 2561y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,
Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,
29 Rideau Street.
His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.
SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.
All Goods Warranted Shrunk.
Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

CALL AT
MOORE BROS'.
House Furnishing Establishment,
CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,
And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.
May 28, 1874. 2560y

GOOD TIMES COMING
—IN—
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
B 4 U BUY
CALL AT DORION'S,
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,
—IN—
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.
Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.
Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,
C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.
(Late Desbarats' Property.)
May 13, 1874.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular.
Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, & guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
1874.

A LARGE VARIETY OF
GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER
SEEDS!
OF ALL KINDS, AT
DACIER'S DRUG STORE,
43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.
March 28, 1874. 2528

NEW BOOKS!
NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo..... 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner..... 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES IN GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold..... $1.75
For Sale by
HENDERSON & Co
39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!
Books, Books!
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.
STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.
Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AGENT:
G. MANN,
Hardware Merchant,
SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
April 15. 2545-1m

Easter Beef
AT
C. KENNEDY'S,
WELLINGTON-ST.,
Opposite Bank of B. N. A.
pril 2, 1874.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
TELEGRAPH LINE.
Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—
The furnishing of all materials, labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.
The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.
In the wooded sections the land to be cleared to a width of 133 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.
Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:
(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.
(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 800 miles.
(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.
(4) Lac La Biche, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia, to Fort Edmonton, about 500 miles.
(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.
(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 700 miles.
The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.
Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.
Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, 19th June, 1874. 2568 2awk-4d.

BERMINGHAM'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
No. 3, Elgin Street.
AUCTION SALE
—OF—
PIANOS!
SEIZED BY CUSTOM HOUSE.
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, of the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, am instructed to sell by Public Auction, at my Sale Rooms, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, at the hour of two o'clock on
MONDAY NEXT, 22D INST.,
Three very fine Rosewood Pianos, 7½ octaves, made by J. P. Haine, New York, numbered 20069, 20,560, 20,567, and seized by an officer of Customs of this city on Tuesday, June 16th. The subscriber has therefore in consequence of such seizure, received positive instructions to sell said Pianos at Public Auction, and
WITHOUT ANY RESERVE WHATEVER,
which he will do on above named day and place, regardless of price. All concerned will govern themselves accordingly.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
June 19, 1874.

CREDIT SALE
—OF—
BUGGIES AND EXPRESS WAGGONS
By Auction.
The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, on
TUESDAY, 23d INSTANT,
At 10:30 o'clock a.m. on the By Ward Market, ten new Buggies and six Express Waggons, all of the very best material, finest workmanship and made by one of the best carriage builders in this city. The owner is determined to sell them, in order to make room for the manufacture of his winter stock, and they will therefore be sold on six months' credit, and at the purchasers own price. All in want of good Express Waggons and Buggies should bear this sale in mind, as such an opportunity to purchase cheap, and from a good stock, will not offer again this season. They will be on view from eight o'clock until hour of sale, ten thirty on Tuesday, 23d inst., on the By Ward Market.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
June 19, 1874.

REAL ESTATE.
FARM FOR SALE.
A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.
WHO WILL HAVE IT?
I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built, and another good stable capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which goes $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. BERMINGHAM.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.
"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four more dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $560, sold. The above premises commands a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking for investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $4,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK
ALL
Branches of Builders Work!
Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.
HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application.
COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 25, 1874. 2547

NEW
Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,
No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.
The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop
At No. 54, Sussex Street,
Where they will be prepared to execute all work in
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING,
Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.
Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.
We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.
All work warranted for One Year.
MASON & CO.
Ottawa, March 1, 1874. 2484

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY, the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.
Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of H. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E., Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 29th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.
Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.
For the due fulfilment of the contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of five per cent of the value of the Contract.
To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of the conditions, as well as the due performance of the works mentioned in the contract.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

THE MISSES SINGLETON
HAVE REMOVED
Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKTALE'S BLOCK, 191 RIDEAU-St., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Children's Underclothing, Corsets, &c., &c., always on hand.
N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.
April 20, 1874. 2507-3m

The Duke of Kent, the Queen's Father, at Quebec 1791-'3.

Of the numerous sons of King George III, none, perhaps, were born with more generous impulses; none, certainly more manly—none, more true in their attachments, and still none more maligned, neglected—traduced than he, who, as a jolly Colonel of Fusileers, spent two pleasant years of his life at Quebec in 1791-3. Edward Augustus, the father of our virtuous and beloved Sovereign.

We wish to be understood at the outset. It is not our intention here to write a panegyric on a Royal Duke: like his brothers, York and Clarence—the pleasure loving, he, too, had his foibles; he was not an anchorite by any means. His stern, Spartan idea of discipline may have been over stretched, and blind adherence to routine in his daily habits may have justly invited the lash of ridicule. What is pretended here, and that, without fear of contradiction, is that his faults, which were those of a man, were loudly proclaimed, whilst his spirit of justice, of benevolence, and generosity, was unknown, unrecognised, except by a few. No stronger record can be opposed to the traducers of the memory of Edward, Duke of Kent, than his voluminous correspondence with Col. De Salaberry and brothers, from 1791 to 1815—recently, through the kindness of the De Salaberry family, laid before the public, by the late Dr. W. J. Anderson, of Quebec.

The Duke had not been lucky, in the way of biographers. The Rev. Erskine Neale, who wrote his life, is less a biographer than a panegyrist, and his book, if, instead of much fulsome praise, it contained a fuller account of—especially of the early career of his hero—the Duke's sayings and doings in Gibraltar, Quebec and Halifax, it would certainly prove more valuable, much more complete.

Singularly enough, Neale, disposes in about three lines, of the years the Duke spent in Quebec, though as proved by his correspondence, those years were any thing but barren. Quebec we contend, as exhibited in the Duke's letters, ever retained a green spot in his souvenir, in after life.

The Old Chateau-ball, the Kent House in St. Lewis street, had for him their joyful sunshine, when, as a stalwart, dashing Colonel of Fusileers, aged 25, he had his "entrees" in the fashionable drawing-rooms of 1791—Holland House, Powell Place (Spencer wood, as it is now called), old Earle's receptions, Lymburner's soirees in his old mansion on Sault au Matelot street, then the fashionable quarter for wealthy merchants. The Duke's cottage "orne" at the Montmorency Falls had also its memories, but these were possibly too tender to be expatiated on in detail.

The Prince, it appears, was also present on an occasion of no ordinary moment to the colony—that is when the King, his father, "granted a Lower Chamber to the two provinces in 1791."

The only original source now available for indicting that portion of the Duke's life spent in Quebec, is Neilson's old "Quebec Gazette," supplemented with divers old traditions, not always reliable.

Dr. Anderson's compilation will certainly go far to dispel the atmosphere of misrepresentation floating around the character of Prince Edward, as he was familiarly styled, when here during the past century. The character of the most humble individual, when casually mentioned in history, ought to be free from misrepresentation. Why this rule should not apply to the manly soldier who, in the streets of old Quebec in 1791, he died his gallant man whenever a riot, a fire, or a public calamity required their presence, is difficult to understand. No man was more popular in the city from the services he rendered when called on. One class, however, found in him an unrelenting disciplinarian—the refractory soldier attempting mutiny or desertion from the corps.

We are invited to these reflections from the fact that new light is now promised to us on this traduced commander, in the shape of what will no doubt be an attractive biography of Duke Edward from the pen of a London "litterateur" of note, whose name we are not justified in giving at present. The following extract from a London letter, received this last mail by a gentleman of this city, who has succeeded in gathering together valuable materials of Canadian history, will prove what we now assert. It is addressed to Mr. LeMoine, late President of the Literary and Historical Society, whose sketch of the Prince's career in 1791, as contained in the "Maple Leaves" for 1865, seems to have obtained the full approbation of the distinguished "litterateur" now engaged in writing the life of the Duke;

SOUTH KENSINGTON,
London, May. 30, 1874.

"DEAR SIR,—If my note on Miss Nevill's incident, (*) clears up any point hitherto obscure of Canadian life, use it by all means for your Canadian sketches. During my searches consequent to elucidate the Duke's sojourn in Canada, many curious stories came under my eye, which have never, as I am aware, been yet published in Canadian histories, when the Prince was stationed at Quebec. The London pens were in the habit of publishing from time to time incidents of considerable interest bearing on to-go-ten periods of the early British Constitutional History of Canada—parliamentary. My intention is to note them in the life of his R. H., as he was present when the King granted a lower Chamber to the two Provinces in 1791. From this circumstance he based his firm adherence to a constitutional Government as the safest mode to ensure freedom to all parties interested therein. My work on the Duke of Kent would have been published ere this, but I am awaiting for the correspondence promised me by Lord B——addressed to Lord L——and that also of Sir B—— Douglass, formerly Lieut. Governor of ——. Your suggestion will not be lost sight off. *Maple Leaves* have been fully culled for information concerning the Prince. Holland Farm and the Duke at Montmorency give a correct picture of life in Quebec in 1791—information unknown to Rev. Mr. Neale in 1850.

If not too much trouble, could you let me know whether these works, of which I enclose a list, mention the Duke in Canada, for the British Museum does not possess these publications, which obliges me to speak information from such a person as yourself, who is versed in Canadian affairs. I am anxious to give a correct account of the Duke in Canada. This period of his life has escaped all the biographers of the Prince, Philippart and Neale, &c. If I should meet any striking incident relative to Canadian affairs, I shall forward it to your address."

(*) This curious incident is mentioned in the *Maple Leaves* for 1865, in connection with a mess dinner, when a gentleman friend of one of the young Hollands' was proved to be a beautiful female in disguise, who afterwards married an English nobleman.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

A Granger dreamed that he died. He went straight to the spirit-world; he knocked at the gate of the New Jerusalem, and it was opened unto him. The books were opened; he was asked, "Did you ever belong to any secret society?" To which he replied, "I did — to the Grangers." "Then, sir, you can't be admitted; depart." He then went to the door of the bottomless pit, when the following propositions were made: "Stranger," said Nick, "I will not admit you here; they do not want you in heaven; but I will sell you two hundred barrels of brimstone for cash, ten per cent off, and you can start a little hell of your own, with no agents or middle-men."

ODDS AND ENDS.

A green-grocer—One who trusts.

Vegetable philosophy—Sage advice.

A table of interest—The dinner table.

Cure for a felon—Take it to the penitentiary.

A family of original cremationists—Burn'ems.

Tailor, measuring fat customer—"Would you hold the end, sir, while I go round?"

Why are clergymen like railway porters? Because they do a good deal of coupling.

Suggests the *Travellers' Record*: "How to shorten ocean voyages—Lengthen the ships."

"Looking two ways for Sunday."—Scrutinising in duple directions for the Christian Sabbath.

A Hoboken editor, being challenged, sent word in reply: "When I want to die I can shoot myself."

"He handled his gun carelessly, and put on his angel plumage," is the latest Western obituary notice.

An experienced old gentleman says that all that is necessary in the enjoyment of love or sausages is confidence.

A Yankee editor has recently got up a remedy for hard times. It consists of ten hours labor well worked.

The Western women have in a great degree stopped praying in public and are making up their summer clothes.

"The least said, the soonest mended."—The minimum of an offensive remark is cobbled with the greatest promptitude.

A New York merchant absent mindedly copied a love letter to his "heart's idol" in the letter book of the firm before sending it.

A gentleman in Pottsville, Penn., has named his dog Penny because it was one cent to him and he had ten mills with the cat.

A placard in a Brooklyn barber's shop window announces "Boots blacked inside." But must not that be very bad for the stockings?

"I say," said a rough to a fop with conspicuous bow-legs, "I say, don't you have to have your pantaloons cut with a circular saw?"

"It is a good ground for divorce in St. Louis if a wife finds one hundred and thirteen love letters from a red-headed woman in her husbands pocket.

A careful Evansville reporter, in speaking of a man who had both of his legs cut off by a railroad train says "he will probably be a cripple for life."

Waiter (to old gent at restaurant). Take any pastry, sir? Old Gent (to waiter)—Yes, bring me a pancake; will it be long? Waiter. No sir; round.

An old woman was beaten almost to death in Apango, Mexico, recently, for having brought the smallpox into the community by means of witchcraft.

A little boy heard his mother tell of eighteen head of cattle being burnt the other night. "Warren's their tails burnt also?" inquired the verdant youth.

"Boy, is that a licensed dog?" asked a Detroit policeman. "No," said the youngster; "he's a rat

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND

PIGEON MATCH.

WARD vs. PAINE.

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY),

—AT—

MUTCHMOR'S PARK

COMMENCING AT 12

Labelle will provide a First-class LUNCH.

June 24, 1874. 2609-1

LAST CHANCE FOR

An Easy Fortune.

FIFTH AND LAST GIFT CONCERT

In aid of the

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

JULY 31st, 1874.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts,	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts,	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts,	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts,	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts,	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts,	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts,	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts,	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts,	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts,	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts,	50 each	950,000

Grand Total, 20,000 Gifts, all Cash, 2,500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets	$50.00
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Tenth, or each Coupon	5.00
11 Whole Tickets for	500.00
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For Tickets or information, address

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky

June 23, 1874. 2602-4w-w4s

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that any person or persons found

SHOOTING BIRDS

In and about the

RIDEAU HALL GROUNDS

And in the BAY west of the main road, will be prosecuted as the Law directs.

By order,

E. J. O'NEILL,
Supt. Govt. Police.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1874. 2601

SWEET TONED

ORGANS

In Beautiful Cases, for sale cheap, at

GEO. DAWSON'S,

AGENTS WANTED to sell

SEWING MACHINES,

ORGANS, &c.

Call and see the Instruments and Machines at

GEO. DAWSON'S,
68 Sparks-St.

A good second hand EXPRESS WAGGON for sale cheap.

July 22, 1874.

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

DIVIDEND No. 6.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of

SEVEN PER CENT.

per annum for the half year ending 30th inst., has been declared upon the paid up capital stock of this Company, and will be payable at the head office and offices of the Company, on and after

SATURDAY, 25th JULY NEXT,

By order of the Board.

Signed, J. C. SMALL,
Secretary,

Toronto, June 20, 1874. 2592-4in

BANK OF OTTAWA.

The Stock Books of the BANK OF OTTAWA are now open for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Bank and are placed at the following places, viz:—

In Ottawa at the Office of R. W. Cruice, Esq.

Pembroke	"	Messrs. Hunter Bros.
Arnprior	"	Messrs. McLachlan Bros.
Mansfield	"	Hon. George Bryson.
Aylmer	"	Messrs. Fleming, Church and Kenney.
Buckingham	"	Jas. McLaren & Co.

By order of the Provincial Directors,

JAMES McLAREN, Chairman.

Ottawa, June 20, 1874. 2601-6in

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2523-3m

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 20, 1874.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Ten Millwrights and Framers. Apply to WM. MOSGROVE.

June 22, 1874. 2601-6

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.

JOS. METCALFE.

June 17. 2587-tf.

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.

June 9, 1874. 2596.

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria Streets, handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size finish, and location, is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. S. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584.

LOT FOR SALE.—The South half of Lot No. 4, 1st Concession of Gloucester (Ottawa front) fronting on the Montreal Macadamized Road, seven miles from the city limits. Soil unsurpassed by anything in the Township. Apply to A. W. POWELL, County Jail, Ottawa.

June 23, 1874. 2603-4w4d

GLAD TIDINGS !!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at

CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstone, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freres, and a variety of other brands.

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water.

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
Grocers, 36 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1874.

It was hardly to be expected that the United States Senate would be able to give the proposed Reciprocity Treaty that consideration necessary with a view to practical action during this session. It was submitted at a period too advanced, and no one need feel much surprised that action thereon has been deferred till next session. It is something to know that the draft made a good impression on the Senate, giving grounds for the belief of the New York Correspondents at Washington that in case a vote could have been reached, it would have proved favourable to the Treaty. Some of the U. S. manufacturers, including Philadelphia bookmakers and New Jersey producers of wares have taken fright at the prospect of the free admission of Canadian articles in competition. They have met with the ridicule of the more influential organs of public opinion, however, which charge the grumblers with a species of selfishness which would sacrifice the national advantage to that of a handful of timid manufacturers.

The provisions of the new British election law continue to be strictly executed. Baron Bramwell lately declared the return of the two Liberal candidates for North Durham, Messrs. Bell and Palmer, null and void on account of popular intimidation. The Court of Common Pleas also declared invalid the return of Lord Kensington for Haverford West, owing to an error of judgment on the part of the Returning Officer. The offences in these cases were of the nature usually regarded trifling or too common to excite much remark before the passing of the present Act. The election of two Liberals for North Devon was noticed, at the time, more on account of its supposed indication of a decline of the popularity of the Conservatives than by reason of any general opinion as to the resort to unlawful practices. Those who jumped to the conclusion of a Liberal reaction have had their error recently corrected by the subsequent election, which has resulted in the return of the previously defeated Conservative, Sir G. Elliott, and Mr. Palmer, the Liberal, who was placed at the head of the poll on the first occasion. The fact of his being able to present himself a second time proves that he was not held liable, personally, for the irregularities for which he was unseated. The Conservatives on this occasion have been gratified by another success.

THE NEW CABLE.

The completion of the cable to Brazil constitutes another great victory of commerce and science. This enterprise was not discouraged or retarded by any mishap or failure, everything having gone smoothly from the commencement of the operation of sinking the wires. The gratifying result is that Britain is now in instant communication with the Brazils and other parts of South America, and that North America may also carry on intercourse, by telegraph, with the Southern portion of the Continent, though less directly. To the latter the cost in time and money will be greater, but no doubt the facilities thus created for the purposes of trade will be turned to account by the United States and the Dominion, and will be worth a considerable outlay. It is to be hoped that among the improvements of the early future will be direct telegraphic connection between Canada and South America, the trade between which has made remarkable strides of late years. The laying of the new cable between Portsmouth, N. H., and England *via* Cape Breton will, doubtless, secure us a material reduction in the price of messages to and from the old country within an early period. The existing monopoly has been using all its influence to prevent the sanction of the Canadian Act, intended to give the new company equal privileges with the old, but it is to be hoped it will not succeed. There has long been an opposition to the exclusive rights of the old Company as regards Newfoundland, entertained in official quarters in Britain, which affords some reason to believe they will fail in their selfish policy of shutting out all competition. Of course a system of lower charges between Canada and England would substantially encourage correspondence between North and South America to the advantage of their mutually profitable commerce.

NO ALTERNATIVE.

The chief Ontario organ of the Liberal Conservative party makes the casual vacancy in the representation of East Elgin, consequent upon the death of Mr. Harvey, the subject of an effort to induce the country to believe that there is yet life and power in the skeleton remains of Canadian Toryism. It is not in the power of people to see themselves as others see them, and it may be well that it is so. The woman in scarlet is perhaps sometimes unable to believe in the justice of her exclusion from respectable society; and upon the principle by which her moral blindness is to be explained, are we called upon to account for the conceit in which the leading newspapers and politicians of the lately dominant party hold themselves. A little more modesty would be less offensive, under the circumstances, and would have a more persuasive force with the multitude who do not look kindly upon the fallen politician any more than upon the fallen in the social scale.

It may do very well as a means of keeping up within its ranks some degree of self-estimation to assume the role of injured innocence; but it will require a greater persuasive effort than that to make the practical mind of the country insensible to the importance of facts that are of so recent occurrence as the leading incidents of the political crisis that ended in the defeat and disgrace of the long-time leader of the Conservative party. Admitting for the sake of argument that what the *Mail* alleges against the party at present in power be true, we shall yet have made only half the admission necessary to the organ's purpose, and that by far the least difficult. Let it be admitted that the dissolution of the House, last winter, was a "midnight attack," and in that character something of a very opprobrious nature; let it be admitted further that the "public mind was unduly excited over the great slander," and that the great slander was not, as the country has accepted it, a great scandal; what then has been established? Let us allow that Mr. Cartwright is a "renegade Finance Minister," and that he has neither "brains nor experience;" that the "Great Pacific Railway scheme has been thrown overboard," and that the whole sum and substance of ministerial delinquency is properly summed up in the statement that "incapacity, mismanagement and treachery reign supreme in the entire work of administration." All that, if true, certainly goes to show that the country is not in good hands. But then we have gone only half as far as the people of Canada must go if they would serve the *Mail's* purpose. They must admit not only that the present Government is unfit for its position, but that the party leaders whom the *Mail* delights to honour, are in every respect qualified to resume the place from which so recently they were driven in disgrace. Now that is quite too much for the country to do just yet; we cannot venture for arguments sake, lest we might be misunderstood, to admit that Sir John Macdonald is at all competent to be recalled to Her Majesty's counsel in this country. It is not our desire to be constantly placing this unpleasant matter before the country, nor are we responsible for the frequent references that are made to it. If the *Mail* and its party confreres will persist in claiming for their woman in scarlet, and her associates, that they are purer and better than others who have kept themselves above the reproach of shame, we are not answerable for the frequent use of the damaging reflections and comparisons with which virtue is ever enabled to meet the assaults of vice.

The case is just this, that whether the men at present in power in the Dominion are competent or incompetent, honest or dishonest, traitors or the reverse, the country has no alternative. To recall Sir John Macdonald and his retinue of condemned charter-sellers would be to grant that when the electoral body will not sustain a party on the merits of its policy, the resources of the country may be spent in bribing them to give their support regardless of merit or any other consideration. That appalling step the country is very far from being prepared to take. We do not care to be constantly heaping praise upon the Minister and his colleagues now at the head of the State, but we are bound to say that whether their administration be bad or good, vigorous or inert, capable or incapable, there is no possibility of change. It is the duty of the Conservative party to purge itself, and by penance or otherwise, as it best may, repair the errors of the past, so that in due course of time, its leaders, whoever they may be, may be permitted, without dishonouring the State, to guide its affairs. That will be a work of some years,—in the present temper of the party and its disposition to cling to its fallen gods, we fear a work of many years. In the meantime, the bulk of the people will be assured that the country is safe in the hands of the present regime.

RECENT STRIKES.

The bricklayers of New York, after a struggle of some duration, seem about to yield the point, having offered to resume work on the *Tribune* building, in that city, on the old terms. They have thus lost considerable time and money, only to prove that they could be dispensed with, that if they would not work for the original wages, others could be got to supply their place. The same answer was returned at other buildings, viz: that the places of the strikers were nearly all filled. The labour combinations in the States appear to be less successful than in England, so far as the number or triumphs over masters is concerned. Perhaps the organization of the crafts is less efficient in the Republic, and less comprehensive. Of course the population is not so homogeneous as in England, and thus advantage can be taken of the differences between the various nationalities, their mutual jealousies and rivalries. If Irishmen or Englishmen, with Americans, lock themselves out, across the line, the Germans or men of other foreign races can be courted and used to perform the most pressing jobs, while masters may let other work stand over with the object of starving out the strikers. Though strikes in Britain frequently fail, they often succeed, working men standing loyally by each other, and not seldom, by organization and expenditures, defeating the efforts to supply their places with foreigners. It cannot be denied that the Agricultural Labourers' strikes, of late, have added a fresh problem of great difficulty to the labour question in the United Kindom. The farm hands were slow to learn the art of organization, and timid in venturing on strikes, but they broke the ice at length, and have begun to acquire a liking for the new experiment. True, they started from the vantage-ground of general public sympathy, a feeling for which there was much to be said. In many localities they ranked little higher than the animals they tended, in the matter of information and social respect. They were ill fed and poorly paid, seeming, moreover, sadly lacking in self-respect and honorable ambition to improve their state. The lesson of union has been taught them, however, by men like Joseph Arch, within the last few years, to some purpose, and a little more spirit seems to have been infused into them. In some cases, doubtless, their lot is tolerably comfortable, their remuneration consisting in privileges and gifts in addition to money which, if expressed in coin, would make up a respectable wage. The partial success which has rewarded the laborers, so far, has emboldened them to further trials of this novel operation of strikes. It is very probable that ever the fairly paid hands have had their opinion of their deserts enhanced by the estimate which the city artisans have been putting on their services. The spirit of emulation may have commenced to move even the dull-witted, easy-going rustics, who have hitherto been models of ignorant contentment. There can be no doubt that, if these rural strikes are not wholly due to outside stimulus, they are in the main, and their chief support has come from the tradesmen of the towns and cities. This assistance seems only at its commencement, to judge from the proceedings of the Trades Unions, in Manchester, reported in yesterday's issue. Twenty-five thousand artisans, headed by bands of music, must have made a very effective demonstration of sympathy with the strikers of the country parts, while seriously aggravating the troubles of the landowners and the farmers. The mass meeting subsequently held, the speeches and all the rest of the proceedings, evince great interest in this movement, on the part of the towns folk, and an ardent desire for the success of the agricultural labourers. It is not unlikely that these strikes may produce considerable ill-feeling between masters and men for the present, and serious loss to both, but good is almost certain to come out of such evils. The condition of the employed will be enquired into and some of its grievances remedied, while an impetus cannot fail to be given to the cause of education among the lowest classes. Even if more machinery should be used to dispense with manual labor, the men thus displaced may better their condition by emigrating to regions where they will be brought into contact with more active and enlightened intellects. The colonies, at any rate, should have no reason to regret events that would add materially to their vigorous and industrious farming population.

THE VETERANS OF 1872.

This subject it will be remembered, was brought before the House of Commons during the recent Session by Dr. Bronse, M.P., for South Grenville. The following satisfactory correspondence on the subject has passed between the Militia Department here and the authorities in England:

LETTER TO COMMISSIONERS OF CHELSEA HOSPITAL.

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE,
Ottawa, May 20th, 1874.

GENTLEMEN—I am instructed by the Hon. the Minister of Militia and Defence to request you to inform him whether, under terms of the Royal warrant of the 21st February, 1874, cases of men, who in the war of 1812, served in the Canadian Militia acting in *co-operation with the regular forces*, and who are now infirm and destitute, will receive consideration from the Commission—a few such cases having been brought to his notice.

I am also desired by the Minister of Militia to request that if such applications will be received, instructions as to the particulars required, and any blank forms necessary may be sent to him.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient Servant,
(Signed) GEO. FUTVOYE,
Dy. M. of M. & D.

The Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital, London, England.

REPLY OF MAJOR-GENERAL HUTT, SECRETARY ROYAL HOSPITAL, CHELSEA, S.W.,
Secretary's Office, June 15th, 1874.

SIR—I am directed by the Lords and others, Commissioners of this Hospital, to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 20th ultimo., relative to men of the Canadian Militia who claim pensions under the royal warrant of 21st February, 1874, and to inform you that the claims may be sent forward, when the Commissioners will determine the merits of each case separately. The information to be given in such case is shown in the accompanying paper.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
GEORGE HUTT,
Secretary.

The Deputy Minister of Militia and Defence, Ottawa.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
ROYAL HOSPITAL, CHELSEA, S.W.

To enable name and Service to be traced on the Records of this Office, it is requisite to supply the following information, and *to return this document to*—

THE SECRETARY,
Royal Hospital,
Chelsea, S.W.,

to whom all communications relating to Pension should be addressed.

1. Name in full?
2. Regiment in which he served abroad, adding also *where* he served and *when*?
3. Regiments or Corps from which Discharged. If Artillery, state Brigade, Battalion or Battery?
4. At what actions present?
5. When and why Discharged?
6. Has he Medals?
7. Date of Admission to Pension, and rate of Pension?
8. If not a Pensioner, date of Discharge from the Service?

If in possession of a Discharge or Pension Certificate send it to this Office.

GEORGE HUTT,
Secretary.

Reciprocity.

The following is the N. Y. *World's* Washington despatch on the subject of the Reciprocity Treaty, published on Thursday:—

"It is now pretty certain that the reciprocity treaty will be sent to the Senate to-morrow, Thursday. It is not, however, going to that body for ratification, but the President will send the form of the treaty to the Senate, accompanied with a short message asking it to approve of the pending negotiations between Mr. Fish and Mr. Brown, the Canadian Commissioner. The treaty can then be perfected during the recess of Congress and be ratified early next session. Such was the latest report from a very reliable source."

The N. Y. *Herald* says:—

"Secretary Fish is feeling his way, evidently, with the Senate as to the proposed Reciprocity Treaty with Canada. It is reported that a draft of the treaty has been or will be shortly submitted to that body, and that a special executive session will be called for the purpose of considering the provisions of the treaty. This deference to the Senate may be proper enough, but if Mr. Fish were not so timid and slow he would have found out the views generally of Senators and have had the treaty ready for Executive action. Should the matter be delayed any longer there will not be time for definite action this session of Congress, and much of the work will have to be done over again. The principle of reciprocal trade with our colonial neighbors is generally approved both by Congress and the public, and there ought not to be much difficulty in agreeing upon the details.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE TIMES will not be held responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

Immigration.

SIR,—A friend in the old country, who is proprietor and editor-in-chief of a paper exerting some influence, and who is also Emigration Agent for Australia and New Zealand, sends me his journal with the following article:—

CAUTION TO INTENDING EMIGRANTS.

A distressing case of suicide is reported by the Toronto *Mail* as having taken place in that city on the 13th inst. Henry Young, an emigrant from England, aged 18, shot himself in his boarding house on James street, owing to despondency of mind resulting from fruitless endeavours to obtain employment. At the inquest he was described as of a quiet and inoffensive disposition. The jury returned a verdict that the deceased died from the effects of a wound inflicted by himself while labouring under a depression of spirits. At Montreal, a day or two before, Alexander Begg, aged 22, from Scotland, deliberately laid himself down on the track of the street railroad. He is in a critical condition. It is singular to find in the same Toronto papers, which announce the arrival of nearly 600 emigrants by the 'Sarmatian,' a statement, that the number of applicants for a night's lodging by destitute persons at the Kingston police station the night before was never so great. A correspondent writes to us (the *Mail*) that while some English employers are at their wit's end for men, and are talking of hiring Chinese, any number of disappointed or unsuccessful Englishmen in Canada now unable to return home would jump at the chance if offered. While shiploads, he affirms, could easily be secured by English employers if they would charter vessels and advance the return fares, which, beyond doubt, the men thus coming home would readily undertake to refund out of their earnings in England. An English emigrant the other day stated, in conversation, that he had left England for Canada under the idea that, if dissatisfied, he could easily return, but the excessively high cost of fuel and rent kept him always without money, and he found it easier to go out than to get back.

Then in the next number he has the following, and as you will perceive, that gives him the opportunity of inserting the *Mail* article.

EMIGRATION.

To the Editor.

SIR—News from Canada is distressing. Persons who have been sent there have found their mistake—too late. Persons who rob a man of £3 in his pocket are very guilty—but not so much guilty as those who, by false representations, induce poor people to go to foreign lands, to starve and die broken hearted. The authorities should, in the interest of all, enquire as to the statements that are made to induce persons to emigrate, and if they are false they should be punished. Do, sir, acting for the good of the people, enlighten me and many others in this vital question.

Yours respectfully,
A WORKING MAN.

[All we do at this moment is to re-produce the Toronto *Mail's* article which appeared in our issue of Tuesday. We have written to Canada to enquire into the matter, we shall insert the answer which we expect from a relative of ours whose public and social position enable him to state facts as they are. In the meantime all intending emigrants look well before they leap—let them repair to the countries which offer the greatest advantages and the greatest sum of happiness.] (ED. J. O.)

I need hardly say the relative spoken of is myself.

It is not of course convenient for my good friend to confront the isolated facts he has so nicely grouped together with the ten thousand testimonials from Englishmen who have *not* been disappointed, but who, on the contrary, have succeeded beyond their expectations. Nor does he seem to know anything of the reports made by Mr. Joseph Arch, the agricultural laborers' representative, sent to Canada for the express purpose of searching out the land. But perhaps he may, at any rate, be able to infer something in our favor when he learns that the *not* disappointed settlers have been sending year by year for over 30 years, to their friends "at home" probably not much less than a million of dollars per annum, the greater part of which as relief to aged parents and poor brothers and sisters burdened with large families, and part to enable the available ones to come over to share *not* their disappointment, but their prosperity. I am myself an immigrant and one perhaps of the most undesirable class in a country needing strong arms and labor skilled brains, for I had neither. I was only fit for "desking it" in a store, as it is termed, but somehow without any extraordinary mental or other force, and without political or other friends to push me on or pull me through, I have managed to live very comfortably and to rear a family of eight sons and daughters, five of whom are now married and have families of their own—all of them, like the parent pair, occupying good places in society and rejoicing moreover in something of this world's gear. And this history is being commenced and carried on year by year by hundreds and thousands, until "the wilderness is glad for them, and the desert blooms and blossoms as the rose." It is true that there are failures, as there must always be in every community and every state of society. One of the great causes of failure in Canada among new-comers in past times was the cheapness of whisky and other alcoholic stimulants. Thousands have been wrecked on this rock, but I think I may safely challenge contradiction to the assertion that, given health, given sobriety, given industry, given integrity—almost always found in company—there has not been one case of failure out of one hundred thousand.

A GRATEFUL HEART.

Reckless Statements.

STARR'S HOTEL,
Ottawa, June 22, 1874.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In a leading article published in yesterday's edition of the *Mail* newspaper, it is stated that "Nathaniel Dickey has received hundreds of thousands of dollars from the Ontario Government," through my signature.

Permit me to state that this is a fabrication conceived in the mind of the Editor of that unreliable organ, as I never certified to an account of Mr. Dickey in my life. If the *Mail* proprietors think that they are going to assist their party in the coming struggle in the local politics by promulgating falsehoods such as this throughout the country, they are greatly mistaken. However, the *Mail* blunderers may rest assured when that time comes, I will be able to give a good account of myself.

Yours again,
TERENCE CLARKE

POND'S EXTRACT is recommended for many afflictions; but this is the result of experience. Try it. 2601.

BLESSINGS BRIGHTENS AS THEY TAKE THEIR FLIGHT.—If you have a good head of hair take care of it; once gone and we realize its loss far more than we appreciate its presence. The Bearine is taking the place of all other hair dressings, because it is healthful to the hair and delightful to use. 2601.

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.

J. METCALFE.
2577

CITY AND VICINITY

ARRIVED OUT.—The steamship 'Scandinavian' arrived at Liverpool yesterday.

PIGEON MATCH.—There will doubtless be considerable excitement at the Pigeon Match between Ward of Toronto, and Paine of New York, to day at noon at Mutchmor Park.

THE FOOT GUARDS.—A commanding officiers' parade of the above regiment will take place on Friday evening. There will no doubt be a large number, and that the turn out will be as usual, a very creditable one.

THE MILITARY CAMP.—Arrangements are fast approaching completion at the Rideau Camp, under the Commandant Lieut. Col. Jackson. The staff comprises, Major Mattice, Brigade Major; Captain Butterfield, Supply Officer; Captain Weatherly, Musketry Instructor; and Lieut. Supple, A. D. C., to the Commanding Officer. The last three officers acted in the same capacity at the annual Brigade encampment at Prescott in 1872.

THE GUARDS' BAND.—The band of the G. G. F. G., will play the following programme on Parliament Square, this (Wednesday) evening at 8 p.m.

PROGRAMME.

1. Quick March		Howard
2. Overture	"Nabucod nosor"	Verdi
3. Waltz	"Der Morgenstern"	Labitzky
4. Fantasia	"The Rage in London"	Riviere
5. Quadrille	"Les Pompiers de France"	Riviere
6. Galop	"How do you do"	Hartman

The Regimental Quick Step.

NATIONAL ANTHEM.

CITY COUNCIL.—The City Council meets again this evening at 7 o'clock in special meeting. The fire by-law will come up for consideration. As there is a disposition now prevailing among members of the Council to reconsider the question of tenders for the main sewer, it is more than probable that the tender which seems to be most in accord with public opinion will be accepted and the matter set at rest. This will be the best policy to pursue and in fact the only one that will satisfy the ratepayers of the city.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LADIES SCHOOL.—The closing exercises in connection with this excellent institution will take place to-morrow evening in the Institute at No. 200, Wellington street. An entertainment of the most varied character will be afforded; the young ladies taking part in many interesting dramas. In addition to these, Vocal and Instrumental Musical exercises will be given, with a view to exhibit the proficiency of the young ladies in this respect. The distribution of prizes and the awarding of a gold medal will close the proceedings.

TOLL ROADS.—The County Council of Frontenac has taken a step in the right direction in the abolition of toll roads through their County. The County Council of Lanark has followed in the wake of Frontenac and done the same thing. The County Council of the Metropolitan County of the Dominion will surely not remain long behind in effecting so desirable a change. It will confer an inestimable blessing upon farmers in the surrounding country; and a growing city like Ottawa can never tolerate such barriers as choke up every artery leading into or out of the city.

HYDROPHOBIA.—The city of New York is greatly agitated just now over the question of hydrophobia, and the popular indignation has reached such a crisis against the *genus* canine that a regular crusade has been inaugurated against roving dogs. The police have been instructed accordingly, and dogs are despatched by the score every day. Toronto seems to have caught the epidemic, as stringent rules in relation to the dogs of that city are being enacted. It is not unlikely that our own city will have to adopt similar measures now that the dog days are fast coming upon us. Some system of collecting the dog tax might be devised by the issue of collars and numbers that would ensure such protection, as under the circumstances it would be very desirable to obtain.

A fine collection of flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street. 2597

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets. 2597

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and a great many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale which continues during the present month. 2597.

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale. No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

IRON ORE.—Some fine specimens of iron ore are to be seen on Elgin Street in front of the Russell House. They consist of two huge blocks of quartz containing fully 60 per cent. of metal. One is from the Haycock mine and the other from that of A. H. Baldwin, both situate in the Township of Hull.

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JEROME SHENK, Insurance Agent. 2595

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595.

BRAIN EXHAUSTION.—Mr. James I. Fellows, St. John, N. B. SIR: Having, while at your establishment, carefully examined your prescription, and the method of preparing your Compound Syrup, I felt anxious to give it a fair trial in my practice For the last twelve months I have done so, and I find that in Incipient Consumption, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, it has wonders. In restoring persons suffering from the effects of Diptheria, and the cough following Typhoid Fever, prevalent in this region, it is the best remedial agent I have ever used. But for persons suffering from exhaustation of the powers of the brain and nervous system, from long-continued study or teaching, or in those cases of exhaustion from which so many young men suffer, I know of no better medicine for restoraton to health than your Compound Syrup. If you think this letter of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you see fit. I remain yours, &c. EDWIN CLAY, M. D.

PUGWASH, N. S., January 14, 1868. 2601.

Protestant Hospital.

A public meeting was held yesterday in the City Hall, for the purpose of making arrangements for the holding of a Bazaar, the proceeds of which is to be devoted to furnishing the (new) Protestant Hospital in this city. Mrs. W. Stewart, Miss Langton, Miss Langton, Mrs. Dr. Grant, Lady Macdonald, Mrs. Jas. Blackburn, Miss Cameron, Mrs. (Rev. W.) Moore, Mrs. Garland, Mrs. McQuarry, Mrs. W. Hutchinson, Mrs. J. P. Featherston, Miss Bliss, Mrs. Tilton, Mrs. Bronson, Mrs. Geo. May, Mrs. Johnston, Mrs. Wily, Miss McKinnon, Mrs. W. Jamieson, Revd's. Mr. Hunter, W. Moore, J. McCormick, Messrs. J. P. Featherston, Mayor, J. Durie, Geo. May, R. Surtees, and W. Cousens.

On motion of Mr. Featherston, seconded by Mr. May, the Rev. Mr. Moore took the chair. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Durie, seconded by Mr. Featherston, that Mr. Cousens do act as Secretary. Carried.

The Mayor than gave a statement of the cost of the new Hospital, amounting to something over $35,000 of which about $19,000 has been paid, and a balance of sums subscribed yet to be collected of over $2,000, leaving a sum yet to be provided for of about $14,000. He also showed that it would take about $2,000 to provide heating apparatus, and a like sum to purchase the furniture requisite for the Hospital.

Whereupon it was moved by Lady McDonald, seconded by Mrs. W. Stewart, that in the opinion of this meeting, it is desirable that the Ladies of Ottawa, undertake to get up a Bazaar in aid of the furnishing and heating of the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital. Carried.

Moved by Mrs. Bronson, seconded by Miss Cameron, that the clergyman of each congregation, be requested to nominate from his congregation four Ladies, and that the Ladies so named do form a Council, to conduct the management of the Bazaar in aid of the Hospital. Carried.

Moved by Mrs. Tilton, seconded by Mrs. Dr. Grant, that it is desirable to request the Ladies of the adjoining counties, towns and villages, to co operate with the Ladies of Ottawa, in working and conducting the Bazaar for the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital. Carried.

Moved by Mrs. Tilton, seconded by Mrs. Moore, that in order that there may be a hearty co-operation and confidence in the working of the proposed Bazaar, it be understood that no Lotteries or Raffles be permitted. Carried.

Moved Mrs. Macdonald, seconded by Mrs. Jas. Blackburn, that no wines or other alcoholic beverages be permitted, to be introduced into or used at the proposed Bazaar.

Moved by Mr. May, seconded by Mr. Durie, that the following gentlemen be a committee to aid the ladies in all matters connected with the proposed Bazaar, viz:—Messrs. Langton, Tilton, Hay, Garland, Magee, Featherston and Wily—with power to add to their number Carried.

Moved by Rev. Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Featherston, that H. V. Noel, Esq., be requested to act as Treasurer. Carried.

The Chairman suggested that a meeting of the ladies to be chosen from the several congregations to be held on Monday next, the 29th inst., at 3 p. m. at the City Hall, and that the Security give notice of the same as soon as the names are furnished

Moved by Mr. Durie, seconded by Rev. Mr. Hunter, that the Rev. Mr. Moore do leave the chair, and that the Mayor do take the same, whereupon a vote of thanks was accorded to Rev. Mr. Moore for his conduct in the chair, after which the meeting was adjourned.

SYNOD OF THE DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

Thursday—Afternoon Session.

When the Synod resumed, the Rev. Canon Muloch continued and reflected on the Superintendent of Christ Church, Ottawa, for not making known to the Rector the nature of the book after he had discovered it.

Mr. Slater defended Mr. Cousens, the Superintendent, from the remarks of Rev. Dr. Muloch, saying he was a hard-working man, and was very zealous in the cause of the Church.

His Lordship the Bishop said that the only objection to the resolution which he held was that of Rev. Mr. Tighe—that it was impracticable.

Moved by Rev. Canon Bleasdell seconded by Judge Macdonald, that His Lordship the Bishop be and is hereby requested to appoint a committee to enquire into the principles—financial and otherwise—upon which the Depository of this Diocese is conducted, and to report thereon at the next Synod, the committee then to be composed of the mover, seconder and Mr. E. Harrison, of Belleville.

Rev. Canon Lauder said that as his name had been brought prominently before the Synod, he would like to make some explanations. There had been a discussion about this very subject, in which feeling ran very high, and that some people spoke very strongly upon the matter, but when he made his explanations his vestry had moved a resolution freeing him from culpability. The objectionable book had been ordered for the Sunday School, and had got into circulation without his having read every book that was used in the school. The book had been withdrawn and particular orders given to the school teachers to examine all books committed to them.

Judge Armstrong spoke at some length in favour of an investigation.

Rev. A. C. Nesbitt would not feel himself compelled to purchase books at the Diocesan Library or any where else.

Archdeacon Parnell, considered the resolution objectionable, as if it were passed it would go abroad that the Synod have no confidence in the Book and Tract Committee, a committee composed of gentlemen of every school of theology in the Diocese.

His Lordship said, not at all, there were objections to the working of the Depository on the part of many of the clergy.

Archdeacon Parnell, questioned if Canon Bleasdell knew as much of the business as the Book and Tract Committee.

Rev. Canon Bleasdell had had great experience in book buying, and thought he knew as much as the committee and "a great deal more." Laughter.

Dr. Henderson thought it very strange that a committee in whom the whole house had confidence should be obliged to have their proceedings enquired into by another committee.

Rev. Mr. Bousfield (Librarian), on taking the platform, was received with much applause. He said, "happily he could be short." (Great laughter.) He referred to the difficulties he had in connection with the working of the Depository, and said the unpopularity of the Depository was owing in a great measure to the fact that he would not trust. (Applause.) The Rev. Librarian defended himself at some length and retired warmly applauded.

The Ven. Archdeacon Lauder also defended himself and said if ever there was an "innocent abroad" it was himself—the whole matter was an accident, and no person was to blame but himself. The Synod need have no idea that he would circulate such books and when the matter came up in the vestry his explanations were considered satisfactory. It was of course wholly impossible to prevent the circulation of objectionable books, but the Synod and congregations must have confidence in their clergy.

Mr. George May thought that from the explanations and statements of His Lordship and Rev. Mr. Bousfield that a committee was necessary.

His Lordship the Bishop explained the desirability of having committee disclaim of any attempt of finding fault with Mr. Bousfield or the Book and Tract Society.

Rev. Mr. Forest, as a member of the Book and Tract Committee, would like a distinct committee. It seemed to him a reflection on the committee that the matter had been referred back to the committee only with the precaution that two members had been added to the committee in order to watch their manner of proceeding. The resolution appointing a committee was then carried.

Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute was held in Goderich on Thursday, Friday and Saturday last, at which there was a large attendance of the profession from all parts of the County. The Court room being occupied by the sittings of the County Court, the meetings were held in the basement of Knox Church.

The following are the questions and answers of Dr. Sangster with reference to his family affairs:—

Questions proposed to Dr. Sangster, with his answers thereto:

1st. What were the grounds on which you separated from your first wife?

Ans. The causes leading to our original separation are of too private and too painful a character to be publicly discussed—suffice it to say that in January, 1861, we did separate so far as living separately in the same house could extend. In June, 1866, all social intercourse whatever ceased between us, as I could no longer regard her as my wife.

2nd. Did the alleged immoralities of your first wife take place prior or subsequent to the association of your name with the present Mrs. Sangster.

Ans. Both before and after. My name was not associated with that of my present wife until the association was made by my former wife some four years subsequently to our original separation and nearly three years after the complete and final separation above referred to.

3rd. What circumstances led you to insist that the private separation existing up to 1869 should then culminate in a public separation?

Ans. Anxiety for the moral well-being of my children and the conviction that my former wife was banded with the most unscrupulous of my enemies to work me all the injury and mischief possible.

4th. When and where were you married to your first wife?

Ans. I was married in Toronto, December, 1851.

5th. When was your divorce obtained? Does it absolutely annul the bonds of matrimony formerly existing between you and your former wife?

Ans. The divorce was obtained in July, 1870. It is a final decree of divorce absolutely freeing both parties from the bonds of matrimony so that "both parties shall be at liberty to marry again as if such marriage never existed."

6th. Do you hold a legal certificate of qualification as a public school teacher?

Ans. I hold a first-class Provincial certificate of qualification as a public school teacher.

7th. In what order did the separation and subsequent marriages of yourself and your former wife take place.

Ans. The separation in 1861. The public separation in June 1869. The divorce was obtained in July, 1870. My former wife re married Feb. 1st, 1871. I resigned head mastership of the Normal School July, 1871, removed to the United States and there married again 21st September, 1871.

8th. Have you any documentary evidence in support of your answers to the above questions?

Ans. I have the fullest documentary evidence.

9th. Have you any text book prepared or to be prepared by you which you intend to present to the Council of Public Instruction for authorization?

Ans. I have no text book in possession which I desire to be authorized by the Council of Public instruction.

10th. Have you any evidence that the document which it is asserted is a forgery is valid?

And I present you the letter of the Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, saying that both the gentlemen who are witnesses to that document appeared before him and acknowledged their signatures, and stated that they were present and saw it signed by my former wife.

We, the undersigned Committee appointed by the Public School teachers of the country of Huron, hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct copy of the questions submitted to Dr. Sangster and his replies given in writing thereto in our presence.

D. M. MALLOCH,
Principal Clinton Central School.
W. R. MILLER,
Principal Goderich Central School.
LEONARD L. MCFAUL,
Principal Seaforth Central School.
R. FERGUSON,
S. S. No. 2 McKillop.
GEORGE BAIRD,
S. S. No. 1 Stanley.
W. PLUNKETT, Bayfield.
J. GODFREY, Egmondville.

The Canal Meeting at Toronto.

It is a good thing for Montreal that the Toronto people are enterprising. While we are being diddled out of our millions, Toronto has streaked the country with railways, all of which must greatly benefit Montreal, although that benefit is shut out from us to a great extent by our failing to carry through a line of communication to compete with the Grand Trunk in sweeping their traffic into our net. Sir Hugh Allan, when he suggested the million dollars, promised to secure us this most important boon. Owing, probably, however, to most untoward circumstances he appears to have lost his interest in it, and is, with that decision and caution so well blended in his character, backing out.

Toronto, if we might be allowed to form any judgment from the unanimity manifested at a public meeting recently reported there, would appear to be all on fire about a canal. So is the great West, if we may judge from the number of Governors who were to have been there, and whose absence were gravely apologized for. It is truly amusing to hear the speakers of the Queen City telling about the fearful expensiveness of the Ottawa route and the Trent Valley route, and concluding thence that the canal that is to pass through Toronto is the necessity of the age. What though the Georgian Bay Canal be vastly more expensive still; is it not to be paid for by square miles of swamp land, which is at the present time of no use to anybody? What though this Toronto route is the slowest of the three, yet it passes through Toronto, and this is an advantage which must cover all its faults. If it is more expensive than the Suez Canal, the expenditure upon it will go to Toronto. Toronto, therefore, approves of the Georgian Bay Canal, or at least the meeting does. We do not, we confess, see it so heartly taken up by the papers. Montreal sees that the Ottawa navigation route is much shorter, and in all probability much cheaper, but does not even invite the Western Governors to a public meeting. It would be a blessing for Montreal if Toronto could carry out her scheme, and possibly a blessing to the country at large, although it is to all appearance the dearest bargain that offers. —*Montreal Witness.*

JARVIS & ABLES' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

The House of Lords sat on Monday 8th inst., until past midnight discussing the clauses of the Public Worship Regulation Bill. Several amendments were introduced, the most important being one requiring security for costs to be given by complainants, and another enabling the Bishops, by consent, to decide disputed points. The House went into Committee last night upon the Church Patronage (Scotland) Bill. The chief discussion arose upon the clause conferring the selection of ministers upon communicants, but no actual alterations was made, the decision of the question being left until the report. The India Councils Bill passed through Committee, but not without a protest from Lord Napier and Ettrick against changes which he deemed to be injudicious. The consideration of the clauses in the Public Worship Regulation Bill was then resumed, and occupied the House until its rising at midnight.

BY TELEGRAPH

KINGSTON.

Kingston Camp of Exercise—Quebec Excursionists—Regatta—Preachers—Excursion.

KINGSTON, June 22.

The camp of exercise opened to-day, the 15th and 49th battalions arrived by train from Belleville; the 14th and 47nd with the Frontenac squadron of cavalry, and the Kingston Field Battery marching in from the city. The bulk of the 48th battalion and the Napanee cavalry arrived by train. The rations are being issued for 1,600 men. Lieut. Col. Campbell of Belleville, is Commandant, and Captain Gordon, of Kingston, Supply Officer. All is bustle and preparation for the routine of camp life. The Montreal Telegraph Co., has opened an office at the camp ground

The steamer Alexandra, with the Quebec excursion party on board, has broken her shaft at Morrisburg.

Preparations are being made for a rowing and sailing regatta on Dominion Day.

Archdeacon Lauder, of Ottawa, preached twice here yesterday, and the Bishop of Ontario twice, besides holding a confirmation in St. George's Cathedral, and administering the sacrament to 178 persons.

The Young Men's Shamrock Benevolent Society had a very large excursion to Belleville to-day.

HAMILTON.

Accident — Examination — Steamer Transit—St. Andrew's Church.

HAMILTON, June 22.

John Murphy, a brakesman on the Great Western Railway, and a resident of Hamilton, was killed this morning at Copetown. He attempted to cross the track, and was struck by the engine of a special train, receiving injuries that proved fatal shortly after.

The closing examination of the Wesleyan Female College has been going on for the last week, and to-morrow the closing exercises and annual convocation for 1873-4 will be held. These are expected to be unusually interesting, as the past year is noted as a remarkably successful one.

To-night the steamer 'Transit' commences her regular trips around the Bay. These trips are very popular and much appreciated by the citizens.

St. Andrew's Church is now nearly completed, and it is expected will be formally re-opened for Divine service on Sunday, the 5th of July. The Rev. Mr. Robb, of Cook's Church, Toronto, is to be present, and will deliver the re-opening sermon.

SAND POINT.

Launch of a Steamer.

SAND POINT, June 23.

The steamer 'Spray' was successfully launched here to day at 12 o'clock in presence of a number of spectators.

BELLEVILLE.

Dr. Sangster.

BELLEVILLE, June 20.

At a meeting of the convention of Public School Teachers of South Hastings, held at this place to-day, it was unanimously resolved to support the candidature of Dr. Sangster for the Council of Public Instruction. Nearly one hundred teachers were present, and Prof. J. Macoun was unanimously elected their representative to the Toronto Delegate meeting, with instructions to support Dr. Sangster. Mr. Irwin was appointed delegate to the Teachers' Provincial Association.

COBOURG.

Camp of Instruction — Temperance Demonstration.

COBOURG, June 22.

A Brigade Camp was formed here to-day with Col. Smith as commanding officer. The 40th, the 45th and the 57th Battalions with their Bands, the Cobourg troop of cavalry and the Port Hope Field Battery comprise the Camp of Instruction. The place of encampment is about two miles from town, and to further the interests of all concerned, the Montreal Telegraph Company, with their usual enterprise, have built a line to the camp. The camp will break up on the 3rd of July.

A large temperance demonstration takes place here to-morrow. There will be a mammoth procession, headed by the silver cornet band of the 40th Regiment. Mr. M. E. Carswell and other temperance orators are to give addresses. The pic-nic will be held in the Northumberland Grounds, kindly given for the occasion by Mr. William Kerr, M.P.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

ENGLAND.

News from Paris.

LONDON, June 23.—The Paris despatch to the *Daily News* says it is understood that the committee will report recommending that Periers' Bill be tabled and that St. Croix's be adopted. The Legitimists will probably oppose the latter, and the Left Centre will move that the former be referred to the new committee. A great debate is expected in the Assembly when the report of the Committee is presented.

FRANCE.

Committee of Thirty.

PARIS, June 22—The Committee of Thirty have completed their general deliberation on the bills of Messrs. Casimie, Perier and D. E. St. Croix. The final sitting will be held on Wednesday.

ITALY.

The Pilgrims.

ROME June 22.—The American Pilgrims to-day presented an album and a collection of valuable diamonds to the Pope.

SPAIN.

A New Cortes Spoken Of.

MADRID, June 23.—Senores Castelar and Martos held a long conference yesterday on the subject of a fusion of Republicans and Radicals. They demand as a condition of fusion the election of a new Cortes.

UNITED STATES.

The Turf.

NEW YORK, June 22.—At the Fleetwood Park races to-day Mr. Bonner's 'Boy' won the 2 29 purse in three straight heats. The 2.30 purse was won by Ben Wilson's "Carrie" in pools.

In the trot to-morrow between 'Judge Fullerton' and 'Goldsmith Maid,' the latter is the favorite.

The Erie Railway.

It is reported that at the new election for Directors of the Erie Railroad in July, Wm. Butler, D. Duncan and G. D. Babcock will retire, and their places will be filled by Marshal Roberts and Thomas A. Scott. It is now stated that Hugh J. Jewell, of the Panhandle Railroad will take the Presidency.

A Negro Homicide.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 23.—At Glasgow on Saturday a negro named Maxey attacked a negro named Hart with a knife, killing him and severing the head from the body. Next morning the people, black and white, turned out in pursuit of the murderer, whom they found in the woods. He picked up a large stone, menacing the crowd. A negro named Martin fired upon Maxey, missed him, slightly wounded a white man named Harley, who fired in return, killing Martin. Maxey was then overpowered and brought to town.

Assassinated.

A special to the *Courier* says John Brougham was assassinated yesterday by Hugh Ellet in Pulaski County.

Bloody Affray.

CINCINNATI, June 22.—A bloody affray occurred on Monday, between two gangs of laborers employed on the Short Line Railway, Kentucky. Two men were killed and nine or ten wounded.

Great Fire.

A large part of the business portion of Richmond, Kentucky, was burned to-night. Loss about $90,000 it is supposed to be incendiary.

A Stabbing Affray.

BALTIMORE, June 23.—Last night during a drunken brawl at Sherwood House, Perry Amos was about 35 years of age, a well known gambler, was stabbed and killed by Sam McDonald, formerly well known, and a wealthy resident of Baltimore.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

The Pope on America.

LONDON, June 23.—A Florence Journal says, that a paper has been presented with a copy of the address sent from the United States to the Archbishop Lidochowski of Posen.

The Holy Father in replying spoke most cordially of America, and said the United States is the only country where I am really Pope in the eyes of the Government. I am always afraid lest the European Governments shall oppose or control my acts, whereas, I can freely send Pontifical documents to the United States, without fear of opposition on the part of its Government.

Telegraphic Congress.

LONDON, June 23.—The London *Post* of to-day says an International Conference will assemble at St. Petersburg in 1875, for the purpose of revising rules and regulations adopted by the Paris Convention of 1865, for government of telegraphic lines. Some 22 States are expected to be represented by delegates.

Arch to visit Canada again.

LONDON, June 23.—Mr. J. Arch has consented to go to Canada with a party of agricultural laborers.

At a meeting of farmers in New Market to-day, one of the speakers declared he would undertake to import from Canada a sufficient number of unemployed laborers to fill the places of men locked out in his section of the country.

SPAIN.

Defeat of Carlists

MADRID, June 23.—The government troops have defeated and dispersed some Carlist bands near Maretta.

ITALY.

Arrests.

ROME, June 23.—Several persons were arrested on Sunday for taking a prominent part in the papal demonstration and were sentenced to imprisonment for terms of six and eighteen months.

FRANCE.

Affairs in Paris.

PARIS, June 23.—Vigorous efforts made by Bounapartists to influence public opinion, causes much uneasiness. The party is organising committees in every department establishing newspaper organs, and distributing political documents and petitions urging restoration of Empire.

BRAZIL.

The New Cable.

PERNAMBUCO, 23.—The successful laying of a submarine cable, bringing Brazil into telegraphic communication with Europe, has been the occasion of much pleasure and excitement in this country; and there is a general jubilee in Pernambuco.

SPAIN.

Concha's Plans.

MADRID, June 23.—Marshal Concha's plan to localise, and by which he hopes to eventually overthrow the Carlist insurrection, provides for the establishment of a fortified military line, commencing at Losurco, passing Estella, Puenta la Reina and Pamplona, and terminating at Avis. The Marshal expects by this means to confine the Carlists to a small district of country destitute of resources, he considers it useless to employ his army in engagements with an enemy who are without any definite plans of campaign.

UNITED STATES.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—All regular apprehension bills are now finally acted on by both Houses of the Senate, and there is no doubt that the session will end at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

DETROIT, Mich. 23.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Michigan Central R. R. Co., yesterday, the following directors were elected—J. F. Jerry, Dr. J. W. Brooks, Nathaniel Flayer, H. H. Hunnewell, Sidney Bartlett of Boston, J. Jacob Astor, Geo. F. Tollmon, Moses Taylor of N. Y. and Erastus Corning of Albany.

Sharks.

N. Y. 23.—Sharks are reported very numerous at Sandy Hook and Long Branch

Permission was asked of the Mayor, yesterday, in behalf of produce exchange, to fire 100 guns to-day on adjournment of Congress.

Geneva Award.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The President approved of the bill for the distribution of the Geneva award and nominated the following gentlemen to be Judges of the Court of Commissioners of the 'Alabama' claims: Hesekiah G. Wells, of Michigan; Martin Richeson, of New Jersey; Kenneth Rogers, of Mississippi; Geo. W. Woodward, of Pennsylvania, and Caleb Baldwin, of Ohio; also John Davis, of Massachusetts.

Terrible Homicide — Indicted for Murder.

NEW YORK, June 23.—John Huber shot his sister in the head this morning, and then tried to hang himself in the cell of the station house. The reason was he did not like the young man to whom his sister was engaged.

Mark Gill, who shot Mortimer Sullivan on Friday last, was to-day indicted by the Grand Jury for murder in the first degree.

Change of a Commissioner.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The President withdrew the name of Geo. W. Woodward as one of the Commissioners of the Alabama claims, and nominated in his place Wm. A. Porter, of Pa. The latter and other nominees to be Commissioners, together with John Davis, to be Clerk of the Court, were subsequently confirmed.

Fleetwood Park.

N. Y., 23.—The Fleetwood Park trot, for a purse of $3,500, between Goldsmith Maid and Judge Fullerton, was won by the former in three straight heats; time 22, 27½ and 23 minutes.

A New Comet

POUGHKEEPSIE, 23. Rev. R. B. Fairbairn D.D. of St. Stephen's College at Anondale, has discovered another comet in the vicinity of Jupiter.

Terrible Catastrophe.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 23.—An appalling catastrophe occurred here to-night. A strawberry festival was being held at the parlors of the Central Baptist Church, when, without any premonition, the floor gave way about half-past nine, precipitating a room full of people into the story below. The parlor was on the second floor, and the room underneath was also full of people. A fire alarm was immediately given, and firemen hurried to the scene. Soon 10,000 people were there. Five dead bodies have been taken out, and the work has hardly commenced. There is probably a hundred persons more or less injured. Many are very severely injured.

Base Ball.

NEW YORK, June 23—In a Base Ball match to-day the Athletics, of Philadelphia, beat the Mutuals 14 to 7.

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness, Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness, Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds, Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises, Headache, Piles, Sprains, Toothache, Colic, Old Sores, All Hemorrhages, Diarrhœa, etc.

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Prepared from the Pure Grease of *THE CANADA BEAR.*

It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
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June 15, 1874.

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchi is &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now or the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

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NORTHRUP & LYMON,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto,
Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
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Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.
May 19, 1874.

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FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport	$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries	2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste	2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea.	3 50
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250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel	2 50

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Organ at Home	$2 50
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Marier's Brass and Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

TICKETS of admission, 25c.; may be had of the Committee and at the gate.

A. FAULKNER, Secretary. CHAS. DUPUIS, Captain.

June 20, 1874. 25600-31o-swas

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MAGDALEN ISLANDS.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until

THURSDAY, 23RD JULY,

At noon, for the conveyance of mails by steamer between Pictou, N. S., and the Magdalen Islands, calling at Georgetown, Prince Edward Island, both going to and returning from the Magdalen Islands.

The Tenders to give a full description of the steamer offered for this service, specifying the tonnage, speed, and accommodation for passengers and freight and also the price asked for each round trip from Pictou to the Magdalen Islands and back, calling at Georgetown, Prince Edward Island, for weekly or fortnightly trips, as may be agreed upon, during the season of navigation, on a contract of three years, to commence this season if the steamer can be ready in time.

WM. WHITE,
Secretary.

Post Office Department,
Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 2560-3in

LIST of Letters remaining in the Ottawa P. O., June 15th, 1874.

Allen R S	Knowles R
Alexandre H	Knapp T E
Anderson James	Larkin W
Angus J W	Larineg A
Armstrong R	Lamb Miss M A
Arkell H	Laftoley T
Ashford J A	Lewis R P
Back Miss B	Leith Jas
Barrows R G	Leonard L
Ball G H	Levings L A
Bestie Miss J	Lockhead D C
Belleville S	Lousdale J
Begg Jas	Lousdale H
Begg A	Lucktor A
Beggs Wm	Lynch R D
Beathens Mrs L	Lynes J
Bender E	Maloney Miss S
Black B	Margart G M
Blatch F K	Markell Jas
Blackie Mr	Marks W
Boyce P	Maxwell J
Brown A J	Martin Geo
Bryce Geo	Meyers L
Brown M A	Mortimer H J
Bryant Jno	Maughan T
Brennan M	Morran J
Broadbent & Overell Messrs	Murphy J C
	Murphey Miss A
Brown Mrs Jas	Muldoon J 2
Bradley W M	Nash J
Brown & Robinson	Naftel E C
Burns Miss S	Neil Miss S J
Buckley Mr	O'Gilvie A W
Burdge Miss C A	Olerie E
Burke Jno	Osborne J
Cambrou Miss K	Orr J
Carmedy Miss S	Patterson & Co J W
Cartman J	Page G S
Callaghan Alex	Patterson J
Carrigan M	Perry Jas
Callender & Son G L	Penny H
Carruthers J J	Peterson C
Cass M S	Powes Rev H D
Carpenter D	Potts Jas
Chamber Geo	Reid T M
Chisholm Miss E	Richardson Miss E
Chisholm Miss M	Richardson Miss S
Chamberlin A	Ring Miss E
Clark Miss C E	Robertson D
Clark Capt A	Ross C
Caughlin Mrs	Robinson Miss J
Coghlin Jno	Robert Miss M
Coughlin Miss A	Ross A
Conell M	Robertson D S
Cokeur Alex	Roberts J S
Cochlin E	Rositer Mrs
Cochlin T	Ruby W
Cosgrove Jas	Russell Miss A
Comb Jas	Ryan P
Cobey P	Ryall J
Cook Wm	Russell Miss K 2
Craig R J	Russell Jas
Crawford Jas	Sanders W
Currell Jno	Saunders J W
Cunningham G C	Scott Geo
Dayrolles L J V	Shanley J
Davis Geo	Sharp L A
Davis Jas	Shaw Miss A E
Dewar Jno	Shelton W
Delerson R	Suns W J
Dorsey Mrs.	Sills T A
Donaldson Mrs J	Sinclair A
Dunn Jno	Seth C D
Dunn T	Sinclair J
Duff A C	Snow J
Edwards M N	Small H A
Edwards Wm	Smyth W
Encome Madam	Spratt Jas
Ellis A	Strachan W
Elford T	Stockand J
Espie Miss	Stafford P 2
Evans H H	Stitt W
Farrell Jno	Stephens J
Felds Mrs E	Stewart J
Findley Wm	Taylor G
Fitzgerald T	Tapson Mrs W H
Fitzsimons & Bro R M	Taylor W
	Taylor M
Fleming Miss M A	Talwell H
Fleming D	Taylor Miss C
Ford Jas	Thompson Miss E A 2
Foley Wm	Thompson Miss H
Fraser Alex	Tinny J
Gallather Miss M	Travers W
Gaudge M H	Tremblay A
Gibbs J H	Tuckett L
Gibson Miss A	Turbayne D
Gilmour R	Vaughan J
Gleeson J	Vankoughnet P T
Glover Miss E	Waddle J 2
Gow H	Walther A
Gorman Miss E	Wellwan Mrs
Gouhier S	Wilson Miss M
Gofton R	White J
Gooderson Mrs	Whit Mrs
Grant P	Whitehead J
Grieve Miss L	Whillans R
Greene Mrs H	Williamson J G
Gretevam F	Wilson W 2
Hannaway P	Willson T
Hammond J P	Wilson & Burns
Harris Capt	Wilson H
Hawkens T	Wilmott E A
Hannaway Miss S	Wetmore O D
Hays Miss A M	Wilgress Geo
Harvey H	Woods Jas
Heurick P F	Woods W
Hewett W R	Wright J
Head H C	McArthur D
Heron M	McCallum R
Heron & Hill	McCormick Miss K
Hennessey J W	McCarthy Miss L
Hillman Miss L 3	McCracken R
Hill B	McCarroll P
Hillman Miss H	McEwan J
Hodgson Jos	McDonald Mrs M J
Halleun Jno	McDonald R J
Holmes R	McGuire Miss R
Hogg E	McGregor G
Huston Jas	McIntyre A
Hydle L D	McGrath T H
Hynes T	McVeigh T
Johnston A B	McIntyre R
Johnston W	McIntosh H
Jones & Co	McKay C
Johnston L	McKenzie C
Jones A E 3	McLean J 2
Kelly J	McLean Miss E
Kevill Widow	McLeod Miss C
Kerwin Mrs S	McLean A
Kelly & Hauck Messrs	McLarnon R
Kenedy Mrs J	McLaughlin J
Kelly B W	McNabb A
Kerr Mrs E	McMillan B
Kenedy J	McRea K
Kilroon Miss M	McMullen J
King Miss E	McNabb E S.
Kiely P M	McMullan R
Knapp K	McVeigh T
Knapp S	

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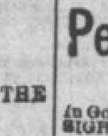

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March 28, 1874.

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DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES, ARCHITRAVES, BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING, SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

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RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.

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NEW

CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—26 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 SPARKS-ST.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Tallion & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A. D. 1874

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June 13, 1874. 2666-1f

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Victoria Foundry & Machine Works.

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SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats	Peacock
Christy's Hats	Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats	Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats	Peacock
Wolseley Hats	Peacock
Castellar Hats	Peacock
Cheltenham Hats	Peacock
Spencer Hats	Peacock
Sorento Hats	Peacock
Cordova Hats	Peacock
Venosti Hats	Peacock
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April 2, 1874.

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—OF—

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Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

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Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do. Felt Boots—wool lined. Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

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[Late Preston & McLaughlin]
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T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

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BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,

Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.

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March 17, 1874.

OTTAWA

Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 63,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.

The Books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN.

OPENING DAY.

MORRISON & ADAM,

FAMILY GROCERS,

TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,

48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48

SATURDAY, JUNE 13.

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874. 2519

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extract; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

May 5, 1874. THOS PATTERSON'S.

J. W. RYAN.

Rideau Street

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods such as are found in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is a complete one in the city. Our stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris.

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the times.

May 21, 1874 2575

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's

SILK HATS,

SEA SIDE SEASON 1874

Murray Bay,

NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE

THE LORNE HOUSE

Is now open to visitors.

Telegraph and Independent Post Offices at Point à Pic.

CHAMARD & Co.

June 15, 1874

OFFICES TO LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria Building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. G. MACQUAIG.

POOR COPY

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 8.50 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 4.30 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

Steamer leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.......................111

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 23.

GRAIN.

	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 3 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 00 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 10
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 80
Calfskins, per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Cotton heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus., sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,000 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower, receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24,000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15½c.; refined, 13½c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 23.—Erie, 26½; refined petroleum 18¼ to 10¾ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 23.—Cotton, sales today 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

"Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrised

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin disease,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

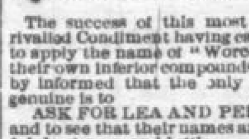
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch 2245

LEA & PERKINS

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt, &c.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12in

DATURA TATULA, FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES FOR CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London,

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
Shapter & Owen.
" Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expense sure to Agents everywhere, selling our, New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street west Toronto Ontario.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JAMES BUCHANAN, of the City of Ottawa, an Insolvent.

A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until 4th July next, after which dividend will be paid.

ALEX. MOFFAT, Assignee
Montreal, June 17, 1874.

Outfits Free Employment at your homes or travelling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Address at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM,

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE, Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time, 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Ra.way	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00	4.10
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00	
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U. S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00	7.25
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and Sanfrancisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.30	
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	1.15	8.30	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	1.15	8.30	2.00
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]		8.30	
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]		8.40	
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	4.00		
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c. per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]			
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c	[illegible]			
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	6.00	1.30	8.00	
Onslow and March via Aylmer			10.30	
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.00	11.30
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, etc.	6.00	[illegible]	8.00	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	11.30	5.30	8.00	
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	11.30		11.30	6.30
New Edinburgh	9.15	5.30		5
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	11.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, May 25th, 1874.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 / Five Prizes $500 / Ten Prizes $100 EACH IN **Greenbacks,**

Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1500 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c. &c. Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, 101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 86 Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having sure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address

J. LATHAM & Co. Washington St. Boston, Ms

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT, Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, Centre Seconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

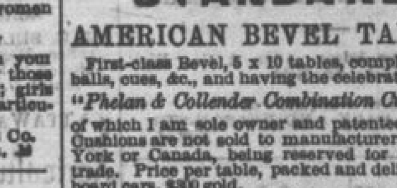
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No ... is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly



STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal. 2191-1y

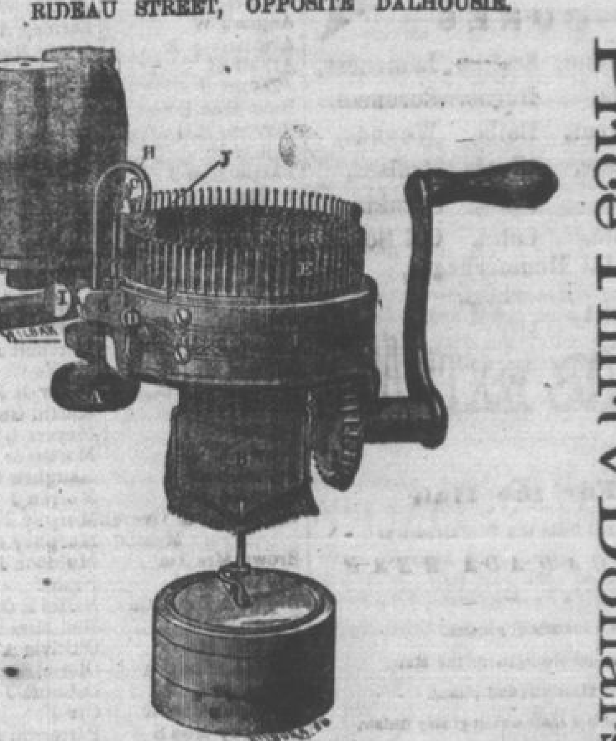
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

THE IMPROVED

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 Stitches per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Mufls, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS

T. E. MOORE

BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING

ROOMS,

72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA,

Begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his Fancy Goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now overstocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all Fancy Goods at half price, or 25 per cent less than cost price.

The Goods consist of

**Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,
Solid 15 karat Gold Chains,
An immense assortment of elegant sets in Gold,
Best Plate Signet Rings,
Plain and Brass Rings,
Hair Ornaments,
Perfumery,
Brushes,
Real Hair Goods,
Meerschaum Pipes,
Hand Mirrors,
Hair Brushes.**

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks-st.

June 20, 1874.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
5 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	100
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100

400 Gold Watches	$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines	60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos	250 to 700
Melodeons	50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO., 48 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 2550-2m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 26th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of *CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.*

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874. 2525y

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa
Fe 18 2491

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R.S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland.

73 67 yd&w

JUST PUBLISHED!

Musical Garland!

Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by SEP. WINNER, of Galops, Waltzes, Marches, Airs, Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin" with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!

Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.00.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Boquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Boquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Sep. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Musical Flowers," containing, however, as much "Flute or Violin" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

Continues to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred.

Above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of

Shlf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.
Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Phillion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES.—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c., And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks-st. 244

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St.: Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2564y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A

GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

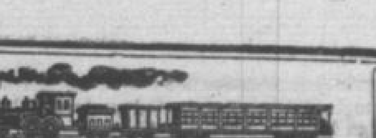
For sale, by private contract, Lot No 65, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE.

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a

COMFORTABLE DWELLING 26x30, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17, Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title Freehold.

Apply to A. ROWE, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent
Ottawa, March 17th, 1874



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.
Time faster than by any other route.
Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

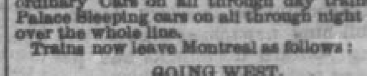
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 9.00 a.m.
Night Express ... 9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations ... 6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations ... 5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at ... 1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.30 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations ... 6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations ... 2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at 5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at ... 10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe ... 11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at ... 8.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at ... 3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leaves Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N. B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON, Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.
W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874. 2496y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District, ROBERT ANGUS, Jr., No. 38 Sparks Street.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOFS, CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CAPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the Iron Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 3 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. REIFFENSTEIN

IMPORTANT TO

Farmers and Gardeners.

All persons who wish to raise the LARGEST AND BEST

CABBAGES,

IN THE WORLD,

Should send 25cts for one package of imported

ALSATIAN CABBAGE SEED

Cabbages of the finest quality, and weighing upwards of Sixty pounds, may be raised in any part of the United States from this seed. Each package containing an ounce, will be sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of the price, 25cts. each, or five packages for $1. Full directions, how and when to plant accompany each package.

M. M. REYNAL & Co.,
April 20, 1874. 86 A ...-st., New York City

Caution.

GENUINE PANCREATINE PANREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis or Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength. Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them ... forth as possessing the remedial properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either spurious compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to injuriously affect the reputation which the Genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine the labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE,"

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine.

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a greasy far moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, besides being rich in Pancreatic juice, has the delicate ... appearance and consistency of cream, is palatable and readily taken.

Wholesale Agents for Canada.
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., King Street, Toronto
February 28th. 1873. 2004

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright! Cheerful! Earnest! and Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

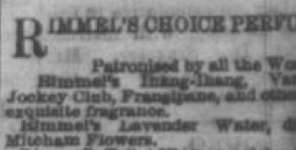
Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber will receive FREE of the following large and elegant Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London,

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace," "Bed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles." Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to

J. W. JONES, London, Ont., Sole General Agent
Nov 3



RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronized by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its uses and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.

W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order ... latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses,
ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability, are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1931f

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our stock of Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Augt 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalisation, wishes to give lessons in Vocalisation. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between 2 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ..., Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at the Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2604 — OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN, FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,

38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.

Jan. 27, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.

Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated, if required.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.

Dec. 31, 1872. 2454

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.

Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.

Office and Residence—O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.

Ottawa, March 23, 1879. 2523y

DR. BURROWS, C.M. L.C.P.S. L.C., M.C.P.S.O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.

Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.

April 29, 1874. 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

Office—69 Sparks-st.

March 27, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,

Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.

Office—Batty's Block, Rideau Street.

G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.

Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q.C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.

Feb. 4, 67. 2465

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,

(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)

Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.

Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

L. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.

Have opened an office on Main Street in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.

Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.

Sept. 9, 1873. 2382-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c

OFFICE:

Master in Chancery Chambers,

COURT HOUSE,

OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,

Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.

March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,

ADVOCATE,

Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,

MAIN STREET, HULL.

Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,

(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.,)

Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.

March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT

Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.

Nov. 17 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Office—G. H. WELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS

SINGER SEWING MACHINES

—TOOK—

ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.

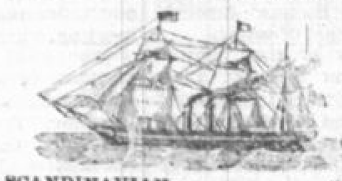
Agents wanted at salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Call on or address

GEO. DAWSON, 66 Sparks-st., Ottawa

May 14, 1874. 2567-3m

ALLAN LINE OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE

From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage................................$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st,

Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.

OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2554

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.

Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.

A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.

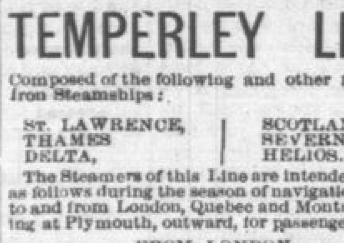
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA,	SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.

The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.

Thames..........Wednesday, June 3
Delta............Wednesday June 17
Helios...........Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence....Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.

Thames..........Thursday, July 2
Delta............Thursday, July 9
Helios...........Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence....Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or

C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.

June 13, 1874. 2543.

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS..............P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a.m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.

Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.

The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.

Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.

Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.

R. W. SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2578-tf

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

ESTABLISHED 1860.

P. A. TAYLOR, - - - - PROPRIETOR.

The largest and best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scottish Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874. 2598y

W. M. SOMERVILLE,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods, And General Building Supplies.

Has constantly on hand and to order—

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS,	FLOORING SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES,	ARCHITRAVES BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING	SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

SHINGLES,—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.

N.B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.

RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.

June 17, 1874. 2597y

Gentlemens Dress.

CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at

RUSSELL & WATSON'S,

29 SPARKS-ST.

The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.

It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.

R. & W.

June 1?, 1874.

MOWAT & SON

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds........82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do........$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg........2.50

A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.

200 Men's Shooting Coats........3.50
150 " Sac Coats........2.25

500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-St

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-St, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-St.

May 9, 1874. 2561y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

CALL AT MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

GOOD TIMES COMING

—IN—

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,

—IN—

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors,

I remain, &c.,

C. P. DORION,

81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)

May 15, 1874.

A LARGE VARIETY OF GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER

SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT

DACIER'S DRUG STORE,

43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.

March 28, 1874. 2528

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo........75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner........60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold........$1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa. Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,

Hardware Merchant,

SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

Easter Beef

AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2. 1874.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MAGDALEN ISLANDS.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until

THURSDAY, 23RD JULY,

At noon, for the conveyance of mails by steamer between Pictou, N. S., and the Magdalen Islands, calling at Georgetown, Prince Edward Island, both going to and returning from the Magdalen Islands.

The Tenders to give a full description of the steamer offered for this service, specifying the tonnage, speed, and accommodation for passengers and freight and also the price asked for each round trip from Pictou to the Magdalen Islands and back, calling at Georgetown, Prince Edward Island, for weekly or fortnightly trips, as may be agreed upon, during the season of navigation, on a contract of three years, to commence this season if the steamer can be ready in time.

WM. WHITE, Secretary.

Post Office Department, Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 2580-6in

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TELEGRAPH LINE.

Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—

The furnishing of all materials, labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.

The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.

In the wooded Sections the land to be cleared to a width of 132 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.

Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:

(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.

(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 500 miles.

(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.

(4) Lac La Hache, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia, to Fort Edmonton, about 550 miles.

(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.

(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 760 miles.

The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.

Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.

Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.

By order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, 18th June, 1874. 2598 2awk-tf.

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF ORGAN MUSIC!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport........$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries........2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste........2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries........1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea.........3 50
Hile's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each........0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete........3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel........2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home........$2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs........1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries........1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion........2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,

By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A. D. 1874

BERMINGHAM'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street.

CREDIT SALE

—OF—

BUGGIES AND EXPRESS WAGGONS

By Auction.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY, 23d INSTANT,

At 10.30 o'clock a. m., on the By Ward Market, ten new Buggies and six Express Waggons, all of the very best material, finest workmanship and made by one of the best carriage builders in this city. The owner is determined to sell them, in order to make room for the manufacture of his winter stock, and they will therefore be sold on six months' credit, and at the purchasers own price. All in want of good Express Waggons and Buggies should bear this sale in mind, as such an opportunity to purchase cheap, and from a good stock, will not offer again this season. They will be on view from eight o'clock until hour of sale, ten thirty on Tuesday, 23d inst., on the By Ward Market.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

June 19, 1874.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $500. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Ladue, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

J. BERMINGHAM.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL

Branches of Builders Work!

Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application.

COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 81 Sussex Street.

NEW

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING,

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepreprared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the lines referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874. } F. BRAUN, Secretary

---

LAST CHANCE FOR

An Easy Fortune.

FIFTH AND LAST GIFT CONCERT

In aid of the

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

JULY 31st, 1874.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
5 Cash Gifts, $20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts, 14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts, 10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts, 4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts, 3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts, 2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts, 500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts, 100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts, 50 each	950,000

Grand Total, 20,000 Gifts, all Cash, 2,500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets	$50.00
Halves	25.00
Tenth, or each Coupon	5.00
11 Whole Tickets for	500.00
22½ Tickets for	1,000.00

For Tickets or information, address

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager,

Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky

June 23, 1874. 2601-4w-wdm

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Infants' Underclothing, in the newest styles just received.

April 30, 1874. 2557-3m

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

Minutes of Council.

16th May, 1874.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present, the Reeve and Messrs. Mohr, Marshall and Elliott.

The minutes of last session were read.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council grant the sum of thirty-five dollars to open up and drain the side road between Lots No. 20 and 21 in the third concession, and that John Lyme superintend the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that this Council grant the sum of $25 to open up a drain on the Third line of Lot No. 21, and that Thos. Clark superintend the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council grant the sum of $20 to drain and repair the side road between Lots 15 and 16 in the tenth concession, and William McBride oversee the laying out of the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Martin O'Hare as path master, be directed to grant Mr. Patrick Herrick & Son their statute labor in front of lots numbers seventeen and eighteen on the second line. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Elliott that John Peevans be instructed to grant Daniel Peevans his statute labor on the eleventh line in front of lot lot No. 10. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Mohr that this Council instruct the pathmaster to notify Patrick Lynch to remove his fence off the old travelled road forthwith, across lot 19, in tenth concession, or legal proceeding will be taken against him by this Council. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Clerk grant Charles Connor's an order on the Treasurer for seven dollars for work done on the side road between Lots Nos 19 and 21 in the Fourth Concession. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliot and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Council grant the sum of ten dollars to procure cedar logs and repair the third line in front of Lots No. 13 and 14, and that Hugh McDonald do superintend the laying out of the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the Council grant the sum of sixty dollars, to be expended on the Chats Road from sixth line to eight line, and that John F. Ritchie superintend the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that this Council do now adjourn for one hour, then to meet as the Court of Revision. Carried.

COURT OF REVISION.

Moved by Mr. Neil and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Mr. Elliott be chairman of the Court of Revision. Carried.

George Hunt appealed against assessment of his personal property, and against valuation of N. ½ 7, 5th concession. Having heard him and the Assessor, the Court sustained the assessment.

Leon Brunette having been heard, his assessment on income property was struck off.

Andre Brunette having stated his case, his assessment was reduced.

George Wilson having stated his case, the assessment of his personal property was struck off.

Moved by Mr. Neil and seconded by Mr. Marshall that this Court do receive and pass the Assessment Roll for the current year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Neil and seconded by Mr. Marshall that this Court do now adjourn. Carried.

The Council resumed.

Present—The Reeve and Messrs. Mohr, Marshall and Elliott.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Clerk be instructed to notify Francis Hunt to remove his fence from the road on the second line in front of lot No. eight or legal proceedings will be taken at once. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Marshall that this Council grant the sum of ten dollars to repair the road on the second line in front of Lot No. 8, and that Noble Dean do superintend the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliot and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the Clerk grant Mr. Francis Neil an order on the Treasurer for seventy dollars for his services as Assessor for the current year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council grant the sum of seventy dollars to open the Township line, between Torbolton and Fitzroy, in rear of Lots No. 24, 25, 26 and 27, provided the Torbolton Council grant the same amount. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that Mr. Abraham Miller procure a scraper for his road division and that the Pathmaster take care of the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that Mr A Riddell be requested to examine and report to this Council before its next meeting, on the best means of improving the twelfth concession line at its intersection with the side line between lots number twenty-four and twenty-five. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the petition of Thomas Green, be received and placed on file. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that Mr. Maclaren be instructed to have the side line opened between lots 20 and 21 on eight and ninth concessions. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that this Council do now adjourn until the thirteenth day of June next. Carried.

Minutes of Council,

16th June 1874.

The Council met; present:—The Reeve and Messrs. Mohr, Marshall, MacLaren and Elliott.

The Minutes of the last Session were read.

Also, petition from Township Agricultural Society, for aid to purchase grounds was presented and read.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that motion No. 9 of the 16th May last, be amended by substituting William Dickson's name for John F. Ritchie's and that the Clerk notify him of the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Council authorize William Latimer to procure from Charles Gilean, or others, what cedars he may require to make a Culvert on side road between lots 10 and 11 on the second concession at the rate of sixty cents each. Number represented to be required, ten or twelve pieces.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the By-law to alter the boundaries of school sections, numbers six and eight of the Township of Fitzroy be now read, first, second and third time, and passed any rule to the contrary notwithstanding.—Carried.

By Law No. 233 read first, second and third time and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that Thomas Jeffrey be instructed to allow Henry Pierce to do his road work on the side road with Mr. James Fetherston.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliot and seconded by Mr. Mohr that this Council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, all the members present.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the Clerk grant Mr. Abraham Miller, an order on the Treasurer for eight dollars, to pay for a scraper granted to his road division.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Clerk grant Charles Murphy an order on the Treasurer for Twenty one dollars, as pay for his services as constable in taking Mr. O'Brien to gaol.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that this Council grant the sum of Twenty dollars to assist in repairing the road and bridge between lots 15 and 16 in the 10th Concession, and that James Fetherston superintend the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that this Council grant the sum of Ten dollars, to procure and draw plank to cover the bridge known as Hunt's Bridge, and Joseph Halpenny superintend the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council grant the sum of Twenty-five dollars, to repair the road on the tenth line, opposite lots 9 and 10, and that William Talford superintend the laying out of the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council grant the sum of Thirty dollars, to procure cedars to make a Culvert for a bridge known as Story's bridge, on the third line and that Henry Bickford superintend the laying out of the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council grant Mr. William Whyte an order on the Treasurer for eight dollars, to pay for a scraper for his division.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that Henry Bickford be authorized and required to advertise and receive tenders for building the bridge on the gully at lot No. 8, on the third line.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that James Smith be notified by the Clerk, that this Council intend passing a By-Law to establish a road leading from the bridge across the sluigh to the seventh line.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that this Council grant the sum of one hundred dollars on the petition of the Fitzroy Agricultural Society to be paid when required by the Society.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that part of the grant to be expended on the tenth line, opposite lots 9 and 10, be withdrawn and that twenty dollars be substituted instead, and that this Council do grant the sum of twenty dollars to repair the tenth line, opposite lots 11 and 12 and that Thomas Jeffrey superintend the laying out of the same, the Clerk to notify William Fulford of the change.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council grant John Moran, the sum of eight dollars to be expended for the use of his section. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that this Council instruct the Clerk to notify James McCarthy to complete his contract with this Council in accordance with Robertson's line, as this Council intend to pass a By-law to establish the said line at next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that this Council do now adjourn until the twenty fifth day of July next. Carried.

A fine collection of flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street. 2597

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's corner Sussex and Rideau streets. 2597

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and a great many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale which continues during the present month. 2597.

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale. No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.

J. METCALFE. 2577

JARVIS & ARLESS' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

BLESSINGS BRIGHTENS AS THEY TAKE THEIR FLIGHT.—If you have a good head of hair take care of it; once gone and we realise its loss far more than we appreciate its presence. The Bearine is taking the place of all other hair dressings, because it is healthful to the hair and delightful to use. 2601.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive use of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JEROME SHERK, Insurance Agent. 2595

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595.

BRAIN EXHAUSTION.—Mr. James I. Fellows, St. John, N. B. Sir: Having, while at your establishment, carefully examined your prescription, and the method of preparing your Compound Syrup, I felt anxious to give it a fair trial in my practice. For the last twelve months I have done so, and I find that in Incipient Consumption, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, it has wonders. In restoring persons suffering from the effects of Diptheria, and the cough following Typhoid Fever, prevalent in this region, it is the best remedial agent I have ever used. But for persons suffering from exhaustion of the powers of the brain and nervous system, from long-continued study or teaching, or in those cases of exhaustion from which so many young men suffer, I know of no better medicine for restoration to health than your Compound Syrup. If you think this letter of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you see fit. I remain yours, &c.

EDWIN CLAY, M. D.

PUGWASH, N. S., January 14, 1868. 2601.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED a good plain Cook, Kitchen and Dining Room Girls. Apply at Allan House, Perth, Ontario.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

Canada, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } In the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of OLIVIER COTE, an Insolvent.

The undersigned has filed in the office of this Court, a deed of composition and discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on TUESDAY, the 28th day of JULY next, he will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation of the discharge thereby effected.

OLIVIER COTE,
By TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
His Attorney ad litem.

Dated at Ottawa, in the said County of Carleton, this 24th day June, A. D., 1874. 2604-5w.

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON

REDUCTION.

In order to meet the wishes of the Travelling Community, we have this day reduced the price of Board for our upper, medium-sized rooms to $3.00 per day. The House contains Passenger Elevator, Cafe, &c., and will continue to be kept as a First-class Hotel in every respect. The large and excellently furnished rooms will be $4.00 per day. Those with bathing and water conveniences adjoining $1.00 per day extra.

LEWIS RICE & SON.

June 25, 1874. 2609-1

GRAND EXCURSION

TO OGDENSBURGH

On the 4th of July,

Under the auspices of this Council of the St. P. O. Asylum and the St. Vincent de Paul Society.

Great preparations in the "Burg" for a gala day.

Tickets from Ottawa to Prescott and back, only $1.00.

R. DEVLIN,
Secretary.

June 20th, 1874.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

Grand Excursion — Dominion Day.

OTTAWA TO THE "CHATS" AND RETURN FOR $1.50.

The Steamer "Jessie Cassels," will leave Aylmer on Wednesday, 1st July, at 8 o'clock a.m., conveying passengers to the "Chats" and return for one dollar. Meals extra.

Stages connecting with Steamer will start from the Russell House, Union House and Corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, at 6:45 a.m. (sharp), conveying passengers to Aylmer and return for 25 cents.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2523-3m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that any person or persons found

SHOOTING BIRDS

In and about the

RIDEAU HALL GROUNDS,

And in the BAY west of the main road, will be prosecuted as the Law directs.

By order,
E. J. O'NEILL,
Supt. Govt. Police.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 20th June, 1874. 2601

SWEET TONED

ORGANS

In Beautiful Cases, for sale cheap, at

GEO. DAWSON'S,

AGENTS WANTED to sell

SEWING MACHINES,

ORGANS, &c.

Call and see the Instruments and Machines at

GEO. DAWSON'S,
66 Sparks-St

A good second hand EXPRESS WAGGON for sale cheap.
July 22, 1874.

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

DIVIDEND No. 6.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of

SEVEN PER CENT.

per annum for the half year ending 30th inst., has been declared upon the paid up capital stock of this Company, and will be payable at the head office and offices of the Company, on and after

SATURDAY, 25th JULY NEXT,

By order of the Board.

Signed, J. C. SMALL,
Secretary.

Toronto, June 20, 1874. 2592-4in

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 20, 1874.

HARNESS,

HARNESS.

THOS. SHORE & Co.,

(Successors to Thos. Lee)

SPARKS STREET.

Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single Sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also variety of

SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.

A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.
June 12, 1874. 2563w

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Ten Millwrights and Framers. Apply to WM. MOSGROVE.
June 22, 1874. 2601-6

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.
JOS. METCALFE.
June 17. 2597-tf.

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2586

LOT FOR SALE.—The South half of Lot No. 4, 1st Concession of Gloucester (Ottawa front) fronting on the Montreal Macadamized Road, seven miles from the city limits. Soil unsurpassed by anything in the Township. Apply to A. W. POWELL, County Jail, Ottawa.
June 25, 1874. 2603-4wd

GLAD TIDINGS !!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freves, and a variety of other brands,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Dress—Stitt & Co.
Notice—Radford & Goyer.
Union Forwarding Co.—R. S. Cassels.
Excursion—R. Devlin.
American House—Lewis Rice & Son.
Cook Wanted—Allan House, Perth.
Insolvent Act of 1869—Taillon & Chrysler.
Lorrence Life Saving Mattress.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1874.

Hon. Mr. Huntington arrived yesterday morning. The Ministers now in the city are the Premier, and Messrs. Scott, Huntington, and Ross.

Hon. Mr. Scott, we are pleased to observe, has resumed daily attendance at his office of Secretary of State, interrupted by a few days of indisposition.

Mr. Alex. McEwan, the English railway financier, arrived in the city yesterday. This is the gentleman, it will be remembered, who was the author of a novel and surprising scheme of ways and means for the work of changing the gauge and otherwise improving the Grand Trunk Railway.

The Fisheries Department has received intelligence from the North and South coasts of the Lower St. Lawrence, of the spring cod fishery being very good, and an abundance of bait. Also that the Salmon fishing is now excellent; it was much retarded by the lateness of the season, and high water in the rivers. A heavy storm from the northeast had occurred on the 18th instant, doing much damage amongst the fishing craft. It is feared that some vessels at sea have suffered in the gale, but no losses had been ascertained. At Restigouche an extraordinary run of Salmon had taken place, and the nets were catching fish of enormous size.

The North West Mounted Police arrived at Dufferin (Pembina) a day or two ago, having been ten days, travelling time, between Toronto and that point. The force remains there only a few days to rest and to await the arrival of their heavy stores. The trip, it thus appears, was made in exceptionable short time, very nearly in the same time that would have been occupied in going from Toronto to Thunder Bay. The fine condition of these men and horses on their arrival in the locality of their operations, and the ease, expedition and cheapness of their transport exemplify the wisdom of the choice of route that has been so hastily decried by the organs in the Conservative interest.

There can no two opinions as to the impropriety of the conduct of the mob that wrecked some houses in Dalhousie, Church, and Cobourg Streets on Tuesday night. Fully admitting their obnoxious character, on account of the immoral trade of their inmates, we are not prepared to pass uncondemned the action of those who took the law into their own hands. We are unable to say whether the houses were disorderly or not; some assert their occupants were neither noisy nor obtrusive. But even if they had been, the municipal law was surely competent to reach them, the police not having any troublesome amount of serious crime on their hands. The suddenness and formidable proportions of this virtuous demonstration were not of a nature to soften the objection to it on general principles. If prostitutes are to be expelled from the city—a feat no city we ever heard of has succeeded in—let it be attempted in a regular, temperate way. Mob action is objectionable, not only on account of the peril to the objects of its wrath, but the dangerous influence of precedents of this description. We hear of an intention on the part of the owners of the injured property to sue the Corporation for damages. Whatever future loss may result from this popular outburst, it is fortunate that no present loss of life was to be recorded.

When we first expressed an opinion upon the subject of the Walkem Government's repulse of Mr. Edgar, we ventured to think that they would not receive the approval of the people. The notion which seemed to be inspiring the hostile criticism of the opposition press here was the imaginary unanimity of the British Columbians, in resenting the Railway proposals of the Canadian Administration, and in endorsing the patriotic if somewhat hypercritical objections of Mr. Walkem. But this supposition has proved baseless, the people on the Pacific being intelligent and rational enough to understand the liberal, well-meant offers of the Canadian Government, and the downright folly of the local ministers in throwing difficulties in their way. Some of the leading journals of the Province promptly explained and condemned this blundering, and already we have the report of the result of one of the largest meeting's ever held at Yale, namely, the unanimous approval of Mr. Mackenzie's railway policy, and unanimous condemnation of the action of the Local Cabinet. The significance of this demonstration, coming so soon upon the failure of the Edgar mission can scarcely be overrated. It is evident the Columbian's are sensible men in a good practical humour, and men determined not to let the whims and selfish objects of the Walkem party stand in the way of the railway and general interests of the Province. We suppose some more of the delusions carefully fabricated by our Canadian opposition on this question, will now effectually be dispelled, and the influence of a party as ready to mar the good work of others as it was unable to effect any of itself, further diminished. Mr. Dewdney, of whom the Opposition tried to make so much capital on the railway question, last session, may also have occasion to learn something and pursue wiser tactics.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

There seems to be a crisis in the affairs of the Great Western Railway Company. A Committee of Investigation, sent over from England to enquire into everything concerning the management of the concern, has reported, it is said, strongly against the existing control. The administration is reported to be careless and the expenditure consequently reckless and lavish in the extreme, the result of which is alleged to be well-nigh financial ruin. This Investigation Committee has proved to be an exception to this rule. There have been experts of one quality or another, we have observed, periodically sent out to ascertain in the interest of the proprietors in England, the condition of this and other railway properties in this country, and it has been a peculiarity of their reports that they were without exception favourable to this management. Whether this exceptional case be the true exposition of affairs, or the result of the triumph of one party or ring over another, is a question that concerns the public less perhaps than the proprietors. It has appeared in the newspapers lately, that there would be no dividend declared for the half year now closing, which is certainly a bad rendering of account from a line that has an immense traffic that takes its double track to the utmost. However, the condition of the property, whatever, may be the true state of its finances, is excellent, and the public have the benefit of its facilities while the rival factions in London struggle for the mastery.

THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.

We publish the draft of the proposed Reciprocity Treaty, sent by President Grant to the Senate a few days ago, with a message expressing approval of a proper treaty, and declaring that the present had many features to recommend it. He believes that a system securing reciprocal trade would prove beneficial to the United States; but he prudently abstained from committing himself to an opinion as to whether this Treaty made all the concessions due or desirable. This message was calculated to do the cause of Reciprocity good, with the Senate, since, while friendly in spirit, it was free from any indication of the advocate's zeal. Recommendation suggestive of a hobby or anxiety, such as that by which the purchase of San Domingo was sought, would have injured the cause at heart. Improper motives might have been imputed to the Executive, and the party feeling of his opponents in both Houses aroused. We are glad, therefore, that the draft was submitted in the manner observed. As to its provisions, we now find that the summary of them, given by the N. Y. *Tribune* a short time ago, and upon which we expressed our opinions very lately, was substantially correct. We noticed with pleasure, after our own remarks had appeared, that the leading Lower Province papers spoke approvingly of that sketch, not excepting the clauses relating to the fisheries. This fact is of some value in the discussion of the Treaty, for some of the Ontario and Quebec organs of the Opposition, in their trouble to discover objections, with a view to assaults upon the Government, responsible for the negotiations harped considerably upon the supposed extravagant concessions in relation to the fisheries and coasting trade. These points constituted the principal attacking base for the party in grief. Its concern for our rights and interests in the fisheries was of the keenest, dark pictures of Canada's abandonment of her sovereign powers over the coasts, and her sacrifice of the millions in prospect, from the Treaty of Washington, being sketched with a care and artistic effect betokening great skill and serenity of mind on the part of the gentleman of the Left. Sad as was their theme, they liked to treat of it, their own pleasure in depicting coming woes, making up for the public suffering inevitable in their contemplation. But the Lower Province people experienced no misery at this prospect. They, the owners of the coasts who, to pervert a Shakesperian quotation, "know a herring from a hand-saw," took the fishery concessions quite easy, fretting not about the millions, the cod and the salmon to be thrown away to the Yankees, but about the sacrifice in connection with the Western canals. While the West, through its keen-sighted and sympathetic Opposition, was weeping fresh tears for the East, the fishermen, by the ocean, were supposed to be shedding very salt tears for the future losses of the West. Truly are the provinces united by more than commercial ties. But we must quit this affecting subject, and proceed to consider the chief features of the Treaty. As already anticipated, the fisheries are to be free to citizens of the United States as well as Canadians, without any such money payment as the Washington Treaty provided; but river fisheries of shad, salmon, and so forth, are excepted. British subjects may fish in American waters, but not South of the line 39°. Of course, we all understand this privilege falls far below what we concede, in value; but we receive compensation elsewhere. Places on the coast of either country, reserved from fishing, under the Treaty of 1854, are now to be reserved. Article four is a very important one, providing for the gradual reduction of the duties upon a number of articles the growth or produce of either country; from the 1st July, 1875, to 30th June, 1876, one-third of the existing imposts is to lapse; from the 1st July, 1876 to the 30th June, 1877, two thirds disappear, and from 1st July, 1877, those articles will be duty free. No discriminating duty will be imposed by either upon other articles, as compared with charges upon such from Great Britain or other countries. This provision of a gradual reduction, merely, was, doubtless, designed to a large extent, to meet the fiscal interests of the United States, and to consult the views and real or supposed necessities of the producing and commercial classes. Whatever enlightened views the President and his Cabinet may entertain as to the best way of raising the indispensable revenue—allowing them credit for the knowledge possessed by leading Democrats, writers and merchants, that it can most easily and cheaply be obtained by a few well-placed imposts—Congress itself is behind in its ideas on this question, partly owing to the influence of the extreme Protectionists and War-tariff men. A sudden abolition of the duties on so many articles might be considered a terrible radical change by these people, and lead to serious opposition to the whole Treaty in Congress, besides grave divisions and confusion among the Republican party, of which the President is the representative. Party questions have to be considered in matters of this kind, however unfortunate or prejudicial to the general interest. Still, a reduction of one-third the first, and two-thirds the second year of the Treaty will constitute a valuable stimulus to the trade of both countries, while this progress by degrees must disarm objections across the border by giving our neighbours a reasonable time to set their financial house in order, and prepare their manufacturing and trading interests for the future competition or, rather, even-handed dealing with Canada. Considering the exceptional and difficult position of the States in the matters of debt and business, we can not well object to this arrangement, however desirous we may have been to launch out free from the first. With regard to the list of articles to be thus exchanged, we have little to add to our previous remarks, when discussing the provision. Our farmers, fishermen, millers, miners, lumbermen and other producers of what are designated natural products, but many of which require a good deal of labour, such as lumber, butter, cheese, bricks, oils, skins and preserved meats, will have the United States markets thrown open to them with, of course, competition by the other party to the Treaty. But as our people produce a great deal more than they consume, and enjoy cheaper labour with other advantages of a lightly taxed, prosperous community, they need not fear rivalry, but may count upon an extended trade in those useful articles. With respect to the schedules B, and C, the former covering all kinds of agricultural implements, and the latter various manufactures, common to both countries, there will be differences of opinion on both sides. Confining ourselves to our own interests, for the present, however, we can not disapprove of any possible encouragement to the agriculturalists of Canada that does no injustice to the other classes. The former constitute the great bulk of our population, and a very large proportion of them have to contend with the difficulties of a long winter, which means a short working season, and a limited market. While farm-stuff will be low in price, labour will be high and the work of reaching buyers troublesome and costly. Cheap implements, therefore, are needed by this class, and will prove no trifling assistance to it. The other manufactures to pass the border, free, include cheap textile fabrics, coarse cottons, woollen goods, iron, bar, sheet and pigs, steel and lead in similar forms for manufacturing, machinery for factories, railway and boat engines and wooden ware. Taking the list, as a whole, we see nothing to excite alarm on our side the border. On the contrary, such machinery, textile fabrics, and metals in the second or third stage, as we do not economically produce ourselves, can not enter Canada too cheap, so far as the poorer and manufacturing sections are concerned; while the other articles receiving more or less labour, in the production of which Canada has made a good beginning, or successful progress, may be expected to hold their own with their rivals across the line. As we said before, we have excellent artisans, a good supply of means, and the prospect of a market of forty millions instead of only four. In many articles we have attained most respectable skill, and can go on improving with the year yet at our disposal. We believe we shall sell even of manufactures, as much as we buy, while doing far better in other matters; but the Treaty should prove a spur to all branches of Canadian enterprise. The other interests are also cared for. Our shipbuilders may sell vessels unrestrictedly to the Americans, as well as buy of them, but we believe the former will be the course of trade. Then, the carrying trade of the Lakes is to be thrown open to both peoples, who are to have equal privileges on the canals also. These changes cannot fail to benefit the trade of both. The condition of the enlargement of our Canals and construction of the Caughnawaga, was anticipated. We need only say that we had determined upon this enlargement, and are already well advanced with the works, with a view to our own interest, and nothing could be more agreeable or profitable to us than the extensive use of them by American vessels. We shall have the use of U. S. canals, in return, as well those to be constructed as those to be improved. But here again the exchange must turn to the advantage of Canada. The treaty is conceived in a fair and friendly spirit, the concessions on each side being important and, should it be agreed to, in the main, it will doubtless prove, commercially and politically, a boon to both countries.

Coroner's Inquest.

On Sunday last a woman named Ellen Sloan, gave birth to an illegitimate child in the house of her employer, Mr. James Stewart, who keeps a tavern on Sussex street, near the French Cathedral, which has resulted in the holding of an inquest.

It seems that Mr. Stewart, expecting what was going to take place, informed Detective Hamilton of the affair, and stated that if the Nuns did not take the girl away, he would pitch her out. Mr. Hamilton advised him not to do so as he would get himself into trouble, and there the matter rested until Sunday evening when the child—a boy—was born dead. Some men round the house took the body on Monday evening last, placed it in a box partially filled with lime and buried it on the Major's Hill. Yesterday Stewart went to Detective Hamilton and told him what had been done. Hamilton deemed it expedient to inform Dr. Beaubien, who immediately issued his warrant for the holding of an inquest. Accordingly a jury was summoned and an enquiry took place yesterday morning at Stewart's house. Dr. Grant made a *post mortem* examination of the body, and gave it as his opinion that the child was born dead. Dr. St. Jean, M. P., who had been called in to attend the woman, was not present at its birth, but his evidence coincided with that of Dr. Grant. Other witnesses, persons living in the house, gave similar testimony.

The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts, and censured James Stewart, the proprietor of the hotel, for neglecting to bury the child in a proper manner. The following are the names of the jury:—Ald. Durocher, foreman; Messrs. O. Laberge, B. Champagne, J. Fraser, James Bermingham, S. Laverty, G. Latremouille, D. C. Buchin, E. LeBlanc, J. Little, J. Beaudoin, A. Champagne, and H. Meadows.

POND'S EXTRACT is recommended for many afflictions; but this is the result of experience. Try it. 2601.

RECIPROCITY.

Full text of the Treaty.

WASHINGTON, June 22.

The official title of the Treaty is as follows:—

A TREATY FOR THE RECIPROCAL REGULATIONS OF THE COMMERCE AND TRADE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, WITH PROVISIONS FOR THE ENLARGEMENT OF THE CANADIAN CANALS, AND FOR THEIR USE BY THE UNITED STATES VESSELS ON TERMS OF EQUALITY WITH BRITISH VESSELS.

The President, in transmitting the draft of the treaty to the Senate, sent the following message:—

To the Senate of the United States,—The plenipotentiaries of Her Britannic Majesty at Washington, have submitted to the Secretary of State, for my consideration, a draft of a treaty for the reciprocal regulation of the commerce and trade between the United States vessels on terms of equality with British vessels. I transmit herewith a report for the Secretary of State with a copy of the draft thus proposed. I am of the opinion that a proper treaty for such purposes would result beneficially for the United States; it would not only open or enlarge markets for our productions, but it would increase the facilities of transportation from the grain growing States of the West to the seaboard. The proposed draft has many features to commend it to our favorable consideration, but whether it makes all the concessions which could justly be required of Great Britain, or whether it calls for more concessions from the United States than we should yield, I am not prepared to say. Among the provisions are articles proposing to dispense with the arbitration respecting the fisheries, which was provided for by the Treaty of Washington. In the event of the conclusion and ratification of a treaty, and the passage of all the necessary provisions, as well as other considerations, make it desirable that this subject should receive attention before the close of the present session. I therefore express an earnest wish that the Senate may be able to consider and determine before the adjournment of Congress whether it will give its Constitutional concurrence to the conclusion of a treaty with Great Britain for the purposes already named either in such form as proposed by the British Plenipotentiaries or in such other more acceptable form as the Senate may prefer.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

Washington, June 18th, 1874.

The following is the report of the Secretary of State:—

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, June 17, 1874.

I have the honour to enclose a copy of the draft of a treaty for the reciprocal regulations of the commerce and trade between the United States and Canada, with provisions for the enlargement of the Canadian canals, and for their use by United States vessels on terms of equality with British vessels, which the British Plenipotentiaries have proposed to this Government.

(Signed), HAMILTON FISH.

The PRESIDENT—

The following is a complete copy of the Treaty:—

Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain, and the United States of America, being desirous of improving the commerce and navigation between their respective territories and people, and more especially between Her Majesty's possessions in North America and the United States, in such manner as to render the same reciprocity beneficial, have respectively named plenipotentiaries to confer and agree thereupon—that is to say: Who after having communicated to each other their respective full powers found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles:

ARTICLE I.—It is agreed by the high contracting parties that in addition to the liberty secured to the United States fishermen by the Convention between the United States and Great Britain, signed at London on the 20th day of October, 1818 of taking, curing and drying fish on certain coasts of the British North American Colonies therein defined, the inhabitants of the United States shall have, in common with the subjects of Her Britannic Majesty, the liberty for the term of years mentioned in Article XIII, of this Treaty, to take fish of every kind except shell fish, on the sea coasts and shores and in the bays, harbors and creeks of the Provinces of Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island, and of the several Islands thereunto adjacent, without being restricted to any distance from the shore, with permission to land upon the said coast and shore and islands, and also upon the Magdalen Island, for the purpose of drying their nets and curing their fish, provided that in so doing they do not interfere with the rights of private property or with British fishermen in the peaceable use of any part of said coast in their occupancy for the same purpose. It is understood that the above mentioned liberty applies solely to the sea fishery, and that the salmon and shad fisheries, and all other fisheries in rivers and mouths of rivers, are hereby reserved exclusively for British fishermen.

ARTICLE 2.—It is agreed by the high contracting parties that British subjects shall have in common with the citizens of the United States, the liberty for the term of years mentioned in Article 13 of this treaty, to take fish of every kind, except shell-fish, on the Eastern sea coasts and shores of the United States, north of the 39th parallel of north latitude, and on the shore of the several islands thereunto adjacent, and in the bays, harbours, and creeks of the said sea coasts and shores of the United States and of the said islands, without being restricted to any distance from the shore with permission to land on the said coasts of the United States and of the islands aforesaid for the purpose of drying their nets and fish. Provided, that in so doing they do not interfere with the rights of private property or with the fishermen of the United States in the peaceable use of any part of the said coasts in their occupancy for the same purpose. It is understood that the above mentioned liberty applies to the sea fisheries, and that salmon and shad fisheries in rivers and mouths of rivers are hereby reserved exclusively for fishermen of the United States.

ARTICLE 3.—It is agreed that the places designated by the Commissioners appointed under the first Article of the Treaty between the United States and Great Britain concluded at Washington on the 5th day of June, 1854, upon the coasts of Her Britannic Majesty's Dominions and the United States as places reserved from the common rights of fishing under that Treaty shall be regarded as in like manner reserved from the common rights of fishing under the preceding Articles. In case any question should arise between the Governments of the United States and of Her Britannic Majesty as to the common right of fishing in places not thus designated as reserved, it is agreed that a commission shall be appointed to designate such places, and shall be constituted in the same manner, and have the same powers, duties and authority as the Commission appointed under the said first Article of the treaty of the 5th of June, 1854.

ARTICLE 4.—It is agreed that the articles enumerated in the schedules A, B, and C, hereunto annexed, being the growth, produce or manufacture of the Dominion of Canada, or of the United States, shall on their importation from the one country into the other, from the 1st day of July, 1875, to the 30th day of June, 1876 both included, pay only two-thirds of the duties payable at the date of this treaty on the importations into such country of such articles respectively; and from the 1st day of July, 1876, to the 30th day of June, 1877, both included, shall pay only one-third of such duties; and on and after 1st day of July, 1877, for the period of the years mentioned in Article 13 of this Treaty, shall be admitted free of duty into each country respectively; for the term mentioned in Article 13 no other or higher duty shall be imposed in the United States upon other articles not enumerated in the said schedule, the growth, produce, or manufacture of Canada, or in Canada, upon such other articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of the United States, than are respectively imposed upon the like articles, the growth, produce, or manufacture of Great Britain or of any other country.

Schedule A, consisting of the following natural products:—

Animals of all kinds.
Ashes, pot, pearl, and soda.
Bark.
Bark extract for tanning purposes.
Bath-bricks.
Breadstuffs of all kinds.
Bricks for building, and fire-bricks.
Broom Corn.
Burr or grindstones, hewn, wrought, or unwrought.
Butter.
Cheese.
Coal and Coke.
Cotton wool.
Cotton waste.
Dye Stuffs.
Earths, Clays, Ochres, sand ground or unground.
Eggs.
Fish of all kinds.
Fish products, and products of all other creatures living in the water, except fish preserved in oil.
Firewood.
Flax, unmanufactured.
Flours and meats of all kinds.
Fruits, green or dried.
Furs undressed.
Grain of all kinds.
Gypsum—Ground or unground, or calcined.
Hay.
Hemp—Unmanufactured.
Hides.
Horns.
Lard.
Lime.
Malt.
Manures.
Marble—Stone, slate, or granite, wrought or unwrought.
Meats—Fresh, smoked, or salted.
Ores.
All kinds of metals.
Pelts.
Peas—Whole or split.
Petroleum oil—Crude or refined benzole.
Pitch.
Plants.
Poultry of all kinds.
Rags of all kinds.
Rice.
Salt.
Seeds.
Shrubs.
Skins.
Straw.
Tallow.
Tar.
Timber and Lumber, of all kinds, round, hewed and sawed, manufactured in whole or in part.
Tobacco, unmanufactured.
Tow, unmanufactured.
Trees.
Turpentine.
Vegetables.
Wool.

Schedule B, consisting of the following Agricultural implements:—

Axes.
Bag-holders.
Bee-hives.
Bone-crushers, or parts thereof.
Cultivators or parts thereof.
Chaff-cutters, or parts thereof.
Corn-Huskers, or parts thereof.
Cheese Vats.
Cheese Factory heaters.
Cheese presses, or parts thereof.
Churns, or parts thereof.
Cattle feed, boilers and steamers, or parts thereof.
Ditchers, or parts thereof.
Field-rollers, or parts thereof.
Fanning mills, or parts thereof.
Feed choppers, or parts thereof.
Forks, for hay and manure.
Hand or horse grain drills, or parts thereof.
Grain broad-cast sowers, or parts thereof.
Grain crushers, or parts thereof.
Harrows.
Hoes, hand or horse.
Horse rakes.
Horse power machines, or parts thereof.
Hay teeders, or parts thereof.
Liquid manure carts, or parts thereof.
Manure sowers, or parts thereof.
Mowers, or parts thereof.
Oil and oil cake crushers, or parts thereof.
Ploughs, or parts thereof.
Root and seed planters, or parts thereof.
Root cutters, pulpers and washers, or parts thereof.
Rakes.
Reapers, or parts thereof.
Reaper and mower combined, or parts thereof.
Spades.
Shovels.
Scythes.
Snaiths.
Threshing machines, or parts thereof.

Schedule C, consisting of the following manufactures:

Axles.
All kinds of boots and shoes, of leather.
Boot and shoe making machines.
Buffalo robes—Dressed and trimmed.
Cotton grain bags.
Cotton denims.
Cotton Jeans, unbleached.
Cotton tickings.
Cotton plaids.
Cottonades, unbleached.
Cabinet ware and furniture or parts thereof.
Carriages, carts, waggons and other wheeled vehicles and sleighs, or parts thereof.
Fire engines or parts thereof.
Felt covering for boilers.
Gutta-percha belting and tubing.
Iron—bar, hoop, pig, puddled, rod, sheet or scrap.
Iron nails, spikes, bolts, tacks, brads or springs.
Iron castings.
India rubber belting and tubing.
Locomotives for railways or parts thereof.
Lead, sheet or pig.
Leather sole or upper.
Leather, harness and saddlery.
Mill, or factory, or steamboat fixed engines and machines, or parts thereof.
Manufactures of marble, stone, slate, or granite.
Manufactures of wood solely, or wood nailed, bound, hinged or locked with metal materials.
Mangles, washing machines, wringing machines, and drying machines, or parts thereof.
Printing paper for newspapers.
Paper making machines, or parts thereof.
Printing type, presses and folders.
Paper cutters, ruling machines, page-numbering machines and sterotyping and electrotyping apparatus, or parts thereof.
Refrigerators, or parts thereof.
Railroad cars, carriages, and trucks, or parts thereof.
Satinets, of wood and cotton.
Steam engines, or parts thereof.
Steel, wrought or cast, and steel plates and rails.
The tubes and piping.
Tweeds, of wool solely.
Water-wheel machines and apparatus, or parts thereof.

ARTICLE 5.—It is agreed that the Canadian canals, or the main route from Lake Erie to Montreal, shall be enlarged forthwith at the expense of the Dominion of Canada so as to admit the passage of vessels drawing twelve feet of water, and the locks locks of the said canals shall be made of not less than 270 feet in length, 45 feet in width, and not less than 12 feet in depth on the mitre sill; and that the channel of the St. Lawrence River shall be deepened in the several reaches between the canals, wherever the same may be necessary, so as to allow the free passage of vessels drawing 12 feet of water; and the work engaged to be done in this Article shall be completed by the first of January, 1880.

ARTICLE 6.—It is agreed that the Government of Canada shall construct, on or before the first day of 1880, a canal to connect the St. Lawrence River, at some convenient point at or near Caughnawaga, with Lake Champlain. The dimensions of the said canal shall be such as to admit the passage of vessels drawing 12 feet of water, and the locks shall be of not less dimensions than those named in the preceding article; and the United States engage to urge upon the Government of the State of New York to cause the existing canal from Whitehall, on Lake Champlain, to Albany to be enlarged, and if necessary extended, or another canal or canals to be constructed, of equal capacity with the proposed Caughnawaga Canal, as hereinbefore specified; and the navigation of the Hudson River to be improved, so as to admit the passage from Lake Champlain to the lower water of the Hudson River of vessels drawing twelve feet of water.

ARTICLE 7.—Citizens of the United States may, during the term of years mentioned in article 8 of this treaty, carry in their vessels cargo and passengers from one Canadian port to another on the great lakes or River St. Lawrence, reciprocally, inhabitants of Canada, subjects of Her Britannic Majesty, may, during the like period, carry in their vessels cargo and passengers from one port of the United States on the great lakes, or River St Lawrence, to another on the said lakes or river. Citizens of the United States in their vessels, and inhabitants of Canada, subjects of Her Majesty, in their vessels may, during the like term, carry a cargo and passengers from any port of the United States or of Canada, or the Red River or the waters connecting therewith to any other port on the said river or waters connecting therewith.

ARTICLE 8.—It is agreed that for the term of years mentioned in Article 13 of this Treaty, the citizens of the United States shall enjoy the use of the Welland, the St. Lawrence, and other canals in the Dominion of Canada, including the proposed Caughnawaga, on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the Dominion of the Canada, and that without interfering with the rights of the Government of Canada to impose such tolls on the aforesaid Canadian canals respectively as it may think fit. The tolls shall be levied in relation to the number of the locks in each canal, without any drawback or discrimination whatever the destination of the vessel, or whether of one or more canal or canals, or part of a canal, be passed; and it is also agreed that for the like term of years the inhabitants of Canada shall enjoy the use of the St. Clair Flats Canal on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the United States, and that the navigation of Lake Champlain and of Lake Michigan shall be free and open for the purposes of commerce to the inhabitants of Canada, subject to any laws or regulations of the United States, or of the States bordering thereon respectively, not inconsistent with such privilege of free navigation; and the United States further engage to urge upon the Governments of the States of New York and of Michigan to secure to the inhabitants of Canada the use of the Erie, the Whitehall, the Sault Ste. Marie Canals, and of any enlarged or extended or new canals or other improvement connecting Lake Champlain with the lower waters of the Hudson River which may be made as contemplated in Article 6, on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the United States; and it is mutually agreed that full power shall be given and allowed to tranship cargo from vessels into canal boats, and from canal boats into vessels, at either terminus of every canal. And further, that if the use of the Erie and Whitehall or other canal connecting Lake Champlain with the lower waters of the Hudson River and of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal be not granted to the inhabitants of Canada on terms of equality with the citizens of the United States, as contemplated in this Article, then the use of the proposed Caughnawaga Canal by citizens of the United States, as above contemplated, shall be suspended and cease until the use of the said canals in the United States shall be secured to the inhabitants of Canada, as above contemplated.

ARTICLE 9—For the term of years mentioned in Article 13 of the Treaty, vessels of all kinds built in the United States may be purchased by inhabitants of Canada, subjects of Great Britain, and registered in Canada as Canadian vessels; and reciprocally vessels of all kinds built in Canada may be purchased by citizens of the United States and registered in the United States as United States vessels.

ARTICLE 10.—A joint commission shall be established and maintained at joint expense during the operation of this Treaty for advising the erection and proper regulation of all lighthouses on the great lakes common to both countries, necessary to the security of the shipping thereon.

ARTICLE 11.—A joint commission shall be established, at joint expense, and maintained during the continuance of this Treaty, to promote the propagation of fish to the inland waters common to both countries, and to enforce the laws enacted for the protection of the fish and fishing grounds.

ARTICLE 12—It is further agreed that the provisions and stipulations of this Treaty shall extend to the Colony of Newfoundland, so far as they are applicable; but if the Imperial Parliament, the Legislature of Newfoundland in their laws enacted for carrying the foregoing Articles into effect, then this article shall be of no effect; but the omission to make provision by law to give it effect by either of the legislative bodies aforesaid shall not in any way impair any other Article of this Treaty.

ARTICLE 13.—This Treaty shall take effect as soon as the laws required to carry it into operation shall have been passed by the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain, and by the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada on the one hand, and by the Congress of the United States on the other. If such legislative assent shall not have been given within ——— months from the date hereof, then this treaty shall be null and void; but such legislative assent having been given, this treaty shall remain in force for the period of twenty-one years from the date at which it shall come into operation; and, further, until the expiration of three years after either of the high contracting parties shall have given notice to the other of its wish to terminate the same, each of the high contracting parties being at liberty to give such notice at the end of the said period of 24 years, or at any time afterwards.

ARTICLE 14—When the ratification of this treaty shall have been exchanged, and the law required to carry it into operation shall have been passed by the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and by the Dominion Parliament of Canada on the one side and by the Congress of the United States on the other; then Articles 22 23 24 and 25 of the treaty of May 8th 1871 between Great Britain and the United States shall become null and void.

ARTICLE 15—The treaty shall be duly ratified by Her Britannic Majesty, and by the President of the United States, and the ratifications shall be exchanged either at Washington or at London, within—— months from the date hereof, or earlier, if possible.

"A Plea for the Outcast."

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I was one of a large and much edified audience in the Temperance Hall last evening, assembled to listen to an address from Mrs. Hardy, the well known "Pioneers' Friend and Friend to the Fallen Ones." The lady showed very visibly that at the door of Intemperance may be laid nearly all the misery and disgrace, that have afflicted us, a people professing Christianity. That in Ottawa we have not one place of refuge for a fallen sister who has just completed her term of imprisonment, and is once more cast friendless and penniless on the world with, perhaps nothing whatever to provide for her daily wants, but to return to the haunts of vice and sin, and remaining there until again arrested and sent down by the police magistrate; her record a constant recurring of disgrace and desecration, when by the help of our influential and charitable fellow citizens, at a small individual expense, we could have a place of refuge for the homeless and give her a chance to once more return to the paths of rectitude. Mrs. Hardy also advocated a boarding house for female workers employed in our stores, workhouses, and factories at a price to place it within the reach of all. She quoted examples within her own experience in Syracuse, New York, and some Canadian cities where this scheme was put into practical effect. She is now, I believe, doing all in her power to stir the people of Ottawa to a sense of their duty in this respect, and I earnestly hope her efforts may be crowned with success. There was one noticeable fact in connection with the meeting, which was that not one minister of the Gospel was present, either on the platform or among the audience. And still there has not a fortnight passed since the Rev. T. Bedford Jones, in half a column of the *Citizen*, cried out against the cruelty of a pigeon shooting match. Last night, when he could have helped, at least countenanced, a noble Lady in endeavouring to *practice* Christianity, he was not there. I would ask *Rev. T. Bedford Jones* whether he considers the killing of a few animals, as he calls them or the saving of a fellow creature's soul the greater cause for interest. He could afford time to write columns to the press on other subjects, but when have we seen from his hand a plea for a suffering fellow creature. I suspect he employs more of his time in getting up "operatic chants" for the edification of his congregation than in taking part in a work of mercy. He could plead for the poor pigeons; now let us see his plea for the poor outcast. Matt. V. chap. and 16th verse:—"*Let your light so shine before men "that they may see your good works and "glorify your Father which is in Heaven.*" Luke V. chap., 32nd verse,—"*I came not "to call the righteous, but sinners to repentance.*"

The chair was occupied by that worthy old "war horse" of the Temperance cause. The Hon. Malcolm Cameron, M.P., who, when the lady had ceased speaking, called the peoples' attention to the absence of clergymen and in a few well spoken words commended the cause to the serious consideration of the audience and moved a vote of thanks to Mrs. Hardy, which it is needless to say passed unanimously.

The meeting came to a close by singing the doxology.

This is written with the intention of stirring up aid for Mrs. Hardy. It will be a discredit to the city if she has to say she appealed to the people of Ottawa to help her in that truly laudable object.

Yours, &c.,
T. W. M.

Ottawa, 24th June, 1874.

CITY AND VICINITY

BASE BALL.—In the Base Ball, yesterday at Montreal, between the "Mutuals" of Ottawa and "Unions" of Montreal, the former won by a score of 31 to 20.

GUARDS' BAND.—The Guards' Band played on Parliament square last night to a large assemblage of our citizens, who apparently enjoyed the rich treat that a varied programme afforded.

NEW POST OFFICE.—The contract on the new Post Office is being pushed rapidly forward by Mr. Webster, and if the good work continues the citizens will in a few weeks have some idea of the architectural design of this new building.

LIFE SAVING MATTRESS.—There will be a trial of the celebrated Torrence Life Saving Mattress to-morrow morning in the Canal basin, at half-past nine o'clock. We learn a number of the Government Ministers will be there.

CITY COUNCIL.—At a meeting of the City Council last night, the motion to reconsider the question of tenders for the main sewer was negatived by a vote of 9 to 4. Pressure of other matter upon our columns prevents our giving a report of the proceedings in our issue of this morning.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE DAY.—The city was yesterday decked anew with flags and bunting, to mark the real anniversary of St. Jean Baptiste. The flags were flaunting to the breeze on the Parliament Buildings, Russell House and other public places. Many of our French Canadian citizens have gone to Montreal to celebrate the day in that city.

ILL-TREATMENT OF A WOMAN.—A report has just come to hand of the ill-treatment of a woman the other day by a policeman on Broad street, whereby she received a serious fracture of the skull by a stroke from a baton. It is said that the woman, who is the mother of a grown-up family was found in a state of intoxication on said street the other day but being somewhat refractory, the policeman in question undertook to remonstrate with her by a too vigorous use of the baton. Her skull has received such injuries as to really endanger the life of the woman who now lies in a precarious condition. It is rumored that the policeman in question gave the family $10 cash and a promise of $100 hereafter if they hushed the matter up. Names are suppressed for the present until we are fully in a position to verify the facts.

Presentation and Address.

A very pleasing, and well merited presentation took place yesterday evening at the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, on the occasion of the Feast of the Rev. Dr. O'Connor. The children were all assembled in the large room of the institution and on his entrance into the room, the choir sang a very pretty piece, entitled "Hail to Our Father," after which Miss Annie Mackey read the following

ADDRESS.

REVEREND FATHER—Among the Orphans' joys, the feast of our Father brings with it the sweetest emotions, and calls forth the most profound, yet most tender sentiments of gratitude. Around him young hopes cluster and blossom, our hearts look upon him as our shield and support. Then how restrain our feelings on this joyful anniversary? Why attempt to suppress them? Are we not celebrating the feast of our beloved and devoted Benefactor, of the best of fathers, one whose memory will be among those whom we hold dearest, when the lapse of years has cooled our joys, how many fond thoughts will suggest themselves to our minds as we retrace those dear scenes, when our beloved Father and Protector seated among us, smiled on us poor little orphans and called us his children. The gratitude and respect we have towards our good Father are, may we not say, sweet and favorable omens. They are the presages of future happiness, if we be so fortunate as to profit by the numberless favors placed even in our hands.

Let us then unite our young hearts and exclaim in one joyful chorus of love and gratitude. Long live the kind Director of St. Patrick's Asylum. Long live the best of Fathers.

The choir then sang the "Orphans Prayer," after which Father O'Connor addressed the children at some length, thanking them for their very pleasing testimonial, and counselling them to be good boys and girls, and by so doing they would repay him for all the exertions he had made in their interest.

The very clean and tidy appearance of the children, and their look of contentment showed, that under the watchful care of Sisters [illegible] George and [illegible] they were as well cared for as they could possibly be.

Raid on Houses of Ill-fame.

The people of lower town having been for some time greatly annoyed with the prevalence in their midst of a number of houses of questionable repute, resolved a few days ago to form a vigilance committee to rid the locality of these nuisances. The committee having been established and under a suitable leade

proceeded to inaugurate its work of destruction by the destruction of one of those houses on Cobourg street on Monday night. The great assault was however deferred till Tuesday night when some 200 men had gathered and by a concentrated attack with stones and such other missiles as could be had, made an attack on a series of houses in various streets. Doors, windows, &c., came to grief one after another, and the inmates were driven to seek shelter where they could best find it.

It is almost impossible to get a true detailed statement of the losses sustained, but the following will give some idea. On Dalhousie Street Mrs. Bisson, Mrs. Belaire, Mrs. Roy, Mrs. Moreau and two others who occupied houses belonging to one Mr. Castello were cleared out. On Church street the house of Mrs. Proulx was demolished. On Bolton street a visit was paid to the domicile of Mrs. Foucher which was also soon laid desolate. A house on St. Andrew St. belonging to a Sergt. of police, was spared on a promise that he would get rid of his disagreeable tenants, a suggestion which he promptly acted upon yesterday morning. These are the facts as far as they can be gathered, but it is to be regretted that the police did not act more vigorously in a matter, which must ultimately cost the city a considerable sum of money.

THE PIGEON MATCH.

Ward vs. Paine.

The excitement yesterday anent the *Pigeon Match* between Ward of Toronto, and Paine of New York, for $1,000, was intense, and for some time Bank street was lined with all sorts of vehicles in the direction of Mutchmor Park. The international character of the match contributed rather to than detracted from the excitement. Pools were sold and the favorite appeared to be Ward, although Paine had many friends who risked freely upon their man.

Ward is a very stoutly built man and is possessed of great physical power, is active, and seems to be possessed of a keen eyesight. His rival is also an able bodied man, but is somewhat lighter than Ward. His perception seems quicker than that of Ward, but in his haste, to our mind, lies the secret of his want of success. Ward labors under a disadvantage to his opponent in the loss of the left arm, which is off a little above the wrist. Each competitor furnished his quota of birds, and a draft was alternately made therefrom during the progress of the match.

The first part of the match was that of single rises from 2 traps laid flat on the ground some 21 yards from the score. Two long strings were attached to these traps, which lay some 18 feet apart, so that the man in attendance could pull one or other as the lot might fall to him, with a view to allow the bird to rise. Great difficulty was sometimes experienced in starting the birds, as it was necessary to shoot them on the wing. The result of the single rise match of 50 birds each was as follows:—

Ward, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1—45 birds.

Paine, 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1—41 birds.

The second part, after an intermission of half an hour, was then proceeded with, consisting of double rises, two birds being let up out of spring traps which forced two birds in the air at once. The result of this match, each having 25 pair of birds to shoot, was as follows:—

Ward, 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 1 2—43 birds.

Paine, 1 2 2 2 1 0 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 2—42 birds.

In the first or single rises, Ward beat Paine by 4 birds, and in the double rises he beat him by only 1 bird, making a total of 88 birds shot by Ward to 83 shot by Paine.

Mr. Richie acted as referee.

Police Court.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

Wednesday, June 24.

Daniel McCullen and John Muldoon, were charged with being drunk on the public streets, $2 and costs.

Cesaire Eth—ir, arraigned for being drunk on the streets, was fined $2 and costs.

John Powers for a similar offence was discharged.

Robert Curley, for insulting words, $2 and costs.

A gentleman charged with leaving furniture on the sidewalk was fined $1 and costs.

The Laviolette case was dismissed.

Four young men, charged with breaking into a house of ill-fame, on Coburg street, were remanded until Monday.

BY TELEGRAPH

MONTREAL

Grand Celebration of St. Jean Baptiste Day.

Montreal, June 24.

There never has been such a national demonstration as that of to-day. The weather was beautiful. One hundred thousand persons were in the streets. The whole city presented a gala appearance, flags, arches and decorations at all suitable and conspicuous points, challenging admiration. It is computed that 300 American press-men were in the town. Sixty French Canadian societies in all parts of the United States sent representatives to join in the celebration with those of all Canada. The procession was of immense length, the banners and official costumes striking all eyes, and the brilliant symbolic representations eliciting general praise. Thirty-three bands enlivened the procession, in which all the leading French Canadians, of all professions took part, and also the various artisan, scholastic and other organizations. The march past occupied two hours and a half. Hon. Messrs. Fournier and Letellier were regarded as representing the Dominion Cabinet, there being several Local Ministers in the ranks. The Cathedral was crammed, a grand musical service being performed, after which an appropriate and able sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr. Deschamps. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

QUEBEC.

Accidentally Killed—Thunder Storm—Duties Collection—New Arrivals—St. Jean Baptiste Festival.

Quebec, June 23.

The duties collected at the Custom House to-day amount to $9,646.59.

A large number of French Canadians left for Montreal on this evening's steamer to take part in the festivities in honour of their patron saint.

The severe thunder storm to-day has interfered somewhat with the working of the wires.

The shipping is getting loaded and away rapidly. The arrivals to-day were only the barque 'Inga,' from London, in ballast, and the 'Leonard,' from St. John's, N. F., with seal oil.

A man named P. Hermanegilde was accidentally killed yesterday while working at the unloading of the SS. 'Quebec' in the Stream.

There was a severe thunder storm last night. To-day the weather was warm and close, with indications of more rain.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Mass Meeting at Yale—The Railway Policy Endorsed and the Local Government censured.

Victoria, B. C., June 23.

A meeting at Yale last night unanimously approved the Mackenzie Railway policy, and condemned the Local Government. The meeting was the largest ever held at Yale.

PRESCOTT.

Attempted Burglary.

Prescott, June 23.

A daring attempt was made about 1 a.m. this morning to blow open a safe in the office of Alex. Wells, exchange broker. Two holes were drilled in the door of the safe. About two ounces of powder had been placed in the key-hole, and all was ready for the final touch, when fortunately Mr. Wm. Dunn, who slept overhead, having been awakened, rose, and by his movements evidently frightened off the villains. They left a broken drill and a dozen half burnt matches.

SARNIA.

Departure of the Manitoba.

Sarnia, June 23.

The mail steamer Manitoba, of Beatty's Lake Superior Line, left here this evening for Fort William, Duluth, and intermediate ports. Among the passengers are several families emigrating to Manitoba, who take with them horses, cattle, and agricultural implements. They are chiefly from the western counties of this province. From the number of settlers for Manitoba who have passed here this season up to this time, the acquisition this year to the population of that Province will be very considerable.

The cargo of the Manitoba chiefly consists of general merchandise. Among her passengers are W. B. Frue and party of Silver Islet; Nelson Bingham, Jas. King, Mrs. Savage, Henry Streeter, and lady, Dr. Patton, Thomas Wilson, Geo. Fair, Mr. Haultain, St. Catherines; Robert Grant, Mr. Gordon, James Churchill, John McInness, Miss Whitely, Thos. McCormack, Angus McDonald and family; Colonel Young, of Chicago; Major Young, Chicago; and John Gray, Cincinnati.

LONDON.

Serious Fire—Nine Buildings Burned.

London, June 23.

A fire broke out between eleven and twelve o'clock last night in Nickle's livery stable. The building was occupied as a warehouse by the Moorhead Manufacturing Company. In a very short time the buildings on each side of it, eight in number, extending almost an entire block, were destroyed, one building only remaining on each corner, at King and York streets. The fire also extended in the rear to Willis' lumber yard, adjoining which was the Moorehead Company's yard, also stocked with lumber. Fortunately the spread of the fire in this direction was checked, although the lumber pile continued slowly smouldering the greater part of to-day, requiring the attention of the steam fire engines up to a late hour. The sufferers by the fire are the Moorhead Company, insured on the stock to the extent of $3,000, entirely covering the loss; Mrs. Nickell, who owned the building, had a policy from the Royal for $2,000. Thos. Pigott, butcher, had $500 in the North British, and $500 in the Waterloo on stock and furniture; his loss will be above this. The building belonged to Robert Parkinson, and was not insured. Mr. F. C. Richardson, confectioner, had $600 on the building, in the British American. Stock and machinry uninsured. He losses between $4,000 and $5,000. John Ley, barber, insured $1,000 in the Western. His loss will be considerable. John Walsh, saloon, insured $700. The building belong to Mr. Parkinson, and was uninsured. Joseph Andrews, butcher, had $1,500 in the Royal Canadian, $500 in the Royal, and $500 in the Provincial on the stock and household goods. His loss over the insurance will reach $1,200. The building was owned by Mr. S. Perrin insured, $500 in the Royal, and $1,000 in the Queen; S. G. Partlett, second-hand furniture dealer insured for $1,000 in the Northern losses heavily. W. Olmstead, who owned the building, is insured in the Northern for $1,000. G. Bricklin, butcher, insured for $600 in the Gore Fire, on stock. This will not nearly cover loss. Mr. McKinnon, proprietor of the building occupied by Bricklin, had $300 in the North British. J. Kincaid, saloon, had $800 in the Scottish on his stock. W. Willis, lumber dealer, insured for $1,000. This will more than cover his losses. The Montreal Telegraph Company lose by damage to poles, etc. It is the work of an incendiary. The efforts of the fire brigade were greatly cramped by the lack of water. The fire may be said to have burned itself out.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

ENGLAND.

Resignation.

London, June 24.—Right Hon. Sir Bartle Frere has resigned his position as President of the Royal Geographical Society, and Genl. Sir Henry D. Rawlinson, formerly President has been again elected.

Died.

A special despatch to the *Times* says that Genl. Ligarroga, a Carlist General is dead.

UNITED STATES.

Races.

East Saginaw, Mich., June 24.—The races yesterday were more largely attended than last year. The track is in splendid condition. The first race was won by 'Mambrind Star,' in three straight heats, 'Randall' taking the second place, and 'Lady Hayes,' third. Best time 2 28¼. The second race for a purse of $1,500, for horses that had never beaten 2-20 was won by 'Harper,' 'Young' was second, and the balance of the money was forfeited. Time 2-27½, 2-31 and 2 33½. The third and most exciting race of the day was for a purse of $600, and the first money was given to 'Feil,' second to 'Bland Iron,' and the third to 'Western Star.' Time 1-45, 1-45½ and 1-49½.

SPAIN.

Carlist Attack.

Madrid, June 14.—A band of Carlists made an attack upon Bellmunht, Province of Torrogon, yesterday, and the garrison to avoid the burning of the place, surrendered to the insurgents, who made a demand upon the authorities for $60,000 and took off several persons stating they would hold them as hostages until the payment of the money.

They were followed by a force of Republican troops who overtook them and killed 30.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

Unfriendly Relations Between Turkey and Persia.

London, June 24.—The relations between Turkey and Persia are not friendly. It appears that the Persian Government has refused to compel the return to Turkish territory of a tribe numbering 2,000 families, which has been subject to the Porte, but escaped across the Persian frontier, and that a number of Turks have been seized and maltreated by a band of Persian pilgrims. The Turkish Government threatens to force Persia to give up the persons who have abused its subjects and surrender the revolting tribe. Unless an accommodation is speedily effected the relations between the two countries will become critical.

The Turf.

The summer meeting at Newcastle-upon-Tyne commenced yesterday. The Northumberland plate was run for to-day, and won by Lily Agnes, Louise 2nd, and [illegible] 3rd; 12 horses started. The last betting was 7 to 4 against Lily; 8 to 1 against Louise; and 20 to 1 against [illegible].

Shipping Act.

London, June 24.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Plimsoll's bill, requiring official surveys of merchant ships before sailing, was rejected by a vote of 173 nays to 170 yeas.

FRANCE.

The Distribution of the Prince Imperial's Photographs Prohibited.

Paris, June 24.—An order has been issued by the Government prohibiting the distribution in France of the photographs of the Prince Imperial.

GERMANY.

Roman Catholic Conference—Professor Greist.

Berlin, June 24.—Ten Prussian Bishops are in attendance upon the Roman Catholic Conference at Fueda. The Sees of Cologne, Posen and Trevees are represented by Deputies, the Bishop of the places being in prison. Professor Greist is about to proceed to America for the purpose of searching the archives of the different States of the American Union for information to aid him in preparing a history of the Constitution of the United States. While in Washington he will be the guest of President Grant.

Court Martial.

Berlin, June 24.—A naval court martial has sentenced Captain Werner to arrest for his conduct when in command of a German man-of-war in the harbor of Carlogena, during the intransigent revolt.

UNITED STATES.

The Central Baptist Church Disast

Syracuse.—The Central Baptist Church Disaster proves to be as serious as telegraphed last night. The bodies of 14 persons killed have been recovered and further search this morning shows there is a number of persons killed outright. Several persons are so severely injured that they will probably die. The number of minor casualties is nearly or quite 100. Among them about twelve persons with broken limbs and ribs. The cause of the disaster was the defective construction of the building. The supporting truss was composed of planks spiked together. The excitement in the community continues very great.

Later.—Up to 1 o'clock this afternoon, two additional deaths have occurred. Several of the injured will be crippled for life.

The Court of Common Pleas, to-day, affirmed the judgment of Judge Quinn in the case of the Sandy Hook pilots against several ship owners, which was brought to recover outside pilotage.

N. Y., 24.—Commodore Vanderbilt was thrown out of a wagon yesterday afternoon but not seriously injured. The accident was used on change to-day to influence stocks, but not very successfully.

Base Ball Match.

Boston, June 24.—Base ball, Bostons 10; Chicagos 2.

Resignation of Postmaster General Creswell,

Washington, June 24.—Postmaster General Creswell this morning tendered his resignation in the following letter:—

Washington, June 24.

Sir,—After more than five years of continuous service, I am constrained by a proper regard for my private interests to resign the office of Postmaster General, and to request that I may be relieved from duty as soon as it may be convenient for you to designate my successor. For the generous confidence and support which you have uniformly extended to me in my efforts to discharge my duty I shall not attempt to express the full measure of my gratitude. It is sufficient to say that my relations, official and personal with yourself and every one of my colleagues of the Cabinet have always been of the most agreeable and satisfactory character to me, and you may rest assured that I shall continue to give to your administration my most cordial support, and that I shall ever deem it an honor to be permitted to subscribe myself sincerely and faithfully.

Your friend,

John A. J. Creswell.

To the President.

The President replied as follows:

Executive Mansion, Washington, June 24th, 1874.

My Dear Sir,—As I expressed to you this morning when you tendered your resignation of the office of Postmaster General, it is with the deepest regret to me that you should have felt such a course necessary. You are the last of the original members of the Cabinet named by me as I was entering upon my present duties and it makes me feel as if old associations were being broken up that I had hoped might continue through my official life. In separating officially, I have but two hopes to express, first, that I may get a successor who will be as faithful and efficient in the performance of the duties of the office you resign; second, a personal friend that I can have the same attachment for. Your record has been satisfactory to me and I know to the country at large.

Yours, &c.,

U. S. Grant.

Hon. J. A. Creswell, Postmaster General.

Oswego, 23.—The delegates and friends of the New York Association for protection of fish and game, have had another fine day in the field and the following closely contested prizes were:—for fly casting, R. Wood, Syracuse, 1st prize; S. M. Allen, Oswego, 2nd; C. Northrup, Rome, 3rd; J. F. Miller, Oswego, 4th; and A. Wright, Oswego, 5th. In pistol shooting, the 1st prize was won by J. B. Higham, Buffalo; 2nd by J. M. Wilmer, Niagara Falls. In the trap shooting match for amateurs, M. Hogg, of Seneca Falls first; L. Barber, Auburn, second; L. A. Bex, Syracuse, third; J. Walker, Syracuse, fourth.

The Duke of Nemours, disgusted with the aspect of affairs in France, has turned his back on the intrigues of parties and of princes has gone with his son, the Count of Eu, and his son's wife, the Princess Imperial of Brazil, heiress of that crown, to Rio de Janeiro. The cable now laying from Brazil to Portugal has already reached the Cape de Verde Islands, and the Duke will soon be in communication with Paris again from his picturesque retreat under the palms of Petropolis. But the chances are that he has given France up as a bad job. He alone of the sons of Louis Phillippe never acquiesced in what he regarded as his father's usurpation of the crown. He always professed himself a supporter of Henry V. A story is told of him that in his youth he was one day sitting near a wood fire in the Tuileries while his father was lamenting to a confidant the woes of royalty. 'Ah,' said the hypocritical old King: 'ah, my friend, the crown is a heavy weight to bear.' 'Yes,' exclaimed the young Duke from the chimney corner, 'it is, especially when one has no right to it.'—*N.Y. World.*

FOR SALE.

Lot 28, 9th Range of Hull, covered with fine Maple Wood. Ten miles from the City. Fine Road.

Apply to L. W. P. Coutlee, Esq., Advocate, Hull, or to Henry Celly, Mountain Road, Hull, near the property.

Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 25-w3

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A. R. Giles, Esq., Dear Sir,—In reply to your note asking how I like the Canadian Washing Machine you left on trial at my place I have to say that it gives every satisfaction, doing its work thoroughly, being more easily worked than any other, and a great deal cheaper. I may add that it took me some time to persuade my wife to try your machine, as she had already tried the Bunnell Machine twice, and had concluded the machines were all humbugs alike. A. W. Lang.

June 16, 1874. 2585-y

STRAYED.

From the premises of the undersigned, on or about [illegible] May last, TWO COLTS, One Mare [illegible] two years old, brown color, with some [illegible] forehead. Any information leading to their recovery will be thankfully received by JOHN MARION, West Huntley.

Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 25-w3

POND'S EXTRACT CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness, Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness, Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds, Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises, Headache, Piles, Sprains, Toothache, Colic, Old Sores, All Hemorrhages, Diarrhœa, etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE For the Hair

Prepared from the Pure Grease of THE CANADA BEAR.

It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean.
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price 25 cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON Sole Proprietors, 377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.

June 15, 1874.

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now for the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMON, Agents for the Province of Ontario, Scott street, Toronto,

Or to DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame street, Montreal, General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

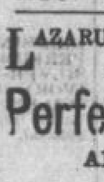
Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.

May 1st, 1874.

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address R J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L., BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c., Main-St., HULL, P.Q. 2328-6m



AGENTS WANTED. Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

Perfected Spectacles AND EYE GLASSES,

In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,

At W. YOUNG'S 3½ SPARKS-ST.

A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge. March 28, 1874.

NEW BOOKS.

Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon	$1.25
" Meridiana, or adventures in South Africa	0.75
" A journey to the Centre of the earth	0.75
" Tour of the World in 80 days	1.50
Family Herald, vol 32, bound	1 35
At Her Mercy, by James Payn	0.50

FOR SALE AT HENDERSON AND CO'S, 39 Sparks Street.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

The Stock Books of the BANK OF OTTAWA are now open for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Bank, and are placed at the following places, viz:—

In Ottawa at the Office of R. W. Cruice, Esq.
Pembroke " Messrs. Hunter Bros.
Arnprior " Messrs. McLachlan Bros.
[illegible] " Hon. George Bryson.
Aylmer " Messrs. Fleming, Church and Kenney.
Buckingham " Jas. McLaren & Co.

By Order of the Provincial Directors, JAMES McLAREN, Chairman.

Ottawa, June 20, 1874. 2601-6in

TO LET—Corner of Bank and Maria Streets, handsomely finished and commodious DWELLING HOUSE. This house, from its size finish and location is especially suited for the residence of a medical gentleman. The population in the neighborhood is now quite numerous, and rapidly increasing, and there is no medical man residing within a radius of four or five squares. Apply to J. R. NICHOLSON, Grocer, Bank and Maria streets. 2584.

DRESS. DRESS.

J. R. STITT & Co.'s CHEAP CLEARING SALE OF COSTUMES & DRESSES

THURSDAY AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

This is a good opportunity for LADIES going to the Country or Seaside to secure a good Travelling or Seaside Costume ready made, at half price, as the lot must be cleared. Materials a. Galatea Stripes, Linen Lasses, Piques, Batistes, Chambreys, Grass Linen, &c., &c.

PRINTS. 10½c.—CHEAP SALE of light ground Prints from 10½c. per yard.

BATISTE. 16c.—CHEAP SALE of Batistes and Lawns at 16c. per yard.

TRELLIS MUSLINS. 19c.—CHEAP SALE of White satin stripe Muslins from 19c to 30c. per yard.

GRENADINES. 17c.—CHEAP SALE of Grenadines at 17c.

ALPACAS. 20c.—CHEAP SALE of New Grey Alpacas and Lustres in all [illegible] Beautiful Shades.

MILLINERY. 10c.—CHEAP SALE of Hats and Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, from 10c. or cleaned at half price.

UNDERCLOTHING. 60c.—CHEAP SALE of Ladies' Underclothing from 60c. up.

REMNANTS. CHEAP SALE of Remnants. Prints, [illegible] Dress Goods of every description at half price.

J. R. STITT & Co., 20 SPARKS-ST

NOTICE.

RADFORD & GOYER

HAVING purchased MR. YOUNG'S STOCK at A GREAT SACRIFICE are now prepared to sell the same at LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

Stock Consisting of

Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Coloured Gold Sets, Coloured Gold Brooches, Coloured Gold Ear Rings, Coloured Gold Signet Rings, Coloured Gem Rings, Coloured Gold Ladies' Chains, Coloured Gold Gents' Chains, Coloured Gold Studs, Coloured Gold Sleeve Buttons.

JET GOODS.

Brooches and Ear Rings in Sets, Bracelets, Ear Rings, Chains, Crosses.

ELECTROPLATED WARE.

Tea Sets, Cruets, Cake Baskets, Card Baskets, Butter Coolers, Epergnes, Fruit Dishes, Water Kettles, Crust Jugs, Water Jugs, Spoons and Forks.

CLOCKS—30 HOURS AND EIGHT DAYS.

MASONIC GOODS—Blue Aprons, Collars and Jewels, R. A. Aprons, Sashes and Jewels.

Paper Machine Goods, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Glove Boxes, Portfolio, Toilet Ink Stands, Spectacles, Gold and Steel Specs, Eye Glasses—Lazarus & Morris.

**The whole stock to be disposed of by 1st of August, at less than wholesale prices, at RADFORD & GOYER'S 38 SPARKS-ST, NEXT DOOR TO CHRISTIE'S DRUG STORE.

REMEMBER

BASKERVILLE & BROS., Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.

All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, and guaranteed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS. 1874. 2284

NEW CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—25 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers. Our stock being even More complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO. Ottawa Carpet House 39 SPARKS-ST.

THOS. S. SARNEY, MECHANICAL ENGINEER AND AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES And other appliances, Light Engines and General Machinery.

Agent for Edgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.

Orders or enquiries at CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS. June 13, 1874. 2558-tf

Bolt-heading Machine.

The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.

N. S. BLASDELL & Co. Victoria Foundry & Machine Works, Ottawa Sept. 12, 1873. 2268

SIXTH ANNUAL PIC-NIC —OF THE—

QUEEN FIRE COMP'Y Will be held in LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL, —ON— Dominion Day.

Marier's Brass and Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

TICKETS of admission, 25c; may be had of the Committee and at the gate.

A. FAULKNER, Secretary. CHAS. DUPUIS, Captain.

June 20, 1874. 2600-3in-sw

OTTAWA Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, [illegible] HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS For the subscription of those desiring to take stock in [illegible] and all information had at the office of the undersigned, No. 30 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Signed, ROB. ANGUS, Jun., Secretary, pro tem.

June 18, 1874. 2594-1m

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats....Peacock
Christy's Hats....Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats....Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats....Peacock
Wolseley Hats....Peacock
Castellar Hats....Peacock
Cheltenham Hats....Peacock
Spencer Hats....Peacock
Sorento Hats....Peacock
Cordova Hats....Peacock
Venetti Hats....Peacock
Clinton Hats....Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at PEACOCK'S SIGN OF THE RED HAT 63 RIDEAU STREET.

April 2, 1874.

GRAND CLEARING SALE —OF— BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN Having purchased the stock of Boots and Shoes Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand, No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The Stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's & Felt Boots—wool lined. Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country merchants invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN, [Late Preston & McLaughlin], No. 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to Mr. T. RAJOTTE Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co. Feb. 28 1874.

BELL & BRUNEL, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.

Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa. Money to loan. March 17, 1874.

OPENING DAY.

MORRISON & ADAM, FAMILY GROCERS, TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS, ITALIAN WAREHOUSE, 48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48

SATURDAY, JUNE 13.

D. McDONELL, Special Family Grocer, —IS— Receiving Foreign Importations And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S Change of Business

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c per Yard.

A still Further Reduction —IN— Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 28th May, 1874. J. METCALFE

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES. FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN.

All the Novelties in Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON, 53 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874. 2519

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas.—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlshall's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at THOS. PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

J. W. RYAN, Rideau Street

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-Class Dress Making and Millinery Establishment —AT— 234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection.

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

**We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, als[illegible]ner from Paris.

Call early, and leave your orders. May 21, 1874.

SPRING 1874.

H. HODGES, 66 SPARKS STREET, Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of ENGLISH AND AMERICAN FELT HATS. Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's SILK HATS, For Spring Trade.

March 23, 1874.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.

Murray Bay, NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE, THE LORNE HOUSE Is now open to visitors. Telegraph and Independent Post Offices at [illegible]

June 13, 1874. CHAMARD & Co.

OFFICES TO LET—Suitable for [illegible], in the Victoria building, Wellington st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to [illegible] Agent Travellers' Ins. Coy., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table.

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 3.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 8.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.30 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer Jessie Cassels leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 9 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.....111½

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 24.

GRAIN.	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 20 to 1 25
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Ocrumeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 0
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 40 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 8 to 0 10
Cabbage	1 75 to 2 00
Onions, per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Beets, do	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips, per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 40 to 0 60
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Pheasants	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 00 to 8 00
Mutton, per lb	0 06 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 05 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 09 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 60 to 0 80
White Fish, do	0 09 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 8 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Cotton, heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus.; sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower; receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24,000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15¼c.; refined, 18½c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 24.—Erie, 26¾; refined petroleum 18½ to 19½ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 24.—Cotton, sales today 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured grick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 8 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now.' H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We fin to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 258

CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE
Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 9d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 27 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Wiser & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1872

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S *Pepsine*, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in pint and half pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in 1 oz., ½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions,
31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row*,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed re and desiatch. 264

LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their name is upon the wrapper, label, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR
Savory & Moore's
PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal,

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto,

Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and the other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore, Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, H. I. M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for those with delicate digestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

DATURA TATULA,
FOR
Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to answer more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. M'Veagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of
SAVORY AND MOORE
143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatic and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES
FOR
CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,
Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,
SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.

is warranted to cure all disorders from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 2s 9d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 27 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Wiser & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses are to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Hope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King street west Toronto Ontario.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JAMES BUCHANAN, of the City of Ottawa, an Insolvent.

A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until 4th July next, after which dividend will be paid.

ALEX. MOFFAT,
Assignee
Montreal, June 17, 1874. 269 2w

Outfits Free — Employment at your homes or travelling. The work is delightful, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send stamp. Lilburn, Davies & Co., 25 Hanover-st., Montreal.

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.
ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,
Chicago,
The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871) take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jun 1, 1874 2285 3 1aw

The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2512y

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	DELIVERIES. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9:00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 5 p. m.

For Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office.

Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office (interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9:00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

L. D. SINE'S
GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$100,000
In Valuable Gifts.
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!
One Prize, $5,000 in Silver!
Five Prizes $1,000 } Greenbacks,
Five Prizes $500 }
Ten Prizes $100 }
Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,000 each; Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each; Two fine Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each; Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each; 1,000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $200 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
WATE OFFICE,
101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 95
Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having some time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, Mass.

Try Noonan's 25c. Supper.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at

NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL
PURELY
DR. WALKERS CALIFORNIA
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worm, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

J. WALKER, R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment);
To the Viceroy of India and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1792.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ÆSTHETIC METAL WORKER.

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—68 and 70 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS AND WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	CLOCKS Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room
Keyless, Centre Seconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Jewelled, &c.	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and Silver Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure so much of the genuine metal as will ensure a sufficient coating of silver to wear well for many years, and Mr. Benson's is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2487-1wly

STANDARD
AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

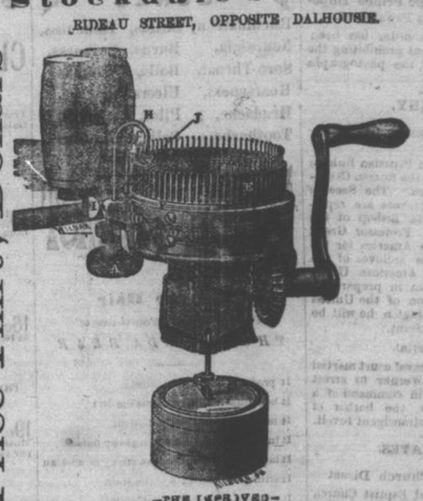
of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $200 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York.
P.O. Box 1317. 2277m

CRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Tonsil Affections. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer, 186 Lake-st., Montreal. 241 1y

REMOVAL
The undersigned HAS REMOVED to
Stockdale's Block,
RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 Stitches in a Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Shooting Coats, Mufts, Fringe, Afghans, Subias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Mats, Shawls, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggings, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS

T. E. MOORE
BURLINGTON
HAIR-CUTTING
ROOMS.

[738] PARK-ST., OTTAWA,

Begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his Fancy Goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now overstocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 8th, sell all Fancy Goods at half price, or 25 per cent less than cost price.

The Goods Consist of

Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,
Solid 15 karat Gold Chains,
An immense assortment of elegant sets in Gold,
Best Plate Signet Rings,
Plain and Brier Rings,
Hair Ornaments,
Perfumery,
Brushes,
Real Hair Goods,
Meerschaum Pipes,
Hand Mirrors,
Hair Brushes.

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 73 Sparks-st.

June 23, 1874.

$955,000
IN CASH GIFTS
TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE
Mercantile Prize Association
OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET

1 Cash Gift,	$50,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
6 " each,	10,000	200 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200
30 " "	5,000	500 " "	100

400 Gold Watches.....$75 to 200
275 Sewing Machines.....60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos.....350 to 750
" Melodeons.....60 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,000,000.

A chance to draw for any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or mail free.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 22. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 6.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $8,000; Mrs. Louise T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,000; Eugene F. Bradkett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $400; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 100 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $5, 50 for $5, 150 for $10.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 2550-3m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.
May 20th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.
Edwards & Rutledge,
FAMILY GROCERS,
Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.
A full stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES
Just received. Also a large supply of *CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.*
Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.
A TRIAL SOLICITED.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874. 2525y

S. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER
6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them ready prepaid on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.
Feb 14 2490

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices till further notice, 11 per cent.

R. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. 76 67 ydaw

JUST PUBLISHED!
Musical Garland!
Duets for VIOLIN and PIANO. Price, $2.50.

New and attractive arrangements by Rev. Winner, of Galops, Waltzes, Marches, and Quadrilles and Potpourris for "Violin with Piano accompaniment. Pages "Sheet Music Size."

Musical Flowers!
Duets for FLUTE and PIANO. Price $2.00.

Similar in design to the "Musical Garland," but for "Flute" with "Piano" accompaniment. 160 pages Sheet Music Size well filled.

Flute Bouquet. Price $1.50.

A collection including a great variety of music for the "Flute."

Violin Amusements, Price $1.50.

Similar in design to the Bouquet. First rate easy Violin Music.

Two books by Rev. Winner. They are not so large as the "Musical Garland" and "Music for Flute," containing however, as much "Fun of Your" Music, but no Piano accompaniment.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

Offers to attract general attention as one of the best SUNDAY SCHOOL Song Books ever published. $30 per Hundred.

Above Books for Sale everywhere.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 73 Sparks-st.

June 23, 1874.

OTTAWA
Mills' Supply Agency,
OTTAWA ONT.,
No. 17 Sparks st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.
Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874. 2 4tf

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of
ROOM PAPER
Constantly on hand
Elgin-St. Opposite the Post Office
May 7, 1874. 2557

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

For sale, by private contract, Lot No 68, fronting on Elm-St.

ROCHESTERVILLE,

a short distance from the Rich

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2605 — OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN, FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,

38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS, SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. ☞ Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.

Jan. 27, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. G. G. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL, Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.

Dec. 8, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN, Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN, May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.

Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON, Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont. Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523y

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O. Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D. Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.

April 29, 1874 2556-3m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S, **Surgeon Dentist,** Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. Office—41½ Sparks-st.

March 3, 1874. 2522y

TALLON & CHRYSLER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law. Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c. Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.

J. TALLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.

Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM. The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q.C., M. O'GARA, H. LAPIERRE, E. A. P. REMON.

Feb. 4, 87 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL, BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c., (Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.) Office—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.

Feb. 5, 1874 464-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY, Notary Public and Advocates.

L. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.

Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.

Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN, ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c. No. 12 St. James-St. MONTREAL.

Sept. 8, 1873. 2362-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON, Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c OFFICE: Master in *Chancery Chambers,* COURT HOUSE, OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr., Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. ☞ Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.

March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND, ADVOCATE, Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S, MAIN STREET, HULL.

Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C., BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c., (Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.) ☞ Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.

March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR, Carvers & Gilders LOOKING-GLASS and PICTURE FRAME *MANUFACTURERS,* ☞60 Sparks-st. SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated. Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.

Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING, ☞Issuer of Marriage Licenses.☜ Office:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS! For a Good Smoke —USE THE— MYRTLE NAVY. ☞ [illegible]

THE WILLIAMS SINGER SEWING MACHINES —TOOK— ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give better satisfaction than any Machine in the market. Agents wanted in salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Call on or address,

GEO. DAWSON, Sparks-st., Ottawa 2567-3m

ALLAN LINE OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin.........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage.........$29 00

GLASGOW LINE. From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates. ☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for. Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.] For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.

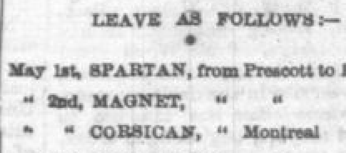
Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent. OFFICE—ELGIN STREET, OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2534



ROYAL MAIL LINE. UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Bajotte
Snow Bird	Dally
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m. for passengers.

Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p.m.

A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.

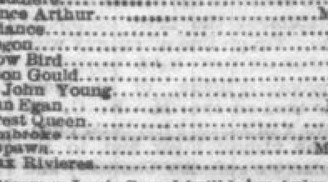
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, June 3, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES DELTA,	SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.

The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.

Thames	Wednesday, June 3
Delta	Wednesday June 17
Helios	Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence	Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.

Thames	Thursday, July 2
Delta	Thursday, July 9
Helios	Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence	Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billiter-st, London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.

June 13, 1874. 2543.

1873. Ottawa River Navigation Co. 1874.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers. OTTAWA TO MONTREAL. DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS ..... P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a.m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.

Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.

The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.

Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.

Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.

R. W. SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2578-tf

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY *PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.*

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to [illegible] and location of berth. Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

ESTABLISHED 1860.

P. A. TAYLOR, - - - - PROPRIETOR.

The largest and best-selected assortment of **Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,** &c., in Marble, Scottish Granite, or Sandstone.

☞ The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries. ☜

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874. 2598y

W. M. SOMERVILLE,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN— **Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods, And General Building Supplies.**

Has constantly on hand and to order—

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS,	FLOORING SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES,	ARCHITRAVES BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING	SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

SHINGLES,—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.

N.B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.

RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.

June 17, 1874. 2597y

Gentlemens Dress.

CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at

RUSSELL & WATSON'S, 29 SPARKS-St.

☞ The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.

It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.

R. & W.

June 17, 1874

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of **Cloths and Men's Clothing,** FOR TWO WEEKS

☞ Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20	pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c
15	" Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30	" Fancy Coburg	2.50

A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.

200	Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150	" Sac Coats	2.25

500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion. Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS **Plain and Fancy Furniture,** Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a ☞ SMALL ADVANCE ON COST. ☜

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2564y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale. ☞ All Goods Warranted Shrunk. ☜

Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

CALL AT MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment *CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,*

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

GOOD TIMES COMING —IN— Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

☞ AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES. ☜

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874, —IN— Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,

C. P. DORION, 81 and 83 SPARKS-ST. (Late Desoarats' Property.)

May 12, 1874.

A LARGE VARIETY OF GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT DACIER'S DRUG STORE, 43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.

March 28, 1874. 2528

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo	75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner	60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold	$1.75

For Sale by HENDERSON & Co 39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS! **Books, Books!** 10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices AT P. NAUGHTEN'S Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa. Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

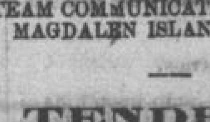
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. AGENT: G. MANN, Hardware Merchant, SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

Easter Beef

AT C. KENNEDY'S, WELLINGTON-ST.. ☞ Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2. 1874.



STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MAGDALEN ISLANDS.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until

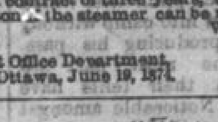
THURSDAY, 23RD JULY,

At noon, for the conveyance of mails by steamer between Pictou, N. S., and the Magdalen Islands, calling at Georgetown, Prince Edward Island, both going to and returning from the Magdalen Islands.

The Tenders to give a full description of the steamer offered for this service, specifying the tonnage, speed, and accommodation for passengers and freight and also the price asked for each round trip from Pictou to the Magdalen Islands and back, calling at Georgetown, Prince Edward Island, for weekly or fortnightly trips, as may be agreed upon, during the season of navigation, on a contract of three years, to commence this season as the steamer can be ready in time.

WM. WHITE, Secretary.

Post Office Department, Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 2560-3n



CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TELEGRAPH LINE.

Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—

The furnishing of all materials, labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.

The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.

In the wooded Sections the land to be cleared to a width of 132 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.

Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:

(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.

(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 500 miles.

(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.

(4) Lac La Hache, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia, to Fort Edmonton, about 550 miles.

(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.

(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 760 miles.

The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.

Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.

Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.

By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, 19th June, 1874. 2586 2awk-4t.

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF ORGAN MUSIC!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport	$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries	2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste	2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea.	3 50
Rite's Short Voluntaries—6 Nos., each	0 50
Zenner's Voluntaries—Complete	3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel	2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home	$2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs	1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion	2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE, By Tallon & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A. D. 1874

BERMINGHAM'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street.

CREDIT SALE —OF— BUGGIES AND EXPRESS WAGGONS

By Auction.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY, 23d INSTANT,

At 10:30 o'clock a.m., on the By Ward Market, ten new Buggies and six Express Waggons, all of the very best material, finest workmanship and made by one of the best carriage builders in this city. The owner is determined to sell them, in order to make room for the manufacture of his winter stock, and they will therefore be sold on six months' credit, and at the purchasers own price. All in want of good Express Waggons and Buggies should bear this sale in mind, as such an opportunity to purchase cheap, and from a good stock, will not offer again this season. They will be on view from eight o'clock until hour of sale ten thirty on Tuesday, 23d inst., on the By Ward Market.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

June 19, 1874.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $550 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

J. BERMINGHAM.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $4,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL Branches of Builders Work! *Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.*

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application COAL and WOOD STOVES. HOUSEFURNISHINGS. IRON BEDSTEADS. CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES. Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.

H. MEADOWS & CO., CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT, 3, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 28. 1873. 1813

NEW Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop At No. 54, Sussex Street Where they will be prepared to execute all work in PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING. Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.

☞ All work warranted for One Year. ☜

MASON & CO

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of S. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 28th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874. } F. BRAUN, Secretary

LAST CHANCE FOR An Easy Fortune.

FIFTH AND LAST GIFT CONCERT In aid of the *PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.*

JULY 31st, 1874.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
5 Cash Gifts, $20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts, 14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts, 10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts, 4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts, 3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts, 2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts, 500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts, 100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts, 50 each	950,000

Grand Total, 20,000 Gifts, all Cash, 2,500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets	$50.00
Halves	25 00
Tenth, or each Coupon	5.00
11 Whole Tickets for	500 00
22½ Tickets for	1,000.00

For Tickets or information, address

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky

June 23, 1874. 2601-4w-w4s

THE MISSES SINGLETON HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Children's Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Infant Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 2557-3m

THE FRENCH ASSEMBLY.

The Stormy Scene Between Gambetta and Rouher—The "Miserables" of Sedan—Is there a Committee of Appeal to the People?—Comments of the Paris Press on the Debate.

(From Galignani's Messenger, June 10.)

The National Assembly sat yesterday, M. Buffet in the chair, and commenced the discussion on the second reading of the Municipal Electoral bill.

M. Tallon insisted on the inconvenience of a double electoral list, one for municipal affairs and the other for political elections, and proposed a system by which one would suffice in both cases.

M. de Chabrol, the reporter, observed that the amendment applied not only to the present measure, but to the Political Electoral bill, which was then under discussion. Consequently the House could not entertain the project proposed.

Article 1 of the bill was then brought forward. It declared that "on the promulgation of the present law an electoral list shall be drawn up in each commune for municipal elections by a commission composed first of the Mayor, next of a delegate named by the Prefect, and lastly, by a delegate appointed by the Municipal Council."

M. Jouin opposed the article, as calculated to confer on the authorities undue influence.

A somewhat confused discussion ensued, in which M. Jules Ferry, M. Brice, M. Vautram, M. Raudot and M. Langlois took part.

M. Jozon proposed an additional paragraph thus worded:—"Nevertheless, in communes in which the mayors are named by the administration the delegate appointed by the Prefect shall be replaced by a member of the Municipal Council.

M. de Fourtou (Interior) had to oppose the amendment, since article 1 offered all the guarantees required.

A Voice on the Left.—Yes, for the government! (Murmurs on the Right.)

M. de Fourtou—I cannot comprehend the deep rooted distrust which is manifested on certain questions. (Noise) M. Jozon's amendment is an act of suspicion—(on the Left, "Yes! yes!")—which I cannot let pass without protest. ("Hear. hear."

M. Bethmont supported the proposed change, as calculated to insure a sincere revision of the lists.

A division was then proceeded to on the amendment, which was rejected by 386 votes to 328.

Article 1 was adopted by 463 to 283, and the discussion was adjourned to the next day.

The Debate Resumed—Excitement and Tumult in the Assembly—A Serious Charge against the Cabinet.

(From Galignani's Messenger, June 11)

The National Assembly sat yesterday, M. Buffet in the chair.

The President—The order of the day calls for the continuance of the discussion on the second reading of the bill concerning municipal elections. The Assembly left off at article 2, relating to the procedure to be followed in case of demands of inscription on the lists of erasure.

M. Brisson proposed an amendment saying:

The claims shall be laid before the Committee instituted by article 1. Nevertheless, in the communes where the Mayor shall be named by the Government, there shall be added to those bodies, to deliberate on the said claims, two delegates of the Municipal Council.

A desultory debate ensued, in which M. Jules Ferry, M. de Chabrol, reporter; M. Fresneau, M. Earnest Picard, M. Raudot and M. Lucet took part, and which terminated by a division, giving 354 against the amendment to 321 in its favor.

The article was adopted.

Then took place a scene of great violence tumult.

CHARGE AGAINST THE CABINET.

M. Girerd wished to address a question to the Ministers of the Interior and Justice, and did so with their consent. A paper had been lately found in a railway carriage, which was published in the *Republique* of Nevers, being a sort of circular emanating from the "Comite Central de l'Appel au Peuple" of Paris, and calling on the friends of that party to try all they could to gain partisans, and, above all, to apply to officers on half pay in the Department of the Nievre. The signature was illegible, but the paper bore a stamp with the title given above. He desired to learn from the Minister of the Interior if he had authorised the Comite de l'Appel au Peuple, and to inquire from the head of the Department of Justice how it was that his agents were not informed of the misdemeanor committed by that Association in issuing such a paper. What measure did the Honorable Minister now propose to take? (Hear! hear)

M. Tailhand (Justice)—I positively know nothing whatever about the matter brought forward by M. Girerd. I only heard of it this morning, and I at once transmitted instructions to several procureurs-generaux to inquire into the case. The chamber may reckon on our vigilance and firmness. (Applause).

The President—M. Rouher asks for permission to speak, but he cannot do so on a simple question, unless, indeed, the Assembly consents to transform it into an interpellation.

That course being voted,

M. Rouher ascended the tribune and said:—I only heard of the document when coming this forenoon to Versailles, and I really know nothing whatever concerning it. Baron de Bourgoing, lately elected in the Nievre, is equally ignorant of the paper. But, in any case, I thank the Government for having blamed such a manœuvre, and I add that I am not at all certain that the whole matter has not been got up by the opponents of our views. Both my friends and myself ask earnestly for an investigation; and, if proof can be given that the paper is not apocryphal, we shall be the first to address the most energetic reproaches to the writer. (Laughter on the left. Noise.

M. De Fourtou (Justice)—I have to declare that the Government has not authorised any Comite d'Appel au Peuple, and if such a body exists it shall be prosecuted and dissolved. (Applause.)

M. Gambetta—But there is a third Minister mentioned in the document in question, namely, the head of the Finance Department, who is peopling his administration with Bonapartist functionaries. Since M. Rouher promised to appear in this tribune when the election in the Nievre is reported on, I hope the reports of the Government will be clear enough to allow some light to be thrown on the subject; but I doubt that the Deputy in question will come forward. (Loud applause on the Left; tumult.)

M. Rouher—I shall certainly fulfil my promise, and be perhaps more exact than the last speaker, for he certainly was not very ready to give explanations about the 4th September. (Loud cries on the Left.)

General de Cissy (War)—As to the allusions made on the document to officers on halfpay, as a general rule such persons are always discontented, for such is the effect of revolutions.

M. Gambetta—I have to say to M. Rouher that if there is any one here in whom I recognise neither title nor quality to speak of the affairs of the 4th September, it is the wretches (*miserables*) who plunged us from the 2nd December into the catastrophe of Sedan! (Immense applause on the Left. Disapprobation on other benches. (Tumult.)

The President I call M. Gambetta to order for employing an expression so insulting to several of his colleagues. I will never permit any member of the Chamber to express himself so grossly. (Loud disapprobation on the Left.)

M. Gambetta—The language which I employed is more than an insult; it is a stigma of reprobation, and I maintain it! (Violent applause on the Left; great disapprobation on the Right; indescribable tumult.)

M. Rouher—The words which fall from M. Gambetta are harmless to carry a taint to my honor, ability and standing in the world. (Loud exclamations on the Left, Continued agitation.)

The President—I am not sure that I ought not to apply to M. Gambetta the infliction of the censure! I call him again to order with mention on the minutes. What is taking place is quite a scandal. (Noise.)

A Voice on the Left—Call us all to order!

Another Voice—Give us back Alsace and Lorraine. (Loud cries.)

The sitting was interrupted for several minutes in the midst of an immense agitation. M. Gambetta returned quite radiant to his place, and was surrounded by the members of the Extreme Left, who congratulated him on his immense success.

An attempt was made to continue the discussion on the municipal bill, but the agitation of the Assembly was so great that an adjournment took place to the next day.

The Discussion Continued.

[Versailles (June 11, Evening) Correspondence of the Cork Constitution.]

In the Assembly to-day the debate was resumed on the Municipal Electoral bill.

On clause five, which defines the qualifications of a voter, two bills were rejected, after divisions, and a third amendment was referred to the committee.

Subsequently M. Baze called the attention of the House to the "deplorable incident at the Western Railway station, and demanded an immediate inquiry for the sake of the dignity of the Assembly."

M. de Fourtou said he was insufficiently informed to make any statement. He would endeavor to discover the parties at fault, but while abuse of power might require repression, rebellion could not be tolerated. (Loud cheers on the Right.)

M. Baze was satisfied with the statement.

Bonapartists Threatened by Radicals

[From the Paris Figaro, June 11.]

A scene of the most deplorable and violent character took place on Tuesday between the Bonapartists and the radicals in the refreshment room of the Assembly. We should be glad to say nothing about it for the honor of our political manners, but unfortunately it had so many witnesses that discretion would be useless. M. Rouher had just quitted the cloak room and was proceeding to leave the Palace, when he heard M. Jules Ferry exclaim, in the midst of a group composed of Gambetta, Perrin, Lockroy, and German Casse; "Yes—the Committee of the Appeal to the People exists. It sits at the house of M. Rouher." Upon this the Bonapartist Deputy stopped, and addressing the speaker said, with much calm, "Sir, I declare to you that no committee whatever meets at my house." "That is what we shall see by and by," interrupted M. Gambetta. At that moment other radicals of the group began to shout, "And Alsace and Lorraine! Give us back those two provinces!" These exclamations were followed by insults which we decline to reproduce. Then M. Galloni d'Istria, whose vivacity is notorious, and who already in the course of the public sitting had been held back to prevent him from rushing on Gambetta, advanced on the latter, his face purple with indignation, "You have called us *miserables* (wretches) in a sitting where you are 200 against 20; well, sir, I now tell you that you are yourself a *miserable*, and I will repeat it three times if you wish."

Fears were for a moment entertained that menaces would be followed by acts of violence, but MM. Levert and Abbatucci rescued M. Rouher from the madmen who threatened him.

BANK DIVIDENDS.

If we could judge of the prosperity of the country from the successful returns of the Banks of Canada and the Maritime Provinces, we should say that we were on the top wave. In Nova Scotia we have not yet got past "eight" per cent. dividends, while in Newfoundland we find the Union Bank declaring "sixteen" per cent, and the Bank of Prince Edward the same enormous rate.

We do not know whether to characterise this a milking a good cow, or as draining a good maple tree—the former is nature, the latter impoverishment; and on comparing Newfoundland in particular with Nova Scotia, we are afraid this sixteen per cent, is a part of that system which is draining the country of its sap. A little competition, such as the Bank of Nova Scotia is introducing into St. John, would work well in making money cheaper in Newfoundland and P. E. Island.

In the Upper Provinces we note that the Banks have been holding their May meetings, and make encouraging reports of their affairs. The Bank of Montreal declares a dividend and bonus of sixteen per cent; but a large portion of this profit comes from New York, and Canada reaps the benefit. As the Government has withdrawn its deposits from the Bank of Montreal, large calls are made upon the stockholders for new capital to replace the withdrawal of public funds; but as the latter were obtained at a low rate of interest, and loaned at a high rate, capital cannot replace these deposits in the way of profits, so it is hardly likely that sixteen per cent dividends can be counted upon for the future. The reserve, which was about fifty per cent on capital, has been relatively reduced by increase of new capital, and the aim of the manager is to work it up again.

Ten per cent is declared by the Bank of British North America, and a very large amount has been put into the reserve, which is now about twenty-five per cent. of capital. As the stock in this Bank is on the limited liability system, it is the safest for investors, they being not liable for more than the present amount paid up.

The Bank of Toronto has an enormous rest, nearly equalling its capital. This Bank stock sells the highest of any in Canada, and is one of the best managed institutions in the Dominion. Its last dividend was sixteen per cent, and it is expected that new shares will be given to the present shareholders out of the rest.

The City Bank of Montreal, and the Quebec Bank, have both issued very satisfactory reports — the former especially, gaining ground, and making up for lost time. The stock of the City Bank now sells above par, while some little time ago it was offered at from five to ten per cent. discount.

A new Bank, called the "Federal Bank," is about going into operation in Montreal.—*Halifax Colonist*

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows.—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and effective restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JACOB SHERK, Insurance Agent. 2595

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A LADY WILL TAKE A FEW *PUPILS IN DRAWING*,

Also will give lessons in the most advanced as well as elementary details of WAX WORK, as well as execute orders in the same, on very moderate terms.

References kindly permitted to Messrs. Durie & Sons, Booksellers, Sparks-st.

June 26, 1874. 2605-1m

BUGGIES, Open and Covered,

EXPRESS WAGGONS, GENTS' RIDING SADDLES AND BRIDLES, LADIES' SADDLES, &c., &c.,

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction on

SATURDAY, 27th INSTANT,

At 12 o'clock, opposite the Russell House, six (6) new open Buggies and four Express Waggons. Also two very fine covered Buggies—leather tops—in excellent condition and very little used. Gents' Riding Saddle, two Side Saddles, and one very good Sanoe. All without Reserve.

June 26, 1874. J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above named Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without deriving any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 2605

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

Canada, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } In the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of OLIVIER COTE, an Insolvent.

The undersigned has filled in the office of this Court, a deed of composition and discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on TUESDAY, the 28th day of JULY next, he will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation of the discharge thereby effected.

OLIVIER COTE,
BY TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
His Attorney ad litem.

Dated at Ottawa, in the said County of Carleton, this 24th day June, A. D., 1874. 2604-5w.

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON.

REDUCTION.

In order to meet the wishes of the Travelling Community, we have this day reduced the price of Board for our upper, medium-sized rooms to $3.00 per day. The House contains Passenger Elevator, Cafe, &c., and will continue to be kept as a First-class Hotel in every respect. The large and excellently furnished rooms will be $4.00 per day. Those with bathing and water conveniences adjoining $1.00 per day extra.

LEWIS RICE & SON.

June 26, 1874. 2609-1

GRAND EXCURSION

TO OGDENSBURGH

On the 4th of July,

Under the auspices of this Council of the St. P. O. Asylum and the St. Vincent de Paul Society.

Great preparations in the "Burg" for a gala day.

Tickets from Ottawa to Prescott and back, only $1.00.

R. DEVLIN, Secretary.

June 20th, 1874.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

Grand Excursion — Dominion Day.

OTTAWA TO THE "CHATS" AND RETURN FOR $1.50.

The Steamer "Jessie Cassels," will leave Aylmer on Wednesday, 1st July, at 8 o'clock a.m., conveying passengers to the "Chats" and return for one dollar. Meals extra.

Stages connecting with Steamer will start from the Russell House, Union House and Corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, at 6:45 a.m., (sharp), conveying passengers to Aylmer and return for 25 cents.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2528-3m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that any person or persons found

SHOOTING BIRDS

In and about the

RIDEAU HALL GROUNDS,

And in the BAY west of the main road, will be prosecuted as the Law directs.

By order,
E. J. O'NEILL,
Supt. Govt. Police.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 20th June, 1874. 2601

SWEET TONED

ORGANS

In Beautiful Cases, for sale cheap, at

GEO. DAWSON'S,

AGENTS WANTED to sell

SEWING MACHINES,

ORGANS, &c.

Call and see the Instruments and Machines at

GEO. DAWSON'S, 66 Sparks-St.

A good second hand EXPRESS WAGGON for sale cheap.

July 22, 1874.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 20, 1874.

HARNESS,

HARNESS.

THOS. SHORE & Co.,

(Successors to Thos. Lee)

SPARKS STREET.

Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single Sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also variety of

SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.

A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.

June 12, 1874. 2569w

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Ten Millwrights and Framers. Apply to WM. MOSGROVE.

June 22, 1874. 2601-6

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.

JOS. METCALFE.

June 17. 2597-1f.

GLAD TIDINGS !!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at

CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freves, and a variety of other brands,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS, Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Plumbing, &c.—Blyth & Kerr.
Drawing Lessons, &c.
Auction Sale—J. Bermingham.
Notice—Mortimer's Pills.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1874.

Mr. Harwood, M. P., Vaudreuil, is in town.

Mr. C. J. Brydges is at the Russell House.

Sir John and Lady Macdonald left town yesterday by the 2 p. m. train.

Mr. Legge, Chief Engineer of the Northern Colonization Railway arrived yesterday.

Mr. Thos. Swinyard, the gentleman recently charged by the Government with the organization of the railway system of Prince Edward Island, arrived at the Russell House yesterday morning.

The St. John, (N. B.,) *Telegraph*, of the 22nd, says the crop prospects are magnificent and there are good hopes of getting out the logs prepared, adding—"So good times are at hand. Moreover the English are looking out for more ships in outside markets. This is a good sign of the times."

There would seem to be a desire on the part of King Victor Emmanuel, of late, to come to a better understanding with the Pope. The English papers give some indications of this new or revived temper, for the King would always have preferred friendly relations with the Pontiff, had the latter consented to the political changes deemed essential to the unification of Italy. We are now told of a case in which the King's Government interfered to counteract the opposition of some congregations to the appointment of pastors more acceptable to the episcopate than to themselves, though the popular choice was approved by Ministers some time ago. The King would probably make great sacrifices, short of those considered of a serious political character, unpopular, or injurious to the nation, for the purpose of a reconciliation with the head of the Church, but nothing less than the latter will be accepted, with this object, to judge from the remarks of his Holiness a few days ago. He still wants his temporal power and Rome for its centre, and he appears to be hopeful of its restoration, if not in his own lifetime, in that of his successor. It is not likely, at his age, he will live to see such a revolution as would drive the King's Government beyond the Pontifical States, although we do live in an age of surprises; but the temporal Sovereign will, no doubt, have difficulties enough in connection with his standing controversy with the Pope. As neither party is willing to make material concessions, a better state of things can not be looked for till the advent of a successor to Pius the Ninth, if then.

THE TORY PRESS AND THE NEW CANADIAN LOAN.

A section of the Opposition find it necessary to strive to manufacture a grievance out of the placing of the new Canadian loan. Of course this subject will do as well as any other in the present straits, while possessing the advantage of novelty. The other grievances are thread-bare; old hobbies have been ridden to death, and some topic must be found upon which, as a well known politician rather inelegantly expressed it, to keep "pegging away" at the enemy. It must be borne in mind in considering the launch of this loan that it stands wholly upon Canadian credit; it has not been introduced or cracked up with an Imperial guarantee, like some of its predecessors, so its success will be credited to its own intrinsic merits. It is amusing to witness the ingenious, elaborate efforts of Opposition critics to prove that Mr. Cartwright was so hopelessly ignorant, or so insane as to damage the credit of his Government by a bad bargain on the London market. Units are shivered into microscopic fractions in the calculations as to the rate of interest and the per centage of loss, to show how much we are suffering already and how terribly we shall writhe hereafter on account of Cartwright's management. An old proverb says, what you never had you never lost; so our suffering in this case is all to come. But, seriously, we have borrowed a great deal already for our numbers, and our last offering of interest, four per cent is very modest. Moreover, the London capitalist, knowing what transcontinental railways cost, probably expects to see us again in the market before many years, while at this time other countries and promising enough enterprises of all kinds compete with us for this attention. Without dissecting fractions of a half or a quarter of one per cent, or bewildering the reader with comparisons inapplicable to this case, we may say that floating a loan at 90, with only four per cent. interest, is a considerably more profitable operation to us than getting 100 for one of five per cent., or even 108 to 110 at that rate. A loan at five per cent, to bring a proportional price to this last of 90, at four, should stand at 112½, which we believe is only the price of the Canadian six per cent. But, as we remarked already, although even 90 would be a fine transaction for the Dominion, the present may turn out still better. We don't know what improvement may spring from competition. We notice the Montreal *Gazette* has been candid enough to acknowledge the successful management of this last loan. It says:

"If, however, as we have heard is the case, no part of this loan includes the Imperial guarantee, then the transaction is a most excellent one, better than any ever made on the London maket either by the United States or Canada. We shall have to await the full particulars before any complete judgment can be formed upon the precise merits of the transaction. In the meantime, it is safe to say that the credit of Canada is proved by the loan just made to be beyond the power of even so gloomy a prophet of evil as Mr. Cartwright to injure it."

UNITED STATES CURRENCY AND FINANCE.

Bad as our Canadian Parliament is for talk, sometimes, it is better than Congress which has just adjourned. The late Session will be notorious for the numerous essays at legislation on financial and all sorts of subjects which have ended in smoke. Of all the topics with which the brains of the members have been puzzled, to little or no purpose however, the currency and finance stand out most prominent. The would-be reformers in both departments schemed and toiled with an ingenuity and energy truly wondrous, and which must have been inspired by objects of that attractive character akin to the imaginary edifices styled castles in the air. The reform of the currency was an enterprise commendable, certainly, and there can be no doubt its importance was not underrated, though the most opposite opinions as to the mode of effecting it continued to distract members and muddle debates till the close of the Houses. Bills were bandied from one to the other without any hope of agreement till the last moment, when each party, seeing it impossible to have all its own way, made some concessions. The results of the labours of the Committees of Conference, in regard to the currency, in the shape of a bill, which received the President's assent, are at last before us. It was a subject of doubt, too, whether he would sign it or not, as his own views upon currency and finance have taken a very distinct shape, of late, anything but agreeable to the prejudices of a multitude of his Republican supporters. But Gen. Grant thought half a loaf was better than no bread, and, in a grumbling kind of mood, affixed his signature, again expressing his opinion, which created a sensation a short time ago, that the Legislature should approach the question of specie payments on the earliest opportunity. The bill provides for a redistribution of the bank-note currency to the extent of $54,000,000, which is a scheme most earnestly called for by Western and Southern men, for some time. Of course this provision is an attempt to interfere with the laws or operations of trade—a heinous offence with those who prefer leaving trade to its natural course, and who constitute a powerful body in the States to-day. The design will tickle the fancy of the parties who suffer from a scarcity of currency, at seasons, and who are aggravated by the reflection that while other sections are embarrassed and retarded for want of it, the North Eastern States are suffering from a surfeit. While the virtue of elasticity in the currency is unquestionably desirable, legislation may not always ensure it, and there is in the present instance reason to believe that millions taken from the East, the chief money market and centre of commerce, will have a tendency to flow back again with the demands of merchants and speculators. Having served the purpose of one place, it will seek employment elsewhere, as hitherto; so, even with the temporary readjustment of the currency, now provided for, we are likely to hear complaints from the South and West, hereafter, at harvest time, and other periods of pressure. The volume of legal tenders, or Government paper money, is fixed by statute at $382,000,000, which is $26,000,000 more than five years ago, and from that time till within the last few months. This expansion was an arbitrary act of the President and his Secretary of the Treasury, and the last of the kind they will be able to perform. The currency had been reduced to $356,000,000, through the sound policy of a preceding Treasurer, the intention being to cancel the retired notes; but they were kept safe, and re-issued in the panic, some months ago, and are made part of the authorised volume at large, spite of all the efforts of the hard-money men to call them in again. The President would now contract and not inflate the currency, but his evil act has been taken advantage of in a way to work injury to the national finances for some time. The bill also releases the reserves heretofore required to be kept by the National Banks, as a protection on their issues, the result of which will be to put over thirty millions into the market when trade or speculation creates an active demand for money. The enemies of the party in power have already set themselves vigorously to work, to make all the political capital possible out of this legislation, which is properly called retrograde so far as the return to a specie currency is concerned. The work of contraction has to be begun again and prosecuted amid the old difficulties, the country, meanwhile, suffering from a damaged national credit, and a suspicion, abroad, that repudiation of the promises to pay is as likely to prove popular with certain parties in the States as an honest, self-sacrificing policy of contraction, with a view to a currency on a basis of gold.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

A grievance has been found in Chatham and published in the Chatham *Planet*. It is an exceedingly small affair, yet of great importance in the estimation of those with whom genuine grievances are a scarce commodity, and whose space is worth very little if we may judge by the freedom with which trifles are spread over a great surface. The grievance is this: The Council of the County of Kent applied to the Government to purchase a site for a registry office on the ground held as a military reserve in the Town of Chatham. The Government acceded to the application of the Council by selling a site for the building and enough room additional for a small yard, for the purpose it may be presumed of out-house and fuel accommodation. The Town Council of Chatham, hearing of this, made application to the Government for the entire military reserve for the purpose of a park, &c. The answer to this latter application was that "it is not the intention of the Government to dispose of the same." This action was simply a parallel to that of a landed proprietor selling a small building site at a reasonable price to accommodate a neighbour, but declining to part with his whole freehold. May the gods be merciful to the wretched babblers who are so hardly pressed as to be driven to make political capital out of such a circumstance as that.

CITY AND VICINITY

Especial attention is called to the card of the American House, Boston, which appears in our paper to day.

ENGLISH MAIL.—An English mail will close at the city Post Office to day at 12:05 noon, destined for the steamship 'Sarmatian,' which sails from Quebec for Liverpool to-morrow. A supplementary bag will close at 1:25 for the same destination.

SALE OF BUGGIES.—An extensive sale of Open and Closed Buggies, Ladies' and Gents' Saddles, Express Waggons, and Canoes, will be held by Mr. Bermingham, opposite the Russell House, on Saturday at twelve o'clock—Sale positive.

THE DRAMA.—Mr. T. C. King, the great English tragedian, will appear at Gowan's Opera House next Monday evening and during the week, prior to his return to England. He will be supported by a first-class Shaksperian company.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The semi-annual examination in connection with the collegiate Institute commences this morning at nine o'clock. At the close of the exercises of the day the usual prizes will be distributed; after which the school will be dismissed for the summer holidays.

BASE BALL.—The Beaver Club, of Newcastle, played at Ogdensburg on Wednesday where they met with a defeat by a score of 22 to 11, remaining over at Prescott to engage in a game with the club of that place. They will arrive here by this morning's train, to test their strength with the Ottawa's in the afternoon, which will no doubt prove a very interesting game.

MASONIC.—The following officers were installed in Builders Lodge, No. 177 A. F. and A.M., on Wednesday evening 24th June, by R. W. Bro. Barber and R. W. Bro. Gemmill, P.D.D.G.M. W. Bro. E. B. Butterworth, W.M., (re-elected); J. Bealer, S.W.; T. Keane, J. W.; W. Bro. D. Wilson, Treasurer; (re-elected) W. Rea, Secretary, (re-elected); T. Winsley, S. D. W. Cherry, J. D.; T. Harris, I. G.; D. McNaughton, D. S.; Bros. Irwin and Winters, Stewards; Committee Board of General Purposes, Bros. W. Mills, Bealer, and Kane, W. Bros. Rea and Wilson.

THE MILITARY CAMP

A VISIT TO RIDEAU HILL.

The military camp has at last been brought to a somewhat more perfect state of organization through the exertions of Col. Jackson, Commandant, and Brigade Major Mattice. In accomplishing this they have been ably seconded by the officers in command of the different battalions. Some battalions have their companies up to the full complement required. Others lack in this particular, and in some instances are wanting in the usual number of companies. This is accounted for from the fact that last year such companies went into camp with less than 30 men, and were in consequence disbanded.

THE LOCATION.

The location of the camp upon Rideau Hill is the finest that could possibly be found in the vicinity of Ottawa. The tents are laid out in regular order, and adjoining on the "Stewart property" is a large and capacious field used for the purposes of drill and other military evolutions. Target practice under the direction of Capt. Weatherley, Musketry Instructor at the Rifle Range in the immediate vicinity, is the first duty of the men each day. In this the men are already evincing signs of improvement, which if continued to the end will be fruitful of good results. The morning parade takes place from about 9 o'clock till 11, and the afternoon from 3 till 6 o'clock. Every man is expected to be in camp by 10 o'clock p.m., after which time none are allowed into camp without the countersign or producing his pass. The officers for the most part are comfortable, and in their tents have every convenience. Noticeable amongst the rest is that of Lieut. Col. Cole of the 41st Battalion it being a perfect model in its way. Our best thanks are due Capt. Stewart, of the Artillery, Adjutant Mowat, of the 56th Battalion, Capt. Morgan, of the 43th Battalion, Capt. McDiarmid, of the 59th Battalion, and other officers for courtesies extended in making us familiar with the encampment and its surroundings.

STRENGTH OF THE CAMP.

The Field Battery is in command of Capt. Stewart, with Lieuts. Billings and Savage as Subalterns. Surgeon Vancortlandt and Paymaster A. S. Woodburn are also on duty with the battery as usual. This corps has lost none of its old prestige either in regard to drill or the general physique of its men. It has 4 field guns, 59 horses, and 67 non-commissioned officers and men. The temporary sheds erected are well suited for the stabling of the Artillery horses and also those of the Cavalry.

Two cavalry troops are in camp and told off as squadrons; and are under the command of Col. Lovelace, late of Her Majesty's service. The first squadron is from Prescott and in command of Lieut. Rennie and Cornet Satchell, who also acts as Adjutant. This troop musters 45 strong. The second squadron belongs to Ottawa, and is under the command of Captain Sparks, with Lieut. Slater and Cornet Stewart as Subalterns. The troop musters 50 strong. The Cavalry is put through sword and carbine exercises from 9 to 11:30 a.m., each day; and from 3 to 6 p.m. execute squadron and troop movements, also mounted, dismounted and patrol duty.

The 59th Battalion musters in full strength under the command of Major Maclennan. The staff of this Battalion comprises Lieut. Col. Bergin, Major Maclennan, Major Wood, Paymaster Archibald, Quartermaster Wood and Surgeon Lindsay. The Battalion numbers seven companies as follows:

No. 1, from Cornwall; Lieut. Blyth and 42 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 2, from Cornwall, Capt. Davy; Ensign Bethune and 43 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 3, from Cornwall; Capt. Adams, Lieut. Turner and 42 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 4, from Lancaster; Capt. A. B. Maclennan, Lieut. McDougall and 42 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 5, from Aultsville; Capt. Bredin and 42 Non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 6, from Dickinson's Landing; Capt. Bullock and 42 Non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 7, from Dunvegan, Kenyon, Capt. McDiarmid, Lieut. McCuaig, Ensign Stewart and 42 Non-commissioned officers and men.

The 56th Battalion which has hitherto been a very strong one falls short this year, some of its companies having been disbanded. The staff consists of Col. H. D. Jessup of Prescott; Adjutant Mowat of Ottawa, Surgeon Church, and Quartermaster Bolton. There are 4 Companies in Camp of the following strength:

No. 1, from Ottawa; Capt. McCuaig, Lieut. Pearson, Ensign Lang and 42 Non commissioned officers and men.

No. 2, from Prescott; Capt. Bennett, Lieut. Jones and 42 Non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 4, from Kemptville, Capt. Campbell, Ensign Chambers, and 36 Non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 7, from Spencerville; Capt. Carmichael, Lieut. Stitt, and 42 Non commissioned officers and men.

The 41st Battalion, like the previous one, is somewhat below its old strength, but is yet a good corps and in charge of an energetic officer. A band, in connection with the Perth Company, accompanies this Battalion. It joins with the 56th Battalion which is also a Rifle Corps, for the purpose of drill.

The Staff consists of Lieut. Col. Cole of Brockville, Major Gwynne, Quartermaster Jones, Surgeon Moore, Paymaster Macdonald. It numbers but 5 companies, the respective strength of each being as follows:—

No. 1, Brockville; Captain Cook, Lieut. Sheffield and 45 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 2, Gananoque; Captain Legge, Ensign Thompson and 32 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 3, Frankville; Major Lauder, Lieut. Clutterbuck and 30 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 4, Merrickville; Captain Merrick, Lieut. Harrison and 36 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 5, Carleton Place; Captain Bell, Lieut. Cramm, Ensign Gillies and 31 non-commissioned officers and men.

The 42nd Battalion musters in good force, under its popular commander, Lt. Col. Buell, M. P. In addition, on the Staff there are Major Gemmill of Almonte, Adjutant Lowe, Surgeon Vaux and Quartermaster Lanskail. There are 5 companies of the Battalion in camp, as follows:—

No. 1, Brockville; Lieut. Sparham and 42 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 2, Perth; Captain Douglass, Lieut. Matheson and 42 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 3, Landsdowne, Capt. Bradley; Ensign Dickson and 42 non-commissioned officers and men

No. 4, Smith's Falls, Capt. Gould and 42 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 5, Pembroke, Capt. Irving, Lieut. Supple and 42 non-commissioned officers and men.

A fine band in connection with the Perth company is attached to this battalion.

The once fine 43d battalion familiarly known as the *Carleton Blazers* is reduced almost to a skeleton, having but two companies in camp. The staff is therefore incomplete and has but two officers present—Quartermaster Hanna and Surgeon McDougall. The following is the strength of the two companies:

No. 3, from Metcalfe; Capt. Morgan, Warden of the County; Lieut. Carson and 36 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 6 from Goulborn, Capt. Garvin, Lieut. Tubman and 34 non-commissioned officers and men.

A band in connection with the Metcalfe company, is also attached to the Battalion. It is rather unfortunate that this once fine regiment should be so poorly represented in numbers in camp.

The 18th Batalion from L'Original, is somewhat analagous to our own Metropolitan Battalion having but two companies in camp. The staff comprises Major McLean and Adjutant Dartnell. The following is the strength of the two companies:

No. 3, L'Original; Lieut. O'Brien and 32 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 5, VanKleek Hill, Capt. Maclennan, and 33 non-commissioned officers and men.

This Battalion as well as the 43rd is attached to the 42nd Battalion for drill and discipline.

On Sunday there will be a Church parade. On Dominion Day there will be a regular field day in the morning, after which the troops will march through the city. The afternoon will be a holiday to those encamped, with a view to allowing the troops to see the sports in and around the city.

The total strength of the encampment is 89 officers, 1,160 men, and 110 horses.

Church of England Ladies' School.

A very large and fashionable assemblage filled the Examination Hall of the above excellent institution last evening to witness the fifth year's closing exercises. At half-past seven o'clock, the hour designated for the commencement of the proceedings, the hall was completely filled by ladies elegantly attired, and as the latter continued to arrive till about 8 o'clock, any gentlemen who had been fortunate enough to secure seats were obliged to retire to the door or yard whence they viewed the various exercises. The chair was occupied by the Lord Bishop of Ontario, who had on either side of him on the platform Venerable Archdeacon Lauder, Rev. Canon Jones, Rev. Messrs. Pollard and Nesbitt.

Part first of the programme opened with Handel's "Hallelujah chorus," which was well rendered by the Misses Coutlee, Wright, Shaw and Cockburn. Miss Ada Bury next recited in excellent style a selection from Jean Ingelow's "Songs of Seven," after which Miss M. Fisher sang very creditably the song by Tito Mattei, "*Non è ver*," and the Misses May and Buckingham sang La Marseillaise, arranged as a duett, and were loudly and very deservedly applauded. Some scenes from Moliere's play "*Les femmes savantes*," in which the Misses Torrance, Cotton, Derbyshire and L. Torrance took part, were next gone through in a style which could hardly be excelled. In their style and enunciation, the several young ladies evinced careful and judicious training, reflecting credit on their French teacher, Miss Sinclair. A song, the "Harmonious Blacksmith," which was well rendered by Miss L. Armstrong, completed this part of the programme. An interval of about a quarter of an hour was next allowed for conversation, and to enable those assembled to partake of iced lemonade a luxury of which most of the company availed themselves, and which was quite refreshing in the heated and crowded state of the room. The cooling beverage was handed round by the gentlemen present under the supervision of Archdeacon Lauder.

Part second commenced with Mendelssohn's part song "The May Bells and the Flowers," in which the Misses Moore, Torrance, Inman, Ashworth, Rubidge, Coutlee Reddick, Armstrong, Hill, Kirby, Abbott, Taylor, and Thompson took part. This piece was also rendered in excellent style, and proved that Madame Dorini, the talented teacher of singing, had not confined her labours to a few, as is the case in some of our schools in this most important branch of music, but had laboured assiduously and most successfully to impart to the school generally a most useful and thoroughly practical knowledge of part singing. A French play entitled "La Premiere Lecon" was next performed by the Misses Abbott, Ross, Gouin, Walcot, May, Slater, Kirby, and Armstrong, all very young ladies, who got through their several parts very well indeed. A piano solo, Jaell's "Seconde Meditation," abounding in rapid arpeggio passages, which were played with brilliancy and precision, was next given by Miss L. Torrance, after which scenes from King Lear were performed, in which the various characters were admirably pourtrayed by the Misses Lewis, Cotton, Torrance, Shepherd, Blasdell, and Rubidge. The second named young lady as Cordelia, sustaining her role with true conception of it, and remarkable cleverness and grace, and the Misses Torrance and Lewis being also entitled to special mention in this connection. To Miss Hart Davies is due the credit of the superior style of elocution, which prevailed, not only in this, but in all the other pieces played during the evening. Miss Louisa Moore next sang in excellent style, which, however, was marred by a little timidity, Mendelssohn's "Spring Song." On being loudly encored, she reappeared, and sang splendidly "Fly Forth O! Gentle Dove." The programme terminated with a French Chorus, after which the Lord Bishop distributed the following prizes and certificates.

GRADUATE CLASS.—Prize for greatest number of perfect recitations throughout the year, Miss Jessie Torrance.

Special prize for the best examination in Scripture, given by Miss Hart Davies to Miss G. Cotton.

SENIOR CLASS.—Prize for the greatest number of perfect recitations throughout the year, Miss Lizzie Torrance.

Special prize for the best examination in Scripture, given by Miss Hart Davies to Miss M. Rubidge.

INSTRUMENTAL CLASS.—Prize for the greatest number of perfect recitations throughout the year, Miss Emily Hill.

JUNIOR CLASS.—Prize for the greatest number of perfect recitations throughout the year, Miss Fanny Ross.

Prizes for good conduct were given to four young ladies whose standing was equal, Miss L. Torrance, Miss L. Armstrong, Miss G. Hill, Miss L. Shaw.

Prizes given to two young ladies for music, Miss L. Torrance, and Miss L. Armstrong.

Prize for drawing and painting awarded to Miss Fanny Wright.

Prize given by the Lady Principle for observance of house rules, Miss Ellen Coutlee.

Medal awarded for scholarship to the young lady coming out first in the greatest number of examinations, Miss Jessie Torrance of the graduate class.

Cards of Honorable Mention were awarded to the following for proficiency in various subjects.—Elinor Cotton, Edith Clark, Edith Beatty, Mary Kirby, Edith Macdougall, Eliza Abbott, Minnie Rubidge, Anna Lewis, Lizzie Torrance, Ada Fripp, Florence Dartnell, Ella Coutlee, Fanny Wright, Emily Hill, Madeline Torrance.

Speeches were delivered by the Lord Bishop, Archdeacon Lauder, Canon Jones, and Rev. H. Pollard, all of whom strongly recommended to parents the advantages offered by the school, a most pleasant evening concluded with the singing of the National Anthem.

CITY COUNCIL.

A special meeting of the City Council for the consideration of By-laws and general business, was held on Monday evening. Present: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Bangs, Pratt, Bronson, Christie, Rowe, Birkett, Robertson, McDougal, O'Connor, Heney, Groulx, Waller and Durocher.

PUBLIC SCHOOL LOAN.

On motion of Ald Bronson, a By-law was passed to enable the Board of Public School Trustees to borrow the sum of $20,000 for School purposes.

THE FIRE BY-LAW.

The Fire By-law was on motion of Ald. Rowe introduced and read a first time.

Ald. Pratt then moved the Council into committee of the whole to consider the By-law clause by clause.

Ald. McDougal deemed it inadvisable, when so many members from his section of the city were absent to proceed further with the By-law.

The Committee passed the first seven clauses of the By-law, after which, on motion of Ald. McDougal, the Committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again on Monday.

MARKET BY-LAW.

On motion of Ald. Waller, a By-law was adopted for the improving and otherwise regulating affairs in connection with the By-ward market.

BY-LAW TO PREVENT OBSTRUCTION OF STREETS.

Ald. Bangs moved the 2nd and 3rd reading of the By-law to prevent the obstruction of the public streets.

A resolution was adopted to go into committee to consider certain clauses of the By-law.

In committee, Ald. McDougal moved that the clause relating to the occupying of sidewalks be amended by giving merchants 2 feet for the exhibition of goods. Carried.

The committee then rose and reported.

On motion of Ald. Bangs, the By-law was read a second and third time and passed.

Ald. McDougal gave a notice of reconsideration.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Communications were read from the City Clerk in regard to assistance in his office. From Mr. Jackson, asking for employment in the City Clerk's office. From James Row, in support of his tender for the main sewer.

On motion of Ald. Bronson, Mr. Jackson was appointed as additional assistant to the City Clerk, the question of salary being left to his Worship the Mayor and the Finance Committee.

Ald. McDougal moved that the communication of Jas. Row be received and printed with the minutes.

An amendment by Ald. Robertson to place it on file was adopted.

HOLIDAY.

His Worship the Mayor intimated to the Council his intention to proclaim Dominion Day a public holiday.

THE BRICK CONTRACT.

Ald. Waller moved that the City Solicitor be instructed to notify the contractor for the supply of the bricks for the main sewer, that if the first quantity of said bricks agreed in his contract to be delivered on the 15th inst., are not supplied forthwith, this corporation shall take the necessary steps to provide said bricks and charge the contractor or his sureties in case of his default of the same.

The resolution after some discussion was agreed to.

OPENING STREETS.

Moved by Ald. Robertson, seconded by Alderman Birkett that the Board of Works be instructed to make such enquiries as may be necessary to determine the termini of several streets running in a southerly and easterly direction on the Besserer property in St. George's Ward, and at the same time wait upon the agent of the By Estate with a view to the continuance of certain streets running southerly in the same Ward to the city limits, and in all other Wards. Carried.

THE MAIN SEWER.

Ald. Robertson moved, seconded by Ald. Christie, "That this Council do now reconsider the resolution of the Council awarding the contract of the main sewer to James Row & Co." In doing so he said the state of the public mind demanded that the question should be reconsidered.

Ald. Robertson at some length advanced reasons for the reconsideration of the question of the main sewer.

Alds. Christie, Rowe and Birkett supported the resolution.

Alds. Waller, Bronson, Pratt, Heney, Bangs and McDougal spoke against the reconsideration, and argued to justify their voting for the tender of James Rowe and Company.

The resolution was then negatived on the following division:

Yeas—Robertson, Christie, Birkett and Rowe.

Nays—McDougal, Bangs, Pratt, Bronson, Groulx, Heney, Waller, O'Connor and Durocher.

Ald. Waller moved that His Worship the Mayor be authorised to sign the contract.

Ald Christie moved in amendment that the contract be first submitted to the Council for approval.

Ald Pratt moved in amendment to the amendment that all in the amendment after that be struck out, and the following be inserted.—"That His Worship the Mayor, is hereby authorized to sign the contract for the main sewer on the approval of the City Solicitor, His Worship the Mayor, the Chairman of the Board of Works and Finance Committee."

Ald. Christie again spoke, stating that it was most unfair and unjust that the contract should be given to men who would put the City to $7,000 more expense than good men who had tendered, would have done.

The amendment to the amendment was put and lost.

The amendment was then put and carried.

The Council adjourned at half-past twelve.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

MASONIC.

CELEBRATION OF ST. JOHN'S DAY.

PICTON, June 24.—The festival of St. John's Day was celebrated here to-day by a Masonic procession composed of Prince Edward Lodge, No. 18, Royal Arch Chapter, No 31, and several Knight Templars, headed by a band. They marched to the Agricultural Hall and partook of an excellent dinner, at the conclusion of which Worshipful Bro. Dr. Platt, W. M., gave a number of toasts, which were heartily responded to. The dinner was graced by a large number of ladies, who gave much *eclat* to the occasion.

COBOCONK, June 24.—A large party of Masons, numbering about four hundred, including their ladies and friends, arrived here to-day, via excursion train from Markham, Toronto, and stations along the line. The new, large and commodious hotel, the Shedden House, being in full working order, excursionists found everything handy for fishing, boating, &c. They returned at 4.30 o'clock all highly satisfied with the days proceedings.

KINGSTON, June 24.—The officers of Minden Lodge of A. F. and A. M. were installed this evening, and afterwards held a supper.

NORWICH, June 24.—The members of St. John's Lodge, No. 104, in celebration of the festival of St. John, entertained their brethren from the neighbouring Lodges in Oxford, Norfolk, and Brant, to the number of about 200. After the usual initiation and installation ceremonies, the brethren marched in regalia to the Agricultural Grounds, where a sumptuous repast was prepared by Bro. Brown. The tables were twice filled, and during the repast those who were not thus engaged were entertained by speeches, music and recitations. After dinner to M. W. Bro. E. C. McLees took the chair, and several of the visiting brethren contributed to the intellectual part of the entertainment by stirring speeches and recitations. The ladies contributed much to the enjoyableness of the affair by music and songs. Bro. Arthur Fletcher, P. S. G. D., of Nova Scotia, rendered efficient services during the ceremonies of initiation and installation, as well as at the literary part of the entertainment, and by request of the Lodge presented to P. M. W. Bro. Haken, a Pastmaster's jewel, for long and faithful services in the Lodge. Bros. Wood, from Woodstock, and Sorley, from Ingersoll, also did good service in the day's proceedings. The whole affair was Masonic in every way and respect, beginning in order, entertained in peace, and closed in harmony.

North Colonization Railway.

In justice to those interested in the projected Northern Colonization Railway, we reproduce the subjoined communication from the Montreal *Gazette*.

To the Editor of THE GAZETTE.

MONTREAL NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY,
OFFICE OF CHIEF ENGINEER,

MONTREAL, 23rd June, 1874.

Sir,—Our attention has been drawn to articles which have recently appeared in Ottawa papers and reproduced in several of the Montreal dailies to the effect that the engineers employed on this line had "struck in consequence of not having been paid for their services."

We beg, on behalf of the entire staff, to give this statement the most emphatic contradiction. On no line of railway with which we are acquainted have payments been more promptly made, or on more liberal terms than on the M. N. C. R. The entire work of surveys has been pushed on with the utmost vigor and to the entire satisfaction of the Company and contractors.

We will feel obliged if you will give publicity to the foregoing, as a matter of justice to Sir Hugh Allan and other parties connected with the railway.

CHARLES LEGGE,
Chief Engineer.

JOHN BLACKIE,
Chief of Staff.

POND'S EXTRACT is recommended for many afflictions; but this is the result of experience. Try it. 2601.

A fine collection of flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street. 2597

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets. 2597

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and a great many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale which continues during the present month. 2597.

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once. J. METCALFE. 2577

JARVIS & AHLES' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

BLESSINGS BRIGHTEN AS THEY TAKE THEIR FLIGHT.—If you have a good head of hair take care of it; once gone and we realize its loss far more than we appreciate its presence. The Bearine is taking the place of all other hair dressings, because it is healthful to the hair and delightful to use. 2601.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595.

BRAIN EXHAUSTION.—Mr. James I. Fellows, St. John, N. B. SIR: Having, while at your establishment, carefully examined your prescription, and the method of preparing your Compound Syrup, I felt anxious to give it a fair trial in my practice For the last twelve months I have done so, and I find that in Incipient Consumption, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, it has wonders. In restoring persons suffering from the effects of Diptheria, and the cough following Typhoid Fever, prevalent in this region, it is the best remedial agent I have ever used. But for persons suffering from exhaustion of the powers of the brain and nervous system, from long-continued study or teaching, or in those cases of exhaustion from which so many young men suffer, I know of no better medicine for restoration to health than your Compound Syrup. If you think this letter of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you see fit. I remain yours, &c. EDWIN CLAY, M. D.

PUGWASH, N. S., January 14, 1868. 2601.

THE GENEVA AWARD.

That Bill for the Distribution of Money as Modified in Conference—Insurance Claims Restricted to Actual Net Loss—Passage in the House.

WASHINGTON, June 23, 1874.

The bill for the distribution of the Geneva Award, as agreed upon by the Committee of Conference, provides for the appointment of a court of five Commissioners to be appointed by the President with the advice of the Senate, the sessions of the Court to be held in Washington. The salary of the Commissioners to be [illegible] each, with a clerk at $3,000 and a [illegible] hand reporter at $2,800 per annum. The President may designate a counsellor-at-law to represent the interests of the Government in all suits and claims filed for indemnity for losses. The Court shall exist for one year from the time of convening, but if the business is not completed within that time, the President may by proclamation extend the period not more than six months. It is made the duty of the Court to receive, examine, and decide all claims admissible under this act that may be presented to it, directly resulting from damage caused by the so called Insurgent cruisers Alabama and Florida and their tenders; and also all claims directly resulting from damage caused by the cruiser Shenandoah after her departure from Melbourne, February 18, 1865.

INSURANCE LOSSES.

No claim is to be admissible or allowed for any loss or damage for or in respect to which the party injured, his assigns or legal representatives shall have received compensation or indemnity from any insurance company, insurer or otherwise, but if such compensation or indemnity so received shall not have been equal to the loss or damage he actually suffered allowance may be made for the difference.

In no case shall any claim be admissible or allowed for, or in respect to insurance, freights, gross freights, prospective profits, freight, gains or advantages, or for wages of officers or seamen for a longer time than one year next after the breaking up of a voyage, nor shall any claim be admissible or allowed for by or in behalf of any insurance company or insurer, unless such claimant shall show to the satisfaction of the Court that during the late rebellion the sum of its, or his, losses in respect to war risks, exceeded the sum of the premiums or other gains upon or in respect of such war risks, in case of any allowance, it shall not be greater than such excess or loss.

No claim shall be admissible or allowed arising in favor of any insurance company not lawfully existing at the time of its loss under the laws of some one of the United States, and no claim shall be admissible or allowed, arising in favor of any person not entitled at the time of his loss to the protection of the United States in the premises, nor arising in favor of any person who did not at all times during the late rebellion bear

TRUE ALLEGIANCE TO THE UNITED STATES.

In estimating compensation to claimants interest is to be allowed at the rate of four per centum per annum upon the amount of actual loss or damage, which shall be ascertained in each case to have been sustained from such date as the Court shall, in such case, decide that the loss was sustained by the claimant, provided that the amount of such interest shall not be included in or added to the amount for which judgment may be rendered.

The Secretary of the Treasury is to pay the judgments, together with interest at the rate of four per cent per annum on the amount of such judgments, from the date certified to the persons respectively in whose favor the same shall have been made, or to their legal representatives, in full satisfaction and discharge of said judgments. If the sum of all the judgments rendered, together with the interest, shall exceed the amount of the Geneva award the money is to be proportionately distributed.

The Secretary of the Treasury is required to pay judgments of the Court, and for this purpose is authorised to sell five per cent bonds. If, after paying judgments and expenses, there remains any part of the Geneva award the same shall be and remain as a permanent fund from which Congress may hereafter authorize the payment of other claims thereon.

The Committee of Conference struck out the clause that all the claims proved or to be allowed shall be stated and adjudged upon the basis of United States gold coin at the time of the loss. The bill otherwise is that which passed the Senate.

Colonial Acts.

In the House of Commons on the [illegible] inst., Mr. E. Jenkins called attention to what he held to be the present unsatisfactory method of determining the constitutional character of Acts transmitted by Colonial Legislatures to the Colonial Office for Her Majesty's approval, and recommended that in cases in which the constitutional character of these acts might be called in question, the matter should be referred to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, which should be authorised to hear arguments on both sides and to report thereon for Her Majesty's consideration. The honorable member cited some instances of inconvenience which he alleged had arisen from the existing system, and also quoted certain precedents in support of the course which he recommended, maintaining that if the practice he now suggested were henceforth adopted, our relations with the colonies would be placed on a sounder and more satisfactory footing.

Mr. J. Lowther said that the hon. member had spoken of the present system in reference to that matter as having created some difficulty in the working of the Confederation Act of North America, but there was no record at the Colonial Office of any complaint or remonstrance on that subject having been made either by the late or the present Government. If any such feeling of dissatisfaction as the hon. gentleman adverted to had really existed, surely some representation to that effect would have been sent home from time to time by the representatives of Her Majesty in the colony. [Mr. Jenkins said he had called attention to facts, but had not spoken of feeling.] The hon. gentleman had described the present method of determining the constitutionality of Colonial Acts as unsatisfactory, and surely it could hardly be characterised as unsatisfactory unless dissatisfaction was felt by somebody. ("Hear," and a laugh.) Those, however, who were interested in this case did not appear to be dissatisfied. The hon. gentleman had forborne to indicate by what means these Acts should be called in question. He must be aware that a reference to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council involved considerable expense and delay. Would the hon. gentleman propose that all Colonial Acts should be referred to the decision of the Judicial Committee whenever exception was taken to them by any person, however remotely interested? He thought the hon. gentleman hardly intended to make a proposition of that kind. Responsibility finally rested upon the Secretary of State, to whomsoever he might appeal for advice before he came to a decision. The Secretary might refer to his own colleagues, or to the Privy Council, or, as was the more usual course, to the Law Officers of the Crown. The colonies would in future have no reason to complain, and hitherto no complaint had been made as to matters to which objections were entertained by the Colonial Office. The Colonial Office would always endeavour to obtain the general assent of the Colonies and of the House to the course they pursued in cases of this kind. (Hear, hear.)

TO LET.—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.

June 9, 1874.

LOT FOR SALE.—The South half of Lot No. 4, 1st Concession of Gloucester (Ottawa front) fronting on the Montreal Macadamized Road, seven miles from the city limits. Not unsurpassed by anything in the Township. Apply to A. W. POWELL, County Jail, Ottawa.

June 26, 1874.

BY TELEGRAPH

NIAGARA.

Niagara Camp—The Drill—Deficiency of Uniforms—Y. M. C. A. Headquarters—A Random Bullet.

NIAGARA, June 23.

The whole force for camp here is now assembled, and comprises Hamilton and Welland field batteries, five troops of the 2nd Regiment of Cavalry, and the following Infantry Battalions: 13th, 19th, 20th, 44th and 77th, and two companies of the 38th Battalion, which are attached for drill purposes at the camp to 20th Battalion.

The force is called out for twelve days. The men are in robust health, only two men having been unable to pass the medical inspection. The men are very orderly both in camp and town.

The appearance of several corps is unsatisfactory, owing to the promiscuous clothing worn, the supply of uniforms being very deficient.

The Y. M. C. A. have established headquarters in camp, with an abundant supply of literary and religious food.

The 20th Battalion went to practice at the butts to-day, and the only casualty was one man killed by a random bullet.

TORONTO.

St. Michael's College—Evening Trip on the Lakes—Passed Through—St Jean Baptist Day—Losses.

TORONTO, June 24.

The twenty-second annual entertainment was held in St. Michael's College, this evening, on the occasion of the distribution of prizes and close of the session. The attendance was large.

The Grand encampment of the Black Knights of Malta had a most agreeable trip on the lake to-night in the Star of Toronto. Members of the Order and friends numbered between 500 and 600.

A large party of the Simcoe County Council passed through this city, this morning, on their way to Hamilton on business connected with the Hamilton and North Western Railway.

This being St. Jean Baptiste day several Masonic Lodges held meetings. St. John's Lodge elected officers for the ensuing year.

The Markham Lodge of Masons had a trip to Coboconk, over the Toronto and Nipissing Railway, and were joined by several brothers from Toronto.

It is roughly estimated that W. Davis & Co., lost by the fire in their establishment yesterday, $14 000. Until the cellars are opened it will be impossible to arrive at the exact loss, but they think that their insurance will cover it.

KEMPTVILLE.

A Child Killed.

KEMPTVILLE, June 25.

The No. 2 express train from Ottawa this morning ran over and killed a child aged two years named Leviere near McCrery's wood yard.

The child was on the track alone and in a position not easily to be seen. The mother is a poor widow. The train stopped and the body was taken charge of by friends.

HALIFAX.

Stipendiary Magistrate — Thunder Storm — Brave Women — Desertions.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 24.

Hon James McDonald has been appointed Stipendiary Magistrate *pro tem* for the city, by the Local Government.

On the 18th the bark 'Charlotte Harrison, Jenkins, master, of and from Cardiff, with a cargo of coal and iron bound for Quebec, struck a rock at *Blue Point*, Osprey Bay, Cape North, and became a total loss. The Captain and crew left in a boat, and in attempting to land amid the breakers, the boat upset and two men were drowned. The remainder were rescued by four women of whom the Captain and crew speak in the highest terms for their heroic conduct.

KINGSTON.

The Camp—Shooting Case — Fire — Royal College.

KINGSTON, June 24.

It is glorious weather to-day for the camp, being bright and cool. Company drill is being carried on vigorously. A quiet night was passed last night except a little rowdyism by the volunteers in the city, which the officers will put down. To-day the Kingston Battery was out again for field drill and gun practice. Target practice is going on at the butts.

Moanley, the innocent victim of the shooting affray, is not dead yet. The second man arrested has also been discharged, the only witness of the shooting—who has had two men arrested already—failing to recognize either, though he first charged both.

In the thunder-storm yesterday, Miss Stafford, of Wilmot, in this County, was struck by lightning and severely shocked. She will likely recover.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

ENGLAND.

A New Regime for Spain.

LONDON, June 24.—Despatches from Madrid state that the Radicals are disposed to create a Consulate for the term of seven years and will confer the honor on Genl. Serrano on condition that he will appoint a Coalition Ministry before the next election. It is believed, however, that the proposed union between the Radical and Republican parties will fail.

The Queen not to visit Russia.

An authoritative denial is given to reports that the Queen of England is to visit St. Petersburg next September.

A Recalcitrant Monarch.

A despatch to the *Times*, from Paris, says, it is asserted there that the King of Bavaria will be summoned to Kissingen to meet Prince Bismarck, who will remonstrate with him against the separatist tendency of the Bavarian policy. If the King is obdurate, a council of German Royalists will be convened to consider the matter, with the view of obliging the abdication of King Louis and the enthronement of a more subservient relative.

FRANCE.

A Banquet.

PARIS, June 24.—At the banquet in commemoration of the birthday of Gen. Hoche, M. Gambetta gave the toast, "To the Republic," and made a calm and moderate speech. He urged all to give a sincere support to the Conservative Republican policy, which was opposed to Caesarism at home and to the adversaries of France abroad.

M. Jules Favre spoke of the frequent victories of the Republican party, and that the whole of France had become Republican.

Toasts to ex-President Thiers were drunk with enthusiasm.

An Appeal.

Count Montalivet, who was Minister under Louis Phillipe, has written to M. Casimer Perier, saying that the salvation of France imperatively required the loyal acceptance of the Republic.

New Manifesto—The Bonapartists.

A new manifesto from the Count de Chambord is expected to appear in a few days.

The Government is doing something to check the bold proceedings of the Bonapartists. Several members of their committee in the Departments have been arrested.

Down on the Press.

The newspapers *Figaro*, *La France* and *Le Soir* have been sued by the Government for a violation of the press laws in reprinting Rochefort's letters. The verdict was guilty with extenuating circumstances, and the proprietors were fined only 160 francs each.

ITALY.

The Papal Troubles — Cardinal Antonelli Convalescent.

ROME, June 24.—Additional arrests are reported growing out of the Papal demonstration of Sunday last.

Cardinal Antonelli has recovered from his late attack of gout.

INDIA.

The Famine.

CALCUTTA, June 24.—Distress from the Famine has been stayed everywhere, and there is hope of the people reviving.

UNITED STATES.

More About the Church Accident.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 24—Various theories as to the cause of the accident are advanced. The floor which fell was suspended by iron rods from a wooden truss under the roof. These rods went through the floor but not through the upper chord of truss. The lower chord which had been spliced wrong side up at that point was the first to give way. The lower floor of the church was supported originally by iron pillars. A short time ago the church building committee with the consent as they say of the architect, removed the iron pillars. The result was the calamity of Tuesday. Most prominent builders in the city declare that the truss was rotten. The minister of the church, Mr. White, is now in Europe.

The Utica Races.

UTICA, N. Y., June 24.—In the running races to-day the Oneida stakes, mile heats, were won by Dublin, Moonbeam 2nd, Letter H. 3rd. Time 46¼, 47¼, 50. The Citizens' handicap, two miles, was won by Springbar, Artist 2nd, Katie Pease 3rd. Time 3:36½. George West won the hurdle race.

Steamship Arrival—New Postmaster General.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The steamship 'Caledonia,' from Glasgow, has arrived.

Congressman Eugene Hale has accepted the appointment of Postmaster General tendered him by the President in place of Cresswell who resigned.

Reciprocity.

A Williamsport despatch states that the officers of the National Lumber Association yesterday debated at considerable length the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada. The debate lasted three hours, and finally a resolution considering reciprocity as antagonistic to the lumber interests was unanimously passed.

Sloop Sunk.

A small sloop was sunk by the steamer 'Providence' yesterday while rounding the Battery; crew saved.

A Sculling Match.

PEEKSKILL, N.Y., June 25.—The sculling race between Scharf and Teneyck this morning at 8 o'clock was quite in a rolling sea. Scharf led all the way round the stakeboat and down the homestretch to within a quarter of a mile of the home-boat, when Teneyck lapped and passed him amid wild excitement; Scharf's boat was half full of water. Teneyck won the race by six lengths in 25 minutes; distance 3 miles.

Sad Calamity.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 24.—The Louisville Courier Journal says the house of John D. Scott, Green county, Ky., was burned on Sunday morning, the family were all asleep, all got out but the daughter and son of Wm. Perkins. After having discovered his daughter was still in the flames he went in and was never seen again.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 35—It is now stated that a meeting of the Brussell's Congress on International Law, will soon take place. Great Britain has apparently waved her objections to the action of finance in the matter, which is still unknown.

ITALY.

ROME, June 25.—There was considerable excitement in this city last evening in consequence of the Anti-Papal demonstration. Several leaders of the disturbance were arrested and quiet was restored.

MILAN, June 25—The fifteen year contract was definitely closed here to-day for putting Pullman palace cars on all trains and lines of Upper Italy. This covers the great routes of pleasure travel *via* the northern lines.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 25.—The postal convention between France and the United States was ratified by the Assembly to-day without debate.

Mayne, Minister of Finance, disapproves of the Budget Committee's plan for balancing the budget by reducing it, and which is annually refunded to the Bank of France he declares he will make the subject a Cabinet question before the Assembly, and calls on the Committee to make up the deficit by the imposition of other taxes if the Committee refuse to adopt those he has proposed.

UNITED STATES.

DAYTON, O., June 25.—The International Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association commenced session here to-day. Delegates from all the principal towns and cities of the United States and several from Canada were present. An association at Manchester, England, was represented by the Secretary, Mr. Hind Smith.

SANFRANCISCO, June 25.—Ex-police officer A. W. Stone shot himself through the head this evening.

It is reported that Frank Malone has bought "Sam Purdy" for Mr. Keen stock broker, of this city to-day.

$50,000 were sent to New Orleans for the Louisana sufferers.

The crop prospect throughout the State never looked better. Harvesting has commenced in many localities. Grain reaping is rapidly going on.

OMAHA, June 25.—C. B. Ketchum, late Superintendent of the Union Pacific Express Comompany, was convicted yesterday for embezzlement, and sentenced to penitentiary for one year. Motion made for a new trial.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The President received the following cable despatch just previous to leaving the city this morning:

To the President of the United States, Washington:

The inauguration of the electric telegraph between Europe and Brazil which also unites us to the republic of the United States is a cheering sign of improved international relations as also the hand of friendship and powerful instrument of civilization. I congratulate my great and good friend the President of the United States upon this happy event.

Signed, DON PEDRO,
Rio De Janeiro.

To which the President responded as follows:—

To the Emperor of Brazil, Rio De Janiero: "I congratulate you upon the telegraphic connection just established between Brazil and U. S., may it prove as close a link in national friendship as in communication."

Signed, U. S. GRANT.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Marcelleus Massey, President, and Directors of the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg RR., accompanied by Samuel Sloan, President of the Deleware, Lackawanna & Western RR., Moses Taylor, Wm E. Dodge, John F. Denny, Marshall O. Roberts, John J. Brisbin, John A. Stewart, S. B. Chittenden, and other prominent merchants and bankers will leave this city to-morrow at 8 a.m., on a special train for an extended tour of inspection over the Deleware, Lackawanna & Western RR., to Oswego, and thence by way of the Rome, Watertown & O. RR., to Ottawa, Canada. The chief points of interest which the party intend to visit are Alexandria Bay and the Thousand Islands.

Ladies Regatta.

Ladies Regatta New York Yacht Club came off to-day over the usual regatta course. The following started:—1st class schooners, Tidalwave and Idler; 2nd class schooners, Magic, Clio, Cornelia, Camet; Sloops, Vindex Visior and Egeria. The signal gun was fired at 11 a. m., and the yachts were soon afterwards under way. Tidelwave won prize for first class schooners. Comet for second class schooners and Visior for sloops. They passed the winning post as follows: Tidalwave, 5 hours 18 min. 22 seconds; Visior, 5 hours 35 min. 17 seconds; next in order were Idler, Clio, Vindex and Cornelia Magic.

CINCINNATI, June 25.—A special to the *Gazette* report a severe storm of wind and rain at Tiffin, Ohio, this evening, which damaged crops, blew down fences and unroofed houses; the severest storm ever known in that region. It visited McConnelsville at 1:30 p.m. A number of business houses were unroofed, trees, fences and houses were prostrated, the roof was taken off the foundry and driven through a brick wall, the market house was unroofed, and many business men are heavy lossers. No lives were lost. The path of the storm is a mile and a half wide. Telegrams from various points of Northern Indiana and Southern Michigan report a severe storm throughout that district, resulting in much damage to property, as far as heard from three persons were killed by lightning.

SYRACUSE, June 25.—The coroner's investigation of the Central Baptist Church disaster began this morning. No further deaths of the injured. A dozen funerals of the victims of the disaster are appointed for to-morrow, which will be observed as a day of general mourning here. The public censure is severe upon the architect, builders and building committee of the church. The plan of the building contemplated supporting columns instead of which iron rods, pending from an insufficient roof truss were substituted.

Spain and the Pretenders.

The London *Times* reprints from the Paris *Journal des Debats* a statement apparently based upon authority to the effect that the German Cabinet is now considering the advisability of permitting Prince Frederick Charles, the famous leader of a German army, to accept the throne of Spain. According to this narrative Prince Bismarck has become "uneasy at the rivalry and not very friendly feelings which have long existed between the Prince Imperial and his cousin," and has accordingly suggested to Frederick Charles that he could take the Spanish Crown and found an "Iberian empire," with Portugal as a component part. Frederick Charles, according to the *Times*, is no "carpet knight," and not "to be bundled out of Spain" like Amadeus. On the contrary, he is "a stern disciplinarian, with an iron hand, and he will revise the military power of the nation and make the Spaniards proud of themselves and of their Emperor." The *Journal des Debats*, remembering Maximilian and Amadeus, would not object to seeing a Prussian Prince try his fortunes in Spain. "There is a proverb," it adds, "that the air of Madrid is so subtle that it kills a man, although it does not put out a candle." The German Prince is reminded that Napoleon, when sovereign of Europe, found the beginning of the end when sovereign of Europe, found the beginning of the end when he reached the Pillars of Hercules. If Prussia, which imitates Napoleonic conquest, chooses to follow him in a destiny resembling that which came to him in Spain, France is not the the country either to oppose or complain.

The German newspapers deny this story, but we may take any liberty we please with official denials. It is not pleasant to those who love Spain to see her crown hawked from capital to capital by the gang of unprincipled adventurers who, thanks to the cannon of Pavis, now control the destinies of Spain. As a measure of restoration the Serrano Government has re-established the nobility and the orders of knighthood. These had been abolished by the Republic, after having become so much of a scandal that no quiet person could journey through Spain without incurring the risk of being made "a knight of Charles III." Even apothecaries and coachmen have been ribboned and decked in a sumptuous manner. Serrano, a duke, is anxious to find a king who will make him a prince, while Sagasta, who always wants money, would prefer a monarch like the Duke of Montpensier, who is one of the richest noblemen in Europe. But Montpensier belongs to a family which loves money too well to pay even for a crown especially a crown that has the mercurial qualities of that of Spain. It does not surprise us to learn that he has refused Senor Sagasta's solicitations. If Prince Frederick Charles is brave enough nothing would be more satisfactory to Germany than his coronation as the successor of Charles V. What satisfies Germany will be most likely to satisfy Europe.

In the meantime Serrano is "fighting the Carlists" and sending glowing despatches about his "victories" to the London newspapers. The meaning of these despatches is that Serrano wants money, and it is necessary to inspire the confidence of English capitalists in his government. What seems probable now is that the Republic will perish from inaction, that it will die the moment its death is necessary to the interests or the the ambition of Serrano. The power which dissolved the Cortes last January at the point of the bayonet can stifle any republic. The thoughtful, the enthusiastic, the noble men of Spain are silent or in exile or under control. When Serrano says he is waiting to "consult Spain on its destinies," it means that he is looking out for the best bargain and waiting until that fertile and accomplished politician, Sagasta has the machinery necessary to elect an obedient and congenial Cortes. This is, indeed, a sad situation for the Republic which came into life a year ago with so much enthusiasm and promise. But the Spanish Republic is not dead. It only waits! Nations move slowly, especially a nation as old and conservative and as securely bound by tradition as Spain. The wave recedes as often as it advances, but only to advance again. Now we see the receding wave. When it comes again we sincerely trust it will not bring storms and crested billows and desolating floods.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Wheat in California.

The accounts of the wheat crop of California for the present year are of the most glowing description. The New York *Herald* in a pithy paragraph says:

An estimate of the harvest for this year alone is that after deducting the amount of wheat used for home consumption, enough will remain for exportation to double the amount exported last year by Russia, much larger than that exported by the rest of the United States. It would be an old and at the same time a gratifying circumstance if the land of gold should become the land of wheat, and richer from its wheat than it could ever have been from its gold.

It will require an enormous fleet to carry such a crop across the seas. Happily the ships of the world can compete for this trade. Freights cannot long remain depressed.

Speaking of this wonderful wheat crop, the San Francisco "Morning Call," of June 2nd, says:

"The lowest estimate at double the quantity for export was that available during 1872-3. Last year the area sown with wheat was, in round numbers, 1,700,000 acres, the actual figures being 1,696 622. The average yield was between 13 and 12 bushels per acre, and this in the face of long dry weather, which in many places only left half a crop and in some hardly any crop at all. This year, while the area sown has been materially increased, the yield in some instances will be more than doubled. In all, about 300,000 acres have been added to the area sown with wheat last year. The entire area under crop this year is 2,000,000 acres. The average of the crop of 1872-3 would give the amount produced on this as 30,000,000 bushels, or 18,000.000 centals; but an average of 20 bushels per acre, would give 30,000,000 bushels, or 24 000,000 centals. This first estimate would leave, after deducting for local consumption, for distilling purpose and for seed, 13,000.000 centals; the second would leave 19,000,000. However, comparing the various estimates, we have no hesitation in placing the aggregate crop at 35,000,000 bushels, or 21,000,000 centals, and the amount for export 16,000,000 centals, or nearly double that of the greatest harvest ever known in California in 1872-3. This is nearly double the quantity exported by Russia last year, and much larger than that exported by the remainder of the United States. Placing an average cargo at 25.000 centals, 600 vessels would be required to carry this vast amount of wheat."

POND'S EXTRACT
CURES
Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa,
etc.
POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE
For the Hair
Prepared from the Pure Grease of
THE CANADA BEAR.

It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Price 25cts per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors,
378 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.
June 15, 1874.

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedent the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

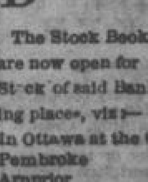
DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE.

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now or the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMON,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto.
Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec,
Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.
May 1st, '874.

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

L. W. P. COULLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P. Q.
2228-6m

NEW BOOKS.
Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon....$1.25
" Meridiana, or adventures in South Africa.... 0.75
" A journey to the Centre of the earth.... 0.75
" Tour of the World in 80 days.. 1.50
Family Herald, vol 33, bound.... 1.25
At Her Mercy, by James Payn.... 0.50
FOR SALE AT
HENDERSON AND CO'S,
29 Sparks Street.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
The Stock Books of the BANK OF OTTAWA are now open for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Bank and are placed at the following places, viz:—
In Ottawa at the Office of R. W. Cruice, Esq.
Pembroke " Messrs. Hunter Bros.
Arnprior " Messrs. McLachlan Bros.
Mansfield " Hon. George Bryson.
Aylmer " Messrs. Fleming, Church and Kenney.
Buckingham " Jas. McLaren & Co.
By order of the Provincial Directors,
JAMES McLAREN, Chairman.
Ottawa, June 20, 1874. 2301-6in

THE CANADIAN WASHER.
A. R. GILES, Esq., Dear sir,—In reply to your note asking how I like the Canadian Washing Machine you left on trial at my place, I have to say that it gives every satisfaction, doing its work thoroughly, being more easily worked than any other, and a great deal cheaper. I may add that it took me a The time to persuade my wife to try your machine, as she had already tried the Bunnell Machine twice, and had concluded the machines were all humbugs alike.
A. W. LANG.
June 18, 1874. 2303-y

BLYTH & KERR,
25 RIDEAU-ST.,
HAVING now completed the enlargement of their present premises, are prepared to execute all orders, with greater facility in
Plumbing, Gas and Steam-Fitting!
Now opening, a large and varied stock of IMPORTED HARDWARE, also CHANDELIERS in great variety. GALVANIZED IRON ROOFING, &c., &c., A SPECIALTY.
June 26, 1874. 2605-y

DRESS. DRESS.
J. R. STITT & Co.'s
CHEAP
CLEARING SALE OF COSTUMES & DRESSES
THURSDAY AND FOLLOWING DAYS.
This is a good opportunity for LADIES going to the Country or Seaside to secure a good Travelling or Seaside Costume ready made, at half price, as the lot must be cleared. Materials are Galatea Stripes. Linen Lassoes, Piques, Batistes, Chambreys, Grass Linen, &c., &c.

PRINTS.
10½c.—CHEAP SALE of light ground Prints from 10½c. per yard.
BATISTE.
16c.—CHEAP SALE of Batistes and Lawns at 16c. per yard.
TRELLIS MUSLINS.
19c.—CHEAP SALE of white satin stripe Muslins from 19c. to 30c. per yard.
GRENADINES.
17c.—CHEAP SALE of Grenadines at 17c.
ALPACAS.
20c.—CHEAP SALE of New Grey Alpacas and Lustres from 20c. up. Beautiful Shades.
MILLINERY.
10c.—CHEAP SALE of Hats and Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, from 10c, or cleared at half price.
UNDERCLOTHING.
60c.—CHEAP SALE of Ladies' Underclothing from 60c. up.
REMNANTS.
CHEAP SALE of Remnants, Prints and Dress Goods of every description from 3 to 10 yards, at half price.
J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST

NOTICE.
RADFORD & GOYER
HAVING purchased MR. YOUNG'S STOCK at A GREAT SACRIFICE, are now prepared to sell the same at
LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.
Stock Consisting of:
Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Coloured Gold Sets, Coloured Gold Brooches, Coloured Gold Ear Rings, Coloured Gold Signet Rings, Coloured Gem Rings, Coloured Gold Ladies' Chains, Coloured Gold Gents' Chains, Coloured Gold Studs, Coloured Gold Sleeve Buttons.
JET GOODS.
Broaches and Ear Rings in Sets, Bracelets, Ear Rings, Chains, Grosses.
ELECTROPLATED WARE.
Tea Sets, Cruets, Cake Baskets, Card Baskets, Butter Coolers, Epergnes, Fruit Dishes, Water Kettles, Cruet Jugs, Water Jugs, Spoons and Forks.
CLOCKS—30 HOURS AND EIGHT DAYS,
MASONIC GOODS—Blue Aprons, Collars and Jewels, R. A. Aprons, Sashes and Jewels,
Paper Machine Goods, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Glove Boxes, Portfolio, Toilet Ink Stands, Spectacles, Gold and Steel Specs, Eye Glasses—Lazarus & Morris.
**The whole stock to be disposed of by 1st of August, at less than wholesale prices, at
RADFORD & GOYER'S,
38½ SPARKS-ST., NEXT DOOR TO CHRISTIE'S DRUG STORE.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, are guaranteed.
, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

NEW CARPETS.
SPRING 1874.
JUST OPENED—26 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.
Our stock being even More complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Ottawa Carpet House
30 SPARKS-ST.

THOS. S. SARNEY,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER
AND
AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.
Special attention given to
REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES
And other appliances,
Light Engines and General Machinery
Agent for Edgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.
Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
June 18, 1874. 2353-1y

Bolt-heading Machine.
The undersigned having procured a Bolt-Heading Machine with all the latest improvements, which is now successfully in operation, beg respectfully to intimate to contractors and others requiring Bolts and Spikes, that such can be furnished to them expeditiously and at lower rates than have been charged in this city hitherto.
N. S. BLASDELL & Co.
Victoria Foundry & Machine Works,
Ottawa Sept. 13, 1873.

SIXTH ANNUAL
PIC-NIC
—OF THE—

QUEEN FIRE COMP'Y
Will be held in
LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL,
—ON—
Dominion Day.
Marlor's Brass and Quadrille Band will be in attendance.
TICKETS of admission, &c., may be had of the Committee and at the gate.
A. FAULKNER, Secretary. CHAS. DUFUIS, Captain.
June 20, 1874.

HATS!
SPRING OF 1874.
Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats.......Peacock
Christy's Hats.......Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats.......Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats.......Peacock
Wolseley Hats.......Peacock
Castellar Hats.......Peacock
Cheltenham Hats.......Peacock
Spencer Hats.......Peacock
Sorento Hats.......Peacock
Cordova Hats.......Peacock
Venosti Hats.......Peacock
Clinton Hats.......Peacock
All the above Styles of Hats to be found at
PEACOCK'S
SIGN OF THE
RED HAT
33 RIDEAU STREET.
April 2, 1874.

NOTICE
All parties indebted
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 23 1874.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer. Trade Mark secured. Montreal.

OTTAWA
Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.
The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 33,
HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS
For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.
The Books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No. 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN., Secretary, pro tem.
June 18, 1874.

WANTED a good plain Cook, Kitchen and Dining Room Girls. Apply at Allan House, Perth, Ontario.

OPENING DAY.
MORRISON & ADAM,
FAMILY GROCERS,
TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48
SATURDAY, JUNE 13,

D. McDONELL,
Special Family Grocer,
—IS—
Receiving Foreign Importations
And will Advertise in a Few Days.
June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S
Change of Business!
AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.
REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.
Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.
A still Further Reduction
—IN—
Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks
Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.
All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.
P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.
Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLE BY FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 18, 1874.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.
THOS. PATTERSON
Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.
Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c
PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.
Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.
FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers a variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisine Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.
Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at THOS PATTERSON'S.
May 5, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,
Rideau Street
BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class
Dress Making and Millinery Establishment
—AT—
234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234
With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.
THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.
Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection
SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.
**We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris.
Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the Times.
May 21, 1874

SPRING 1874.
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
FELT HATS!
Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's
SILK HATS,
For Spring Trade.
March 18, 1874.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.
Murray Bay,
NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.
THE LORNE HOUSE
Is now open to visitors.
Telegraph and independent Post Office at Point-a-Pic. CHAMARD & Co.
June 18, 1874.

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACCUAIG, agent Travellers Ins. Co., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.......................111¾

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 25.

GRAIN.

	per bush.
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 3 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chicken, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 00
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 07 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Cotton, heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus., sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower, receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24 000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15¼c.; refined, 13¼c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 25—Erie, 26¼; refined petroleum 18¼ to 10¼ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 25.—Cotton, sales today 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 2bl 8-6m

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5.000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 | EACH IN Greenbacks,
Five Prizes $500 |
Ten Prizes $100 |

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1 00 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city
—ALSO—
A complete assortment of

Shlf and Heavy Hardware,

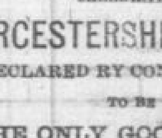
AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place

Sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

Ottawa, April 10, 1874.



LEA & PERKINS

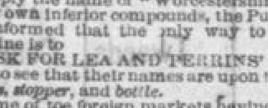
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper,* and *bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed *free.* Address

J. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston.

Outfits Free Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is genteel, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent *free.* Send at once. Claremont, Daniels & Co., 236 Notre Dame-st. Montreal.

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.

Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

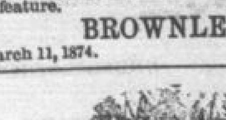
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.

March 11, 1874. 2513y



POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

CLOSE. A. M.	CLOSE. P. M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED. A. M.	DELIVERED. P. M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Railway	8.00	4.10
[illegible]	[illegible]	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	7.21
[illegible]	[illegible]	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba, Mails closed daily via Windsor, Ont., for Detroit, Mich., British Columbia and Vancouver's Island Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, etc., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	The Upper Ottawa, Pembroke, etc., on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pakenham, Pembroke, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Aylmer, Hull, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9:00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 00 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873

DATURA TATULA

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes,

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do, Felt Boots wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety including Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
and 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts. San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph,	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

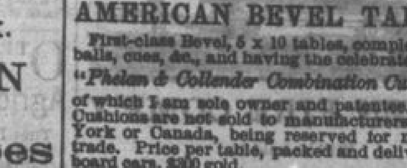
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No plate is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly



STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1817. 2277m

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at

NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.

Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

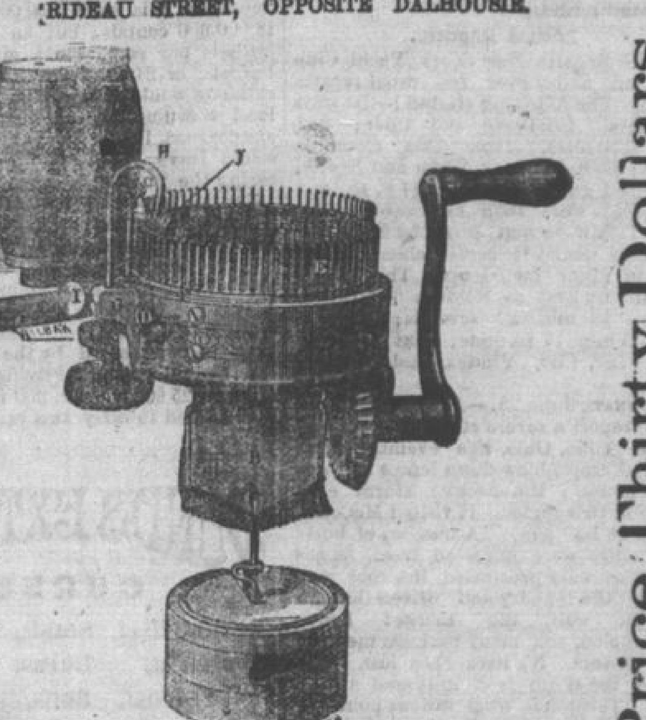
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

—THE IMPROVED—

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 [illegible] per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking [illegible] ps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp W [illegible] cks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF

Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS

T. E. MOORE

BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING

ROOMS,

172 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his Fancy Goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now overstocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all Fancy Goods at half price, or 25 per cent less than cost price.

The Goods consist of

Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,
Solid 15 karat Gold Chains,
An immense assortment of elegant sets in Gold,
Best Plate Signet Rings,
Plain and Brass Rings,
Hair Ornaments,
Perfumery,
Brushes,
Real Hair Goods,
Meerschaum Pipes,
Hand Mirrors,
Hair Brushes.

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 172 Sparks-st.

June 20, 1874.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000
6 " each,	50,000	300 " "	500
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	100
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	50

400 Gold Watches.................$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines.................60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos.................250 to 700
50 Melodeons.................50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $12,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.

April 29, 1874. 2550-2m

NOTICE.

Policy holders of the "Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York," are notified to pay their premiums for the Ottawa Agency, to Messrs. PENNOCK & Co., Sparks Street, Ottawa.

R. W. GALE,
General Manager for Dominion of Canada.

May 28th, 1874. 2579-1w.

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.

March 24, 1874. 2525y

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa
Fe 18 249

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R.S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JAMES BUCHANAN, of the City of Ottawa, an Insolvent.

A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until 4th July next, after which dividend will be paid.

ALEX. MOFFAT,
Assignee

Montreal, June 17, 1874. 2593-2w

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules: and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., ½ oz., and 1 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed re and despatch 2545

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto,

Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.H. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

FOR SALE.

Lot 28, 8th Range of Hull, covered with fine Maple Wood. Ten miles from the City. Fine Road.

Apply to L. W. P. Coutlee, Esq., Advocate, Hull, or to Henry Cetlly, Mountain Road, Hull, near the property.

Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 25-w2l

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-ly

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES.—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c., And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874. 241

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St.: Opposite the Post Office

May 7, 1874. 2564y

A RARE CHANCE TO SECURE A

GOOD PROPERTY, CHEAP

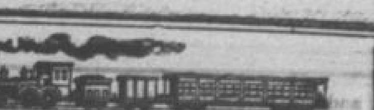
For sale, by private contract, Lot No 68, fronting on Elm-St.,

ROCHESTERVILLE,

a short distance from the Richmond Road. The Lot is 66x99, with a COMFORTABLE DWELLING 28x20, Kitchen 22x17, Wood-shed and Barn 40x17. Buildings all new. The house is well furnished; a good cellar, double windows, a good well of water, force pump with hose. The lot is well fenced and very handsomely situated. There are three very handsome shade trees on the lot. Title freehold.

Apply to A. ROWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent

Ottawa, March 17th, 1874 22



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	2.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A. M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P. M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P. M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A. M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.
Time faster than by any other route.
Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa	12.55 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.	9.10 p.m.

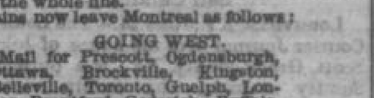
10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.................9.00 a.m.
Night Express.................9.00 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations.................6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations.................5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at.................1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations.................6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations.................2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at 5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at.................10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe.................11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at.................3.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at.................3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leaves Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.

W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville.
A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 23, 1874. 2499y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 8 Sparks Street.

TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS,

And parties intending to erect Stores or Dwelling Houses.

The undersigned is prepared to execute orders for ARCHITECTURAL IRON MANUFACTURY, such as HOUSE FRONTS, of the plainest or most elegant and elaborate patterns, ROOFS, CRESTINGS, COLUMNS, CUPITALS, BRACKETS, LINTELS, SILLS, CORNICES, STAIRWAYS, BEAMS, GIRDERS, GATES, RAILWAYS, SHUTTERS, LAMP-POSTS, AWNING POSTS, PAVEMENTS, &c., &c.

Patterns can be seen at any time, and on plans and specifications being furnished, arrangements can be made for fulfilling any order for the from Work required.

Orders are respectfully solicited. Any letters addressed to No. 8 Elgin-st., will meet with prompt attention.

G. C. BEFFENSTEIN

NOTICE.

The Voters' Lists for the first and second subdivisions of the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, for the current year, were first posted in my office on the eighteenth day of June 1874.

W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Township Clerk's Office, Fitzroy, 20th June, 1874. 26-w1l

STRAYED.

From the premises of the undersigned, on or about 20th May last, TWO COLTS, One Mare Colt, two years old, brown color, with some white on nose, and One Horse Colt, one year old, dark brown color, with small white speck on forehead. Any information leading to their recovery will be thankfully received by

JOHN MANION,
West Huntley.

Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 25-w2l

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright!
Cheerful!
Earnest! and
Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber has a choice FREE of the following large and elegant Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London,

"Peace Be Unto This House."

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace," "Bed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles."

Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to

J. W. JONES, London, Ont.,
Sole General Agent.

Nov 8

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipanne, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Custard and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

Caution

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely upon their purity and strength, Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them put forth as possessing the remedial properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either saponaceous compounds, ointments or pomades, without a trace of the Pancreatic principle and entirely unfit and useless as medicines. These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and to materially affect the reputation which the genuine Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore highly important that purchasers examine labels on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE"

The Original and only Manufacturers Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine

"This compound resembled an Ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essence of Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the usual saponifying result; the whole forming a granular moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, besides being rich in Pancreatic juice, has the delicate smooth appearance and consistency of thick cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada.

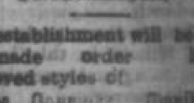
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., 157 King Street, Toronto
February 28th. 1873. 200wl1

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh

FACTORY.

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 25, 1872. 1211tf

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE.

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our stock of Blankets

Bags,

Buck and Beef Mocassins

Is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, wishes to give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residences or receive them at her house, between 2 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's [illegible] Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre) Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2606 — OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1874 — PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN, FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,

38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS, SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.

Jan. 27, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated, if required.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.

Dec. 11, 1873. 2484

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1758

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.

Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.

Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2528y

DR. BURROWS,

C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D. Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.

April 29, 1874 2555-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S,

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

Office—41 Sparks-st.

March 31, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law. Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c. Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.

G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.

Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM

The undersigned have agreed to form a Partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C., M. O'GARA, H. LAPIERRE, E. A. P. REMON.

Feb. 5, 87 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,

(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)

Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | M. P. HILL.

Feb. 3, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

G. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.

Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.

Hull, Jan 16, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No 12 St. James-St MONTREAL.

Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c

OFFICE: Master in Chancery Chambers, COURT HOUSE, OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,

Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.

March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,

ADVOCATE,

Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,

MAIN STREET, HULL.

Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,

(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.,)

Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.

March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT

Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated. Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.

Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Office:—G. ERWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke —USE THE— MYRTLE NAVY.

THE WILLIAMS SINGER SEWING MACHINES —TOOK— ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

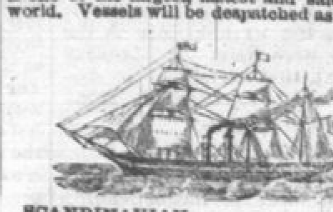
They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and are the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market. Agents wanted in salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Call on or address,

GEO. DAWSON, Sparks-st., Ottawa 2567-3m

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE

From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage........$39 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.

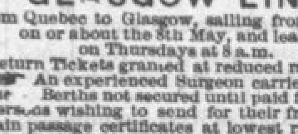
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.



Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

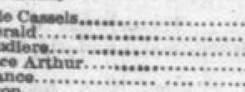
LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.

OFFICE—ELGIN STREET, OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2551



ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m., for passengers.

Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.

A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.

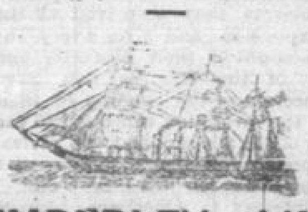
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.

The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.

Thames........Wednesday, June 3
Delta........Wednesday June 17
Helios........Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence........Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.

Thames........Thursday, July 2
Delta........Thursday, July 9
Helios........Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence........Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.

June 13, 1874. 2543

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie. Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd " QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell " PRINCESS........P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m. trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.

Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.

The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.

Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.

Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.

R. W. SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent,

G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

ESTABLISHED 1860.

P. A. TAYLOR, - - - - PROPRIETOR.

The largest and best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scottish Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874. 2598y

W. M. SOMERVILLE,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods, And General Building Supplies.

Has constantly on hand and to order—

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES, ARCHITRAVES, BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING, SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

SHINGLES,—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.

N.B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.

RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.

June 17, 1874. 2597y

Gentlemens Dress.

CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at

RUSSELL & WATSON'S,

29 SPARKS-ST.

The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.

It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.

R. & W.

June 17, 1874

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds........82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do $1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg........2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.
200 Men's Shooting Coats........3.50
150 " Sac Coats........2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2564y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,]

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2498

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

GOOD TIMES COMING —IN— Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874, —IN—

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,

C. P. DORION, 81 and 83 SPARKS ST. (Late Desbarats' Property.)

May 13, 1874.

A LARGE VARIETY OF GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER

SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT DACIER'S DRUG STORE,

43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.

March 28, 1874. 2528

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo........75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner........60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold........$1.75

For Sale by HENDERSON & Co 39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa. Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT: G. MANN, Hardware Merchant, SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

Easter Beef AT C. KENNEDY'S, WELLINGTON-ST.,

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2 1874.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TELEGRAPH LINE.

Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—

The furnishing of all materials, labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.

The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.

In the wooded Sections the land to be cleared to a width of 132 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.

Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:

(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.

(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 500 miles.

(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.

(4) Lac La Hache, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia, to Fort Edmonton, about 550 miles.

(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.

(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 760 miles.

The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.

Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.

Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.

By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary,

Department of Public Works, 17th June 1874. 2598 2awk-tf.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874.

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF ORGAN MUSIC!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport........$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries........2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste........2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries........1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea.........3 50
Hile's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each........0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete........3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel........2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home........$2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs........1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries........1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion........2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that any person or persons found SHOOTING BIRDS In and about the RIDEAU HALL GROUNDS, And in the BAY west of the main road, will be prosecuted as the Law directs.

By order, E. J. O'NEILL, Supt. Govt. Police.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 20th June, 1874. 2601

BERMINGHAM'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street.

BUGGIES,

Open and Covered,

EXPRESS WAGGONS, GENTS' RIDING SADDLES AND BRIDLES, LADIES' SADDLES, &c., &c.,

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction on *SATURDAY, 27th INSTANT,*

At 12 o'clock, opposite the Russell House, six (6) new open Buggies and four Express Waggons. Also two very fine covered Buggies—leather tops—in excellent condition and very little used. Gents' Riding Saddle, two Side Saddles, and one very good Banco. All without Reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer

June 26, 1874.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

J. BERMINGHAM.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL Branches of Builders Work!

Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application COAL and WOOD STOVES. HOUSEFURNISHINGS. IRON BEDSTEADS, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES. Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.

H. MEADOWS & CO., CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873.

NEW Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are preprepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO

LAST CHANCE FOR An Easy Fortune.

FIFTH AND LAST GIFT CONCERT In aid of the *PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.*

JULY 31st, 1874.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift			$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift			100,000
One Grand Cash Gift			75,000
One Grand Cash Gift			50,000
One Grand Cash Gift			25,000
5 Cash Gifts,	$20,000	each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts,	14,000	each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts,	10,000	each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts,	5,000	each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts,	4,000	each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts,	3,000	each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts,	2,000	each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts,	1,000	each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts,	500	each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts,	100	each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts,	50	each	950,000

Grand Total, 20,000 Gifts, all Cash, 2,500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets........$50 00
Halves........25 00
Tenth, or each Coupon........5 00
11 Whole Tickets for........500 00
22½ Tickets for........1,000 00

For Tickets or information, address THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky

June 23, 1874. 2603-4w-wss

THE MISSES SINGLETON HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles just received.

April 30, 1874. 557-3m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } IN the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE, By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A. D. 1874

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

Canada, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton } In the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of OLIVIER COTE, an Insolvent.

The undersigned has filed in the office of this Court, a deed of composition and discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on TUESDAY, the 28th day of JULY next, he will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation of the discharge thereby effected.

OLIVIER COTE, BY TAILLON & CHRYSLER, His Attorney ad litem.

Dated at Ottawa, in the said County of Carleton, this 24th day June, A. D., 1874. 2604-5w.

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A. R. GILES, Esq., Dear Sir,—In reply to your note asking how I like the Canadian Washing Machine you left on trial at my place I have to say that it gives every satisfaction, doing its work thoroughly, being more easily worked than any other, and a great deal cheaper. I may add that it took me some time to persuade my wife to try your machine, as she had already tried the Bunnell Machine twice, and had concluded the machines were all humbugs alike.

A. W. LANG.

June 16, 1874 2605-y

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

The Empress Eugenie paid a visit to the Prince and Princess Christian at Windsor on the 5th inst. Their Royal Highnesses met the Empress at the Windsor terminus of the Great Western Railway, and drove through the town and park to Cumberland Lodge. After Luncheon the Empress returned to town.

A State concert was given by command of the Queen at Buckingham Palace on Wednesday night. The members of the Royal Family present were the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, the Duke of Connaught, the Prince and Princess Christian of Sleswick-Holstein, the Princess Louise (Marchioness of Lorne) and the Marquis of Lorne, the Duke of Cambridge, and the Duke and Duchess of Teck. The vocalists included Mdme. Patti, Mdlle. Marimon, Mdlle. Titiens, Mdme. Trebelli Bettini, Mr. Santley, Signor Agnesi, and Signor Nicolini.

As there seem to be various errors in the telegrams about the forthcoming Congress at Brussels it is as well to make a plain statement on the subject. The ambitious project originally announced by Prince Gortschakoff of regulating by treaty the whole of the minor proceedings in warfare appears to have been coldly received by the great European Courts, and is being considerably modified. It is believed that the subjects for actual discussion will hardly go beyond the determination of who are to be held lawful prisoners, and what is to be their recognized treatment. Russia has invited each State to send both a diplomatic and a military representative; but at Berlin the matter has been referred to the War Department, and it is believed that the Imperial Government will send only a single representative, a soldier. The day proposed by Russia is given in the journals as the 15th of July, but it is forgotten that this is the so-called old style, and means now the 27th of July, on which day the Congress will assemble if the project do not break down like the Postal Congress of last year proposed from Berlin, which Russia herself had a chief share in preventing.

There has been a serious consular row in Palestine. The circumstances as related by the Jerusalem correspondent of a local paper are as follows:—The Spanish consul at Jerusalem, for some unexplained reason, lately obtained the dismissal of the Spanish consular agent at Jaffa, and sent a clerk to relieve that functionary of his seals, archives, and other official insignia. The mission was not a pleasant nor a wholly successful one, for the consular agent, alleging that he had gone to considerable expense to obtain the agency, declined to give it up except on repayment of the money he had spent. The consul's clerk from Jerusalem, however, insisted on executing his orders, and the dispute waxed so hot that it ended in a personal encounter. The consular agent took the initiative in the fight, and, calling his wife to his assistance, advanced boldly to the attack. The clerk, overpowered by odds, was soon placed *hors de combat* by the fists of the indignant couple. The unfortunate man would, it is stated, probably have been punished more severely but for the interference of the police, whom the disturbance attracted to the spot, and who settled matters in favour of the clerk by arresting the consular agent. Here the matter rests for the present, but, although the consular agent has forfeited his office, it is thought not impossible that, by appealing to a higher quarter than Jerusalem, he may yet remain master of the situation.

Mr. Gladstone addressed a meeting of miners on Tuesday at Hawarden on the right of non union men to work on their own terms. A question having arisen between the employers and the employed in a colliery near Hawarden, as to the dismissal of four non-union men, which the unionists demanded as a condition to their returning to work at a reduction, Mr. Hanson, the managing director, laid the matter before Mr. Gladstone, and asked whether men who could thus unwarrantly interfere with the liberty of their fellow-workmen were such as he would be disposed to continue in the tenancy of the cottages on his estate. Mr. Gladstone then invited the men to meet him and spoke strongly in favour of the right of the non-union men to work at any rate of wages they might think proper. He contrasted the action of the unionists with that of the agricultural unions, which had never yet made similar demands, and warned the miners that there were very many people "who are very much prejudiced against the idea of extending the suffrage into counties when they hear of the attempts of the majorities of working men to interfere with minorities." This, he said, was a political consideration worth thinking about if they valued a vote, and if they desired to strengthen the hands of those who desired to have the suffrage extended. At the close of the right hon. gentleman's speech one of the miners said it was not quite a question of wages. The four men had acted badly towards them. Mr. Gladstone remarked that the conduct of the four men might be matter for examination, and they ought to make an apology if they had conducted themselves badly. The miners promised to reconsider the whole matter, and Mr. Gladstone then left the room.

Late events in Italy show that there is an important change of policy in the Government with regard to the Curia, and that a desire has arisen to avoid any fresh attack, however favored by circumstances, on the consistantly stubborn forces of the Vatican. Some months ago, the Marquis Gonzaga, who sits as representative for Mantua, brought to the notice of the Ministry and the House of Deputies the remarkable case of four parishes in his diocese which had openly revolted against the authority of the new Ultramontane bishop, refused to accept any priest instituted by him to their cures, and elected as pastors of their own certain clergymen of Mantua who had taken a prominent part in opposing certain obnoxious episcopal decrees issued on his entrance into his see. The Minister of Justice, Signor Vigliani, to whom the Marquis appealed, declared himself on the side of the protesting parishioners, and even intimated, as is stated, in private audiences, his intention of causing the elected priests to be paid the proper stipends due by their parishes on their taking up the posts offered them in the latter. That no such promise was given officially appears to have been the reason that a part of the recusant priests hesitated to break finally with the episcopal authority. Two, however, showed more confidence in the supposed favor of the Government, and took possession of the cures offered them unanimously by the parishes of Dosso and Palidano. They have never, however, received the expected stipend, and are in consequence, left entirely dependent on the freewill offerings of very poor congregations. And very recently the *Gazette* of Mantua, which had been warm on the side of the protesting party, has been officially warned by the prefect to abstain from further articles on the question, "as the Ministry desire the question of the elected pastors to be shelved." The result of this change of councils appears to be the probable quenching of what promised to be the begining of a new branch of the Old Catholic Church; but, for the present, the four parishes concerned, remain though thus deserted by the State, remain obstinate in their defiance of the bishop and the power behind him.

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

PARLIAMENTARY REPORTING.

London Correspondence Toronto Globe.

As this subject was under discussion at the recent meeting of the Canadian Parliament, the following extract from the *Globe* of to-day will not be uninteresting. The *Globe* says:—"About this time last year Lord Grainville put himself in communication with Her Majesty's Ministers at Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Florence, and Washington, with a view of procuring information as to the system practiced in those countries for reporting the debates in the Parliamentary Chamber, and the reports in answer to his lordship's circular have just been printed. In France it is well known the debates in the National Assembly are reported by a regular official staff of short-hand writers in the employment of the Assembly itself, the intention being, as explained by Lord Lyons, "that every speech shall be reported *in extenso* and *verbatim*, and interruptions, expressions of applause or the contrary, and all the little incidents of the sitting inserted." As a proof of the slow pace at which journalism proceeds in Paris it may be mentioned that on the unusual event of the sitting being protracted "beyond eight o'clock in the evening," the report "of the latter part of it" may not appear in the *Journal Official* "till the next day but one." All the German newspapers, we learn from Mr. Adams, our Secretary of Legation at Berlin, obtain their reports, which are greatly wanting in accuracy, from "a certain private undertaking called Kammercorrespondenz." In the Italian Parliament there is a gallery for reporters from the newspaper, but the accounts will appear in the press of the debate are "so meagre, imperfect and inaccurate, as to be almost worthless." In the United States the practice of officially reporting the debates of Congress at the public expense is of long standing. Towards the close of last session there was much discussion in the House of Representatives as to the printing of the *Congressional Globe*, and in the course of debate one member stated that the total cost of printing the *Globe* "for the 2nd session of 42nd Congress," was $246,555 50, say £49,311. Together with the reports touching Parliamentary reporting in foreign countries, the Colonial Office has supplied an account of the systems adopted in the principal British colonies. Victoria, Queensland and New Zealand are the only ones where reporting is officially undertaken. In the Dominion of Canada, Cape of Good Hope, Tasmania, and New South Wales, it is done by "private enterprise," while in South Australia, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island, it is wholly performed "by contract."

Bismark and Bavaria.

The work of unifying Germany is a great work, and Prince Bismarck, who has it now chiefly in charge, is a resolute worker. But, like all things in this world which are really great, this work also is not to be done in a day or in a year. Not only have the smaller monarchies—Saxony, Wurtemburg, Bavaria, Mechlenburg—refused to sink their ministries in the general Imperial Ministry at Berlin, but some of the independent legislatures are manifesting a disposition to nullify the acts of the Imperial Legislature already established. If there is one piece of legislation in regard to which the Imperial Legislature has been supposed to have thoroughly carried out the policy and the wishes of Prince Bismarck, it is the law expelling the Jesuits from the empire. Many congregations of the order have been broken up under this law, and no one has apparently thought of calling its validity in question, although there can be no doubt that it was passed not only in defiance and contempt of the feelings of the Catholic populations of South Germany, but also in opposition to the settled convictions of a small but earnest body of German liberals, who disbelieve in the wisdom of "fighting the devil with fire," or, in more courteous if not more expressive language, of driving out exclusivism by exclusion. But Bavaria by her Legislature has just, most unexpectedly, interposed her sovereignty between the proscribed Jesuits and the imperial proscription. It happens that among the Jesuits of Bavaria is numbered a nobleman belonging to one of the most famous and the most powerful of Bavarian families. This personage is Count Fugger, a member by birth of the great Augsburg house of the Fuggers, ennobled by Charles V. for their splendid financial services to the empire. The Fuggers of the sixteenth century were the Rothschilds of that time. The head of the house, Anton Fugger, advanced what for those days was an enormous sum of money to the Emperor for his wars against the Mussulmans in Africa. He had the honor of receiving Charles some time afterwards (the said advances being still unrepaid) in his mansion at Augsburg. He did the thing in more than royal state. When the Emperor and his suite were all assembled in the grand saloon of the princely banker, Anton Fugger asked His Majesty if he desired that a fire should be lighted, as the autumn evening was well on and the air was growing chill. The Emperor assented, whereupon Anton Fugger, the chronicle tells us, knelt down before a fire built up in the vast chimney-place of "faggots and sandalwood on andirons of solid silver," and drawing from his doublet the imperial obligations for the sums advanced to the Crown, first exhibited them to his imperial master, and then, calmly striking a light, used them to set the faggots on a blaze. Charles V. testified his sense of his superbly loyal attention by making Anton Fugger on the spot a Count of the Holy Roman Empire, and with a touch of Flemish humor commanded the new nobleman to enrich his coat of arms with the addition of "a pair of asses' ears."

It is a descendant of this sumptuous subject of Charles V. who has now bearded the new Emperor of the new German Empire. The Jesuit Count Fugger refuses to leave his county in obedience to the imperial law, and invokes the "reserved rights of Bavaria" as his protection. The Bavarian Legislature, after discussing the subject, has decided that the appeal of Count Fugger is well taken, and Count Fugger snaps his fingers at Prince Bismarck. Any attempt to discipline Bavaria for this action would only make matters worse. But, on the other hand, if the Bavarians maintain their ground the war against the Ultramontanes in Germany becomes of more dubious exit than ever. It will be interesting to watch the outcome of this affair, but it at least clearly shows that all the real difficulties in the way of "crowning the edifice" of German unity were not mastered when the German princes were induced to acquiesce in the constitution of the new Empire under the House of Hohenzollern. If they had been there would be less danger than there now is of some new experiment by Prince Bismarck upon the peace of Europe, and greater hope than there now is of a speedy term being put to the frightful pressure upon the industry and the resources of Germany of the colonial military establishment which Prince Bismarck judges it necessary for the German people to support.—*N. Y. World.*

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once.

J. METCALFE. 2577

JARVIS & AHLES' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A smart intelligent BOY to learn the Grocery Business. Apply at TIMES Office.
June 27, 1874. 2806-6in

WANTED—A Furnished House for a few months, from 1st July, by a young couple. Address J. M., TIMES Office.
June 27, 1874. 2806-4in

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

A mass meeting of the parishioners of St. Patrick's Parish, as well as those who are interested in the erection of St. Patrick's Church, on

SUNDAY, 28TH INST., AT NOON,

In order to take into consideration immediate steps for its completion.

P. O'MEARA,
Sec'y Building Committee.
June 27, 1874. 2806

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.

For a short season of ONE WEEK, commencing

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH,

And during the week,

England's Greatest Tragedian—(London "Times.")

Previous to his departure for England,

Mr. T. C. KING,

Supported by a powerful Shakespearian Company of 24 Artistes in a series of Shakespearian and other legitimate performances.

MONDAY EVENING,

RICHELIEU,

To conclude with a roaring Farce.

Admission 50c. Reserved Seats 75c. Seats can be secured and plan of Hall seen at Gowan's Music Store.
Doors open at 7.15; commence at 8.15.
June 27, 1874. 2806

St. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

MONSTER PIC-NIC

—ON—

DOMINION DAY

Wednesday, 1st July, 1874,

At McKay's Grove!

Largest Prize List ever offered to the Public.

GRAND BABY SHOW &c. &c.

Grand Prize List.

SEE SMALL BILLS!

Sutherland's Brass and String Band is engaged.
No Liquors allowed to be sold on the grounds. Tickets, 25c. Children under 14, 15c.

God Save the Queen.

J. YEOMAN, Sec'y.
June 27, 1874. 2806-3in

THE EUREKA TANNING PROCESS.

Patented 1872.

The undersigned is prepared to sell City, County, or Township Rights for the above process of Tanning, and at the same time he

CHALLENGES THE WORLD!

To tan as well or as expeditiously as he can under the Eureka Tanning process.

In selling the Rights, full instructions will be given as to the process.

NICHOLAS WILSON,
Whitty's Hotel, Murray-st.
June 27, 1874. 2806-3in

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.
Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2828-3m

A LADY WILL TAKE A FEW

PUPILS IN DRAWING,

Also will give lessons in the most advanced as well as elementary details of WAX WORK, as well as execute orders in the same, on very moderate terms.
References kindly permitted to Messrs. Durie & Sons, Booksellers, Sparks-st.
June 26, 1874. 2805-1m

GRAND EXCURSION

TO OGDENSBURGH

On the 4th of July,

Under the auspices of this Council of the St. P. O. Asylum and the St. Vincent de Paul Society.

Great preparations in the "Burg" for a gala day.

Tickets from Ottawa to Prescott and back, only $1,00.

R. DEVLIN,
Secretary.
June 20th, 1874.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

Grand Excursion — Dominion Day.

OTTAWA TO THE "CHATS" AND RETURN FOR $1.50.

The Steamer "Jessie Cassels," will leave Aylmer on Wednesday, 1st July, at 8 o'clock a.m., conveying passengers to the "Chats" and return for one dollar. Meals extra.

Stages connecting with Steamer will start from the Russell House, Union House and Corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, at 6:45 a.m., (sharp), conveying passengers to Aylmer and return for 25 cents.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Ten Millwrights and Framers. Apply to WM. MOSGROVE.
June 22, 1874. 2801-6

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.
JOS. METCALFE.
June 17. 2597-1f.

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2590

LOT FOR SALE.—The South half of Lot No 4, 1st Concession of Gloucester (Ottawa front) fronting on th Montreal Macadamized Road, seven miles from the city limits. Soil unsurpassed by anything in the Township. Apply to A. W. POWELL, County Jail, Ottawa.
June 18, 1874. 2632-4w&d

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,

BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,

Main-St.,

HULL, P.Q.

2328-6m

NEW BOOKS.

Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon....$1.25
" Meridiana," or adventures in South Africa.......0.75
" A journey to the Centre of the earth.......0.75
" Tour of the World in 80 days.. 1.50
Family Herald, vol 32, bound.......1.35
At Her Mercy, by James Payn.......0.50

FOR SALE AT

HENDERSON AND CO'S,

39 Sparks Street.

GLAD TIDINGS !!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstone, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freres, and a variety of other brands, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
Grocers, 38 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Tanning—N. Wilson.
Wanted—TIMES Office.
Wanted—TIMES Office.
Pic-Nic—St. George's Society.
Gowan's Opera House—T. C. King.
St. Patrick's Church—P. O'Meara.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1874.

The Hon Mr. Pardee, Provincial Secretary of the Government of Ontario, arrived in the city yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Fournier, Minister of Inland Revenue, arrived from Quebec yesterday morning.

It is expected that Attorney-General Walkem, the British Columbia Premier, will arrive here in a few days and make a short stay. We should not be greatly surprised if he did not go to England after all.

The Montreal *Gazette* of yesterday, in a lengthy article, labours hard to damage the position of the Canadian Government, in the negotiations in connection with the proposed Reciprocity Treaty, before venturing upon a discussion of the merits of the treaty itself. Our contemporary would like to create the impression that Canada has done all the work from the commencement till the end of the negotiations, made all the sacrifices, even to those of her freedom in the matter, and consequently stands bound hand and foot, while the Republic has committed herself to nothing, and may exact of us whatever she may require in addition. But the *Gazette*, further on in the same article, shows that the commercial classes of the United States, have long been desirous of a new treaty, the Montreal Board of Trade having expressed the opinion that their Government should lead the way in efforts to that end. It is something to know the country were desirous of this improvement even if the Government were somewhat dilatory in translating the popular wish into action, by advances to Canada. Under these circumstances the question suggests itself—should the Dominion, which stands in the superior position, as to debt, prosperity of trade and good credit, and which can afford to be generous, neglect an opportunity of bringing about a measure calculated to benefit both countries, on a mere matter of punctilio, or a sentiment of false pride? Both peoples being in favor of better trading relations, why should either Government postpone the first steps to them in the spirit of the childish game of—"who speaks first?" But we can tell our contemporary that the Canadian representative did not do all the surrendering, or even all the work—that the Americans co-operated at every step, doing their full part and agreeing to every point settled and every advance made. The draft is in every respect a joint production, and the notion that we are at the mercy of our neighbors in the future stages, is an Opposition delusion. No change can be made hereafter without Canada's cheerful assent. It is absurd to suppose we can be sacrificed in the event of alterations in the draft. Our agreeing to the present conditions by no means binds us to accede to any change that may be proposed inconsistent therewith, or calculated to make our position worse.

THE PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

It is to be hoped the bazaar in aid of the new Protestant Hospital will turn out a success. It lies under a debt of $14,000, while requiring heating apparatus and necessary furniture, the cost of which is estimated at $4,000. A good augury of the success of the bazaar is the interest evinced in it by some of the most influential ladies of Ottawa, who should, as they desire receive the cordial aid of their sisters of the surrounding district. This hospital is really needed by our Protestant people, and having approached so near the border of success, it would be a pity to slacken the efforts to bring it to that desirable position. The site and building appear every way suitable, and if the Institution could be cleared of debt, and thoroughly furnished and equipped, its power for usefulness would be so great as to probably enable it, with good management, to exceed in its beneficial achievements, the sanguine expectations of its friends.

MANITOBA.

It would appear that this Province has fairly established its character as a desirable home for farmers, artisans, and labourers of even the prosperous Province of Ontario. We see it stated in a Western exchange that within the first few weeks of the use of the Dawson Route, this summer, as many as 700 emigrants from this Province took passage by it for Manitoba. The majority were farmers and labourers, many accustomed to field work, being just the class most wanted in the North West. The exodus continues, this month of June having witnessed the departure of a great many agriculturalists, provided with the necessary stock and implements for an immediate entrance upon the work of cultivation. Of course, men able to take up these requisites may be supposed in possession of considerable sums of money designed to carry them over the first year of pioneering. We congratulate Manitoba on the advent of such a useful element, though Ontario is the loser, at least for the time being.

DR. SANGSTER'S CASE.

We published, a few days ago, a list of the questions put Dr. Sangster, by the Goderich Teachers' Institute, with his answers thereto, but we can not hope for a removal of all difficulties, thereby, from the minds of those who have had serious doubts as to the propriety of this gentleman's course with regard to either the treatment of the first wife, or the marriage of the second. In reply to the first question—"what are the grounds on which you separated from your first wife?—the answer may be a fitting one, from the Doctor's standpoint, but to many it will appear rather vague. He says—"the causes leading to our original separation are of too private and painful a character to be publicly discussed." He adds they separated in January, 1865, so far as living separately in the same house could extend; and in June, 1865, all social intercourse between them ceased, as he could no longer regard her as his wife. This may be all true enough, but it stands on the complainant's testimony, only, even were it to be admitted that the marriage tie was capable of dissolution by the simple exercise of the will of either of the parties. A man might for certain reasons, sufficient to his own mind, desire to regard the marriage relation as at an end, and so declare it, without, however, severing the tie. Mere private wish or distaste can not be considered the arbiter in such cases apart from other and very grave considerations. Some of the causes leading to the separation, referred to in the first question, are indirectly expressed in the second question and reply, in which the Doctor states that the "alleged immoralities"—the phrase used by the querists—took place before and after the association of his name with his second wife. He adds that this association was made by his first wife four years after the first, and three years subsequent to the final separation, and that anxiety for the moral well-being of his children, and his private interests endangered by the alliance of his first wife with the most unscrupulous of his enemies, led him to insist upon the private separation culminating in a public one. It further appears from these replies that Dr. Sangster's first wife married her second husband early in 1871, and that he himself re married late in that year. Before either of these events, the divorce had been obtained. If these statements are true, and he asserts he can produce documentary proof, his case appears in an improved light, though we are not prepared to say that he should be preferred for the Council of Public Instruction, to a man who has been more fortunate in his domestic experience, and has lived free from suspicions of any kind calculated, possibly, to impair his moral influence. The doctor has been unfortunate in his domestic relations, to the extent of figuring, innocently let it be admitted, in a scandal. If he erred, it may have been in judgment only, but the question remains, under all the circumstances would his power for usefulness be as great as that of a man of equal learning and ability, whose domestic affairs afford no material for gossip or scandal? As to his present or very recent conduct we hear no complaint, while in the matter of his professional or intellectual qualifications, there seems nothing to be desired. We notice, moreover, that the South Hastings school teachers have resolved to support his candidature, and he may obtain a large vote if not an election.

THE SYRACUSE DISASTER.

The recent disaster at Syracuse recalls the Mill River calamity, which it resembles in the number of its victims at any rate. A score of persons have been killed outright, many seriously, perhaps fatally injured, and nearly 100 more or less bruised, and badly shaken. The wonder is that greater injury to life did not result, since the treacherous building was occupied, in its two storeys, by hundreds of unsuspecting pleasure seekers. The suddenness of the catastrophe, and the absence of any indications of danger up to the fatal moment, increases the surprise at the escape of so many. The accident must appear the more suggestive and shocking when the occasion is considered. One would not naturally associate such an innocent merry-making as a Strawberry Festival with any idea of danger, so that utter unpreparedness and astonishment would aggravate the perils and sufferings of the victims. This sad event cannot fail to startle the public mind, coming so soon after the reservoir slaughter, and to strengthen the feeling in favour of greater legal precautions and safeguards in the interest of human life. If boilers and engines should be carefully inspected for the discovery of faults or defects, surely public buildings ought not to be passed over. The argument for care and skilful examination in the case of the latter is stronger than in that of the former, since the destruction involved in the fall of a church wall or assembly room floor, when crowded with young and old, is almost certain to be greater than that connected with the ordinary steamboat or factory accident from ill-made or worn-out machinery. It is likely that proceedings will be taken against the builders of this Syracuse Church, for their ignorance, greed, or carelessness, in setting up plank supports where wooden or metal beams or pillars should have been employed. The very sternest punishment should be meted out to men who through criminal indifference, or the desire to pocket a little ill-gotten money, will thus sacrifice the lives of hundreds of neighbours. It is quite patent, from the frequency of such misfortunes, that the laws for the protection of life come far short of the general requirements. A legal system that will punish a hungry beggar for stealing a penny, and allow blundering or thievish contractors to slay scores of fellow-citizens, to make more than the legitimate profit out of a job, is scandalously imperfect and discreditable to a country boasting of its civilization. It can not be pleaded that a proper test of, at least, public buildings, is impracticable in these days of advanced art and science; nor will even the indifferent deny that the most valuable resources of our present state of progress could not be better employed than in the protection of life and limb.

In a lengthy jubilant editorial on the late elections, the St. John (N. B.) *Telegraph*, a staunch supporter of the Local Government, and opponent of separate schools, remarks:

The Government went to the country on two great issues:—

1. In favor of Non-Sectarian Free Schools, as opposed to Separate Schools; 2. In support of the Confederation compact, as opposed to a change in the terms of Union through the intervention of the Parliament of Canada.

To sum up: The new House will contain 36 supporters of Non-Sectarian Schools and Constitutional Rights, out of a total of 41, divided as follows among the counties:—

St. John sends *six* supporters of the School Act and Constitutional Rights.
Charlotte sends *four*.
York sends *four*.
Carleton sends *two*.
Albert sends *two*.
Queen's sends *two*.
Northumberland sends *four*.
Westmoreland sends *four*.
King's sends *three*.
Restigouche sends *two*.
Sunbury sends *two*.
Victoria will send *one*.
Total, *thirty-six*.
Gloucester sends two Separate School men.
Kent sends two.
Total Separate School men, *four*.

And the member for Madawaska may fairly be classed as "doubtful"

Of the twelve members who voted against "the Wedderburn Resolutions" of the late Assembly, which made "the issue" for the country in advance of the contest, three have been re-elected, eight have been defeated, and one did not offer. Of the twenty-five who voted *for* the resolutions, every man who offered has been re-elected, except Mr. Palmer, of Albert, whose place has been taken by another Non-Sectarian School men. The two who "shirked" the vote offered for re-election and were rejected.

CITY AND VICINITY

DIVISION COURT.—The Division Court opened yesterday before His Honor Judge Lyon.

BASE BALL CLUB.—The Base Ball Club of Newcastle, Ont., arrived in the city yesterday morning, and are stopping at the Union House.

FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH.—A new system of Fire Alarm Telegraph is on exhibition at the office of the Dominion Telegraph Company.

GONE TO EUROPE.—The Rev. Mr. Hall and family left Montreal yesterday for Europe by the new and commodious steamship 'Ontario,' of the Dominion line.

BASE BALL MATCH.—In the Base Ball match yesterday between the Ottawa's and Beaver Club of Newcastle, the former were defeated. The score stood 17 to 9.

RECREATION.—The pupils of the Collegiate Institute were dismissed yesterday for six weeks holidays. The Institution will re-open on Monday, the 17th of August.

THE OFFICERS' MESS.—Mr. Thos. Patterson, of Rideau street, has the supplying of the officers' mess at the present encampment on Rideau Hill. A pretty heavy drain is being made on his fine brands of wines, as well as upon his well selected stock of groceries.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The examinations in the Public Schools will take place on Thursday and Friday the 2nd and 3rd of July; and on the latter day will be dismissed for the usual six weeks vacation. The schools will re-open after vacation on Monday the 17th day of August.

CHIEF OF POLICE.—Mr. Thos. Langrell, Chief of Police, returned from Montreal yesterday, whither he had gone to watch the manoeuvring of the police of the great commercial city during the celebration of St. Jean Baptiste day. The Chief expresses himself as highly pleased with the great city, but thinks their police regulations might easily be improved upon.

BASE BALL.—A game of Base Ball was played on Thursday at Ogdensburg between the Pastimes of that place and the Beaver Club, of Newcastle. The match resulted in a victory for Ogdensburg, the score standing 21 to 11. The Newcastle Club was short of three of its best men, who met with serious accidents whilst playing at Kingston a few days ago.

CHESS NEWS.—A special meeting of the Ottawa Chess Club was held on Thursday evening at the residence of the Rev. T. D. Phillips for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Chess Congress to be held in Montreal on the 7th of July. The following gentlemen were appointed, viz.: Rev. Mr. Caulfield, (Renfrew), Dr. Hurlburt, Rev. T. D. Phillips, Messrs. G. P. Baker, F. X. Lambert, J. B. de Boucherville, and J. Larose.

PRESCOTT RACES.—The summer races over the Prescott Driving Park will commence on the 2nd of July, and last until the evening of the 3rd. The purses to be run and trotted for amount to about $500, and it is expected that many good horses will be there to compete. The managers of the Association are putting the track in good repair and fixing up the grounds generally, in anticipation of a good turn out of the sporting fraternity and admirers of good horses.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.—The entrance examination to the Collegiate Institute commences in the Central Schools, East and West, on Monday morning, and will continue for two days. The pupils of the fourth and fifth classes of the public schools are eligible for this examination, and if successful will likely add materially to the numbers at present attending that institution, provided the fees are reduced or entirely abolished as is proposed to be done.

CRICKET.—A Cricket match will be played this afternoon at half past one sharp, on the Rideau Hall grounds. This will be a test match between two picked elevens of the Ottawa club; preparatory to the match with the Montreal club on Dominion Day. The following are the sides chosen:—Brodie's side—Rev T D Phillips, C B Brodie, W Himsworth, J Fitzgerald, C S Scott, R Powell, F G Mather, A G Peden, E H Benjamin, J D Patterson, H D Hime, F Fulton, E Crombie. Brunel's side—G Brunel, J Brunel, W Carter, A Powell, J Smith, F H Chrysler, E Miall, A Bell, Dr Bently, G Mothersill, G Duval and Walter Baker.

THE ENGLISH TRAGEDIAN.—T. C. King, the English Tragedian, opens with a first class Shakespearian troupe in Gowan's Opera House, on Monday night, and will continue for one week. It will be remembered that Mr. King during his last visit was unable to prolong his stay, and many citizens were unable to see and hear this celebrated actor. He has, however, in accordance with a promise made on that occasion returned, and we trust that Ottawa will shew a due appreciation of the genuine drama by according Mr. King a generous patronage. He will open with that tragic drama entitled 'Richelieu' in which he will take the leading character of the wily cardinal.

SAD ACCIDENT.—About noon yesterday a furious runaway took place which was attended with serious results. A horse belonging to Dr. Carmichael, Druggist of Rideau street, and attached to an express waggon, ran away from the vicinity of Bate & Co's, Wholesale house at the Canal wharf, in the direction of Elgin street, around the Russell House Block. On going down Queen street and when almost opposite the Collegiate Institute he came in contact with another vehicle which brought him to a stand still. The boy, whose name is Francis Wey, received some serious injuries while clinging to the front part of the express which he was driving. He had got down between the horse and the waggon, and in this perilous position received some kicks from the infuriated animal, which may possibly prove of a fatal character. Medical aid was at once summoned, and everything done to alleviate the suffering of the young lad, who had been picked up in an insensible condition. He was conveyed to the Protestant Hospital, where, under careful treatment, it is expected he may recover in a few weeks.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—George F. Allan, Boston, Mass.; Cornall Bon, J. Fourneir, Quebec; Harry Sylvester, W. York, James Bain, Toronto; C. K. Adams, James J. F. Brien, Montreal; Wm. Moffatt, Pembroke; George A. Hendshaw, St. Ann; John Osborn, Arnprior; Sidney Smith, Cobourg; Thos. M. Tyson, Liverpool.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS' CONCERT.—We would remind our readers again of the grand concert to be given in the Rink Music Hall on Monday night by Prof. Workman under the auspices of the Board of Public School Trustees. The "Twin Sisters" operatta and a fine selection of duetts, solos, &c., by the children of the Public Schools assisted by some talented amateurs, will be given, as well as some full choruses by some 500 voices. This will undoubtedly be the musical treat of the season and ought to be patronized by all who evince an interest in the welfare of our Public Schools.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.—The members of St. George's Society offer a rather extensive and attractive programme for Dominion Day. The pic nics of this charitable institution are usually attended with great success, and if we are to judge from present indications, this year will show a similar result. Games, music, and every conceivable manner of sport has been provided by the energetic committee entrusted with the management. The object being a charitable one, is sufficient in itself to commend it to the patronage of all right thinking citizens.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Close of the Scholastic Year.

Yesterday the usual Annual Examination and distribution of prizes, in connection with the Collegiate Institute, took place in the rooms of the Institute, commencing at 9 o'clock. During the day the scholars were examined in French, German and the Classical languages, English, Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic Etymology, History, English Literature, and Mathematics. During the exercises the Rev. Mr. Armstrong, Mr. J. Bell, Barrister, and others questioned the pupils in different subjects, in all of which wonderful aptitude and proficiency were displayed. In Mathematics the writer had the pleasure of listening to the exercises, and can testify to the ability of the pupils in this direction, In Geometry particularly, many evinced a thorough acquaintance with the subject even in analytical exercises.

The closing exercises began at about half-past 3 o'clock, when his Worship, the Mayor, who is also Chairman of the Collegiate Institute Board took the chair. There were present the Rev. Mr. Armstrong, Mr. J. Bell, Barrister, Members of the Collegiate Institute and Public School Boards, as well as many parents and others who evinced a warm interest in the welfare of the Institute.

Mr. Thorburn, Rector of the School, explained that as the exercises of the day were concluded they would proceed with the distribution of prizes, given as the result of last year's Scholastic work. He then read the following:

PRIZE LIST.

FOURTH FORM.

Gold Medalist, G. M. Greene.
Latin: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, W. Odell; 3d, G. W. Bronson.
Latin Prose: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, G. W. Bronson; 3d, C. Smith.
Greek: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, C. Smith; 3d, J. Smith.
Greek Prose: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, C. Smith; 3d, W. Shaw.
Geometry: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, H. Pratt; 3d, H. Monk and W. Shearer.
Algebra: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, C. Smith; 3d, J. Smith.
Trigonometry: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, C. Smith; 3d, J. Smith.
Arithmetic: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, J. Smith and H. Monk.
English Classics: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, J. Smith and W. Shaw.
History and Geography: 1st, G. Greene, 2d, W. Bronson; 3d, C. Smith.
German: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, W. Odell; 3d, H. Monk.
French: 1st, G. Greene; 2d, W. Shaw; 3d, J. Smith.

THIRD FORM.

Latin: 1st, G. Brymner; 2d, W. Smith; 3d, C. Proud.
Latin Prose: 1st, W. Smith; 2d, S. Hunton; 3d, G. Brymner.
Greek: 1st, W. Smith; 2d, G. Brymner; 3d, S. Hunton.
Ancient History and Geography: 1st, J. Strachan; 2d, W. Smith; 3d, G. Brymner.
English Classics: 1st, G. Brymner; 2d, W. Smith; 3d, C. Proud.
Geometry: 1st, S. Hunton; 2d, G. Brymner; 3d, W. Smith.
Algebra. 1st, S. Hunton; 2d, G. Brymner; 3d, W. Smith.
Trigonometry: 1st, S. Hunton; 2d, G. Brymner; 3d, W. Smith.
Arithmetic: 1st, S. Hunton; 2d, G. Brymner; 3d, W. Smith.
French: 1st, G. Brymner; 2d, W. Lees; 3d, W. Smith.
German: 1st, W. Lees; 2d, J. Strachan; 3d, S. Hunton and W. Lett.
Writing: 1st, J. Strachan.
For Punctuality and Good Conduct: Thos. Evans.

SECOND FORM.

Latin: 1st, V. May; 2d, F. Jarvis; 3d, R. Klock.
Greek: 1st, F. Jarvis; 2d, V. May and F. Ross; 3d, H. Ami.
Algebra: 1st, F. Jarvis; 2d, H. Ami; 3d, J. McInnis.
Arithmetic: 1st, F. Jarvis; 2d, J. McInnis; 3d, H. Ami.
Geometry: 1st, Wm. Hay; 2d, F. Jarvis; 3d, W. Small.
History: 1st, F. Jarvis; 2d, R. Klock; 3d, V. May.
Spelling: 1st, H. Ami; 2d, S. Ami; 3d, A. Wilson.
Grammar: 1st, R. Klock; 2d, H. Ami; 3d, V. May.
Geography: 1st, A. Wilson; 2nd, R. Klock; 3d, H. Ami.
English Literature: 1st, F. Jarvis; 2d, J. McVeity; 3d, P. Todd.
Reading: 1st, F. Jarvis; 2nd, R. Thompson and P. Todd; 3d, V. May.
Improvement in Writing: Wm. Thompson.
For Punctuality and Good Conduct: A. E. Wilson.

FIRST FORM.

Latin: 1st, W. Fripp; 2d, D. Cowley; 3d, V. Grant.
Spelling: 1st, D. Cowley; 2d, G. Bayne; 3d, H. Fripp.
Canadian History: 1st, D. Cowley; 2d, G. Bayne; 3d, H. Fripp.
English Grammar: 1st, D. Cowley; 2d R. Sinclair; 3d, G. Bayne.
Reading: 1st, D. Cowley; 2d, G. Bayne.
Geography: 1st, D. Cowley; 2d, G. Bayne.
Geometry: 1st, R. Sinclair; 2d, D. Cowley.
Algebra: 1st, V. Grant; 2d, D. Cowley.
Arithmetic: 1st, D. Cowley; 2d, V. Grant; 3d, G. Bayne.
Improvement in Writing: R. Grant.
Punctuality and Good Conduct: H. Fraser.

Special Prize given by the Chairman of the Board, open to the whole School, for proficiency in Scripture knowledge: F. Jarvis.

Result of written examination for promotion held during the week preceding the close of the school year.

BOYS PASSING OUT OF FORM.

4th. Form.—*Green, *C. Smith, J. Smith, Shaw, Pratt.
3rd. Form.—*Hunter, *W. Smith, *Evans, Strachan, Tees, McPherson.
2nd. Form.—*Jarvis, *H. Ami, *McInnis, *S. Ami, *McVeity, *May, Klock, Small, Wilson, Bate, W. Thompson, Todd, A. Smith, F. Ross, Masson.
1st. Form.—*Cowley, *Fripp, *Sinclair, *Webber, *V. Grant, *Bayne, Arnoldi, Fraser, R. Grant.
*Promoted with Honour.

Of those heading the list in their respective forms, Green obtained 83 per cent of the maximum, and as the subjects in which he was examined were those for scholarships in the University, we hope to hear of his wining distinction for the O. C. I., whenever he meets with competition from a distance. Hunton's percentage was 72; some of the subjects being as difficult as those of the 4th. Form, and in one or two instances the same. Jarvis obtained a little more than 88 per cent. a remarkable result in an examination extending over twenty hours, and comprising twelve subjects. His papers were noteworthy, not less for their general accuracy than for their uniform neatness; and reflect credit alike upon himself and upon his teachers both present and past. Cowley obtained nearly 86 per cent on his nine papers. What has been said of Jarvis is, in the main, applicable to him. We should add, as an evidence of the high standard adopted in the school, that 50 per cent is required for promotion, and 60 for honour. As an additional proof that the examination is not a mere form, it may be stated that of the boys on the roll for the half year a considerable number have failed to come up to the standard required from a lower to a higher form.

After reading the prize list, the Rector spoke in commendable terms of Master Green, the gold medallist of the school. He also referred in general terms to the success of the written examinations held the previous week. He spoke in complimentary terms of the work done during the past year by teachers as well as pupils as evidenced by the success of the written examinations.

His Worship the Mayor, then, amid the plaudits of all present, pinned the Gold Medal awarded by the Collegiate Institute Board upon the breast of Master G. M. Green the recipient and successful winner of the precious trophy. He next awarded the book prizes, some of which were very valuable indeed.

After the distribution of prizes, the Chairman called upon the Rev. Mr. Armstrong who had evinced considerable interest in the examination to address the meeting

Mr. Armstrong in coming forward expressed his entire satisfaction with what he had observed during the day, and was pleased to observe a thoroughness in the work performed. In English Literature he had been astonished with the knowledge evinced both in regard to dates and events He also expressed his approval of the exercises in Geometry in which the pupils displayed great knowledge both in book-work and practical deductions. He then spoke of the arduous nature of study and of the great amount of work necessary to succeed in the acquirement of knowledge, and trusted they would all work zealously, for in perseverance lay the secret to success in obtaining a good education. He concluded by wishing the pupils a merry time and happy holidays. (Cheers.)

Mr. Bell who was next called upon to speak said that he could heartily endorse all that had been said by the previous speaker in regard to the attainments of the scholars. He would just remind those who had not received prizes not to be discouraged as he knew from his experience of the world that the boy who had a difficulty in acquiring knowledge was the one most likely to succeed in future life. He therefore exhorted perseverance on the part of those who had been disappointed as he felt sure they would succeed better another time. He also wished them pleasant holidays. (Cheers.)

The Chairman thought Mr. Bell should have continued his remarks as they read a good lesson to the scholars on their scholastic duties. His position was somewhat of a different nature to that of either the teachers or those who had addressed them. He had, in a sense, to provide the ways and means and other appliances that were absolutely necessary to the successful working of their institution. He was glad to learn from those who had been present throughout the day, of the success attending the examination. He was also glad to observe that considerable progress had been made in this respect since last year. He then adverted to the proposed new building and trusted that ere the next annual examination they would be in possession of it. (Cheers.) There was one thing, however, that he regretted, that was an apparent decrease in the attendance, and thought if they desired to retain the status of a Collegiate Institute they must surmount this difficulty. He stated that a reduction in the fees would probably solve the trouble; and the Board had it under consideration to reduce the fees gradually from quarter to quarter until they were abolished altogether and the doors of the Collegiate Institute thrown open free of charge to all who could pass a sufficiently good examination to enter its halls. He concluded by wishing all a pleasant time during the holidays. He asked them to play to their heart's content for he believed the boy that could not play could not study. His Worship the Mayor concluded a practical speech amid loud applause.

Mr. Thorburn, Rector, and Messrs. McMillan, Phillips, Hislop, and Ami the excellent staff of teachers are doing efficient work, and when afforded the facilities of the new building will materially add to the good work now being done.

The Rector then announced that the vacation would commence with the close of the day and that the Institute would re-open on Monday the 17th day of August next.

March out of the Guards.

The Guards, headed by their fine brass and fife and drum bands marched to the Military Camp last night under the command of Col. Ross. Major White, Acting Major Tilton, Adjutant Walsh, Surgeon Malloch and Paymaster Wicksteed were also present as members of the staff. The regiment mustered at the armoury at 8 p. m., and numbered 12 company officers, independent of the staff, and 175 non-commissioned officers and men. They marched out Nicholas Street and into camp where the arms were piled and the men dismissed for half an hour. The officers were entertained to an impromptu spread by Col. Jackson D. A. A. G., commandant of the camp and his staff. The toast of "the Queen" was drunk with enthusiasm; after which Col. Ross proposed the health of the Commandant and officers of the camp.

Col. Jackson in responding expressed his satisfaction at the fine appearance of the Guards, and thought them a body of men of which Canada might well feel proud. He felt that in this corps the other regiments had something which they might well strive to emulate. He thanked them on behalf of himself and other officers of the camp for the cordial manner in which their health had been drunk.

The bugle having sounded the fall in, every man was in his place and the march back effected with a steadiness and precision that would do no discredit to regular troops. The regiment presented a fine appearance, and the route of March was lined with spectators to witness the turn out.

Board of Public School Trustees.

A special meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees was held last night.

Present—Messrs. Barber, Young Bronson, Robertson, Taylor, Iliffe and Le Sueur.

On motion of Mr. Barber, Mr. Le Sueur was appointed chairman *pro tem.*

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from Mr. H. Farrar, applying for a situation as teacher under the Board. It was referred to the committee on school management

DEBENTURE BY-LAWS.

On motion of Mr. Bronson, seconded by Mr. Barber, a By-law was introduced and read a first time, to authorize the issue of four debentures by the Public School Board to the amount of $5,000 each, payable on the 1st day of July, 1893, with annual interest at 6 per cent, to defray the cost of erection of the two primary school buildings now in course of construction in St. George's and Victoria Wards. It being understood that the Corporation of the city will purchase these debentures at par with a portion of the moneys now at the credit of the Sinking Fund of the Municipal Debenture No. 337, which will save to the Board any discount on the face of the debentures which they might suffer were they sold in the open market

On motion of Mr. Bronson, the By-Law was read a second and third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Bronson, seconded by Mr. Robertson, cheques were ordered to issue in favor of the contractors of the Primary Schools in payment of claims due in accordance with the progress estimates of the architect.

THE HOLIDAYS.

On motion of Mr. Barber, seconded by Mr. Robertson, the examinations in the Public Schools were fixed for Thursday and Friday next, the schools to be dismissed thereafter and to reopen on Monday, the 17th day of August.

REPORT OF BY-LAW COMMITTEE.

Mr. Robertson presented the first report of the By-Law Committee recommending the appointment of a committee to revise the Rules of Order with a view of bringing them in conformity with the recent enactments and improvements in the school law

On motion of Mr. Robertson, seconded by Mr. Taylor, the report was received and the following committee appointed to revise the Rules of Order: Messrs. Bronson, LeSueur, Robertson, Taylor and Barber.

REPORT OF FURNISHING COMMITTEE.

Mr. Robertson presented the second report of the furnishing committee, showing that trees had been planted surrounding the Central School West and protected with boxes, that the vacant lots recently purchased had been fenced and properly enclosed, and that the committee being unable to decide as to the propriety of purchasing Fire Extinguishers for the school buildings, recommit that question to the consideration of the board.

A resolution was passed receiving and adopting the report.

On motion of Mr. Taylor, the meeting then adjourned.

Maccadamized Roads.

At a Public Meeting of the ratepayers of the township of Fitzroy, held in the Hall of the said township, on Wednesday the 24th June, for the purpose of taking into consideration the manner in which the Municipal Loan Fund Debt, payable to the said Municipality, should be applied. Captain Allan Fraser was called to the chair.

Moved by Mr. Niel and seconded by Mr. Dean, that in event of the proposed Joint Stock Company being formed, for the purpose of constructing a road from the Napean Roads to Arnprior, this township take stock therein to the amount of their portion of the Municipal Loan Fund, provided the work be commenced and proceeded with in the several Municipalities interested. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that Messrs. Allan Grant, Allan Fraser, Thomas Fraser, jr., Joseph Halpenny and Richard Monforte, with the mover and seconder, be delegates to represent this township at the meeting of the Municipalities at the Carp village on Saturday next. Carried.

Captain Fraser having left the chair, it was moved by Mr. Monforte, and seconded by Mr. Halpenny, that that the thanks of this meeting are due and are hereby tendered to the chairman for his conduct in the chair.

Police Court.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

FRIDAY, June 26.

James Walsh, drunk and disorderly, $5 and costs.

Wm. Campbell, charged with being drunk, was fined $2 and costs.

BOOK NOTICE.

We have received from Durie & Son the June number of *Blackwood's Magazine*, which completes Volume CXV., filled, as usual, with interesting matter, and is a proof that instead of degenerating, this periodical, like wine, mellows and improves with age. The serials, "Alice Lorraine" and "Valentine and his Brother," are continued. Both have already received so much favorable notice that we need only say that their interest remains unabated. In "The Poets at Play" we find many verses which were not written for publication, but dropped naturally into the private communications of such writers as Scott, Cowper, Lamb, Swift, and many others. The Romance of the Japanese Revolution begins by describing the Japanese and the objects they displayed at the Vienna Exposition, and gives a very interesting account of their character and condition, of the changes that have taken place since the opening of their ports, and the revolution which led to the overthrow of the Shogun and the revival of the supremacy of the Mikado. "Sex in Mind and Education" discusses a matter of great interest to Americans, namely, the "identical education of boys and girls." It reviews E. H. Clarke's work on the subject, recently published in Boston, and also some essays which have appeared in the English *Fornightly Review*. "New Books" is a review, with copious extracts, of Victor Hugo's "Ninety-three." It is extremely laudatory, remarking, in conclusion, that it was intended to discuss more than one work; "but what other work can we place by the side of "Quatre vingt treize"?" The usual political article, describing the reception of the Conservative Budget and Parliamentary doings since Easter, brings us to the end of the number, and leaves us, like Oliver Twist, asking for "more."

The Subject of Summer Drinks.

A New York paper has a seasonable article on the absurd but very prevalent practice of swallowing iced drinks during the heated terms.

"There is a great deal of needless suffering every year while the hot days of midsummer last. People will violate the plainest and simplest laws of health those of us who are obliged to remain in town during these heated terms are apt to charge their ills to the supposed unhealthiness of city life and the want of salubrious country breezes. We are not prepared to say that a person who remains in the city and conducts himself in a rational way is any worse off than the summer pleasure seekers at any of the fashionable watering places. But the majority do not live in a rational way. The well-to-do merchant or broker drinks ice-water at breakfast, and by the time he gets down town he is hankering for the refrigerator or office water-cooler. Perhaps before lunch time he will meet a friend and with him take a brandy smash or a mint julep. When lunch time comes, if he drinks wine or beer, he wants them ice cold. If he drinks water he wants a lump of ice in each goblet. He will barely have reached his office before he will want another ice cold drink. And all this time he feels as if he was ready to melt notwithstanding the "cooling" drinks, and his thirst is never satisfied. He goes up-town with his hat in his hand, perspiring more than ever, and the sight of the thermometers that hang outside the druggists' doors almost makes him go mad. In the case of the laboring man matters are, if possible, still worse. He also has begun by drinking ice cold water in the morning, and his craving for that agreeable but delusive beverage is never over. Being a comparatively cheap one, he can indulge his appetite for it to any extent. Now, in default of the doctors, we have a word of advice for both rich and poor. There is no necessity for all this perspiration and consequent vexation. Banish ice from the breakfast table. Drink as much fresh Croton as you like, or even as much as you can before breakfast, and let this be followed by a light repast, including not more than a small cup of coffee. After this the sun's rays can be endured without discomfort until 12 or 1 o'clock. Then a moderate lunch with one or two glasses of wine or beer will last until the day's work is over. At the evening meal pure water, beer, or red wine diluted with water can be taken *ad libitum*. But during all this time ice should be kept out of sight. The wine, beer or water may be moderately cooled with ice, but neither should be taken ice cold in summer. It might be a blessing to the city at large if the price of ice were twice as exorbitant as it is. That commodity is a great benefit, but it should be devoted only to its legitimate uses, such as preserving meats and vegetables. It is customary in the hotels and restaurants to set a goblet of ice-water before a customer as soon as he takes his seat at the table, as if ice were the real staff of life. A goblet of water with a lump or ice in it placed before a person who sits down to order his breakfast ought to be rejected as promptly as if it were a glass of tepid dish-water. The "ice-cold" drinks advertised at the various places of refreshment during the hot season constitute as great a danger as the rum shops themselves, and a woman's crusade against this evil should receive prompt support from all sensible persons. Let the sweltering toilers of the city wean off from the use of ice-cold drinks and they will prosper better than the giddy crowds at Saratoga, Long Branch, and Cape May."

Train Sold.

A Chicago paper relates the following thrilling incident in the life of George Francis Train: He had someway got the impression that a child of American parents must be born in this country if it would not be debarred by the Constitution from holding the office of President! Having no doubt that any son of his would aspire to that lofty eminence, and having reason for believing that he was soon to be gladdened by the face of a newcomer, Mr. Train hurriedly arranged his business in London and sailed with his family to New York. He was very anxious on the voyage, and joy unspeakable shone on his classical countenance when he once more caught sight of his native land. All was well, and George Francis lifted his voice in thanksgiving and was satisfied. But long afterwards the child for which he had sacrificed so much was born. But it was a girl! Mr. Train was astounded. The possibility of such a mischance had never for one moment entered his mind. He vowed then and there never to take another trip of three thousand miles on such an uncertainty, and shortly after left for London to prosecute his tramway claims against an unappreciative British public.

Prodigious Mental Feat.

Mr. Rosenthal, the celebrated French chess player, recently performed another of those surprising mental feats for which he is so famous. He played at the Palais Royal twenty-seven games of chess at once with that number of the best French and foreign chess players. It was stipulated that Mr. Rosenthal should only have one minute for each move, passing along the twenty-seven tables in order. Of course each of his antagonists had time to study the game while Mr. Rosenthal was busy at the other twenty-six tables. It is quite unnecessary to point out the mental strain of keeping thus in mind so large a number of games at once, during the time they lasted, which was from nine o'clock at night until two o'clock in the morning. The result was marvellous. Mr. Rosenthal won twenty-three games. Three were drawn, and he lost only one, which was gained by a Hungarian player named Rekowski, who thus achieved a victory of which he may well be proud.

At Hamburg, in Germany, the longest day has seventeen hours, and the shortest seven. At Stockholm, the longest has eighteen and a half hours, and the shortest five and a half. At St. Petersburg, the longest has nineteen, and the shortest five hours. At Finland, the longest has twenty-one and a half hours. At Wordbus, in Norway, the day lasts from the twenty-first day of May to the [illegible] of July, with the sun above the horizon, skimming along very close to it in the north. At Spitsbergen, the longest day lasts three months and a half.

POND'S EXTRACT is recommended for many afflictions; but this is the result of experience. Try it. 2801

A fine collection of flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street. 2801

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's corner Sussex and Rideau streets. 2801

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and a great many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale which continues during the present month. 2801

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism. There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2805

BLESSINGS BRIGHTEN AS THEY TAKE THEIR FLIGHT.—If you have a good head of hair take care of it; once gone and we realize its loss far more than we appreciate its presence. The Bearine is taking the place of all other hair dressings, because it is healthful to the hair and delightful to use. 2805

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir: I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JAMES SHENK, Insurance Agent. 2805

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2805

BRAIN EXHAUSTION.—Mr. James I. Fellows, St. John, N. B. SIR: Having, while at your establishment, carefully examined your prescription, and the method of preparing your Compound Syrup, I felt anxious to give it a fair trial in my practice. For the last twelve months I have done so, and I find that in Incipient Consumption, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, it has wonders. In restoring persons suffering from the effects of Diptheria, and the cough following Typhoid Fever, prevalent in this region, it is the best medical agent I have ever used. But for persons suffering from exhaustion of the powers of the brain and nervous system, from long-continued study or teaching, or in those cases of exhaustion from which so many young men suffer, I know of no better medicine for restoration to health than your Compound Syrup. If you think this letter of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you see fit. I remain, yours, &c. EDWIN CLAY, M. D.
PUGWASH, N. S., January 14, 1868. 2805

BY TELEGRAPH

TORONTO.

Fire Engine Trial.

TORONTO, June 26.

Mr. Silsby's improved rotary engine was submitted to a trial yesterday afternoon, in the presence of his Worship the Mayor, several members of the City Council, and many other spectators, at the foot of Princess street. Steam was got up in 6¼ minutes at a pressure of 35 lbs. A single stream was thrown 208 feet (an average of 178) through 1,500 feet of hose, with a 1¼ inch nozzle; and two streams were thrown 183 feet through 750 feet of hose, with the same sized nozzle. The water gauge indicated a pressure varying from 200 to 240 lbs., during the test. The bursting of the hose several times, and the advent of the rain, however, interfered with the trial.

ST JOHN, N. B.

Military Camp—Late Heavy Rains Detrimental to Vegetation—Accident to Steamer 'Rothesay.'

ST. JOHN, N.B., June 25.

Preparations are in progress for forming a military camp at St. Andrew's.

The late heavy rains have seriously interfered with farming operations, and at this date a large breadth of land remains uncropped. Grain and root crops will probably be a failure. The grass crop is abundant.

The steamer 'Rothesay,' in her passage to-day from Fredericton, broke her main shaft. No person was injured so far as known.

HALIFAX.

Personal—The Wrecked Steamer Niobe—Fishing Reports.

HALIFAX, H. S., June 25.

The Minister of Customs left town today for the west.

The Imperial Government, according to custom, stopped all passage through Imperial property yesterday and to-day.

Schooner Ocean Lily arrived with wrecked material from Her Majesty's war steamer Niobe, which remains in the same position as before.

Fishing reports are good.

BELLEVILLE.

Deaf and Dumb Institute.

BELLEVILLE, June 25.

The fourth term of the Ontario Institution for the deaf and dumb closed yesterday. About 140 pupils went west by a special train to spend their vacation, and a large number east. During the term 201 pupils were in attendance.

BAYFIELD.

Drowned in a Well.

BAYFIELD, June 25.

To-day at noon a child, aged two years, daughter of Mr. Geo. Irwin, of Bayfield, was missed, and on search being made her lifeless body was found in an open well, where it is suppposed it had been for an hour.

BARRIE.

The Races.

BARRIE, June 25.

The entries for the Barrie races closed as follows:—14 for the Kempenfeldt Plate, 27 for the Derby, and 88 for the other races. Quite a number of horses have arrived.

PRESCOTT.

PRESCOTT, June 26.—A large fire broke out here last night, which resulted in the destruction of some eight buildings. The loss is estimated about $27,000. Insurance about 50,000, all in the Johnstown Mutual Insurance Company. The fire was first discovered about 12:30 in the back part of S. M. Coons & Sons' cabinet shop. The fire made very rapid headway. In less than two hours the Ogdensburg steam fire engine was on the ground and in a short time put it all out. Great credit is indeed due to the Ogdensburg company.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

ENGLAND.

Regulation of Public Worship.

LONDON, June 26.—The Bill for the regulation of public worship has passed the House of Lords.

FRANCE.

Dissolution and Adjournment.

PARIS June 26.—*La Liberte* says that after the budget has been voted upon, President McMahon will recommend that the Assembly confer upon him the power of finally dissolving it and then adjourning.

UNITED STATES.

Five Children Drowned—Mother Commits Suicide.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 25.—Two weeks ago, Mrs. Cook, of Blount county, missed her three children, the oldest only six years of age. Search was made and they were found drowned in a well. Mrs. Cook went crazy, and two or three days ago escaped from her attendants and drowned herself in the same well.

A Circus Horse Killed—Rider Fatally Injured.

NEW YORK, June 25.—At Barnum's Hippodrome this evening, a horse was instantly killed during a hurle-race and a female rider probably fatally injured.

Disgraceful Conduct of Union Men.

COLUMBUS, O., June 24.—Reports from Straitsville, O., say that last night, a number of the Union miners captured several who had agreed to resume work and placing ropes around the necks of three of them threw the opposite ends over the limbs of a tree and compelled the men to disclose the conversation between themselves and operators under a threat of hanging. It is thought it may yet be necessary to call out the militia to suppress and prevent further demonstrations of this character.

Two Police Commissioners Convicted of Misdemeanor.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The conviction of the two Police Commissioners, Gardiner and Charleck, for a violation of the election laws last fall, causes great sensation, and is the principle topic of comment in the morning papers.

The violation of the election laws of which they are found guilty was a technical one, in not giving notice to an inspector before removing him. The offence is legally a misdemeanor, and the penalty a fine or imprisonment for one year—one or both—in the discretion of the Court.

Beecher Scandal.

Tilton's letter on the Beecher Scandal is the universal topic of conversation, and this morning draws out comments from the papers that ignored it entirely yesterday. The *Tribune* thinks Tilton has made a mistake, even if all he claims be true. The *Sun* says he should have told more or held his tongue altogether, but that the whole story must now come out, as silence on the part of Beecher is no longer possible.

Shearman, clerk of the Plymouth Church, is reported as saying to the interviewer that he had full confidence in the entire innocence of Beecher, and that Tilton's letter contained no definite charge against him, and that the extract from which it appears to be Beecher's confession was capable of two constructions, and might, when the full document was published, be found consistent with his innocence. Other members of the Plymouth Church are less hopeful of a favourable result for the pastor, and doubt whether he will ever preach in the Church again.

Struck by Lightning.

CINCINNATI, O., June 26.—During the storm yesterday the lightning struck a man at Circleville, a woman at Huntington, Va., two young men at Kalamazoo, Mich., the postmaster at Marion, Indiana, and three persons at Fort Wayne, Ind.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 26.—The weather throughout England, to-day, is wet but favorable for crops.

The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was 55,000 pounds.

Queen Victoria and the Emperor Don Pedro of Brazil have exchanged congratulatory messages upon the successful laying of the Brazilian cable.

Howard, the great chess player, died aged 55 years.

QUEENSTON, 26.—The new White Star S. S. 'Brittanic,' sailed from this port at noon to-day, on her maiden voyage to New York.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Another fearful death from Hydrophobia occurred in this city yesterday, in person of Wm. McCormack, a butcher of East 51 St. It is a puzzler for these Theorists who maintain that there is no such disease. McCormack was bitten by a small dog a little over a month ago.

Alexander D. Matta, M. D., was installed last evening Grand Master General of the Ancient and Primitive rite of masonry for the continent of America. Several ladies occupied seats in the gallery and witnessed the ceremonies.

OSWEGO, N. Y, June 26.—The Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Rail Road Company have obtained control of the Syracuse and Northern Rail Road, and will take possession on the 1st July. The first mentioned company have now in operation 317 miles of road.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Judge Brady denied the motion in the arrest of judgment in the case of Police Commissioners Charlick and Gardner, and fined them $250 each. The Clerk of the Court was instructed to notify the Governor of their conviction. The other indictments against them are set down for trial in October. It is generally believed that the Commissioners are removed from office by the terms of the City Charter, in which case Havemeyer will have the appointment of successors in his own hands.

A letter from Havana dated 20th inst., says the prospects that a general repudiation of bills of the Spanish bank take effect next week.

Several cigar manufacturers have notified their customers that after next week they will not receive paper money, but demand gold and silver. If this should really take place and become general, there would be many failures.

BOSTON, June 26.—Nathan R Thayer, Deputy Collector of Customs of this city, died suddenly while seated in a chair in a store on State street; he was brother-in-law to Senator Boutwell, he was 55 years of age, and leaves a wife and two children.

MEMPHIS, 26—A shooting affray occurred at Helena, Ark., to-day, between the Editor of the *World* and the Editor of the *Independent*. Some half-dozen shots were fired, but nobody hurt. The difficulty grew out of a personal article in their respective papers.

WASHINGTON, 26—Mr. Cressell is making arrangements to retire from office next week.

Mr. Hall has not yet signified to the President his acceptance of the Postmaster Generalship.

UTICA, N. Y., June 26.—To-day's races were postponed till to-morrow, on account of unfavorable weather.

WASHINGTON, June 26. The Post Office Department this morning received a telegram and was also officially informed by the French Minister of the ratification of the Postal Convention between France and the United States by the French Assembly. The French Minister to-day expressed to the Postmaster General his desire that the Convention go into operation on the first July, but this cannot be done, as the first of August has been fixed for that purpose, and ratifications have yet to be made. The charge for letters from France to the United States will be ten cents for the third of an ounce, and from the United States to France nine cents for half an ounce, unpaid letters to pay the above with five cents additional. Postage on books and newspapers, samples &c., to be hereafter separately arranged by each country.

PITTSBURG, June 26.—At Baden, Beaver County, at a barn raising, about 20 men at work on a scaffold fell about 30 feet. One man, named Silas McPherson, was killed and eleven seriously injured.

COLUMBUS, O., June 26.—At an early hour this morning the paint and setting up shops of John Mills' extensive car works were destroyed by fire. Loss about $15,000; insured for $9,000.

BOSTON, June 26.—The license law recently passed by the Massachusetts Legislature was to-day vetoed by Gov. Albot.

A game of base ball was played to-day between the Bostons and Chicagoans. The latter were defeated by a score of 8 to 7.

NEW YORK, June 26 The varnish works of Edward Smith & Co, at Hunter's Point, were burned this afternoon. Loss $40,000, slightly insured.

Sarah Reeves, a coloured girl ten years of age, was committed to the county jail, E. M. J., charged with attempting to poison the family of John R. Miller, of Crawford. When arrested she confessed the crime, and said she made the attempt to kill the family because she had been badly treated by Miller.

Mr. Berthier was present at the weekly prayer meeting of Plymouth Church this evening. The proceedings were of the usual devotional character, and no reference whatever was made to the letter recently published by Mr. Tilton. After the meeting Mr. Berthier, in conversation with a reporter, said he had at present no intention of saying anything in reply to the recent statements. He had a large pastorate under his charge, and had no time for personal controversies. If, however, the Examiners of the Plymouth Church should decide that it would be well for him to speak in regard to the recent charges he would do so without hesitation.

A four oar shell race took place this afternoon between the Buffalo Rowing Club and the Argonauta Boat Club of New Jersey for the amateur championship of the United States. The course was from West Brighton, Staten Island, to Newark Bay Lighthouse, three miles straight away. The Buffalo crew rowed in a paper shell, while the Argonautas rowed in a cedar shell. The Buffalos were the favorites. At 5:20 a good start was had, but the Buffalo crew were somewhat slow while their opponents settled to work at once, and gained half a length, which was increased to a length at the half mile stake. At the Argonauta Boat House the Jersey men were two lengths ahead, which was maintained to the end. Time 16 minutes, 46 seconds. The Buffalo crew attribute their failure to rough water and strong wind. A large sum of money changed hands on the result.

CUBA.

HAVANA, June 26.—An address has been presented to Captain General Concha, signed by business men of all branches of trade, it represents that in view of the frightful condition of the financial affairs which threaten the ruin of the country and menaces the authority of Your Excellency, it is the duty of every good Spaniard to come to the aid of the Government with such resources as he can command.

Gold to-day is quoted at 292, and will undoubtedly soon reach 1,000, if supreme efforts are not made to check the rise. The rates of foreign exchange like those of gold, are also going up indefinitely. This upward movement if continued will soon bring about a general bankruptcy, and will make the necessaries of life so high that the people will be unable to endure it. The consequence of this deplorable shape of things would be incalculable it is the duty of all to try to prevent it on this account and for the above reasons we ask for five per cent on the riches of the island which are represented by landed property in city and county and by commercial and banking institutions and others to be paid in quarterly for two years, beginning with July 1st, 1874. It is hoped that at the end of this period the war will be concluded and there will be no further necessity for such extreme measures.

Royal Proposing.

Nicholas, the Emperor of Russia, won his bride in a singular way; yet it had a spice of gallantry in it. During a visit to the King of Prussia, one day, while at dinner, the Emperor rolled up a ring in a piece of bread, and handing it to the Princess Royal, said to her, in a subdued voice, 'If you will accept my hand, put this ring on your finger.' This is the imperial way of 'popping the question.' She took no time to deliberate, but suffered her heart to speak the truth at once; and their happy nuptials were soon consummated. The royal way is illustrated by the instance of Queen Victoria's proposal to the man of her choice—and a right worthy one it was—Prince Albert. 'The Prince had been out hunting early with his brother that day, but returned at twelve, and half an hour afterward obeyed the Queen's summons to her room, where he found her alone. After a few minutes conversation on other subjects, the Queen told him why she had sent for him; and we can well understand any little hesitation and delicacy she may have felt in doing so, for the Queen's position making it imperative that any proposal of marriage should come first from her, must necessarily appear a painful one to those who, deriving their ideas on this subject from the practice of private life, are wont to look upon it as the privilege and happiness of a woman to have her hand sought in marriage, instead of having to offer it herself."

Debt and Taxation in Chicago.

The Chicago people want a new court-house and a new city hall, but they conjecture that each of these embellishments would cost about $5,000,000. They have a bonded debt of $12,500,000; a floating debt of $3,000,000 and a county debt of $5,000,000, making a total indebtedness of $21,500,000, the annual interest on which is $1,500,000. The city assessment for 1875 is $312,000,000. The *Tribune* estimates the total collections of taxes to be made in 1874 as follows: For city purposes, $2,350,000; due for taxes of '73 and prior years, $350,000—total taxes, $8,206,315. This does not include about $1,000,000 in special taxes and licenses that will be paid in addition. It is found that taxes increase more rapidly in Chicago than anything else, the city taxes having increased from $974,656 in 1865 to $5,617,314 in 1873—a growth of nearly six fold in eight years.

Power of Memory.

A little negro girl living in a distinct city has a truly wonderful memory. It is said that a gentleman who had read aloud in her presence accidentally heard her repeat word for word what he had read from the paper, though twenty-four hours had intervened. After this he tested her memory frequently and has found it capable of repeating thirty or forty lines from a book after hearing it read over once. Her intellect in other respects does not seem at all above, if equal to, the average. Such instances of memory are not very unusual. Mary Somerville tells of an idiot in Edinburgh who never failed to repeat the sermon, word for word, after attending the kirk each Sunday, saying, 'Here the minister coughed;' 'Here he drank some water,' &c. She also tells of another whom she met in the Highlands, who knew the Bible so perfectly that if he was asked where such a verse was to be found, he told without hesitation, and repeated the chapter. We remember, also, to have read a year or two ago an account of a man in New York who could read one side of the 'New York Herald,' and then repeat it, word for word, advertisements and all.

DIED.

On the 25th inst., in this city, Robert Atchison, Sr., aged 55.

The funeral will leave his late residence, corner of Bank and Albert streets, at 3 p.m., on Saturday, for Beechwood Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

DIRECTORY OF CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. D. M. Gordon, B.D.

BANK STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Wm. Moore.

DALY STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 6.30 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Wm. Armstrong, M. A.

KNOX'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, City Hall Square—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. No Ordained Minister yet. The Rev. Thos. Wardrope, of Guelph, will preach in the morning, and the Rev. John Thompson, of Sarnia, in the evening.

METCALFE STREET WESLEYAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. W. J. Hunter.

KING STREET WESLEYAN CHURCH.—(Seats all free.)—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Wm. Hall, M.A.

WESTERN WESLEYAN CHURCH. — Morning Service in Temperance Hall, Pooley's Bridge, at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock; Hull Town Hall, at 3 30 p.m.—Pastor—The Rev. Dr. Mark.

CHRIST'S CHURCH. — Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Rector—The Rev. J. S. Lauder.

BISHOP'S CHAPEL.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. His Lordship Bishop Lewis officiating, assisted by the Rev. J. Pollard.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Rector—The Rev. Bedford-Jones, D.D.

ST. JAMES CHURCH, HULL.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7. Pastor—Rev. Mr. Johnson, Chaplain of the Senate.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening service at 7, Court House, Daly-st. Pastor—The Rev. Johnston McCormac.

YORK-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 6.30 o'clock. Pastor Rev. J. Pope.

CHAUDIERE M. E. CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 6.30 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. J. Young.

BAPTIST CHURCH. — Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. A. A. Cameron.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. J. G. Sanderson.

FRENCH EVANGELICAL SERVICE. — Service every Sabbath at 4 o'clock, p. m., in the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms. Rev. Mr. Ami.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH, Albert-St.—Daily prayer (on week days), morning at 6.00 a.m.; evening, at 5 p.m. On the Lord's Day, forenoon and Holy Eucharist Services at 10 a.m. Evening prayer at 5 p.m.

NOTRE DAME CATHEDRAL.—Mass at 6 o'clock, a.m.; Mass at 8 a. m.; High Mass at 10 a. m., Vespers at 7 o'clock, p. m. Administrator—The Right Rev. Father Dandurand, Vicar General.

ST. JOSEPH CHURCH.—Mass at 6 o'clock, a.m. Mass at 8 a. m.; High Mass at 10 a. m.; Vespers at 7 o'clock, p.m. Parish Priest—The Rev. Father Pallier.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH.—Mass at 6 o'clock, a. m.; Mass at 8 a.m.; High Mass at 10 a.m.; Vespers at 7 o'clock, p.m. Parish Priest—The Rev. Mr.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.—Mass at 6 o'clock, a.m.; Mass at 8 a. m.; High Mass at 10 a. m.; Vespers at 7 o'clock, p. m. Parish Priest—The Rev. Father Collins.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE CHURCH.—Mass at 6 o'clock, a.m.; Mass at 8 a. m.; High Mass at 10 a.m.; Vespers at 7 p.m. Parish Priest—The Rev. Father Porcile.

N. B.—Clergymen and others interested are particularly requested to notify the Local Editor of any changes or alterations that may be requisite in the above Directory each week.

POND'S EXTRACT
CURES
Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness, Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness, Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds, Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises, Headache, Piles, Sprains, Toothache, Colic, Old Sores, All Hemorrhages, Diarrhœa, etc.
POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE
For the Hair
Prepared from the Pure Grease of
THE CANADA BEAR.
It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean.
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Price 25cts per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.
June 15, 1874.

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedent the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE.

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now for the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMON,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto,
Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.
Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.
May 18, 1874.

STRAYED.

From the premises of the undersigned, on or about 20th May last, TWO COLTS, One Mare Colt, two years old, brown color, with some white on nose, and One Horse Colt, one year old, dark brown color, with small white speck on forehead. Any information leading to their recovery will be thankfully received by
JOHN MANION,
West Huntley.
Ottawa, June 19, 1874.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S
Perfected Spectacles
AND EYE GLASSES,
In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames, to SUIT ALL SIGHTS,
At W. YOUNG'S
38½ SPARKS-ST.
A perfect fit guaranteed, or no charge.
March 23, 1874.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expense sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King street west Toronto Ontario.

CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE
Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Thousands of testimonials from all parts.
Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1872

DATURA TATULA.
FOR
Asthma and Bronchitis,
is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.
General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."
Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."
Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.
Wholesale and Retail of
SAVORY AND MOORE
143 New Bond-st., London, W.,
And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

GRAND CLEARING SALE
—OF—
BANKRUPT STOCK.
JOSEPH NEELIN
Having purchased the stock of
Boots and Shoes
Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,
No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,
Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do., Felt Boots wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buck skin Mitts. &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.
JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
No. 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

BLYTH & KERR,
25 RIDEAU-ST.,
HAVING now completed the enlargement of their present premises, are prepared to execute all orders, with greater facility in
Plumbing, Gas and Steam-Fitting!
Now opening, a large and varied stock of IMPORTED HARDWARE, also CHANDELIERS in great variety. GALVANIZED IRON ROOFING, &c., &c., A SPECIALTY.
June 26, 1874. 2605-y

DRESS. DRESS.
J. R. STITT & Co.'s
CHEAP
CLEARING SALE OF COSTUMES & DRESSES
THURSDAY AND FOLLOWING DAYS.
This is a good opportunity for LADIES going to the Country or Seaside to secure a good Travelling or Seaside Costume ready made, at half price, as the lot must be cleared. Materials are Galatea Stripes, Linen Lassoes, Piques, Batistes, Chambreys, Grass Linen, &c., &c.

PRINTS.
10½c.—CHEAP SALE of light ground Prints from 10½c. per yard.
BATISTE.
16c.—CHEAP SALE of Batistes and Lawns at 16c. per yard.
TRELLIS MUSLINS.
19c.—CHEAP SALE of white satin stripe Muslins from 19c. to 30c. per yard.
GRENADINES.
17c.—CHEAP SALE of Grenadines at 17c.
ALPACAS.
20c.—CHEAP SALE of New Grey Alpacas and Lustres from 20c. up. Beautiful Shades.
MILLINERY.
10c.—CHEAP SALE of Hats and Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, from 10c. or cleared at half price.
UNDERCLOTHING.
60c.—CHEAP SALE of Ladies' Underclothing from 60c. up.
REMNANTS.
CHEAP SALE of Remnants, Prints and Dress Goods of every description from 2 to 10 yards, at half price.
J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST

NOTICE.
RADFORD & GOYER
HAVING purchased MR. YOUNG'S STOCK at A GREAT SACRIFICE, are now prepared to sell the same at
LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.
Stock Consisting of;
Gold Watches
Silver Watches,
Coloured Gold Sets,
Coloured Gold Brooches,
Coloured Gold Ear Rings,
Coloured Gold Signet Rings,
Coloured Gem Rings,
Coloured Gold Ladies' Chains,
Coloured Gold Gents' Chains,
Coloured Gold Studs,
Coloured Gold Sleeve Buttons.
JET GOODS.
Brooches and Ear Rings in Sets, Bracelets, Ear Rings, Chains, Crosses.
ELECTROPLATED WARE.
Tea Sets,
Cruets,
Cake Baskets,
Card Baskets,
Butter Coolers,
Epergnes.
Fruit Dishes,
Water Kettles,
Cruet Jugs,
Water Jugs,
Spoons and Forks.
CLOCKS—30 HOURS AND EIGHT DAYS.
MASONIC GOODS—Blue Aprons, Collars and Jewels, R. A. Aprons, Sashes and Jewels.
Paper Machine Goods,
Work Boxes,
Writing Desks,
Glove Boxes
Portfolio,
Toilet Ink Stands
Spectacles,
Gold and Steel Specs,
Eye Glasses—Lazarus & Morris.
***The whole stock to be disposed of by 1st of August, at less than wholesale prices, at
RADFORD & GOYER'S,
38½ SPARKS-ST., NEXT DOOR TO CHRISTIE'S DRUG STORE.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, and guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
1874. 2484

NEW
CARPETS.
SPRING 1874.
JUST OPENED—28 bales of new patterns of Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.
Our stock being even More complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Ottawa Carpet House
39 SPARKS-ST.

THOS. S. SARNEY,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER
AND
AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.
Special attention given to
REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES
And other appliances,
Light Engines and General Machinery
Agent for Edgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.
Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
June 18, 1874. 2588-tf

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above named Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without deriving any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 2605

SIXTH ANNUAL
PIC-NIC
—OF THE—

QUEEN FIRE COMP'Y
Will be held in
LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL,
—ON—
Dominion Day.
Marier's Brass and Quadrille Band will be in attendance.
TICKETS of admission, 25c.; may be had of the Committee and at the gate.
A. FAULKNER, Secretary.
CHAS DUPUIS, Captain.
June 20, 1874. 2600-3in-swks

SWEET TONED
ORGANS
In Beautiful Cases, for sale cheap, at
GEO. DAWSON'S.
AGENTS WANTED to sell
SEWING MACHINES,
ORGANS, &c.
Call and see the Instruments and Machines at
GEO. DAWSON'S,
66 Sparks-St
A good second hand EXPRESS WAGGON for sale cheap.
July 22, 1874.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS
in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
June 20, 1874. W. YOUNG.

HARNESS,
HARNESS.
THOS. SHORE & Co.,
(Successors to Thos. Lee)
SPARKS STREET.
Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also variety of
SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.
A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.
June 12, 1874. 2593w

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON,
REDUCTION.
In order to meet the wishes of the Travelling Community, we have this day reduced the price of Board for our upper, medium-sized rooms to $3.00 per day. The House contains Passenger Elevator, Cafe, &c., and will continue to be kept as a First-class Hotel in every respect. The large and excellently furnished rooms will be $4.00 per day. Those with bathing and water conveniences adjoining $1.00 per day extra.
LEWIS RICE & SON.
June 25, 1874. 2609-1

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 50cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer, Trade Mark secured; Montreal.

OTTAWA
Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.
The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 48,
HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS
For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.
The Books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Signed, ROB. ANGUS, JUN., Secretary, pro tem.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

WANTED a good plain Cook. Kitchen and Dining Room Girls. Apply at Allan House, Perth, Ontario.

OPENING DAY.
MORRISON & ADAM,
FAMILY GROCERS,
TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48
SATURDAY, JUNE 13.

D. McDONELL,
Special Family Grocer,
—IS—
Receiving Foreign Importations
And will Advertise in a Few Days.]
June 3, 1874.

METCALFE'S
Change of Business!
AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1st JULY, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.
REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.
Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.
A still Further Reduction
—IN—
Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks
Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.
All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.
P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.
Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S
GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLE BY FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN.
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.
THOS. PATTERSON
Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.
Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c
PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.
Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.
FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallised; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.
Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at
THOS PATTERSON'S.
May 5, 1874.

J. W. RYAN,
Rideau Street
BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class
Dress Making and Millinery Establishment
—AT—
234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234
With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured.
THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city.
Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection
SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.
***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris.
Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the Times.
May 21, 1874

SPRING 1874.
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
FELT HATS!
Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's
SILK HATS,
For Spring Trade.
March 18, 1874.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.
Murray Bay,
NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE
THE LORNE HOUSE
Is now open to visitors.
Telegraph and Independent Post Office at Point à Pic.
CHAMARD & Co.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACQUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y, cor. Sparks and Elgin-st.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 8 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD..111¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 26.

GRAIN.

	per bushel
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25

FLOUR.

Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00

DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.

Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80

MEAT.

Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30

FISH.

Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 50
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 10
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10

FUEL.

Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft do	10 00 to 10 50

FODDER.

Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00

HIDES.

Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Cotton, heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus., sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower; receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24,000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15½c.; refined, 13½c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 26.—Erie, 26¾; refined petroleum 18¾ to 10½ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 26.—Cotton, sales today 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times in Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes —"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We fin to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists 253

BELL & BRUNEL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,

Solicitors in Chancery, &c.

J. H. BELL M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 201 8-6m

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5.000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 | EACH IN Greenbacks.
Five Prizes $500 |
Ten Prizes $100 |

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1 00 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $200 each!

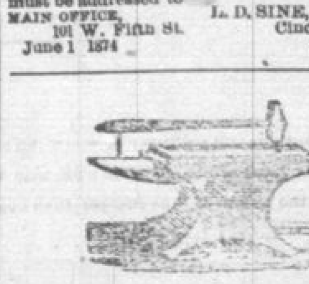
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c. Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w



HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city
—ALSO—
A complete assortment of

Shlf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place

Sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.
Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

LEA & PERKINS

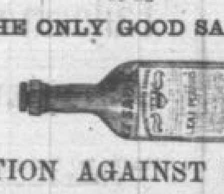
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper,* and *bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME | $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland.

73 57 vd&w

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

Outfits Free | Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Send at once. Cleremont, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-st., Montreal.

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871), take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2513y

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c. per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9:00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Apr 29 1872

DATURA TATULA.

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do. Felt Boots—wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buck skin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
(Late Preston & McLaughlin),
and 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

VINEGAR BITTERS

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Billous, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, CentreSeconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c,	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie,* as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

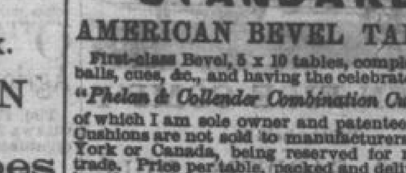
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure some materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No ... is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly



STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated *"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"* of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at
NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

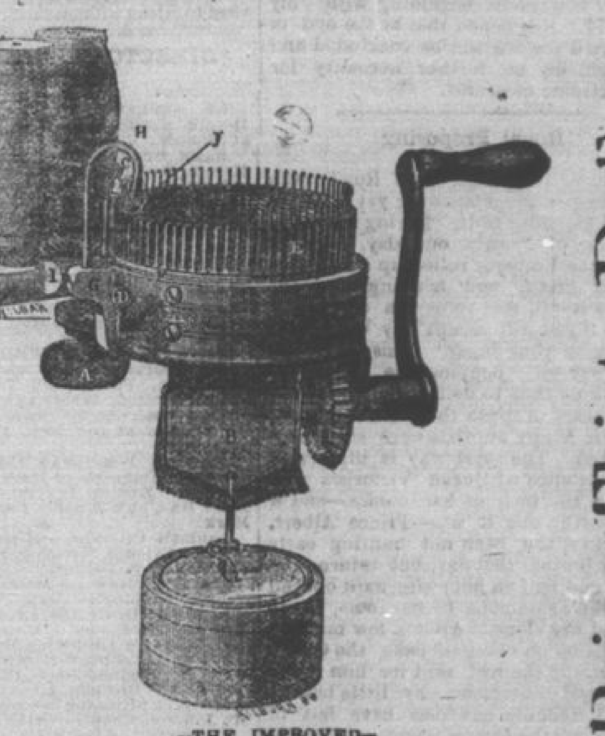
REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

—THE IMPROVED—

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 ches per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggings, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS

T. E. MOORE

BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING

ROOMS,

172 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his Fancy Goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now overstocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all Fancy Goods at half price, or 25 per cent less than cost price.

The Goods consist of

Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,
Solid 15 karat Gold Chains,
An immense assortment of elegant sets in Gold,
Best Plate Signet Rings,
Plain and Brass Rings,
Hair Ornaments,
Perfumery,
Brushes,
Real Hair Goods,
Meerschaum Pipes,
Hand Mirrors,
Hair Brushes.

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks-st.

June 20, 1874.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,		$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each		$1,000
6	"	each, 50,000	300	"	"	500
12	"	"	25,000	200	"	"	200
20	"	"	5,000	550	"	"	100

400 Gold Watches.......................$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines..................... 60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos......................250 to 700
Melodeons............................. 50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,000; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $5, 50 for $5, 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 2550-2m

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

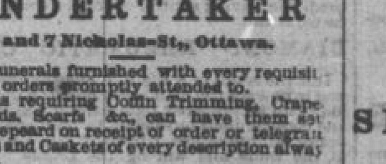
Just received. Also a large supply of

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874. 2525y



S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa
Fe 18 249

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R.S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St.: Opposite the Post Office
May 7, 1874. 2594y

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules: and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch. 2545

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 383 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.M. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt, &c.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,
Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre
Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-1y

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 23 1874.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats..........Peacock
Christy's Hats.........................Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats....................Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats.................Peacock
Wolseley Hats..........................Peacock
Castellar Hats.........................Peacock
Cheltenham Hats........................Peacock
Spencer Hats...........................Peacock
Sorento Hats...........................Peacock
Cordova Hats...........................Peacock
Venosti Hats...........................Peacock
Clinton Hats...........................Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.
April 2, 1874.

THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A. M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.20 P. M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.00 P. M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West	1.30 A. M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.
Time faster than by any other route.
Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.20 p.m
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.,	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.,	4.20 p.m.

ARRIVE.

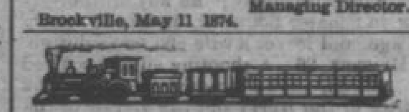
Ottawa	12.55 p.m.,	8.00 p.m
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.,	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.,	9.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.......................9.00 a.m.
Night Express..........................9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations..............................6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations....................5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at....................................1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations.............6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations......................3.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at 5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at.............10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe..............11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at..............................3.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at...................3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.
W. H. GREAVES A. H. TAYLOR,
Agent for Brockville. Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874. 2497y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 38 Sparks Street.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JAMES BUCHANAN, of the City of Ottawa, an Insolvent.

A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until 4th July next, after which dividend will be paid.

ALEX. MOFFAT,
Assignee
Montreal, June 17, 1874. 2609-2w

NEW

GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.,

And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

FOR SALE.

Lot 25, 9th Range of Hull, covered with fine Maple Wood. Ten miles from the City. Fine Road.

Apply to L. W. P. Coutlee, Esq., Advocate, Hull, or to Henry Cailly, Mountain Road, Hull, near the property.

Ottawa, June 18, 1874. 25-w8

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright!
Cheerful!
Earnest! and
Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber has choice of the following large and superb Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London,

"Peace Be Unto This House"

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Peace," "Bed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles." Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to

J. W. JONES, London, Ont.,
Sole General Agent.
Nov 8

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, ... Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Cold ... Floral Crackers, very amusing for ... Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to ...

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

Caution

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANCREATIC EMULSION

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely on their purity and strength, Messrs. SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them ... forth as possessing the ... properties of the true preparations, ... are in reality either ... pounds, ointments or pomades, ... trace of the Pancreatic principle ... tirely unfit and useless ... These imitations are calculated to ... serious disappointment and to ... affect the reputation which the ... Pancreatine and Pancreatic ... have acquired. It is therefore important that purchasers examine the ... on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE."

The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called Preparation of Pancreatine

"This compound resembled an ointment or Pomade in appearance and consistency, and was flavored with Essential Almond or Prussic Acid. It was strongly alkaline, indicating free alkali, which, acting upon the fat, produced the ... nifying result; the whole forming a ... lar moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine and water. This ointment was physically and chemically different from the true Pancreatic Emulsion which I have ... ised, and which, besides being ... Pancreatic juice, has the delicate ... appearance and consistency of ... cream, is palatable and readily taken."

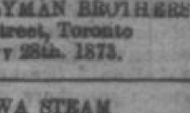
Wholesale Agents for Canada,
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., 157 King Street, Toronto
February 28th, 1873.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh

FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made order latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS

Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen, give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 26, 1872.

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn ... through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

... inspection to our stock of Blankets, Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.
A. DUFF,
Ottawa, Aug 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalisation, wishes to give lessons in Vocalisation. She will attend pupils at their residence, or receive them at her house, between 2 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ... Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre), Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2607 OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 29, 1874 PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.

Jan. 27, 1873. 2478-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.

Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated if required.

Ottawa, May 8, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.

Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.

Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.

Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523y

DR. BURROWS,

C. M. L. C. P. S. L. C., M. C. P. S. O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.

Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.

April 29, 1874 2556-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S,

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st.

March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,

Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.

Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.

Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.

G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.

Ottawa, June 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA.
H. LAPIERRE,
E. A. P. REMON.

Feb. 5, 87 2485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,

(of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)

Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.

Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.

Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.

Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No. 12 St. James-St MONTREAL.

Sept. 9, 1873. 2363-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c

OFFICE:

Master in *Chancery Chambers,*

COURT HOUSE,

OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,

Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.

March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,

ADVOCATE,

Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,

MAIN STREET, HULL.

Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,

(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.,)

Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.

March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT

Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated.

Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa.

Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Office:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

-USE THE-

MYRTLE NAVY.

[illegible]

THE WILLIAMS

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

-TOOK-

ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the Market.

Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Call on or address

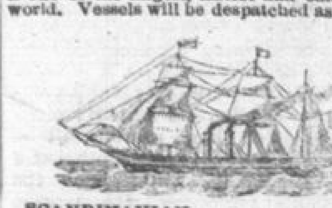
GEO. DAWSON,
60 Sparks-st., Ottawa

March, 1874. 2367-3m

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE

From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin........$77 50 to $87 50
Steerage..........$29 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

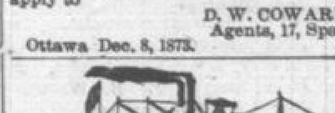
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.



Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

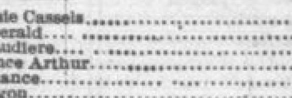
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.

OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2 54



ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m., for passengers.

Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.

A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.

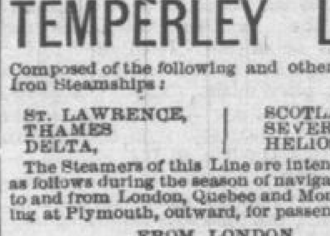
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.

The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.

Thames..........Wednesday, June 3
Delta..........Wednesday June 17
Helios..........Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence..........Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.

Thames..........Thursday, July 2
Delta..........Thursday, July 9
Helios..........Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence..........Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st., London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Ottawa.

June 13, 1874. 2543.

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS..........P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p. m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked. Meals and State-room extra.

Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.

The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.

Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.

Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.

R. W. SHEPHERD, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

ESTABLISHED 1860.

P. A. TAYLOR, - - - - PROPRIETOR.

The largest and best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scottish Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874. 2598y

W. M. SOMERVILLE,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods,

And General Building Supplies.

Has constantly on hand and to order—

DOORS SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS,	FLOORING SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES,	ARCHITRAVES BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING	SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

SHINGLES,—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.

N.B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.

RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.

June 17, 1874. 2597y

Gentlemens Dress.

CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at

RUSSELL & WATSON'S,

29 SPARKS-St.

The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.

It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.

R. & W.

June 17, 1874

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds.......... 82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do $1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg 2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.
200 Men's Shooting Coats 3.50
150 " Sac Coats 2.25
500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.
Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-St, 2nd DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-St.

May 9, 1874. 2561y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2495

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

GOOD TIMES COMING

-IN-

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,

-IN-

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,

C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)

May 13, 1874.

A LARGE VARIETY OF

GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER

SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT

DACIER'S DRUG STORE,

43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.

March 28, 1874. 2528

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo...... 75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner...... 60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold...... $1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

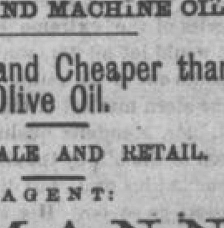
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.



STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,

Hardware Merchant.

SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 18. 2545-1m

Easter Beef

AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2, 1874.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TELEGRAPH LINE.

Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—

The furnishing of all materials, labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.

The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.

In the wooded Sections the land to be cleared to a width of 132 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.

Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:

(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.

(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 500 miles.

(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.

(4) Lac La Hache, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia, to Fort Edmonton, about 550 miles.

(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.

(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 760 miles.

The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.

Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.

Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.

By order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary,

Department of Public Works, 18th June 1874. 2598 2awk-tf.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY, the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874. F. BRAUN, Secretary

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF

ORGAN MUSIC!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport	$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries	2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste	2 50
Clark's short Voluntaries	1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea.	3 50
Hile's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each	0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete	3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel	2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home	$2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs	1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion	2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price

CHAS. H DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

Canada, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton } In the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of OLIVIER COTE, an Insolvent.

The undersigned has filed in the office of this Court, a deed of composition and discharge, executed by his Creditors and on TUESDAY, the 28th day of JULY next, he will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation of the discharge thereby effected.

OLIVIER COTE,
BY TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
His attorney ad litem.

Dated at Ottawa, in the said County of Carleton, this 24th day June, A. D., 1874. 2604-5w.

BERMINGHAM'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street,

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I, J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

J. BERMINGHAM.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $1,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

SWEET TONED

ORGANS

In Beautiful Cases, for sale cheap, at

GEO. DAWSON'S,

AGENTS WANTED to sell

SEWING MACHINES,

ORGANS, &c.

Call and see the Instruments and Machines at

GEO. DAWSON'S, 60 Sparks-St

A good second hand EXPRESS WAGGON for sale cheap.

July 22, 1874.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

June 20, 1874. W. YOUNG.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL

Branches of Builders Work!

Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application

COAL and WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 23, 18 3. 2523

NEW

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are preprepared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the line referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO.

LAST CHANCE FOR

An Easy Fortune.

FIFTH AND LAST GIFT CONCERT

In aid of the

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

JULY 31st, 1874.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts,	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts,	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts,	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts,	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts,	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts,	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts,	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts,	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts,	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts,	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts,	50 each	950,000

Grand Total, 20,000 Gifts, all Cash, 2,500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets	$50.00
Halves	25 00
Tenth, or each Coupon	5.00
11 Whole Tickets for	500 00
22½ Tickets for	1,000.00

For Tickets or information, address

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky

June 23, 1874. 260 -4w-w&s

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 587-3m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } In the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A D. 1874

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A. B. GILES, Esq., Dear Sir,—In reply to your note asking how I like the Canadian Washing Machine you left on trial at my place I have to say that it gives every satisfaction doing its work thoroughly, being more easily worked than any other, and a great deal cheaper. It only took me a me time to persuade my wife to try your machine, as she had already tried the Bunnell Machine twice, and had concluded the machines were all humbug-alike.

A. W. LANG.

June 16, 1874 2605-y

The Scot in Canada.

[From the Scottish American Journal.

The ninth edition of Mr. Henry J. Morgan's "Canadian Parliamentary Companion," which we have just received, is a squat little volume of over 650 pages, and contains a most extraordinary amount of information, given with neatness, correctness and conciseness. The great experience which Mr. Morgan has acquired while compiling the former editions, has been brought to bear upon this, and the result has been the production of a work which might well serve as a standard for any similar undertaking. One of the new features introduced is of the utmost importance, especially to those outside the Dominion, being a section containing the principal addresses issued during the late election contest, and also the principal party platforms promulgated of late years. This is of itself, for any one who wishes to have a correct idea of the politics of Canada, well worth the whole cost of the work.

While examining the lists of the members of the different bodies we were much gratified at the number of our countrymen who sit in high places in the Dominion. The Senate is composed of eighty members, and of these, nine are natives of Scotland —David Christie, George Brown, Edinburgh; G. Alexander, Banffshire; Colonel Ferguson, Ayrshire; James Ferrier, Fifeshire; D. L. Macpherson, W. J. Macdonald, Inverness-shire; J. Simpson, Elginshire; J. Holmes, (the Father of the House) Ross-shire. In addition to these there are eleven who enroll themselves as of Scottish descent—Messrs A. Campbell, W. H. Dickson, J. Ferguson, J. Hamilton, D. Macdonald, A. Macfarlane, D. Montgomery, W. Muirhead, J. Simpson, J. Sutherland, D. Wark. The House of Commons consists of 206 members, and Scotland is here represented by eighteen of native birth, and about thirty claiming descent. The former of these include the names of Thomas Bain, Gavin Fleming, Stirlingshire; John Bertram, Haddingtonshire; Robert Blackburn, Lanarkshire; David Blain, L. D., Robert Cunningham, Ayrshire; W. Gibson, Dumfries-shire; John Hall, Clackmannanshire; Alexander Mackenzie (Premier) Perthshire; Hon. John A. Macdonald (ex-premier) Sutherlandshire; L Ross Ross-shire; Peter Sinclair, John Walker, Argyllshire; D. Stirton, Forfarshire; W. A. Thomson, Wigtonshire; and T. Oliver, D. A. Smith and W. McDougall, who simply record themselves as being born in Scotland. In the Provincial Legislatures a similar gratifying exhibit is made. Nor is this all; the names we give are those who directly lay claim in their record to Auld Scotland, either by birth or descent. In some cases, however, no claim is made of nationality, but the name itself can guide us. For example, can Mr Lachlan MacCallum, who represents Monck, or Mr. Andrew Monteith, of North Perth, be anything but a Scot, or a son of a Scot? As well might Paddy O'Toole deny his Milesian origin. And such instances might be quoted by the dozen. Some of the members of the legislature lay claim to very honorable descent. The Hon. W. J. Macdonald, for instance, is from "Somerled Thane of Argyle, and Lord of the Isles." Colonel J. H. Cameron, "from the Camerons of Glenevis." Dr. J. F. Forbes, "from the old Scottish family of Forbes, immediately from Alaster-Cam, third brother of Sir Alexander, afterwards created Lord Forbes, 1405."

We regret we have not space sufficient at our disposal to pursue this interesting subject further. The result of our researches leads us into the belief that on the whole, throughout the Canadian Legislatures, fully one half the representatives are of Scotch birth or descent. A fact which Scotchmen abroad may well regard with pleasure, and old Scotland herself with justifiable pride.

The Negro in Congress.

Of the six negroes in Congress but one excited any notice during the session that has just closed—Elliott, of South Carolina, and he only because of a single speech which was supposed to be remarkable because it did emanate from a negro. Better speeches were made every day by white men which provoked no comment. The other representatives of the black and mulatto people in Congress—Rainey, Cain, Walls, Ransier and Lynch—were complete nonentities. We notice this in no spirit of prejudice, but because the fact has a political and social value. These six colored men may properly be supposed to be the pick of their race, the best representatives of its intelligence and culture. One of them is serving his third, and two of them their second terms in Congress, so half of the number have had some congressional experience. And yet, immediate representatives though they be of a race numbering four millions of people, not one of them has originated a measure nor put forth an idea, not one has distinguished himself by committee work, not one has appeared above the dull level of mediocrity except Elliott, who made one speech which occasioned notice because, as we have said, it was made by a negro. Lynch, it is true, has also made a speech, but it was in a Republican caucus, in which he declared that no matter how bad the Republican party might be the negroes would stick to it, because it had given them "freedom." Old "Daddy" Cain is a noted character at home in South Carolina, where much of his time is consumed in defending himself in suits brought against him for alleged corrupt practices. He is a Methodist preacher, edits a small religious and political weekly paper, which is a curiosity in literature, and would drive Josh Billings wild with envy if he should see it, and is generally regarded as a good-humored and amusing old darky. Rainey is a Charleston ex-barber, who abandoned a trade in which he stood first among all competitors to become a statesman without reputation. Walls and Ransier are plausible, talkative young negroes who control the colored politics of their respective localities The six picked men of the negro race sit in Congress as mere lay figures—sit there apparently on sufferance, nodded at patronizingly by a casual Republican member and ignored almost wholly by the rest of the House. What are we to learn from this failure of the negro in statecraft? Shall we put it together with the failure of the negro youths at West Point and the inconspicuous positions reached by negroes who have entered the learned professions, and conclude that the race, as a whole, is incapable of rising much above the intellectual average which has characterized it since it has been known in history? Or shall we accept the plea of its particular friends and believe that it is emerging from its childhood and needs only the white man's forty centuries of culture and experience to rival him in his intellectual achievments? The question is one of importance, because it bears upon the immediate future of our politics, our social condition, and our material prosperity.—*N. Y. World.*

POND'S EXTRACT is recommended for many afflictions; but this is the result of experience. Try it. 2601.

A fine collection of flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street. 2597

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets. 2597

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and a great many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale which continues during the present month. 2597.

A FAMILY FRIEND—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

U. S. Finance.

The Bill just assented by the the President is thus summerised by the New York "Tribune":—

1. It sanctions the increase of the legal-tender circulation from $356,000,000 to $382,000,000.

2. It for the second time since the war promises that beyond this point there shall be no inflation, and requires also that there shall be no education without the consent of Congress.

3. It substantially abolishes the difference between greenbacks and National bank notes, since the greenbacks are no longer required as part of the bank reserves.

4. It reduces the reserves which National banks are required to keep to 5 per cent., and thus substantially adds to the active circulation $30,000,000.

5. It provides for transferring $55,000,000 of the National Bank circulation from Eastern to Western banks.

The Late Mr. Bellew.

The Boston *Globe*, in its obituary notice of the late Mr. Bellew, says:—

Though aware of his serious illness, the many friends and admirers of Mr. J. M. Bellew, the well-known dramatic reader, were surprised at the intelligence of his death in Bath, England, on Saturday. Only the last mail carried out contributions to the fund collecting by several prominent literary gentlemen in London for his benefit, he being understood to be almost destitute and in urgent need of assistance. His personal history is exceptionally interesting. * * *

In 1868 he retired from his duties as a clergyman to the Church of England, and became a Roman Catholic convert. From 1855 until the date of his retirement he was one of the most popular preachers in London, and it was said of him by the author of "Preachers and Preaching," that "no preacher of our time has greater oratorical gifts by nature, and no man has taken more pains to improve and cultivate them."

While in India he was editor of the Calcutta *Hurkaru*, and he has contributed occasionally to the columns of the London *Morning Post*. Besides several volumes of sermons, Mr. Bellew published, at different times, "Blount Tempest," "Shakespeare's Home," "The Poet's Corner," and "The Seven Churches of Asia Minor." He was a very handsome man, physically, his finely proportioned figure, his clean-shaven, strongly-marked face, and his flowing, snow-white hair, combining to give him a very striking and agreeable appearance. It may be worth while to mention that he instructed both Mr. Dickens and Mr. Fechter in the art of elocution.

Dean Richmond, of the New York Central Railroad, wrote a most illegible hand, and an owner of a small building situated on land belonging to the road having received a scrawl from him which he could not decipher, supposed it to be a free pass over the road, and when, after waiting three months. Mr. Richmond asked the man why he didn't remove the building, he found he had been using the document to which his signature was attached as a pass, and had been riding on the strength of it all summer.

The "Herald" announces that M. W. Lamothe has been appointed Postmaster in place of M. Freer, whose resignation has been accepted. It intimates that several reforms will shortly be made in this department. Free delivery will be commenced towards the first of next September, and subordinate appointments will be hereafter only conditional and temporary, subject to the approval of the postmister, who is held responsible for their conduct.

The latest intelligence concerning the crop situation in Europe is to the effect that Great Britain will have an average yield, as also will Belgium and Holland. In Germany there is a slight falling off, and some of the Hungarian and Austrian provinces have suffered severely; but in the great regions of Southern Russia the outlook is of the most promising character. Europe, however, has so many mouths to feed that liberal requisition on the granaries of our country will of necessity be made.

A wag at our elbow enquires with a serio-comic expression on his phis, what great sin can the people of the county of Elgin have committed, that they should be visited by two such terrible plagues as the small-pox and J. C. Rykert, in almost immediate succession. We are not apt in solving conundrums; but it is possible that they who invited J. C. R. to Wallacetown, may have thought that his tintinnabulary eloquence might act as a charm, just as hammering a tin pan with an old key, charms a swarm of bees and causes them to alight in a cluster so as to be easily hived.—*St. Catharines Times.*

How is it that Girls can Always tell a Married Man from a Single One?—The fact is indisputable. Blackwood says that "the fact of matrimony or batchelorship is written so legibly in a man's appearance that no ingenuity can conceal it. Everywhere there is some inexplicable instinct that tells us whether an individual (whose name, fortune and circumstances are totally unknown) be, or be not, a married man. Whether it is a certain subdued look, such as that which characterizes the lions in a menagerie, and distinguishes them from the lords of the desert, we cannot tell; but the truth is so, we positively affirm."

JARVIS & ARLESS' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

BLESSINGS BRIGHTEN AS THEY TAKE THEIR FLIGHT—If you have a good head of hair take care of it; once gone and we realise its loss far more than we appreciate its presence. The Bearine is taking the place of all other hair dressings, because it is healthful to the hair and delightful to use. 2601.

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JEROME SHENK, Insurance Agent. 2595

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy,"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION SALE OF
Household Furniture;
One very Handsome Seven Octave
ROSEWOOD PIANO!
New York make! Quite new.

The subscriber has been instructed by MR. F. K. BLATCH, of the Inland Revenue Department, to sell at his dwelling, Nelson-st., between Stewart and Wilbrod-sts., on
TUESDAY, JUNE 30th,
One seven octave Rosewood Piano, front round corners, carved legs, very handsome and quite new; Wool Carpets, Centre Table, Sofa, Walnut Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables, Mattrasses, Chamber Delf, Cooking Stove and Utensils, Tubs, Pails, Crockery, China, Glassware, &c.
TERMS OF SALE:
For the Household Effects, Cash. Four months time will be given on the Piano by furnishing satisfactory paper.
Sale to commence at 11 a.m.
The goods to be delivered immediately after the close of sale.
A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
June 29, 1874.

GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.
$50,000.00
In Valuable Gifts.
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 168th Regular Monthly
Gift Enterprise,
To be drawn MONDAY, AUG. 10th, 1874.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE OF $5,000 IN GOLD!
Two Prizes $1,000 / Two Prizes $500 / Five Prizes $100 EACH IN Greenbacks,
One Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500; 1 Horse and Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $600; one fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $550; five Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each; 750 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches, in all worth from $20 to $300 each; Gold Chains, Silverware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts, 6,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five $20.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, 101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 86 Cincinnati, O.
June 29 1874 2554 d&w

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.
For a short season of ONE WEEK, commencing
MONDAY, JUNE 29TH,
And during the week,
England's Greatest Tragedian—(London "Times.")
Previous to his departure for England,
Mr. T. C. KING,
Supported by a powerful Shakespearian Company of 24 Artistes in a series of Shakespearian and other legitimate performances.
MONDAY EVENING,
RICHELIEU.
To conclude with a roaring Farce.
Admission 50c. Reserved Seats 75c. Seats can be secured and plan of Hall seen at Gowan's Music Store.
Doors open at 7.15; commence at 8.15.
June 27, 1874. 2606

FASHIONABLE
TAILORING
ESTABLISHMENT.
76.] SPARKS STREET [76.
T. LAWRENCE
Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of
CLOTHS
is now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring
A FASHIONABLE SUIT
Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of
HABERDASHERY
On hand.
Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.
Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2523-3m

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.
Grand Excursion — Dominion Day.
OTTAWA TO THE "CHATS" AND RETURN FOR $1.50.
The Steamer "Jessie Cassels," will leave Aylmer on Wednesday, 1st July, at 8 o'clock a.m., conveying passengers to the "Chats" and return for one dollar. Meals extra.
Stages connecting with Steamer will start from the Russell House, Union House and Corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, at 6:45 a.m., (sharp), conveying passengers to Aylmer and return, 25 cents each way.
R. S. CASSELS, President.

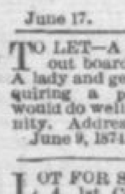
WANTED—A smart intelligent BOY to learn the Grocery Business. Apply at TIMES Office.
June 27, 1874. 2606-6in

WANTED—A Furnished House for a few months, from 1st July, by a young couple. Address J. M., TIMES Office.
June 27, 1874. 2606-4in

PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.
JOS. METCALFE.
June 17. 2597-tf.

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2590

LOT FOR SALE.—The South half of Lot No 4, 1st Concession of Gloucester (Ottawa front) fronting on the Montreal Macadamized Road, seven miles from the city limits. Soil unsurpassed by anything in the Township. Apply to A. W. POWELL, County Jail, Ottawa.
June 23, 1874. 2612-4wd


AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P.Q.
2328-6m

NEW BOOKS.
Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon....$1.25
" Meridiana, or adventures in South Africa ... 0.75
" A journey to the Centre of the earth 0.75
" Tour of the World in 80 days.. 1.50
Family Herald, vol 22, bound ... 1.35
At Her Mercy, by James Payn ... 0.50
FOR SALE AT
HENDERSON AND CO'S,
39 Sparks Street.

GLAD TIDINGS !!
CANADA.
The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.
FRANCE.
CLARETS.
Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freves, and a variety of other brands, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.
IRELAND.
Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water, At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.
SCOTLAND.
Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,
At CAMPBELL & ALMAS, Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.
Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.
Auction Sale—A. Rowe.
Gift Enterprise—L. D. Sine.

The Ottawa Times
MONDAY, JUNE 29, 1874.

PUNCTILIOUS OBJECTIONS TO THE TREATY.

While there were no differences of opinion in this country as to the desirability of reciprocity with the United States, it was to be expected that there would scarcely be cordial agreement between all classes, politicians, manufacturers, agriculturalists, and others, as to the precise value of such free trade relations and the extent to which they should be carried. The inevitable latitude which here presented itself to parties disposed to make every question available for political capital is now discovered for the first time; it was clearly foreseen from the outset that a treaty negotiated by Mr. George Brown under the auspices of Mr. Mackenzie's administration must prove in a thousand and one respects, thoroughly and entirely objectionable. Those whose anticipations were in this wise, must be struck with the ample and literal fulfilment which the event has brought about. A fair example of an effort to make political headway against an adverse current of public opinion, not upon the merits of the question raised, not as to any details of arrangement, but by raising a frivolous question of etiquette, is given in the Montreal *Gazette*. As we have already indicated, the *Gazette* has not a word to say against reciprocity, nor a word as far as we have seen against the terms of reciprocity proposed, but has built up an immense superstructure of imbecility and treason upon the simple circumstance that as it alleges the Canadian Government took the first step. This serious charge may be true, or it may not; but we could imagine a dozen more serious breaches of international etiquette than that, of some one or more of which Mr. Brown, or the power whose agent he was, may have been guilty, and we are surprised nothing of the kind is mentioned to strengthen the other which really cannot be expected to stand alone. The motive of the *Gazette* is scarcely concealed. It was SHYLOCK, we believe who hated his fellow merchant because "he lends out money gratis, and brings down the rate of usance." SHYLOCK did not admire philanthropy, public spirit, and an enlightened liberality because the exercise of these virtues had the effect of endangering his craft. It is just so with our Montreal contemporary. There is nothing in reciprocity, since it is sought by the political opponents of the select family of Charter Sellers. Reciprocity is likely to be denounced as a huge fraud, gone about in the wrong way, and the nation humiliated in procuring it, simply because the Reform Party is about to have the advantage which will accrue from their connexion with it. The *Gazette*, and every Tory organ, politician, and authority in the land, knows perfectly well that in the proposed treaty, taken as a whole, great advantages will be conferred upon this country. The efforts made to accomplish that object, however, and their prospects of success imply an accession to the already great popularity of Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Brown, and their party. And that is precisely the event of all others which, at all hazards, the conservative rump must have checkmated. The country's good when accomplished by themselves, is a virtue that when achieved by their opponents is of so vicious a nature that they denounce it as strongly and as earnestly as Shylock denounced the Merchant of Venice for his philanthropy. There is a revolting hardihood in the mind that can with an air of solemnity pledge itself to the manifest falsehood that while the Washington Treaty was the embodiment of wisdom and national honour, the proposed Reciprocity Treaty, in its relation to Canadian interests, is "as bad as it is possible to imagine a treaty to be;" yet that outrageous position is not after all more revolting than the attempted justification of the sale of a great public trust for money with which to buy up the electoral franchise of the country. With the fallen, the progress downward is rapid; and it is hardly to be expected that the moral wreck which the Conservative Party at present presents, will ever retrace its course. If not, it may bid farewell, until time shall have removed the prostitute element and its apologists, to the hope of being restored to places of distinction that are the objects of honorable men.

The *Gazette* is exceedingly indignant because, as it alleges, the proposition of reciprocity was made by the British Plenipotentiaries, that the treaty as submitted to the United States Senate is precisely that which Mr. Brown presented to the Washington Government, and that the latter is in no way responsible for, or committed to, its terms. This is the substance of what our contemporary extends over a column, and it is based upon the words of the President in his message to the Senate conveying the treaty. We are constrained to sympathy with those who are so wretchedly hard up that they have to use such far-fetched arguments. We do not think that the President's words will bear the interpretation put upon them. And if they will, it amounts to nothing, since there is good cause to believe they were not intended in that sense, but in another, to expressly avoid the assumption of responsibility that he could not assume. It is well known that the United States Government is not responsible to the Legislature, and that it cannot make a treaty or of its own motion be a party to a treaty. The treaty making power is in the Senate; so that in the negotiations that preceded the completion of the draft treaty we find Mr. Brown and the British Minister directly the agents of the treaty making power, the Crown, while on the other hand Mr. Fish was not in any sense the agent or the representative of the treaty making power at Washington. The United States Government could not become a party to, or responsible for, the proposed treaty, therefore the President could not assert that he was a party or responsible; hence the treaty could be submitted to the Senate as only the proposition of "the Plenipotentiaries of Her Britannic Majesty."

But, apart from due regard to constitutional formality, we find the utter absurdity of the *Gazette's* position. It is well known that the British Commissioners and Mr. Fish have been for three months past negotiating this treaty, the draft of which, the *Gazette* reasons, is the unaltered proposal of the Canadian Government. What can Messrs. Thornton, Brown, and Fish, men who certainly have no time to spend in idleness, been doing for three long months, if the treaty which they are understood to have been engaged upon, is after all the cut-and-dried document that we are to assume Mr. Brown carried in his pocket from Ottawa? We do not know what Mr. Mackenzie thinks of the reasoning of his opponents, behind which they are entrenching themselves to do battle against the Treaty; but we believe he will say, as he has said before of similar nonsense, that it is perfectly ridiculous.

Supposing, however, it be true that the first step was taken by us, and that the draft of treaty is simply the proposal of the Canadian Government, what of it? We confess we don't see anything very alarming, or very humiliating in that circumstance. The proposition of reciprocity is that of enlightened legislation, a liberal commercial policy, relations of good neighborhood, a confession of mutual sympathy and common interest. Is there anything to be ashamed of, in having sought a state of things involving all these good points? Taking a more selfish view of it, we say reciprocity as we understand it will be a good bargain. It is a desirable object on material grounds. It is after all very much a business matter, a subject of bargain. Why should we wait, if the bargain is likely to be one that will benefit us, to be first approached by our neighbour who unless we offer to bargain with him may be a very long time coming to see the necessity of bargaining at all. If by our making the first advance towards procuring this year what will greatly profit us, and what otherwise we might wait twenty years for, why should we not take that first step? We, at any rate, know of nothing in commercial etiquette to prevent our doing so. On the contrary, it is not only legitimate, but it is our duty to improve by every fair means our commercial relations, and the Government have shewn a proper conception of that duty by their prompt and likely to be effective steps towards improved trade relations with the United States. The people will, we apprehend, not sympathise with the international punctilio demanded by the *Gazette* any more than they did with that moral punctilio defended by it, and which was recently so emphatically condemned by Parliament and by the people.

WORKING-CLASS REFORMS IN BRITAIN.

The Disraeli Cabinet have evidently determined upon playing the role of social as well as material reformers in a way to wipe out the old reproach of the Conservatives, of indifference to the interests of the working classes. It opposed to venturing upon doubtful political experiments, or gratifying every whim of the latest doctrinaire, they are ready to fairly consider material grievances with a view to honest efforts for their removal. The Premier has no aristocratic aversion to workingmen—no pedantic antipathy to the plain matter-of-fact questions deeply interesting their health, means of living and social status; and in this respect he enjoys congenial assistance from Lords Derby, Salisbury and other colleagues, whose ambition, of late years, particularly, has been to earn the respect and confidence of the laboring masses, whose political power renders their good will an object well worth possessing. But we shall not be exaggerating if we give credit to the statesmen of both the great historic parties for a humane and patriotic desire to identify themselves with any enterprise or policy calculated to improve the lot of the people in a material, social and religious sense. The distinguishing policy of the age is respect for others' rights—more than that, is consideration for others' disadvantages and difficulties, manifested in practical action of the most varied forms, towards the softening of existing hardships and the increase of actual advantages. Nor can it be doubted that though this prevalent spirit of benevolence is often misdirected, seeking spheres less fitting, and using means less judicious than desirable, its achievements are often both salutary and important, effecting that double species of good which like mercy, "blesses both him that gives and him that takes." Among the last indications of the desire of the present Government to leave a mark in useful legislation is the Act introduced by the Home Secretary, respecting factories and the health of women and children. In brief, it is provided that the number of hours which children and young persons and women should be allowed to work be 56½ hours a week, the half hour to be devoted to cleaning machinery at the end of the week. The bill is based upon the notion that the factory laws should be treated as sanitary and educational enactments, certainly an honorable view of the subject. Clauses making special regulations for young children, half-time workers and women in certain states of health have also been framed, all in harmony with the main reform, which is the reduction of the hours of labour to the extent of four hours a week. A commendable feature, in addition, is the liberty given to employers and employed to make such arrangements as may suit their mutual convenience with regard to the taking out of these hours of gain on the one side and loss on the other. The operatives may either come to work a half hour later or stop a half hour earlier in the day, or they may take a full hour for meals instead of three quarters. A great safeguard for the health of women and children is believed to have been provided in forbidding their working more than four hours and a half without a meal. The total work to be got out of the hands is 56 hours a week, the employer being willing to be left to stipulate with them for the half-hour's cleaning on Saturday. It is designed to utilise these changes for the better schooling of the children, and to gradually raise the age at which they shall commence to work. These reforms are justified on the laudable ground of improving, by all legitimate means, the circumstances of the factory operatives. It is argued, reasonably enough, that as the original Acts of 25 years ago, shortening the hours of labor, did great good, by improving the health and comfort of the operatives, without diminishing the amount of work performed, the present further reduction will produce similar desirable results. It appears that the large proportion of seventy-four per cent. of these factory hands consists of women and children, the remaining 26 per cent being to a considerable extent lads, of varying ages from 18 to 20. This fact strengthens the argument for all requisite legislative attention to the wants of the classes within the purview of the bill. Mr. Fawcett strongly opposed it, arguing there was no reason to single out the textile manufacturers for Government interference, and that it was vicious in principle; that the experience of the last few years had abundantly shown the working classes were well able to take care of themselves. He also held that while impairing the people's spirit of self-reliance and independence, the bill would but encourage demands for further reductions of the hours of labour, to nine and eight hours a day. He cited medical testimony to prove that the health of factory operatives was even better than that of other workers, and that their condition left nothing to be supplied by Government. The debate was participated in by the recently elected representatives of the workingmen. Mr. Mundella and other supporters of Mr. Gladstone, advocated the measure in opposition to the views of the philosophic school, whose mental vision is bounded by the iron theories of the extreme economists, and who would let masters work their servants 23 hours out of 24, rather than offend any of the stern maxims of the worshippers of Mill. Mr. Mundella qualified his approbation of the bill by the statement that it resembled his own, but did not in some respects go so far. His speech contains the following interesting passage on the experiences of continental operatives, and the marvellous progress and proportions of British industry and accumulations within the last few years:—

"The fact was that there was a certain amount of tension which the human frame could bear and beyond which it could not support, and to maintain that view was not Socialism, but plain common sense and the result of every-day experience. In Austria and Bavaria children and women were not allowed to work at night, while the latter were prohibited from labour for six weeks after their confinement. Six weeks ago an Act was passed in France prohibiting the employment of women in quarries and mines, which was admitting at all events the principle for which he was contending. Belgium had no legislation on the subject, and the result was that while the women in that country were working in mines the men were drinking in the *cabarets*. The hon. member for Hackney spoke of foreign competition, but Dr. Hubner, of Berlin, had recently made a calculation of the gross total of all the exports of the various nations of the world, from which it appeared that they amounted to £700,000,000, and of these £700,000,000 England exported £250,000,000 while she imported £300,000,000 of the balance. He hoped, therefore, the House would not be led away by the theories of men who had no practical acquaintance with the subject. Having spoken to his hon. and learned colleague of the excellent speech which had been made by the hon. member for Hackney, the reply was that he had heard the same arguments 40 years ago, and indeed "Hansard" was full of them. It appeared, he might add, from a statement of Mr. Newmarch that we had within the last five years saved £1,500,000,000, and a country which had done that could, he maintained, afford to educate its children and not to overwork its young persons and women. (Cheers.)

In closing the debate, Mr. Dickson said the North of Ireland linen trade was in a critical condition, and as he believed the bill would not only strike a heavy blow at it, from which it might not recover for several years, but would injuriously affect the whole farming interest of that section, he hoped the Government would except Ireland. These fears may be groundless, but whether or not they had little effect on the House which agreed to the second reading by 295 to 79.

The charges against Rev. Mr. Beecher are exciting great interest in New York, though as yet the worst of them can be only guessed at. Mr. Tilton's letter does no more than darkly hint at something in the background, some scandal of which he has been accused, by members of Plymouth Church, and injudicious friends of Mr. Beecher, of inventing or propagating. Mr. Tilton denies he did anything but conceal conduct that would have brought dishonour on the reverend gentleman, and the Christian name, and but patiently lie under suspicions and accusations that properly belonged to that preacher. He accuses Mr. Beecher of allowing a wrong to be done him in this matter, and states that under this continued ill-treatment he is at length, for his own reputation, and the cause of truth obliged to speak out. The main difficulty or scandal which has been fermenting all this time since 1864, and which forced Mr. Tilton, out of self-respect to abandon Plymouth Church and sever his relations with its able and eloquent Pastor, is something in reference to Mrs. Tilton, whom some accuse of mediumistic excitements, extravagant illusions and discourse at certain times. Without pronouncing upon Mr. Beecher's moral character so far as this affair is concerned, it is not inappropriate to remark that men have suffered occasionally from the illusions and hallucinations of nervous and ailing women under circumstances of excitement and bodily suffering. Those who admire great talents, and great capacity for useful, moral, and religious work in the world will lament any slip or fall calculated to destroy Mr. Beecher's moral influence and drive him from the pulpit of the great city of which he has hitherto been a valued ornament.

Police Court.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.
SATURDAY, June 27.

Joseph McCuaig, drunk, was fined $3 and costs, or one week in gaol.

Wm. Moore, charged with a similar offence, was discharged.

John McDonald, arraigned for stealing a coat, was sent down for six months.

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

CITY AND VICINITY

HOLIDAYS.—To day, being the festival of St. Peter and St. Paul, will be observed as a holiday in the public departments. Dominion Day will also be observed as a holiday in the departments.

DOMINION DAY.—His Worship the Mayor will issue a proclamation to-day proclaiming Wednesday a Public Holiday, it being the Anniversary of the Natal day of our New Dominion.

THE HOSPITAL BAZAAR.—Ladies from the several Protestant congregations in this city, will meet at the City Hall, to-day at 3 p.m., to make arrangements for the proposed Bazaar.

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once, J. METCALFE. 2577

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—The visitors at the Protestant Hospital this week are:—Directors: Messrs. James Rochester and Richard Bishop. Clergy: Rev. D. M. Gordon and Rev. Mark Ami. Physician: Dr. D. McGillivray.

CITY COUNCIL. An adjourned special meeting of the Council is called for this evening, to consider the Fire By-law and other business; but as the closing exercises of the Public Schools and Christian Brothers take place this evening, it is more than probable that there will be no quorum present for the transaction of business.

ENTERPRISING.—An enterprising feature is evident just now among two at least of our Volunteer Fire Companies as they are reported to have succeeded in raising sufficient funds to purchase a steam fire engine each. A deputation has proceeded to the United States with a view to procuring two of the best possible engines for the Ottawa and Chaudiere Fire Companies. This is very commendable upon the part of those who have promoted the idea, and it will add materially to the fire appliances of the city.

STREET LETTER-BOXES.—Their is a continual cry from those living at a great distance from the Post Office, in regard to the want of postal facilities in the city. In most large cities, street letter-boxes are placed in convenient localities to meet the requirements of the citizens in this particular. This city has now grown so extensive, that it has become absolutely necessary to adopt some such system. Boxes located on Sandy Hill, at the St. L. & O. Railway Depot, on Ashburnham Hill and Chaudiere Island would fully remedy the grievances complained of by the Citizens.

DROWNING CASE.—Three young girls, sisters, whose names we could not ascertain, were out on the lake on the McKay Estate beyond Rideau Hall on Monday last, in a small boat fishing. Owing to some leakage, the boat sank with its occupants. The attention of one Mr. Labee, who was also fishing in the vicinity was called by the screams of the drowning girls. He immediately set about rescuing them. After considerable difficulty he succeeded in bringing two of them ashore, but becoming exhausted from his exertions in this direction, he was unable to rescue the eldest sister 19 years of age. At latest accounts the body had not been found.

FUNERAL SERMON.—The Rev. W. J. Hunter, M.A., last night, preached the funeral sermon of Mr. John Neeland, the young man recently interred by the Orange and Temperance Societies of this city, in the Metcalfe street Wesleyan Methodist Church. The Church was filled on the occasion and members of the Elliott Temple of I.O.G.T., and the Orange Lodge of the Young Britons were present in regalia. The reverend gentleman preached a very effective and impressive discourse from the 12th chapter of Luke and 12th verse: "Be ye therefore ready also for the Son of Man cometh in an hour when ye think not." He referred in a most feeling way to the life of the deceased and depicted the many elegant traits in his character.

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.—The lovers of histrionic art will have to-night, a special treat served. Mr. T. C. King, England's greatest tragedian, supported by a well selected company, and managed under his special supervision, will this evening present to the public Bulwer Lytton's five act play of "Richelieu," Mr. King sustaining the principal role of the Cardinal, a character in which the united press of England, has, as with one voice pronounced him the only living embodiment of the author's greatest creation. Those who desire to secure seats should go early to Gowan's and secure their tickets, for the Hall is sure to be filled to overflowing. From the appliance Mr. Gowan has brought into requisition the ventilation is perfect, and notwithstanding the heat of the weather the Hall will be cool and pleasant. The evening's entertainment will wind up with the glorious old farce of "My Precious Betsy," in which the prince of comedians, Ottawa's favorite, Harry Lindley, will appear. The Orchestra will be comprised of Gowan's excellent string band, under the special leadership of Prof. E. Isman, of the Boston Academy of Music, who has recently been engaged by Mr. Gowan as leader for his orchestra.

BRAIN EXHAUSTION.—Mr. James I. Fellows, St. John, N. B. SIR: Having, while at your establishment, carefully examined your prescription, and the method of preparing your Compound Syrup, I felt anxious to give it a fair trial in my practice For the last twelve months I have done so, and I find that in Incipient Consumption, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, it has wonders. In restoring persons suffering from the effects of Diptheria, and the cough following Typhoid Fever, prevalent in this region, it is the best remedial agent I have ever used. But for persons suffering from exhaustation of the powers of the brain and nervous system, from long-continued study or teaching, or in those cases of exhaustion from which so many young men suffer, I know of no better medicine for restoraton to health than your Compound Syrup. If you think this letter of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you see fit. I remain yours, &c. EDWIN CLAY, M. D.
PUGWASH, N. S., January 14, 1868. 2601.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—The usual Sunday Temperance meeting was held yesterday afternoon, the President, Mr. Johnston, in the chair. The chairman, by way of introduction, made a few remarks. He referred to the unsuccessful meeting held a few evenings ago by Mrs Hardy, who was endeavoring to establish an institution for the reformation of fallen women. The meeting was called to meet in the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms. But only some six persons put in an appearance. He then introduced Mrs. Hardy. Mrs. Hardy in coming forward regretted the unsuccessful meeting of the other night, but though a failure, she was satisfied Ottawa would yet support an institution that had for its object the saving of fallen women. She proceeded at some length with an eloquent and fervent appeal on behalf of the temperance cause She at the same time urged the pressing necessity that existed for the organization of an institute for the reformation of the fallen women of the city. She stated that she had received an invitation to visit Toronto on Dominion Day to address an audience on behalf of the fallen women of that city. She resumed her seat amid applause. The Rev. Mr. Cameron moved a vote of thanks to Mrs. Hardy for the fine address she had just delivered. He made some very appropriate remarks in connection with his resolution. The Rev. Mr. Knowles seconded the motion, and also spoke in the highest terms of admiration of Mrs. Hardy's zeal in the work of labor and love. After the usual collection, the Doxology was sung and the benediction brought proceedings to a close.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVAL.—The steamship 'Caspian' arrived at Father Point, at ten o'clock last night.

THE GLORIOUS TWELFTH.—Rev. Johnston McCormac, Rector of the Reformed Episcopal Church, has been deputed to preach a sermon before the various Orange Lodges of the city on the 12th of July. The service will be held in Knox Church, City Hall Square.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Wm. Frazier, representative of the American Press Association, accompanied as special correspondent, the railway party from New York who visited our city on Saturday. Mr. J. Francis St. George, a well known New York journalist, was also one of the same party.

THE CAMP OFFICERS.—Adjutant General Powell entertained the Commandant and officers now in camp to a dinner party on Saturday evening, in the Rideau Club. The Guards' Band played a well selected programme in front of the Club House on Wellington Street.

CAMP HORSE RATIONS.—There are in the present encampment 170 horses, and it takes 2,400 pounds of hay each day to keep them. In addition to this it takes 61 bushels of oats. Mr. Robert Johnston, of Rideau street, who has the supply of fodder, is kept pretty lively at work to fulfil his engagement with the Militia authorities.

CHRISTIAN BROTHERS' SCHOOL.—The closing exercies in connection with the Christian Brothers' School, take place this evening in the French Canadian Institute. A very attractive programme is to be presented and doubtless all interested will attend with a view to countenance and support the educational interests of the children attending these schools.

CHURCH SERVICE IN CAMP.—Yesterday His Lordship the Bishop of Ontario officiated at a church parade of the troops now in Camp at 9 o'clock a.m. Canon Jones of St. Alban's Church assisted at the Service. The band of the 43rd Battalion under the leadership of Mr. Elliott of the Guards' band, who is bandmaster of the 43rd, conducted the musical services on the occasion. The Roman Catholics proceeded to service at St. Joseph's Church at 10 o'clock.

BOY DROWNED.—On Friday afternoon, a little boy, about nine years of age, the son of Mr. F. X. Lapierre, hotel-keeper, was drowned near the Queen's wharf. It seems that the unfortunate lad was playing on some logs when he slipped into the water, and met his fate. This adds another to some accidents that have happened in the same locality. Something ought to be done to prevent the recurrence of these misfortunes. The body was grappled for on Saturday and yesterday, but at the latest accounts without success.

ARRIVALS AT DANIEL'S HOTEL.—John E Beveridge, J H Jamieson, J C Spence and child, Montreal; N Rolfe, Fisherville, N H; J H Rolfe, East Templeton; S P Gray, Chapeau; Thos Clarihue, Brockville; E D Pensier, Wakefield; J K Egan, W H Thistle, E A Coles, Charles H Deegan and wife, Aylmer; E Chandler, Lebanon, N H; T Byfield, John Shaver, H McKinnon, Toronto; H B Merrick, Merrickville; J B Smith, St Catherines; D P Mark, Toronto; Walton Smith and daughter, Onslow; J B Tekyay, Hamilton; H C Hay, J Hamilton, Ottawa.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The grant Concert under the auspices of the Board of Public School Trustees takes place this evening in the Rink Music Hall, and will doubtless prove a very pleasing entertainment. The chief feature of the Concert will be the beautiful Operatta of the "Twin Sisters" in four scenes. The music of the Operatta is charming throughout, and will be accompanied with a pedal organ, pianoforte and double bass; and in order to make the concert more successful the services of Mrs. J. G. Ware (a Boston vocalist) have been secured. Several of our amateur singers will assist on the occasion. The Guards' Band will also be in attendance. Proceeds of concert is for the organ fund of the public schools.

Teachers' Meeting.

A meeting of the Public School Teachers' of this city was held in the Central School West on Saturday morning last. The Rev. H. J. Boethwick, occupied the chair.

The chairman stated that the object of the meeting was to consider the propriety of sending a delegate to a convention to be held in Toronto on the 17th prox., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of Public and Separate School Teachers' representative in the Council of Public Instruction.

After a debate of considerable length the following motion was put to the meeting and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Smirle, and seconded by Mr. W. A. Duncan, that Mr. J. Munro be appointed a delegate to represent the Ottawa Public School Teachers at the approaching Convention.

Moved by Mr. A. Smirle, and seconded by Mr. E. D. Parlow, that Mr. Munro as delegate of the Ottawa Public School Teachers' to said Convention be authorized to cast his vote independent of any expression of opinion on the part of this meeting.

Congregation de Notre Dame

The examination of the French classes of the Convent of the Congregation de Notre Dame, took place on Saturday, in the presence of a large number of the parents and friends of the pupils. The Rev. Father Dandurand presided, and assisted by other clergymen, submitted the young ladies to a rigid examination in the various subjects. In arithmetic, grammar, geography, use of the globes, composition, botany and history, they showed that they had made wonderful progress since last year. They answered readily and correctly, and went through the exercises on the black board with facility, and manifested a sound knowledge of mathematics.

MUSIC.

The programme in music was of the most varied and pleasing character. The fine playing of Miss Pellant as well of Miss Cotton on the harp was much admired by every one present. The following programme was gone through with and was attended with great success.

Harp and piano—Misses Wills and O'Connor.

Instrumental music, by 3d class, 2d Division—Misses O'Connor, Rattey, Brigham, Cote, McDermott, and H. Wills.

Vocal Music—Harp and piano accompaniment—Miss Pellant.

Vocal Music—"The blind girl to her harp"—Miss Cotton.

Instrumental music—2nd class—Misses. Cotton, Pellant, L. O'Connor, M. O'Conner, and Bauset.

Vocal Music—Harp and Piano accompaniment—Misses F. Pellant and L. Dormer.

Vocal Music—Miss Pellant.

Music—A grand Duo.

It is needless to say that this formed a most interesting programme, and that it was rendered in an exceedingly pleasing manner by interesting young ladies. At the conclusion an address was read to which the Rev. Father Dandurand replied in appropriate terms. The examination of the English class and the presentation of medals and other awards will take place on Monday.

PLAIN SEWING.

Owing to the fact that the fancy work was disposed of at the Bazaar which took place a short time since, there is but very little on exhibition in the Convent. The display of plain sewing, however, is very good, and reflects great credit upon the young ladies and the institution. The following young ladies deserve especial mention in this department:—Misses Daly, McDonald, Belanger, Pellant, O'Connor, Bauset, Higgins, Cote, Brophy, L. O'Connor, Lambert, Cotton, H. and B. Wills, Burrowes, Cattellier, Dyke, M. Nagle, J. and A. Clement.

A Distinguished Student.

Mr. James Stewart, M.D. of Osgoode, and for a few years a student in the Ottawa Grammar School, where he passed creditable examinations, has just returned from Edinburgh whither he went to finish his medical studies. Dr. Stewart first became a student with Dr. Grant, F. R. C. S. of this city, after which he proceeded to McGill College, Montreal, where he graduated as an M. D. He then practiced in Brucefield, in the county of Huron, Ontario, where he achieved much success in his profession. His ambitious spirit however prompted him to higher aims and he accordingly proceeded to Edinburgh, Scotland, where he spent some six months at the end of which term he succeeded in obtaining the following degrees: F.R.C.S.; L. R. C. P.; L. M.; and F. O. S. E all of Edinburgh. He afterwards spent several months in the London and Paris Hospitals which has given him an amount of experience that cannot prove otherwise than of incalculable advantage in the pursuit of his profession. He returns to Brucefield to resume his practice, where his many friends will doubtless accord him a cordial reception.

Visit from a Railway Deputation.

A deputation composed of leading railway men from the neighboring State of New York visited our city on Saturday. The party were in charge of Mr. J. W. Moak, the popular Manager of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railway. They consisted of Marcelleus Massey, W. O. Roberts, R. W. Wallis, G. B. Clarke, Samuel Sloan, W. Frazer, Mosses Taylor, A. F. St. George, C. Zarbuskie, J. F. Dunning, T. H. Pearsall, W. G. Wilson, W. Sloan, John Bustin, and J. R. Ford, of New York; Garden Colby of Boston; H. Hanstead, Charles Rhodes, L. Johnston, J. G. Kellogg, and W. B. Phelps, of Oswego; J. D. Hungerford, of Adams, Mass.; J. W. Moak, H. F. Frary, L. W. Glandeford, E. M Moore, J. A. Sawyer, E. B. Weston, and F. H. Compton of Watertown. They came by special train via Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg and Ottawa and St. Lawrence Railways. On arriving at Ottawa, they visited the Parliament Buildings, and other places of interest. They expressed themselves highly pleased with the fine water power of the Chaudiere and were greatly astonished at the number of lumber piles that awaited shipment on the island. They were unanimously of the opinion that Ottawa was the greatest lumber mart in the world. They returned to the Russell House, where they partook of an elegant lunch, and left by the two o'clock train.

Canada Official Gazette.

The following notices appear in the Militia General Orders in Saturday's *Gazette*:

The head quarters of the Fifth Brigade Division, Province of Quebec, are hereby transferred from Three Rivers to Berthier, *en haut*.

Supernumerary 2nd Lieutenant Carroll Ryan, (formerly of Her Majesty's 100th Regiment) No. 4 Battery Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery, is hereby confirmed in his rank as a 2nd Lieutenant of Artillery, as a special case, from date of appointment; 2nd June, 1872.

Lieutenant Colonel Alfred G. Forrest is hereby removed from the command of the Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery for having refused to obey an order for a parade of the Brigade on the 25th ult. In consideration, however, of Lieutenant Colonel Forrest's length of service in the Active Militia he is placed on the Retired List retaining rank.

The *Gazette* announces also the retirement of Lt.-Col. C. J. Brydges from the command of the Grand Trunk Brigade, retaining rank, as a special case. The following graceful compliment is rendered to Mr. Brydges: "In permitting Lt.-Col. Brydges to retain rank on retiring, *His Excellency* the Governor General desires to record the sense he entertains of the services rendered by Lt.-Col. Brydges to the Militia generally, and especially of his assistance in organizing the Grand Trunk Railway Brigade."

The Hamilton and Port Dover macadamized and plank road has, by proclamation, ceased to be under the control of the Dominion Government.

FRENCH CANADIAN CONVENTION IN MONTREAL.

Debate on the Name of the New Organization—Causes of French Emigration to Canada—Means Proposed to Check it and Induce Emigrants to Return—Riel Proposed as a Delegate—Acrimonious Discussion.

MONTREAL, June 26.

The French Canadian Convention met this morning. About 5,000 delegates and friends were present. The officers elected were—President, Judge Coursol; Vice-President, Fred. Houde; and Secy., M. Leboeuf.

The report upon the replies to questions put by the Committee of Organization to the Canadian Societies in the States was submitted. It alluded to the large emigration to that country which has taken place during the last 25 years. These emigrants are estimated to number 500,000, and it is urged that their return would place Quebec at the head of the Confederation. The end of the Convention being to discover means for ensuring their return, the following questions were distributed among their compatriots in the United States:—1st. The number and occupations of French Canadians who have emigrated to the United States. 2nd. Their social, religious, and political condition. 3rd. The number desirous of returning to Canada, the occupations they need, and the advantages which would induce them to devote themselves to agriculture and colonization. The comparatively limited number of replies forwarded does not permit the mention of the precise number of the emigrants located in the States, but it is thought to exceed considerably one half million. The majority of their compatriots in the United States are employed in manufactures. A few are, however, clerks, physicians, lawyers, and priests. A very small proportion are employed in agriculture except in the Western States. The greatest misfortune of the emigrants, it is mentioned, is the almost total absence of educated men. The disadvantages under which they labour through the isolation consequent upon their ignorance of English, and the absence of Catholic and French schools, is strongly represented. It is stated that under the circumstances they readily perceive that their compatriots in the States can exercise no perceptible political influence; the majority are not naturalized, and, taking no interest in party politics, the elections take place out of their sphere. The number of the rich among them is very small, and the majority live from hand to mouth. Their position from every point of view leaves much to be desired, and hence it is not astonishing that they, in general, exhibit a very ardent desire to return to the country where they will find compatriots, friends, a numerous and devoted clergy, a powerful organization, and a political system affording them the exercise of the rights of free men. Upon this point the replies are unanimous. But an obstacle opposes the spirit so serious as to necessitate the intervention of the Federal and Local Governments. The French Canadians emigrated, it is carefully explained, simply because they could not find in Canada the means of making a livelihood. Therefore as an inducement to return, an equivelent for the positions they must abandon in this event must be offered. The Canadians of Westborough, quite a large number, would return if they could find work. The Society of Ware, Mass., suggests as a means of their return, the encouragement of manufactories, the gratuitous grant of public lands, and liberal assistance on the part of the Government. The society of Lowell, a manufacturing centre where 4,000 Canadians reside, replies, "All desire to return if you will only offer them the same advantages that they enjoy here. Some desire to follow agriculture, but the majority prefer manufactures. In particular heads of families seeing that their children and above all their daughters may find in these manufactories employment." All insist upon this point, that they would return if they are furnished with work which they would be obliged to leave in the United States. A general legislation to this end is consequently urged, including:

1st. Gratuitous grants of lands, the titles not to be delivered save after a number of years of residence, and the execution of certain specified improvements.

2. Advance for the purchase of seed, grain, agricultural implements and houses, to be reimbursed at lengthy periods.

3. The construction of excellent roads, placing the new colonies in rapid and easy communication with the great centres.

4th. Preference to be given to the colonists for work of colonization.

5th. Gratuitous passage from divers points in the United States and Montreal.

6th. The establishment of a council agency in this city to furnish information, &c., to returning emigrants.

7th. Provision, above all, for their religious needs, by the construction of churches and the establishment of good schools.

The report having been read was adopted.

It was then moved, "Whereas the establishment of factories in Lower Canada is indispensible to the public prosperity, and to the advancement of the French Canadians in particular, and to bringing back to the country those who may wish to return. *Resolved*, That the members of the Local and Federal Governments representing Lower Canada are requested to use all the means in their power to develop the agricultural and manufacturing industries in this Province."

A lengthy discussion followed.

A Committee composed of three members formed to consider the questions which should be submitted at the Convention on this occasion, reported that the questions to be submitted were:—

1st. The forming of a great Association comprising all the Societies.

2nd. The re-patriation of French Canadians from the States.

It was then moved that means be taken to form a French Canadian National Association composed of the 2,500,000 people talking the French language in America. That the demonstration just ended was not so much for a grand display as to secure practical results in the formation of a strong French nationality. United they would have force but disunited they would be weak.

Mr. Perrault spoke to the motion. He thought the best name would be "L'Association des Francais." He showed that Canadians might be French, while French men coming over here were not Canadians. Therefore it is called the Canadian Association. A clause will have to be made providing for the admission of French residents in America. He was against the opinion of Father Lacombe that the French should go to the North West. He believed in filling up Quebec with a population before colonizing Manitoba, the first and greatest object was to centralize and unite all the Frenchmen of America.

Mr. Thibault considered that the association should be called the Association of the French Canadians. A Frenchman on his arrival here should consider himself a Canadian.

Mr. L. O. David favoured the title French Canadian Association, but would not exclude any Frenchman.

Rev. G. Michaud, from the States, declared himself in favour of the title "French Canadian."

A Canadian delegate then rose and said that he would be desirous of having the association wide in its compass. But in so doing they would be obliged to admit infidels and irreligious persons, which would be repugnant to the French Canadians, a notably religious people. He adhered in calling the Society "The French Canadian Association."

Mr. Thibault moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. F. Sequin, that the association should bear the name "French Canadian," and that French Canadians belong to it.

Mr. [illegible], a delegate from Chicago, said he desired a comprehensive name. The French scattered throughout the States would join such a Society, but not when narrowed down to Canadians.

After a long discussion, the following was adopted. "That all the St. Jean Baptiste Societies be asked to join in Union, to be called the National Association of the French-speaking inhabitants of America, and to be composed of one delegate from each Society, and the officers of this convention, with its centre in Montreal."

The selection of delegates to represent each Society at Montreal was proceeded with.

Mr. Pagnuelo proposed that Mr. Louis Riel be nominated to represent Manitoba at the Convention in Montreal.

Judge Coursol objected to Louis Riel being placed on the Committee to represent Manitoba. It would inevitably, under present circumstances, cause trouble, and he saw no reason why Riel should be selected as a member of the Committee. The speaker's feeling as a French Canadian were well known. He had never, and would never try to obtain popularity by acting in such a way or advocating any measures as would arouse prejudices. The object of the Convention was one he approved from the bottom of his heart, the bringing back to this country of our compatriots now in the United States, and we should, as a nation, afford all possible facilities to our brethren to return, and extend the same welcome to them as to other emigrants. They enjoyed the same rights as any other emigrants from England, Ireland, or Scotland, as the component parts of a great nation. They should, no matter of what nationality, work together and combine to develop the resources of our country. This was, he was sure, the best means of bringing back a large part of the population that had left our shores. (Cheers.) Canada was large enough to contain all the emigrants who arrived for many years to come, and the Province would not only welcome to her assistance French Canadians, but all other nationalities that would come. By following this sound and true policy, they would have the hearty support not only of their own countrymen, but also of all the other nationalities who lived there. The rights inherent to each class were secured to the other. The Judge concluded by showing that no man amongst his fellow Canadians could misunderstand his position; that he had acted sincerely and openly in the matter and had read an address to the Bishop, in which it was asked that Mr. Riel should have all the benefit of the Royal prerogative, which could be so beneficially exercised at the present time.

Mr. Riel's name was not confirmed.

After passing resolutions favoring the re-patriation of Canadians in the States, a resolution was proposed before the close of the session, asking that Riel and his confreres be at once amnestied.

A long and embittered debate ensued, the Americans taunting the residents of Canada with being afraid to handle the question, boasting that they in the United States were far more free than the Canadians in such matters. The Canadians retorted that it was all very well for the people in the United States to take ground like this, but the situations were different. Further, that if it were in any way possible an amnesty would be secured, but that a discussion like the present, instead of aiding Riel, was injuring his cause.

A member from the United States moved that the resolutions be tabled, and his motion was carried by a large majority.

After a vote of thanks to the people of Montreal, the Press, Railway and Steamboat Companies, &c., the session closed.

Pond's Extract affords instant relief from pain arising from burns, bruises, wounds, etc.

A thing of beauty is a joy forever—And such is a rich flowing head of hair. Reader if you have this great gift of nature and it is not fading out use the Bearine; it is the only safe and reliable dressing you can get. Every Druggist sells it. 2497

BY TELEGRAPH

MONTREAL.

A Man Drowned—Money Easy—Lacrosse.

MONTREAL, June 27.

A skiff containing a man, name unknown, was run down last evening by the steamer 'Corinthian,' opposite the Island Wharf. A laborer, seeing the accident, jumped in to assist the drowning man, but sank before he could be reached, and was drowned.

Sir John A. and Lady Macdonald are at the St. Lawrence Hall.

The banks continue to be well supplied with money, and are discounting for their regular customers at a general rate of 7 per cent. Stock Loans are easy. Sterling Exchange sold in round amounts between banks at a fraction under 108½, which was the cash counter rate.

The champion twelve of the Shamrock Lacrosse Club have gone into active training in anticipation of the match with the Toronto Club in Toronto on Dominion Day. Though a close match is expected their friends here have every confidence in their men and their ability to maintain their well earned reputation as champions of Canada.

Stock Market was quiet and steady.
Ontario 111¼ closing at 111½ to 112
Royal Canadian 94, closing at 3¾ to 4½.
Commerce 132¼, closing at 132 to 132¼.
Telegraph 191¾, closing at 191¾ to 192.
Toronto 200
Montreal 184 to 184½.
Merchants 116¼ to 116½.

LONDON.

The Railway Outrage—The Late Fire.

LONDON, June 26.

A young man named Samuel Boyd, who had been prowling suspiciously around Komoka, yesterday, was arrested in the evening on suspicion of being connected with the removal of the rails from the track near Clifton's Cut, causing the run off of the train the night previous. On being brought to the city he proved to be one of a gang that had resisted the police in the attempt to arrest him here the night before. It is scarcely probable that he had anything to do with the railway outrage. He is still in custody. Detectives Phair and Murphy, with Detective Begley, of the G. W. Railway, have gone west to search for the perpetrators of the fiendish act.

Mr. Muir, manager of the car works, acknowledges the services of the London Fire Brigade at the fire which destroyed the greater part of the shops, by a present of $75. The subscriptions for the benefit of the sufferers by the same disaster already amount to about $800.

KINGSTON.

The McAulay Shooting Case—New School House—Drowned—Collegiate Scholarships.

KINGSTON, June 26.

The mystery of the shooting affray has been ended by the confession of a young man named Peter McGrath who has just surrendered himself to the police. He was one of the excursion party, and was going up town with his friends when McCourville interfered with him, and a squabble resulted. He fired his pistol to frighten McCourville, and to the horror of all, McAulay was shot. The deceased and the confessing prisoner were warm friends. The funeral of the murdered lad to-day was almost public in its character so sympathetic is the feeling. The Irish societies and their band, as well as a very long concourse of citizens, attended.

A dissension among the rate-payers of school section No. 12, Brewer's Mills Pittsburg, has ended in a new school house being burned down.

A man named Simpson, who was going from a scow to the shore on Dog Lake, was drowned by the raft he was on breaking, in the sight, too, of a half-dozen cowardly men.

The examinations for the Watkins and Campbell scholarships, open to students of the Collegiate Institute here, took place to-day, when Messrs. Froiland and Heath gained the Watkins and Campbell scholarship respectively. The closing exercises take place to-night.

ALMONTE.

High School Examination.

ALMONTE, June 27.

An enthusiastic meeting was held here in the Music Hall at the close of our High School. Sixty-two dollars worth of prizes were distributed to the deserving pupils. The improvement in the attendance and efficiency of the High School since Mr. P. C. McGregor and Mr. J. Wilkie became respectively head master and assistant, was the subject of addresses by leading citizens.

At the close a handsome and costly writing desk and gold pen accompanied by a very flattering address were presented to Mr. McGregor by his pupils. A similar present was also made to Mr. Wilkie, the assistant. Both gentlemen replied feelingly.

QUEBEC.

Shipping—Holiday Season—Transactions.

QUEBEC, June 26.

The ship Arran, hence for Greenock, timber laden, is returning to port in tow of a steamer, leaking badly, having been ashore off River du Loup.

Yesterday morning some 300 of the Canadian Americans who came out to witness and take part procession in Montreal, on St. Jean Baptiste day, arrived in town by steamer. After seeing all the sights around the city, they returned by boat in the evening. 600 or 800, accompanied by the French band of the State of Massachusetts, arrived this morning.

Since the opening of navigation 92 vessels have been licensed by the Quebec Custom House for the local trade of the Province.

The time market is very dull, the unfavourable reports from England having a very depressing influence on the trade. Of white pine a very small quantity of new timber has arrived, and of the many rafts now offering, only three or four have been placed—one of about 47 feet avarage, at 18½ cents; one of 67 feet 7 inches, at 23 cents; also one of 56 to 58 feet 6 inches; including some red pine, at 18 cents. Red pine—No sales. Oak is arriving in large quantities, and much earlier than usual. The demand is light; some transactions are reported at 40 cents to 43 cents. Elm—No enquiry except for small parcels. Ash—A small lot placed at 25 cents measured off. There is little present demand, owing to the arrivals of new timber, a good deal of which has been manufactured on contract. Birch—Not much in demand.

The arrivals to date as compared with those to same in 1873 are:—Sailing ships 445, equal to 330,096 tons; steamships 51, or 66,313 tons; being 75 sailing ships, representing 62,370 tons, and 7 steamships representing 6,325 tons, in excess of last year.

How the Old and Infirm are supported by Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites:—During the vigor of youth the expenditure of the power of the mind (which is the real seat of man's strength) is balanced by activity of the nutritive functions, without the aid of science. But time, the everlasting dissipator of reason as to events, sets a limit to his power, and it is at this epoch that science may render to man the desired assistance, and restore the drain upon his wasted energies. Each effort of the mind, every act of this body, will extract a volume of nervous element in proportion to the magnitude of the thought or action, and since this Hypophosphite combination really will supply the 'vis vitae' to the body, it must support the human mechanism successfully after the vigor of youth is past. 2607

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

Italy and Germany.

LONDON, June 27.—The *Times* Paris letter affirms that Italy's toleration of the ultramontane party impairs her relations with Germany.

SPAIN.

Another Engagemet.

MADRID, June 22.—Official information was received at the war office of the defeat at Chelva, 38 miles north west of Valencia, after two days fighting of 10,000 Carlists, under the command of Prince Alphonso, brother to Don Carlos, by a force of Republicans numbering only 5,000.

UNITED STATES.

Mad Dog.

NEW YORK, June 27.—A Coroner's Jury on the case of McCormick the last victim of hydrophobia is composed wholly of eminent physicians and an elaborate report is to be made of the case.

Four mad dogs were killed on the streets yesterday, one of which bit a boy.

A chase after a Thief.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—A letter to the *Gazette* from Owensbery, Ind, states that the whole neighborhood has been hunting George Newman, a thief since last Sunday. They drove him into a thicket and surrounded it with armed men, with instructions that no guard should leave his post till daylight. A little before daylight, B. F. Corbin one of the guards saw Newman and left his post to inform another guard, the latter after calling a halt twice fired and shot Corbin dead, Newman escaped.

An Ex-County Treasurer Convicted of Embezzlement.

J. B. Koeh, Ex-County Treasurer of Wayne County Ohio, who was convicted of the embezzlement of $20,000 of the County funds, has been sentenced to an imprisonment of one year, and a fine of double the amount of the defalcation.

Strucklands Flour Mill at New Castle, Ind., was burned to-day. Loss about $25,000.

Changes in Indian Territory.

PARSONS, Ks., June 26.—Important changes have taken place in the Indian Territory, all the agents of the civilized Indians have been relieved excepting one, and a central agency has been established at Fort Gibson. It is regarded as an experiment to familiarize the Indians with self-Government under the future territorial organization. A number of prominent Indians, will take strong grounds in their coming annual elections in favor of sectionizing their Country as a Territorial Government and citizenship in the United States.

Lockport Races.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., June 26.—The fourth meeting of the Lockport Driving Club commenced yesterday. The three minute race, purse $500, was won by L. Benhan's John Dye. Time—2.48¼. The 2.40 race purse $500, was won by O. C. Knap's Charlie; best time, 2.50. The running race, $400, open to all, was won by C F Elwes Warly; time, 1.55, 1.53½, 1.51½. Rain fell at intervals, making the track very heavy.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., June 26.—The races closed yesterday. Five hundred spectators were present. The 2.30 race, unfinished from Thursday, was concluded and won by Ohio Boy. The 2.50 race for a premium of $1,500, was won by Alden, Goldsmith's Ristori, Tot second, Randall third, Little Joke fourth. Time, 2.31. The running race, two mile heats, was won by Jim Alexander, beating the favorite Nellie Gum. Best time, 3.38. Free to all race was won by Red Cloud in three straight heats, beating St. James by bare neck in the last heat. Time, 2.22½, 2.22 and 2.22½.

Steamship Arrival.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Arrived: Arragon from Bristol; Denmark from London; America from Bremen.

Thos. Weymiers, comedian, suicided by shooting himself this morning.

SATURDAY'S MID-NIGHT. DESPATCHES

ENGLAND.

Money Market—Trouble in Central Asia.

LONDON, June 27.—Consols for money 92¾ to 92⅞.

FRANKFORT, June 27.—United States 5 20s 97⅞, issue of 1862.

LONDON, June 27. A despatch to the *Pall Mall Gazette* from St. Petersburg says that alarming rumors prevail in that city respecting the situation of affairs in Central Asia. It is reported that Ameer of Kashgar has seized the Russian Envoy, and fearing war in consequence of the act has concentrated troops on the frontier.

Severe Punishment of a Russian Nobleman.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* has information that the Czar as a punishment to his nephew the Grand Duke Nicholas, son of the Grand Duke Constantine, for the theft of his mother's diamonds, has banished him to Caucasus for life, and deprived him of the Cross of St. George which was bestowed upon him for achievements in the Khiva campaign.

SPAIN.

Estella Must Fall.

MADRID, June 27.—A despatch from the scene of operations before Estella says that Gen. Concha executed a successful flank movement on the Carlists, resulting in capture of several important positions. It is probable that the town will fall into the hands of the Republicans to-morrow.

GERMANY.

No Compromise.

BERLIN, June 27.—The report that the conference of Roman Catholic Bishops at Fulda, will endeavor to make a compromise with the Prussian Government is not true.

BUENOS AYRES.

New Minister.

BUENOS AYRES, June 27.—Senor Sarmiento upon his retirement from the Presidency of the Argentine Confederation, will receive the appointment of Minister to Washington.

UNITED STATES.

The Beecher Scandal.

NEW YORK, June 27.—It is understood that the position which Beecher will take with reference to Tilton's letter is this:—He will make at the proper time, a statement exonerating Tilton from all blame in the misrepresentations that have been made as to the nature of the original difficulty between them. He will decline to be instrumental in re-opening the matter, taking the ground that it was a personal affair between him and Tilton, that was amicably settled years ago and with which the public has no business.

If Plymouth Church insists upon a reopening and an investigation of the scandal, Beecher will resign his pastorate.

It is stated on good authority that the original charge against Beecher was of not so serious a character as might be inferred from the published extract from Beecher's apology.

Pedestrianism.

Springfield, June 27.—Hugh Donohue, Pedestrian, completed three minutes before 8 o'clock this morning, Hampden Park, the great feat of walking one thousand miles in 1000 hours; at the finish he was greeted with vociferous applause from large crowds.

Donohue nearly broke down last night and evidently had not strength to hold out much longer.

He has been watched from the start six weeks ago to-day, and it is the opinion here that the feat has been honestly accomplished.

Deaths—Thornton gone to England.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Deaths of the week are 492.

The British Minister Thornton sailed for Europe to-day.

Masked Robbers.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Masked robbers last night carried off a thousand dollars worth of property from the residence of Capt. Jacob Vanderbilt.

Specie Shipments.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The specie shipments to-day to Europe were $721,410. To Havana and Hayti $20,000. Nearly all in gold coin and bars.

Fearful Accident

CINCINNATI, O, June 27.—In a saw mill at Tyler city, Indiana, a German, name unknown, fell on a revolving saw and had his head and one arm cut off in a few seconds.

New Postmaster-General.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Mr. Hale to-day accepted the Postmaster Generalship by telegram and he will be in Washington to qualify on 1st July.

Overflow of the Rio Grande.

A New Mexico letter states that the Rio Grande river overflowed the valley from Albuquerque to Elpaso, making great havoc, destroying grain crops, orchards and vine yards, &c. It made a new channel in the rear of the town of Albuquerque, threatening it so badly that the inhabitants fled to the mountains. Several settlements have been destroyed. The loss is estimated at $2,000,000.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 28.—The Postal Convention between France and the United States was promulgated yesterday. It is believed it will go into force next month.

The house of the editor of *Lepays*, Bonapartist organ, has been searched by the police, who seized a number of documents.

M. Mansard, Bonapartist, has written a letter in which he acknowledges that the committee exists for the furtherance of a plebiscite, and that Rouher is its President. This statement is made in the face of M. Rouher's recent denial in the Assembly of any knowledge of such committee.

Gen. Amandeau will represent France in the Brussell's Congress.

ITALY.

ROME, June 29.—Bishop Dwengin of the American Pilgrims party has left the city for Vienna. It is announced that the Pilgrimage will be repeated next year when it is expected over 500 Americans will participate.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 29.—Several strong shocks of earthquake were felt here yesterday.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 27.—Gen. Concha has made an important movement and secured advantages which are confidently expected to lead to the fall of Estella. In a few days the Carlists are anticipating an attack on the right bank of the river Ega and have erected strong defensive works in that quarter; but Gen Concha suddenly crossed the river and occupied Abazzuga and other positions east and north of Estella, in order to intercept a retreat of the enemy to Las Anaegouso. The Carlists are thus outflanked and their position may be considered critical. It is anticipated that they will abandon Estella and endeavor to reach Las Anaegouso.

BAYONNE, June 28.—Advices from Carlist head-quarters at Estella, have been received to 28th inst., they represent that there had been some fighting, but it was without important results. Don Carlos with his wife and heavy reinforcements were expected to arrive in the city on the 27th to assume supreme command. No news has since been received from Estella, a storm having interrupted communication.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Wellys who committed suicide by taking Morphia at East New York to-day, was formerly manager of Park Theatre, Brooklyn, and has been endeavoring to break off drinking liquor.

OSWEGO, June 28.—The Field sports of the New York State Association for the protection of fish and game, closed this evening, the single trap shot was finished in the morning, and ties shot off. E. Handson, of Syracuse, won 1st; R. B. Harmon, of Syracuse, 2nd; P. Tompkins, of Batavia, 3rd; A. W. S. Lensing, of Buffalo, 4th.

The Dean Richmond cup was shot for in the afternoon, and was won by the Forester Club of Buffalo, who were the winners last year, and have to win it but once more to become the owners. The best average scores were made by G. B. Hamilton and R Newell, of the Forester Club, of Buffalo; killing 38 out of 20 single, and 10 double birds. They were the winners of the imported dog presented by the American Sportsman Forester Club. They also had best average and took the buffalo head donated by the American *Sportsman*.

In the Press Match, every member who had been working in the field refused to enter, and twenty men from abroad took prizes. Capt. Bogardus killed 44 out of 50 double birds, eighty yards apart. He afterwards shot a friendly match of ten birds with Mr. Terrill, of Chicago; Bogardus killing 17 and Terrill 19.

BOSTON, June 27.—The two mile single scull race on the Charles river to-day, between Frederick A. Plaisted, of California, and Michael Ahearn, of Boston, was won by the former by half a boat length; in 15 minutes and 30 seconds.

In a match game of base ball to-day between Boston and Chicago, the following is the the result: Boston 29, Chicago 6.

NEW YORK June 29.—The *Picayune* says the dicision of Judge Hawkin's in the contest between Baldwin and Oglisby for possession of State funds, that there is no such officer as fiscal agent apart from and independent of the Treasurer, will render famous funding bill nugatory.

A game of cricket to-day at Hoboken between St. George's and Manhattan Clubs, the former to have one inning to their opponents two, resulted in the victory of St. George's by a score of 110 to 75. Manhattans, making 21 in first inning and 34 in second.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., 28.—Gen. Burnside on the 4th of July will deliver an address before the Knoxville Typographical Union.

N. Y., 28.—W. B. Curtis, the racer of Chicago, won the diamond championship medal of N. Y. Athletic Club to-day, notwithstanding that he was heavily handicapped. The distance was 100 yards, and won in 10 and a quarter seconds.

AMENIA, N. Y., 28.—There were two trots and running races at the Copake Trotting Association Park, to-day. The first trot was for a purse of $400, which was won by L E. Simmons' B. M. Bella, in three straight heats; time 2.39, 2.31 and 2.46½ seconds. The second trot was for a purse of $600 for horses that never beat 2.30, five heats; winner being W. C. Trimble's B. G. Commodore. No official heat was given of the first heat; the time of the other four heats was 2.38, 2.32½, 2.30½ and 2.32½. The running race was between Pine Apple and Mountain Boy, quarter mile heats, was won by the latter.

ST. LOUIS, June 28.—The Leavenworth *Times* says that advices from Dodge City, Kansas, confirm telegraphic reports that Indians in that vicinity have assumed a hostile attitude and are murdering citizens and depredating upon their property.

They killed a man named Warren near Mulberry creek and took his entire scalp off.

Two hunters were killed at Daly wells, four soldiers at camp supply were wounded and a lot of stock run off.

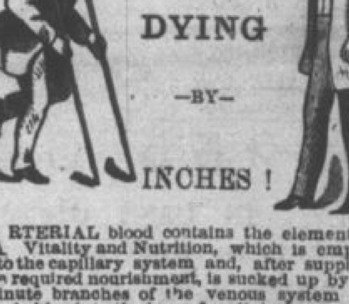
A party of leading citizens of Dodge City, including Hon. Jas. Hanrahan, who started for the Canadian River in Texas on the 7th inst., were attacked and all their stock captured, and it is feared that the whole party were murdered as nothing can be heard of them. Two men were killed near the Canadian river. Lieut. Kendall with a squad of eighteen soldiers are out scouting for the murderers.

NEW YORK, June 28.—The Police Commissioners Charlick and Gardner yesterday settled all aversions for misdemeanor by resigning. Their letters of resignation assigning the above reasons. The *Herald* to-day intimates that Mayor Haveymer will accept their resignation and reappoint them before formal notice of existence of a vacancy caused by their resignation, has been received from Governor Dix.

Perhaps the largest congregation ever seen in Plymouth Church attended this morning, announcement having been made that Mr Beecher would preach his last sermon previous to leaving for his summer vacation. There was no reference made by Mr Beecher to the letters of Theodore Tilton. When the services were over the members of Plymouth Church and a number of strangers crowded up to the platform whereon Mr. Beecher stood, and a general hand shaking, which continued for some time took place. Mr. Beecher looked his pleasantest, and evidently the thunderbolt had not struck him when he had shaken the hands of all who could get within reach and had listened in the meantime to the kind expressions of the more distant, Mr. Beecher left Church.

POND'S EXTRACT
CURES
Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa,
etc.
POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE
For the Hair
Prepared from the Pure Grease of
THE CANADA BEAR.
It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Price 25cts per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.
June 15, 1874.



ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pustules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive presence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedent the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE.

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now or the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMON,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto.
Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.
Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.
May 18, 1874.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expense sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King street west Toronto Ontario.

THE EUREKA TANNING PROCESS.
Patented 1872.
The undersigned is prepared to sell City, County, or Township Rights for the above process of Tanning, and at the same time he
CHALLENGES THE WORLD!
To tan as well or as expeditiously as he can under the Eureka Tanning process.
In selling the Rights, full instructions will be given as to the process.
NICHOLAS WILSON,
Whitty's Hotel, Murray-st.
June 27, 1874. 2606-2in

A LADY WILL TAKE A FEW
PUPILS IN DRAWING,
Also will give lessons in the most advanced as well as elementary details of WAX WORK, as well as execute orders in the same, on very moderate terms.
References kindly permitted to Messrs. Durie & Sons, Booksellers, Sparks-st.
June 26, 1874. 2605-1m

GRAND EXCURSION
TO OGDENSBURGH
On the 4th of July.
Under the auspices of this Council of the St. P. O. Asylum and the St. Vincent de Paul Society.
Great preparations in the "Burg" for a gala day.
Tickets from Ottawa to Prescott and back only $1,00.
R. DEVLIN,
Secretary.
June 29th, 1874.

BLYTH & KERR,
25 RIDEAU-ST.,
HAVING now completed the enlargement of their present premises, are prepared to execute all orders, with greater facility in
Plumbing, Gas and Steam-Fitting!
Now opening, a large and varied stock of IMPORTED HARDWARE, also CHANDELIERS in great variety. GALVANIZED IRON ROOFING, &c., &c., A SPECIALTY.
June 28, 1874. 2605-y

DRESS. DRESS.
J. R. STITT & Co.'s
CHEAP
CLEARING SALE OF COSTUMES & DRESSES
THURSDAY AND FOLLOWING DAYS.
This is a good opportunity for LADIES going to the Country or Seaside to secure a good Travelling or Seaside Costume ready made, at half price, as the lot must be cleared. Materials are Galatea Stripes, Linen Lassoes, Piques, Batistes, Chambreys, Grass Linen, &c., &c.

PRINTS.
10½c.—CHEAP SALE of light ground Prints from 10½c. per yard.
BATISTE.
16c.—CHEAP SALE of Batistes and Lawns at 16c. per yard.
TRELLIS MUSLINS.
19c.—CHEAP SALE of white satin stripe Muslins from 19c. to 30c. per yard.
GRENADINES.
17c.—CHEAP SALE of Grenadines at 17c.
ALPACAS.
20c.—CHEAP SALE of New Grey Alpacas and Lustres from 20c. up. Beautiful Shades.
MILLINERY.
10c.—CHEAP SALE of Hats and Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, from 10c. or cleared at half price.
UNDERCLOTHING.
60c.—CHEAP SALE of Ladies' Underclothing from 60c. up.
REMNANTS.
CHEAP SALE of Remnants. Prints and Dress Goods of every description from 3 to 10 yards, at half price.
J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST

NOTICE.
RADFORD & GOYER
HAVING purchased MR. YOUNG'S STOCK at A GREAT SACRIFICE, are now prepared to sell the same at
LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.
Stock Consisting of:
Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Coloured Gold Sets, Coloured Gold Brooches, Coloured Gold Ear Rings, Coloured Gold Signet Rings, Coloured Gem Rings, Coloured Gold Ladies' Chains, Coloured Gold Gents' Chains, Coloured Gold Studs, Coloured Gold Sleeve Buttons.
JET GOODS.
Broaches and Ear Rings in Sets, Bracelets, Ear Rings, Chains, Crosses.
ELECTROPLATED WARE.
Tea Sets, Cruets, Cake Baskets, Card Baskets, Butter Coolers, Epergnes. Fruit Dishes, Water Kettles, Cruet Jugs, Water Jugs, Spoons and Forks.
CLOCKS—30 HOURS AND EIGHT DAYS,
MASONIC GOODS—Blue Aprons, Collars and Jewels, R. A. Aprons, Sashes and Jewels,
Paper Machine Goods, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Glove Boxes, Portfolio, Toilet Ink Stands, Spectacles, Gold and Steel Specs, Eye Glasses—Lazarus & Morris.
***The whole stock to be disposed of by 1st of August, at less than wholesale prices, at
RADFORD & GOYER'S,
38 SPARKS-ST., NEXT DOOR TO CHRISTIE'S DRUG STORE.

REMEMBER
BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.
All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before buying elsewhere,—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, and guaranteed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
1874. 2494

NEW CARPETS.
SPRING 1874.
JUST OPENED—26 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.
Our stock being even More complete and extensive than in any former season, and the prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Ottawa Carpet House
39 SPARKS-ST.

THOS. S. SARNEY,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER
AND
AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.
Special attention given to
REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES
And other appliances,
Light Engines and General Machinery
Agent for Edgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.
Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.
June 13, 1874. 2588-tf

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above named Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without deriving any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 2605

SIXTH ANNUAL
PIC-NIC
—OF THE—

QUEEN FIRE COMP'Y
Will be held in
LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL,
—ON—
Dominion Day.
Marier's Brass and Quadrille Band will be in attendance.
TICKETS of admission, 25c; may be had of the Committee and at the gate.
A. FAULKNER, Secretary, CHAS. DUPUIS, Captain.
June 29, 1874. 2600-3in-swae

St. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

MONSTER PIC-NIC
—ON—
DOMINION DAY
Wednesday, 1st July, 1874,
At McKay's Grove!
Largest Prize List ever offered to the Public.
GRAND BABY SHOW &c. &c.
Grand Prize List.
SEE SMALL BILLS!
Sutherland's Brass and String Band is engaged
No Liquors allowed to be sold on the grounds. Tickets, 25c. Children under 14, 15c.
God Save the Queen.
J. YEOMAN, Sec'y.
June 27, 1874. 2608-2in

HARNESS,
HARNESS.
THOS. SHORE & Co.,
(Successors to Thos. Lee)
SPARKS STREET,
Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also variety of
SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.
A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.
June 12, 1874. 2592w

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON,
REDUCTION.
In order to meet the wishes of the Travelling Community, we have this day reduced the price of Board for our upper, medium-sized rooms to $3.00 per day. The House contains Passenger Elevator, Cafe, &c., and will continue to be kept as a First-class Hotel in every respect. The large and excellently furnished rooms will be $4.00 per day. Those with bathing and water conveniences adjoining $1.00 per day extra.
LEWIS RICE & SON.
June 25, 1874. 2609-1

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer. Trade Mark secured. Montreal.

OTTAWA
Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.
The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 68,
HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS
For the subscription of those desiring to take stock therein.
The Books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Signed, ROB. ANGUS, Jun., Secretary, pro tem.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

WANTED a good plain Cook. Kitchen and Dining Room Girls. Apply at Allan House, Perth, Ontario.

OPENING DAY.
MORRISON & ADAM,
FAMILY GROCERS,
TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48
SATURDAY, JUNE 13,

D. McDONELL,
Special Family Grocer,
—IS—
Receiving Foreign Importations
And will Advertise in a Few Days.]
June 8, 1874.

METCALFE'S
Change of Business!
AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1.Y, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with Fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.
REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.
Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.
A still Further Reduction
—IN—
Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks
Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.
All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.
P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.
Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE.

Tailoring Establishment.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES BY FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN
All the Novelties in
Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings
To Select from.
CHAS. BRYSON,
53 SPARKS STREET.
April 15, 1874. 2519

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.
THOS. PATTERSON
Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
From the Producers, in France, England, Holland and Spain.
Brandies, Port and Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c
PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.
Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.
FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers in variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Corlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalised; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.
Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at
May 5, 1874. THOS. PATTERSON'S.

J. W. RYAN,
Rideau Street
BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class
Dress Making and Millinery Establishment
—AT—
234 | WELLINGTON-ST. | 234
With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our Stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection
SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.
***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris.
Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the Times.
May 21, 1874.

SPRING 1874.
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
FELT HATS!
Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christie's
SILK HATS,
For Spring Trade.
March 18, 1874. 2519y

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.
Murray Bay,
NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.
THE LORNE HOUSE
Is now open to visitors.
Telegraph and independent Post Offices at Point à Pic.
CHAMARD & Co.
June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACCUAIG, Agent Travellers Ins. Co'y., cor. Sparks and Elgin-st.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer Jos. Cassels leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.............................111¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 27.

GRAIN.	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 00
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 11
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 50
Haddocks, per lb	0 9 to 0 0
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Cotton, heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus., sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower; receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24 000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15½c.; refined, 13¼c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 27.—Erie, 26¼; refined petroleum 18¼ to 10¼ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 27.—Cotton, sales today 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil!—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now.'" H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it.' It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes —"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find ... to take well.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

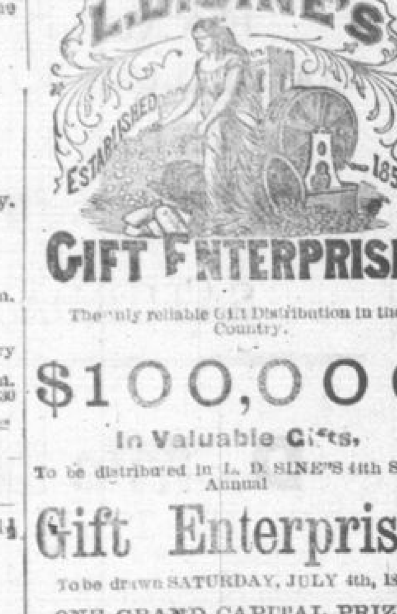
For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent s pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists 253

BELL & BRUNEL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.
J. H. BELL M.A. L. G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 251 8-6m



The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$100,000

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 44th Semi-Annual

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn SATURDAY, JULY 4th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize, $5.000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 | Five Prizes $500 | Ten Prizes $100 — EACH IN Greenbacks.

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each! Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each! Two fine toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each! Ten Family Sewing Machines worth $100 each! 1 00 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c. Number of Gifts, 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 1 1874 2554 d&w

HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city
—ALSO—
A complete assortment of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

AT THE USUAL PRICES.

N. B.—Remember the place ... Sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.

THOS. BIRKETT.

Ottawa, April 10, 1874.

LEA & PERKINS'

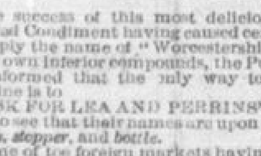
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION.

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME — $60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address ... STANTON, Hoboken, N. J.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland

WANTED.—We will give men and women

Business That Will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having leisure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address

J. LATHAM & Co.
... Boston, M.

Outfits Free Employment at your homes or travelling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Address at once, Claremont, Daniels & Co., 235 Notre Dame-St. Montreal.

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

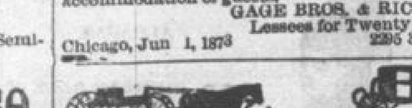
GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL

Chicago,

The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871) take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.

GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2513y

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	DELIVERED. A.M. A.M. P.M.	CLOSE. A.M. P.M. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by railway	8.00 4.10	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8.00	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	8.00	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and Sanfrancisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	8.30 7.20	1.15
United States, via Ogdensburg	8.30	1.15
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	8.30	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	8.30 2.00	4.00
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway.	8.00	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction. Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	8.00	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	10.30	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	8.00	1.30
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	8.00 11.30	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	8.00 6.30	[illegible]
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]
New ...	11.30 5	11.30
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	11.30	11.30

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist,
Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Apr 29 1873

DATURA TATULA,

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

BANKRUPT STOCK.

JOSEPH NEELIN

Having purchased the stock of

Boots and Shoes

Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,

No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do, Felt Boots wool lined, Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Bucks skin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.

JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
and 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, Centre Seconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. Electro-plate it is necessary to secure some materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No ... is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O Box 1847. 2277m

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at

NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.

NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

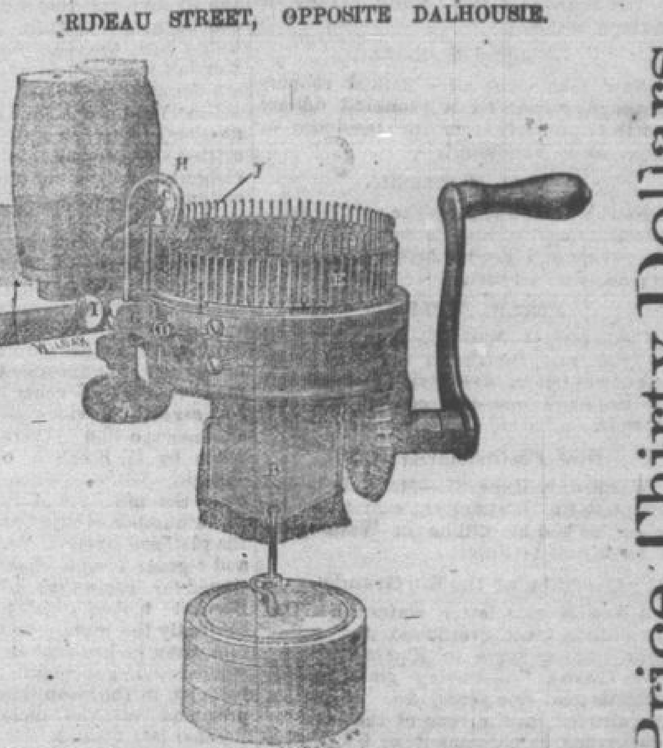
R E M O V A L

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to

Stockdale's Block,

RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



Price Thirty Dollars

—THE IMPROVED—

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 Stitches per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggins, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF

Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1872.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS

T. E. MOORE

BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING

ROOMS,

172 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA,

Begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his Fancy Goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now overstocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all Fancy Goods at half price, or 25 per cent less than cost price.

The Goods consist of

Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,
Solid 15 karat Gold Chains,
An immense assortment of elegant sets in Gold,
Best Plate Signet Rings,
Plain and Brass Rings,
Hair Ornaments,
Perfumery,
Brushes,
Real Hair Goods,
Meerschaum Pipes,
Hand Mirrors,
Hair Brushes.

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks-st.
June 20, 1874.

$955,000

IN CASH GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE

Mercantile Prize Association

OF NEW YORK.

DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each $1,000			
6 " each,	50,000	200 " "	500		
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200		
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100		

400 Gold Watches .... $75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines .... 60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos .... 250 to 700
50 Melodeons .... 50 to 200
Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25 cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $3, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.

Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 2550-2m

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.

A full stock of

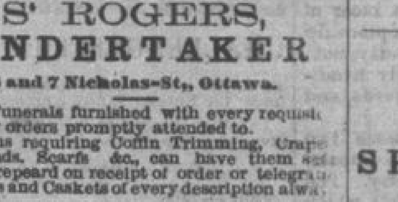
FAMILY GROCERIES

Just received. Also a large supply of

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874. 2525y



S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them at ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa
Feb 13

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of

ROOM PAPER

Constantly on hand

Elgin-St: Opposite the Post Office
May 7, 1874. 2564y

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

81, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed re and despatch 2245-

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR

Savory & Moore's

PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto, Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H.I.H. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.

March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre

Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-ly

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency,

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 23 1874.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats..........Peacock
Christy's Hats..........Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats..........Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats..........Peacock
Wolseley Hats..........Peacock
Castellar Hats..........Peacock
Cheltenham Hats..........Peacock
Spencer Hats..........Peacock
Sorento Hats..........Peacock
Cordova Hats..........Peacock
Venosti Hats..........Peacock
Clinton Hats..........Peacock

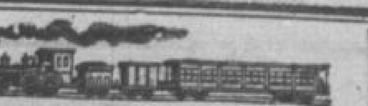
All the above Styles of Hats to be found at

PEACOCK'S

SIGN OF THE

RED HAT

33 RIDEAU STREET.
April 2, 1874.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East.......	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West.........	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West.........	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East.........	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A. M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East.........	4.20 P. M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway.........	1.00 P. M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West......	1.30 A. M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.
Brockville G. T. Junction - 9.10 a.m. 4.30 p.m.
Ottawa - - - - - 10.15 a.m. 5.20 p.m.
Renfrew - - - - - 9.10 a.m., 4.20 p.m.

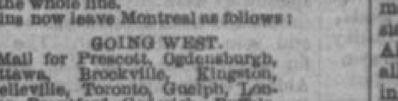
ARRIVE.
Ottawa - - - - - 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.
Renfrew - - - - - 2.00 p.m., 9.10 p.m.
Brockville - - - - 1.50 p.m., 9.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.......... 9.00 a.m.
Night Express.......... 9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations.......... 6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations.......... 5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at.......... 7.30 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.30 a.m., 9 30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations.......... 6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations.......... 2.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at 5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at.......... 10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe.......... 11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.
Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at.......... 8.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at.......... 3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.

J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Montreal, March 28rd, 1874.
W. H. GREAVES A. H. TAYLOR,
Agent for Brockville. Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874. 2496y

B 4 U

GO TO THE EXPENSE

OF

BUYING A BABCOCK

Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a

COMPETITIVE TRIAL

OF THE

Johnson Forge Pump

AND THE

Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.

Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, JR.,
No. 38 Sparks Street.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JAMES BUCHANAN, of the City of Ottawa, an Insolvent.

A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until ... July next, after which dividend will be paid.

ALEX. MOFFAT,
Assignee
Montreal, June 17, 1874. 2490-2w

NEW GOODS

Suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English

Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.

And English and French

PERFUMERY

From the best makers; also

DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES, SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.,

And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

FOR SALE.

Lot 28, 9th Range of Hull, covered with fine Maple Wood. Ten miles from the City. Fine Road.

Apply to L. W. P. Coutlee, Esq., Advocate, Hull, or to Henry Celdy, Mountain Road, Hull, near the property.

Ottawa, June 18, 1874. 25-wB

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Bright! Cheerful! Earnest! and Progressive!

The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the

Cheapest First-Class Magazine

in the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and domestic life than any other. Every yearly subscriber ... choice of the following large and elegant Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.

"Peace Be Unto This House"

"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of ..." "Good Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles" ...

Agents wanted on salary or commission ... Send at once for circulars to

J. W. JONES, London, Ont., Sole General Agent.
Nov 8

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, ... Floral Crackers, very amusing for ... Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and ... Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance ...

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent-St., and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

Caution,

GENUINE PANCREATINE

PANREATIC EMULSION.

The efficacy of these Medicines in the treatment of Indigestion, Bronchitis, Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, Wasting, &c., &c., depending entirely on their purity and strength. SAVORY & MOORE caution the public against imitations of them ... forth as possessing the real ... properties of the true preparations, but which are in reality either ... compounds, ointments or pomades, ... trace of the Pancreatic principle ... entirely unfit and useless ... These imitations are calculated to produce serious disappointment and ... affect the reputation which Pancreatine and Pancreatic Emulsion have acquired. It is therefore important that purchasers examine the ... on the bottles for the names and Trade Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE."

The Original and only Manufacturing Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,

143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report upon a Foreign Specimen of a so-called preparation of Pancreatine

"This compound resembled ... ment or Pomade in appearance ... sistency, and was flavored with ... Almond or Prussic Acid. It was ... alkaline, indicating free alkali, ... ing upon the fat, produced the ... nifying result; the whole forming a ... lar moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine ... water. This ointment was physically ... chemically different from the true ... creatic Emulsion which I have also ... ined, and which, besides being ... Pancreatic juice, has the delicate ... appearance and consistency of ... cream, is palatable and readily ...

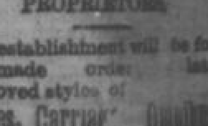
Wholesale Agents for Canada:
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 382 Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., King Street, Toronto
February 28th, 1873.

OTTAWA STEAM

Carriage and Sleigh

FACTORY,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.



W. Stockdale & Co.

PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order, the latest and most approved styles of

Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses,

ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS,

Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam power (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen and give personal supervision to all work.

Ottawa, March 23, 1872.

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.

50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of

Ready-made Clothing

being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of

MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS

in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of

CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,

we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.

Lumbermen's inspection to our stock of Blankets ... &c.
Bags, ... Buck and ... Beef Moccasins ...

Is earnestly solicited.

O'MEARA & CO.
A. DUFF.
Ottawa, Aug 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,

A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalization, wishes to give lessons in Vocalization. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between 7 and 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ... Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre) Centre Town, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 2608 | OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1874 | PRICE 3 CENTS

ANGUS & IRWIN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,

38 SPARKS-ST.

A good assortment of Metallic and all kinds of COFFINS AND CASKETS,

SHROUDS, CRAPES, &c. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.

Jan. 27, 1873. 2476-ly

DR. O. C. WOOD,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day Office opposite the TIMES office, Sparks Street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria Street, Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,

Ottawa, South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultation at all hours.

Dec. 31, 1873. 2454

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,

May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.

Ottawa, Oct. 24 1873. 2401-3m.

DR. HENDERSON,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., M. C. P. & S., Ont.

Office and Residence O'Connor Street, opposite the Commercial College.

Ottawa, March 23, 1873. 2523y

DR. BURROWS,

C. M. L. C. P. S. L, C., M. C. P. S. O.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.

Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.

April 29, 1874 2566-6m

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S,

Surgeon Dentist,

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, and also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st.

March 21, 1874. 2522y

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,

Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law.

Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.

Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.

G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.

Ottawa, June 1 1873.

NEW LAW FIRM

The undersigned have agreed to form a partnership for the practice of Law, in the City of Ottawa, as

Barristers Attorneys and Solicitors.

G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C.,
M. O'GARA,
H. LAPIERRE,
E A. P. REMON.

Feb. 5, 87 3485

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS CONVEYANCERS, &c.,

(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)

OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.

C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.

Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

ARCHAMBAULT & LEAMY,

Notary Public and Advocates.

O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public. ANDREW LEAMY, Advocate.

Have opened an office conjointly in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.

Hull, Jan 10, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,

ADVOCATE, SOLICITOR, &c.

No. 11 St. James-st. MONTREAL.

Sept. 8, 1873. 2362-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c

OFFICE:

Master in Chancery Chambers,

COURT HOUSE,

OTTAWA CANADA

ROBERT CASSELS, Jr.,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,

Elgin-st., opposite Russell House.

March 4, 1874. 2507

C. V. H. FERLAND,

ADVOCATE,

Temporary Office at Dr. JOS. BEAUDIN'S,

MAIN STREET, HULL.

Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512 ly

THE HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C.,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,

(Successor to William Mosgrove, Esq.)

Mosgrove's Building, Ottawa.

March 7, 1874. 2510tf

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

DONALD M. GRANT,

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE AGENT

Mortgages purchased, and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 2 Bell's Block, Elgin-st. Ottawa. Nov. 27 1873. 2426-ly.

F. YIELDING,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

OFFICE:—G. ELWELL'S Drug Store, Sparks Street, and at T. C. BRIGHAM'S, Esq., Sussex Street, opposite Hamilton Bros.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

[illegible]

THE WILLIAMS

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

—TOOK—

ALL THE FIRST PRIZES AT OTTAWA IN 1870, 1871, 1872 AND 1873.

They are used by nearly all the leading Merchant Tailors, Dress-Makers, &c., in the city. They do the best work, last the longest, and give the best satisfaction of any Machine in the market.

Agents wanted on salary or commission to sell these and other popular machines. Apply by letter or on or address.

GEO. DAWSON,
[illegible] Sparks-st., Ottawa

April, 1874. [illegible]

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

SCANDINAVIAN	"	13
CIRCASSIAN	"	20
SARMATIAN	"	27
PRUSSIAN	July	4
CASPIAN	"	11
POLYNESIAN	"	18

RATES OF PASSAGE—LIVERPOOL LINE From Portland or Quebec (every Saturday to Liverpool and Londonderry.)

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin .... $77 50 to $87 50
Steerage $29 00

GLASGOW LINE.

From Quebec to Glasgow, sailing from Quebec on or about the 8th May, and leaving on Thursdays at 8 a.m.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

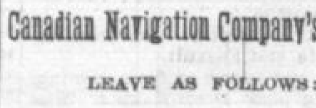
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa Dec. 8, 1873.



Opening of Navigation.

Canadian Navigation Company's Steamers

LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:—

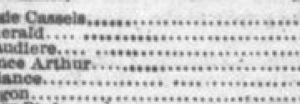
May 1st, SPARTAN, from Prescott to Hamilton
" 2nd, MAGNET, " " "
" " CORSICAN, " Montreal "
" 4th, CORINTHIAN, " "
" " SPARTAN " Hamilton to Montreal
" " MAGNET, " "

WILL RICE - - Agent.

OFFICE—ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE.

April 27, 1874. 2554



ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

STEAMERS.	CAPTAINS.
Jessie Cassels	Findlay
Emerald	Mulligan
Chaudiere	Smith
Prince Arthur	Murphy
Alliance	Toner
Oregon	Rajotte
Snow Bird	Daily
Jason Gould	Prigg
Sir John Young	Beattie
John Egan	Duggan
Forest Queen	Munro
Pembroke	
Kippawa	Mulligan
Deux Rivieres	Reid

Steamer Jessie Cassels will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamers to Deux Rivieres. Omnibusses will leave the Union and Russell House, at 6 a.m., for passengers.

Steamer Prince Arthur leaves Portage-du-Fort daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arriving at Aylmer at 2:50 o'clock, p. m.

A connection is made with Canada Central Railroad at Sand Point on the up and down trips.

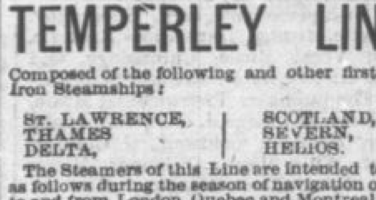
Steamer Sir John Young leaves Bryson for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock, returning, leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, in Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, June 2, 1874. 2584

LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

1874  1874.

TEMPERLEY LINE,

Composed of the following and other first-class Iron Steamships:

ST. LAWRENCE, THAMES, DELTA, | SCOTLAND, SEVERN, HELIOS.

The Steamers of this Line are intended to sail as follows during the season of navigation of 1874, to and from London, Quebec and Montreal, calling at Plymouth, outward, for passengers.

FROM LONDON.

Thames	Wednesday, June 3
Delta	Wednesday June 17
Helios	Wednesday, July 1
St. Lawrence	Wednesday, July 15

FROM QUEBEC.

Thames	Thursday, July 2
Delta	Thursday, July 9
Helios	Thursday, July 23
St. Lawrence	Thursday, Aug. 6

Through Tickets, from all points West, at REDUCED RATES. Certificates issued to persons desirous of bringing out their friends. Through Bills of Lading issued on the Continent and in London for all parts of Canada and in the United States to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago and other points in the West.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, 21 Billeter-st, London; ROSS & CO., Quebec DAVID SHAW, Montreal, or

C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Ottawa.

June 13, 1874. 2543.

1873. 1874.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

DAY AND NIGHT LINE.

New Iron Steamer PEERLESS' Capt. A. Bowie.
Steamer PRINCE OF WALES, H. W. Shepherd
" QUEEN VICTORIA, P. Y. Macdonnell
" PRINCESS .... P. McGowan

DOWNWARDS.

Passengers leave Ottawa at 7 a. m., and 5 p.m by Steamers "Peerless" and "Queen Victoria" for Montreal and intermediate landings.

UPWARDS.

Passengers leave by the 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., trains for Lachine by Railway and connect with the Steamers "Prince of Wales" and "Princess" for Ottawa and intermediate landings.

Baggage checked, Meals and State-room extra.

Passengers leaving Ottawa by the evening Steamers will DESCEND THE RAPIDS. No through passengers taken on Saturday evening's boat.

The comfort and economy of this Line are unsurpassed, whilst the route is one of the most picturesque in Canada. Tourists will find this a delightful trip.

Freight from all points sent through with despatch daily.

Single and Return Tickets may be had at the Company's office, Queen's Wharf and from Agents.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1874. 2576-tf

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $65 to $90 gold, according to steamer and location of berth.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

G. P. DRUMMOND, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

ESTABLISHED 1860.

P. A. TAYLOR, - - - - PROPRIETOR.

The largest and best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scottish Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874. 2598y

W. M. SOMERVILLE,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

Mantles, Grates, Drain Pipes, Fire Clay Goods,

And General Building Supplies.

Has constantly on hand and to order—

DOORS SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS,	FLOORING SHEETING, CLAPBOARDS, BASES,	ARCHITRAVES BATTENS, VERANDAH ROOFING	SAWN and DRESSED LUMBER, &c.

SHINGLES,—X, XX, XXX—THE BEST IN OTTAWA.

N.B.—Agent for Amherst, O., Sandstone, best Buff and Blue.

RIDEAU-St., CORNER OTTAWA-St.

June 17, 1874. 2597y

Gentlemens Dress.

CASH BUYERS before giving their orders, will do well to call and see the large Stock of finely selected Goods specially adapted for a first-class Trade, at

RUSSELL & WATSON'S,

29 SPARKS-ST.

The principal adopted is, the best material and workmanship in the market, at the lowest possible cash price.

It is seldom that a Stock consisting so exclusively of first-class Goods, can be offered at prices so advantageous to buyers.

R. & W.

June 17, 1874

MOWAT & SON,

50 Sussex-st.,

OFFER special inducements to Country Merchants and others. Clearing out lots of

Cloths and Men's Clothing,

FOR TWO WEEKS

Previous to giving up their Retail Business.

20 pieces Heavy Canadian Tweds	82½c
15 " Fine Scotch do	$1.10
30 " Fancy Coburg	2.50
A large lot of Job Tweeds, from 65c. and upwards: splendid value.	
200 Men's Shooting Coats	3.50
150 " Sac Coats	2.25

500 pairs Pants from $2.00 up: best value in the Dominion.

Boys' Clothing and Haberdashery at equally Low Prices.

A. Mowat & Son.

May 29, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL.

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND DOOR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST,

May 9, 1874. 2564y

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

His stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled by any in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 2495?

CALL AT

MOORE BROS'.

House Furnishing Establishment,

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

And see the MANSARD COOK STOVE, the best in the Dominion. Burns coal or wood. Also for REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, FILTERS, BIRD CAGES, BABY CARRIAGES, &c.

May 28, 1874. 2580y

GOOD TIMES COMING

—IN—

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

B 4 U BUY

CALL AT DORION'S,

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

REDUCED PRICES FOR 1874,

—IN—

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, E. B. Manning & Co's Celebrated Tea and Coffee Pot—fire proof, Cloth Bars, Wringers, Patent Washers, Roofs; Eave Troughing and Conductors made or repaired by competent workmen, with neatness and despatch.

Dealer in Thousands of other Goods too numerous to mention here, in the Hardware and Tinware Business.

Thanking the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me during the past twelve years, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favors, I remain, &c.,

C. P. DORION,
81 and 83 SPARKS ST.,
(Late Desbarats' Property.)

May 13, 1874.

A LARGE VARIETY OF

GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER

SEEDS!

OF ALL KINDS, AT

DACIER'S DRUG STORE,

43 Sussex-St., Ottawa.

March 23, 1874. 2528

NEW BOOKS!

NINETY-THREE, by Victor Hugo	75cts
THE GILDED AGE, by Mark Twain and Chas. Dudley Warner	60cts
HIGHER SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES OF GERMANY, by Matthew Arnold	$1.75

For Sale by

HENDERSON & Co

39 SPARKS-ST

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

May 7, 1874.

Trade Mark.

STOCKS EXTRA — MANUFACTURED BY STOCK & WEBSTER TORONTO — MACHINE OIL

STOCKS AND MACHINE OIL.

Superior and Cheaper than Olive Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

AGENT:

G. MANN,

Hardware Merchant,

SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

April 16. 2545-1m

Easter Beef

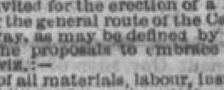
AT

C. KENNEDY'S,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Opposite Bank of B. N. A.

April 2, 1874.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TELEGRAPH LINE.

Proposals are invited for the erection of a line of telegraph along the general route of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as may be defined by the Government. The proposals to embrace the following points, viz.:—

The furnishing of all materials, labour, instruments and everything necessary to put the line in operation.

The maintenance of the line for a period of five years after its completion.

In the wooded Sections the land to be cleared to a width of 132 feet or such greater width as may be necessary to prevent injury to the telegraph from fires or falling trees.

Distinct proposals to be made for each of the following sections; such proposals to state the time when the party tendering will undertake to have the telegraph ready for use in each case:

(1) Fort Garry to a point opposite Fort Pelly, about 250 miles.

(2) Fort Garry to the bend of the North Saskatchewan, about 500 miles.

(3) Fort Garry to a point in the longitude of Edmonton, about 800 miles.

(4) Lac La Hache, or other convenient point on the existing telegraph system in British Columbia, to Fort Edmonton, about 550 miles.

(5) Fort Garry to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 420 miles.

(6) Ottawa to Nepigon, Lake Superior, about 760 miles.

The above distances are approximate. They are given for the general guidance of parties desiring information. Any increase or diminution in the ascertained mileage after construction will be paid for or deducted, as the case may be, at a rate corresponding with the sum total of the tender.

Parties tendering must satisfy the Government as to their ability to carry out the work and maintain it for the specified time.

Proposals addressed to the Minister of Public Works will be received up to the 22nd day of JULY next.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, 18th June 1874. 2598 2awk-tf.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Penitentiary, British Columbia," will be received at this office on SATURDAY the 4th day of JULY next, at noon for the erection and completion of the above building.

Plans, Specifications, &c., can be seen at this office, and at the office of B. W. Pearse, Esq., C.E. Department of Public Works, British Columbia, on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, where forms of Tender, and all necessary information, can be obtained.

Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the same.

For the due fulfilment of the Contract, satisfactory security will be required on real estate or by deposit of money, public or municipal securities, or bank stocks to an amount of *five per cent* on the bulk sum of the Contract.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th May, 1874. F. BRAUN, Secretary

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF

ORGAN MUSIC!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems—Davenport	$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries	2 50
50 Pieces for Organ—Batiste	2 50
Clark's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Organist's Portfolio—Rimbault, 2 Vols., ea.	3 50
Hile's Short Voluntaries—9 Nos., each	0 50
Zeuner's Voluntaries—Complete	3 00
250 Easy Voluntaries—Zundel	2 50

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home	$2 50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs	1 50
Clarke's Short Voluntaries	1 50
Clarke's Reed Organ Companion	2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method, Clarke's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK—In August.

Either of the above books sent, post-paid, for retail price

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co.,
Boston.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

Canada. Province of Ontario, County of Carleton } In the County Court of the County of Carleton.

In the matter of OLIVIER COTE, an Insolvent.

The undersigned has filled in the office of this Court, a deed of composition and discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on TUESDAY, the 28th day of JULY next, he will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation of the discharge thereby effected.

OLIVIER COTE,
BY TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
His Attorney ad litem.

Dated at Ottawa, in the said County of Carleton, this 24th day June, A. D., 1874. 2604-5w.

BERMINGHAM'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 3, Elgin Street.

REAL ESTATE.

FARM FOR SALE.

A BIG CHANCE TO GET A FIRST-CLASS FARM ON EASY TERMS.

WHO WILL HAVE IT?

I. J. Bermingham, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

Of the City of Ottawa, offer for sale at a small price and on easy terms, one of the best Farms within a radius of ten miles of this city, being westerly portion of west half of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession, Ottawa River front, Township of Gloucester, east of Green's Creek, on the Montreal Macadamized Road, and about four miles from Ottawa Post Office. The Farm contains 100 acres, half of which is under cultivation, balance well wooded. It has an excellent Log House with ten good rooms, a stable on the north side of the road capable of accommodating at least twenty horses, cost $500 and only one year built. Three other good stables capable of accommodating from eight to ten horses or cows, each. There is a never failing spring well, allowed to be the best in the locality, which cost $400. It has been rented to Mr. Antoine Leduc, who has carried on very advantageously the hotel business there for some years past, and is well situated for the purpose. The land is the very best, it is in a high state of cultivation, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

J. BERMINGHAM.

A SPLENDID PROPERTY OFFERED.

"Prince's Terrace," Victoria-st., on the bank of the Ottawa River, consisting of four stone dwellings, three stories high, with basement, and now bringing in an annual rental of $240 each. The above premises command a splendid view of the Ottawa River, and by reason of their proximity to the Parliamentary Buildings, are certain to increase in value. To persons seeking an investment, this offers an excellent opportunity, as only $4,500 are required at time of sale, the balance may remain at interest. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Elgin Street.

SWEET TONED

ORGANS

In Beautiful Cases, for sale cheap, at

GEO. DAWSON'S,

AGENTS WANTED to sell

SEWING MACHINES,

ORGANS, &c.

Call and see the Instruments and Machines at

GEO. DAWSON'S,
66 Sparks-St

A good second hand EXPRESS WAGGON for sale cheap.

July 22, 1874.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 20, 1874.

GALVANIZED IRON WORK

ALL

Branches of Builders Work!

Tin & Sheet Iron Metal Job Work.

HOT AIR FURNACES, Coal and Wood, fitted up on most modern principles. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application

COAL AND WOOD STOVES.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

Orders received for Garden and Lawn Fountains and Furniture.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,

Ottawa, March 23, 18 3. 35 Sussex Street. 2523

NEW

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting Shop,

No. 54, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have opened a Shop

At No. 54, Sussex Street,

Where they will be prepared to execute all work in

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING.

Intrusted to their care, at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Being first-class workmen, and having a large experience, all parties can rely upon the quality of our work.

We are prepreapared to give our customers the benefit of all new improvements in the nes referred to.

All work warranted for One Year.

MASON & CO

Ottawa, March 1 1874 [illegible]

LAST CHANCE FOR

An Easy Fortune.

FIFTH AND LAST GIFT CONCERT

In aid of the

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

JULY 31st, 1874.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
5 Cash Gifts, $20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts, 14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts, 10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts, 4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts, 3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts, 2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts, 500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts, 100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts, 50 each	950,000

Grand Total, 20,000 Gifts, all Cash, 2,500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets	$50.00
Halves	25 00
Tenth, or each Coupon	5.00
11 Whole Tickets for	500 00
22½ Tickets for	1,000.00

For Tickets or information, address

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky

June 22, 1874. 2605-4w-w&s

THE MISSES SINGLETON

HAVE REMOVED

Their Underclothing Establishment to STOCKDALE'S BLOCK, 101 RIDEAU-ST., where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favours they have hitherto received. Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Aprons, Pinafores, &c., &c., always on hand.

N.B. A beautiful assortment of Imported Underclothing, in the newest styles, just received.

April 30, 1874. 587-3m

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

CANADA, Province of Ontario, County of Carleton. } In the County Court in and for the County of Carleton.

In the matter of CHARLES BOWIE, An Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the Seventh day of July next, the undersigned will apply to a Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

CHARLES BOWIE,
By Taillon & Chrysler, his Attorneys

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of May A. D. 1874

THE CANADIAN WASHER.

A. R. GILES, Esq., Dear Sir,—In reply to your note asking how I like the Canadian Washing Machine you left on trial at my place I have to say that it gives every satisfaction, doing its work thoroughly, being more easily worked than any other, and a great deal cheaper. I may add that it took me some time to persuade my wife to try your machine, as she had already tried the Bunnell Machine twice, and had concluded the machines were all humbugs alike.

A. W. LANG.

June 16, 1874 2585-y

The Central Prison.

[From the Mail.]

The construction of the Central Prison has been at last so nearly completed that the Canada Car Manufacturing Company commenced work regularly last Monday, with about 130 prisoners and 50 outside mechanics.

Before the site of the building was agreed upon, tenders were invited for its construction, and several received, that of Mr. John Elliott being accepted, for the sum of $129 321, and the contract signed 13th September, 1871. The whole of the work was to be completed on the 1st of July, 1873, subsequently the site was fixed upon at west of Strachan Avenue, between the Great Western, Grand Trunk and Northern Railways, so that switches from any of these railways, and also from the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Line could be constructed to lead into the grounds and prison yard. The whole institution occupies twenty-five acres of land, purchased from the Toronto Lunatic Asylum.

The expenditure on the works has, during the three years they have been under contract, grown up to very great proportions. Including extra work it was estimated in 1872 that $200,432 would be sufficient to cover the expenses, but by 31st December, 1873, the accounts had reached $325,816.67, and to this must be added $50,000 estimated as necessary to complete the buildings being erected, not including any further amount that may be required for furniture or additional buildings. Before the Central Prison is fully completed it will cost, in all probability, over $400,000. As the Government Engineer reported that the contractor, Mr. Elliott, would not have the work completed according to stipulations the former, with Mr. Scott, who acted for the Hon. Attorney General, and Mr. J. P. Wagner, took formal possession of it and handed it over to Mr. Wagner, as Superintendent, who has continued in charge up to the present time.

The prison building is very imposing in view. It is in the Grecian style, of white brick and Ohio free-stone facings, and slate roof. Although the Government architect and engineer, Mr. K. Tully recommended the same plan in the construction as that observed in the Pentonville Prison, three miles north-west of London, England, the system adopted in the arrangement of the Central Prison has been what is called the 'Charleton' or 'Auburn' style. The Kingston Penitentiary is built on this method, as are also most of the principal prisons of the United States. The main building is 100 by 80 feet, and has three stories, besides the basement, and on each side there is a wing 173 feet by fifty-three feet, which contains the cells of the prisoners. In addition, there are the various buildings belonging to the prison and used by the Car Company for manufacturing purposes. The following will give some idea of the extent of this part of the establishment: The building occupied in forging the axles and in iron turning is 200 feet by fifty feet, the carpenters' shop of the same size; the foundry is 144 feet by sixty feet, and the coal sheds 104 feet by twenty-six feet. The warehouse used for the reception of raw material and articles manufactured in the prison is 140 feet by forty feet, and two stories in height. Other than these there are many small buildings; the whole being surrounded by a brick wall twenty feet in height and eighteen inches in thickness, enclosing an area of ten acres, beyond the precincts of which no prisoner can go. At each of the three corners of the wall, on the top, is placed a brick guard house, the occupier being armed with a repeating rifle (six cartridges) and a six-chambered revolver. A small fountain will be erected in front of the building, and several hydrants distributed over the grounds.

The large main door will not be used in conveying prisoners to their quarters, but for a private entrance for the Chief Warden, Captain Prince, and his family. The prisoners' door is that on the left side of the main building. Immediately on a criminal entering he is given into the hands of the chief guard, Mr. Beaumont, and taken into a bath room. Here he is divested of his "civilian's" suit, which is tied up, sent to the laundry, and put away as in a pawnbroker's shop till the owner is privileged to see once more the outside world, when they are handed back to him, probably in a better condition than when they were last worn. After undergoing a thorough scrubbing, the prisoner is politely conducted to the clothing department, where he is provided, without any outlay on his part, and at the expense of the Government, with a complete outfit. Their summer suit is composed of a flannel guernsey, brown canvass pants and jacket, brown cloth cap, woollen socks, and shoes. For the winter there is an extra shirt, and heavy rough outside garments. All the articles are labelled "C. P." (initials of "Central Prison") the white letters on the pants, jackets and caps being very prominent, and proclaim to all beholders that the goods are the property of the Government, and that the wearer is an offender against the law. In another room the new inmate of the Central Prison receives additional attention in the shape of having a full description taken of his person, including his measurement, weight, age, occupation, and any physical or other peculiarities. He is afterwards marched into his cell, where his hair is cropped short, and he has then completed the initiatory ceremonies which prelude his acquaintance with active prison duty. Each of the two side wings contains 168 cells, which are built in four tiers, a balcony running the whole length of the corridor, with iron railings and steps. The cells are eight feet long, five feet wide, and eight feet in height to the crown of the brick arch which forms the ceiling. There is a separate ventilating pipe, four inches in diameter, leading from each cell to a brick chamber in the roof connected with five ventilators, three feet square, in the roof of both wings. Each corridor is lighted by eleven windows, twenty feet high and five feet wide, and several small round windows. As the number of cubic feet in each cell is 300, and the front has got an iron grated door, facing the corridor, it is estimated that there is 1,600 cubic feet of breathing space to each prisoner. This is much less than that allowed in what is often pointed out as the model building of its kind in the world—Pentonville Prison—where the cells are thirteen feet long, nine feet high and seven feet wide, containing about 820 cubic feet of space, and thoroughly ventilated. This quantity does not include the central corridor space; and the cells are constructed adjoining the outside walls, with external windows for air, and balconies facing the corridor. The roof of each wing is fireproof, and the floor covered with a concrete pavement. The entire establishment is heated with steam. When Capt. Prince is absent the prison is in charge of Mr. Beaumont, the Chief Guard, or of Mr. Stedman, the Deputy Chief Guard, one of the two latter always being in the building. The strictest discipline on the part of the prisoners is enforced, and when out of their cells and not engaged in work, have to fold their arms and look towards the ground. The officials seem very rigorous in carrying out all the internal economies of the institution, as there is great danger of outside influences working in behalf of the prisoners on account of their mixing with the free employees of the Car Company. No prisoner is allowed to leave his particular workshop without leave, and every one is counted before the outside men are permitted to leave the premises. After the day's work is over, and the prisoners have had their evening's allowance, they are marched to their cells, each standing at his door until a given signal, when he walks inside and closes the door. While they are marching to their cells a guard mounts a balcony in front of the tiers, and has a full view of every prisoner on that side of the corridor. Beside each door being separately locked with key (and there are 168 cells in each wing) every door is simultaneously fastened by an iron clamp falling over the top, which is effected by the movement of a single lever, the latter being then padlocked into its position. A room was especially built for a dungeon, but it was subsequently condemned as too damp for occupation. Two cells in each wing have been, in consequence, set apart as dark rooms, being closed with tight-fitting wooden doors, covered with sheet iron, the only opening from the cell being the small ventilator at the back.

In case of sickness amongst the prisoners, an hospital department has been provided under the management of Dr. Aikins. At present there is only one patient. During the summer months all the inmates of the prison have to take a bath every Saturday, and once a fortnight in the winter. The dining hall is very commodious and airy, and the chapel cheerful, for connection with such an institution. Divine service is held every Sunday morning, between nine and ten for Roman Catholics, and between ten and eleven for Protestants. As the prisoners receive a dinner of extra quality and proportions on Sunday, and do not perform any work, they receive no tea; on Monday morning, however, the breakfast is more liberal than on other days. There is a very good library for the use of the prisoners, they retaining this privilege, however, only on condition of good behaviour.

RAILWAY SMASH.

An Express Train on the G. W. R. Thrown off the Track—The Fireman Instantly Killed—Marvellous Escape of the Passengers—The Cause of the Accident.

The New York express (No. 10) on the Great Western met with a serious misfortune as it was approaching this city from the west, about 11.15 last night. About fifty yards west of Sifton's Grade, four miles from the station, the locomotive was thrown from the track by a displaced rail, and followed by the two baggage cars, a second-class car and two first-class cars, dashed into the bank, which at this point rises to a considerable height above the level of the road. The train was running, it is believed, at a speed of forty miles an hour, and as the engine struck the solid bank and came to a dead stand, the concussion was terrible. The tender was turned completely upside down, and the ponderous engine itself was lodged upon its side half way up the bank. The first baggage car, which was heavily loaded with through baggage, broke loose from the tender and crushed into the bank on the south side of the track, where it was literally smashed to pieces. The second pushed its way up the north bank, while the second-class car, immediately behind, headed southward, and lodged directly across the rails, completely bridging the Cut. The first passenger car went north, and mounted the bank for a considerable distance, ploughing deep into the clay. The next passenger car left the track, but settled down into the shallow ditch on the south side of the rails. Neither of the passengers cars were badly damaged, and the Pullman sleeping cars at the rear of the train escaped without the slightest injury. The fireman, David Horsman, was instantly killed, having been caught and jammed in between the tender and the cab of the locomotive. The unfortunate man's remains were recovered from the wreck of his engine with great difficulty. He was a young man, a resident of Windsor, and leaves a young wife and family of three children to mourn over their sad bereavement. The driver, Robert Butterworth almost miraculously escaped with but a few bruises and some cuts about his hands. The side of the cab where he was standing when the fatal crash came was the least damaged of any portion of his engine. James Huff, the baggageman, who was in the second baggage car, was considerably knocked about, a brakesman, named Munson in the same car, and Wm. Turner, G. W. R. news agent, were more or less injured, but they all escaped with comparatively slight hurts. Strange to say, none of the passengers in the crowded car which followed were injured beyond a severe shaking, and in one or two instances a slight cut or bruise. There were a few passengers on board belonging to this city, among them, Mr. Knowlton. He describes the scene in the passenger cars after the concussion as intensely exciting. The drowsy throng were at once wideawake, and knowing that something terrible was happening but scarcely realizing what, stared wildly about; some jumped upon the seats and shouted incoherently, others jumped through the windows, some grasped at one another and groaned aloud, the effect of intense fear, while a very few maintained sufficient presence of mind to make an effort to calm the excited brains of their fellows and set practically to work for the general good. Fortunately there was no fire to add to the horror of the moment, and after the cars had once ceased their careening and creaking and jolting, the passengers were able to leave the train safely and as quietly as their unsettled minds would let them. An inspection of the track showed that the accident (if it may be termed an accident) was caused by the villainy of some parties at present unknown.—London, Ont., *Advertiser*, 25th inst.

JARVIS & ARLESS' Photographic Gallery is now completed and ready for business. The public are generally invited to call and inspect their establishment, Sparks St., next door to Davidson's drug store. 2597

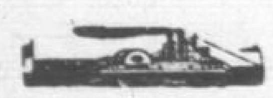
BLESSINGS BRIGHTENS AS THEY TAKE THEIR FLIGHT.—If you have a good head of hair take care of it; once gone and we realise its loss far more than we appreciate its presence. The Bearine is taking the place of all other hair dressings, because it is healthful to the hair and delightful to use. 2601.

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.—Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.—Mr. James I. Fellows—Sir, I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest and active exercise, various medicinal remedies and the most popular physicians and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may. Yours, very truly, JEROME SHERK, Insurance Agent. 2595

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic the horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels, which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off.—What is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co is on the package.—Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers. 2595.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

O. R. N. Co.



DOMINION DAY EXCURSION,

ON WEDNESDAY, 1st JULY.

The "Peerless," Capt. Bowie, will carry passengers to Grenville and return for one dollar.
Steamer leaves the Queen's Wharf at 7 a. m., returning at 6 p.m.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
President.

June 30, 1874. 2608

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

To-morrow (Dominion Day), being a Public Holiday, this office will be open only from 11 a. m., to 1.30 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 30, 1874. 2608

THE OTTAWA LOAN AND INVESTMENT COMPANY.

The Stock Books of the Ottawa Loan and Investment Company are now open for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the said Company, and are placed with the Provisional Directors, namely:
William Ralph Bell, M. D.; Messrs. William Pennock, William White, A. S. Woodburn, James Fraser, R. A. Bradley, Frederic Wright.
Also at the temporary offices of the Company, Bangs' Block, corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa, and at the Company's Bankers, the Ontario Bank.
By order of the Provisional Directors,

R. A. BRADLEY,
Chairman.

June 30, 1874. 1402-2m

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.

Enthusiastic Reception of

Mr. T. C. KING,

MONTREAL THEATRE ROYAL CO.,

THIS EVENING.

First time of

MERCHANT OF VENICE

AND FARCE.

Secure seats at Gowan's Music Store.
June 30, 1874.

AUCTION SALE OF

Household Furniture,

One very Handsome Seven Octave

ROSEWOOD PIANO!

New York make! Quite new.

The subscriber has been instructed by Mr. F K. BLATCH, of the Inland Revenue Department, to sell at his dwelling, Nelson-st., between Stewart and Wilbrod-sts., on

TUESDAY, JUNE 30th,

One seven octave Rosewood Piano, front round corners, carved legs, very handsome and quite new; Wool Carpets, Centre Table, Sofa, Walnut Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables, Mattrasses, Chamber Delf, Cooking Stove and Utensils, Tubs, Pails, Crockery, China, Glassware, &c.

TERMS OF SALE:

For the Household Effects, Cash. Four months time will be given on the Piano by furnishing satisfactory paper.
Sale to commence at 11 a.m.
The goods to be delivered immediately after the close of sale.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

June 29, 1874.

MONEY TO LOAN—In large or small sums, on Real Estate Security.

O'CONNOR & WADE,
Solicitors, &c.

June 30, 1874. 2608

FASHIONABLE

TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

76.] SPARKS STREET - [76.

T. LAWRENCE

Begs to announce to his numerous customers and the public generally, that his stock of

CLOTHS

now complete. Gentlemen desirous of procuring

A FASHIONABLE SUIT

Would do well to give him a call. Also, a complete assortment of

HABERDASHERY

On hand.

Suits made in the latest English and American Styles, and on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, May 22d, 1874. 2523-3m

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

Grand Excursion — Dominion Day.

OTTAWA TO THE "CHATS" AND RETURN FOR $1.50.

The Steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer on Wednesday, 1st July, at 8 o'clock a.m., conveying passengers to the "Chats" and return for one dollar. Meals extra.
Stages connecting with Steamer will start from the Russell House, Union House and Corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, at 6:15 a.m., (sharp), conveying passengers to Aylmer and return, 25 cents each way.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

WANTED—A Furnished House for a few months, from 1st July, by a young couple. Address J. M., TIMES Office.
June 27, 1874. 2606-4in

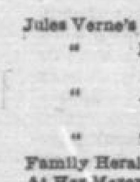
PARTIES indebted to the subscriber are requested to have their accounts adjusted by first of July, as after the change of business all accounts will be collected as rapidly as possible.

JOS. METCALFE.

June 17. 2597-tf.

TO LET—A pleasant front room, with or without board, on O'Connor-st., near Sparks. A lady and gentleman (or gentleman only) requiring a pleasant and comfortable room would do well to take advantage of this opportunity. Address, A B, TIMES Office.
June 9, 1874. 2590

LOT FOR SALE.—The South half of Lot No 4, 1st Concession of Gloucester (Ottawa front) fronting on the Montreal Macadamized Road, seven miles from the city limits. Soil unsurpassed by anything in the Township. Apply to A. W. POWELL, County Jail, Ottawa.
June 23, 1874. 2632-4wdd



AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

NEW BOOKS.

Jules Verne's Five Weeks in a Balloon....$1.25
" Meridiana, or adventures in South Africa.............. 0.75
" A journey to the Centre of the earth.................... 0.75
" Tour of the World in 80 days.. 1.50
Family Herald, vol 32, bound............ 1.35
At Her Mercy, by James Payn............ 0.50

FOR SALE AT

HENDERSON AND CO'S,

39 Sparks Street.

GRAND EXCURSION

TO OGDENSBURGH

On the 4th of July.

Under the auspices of this Council of the St. P. O. Asylum and the St. Vincent de Paul Society.

Great preparations in the "Burg" for a gala day.

Tickets from Ottawa to Prescott and back, only $1.00.

R. DEVLIN,
Secretary.

June 29th, 1874.

GLAD TIDINGS !!

CANADA.

The Famed Mineral Water from the Caledonia Springs at

CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

FRANCE.

CLARETS.

Johnstons, Barton and Guesters, Godard Freves, and a variety of other brands,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

IRELAND.

Belfast Ginger Ale, Seltzer, and Soda Water,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS'.

SCOTLAND.

Wm. Younger's Famed Edinburgh Ale,

At CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
Grocers, 86 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 11th, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Canada Central and Brockville & Ottawa Rwys.
Dominion Day Excursion—R. W. Shepherd.
Post Office Notice—G. P. Baker.
Ottawa Loan and Investment Company.—R. A. Bradley.
Money to Loan—O'Connor & Wade.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1874.

Mr. Walkem, Premier and Attorney General of British Columbia arrived last evening at the Russell House. He is accompained by his daughter.

Information has just been received by cable that a foolish and ill-advised attack having appeared in the London *Standard* (a Tory paper) on the Canadian Ministry, stating that they had conceived the idea of separating from the Empire and attaching the Dominion to the United States, Mr. Jenkins submitted a question on the subject to Mr. Disraeli, in the House of Commons. Mr. Disraeli replied: —"I don't think it is the duty of Her Majesty's Ministers to find grounds for allegations contained in an anonymous paragraph in a newspaper, but I may be permitted to say that nothing could be more cordial or friendly than the relations between Her Majesty's Government and the Government of the Dominion.

FRENCH CANADIAN EMIGRATION.

The grand national celebration by the French Canadians, at Montreal, will have done some good, at least in affording the means of acquiring reliable information as to the state of the emigrants from French Lower Canada in the adjoining Republic. Several thousands of those people came back to their native country on this fitting occasion, to enjoy the pleasure of revisiting their old homes, and to receive the hospitality of their fellow-countrymen and co-religionists. No doubt this contact with old scenes and associations will have revived former friendships and laid the foundation of new ones, with every prospect of agreeable results in future. But pleasant and useful as such sentimental results may be considered, we are inclined to attach even more importance to the opportunities which have thus been furnished, of comparing notes, and learning facts calculated to give the residents of French origin, on both sides of the line, a correct idea of their real status and circumstances in Canada and the States respectively. All who may be classed as intelligent, in Lower Canada, have felt a deep interest in this subject for years, so it was a happy opportunity, this last festival, of testing the experiences of the emigrants, and sounding their feelings with a view to that return movement, called by our French Canadian citizens re-patriation. Before quitting this point, it is but fair to the Quebec Government to remark that, whatever its shortcomings, since 1867, it has practically exhibited a great interest in the kindred enterprises of colonization and the attraction of French Canadians from the States; very liberal grants of money have been annually made with this object, members on both sides cordially agreeing to this policy, and so far as language could, in addition, offering every inducement to the exiles to return to that natal Province which was represented as always, but too happy to welcome them and assist in their settlement. Colonization roads have been constructed into the wilderness in various directions, and grants of land offered on the most enticing terms to men disposed to clear and settle upon the new territory, whether citizens, or emigrants; societies of influential residents, clergymen and politicians have co-operated to secure the success of this laudable enterprise. Blue-books have annually detailed these various efforts, the manner and amount of the expenditures, the results achieved and so forth. These official statements have looked well on paper, at any rate, and created, in not a few minds, the impression that substantial progress in the settlement of the waste places, was being made, and that the flow of emigration to the States was gradually diminishing. Indeed some have thought emigrants were returning in large numbers, and that Quebec would thus be able to make great strides in development and general progress, and gain some of the ground lost in the race with Ontario in the last decade. We confess to some disappointment at the results achieved. We believe much less has been done and gained than even those friends of Quebec who were not over-sanguine expected, and that a good deal of satisfaction experienced by the laborers in this patriotic field, must be of the sort derived from the consciousness of good intentions merely. It is but right to say, however, that the great competition for labour of all kinds witnessed in the States and Western Canada have militated against the Quebec experiment. Climatic difficulties, such as have repeatedly afflicted the Lake St. John colonists, low prices for produce in many districts, want of manufactories and local causes that need not be gone into, at present, have all had their share in limiting the success achieved. The statements of the deputations from the Republic illustrate these facts, and throw light upon the question of at least some of the proper means to employ for the obtainment of greater results in future. They say truly enough that, though they would rather live in Quebec again, they have no certainty that they could earn as much and live as well, but that if any assurance to that effect could be given, they might seriously think of returning. The advice given their compatriots still in Canada, evinces their understanding of some of its drawbacks as a sphere for the working classes, and proves that their intelligence at any rate, has not suffered by their life in the States. They urge us to establish manufactories in Quebec, to foster home industry and thus create varied employment for the people, at home as well as abroad; and when this is done they will gladly cross over again to *La Nouvelle France*. All this is perfectly reasonable. Of the hundreds of thousands of French Canadians in the Republic, it can surprise nobody that many have prospered. With industry, handiness and quickness of perception, they become good artizans and factory operatives, many rising to higher positions, and gaining a fair amount of influence with the Americans. It would be unjust as well as absurd to ask these people to quit comfortable homes and spheres of usefulness in their adopted country, where they are well treated and respected, to begin to push their fortunes again in Quebec a very large portion of which does not enjoy that kind or amount of prosperity presenting openings at present for a numerous body of competitors for employment. Montreal, no doubt, is rich and go-ahead —as Mr. Fabre, of *L'Evenement*, remarked, it is not the Montreal of ten years ago, but like the States—but it would be a falsehood to represent the rest of the Province as on a par with its commercial capital in enterprise, business prospects, and recent growth. It is vain to flatter ourselves upon any return movement till we have materially increased our means of employment, by the construction of new railways, the establishment of new factories, and such methods of attracting labourers and furnishing them permanent employment. The Reciprocity Treaty will prove a great step in this direction, by giving fresh life to shipbuilding and encouragement to farming, lumbering, and other industries. Besides, when the markets of the States are open to our manufactures, we shall be able to employ multitudes of French Canadian and other artisans in the production of those articles already successful with us, suited to our climate, or in regard to which our expatriated fellow-subjects have acquired skill across the border. We are glad to think that the proposed Reciprocity Treaty affords a fair prospect of a good opening for native skill and capital in Canada. With regard to the results of this emigration, we are not disposed to consider it an unmixed evil. It is far better people should leave a poor country and improve themselves in a better than remain in poverty and hopelessness; and the French Canadian is not the only race that has been emigrating. Needless to say that America, for a century regarded as the home of freedom and paradise of the workingman, must have remained an unbroken unfruitful wilderness without wholesale emigration; and every day multitudes cheerfully sever the ties of home, and embark upon a journey of thousands of miles, to participate in its advantages. To many they prove blessings unattainable in the fatherland. No harm, however, can come of a renewal of the exile's acquaintance with the land o his birth, though he may never desire to make it his home again. The visitors of Montreal the other day appeared so comfortable, intelligent and independent, generally so contented with their lot, as to show that French Canadians can get on in the world away from home, like other races, and to have created the impression in certain quarters, at any rate, that the effect of the visit would be to stimulate emigration to the States instead of arresting it, or producing a backward flow. This notion may be incorrect, but it is not, perhaps, confined to a few, though we believe that the emigration of those already employed at fair wages, in Canada, would be an experiment of doubtful wisdom.

THE TUG SERVICE.

The Dominion Government, some weeks ago gave public notice that the contract for tug service on the St. Lawrence between Kingston and Montreal would terminate on a stated day now near at hand It is a fortunate circumstance for the opposition newspapers that the Government have resolved upon this policy. They need a grievance or two, something about which they can whine with some hope of obtaining a modicum of sympathy, and in this tug business they seem to think they have got the Government at a weak point. Time will tell, however, whether the expectations that have been aroused will be fulfilled. For our part we do not believe they will.

We are disposed to resist the doctrine, to which by the way the Tory mind has ever had a leaning, that public service is more fitly public patronage than a field for private enterprise. There may have been a period in the history of the tug service of the Upper St. Lawrence, when it had to be fostered by liberal subsidies from the public treasury; but it may be doubted if that period extends down to the present time; and it may be further doubted that this service comes within what is comprehended in the term public service. Whatever may be the case in that respect, we can imagine no field more promising for the operations of private enterprise. We do not know what the Government intend doing in this matter; but we quite fail to see the threatened injustice that is to be inflicted upon the public and the present contractor by terminating the contract in the manner contemplated when the power of terminating was reserved. There is no such thing possible or being attempted as "abolishing the tug line," the contract is being terminated only. We presume Mr. Calvin can continue his tugs in the service, since there are numerous proprietors of private tug boats doing a profitable business notwithstanding that the tug line boats have enjoyed the advantage of a liberal subsidy. The termination of the contract is an event which Calvin and Co. ought to have anticipated, since they knew that they held it subject to that contingency, and since it is a legitimate consequence of their own agreement. There is, therefore, no room for a special outpouring of sympathy in their behalf. Of course it is absurd of the *Mail* to say that the tugs are in consequence of this action of the Government "thrown wholly out of use." They may continue quite as much in use as they have been; we do not, indeed, see how it can be otherwise. It will be readily understood by the public that all the circumstances of this case are materially different now from what they were twenty years ago. The volume of River traffic has multiplied many fold; and whatever arrangements may be contemplated by the Government, good cause will have to be shewn for Government aid.

SPAIN.

The death of Gen. Concha will prove a heavy loss to the Spanish Republic. He is the only leader who achieved material success over the Carlists, who inspired confidence in the Government forces, and seriously threatened to make an early end of the rebellion. His last movement appeared a bold and skilful one in conception, and to have been entered upon in a manner every way worthy of the design. It was to surround the Carlists, and cut them off from their useful mountain retreats in the North and West as also from their bases of supply near the French border; and considerable progress had been made in the execution of this plan. The telegrams of Saturday report, ed a severe defeat of the Carlists by a smaller body of Republicans, and doubtless the intention was to follow up this success with further telling blows. The General, old as he was, seems to have led his troops in person, and shared their dangers, and thus it was he came within range of the enemy's shot. The attack upon their fortification, near Estella, may have been too daring, or one mainly of infantry, poorly aided by artillery. At any rate, the General was killed, when his troops thought fit to retire, which they did, we are informed in good order. They did not suffer heavily beyond the loss of their Commander, or they could not have done this, while the retreat proves that but little progress could have been made in the attack. A successor has been found, and with the advantages obtained already by the national troops, they will, no doubt, be able to push on the campaign to victorious termination ere very long. Meantime the spirit and energy displayed by the Madrid authorities of late, have made a good impression, and it is not unlikely that, should they succeed in maintaining their position and with it the cause of order throughout the departments, acknowledging their right to bear rule, they may, shortly be gratified by England's recognition of the Republic.

Official Notices.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
TORONTO, 27th June, 1874

His Honour the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to appoint:
Hiram Johnston, of the village of Stouffville, gentleman, to be a Notary Public within and for the Province of Ontario.

JOHN CRAWFORD.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

By His Honour the Hon. John Crawford, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Ontario.

PROCLAMATION.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern.

GREETING:
O. MOWAT, Attorney General.
Whereas, His Excellency the Governor General of Canada did, by proclamation dated the 26th day of June, A. D., 1869, proclaim and appoint the First day of July, 1869, and every succeeding First day of July, as a day on which the anniversary of the formation of the Dominion of Canada should be duly celebrated: And
Whereas, For the more convenient celebration throughout the Province of Ontario of the anniversary which falls on the First day of July next it is meet and proper that the said day should be declared a public holiday:
Now Know Ye, that I, John Crawford, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Ontario, do hereby proclaim and appoint Wednesday, the First day of July next, as a public holiday, and I do hereby enjoin and call upon all Her Majesty's loving subjects throughout the Province of Ontario, to join in the due and proper celebration of the said anniversary on the said First day of July next.
Given under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at Toronto, in the said Province, this twenty-seventh day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and in the thirty-eight year of her Majesty's reign.
By command,

ARCHIBALD McKELLAR,
Secretary.

Canada Central and Brockville & Ottawa Railways.

In consequence of a breach of faith on the part of the St. L. & Ottawa Railway, the Fare on Dominion Day to Brockville and return will be reduced to $1.00. Excursion train will leave Ottawa at 7:00 a.m., and will arrive at Brockville at 10:00 a.m. Return Train, Brockville 10:00 p.m.

W. S. EATON, Gen. Freight & Pas. Agt.
O. B. FOSTER, Manager.
Ottawa, June 29, 74.

CITY AND VICINITY

THE POST OFFICE.—By referring to an advertisement in another column it will be seen that the Post Office will be open only from 11 a. m. to 1.30 p. m. to-morrow, on account of its being Dominion Day.

MCALPINE'S DIRECTORY.—The proprietors of the above work are only waiting in hopes that the city will be numbered so that they can get out a complete Directory for Ottawa, and have concluded to wait one month longer, when their Canvasser will begin to take the names.

DROWNED.—A boy named Rainville was drowned yesterday at a point about five miles down the the river. Another boy near the Gatineau Point was playing on a "bunn," and in a few minutes thereafter was discovered in the stream, life extinct. Coroner Graham, of Hull, went down to enquire into the circumstances of each case.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.—The steamship 'Memphis,' from Liverpool, arrived at Father Point at 11:20 p. m., on Sunday, having on board 12 cabin and 30 steerage passengers. The steamship 'Corinthian' also arrived from Glasgow at 2:30 a. m, having 100 steerage passengers.

A DEAD CAT.—The residents of Letter O. very naturally grumble at the idea of a dead cat being allowed to remain in the well near the gravel pit in that locality. It is the only public well in that vicinity, and this being the case Health Inspector Brown should see that it is at once removed in the interest of those who are annoyed by it. There is no excuse for a thing of this kind being neglected.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Jerome Pierce, Buffalo, N Y; R Campbell, Egansville; Lt Col McDougall, Brockville; Mrs Thos Murray, Miss Copland, Jas Copland, Pembroke; Allan Fraser and wife, Kinburn; W A Hunter, Pembroke; C Francis Myers, N Y; T C King, Harry Lindley and wife, Miss Nelly Mazoni, J W Erding, N Y; James Cofit, D McFee, Robert Green, Montreal; E E Jones, N Y; John P Romaine, Albany; J P Wiser, Prescott; Wm Cook, Morrisburgh; Robt Dalzelle, Washington; G A Delisle, Onslow; R Starne, Ogdensburgh; Major Irvin, Kingston; George A Walkem, British Columbia; Wm Walkem, Miss Walkem, Kingston; B F Horsford, Boston; Jas Gemmill, Almonte.

Canada Central and Brockville & Ottawa Railways.

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W. S. EATON, Gen. Freight & Pas. Agt.
O. B. FOSTER, Manager.
Ottawa, June 29, 74

CITY COUNCIL.—There was no quorum at the City Council last night, consequently no business was transacted.

EXAMINATIONS FOR COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The examinations for admission to the Collegiate Institute were being conducted yesterday in the Central Schools East and West, and will be continued again to-day.

OTTAWA BRIGADE GARRISON ARTILLERY.—This regiment will assemble at the Gun Shed, Nicholas street, on Wednesday morning, at 7 sharp, and march from thence to the camp ground, where they will be inspected by the D. A. A. G. of the district, also taking part in the manœuvres of the day. The Brigade will be headed by their magnificent band, under the able leadership of Professor Liberatti.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.—After service on Sunday, a meeting of the Parishioners was held in St. Patrick's Church. After some remarks by the Hon. R. W. Scott, Mr. P. O'Meara and Joseph Kavanagh; Mr J. Kavanagh moved the appointment of a new committee to negotiate the proposed new loan and to direct its expenditure. The committee to be composed of Messrs. Scott, Nagle, Cruice, O'Meara, Kavanagh, Duff, and Fathers Stenson and Collins. This committee was also requested to go through the parish immediately for the purpose of soliciting contributions with a view to raising $10,000 directly, from the parishoners, to be paid within three years. The committee will appoint its officers at the next meeting.

THE OTTAWA LOAN AND INVESTMENT COMPANY.—Our readers are doubtless aware that a new Loan Company is about to be established in Ottawa, and for which a charter was obtained at the last session of the Dominion Parliament. We congratulate the Provisional Directors upon their success in obtaining such unlimited powers in their charter, and from the fact that the Company is enabled to advance on all descriptions of 'personal' property as well as 'real.' We predict for this new enterprise a great success. As the stock is limited we would advise all those in search of a safe and paying investment, not to hesitate reading the Company's advertisement in another column, and avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded.

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.—Last evening commenced the first of a series of six farewell performances by that eminent tragedian T. C. King. The piece chosen was Lytton's Richelieu, in which Mr. King gives the most faithful rendition of the astute Cardinal and statesman. His faultless elocution, wondrous vocal power and admirable stage tact have in this difficult character full play. His delineation is absolute perfection, for no actor could portray more artistically the extraordinary transitions from humour to pathos and from sublime tragedy to genuine comedy than does Mr. King. It is an artistic gem and one which the audience thoroughly enjoyed, as round after round of applause greeted his efforts and calls before the curtain. Miss Florence Webster's Julie is a most careful and interesting study. Her action is that of the true court lady, and her elocution impassioned and earnest. The rest of the dramatic personæ were fully up to the requirements of the piece. The only fault possibly being the smallness of the stage. In the farce which followed Lindley was himself again, his local hits, comic transitions from domestic agony to outrageous farce being more than farcical, simply genuine art. Mr. Banks as his confrere, gave a humorous drawing. To-night, Mr. King appears in his great impersonation of Shylock, and we trust our readers will avail themselves of this opportunity of seeing this grand Shakespearian creation properly rendered.

Canada Central and Brockville & Ottawa Railways.

In consequence of a breach of faith on the part of the St. L. & Ottawa Railway, the Fare on Dominion Day to Brockville and return will be reduced to $1.00. Excursion train will leave Ottawa at 7:00 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 11:00 a.m. Return Train, Brockville 10:00 p.m.

W. S. EATON, Gen. Freight & Pas. Agt.
O. B. FOSTER, Manager.
Ottawa, June 29, 74.

Another Student.

Yesterday we had occasion to refer to the successful career of an Ottawa Student in the person of Dr. Stewart, recently arrived from Edinburgh. This morning we note a pleasing incident in regard to another Ottawa Student, D. B. McTavish, M. A., teacher in the Collegiate Institute, at Kingston. Mr. McTavish has, it seems, abandoned the teaching profession and intends devoting his attention to the study of law. The following is from the Kingston *News*:

"A very interesting digression was here made from the usual order of proceedings. Mr. Love, and Mr. Ross, on the part of the pupils, presented Mr. McTavish, who is leaving the school, with a massive gold ring containing a large and very fine amethyst, on each side of which were Masonic emblems bearing a suitable inscription. The ring was manufactured by Mr. Otto Meves, and does great credit to his skill as an artizan. Mr. McTavish at the same time was presented with the following address:

To D. B. McTavish, Esq., M. A.

SIR,—We, the students of the Kingston Collegiate Institute, desire to express our gratitude and testify our affection to you on the eve of your departure to another field of usefulness.

It is with mingled feelings of pleasure and pain that we advance to the performance of this duty. It gives us great pleasure to find ourselves all united and animated with one mind in testifying our affection for you. It is also very satisfactory to us that we have been enabled to present to you at this juncture a tangible manifestation of our affection.

On the other hand it gives us much pain and sorrow to reflect that the connection between us as teacher and pupils is now about to be dissolved, that we shall no more associate together in those studies and labours which have been accustomed to engage our attention from day to day, and which we have pursued under your guidance with so much harmony, pleasure, and profit.

The deep interest which you have always taken in our welfare, and the kind regard which you have exhibited for our advancement, both by the instructions in the school and your assistance at other times, the patience and mildness with which you have treated our dulness, we conceive to be worthy of our highest admiration, and have completely won our affection. Under these circumstances, it is with the deepest regret that we find that you are about to separate from us, and we ask you to accept our offering as a token of remembrance, and at the same time a small expression of gratitude from those who are so deeply indebted to you.

And now, sir, we bid you farewell. We only hope that in your new sphere of labour, in the path of life which you have chosen, you may be successful. We know that you will meet with difficulties, for no path of life is without them, but we hope that you may have strength given you to overcome them, that you may rise to the highest position in the profession which you have chosen, that you may win the confidence and esteem of all with whom you come in contact, and that you may never cease to deserve them. You leave this Institution carrying with you the best wishes of all its inmates, and be assured that each of us will take a deep interest in your welfare, and think of you with feelings of pleasure. We feel that we could not let this opportunity pass without giving expression to the feelings of respect which we alway held towards you since your connection with this Institution.

Mr. McTavish in reply said that though the prizes which the pupils had received would fill their hearts with pleasure, yet he was sure that none of them was prouder of what he had received than he was of their splendid gift. During the three years of his mastership he had always been deeply affected by the kindness with which he had been treated, and if there was something which could by any stretch of the imagination be twisted into an unkindness, it was making him this present without giving him time to get up a suitable reply. He knew that, although in the performance of his duty he had sometimes been obliged to use severe words, and even the oil of strap, yet it was the maintenance of that discipline which prevailed in the school, and for which it was celebrated. In conclusion he thanked them for their kind souvenir, and assured them that whatever he might be in after life, the pleasant days he spent in the Kingston Grammar School would always hold a place in his memory. After a few words from the Rev. Mr. Smith and the Dean, the meeting broke up with three cheers for each of the masters, and for Her Majesty the Queen.

Canada Central and Brockville & Ottawa Railways.

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W. S. EATON, Gen. Freight & Pas. Agt.
O. B. FOSTER, Manager.
Ottawa, June 29, 74.

Dominion Day.

To-morrow will be the Seventh Anniversary of the new Dominion, and from all parts of the country evidence comes of the good intentions to right loyally observe the Natal Day. In Ottawa it will also be duly observed, and from present indications there will be no lack of sport to amuse our citizens.

EXCURSION TO GRENVILLE.

The first feature of the day here will be an excursion to Grenville by the fine steamer "Peerless" (Captain Bowie) of which trip doubtless many citizens will take advantage. Time and again have we referred to to the pleasure attendant upon a trip down the Ottawa, and those who desire to leave the city can hardly do better than place themselves in charge of the amiable Capt. Bowie on the excursion to Grenville.

EXCURSION TO THE CHATS.

Another very pleasant excursion is proposed to the Chats up the Ottawa some thirty miles, by the fine steamer 'Jessie Cassels' (Capt. Findlay). Stages will leave Ottawa in ample time, to reach Aylmer and connect with the steamer for Pontiac. A few days ago, we adverted to this trip, and in a word we might say it has to be seen to be enjoyed. Mr. Cassels the Manager of the Union Forwarding Company is sparing neither time nor money to accommodate such as may make up their minds to take a trip to the 'Chats.'

EXCURSION TO BROCKVILLE.

The great preparations being made for the celebration of the day in Brockville has caused the Canada Central Railway Company to advertize a cheap excursion to Brockville. This beautifully situated town on the St. Lawrence, with the many fine attractions of the noble river and the extensive programme of sports will doubtless attract many to the shores of the St. Lawrence.

MILITARY REVIEW.

In the morning a grand military parade of all the troops at the Rideau Camp, with the Ottawa Garrison Artillery, will take place on these grounds, where a *feu-de-joie* will be fired, after which the whole corps will march through the principal streets of the city under command of Lieut. Colonel Jackson.

FIELD SPORTS.

The attraction at home is of no mean order, as a very extensive programme is out under the auspices of the Mayor and Corporation and other gentlemen well known in connection with sporting circles. The following is the programme of sports to take place on the Ottawa Base Ball Grounds, foot of Elgin Street:

A Base Ball Tournament for two purses of $35 and $15 each, in which the "Pastimes of Ogdensburg, and the 'Mutual's" and "Ottawa's" of this city will take part.

At two o'clock the athletic sports on the same grounds will take place. Kereronwee and Daillibout, the well known Indians have been matched to run against time.

The following is the list of the other sports and prizes to be competed for:

Two mile foot race (open to all) $25, $18 to 1st, $7 to 2nd.
One mile foot race (open to all) $20, $15 to 1st, $5 to 2nd.
Half mile foot race (open to firemen only) $15, $12 to 1st $3 to 2nd.
Two hundred and twenty yards hurdle race (amateurs only) $10, $7 to 1st, $3 to 2nd.
Quoit Match, $15, $12 to 1st, $3 to 2nd.
Running high jump, $10, $7 to 1st, $3 to 2nd.
Standing high jump, $10, $7 to 1st, $3 to 2nd.
Running long jump, $10, $7 to 1st, $3 to 2nd.
Standing long jump, $10, $7 to 1st, $3 to 2nd.
Running hop, step and jump, $10, $7 to 1st, $3 to 2nd.

ST GEORGE'S PICNIC.

Another attractive feature of the day's proceedings will be the St. George's picnic in McKay's Grove. The Managing Committee are sparing no exertions to afford ample amusement for those who patronize the efforts being made on the part of this charitable institution.

TRIAL OF STEAM FIRE ENGINES.

Another interesting feature of the day's entertainment will be the contest between the steam fire engines "Conqueror" and "Union". In addition to what we have enumerated, there will be doubtless many private pic-nic parties and other amusements. In the evening nothing of importance is laid down, but treat enough in this direction will be afforded by a visit to Gowan's Opera House to hear T. C. King, England's great tragedian.

Cricket.

A fine game of cricket was played on Saturday between two crack teams of the Ottawa Club. The following is the score.

G. BRUNEL'S ELEVEN.

A. Bell c & b Phillips	6
E. Miall b Himsworth	5
J. Brunel b do	14
G. Brunel st Scott b Phillips	35
A. W. Powell b Phillips	8
J. Smith b Scott	1
F. H. Chrysler b Scott	0
W. Baker b Scott	0
Mothersill run out	0
Robinson b Phillips	0
J. O'Neil not out	0
Byes 10. Wides 6	16
Total	85

C. B. BRODIE'S ELEVEN.

Rev. T. D. Phillips b G. Brunel	42
C. S. Scott b Brunel	13
F. Mather b Brunel	2
W. Himsworth run out	18
Fitzgerald not out	24
R. W. Powell run out	5
J. S. Fairweather ct Miall b Brunel	4
Dr. Bentley c J. Brunel b Bell	1
W. Harrington, Fuller, Patterson	absent.
Byes 6, 1 b 1, w 4	11
Total	120

A FAMILY FRIEND.—No family should be without Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. It can be given to the infant for the Colic and to the adult for Rheumatism There is scarcely a disease to which it may not be beneficial applied. It contains no deleterious drug, but may be used for the various ailments of mankind. 2595

Convent de Notre Dame.

A large and select gathering took place yesterday in the Examination Hall of the above excellent educational establishment to witness the closing exercises for the year in the English Department. Unlike previous years, the tables containing the handsome and much coveted prizes for proficiency, good conduct, &c., were nowhere to be seen. Their absence was, however, accounted for by the fact that the young ladies, with a self-denial which does them infinite credit, and speaks volumes for the esteem and respect they entertain towards their kind and indefatigable teachers, preferred to have money usually expended on these prizes, devoted to paying for the new and commodious addition which is being made to the Convent and which is being energetically pushed forward by the contractors, the Messrs. Bourgoin. But if the prizes for the young ladies were wanting, the deficiency was amply compensated for in the large and elegant display of prizes to be presented to parents and friends, the work of young fingers, and intended to be useful as well as ornamental. These consisted of almost every article that can be made of linen or cotton, including well and closely knitted stockings and socks of every size, shirts cut and made in a manner to make the renowned Mr. Angus tremble for his reputation, and which made one almost regret that there was no Agricultural Show being held just now at which they might compete for the medal. A profusion of elegantly embroidered babies' dresses and of works in Berlin wool and in wax. There were also a number of artistic drawings in pencil, crayon, and water colours, those of the Misses Wills and Clement being remarkably good. At about two o'clock the chair was taken by the Rev. Father Collins.

Medals Awarded to General Proficiency.

1st. Medal and Crown: Religious Instruction, Miss Germain and Miss McGillivray.
2d. Medal: Observation of School Rules and Punctuality, Miss Belanger,
3d. Medal: General and Continued Application, Miss Clement.
4th. Medal: Literary Composition and Epistolary Style, Miss Pellant.
5th. Medal: French Conversation, Misses Higgins and Cotton.
5th. Medal: English Conversation, Misses G. Cote and Fissault.
6th. Medal and Crown to Plain Sewing, Housekeeping and Dress-Making, Miss Daly.

Department of Accomplishments—Harp.
Medal: Miss Cotton and Miss Dormer.
Equal honorable mention, Miss Pellant, Miss Wills, Miss O'Connor, Miss Caldwell, Miss O'Connor.

PIANO.

Medal: Miss Pellant.
Honorable mention, Miss Steers.
1st Ribbon of Honor, Miss Lillie O'Connor, Miss F Pellant.
3d Ribbon, Miss G Cote, Miss Wills.
3d Ribbon, Miss Wills, Miss P Cote, Miss Brigham.
4th Ribbon, Miss Dormer, Miss Kavanagh.
Honorable mention, Miss Y Cote.

DRAWING.

Medal. Pencil and Crayon, Miss B. Wills, Miss Clement.
Honorable mention: Fancy work, wool flowers and raised work, Miss G. Cote, H. Wills, Miss Clement, Miss Belanger.
Address, Miss Dyke and Miss Germain, "Homage to Our Heavenly Queen."
Proclamation of merit and excellence given to the pupils of the Senior Department.
5th. Course, Excellence: English Department, Miss Kavanagh, Miss Fissault, equal. French Department, Miss Dormer, Miss Lambert, equal.
4th. Course, Excellence and 2nd. Intermediate Course: English Department, Miss Duff, Miss Lecourt, equal. French Department, Miss J Cote, Miss G Cote, equal.
2nd. Course, Excellence: English Department, Miss H Wills, Miss M O'Connor. French Department, Miss Rattey.
1st Course, Excellence: English Department, Miss F Pellant, and Miss Cotton. French Department, Miss Pellant.
Superior Course, Silver Medal Class: Miss Bauset, Miss Belanger, Miss Higgins, Miss Pellant, Miss O'Connor. Having gone through a satisfactory examination received the silver medals, and have the honor to be promoted into the graduating course.
In July, 1875, these young ladies will receive the gold medal and diploma, the highest distinction granted to the institution of the Congregation de Notre Dame.
Homage to the Silver Medal by a pupil from the 1st Class: Miss Cotton.
The closing of the scholastic year at the Congregation de Notre Dame reflects great credit upon the institution, when the number and variety of subjects upon which the pupils were examined, are taken into consideration. The programme was a long one, comprising Elocution, Grammar, Elements of Epistolary style, Instrumental music, both piano and harp, Geography, Arithmetic, History, Translations, Rhetoric, Botany, Vocal Music, Chronology, and General History, Literature and Composition. The pupils in Instrumental Music, were Misses Kavanagh, J. Cote, McDonnell, Dormer, Renihan, Caldwell, G Cote, B. Caldwell, Wills, Miss L. O'Connor, Misses Cotton, F. Pellant, Higgins, Miss M. O'Connor, and Miss Bauset. These pupils were divided into 4th, 3rd, and 2nd class, the 1st class being composed of Misses Pellant and Steers. The pupils acquitted themselves admirably, and the Misses O'Connor, Miss Cotton, and Miss Dormer, and the Misses Pellant and Caldwell proved the high state of proficiency which may be attained in this delightful art, by those who are blessed with good taste and excellent teachers. In the other branches, the young ladies were examined by the Rev. Messrs. Collins, Stevenson, and Brunet, the Hon. John O'Connor, and Moore Higgins, Esq. In Grammar, Geography, and Arithmetic, Misses Shea, Lecour, Brigham, and McGillvray, with the other ladies mentioned for proficiency in music done ample justice to the assiduous care bestowed upon them and their readiness to correspond with the efforts made in their behalf. In Rhetoric, and Botany, and Problems on the Globe, Misses Higgins, Cotton, and O'Connor were very good.

History, one of the most useful and we may add, interesting of studies, was a marked feature, and the quick answers given to very difficult questions, were quite pleasing to the listeners.

One of the most interesting portions of the truly interesting programme, was a duet on the harp and piano by the Misses O'Connor, in which Moore's well-known and admired melody, "the Meeting of the Water," fell sweetly upon the ears of those to whom fortune had been kind enough to grant a glimpse of the beautiful vale of Avoca, immortalized by the Poet's muse.

The History of Ireland was well explained in a conversazione by a group of the pupils. Then followed music on the harp and piano by Misses Dormer and F. Pellant. The programme being finished by well-won promotions and presentations, an address and the finale "Homage to Our Heavenly Mother."

Father Collins in a short address expressed his satisfaction with the manner and style of the young ladies, hoping that their vacation would be a happy one, and that their re-union would not be marred by the absence of any one of those who had done so well. The Hon. J O'Connor, followed in a neat and practical speech, after which the audience dispersed highly pleased with the treat afforded them and loud in praise of the excellent Superiores. Sister St. Gabriel and her worthy assistants.

Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges and Lemons, and all fruits in season, at Hurley's, corner Sussex and Rideau streets. 2597

THE FLOOD has fairly set in, and a great many are rejoicing daily at the great bargains they have secured at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale which continues during the present month. 2597.

The Clan Macpherson.

(A few days ago, one of our exchanges gave great credit to the Rev. Mr. Macpherson, Moderator of the Canada Presbyterian Church, for having corrected His Excellency, Lord Dufferin, in regard to a remark made by His Lordship, which seemed to imply that all Presbyterians were Scotch. There are also Irish Presbyterians, Moderator Macpherson suggested, of whom he was one. The exchange adds, "We are one for the Moderator." A venerable correspondent sends us the following and desires to be allowed to "score another.")

Let's sing a psalm of reverend Phershon,
Respectable and worthy person,
Whose forbears once, we're told by Ayton,
Likened by godly men to Satan,
Went out with pipes and pipers lavish
To slew the wicked clan McTavish.

This Phershon's ancestors had stray'd
On highland hills, rowed up in plaid;
They had no breeks, their legs were bare;
Whiskey they drank, enjoyed fresh air,
Stole kye and sheep, and I've a notion,
One of them wrote the tale of Ossian.

One luckless day, from Albin's hills,
Where peat reek flows from good sma' stills,
The clan had rushed to lift some cattle,
But overpowered they lost the battle;
Their foes, wae's me, but this is truth,
Cast Phershons proud in the Tolbooth.

The reverend Phershon's forbears, tearing
The tartan, were dragged o'er to Erin,
They scraigh and swear, as off they're torn
From heathery, misty hills of Lorn,
And so the Moderator threeps,
He's Eerish, and ne'er stole no sheeps.

TUMMAS THROUGLE.

Rink Music Hall.

One of the largest audiences that has ever assembled within the Rink Music Hall was that which met last night to witness the grand concert given by Professor Workman, aided by the children of the Public Schools and some other amateurs of distinction. The piece de resistance was the Operatta in four acts entitled "The Twin Sisters," in which the leading characters were ably sustained by the Misses Chevrier and Tupper. Miss Bella Chevrier who sustained the part of the Queen with a genuine appreciation of her part, played throughout with grace and elegance, and was particularly effective, especially in the recitative, where she thanks her subjects for the honor conferred in crowning her "Queen of the day." In the duett with her sister, Miss Maggie Chevrier, she was equally successful, and they well deserved the continued applause with which they were greeted. Miss Tupper as "Precioca," was also very effective, and sang and played her part well, as did also the Misses Higman and Grey, both of which possess excellent contralto voices, which were turned to good account in the various parts allotted to them. Mr. J. C. Ware, a Boston vocalist, who possesses a remarkably fine and well cultivated voice, rendered in true artistic style the song by Millard, "Return," and being loudly encored gave "Sing on Sweet Bird," by Virginia Gabreal. One noticeable feature in the programme was the rendering of the difficult but eminently beautiful duett "Flow Gently Deva," by Professor Workman and Mr. John A. McDonald, in which every note was sung with a correctness and precision, which could only have been attained by long and attentive practice, and which was loudly applauded at the close. The various choruses were vigorously and well entertained throughout by the children of the Public Schools to the number of about 800, and every credit is due to Professor Workman for the very correct and efficient manner in which so large a number of children acquitted themselves. The "Gipsy" scene was one deserving of especial mention, and would have done credit to an old established theatre; the choruses being full and true, and the general make up almost perfect. Master and Miss Abbott, two juvenile performers, were very happy in the duett "Love and Pride," and were honored with an encore. The Guards' band played, as usual, well, and the accompaniments by Messrs. Mercer and Baxter were all that could be desired. Owing to the lateness of the evening the programme was curtailed, but, looked on from an educational or a financial point of view, the concert was undoubtedly a splendid success, creditable alike to the ability and assiduity of the teacher, and to the steadiness and attention of the children.

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O. B. FOSTER, Manager.
Ottawa, June 29, 74.

Protestant Hospital.

A large and influential meeting of ladies from the several Protestant churches of the city, met in the City Hall yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, to take steps towards holding a bazaar in aid of the Building fund of the new Protestant Hospital. Amongst those present we observed Mrs. Langton, Mrs. Tilton, Mrs. Featherston, Mrs. H. A. Wicksteed, Mrs. John Rochester, Mrs. Pattee, Mrs. Durie, Mrs. Dr Corbett, Mrs. Garland, Mrs. Raeburn, Mrs. Dr. Wood, Mrs. Bliss, Mrs. Radford, Miss Maine, Mrs. Torney, Mrs. Mix, Miss Johnston, Mrs. King, Mrs. Lindsay, Mrs. Soper, Mrs. E. R. Booth, Mrs. W. Tracy, Miss Wily, Mrs. Jamieson, Mrs. Martin, Mrs. W. Y. Rochester, Mrs. Perkins and others whose names we did not learn. There were also present His Worship the Mayor, Rev. J. Young, Geo. Hay, Wm. Pennock and Wm. Cousens.

On motion of Mr. May seconded by Mr Cousens, His Worship the Mayor was called to the chair. Mr. Cousens acted as Secretary.

Mr Featherston apologised for keeping the meeting waiting, but he did not expect he would be called upon to preside, otherwise he would have been present earlier. He called upon the Rev. Mr. Young to open the meeting with prayer.

The Rev. gentleman then led the meeting in devout prayer.

The representatives from the different churches were next called for. The lists handed in were then read, numbering in all 62 churches to hear from whose parties neglected to make out the returns. The Secretary stated that he would be able to complete these by the next meeting.

Mr. May thought the object of the meeting was principally to receive the names of representatives from the various churches, with a view to organization. He submitted that this was now done and consequently he thought gentlemen had better retire and allow the ladies to manage the details themselves.

Mrs. Langton acquiesced in the proposition, but thought it would be as well to leave Mr. Cousens, the Secretary of the Hospital with them, as his services would be of great advantage. (Laughter.)

The gentlemen accordingly withdrew.

After the gentlemen had retired the ladies proceeded to organise for work. They elected Mrs. Langton, President; Mrs James Blackburn, Vice President; and requested Mr. Cousens to still act as Secretary.

It was then suggested by the President elect and unanimously agreed to, that four ladies from each congregation do act as a General Committee, and that as such shall visit all the members of their congregation soliciting them to join in the work of the proposed bazaar, gathering subscriptions either in money or in work, and that in the month of September a meeting of all the ladies now nominated from the several churches be called together to make further arrangements.

The meeting then adjourned.

A thing of beauty is a joy for ever. And such is a rich flowing head of hair. Reader if you have this great gift of nature and it is not fading out use the Bearine; it is the only safe and reliable dressing you can get. Every Druggist sells it. 2597

BY TELEGRAPH

BARRIE.

Huron and Ontario Ship Canal.

BARRIE, June 27.

The County Council of Simcoe was last night ably addressed by Mr. Capreol, Mr. Lewis Moffatt, Mr. Kerseman, and Mr. Warren Kennedy, in favor of the above scheme, and a number of resolutions were passed unanimously. The first resolution was proposed by Mr. D. Morrow, seconded by Mr. R. Wilson: "Resolved,—That in the opinion of this Council, the inland water communications of this county should be improved and enlarged so as to admit vessels drawing not less than fourteen feet of water, and that the construction of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal as one of the great links in the chain of water communication from tide water to the head of the great lakes, is a commercial necessity, as by the construction of the canal, and by this alone of all the projected means of transportation between the West and the East, can adequate facilities be obtained for the carriage of the surplus freights of the West and the return freights from the East."

Proposed by Mr. Henry Sewry, seconded by Mr. John Carruthers: 'Resolved,—That a work which was calculated to benefit to so large an extent the whole Dominion ought to receive the encouragement of the Government of the Dominion, and this Council respectfully recommends that the Government under suitable restrictions, place at the disposal of the Canal Company, ten million acres of land required by them for the purpose of raising the capital for the construction of the work."

Proposed by Mr. J. J. Carruthers, seconded by Mr. J. J. Hogg: "That this Committee pledges itself to use their influence to promote the construction of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal."

MILTON.

Pic-Nic.

MILTON, June 27.

A Reform pic nic is to be held here on the 8th of July, at which the following gentlemen, it is understood, will be present and deliver addresses:—Hon. A. Mackenzie, Hon. O. Mowat, Hon. A. McKellar, Hon. C. F. Fraser, Joseph Rymal, M. P., D. B. Chisholm, M. P., W. Barber, M. P. P.

STRATFORD.

Dr. Sangster.

STRATFORD, June 27.

At a meeting of the Public School Teachers of the County of Perth, held today in the Central School, the candidature of Dr. Sangster was endorsed by a majority of 33 to 14.

LINDSAY.

Drowned.

LINDSAY, June 29.

A boy named George Deane, about fourteen years of age, son of Mr. Michael Deane, County Surveyor, was drowned this afternoon while bathing in the Scugog River. He had crossed the river twice, and on his return the second time, when very near the shore, the apparatus which he used to support him in the water, and with which he was learning to swim, gave way and he sank to the bottom before any assistance could be given. The body was immediately recovered and every effort was made to restore life, but without success.

OMEMEE.

Huron and Quebec Railrord.

OMEMEE, June 27.

Mr. Fowler, Mr. Cattingham and Mr. McQuade were in the village and townships yesterday, getting petitions signed to the County Council of Victoria to submit a by-law for a bonus of $200 000, to be voted on by the ratepayers of Emily, Ops, Marapose, Fenelon, village of Omemee, and town of Lindsay grouped.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

ENGLAND.

New Manœuvre in France.

LONDON, June. 29.—The *Times* Paris special despatch reports that the Legitimists are trying to induce the Count de Chambord to issue a Liberal manifest on the day Rochefoucauld's nation is reported to assemble. They hope by this manœuvre to secure a majority for the Monarchy.

Deputy Lucien Brun has gone to Fotsdoff to negotiate with the Prince for some such concession.

FRANCE.

Review of Troops.

PARIS, June 29.—President McMahon reviewed seventy thousand troops at Long Champ to day.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 29.—Despatches received by the government this a. m. that Marshal Concha was killed yesterday in an attack by the Republican troops upon the Carlist entrenchment at Muroz Kilometers from Estella. When the national forces learned of the death of their commander they returned to their former positions without disorder, leaving no trophy in hands of the enemy. The command of the Republican army will now be taken by General Seabsis, President of the Council and Minister of War. Senor Catoner will succeed him as Minister of War and Senor Sagasta, Minister of the Interior, becomes President of the Council.

Abolition of Titles—Army Movements

A decree has been issued revoking a decree by which titles of nobility were abolished.

General Concha has made no further movement since the occupation of positions around Estella. His advance await a convoy of provisions and ammunition. When it arrives an onward movement will be resumed.

PORTUGAL.

A New President.

LISBON, June 28.—Despatches by Brazilian cable announces that Senor Avellaneda has been elected President of the Argentine Confederation.

UNITED STATES.

Shooting Affray.

BOSTON, June 29.—Joseph S. Sprague, 30 years of age, clerk for Matthew Bolles & Co., bankers, shot his daughter, aged 6 years, and then himself, yesterday. He left a note saying where the bodies would be found. Deceased lost his wife about two months ago, since which he has suffered ill-health and depression of spirits; he was highly esteemed.

Hot Weather.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The weather is very warm at Washington. A prospect of the hottest day of the season thus far.

A Reservoir Sensation.

The sensation story published in one of the morning papers that there was danger of a Mill River disaster in this city by the breaking away of the Croton reservoir is dissipated by the report of Engineer Tracy to the Commissioner of Public Works, in which he says no ground whatever for such a rumor.

Steamship Arrivals.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Arrived, Oceanic from Liverpool.

QUEENSTOWN, June 29.—Arrived, Adriatic from New York.

Shooting Affray.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—A special from Tuscumbia Ala, to-day says, that Hon. J. H. Stone, member of Congress, has prohibited Geo. F. Long from having any communication with his daughter. Long was indignant and recklessly denounced Sloss and his daughter's character. Sloss returned from Washington on Friday last, and on Sunday evening shot Long from his window. From the injuries received the Surgeon's declare he cannot survive. Sloss confessed the shooting and is now in custody.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

Fires in Russia.

LONDON, June 29.—The last Russian papers received in this city contain reports of very destructive fires at Birditchev in the government of Volhynia, a town inhabited mostly by Jews. A fire one day destroyed 600 houses. Next day there was another conflagration involving a loss of nearly as many more buildings. In the two succeeding days the town was again visited by fires by which the whole streets were laid in ashes. Thousands of persons were made homeless.

Another Pilgrimage.

LONDON, June 29. A deputation of 1,000 locked out farm laborers started from New Market to-day on a pilgrimage throughout the agricultural district in course of which they will stop at the principal towns and plead their case.

Their route lies through Cambridge, Pattan, Bedford, Alney, Northampton, Weedon and the country to Bermingham. A large assemblage of their fellow laborers witnessed their departure and cheered them enthusiastically.

Catholic Bishops

It is reported that the Catholic Bishops in session, at Fuldo, last week, have sent conciliatory proposals to Berlin.

Annexation.

In the House of Commons this evening Mr. Jenkins called attention to an article in to-day's *Standard* which declared that the policy of the Canadian Government aimed at Secession to the United States. He asked Mr. Disraeli if there were any grounds for charging the Canadian Government with such designs. Mr. Disraeli replied that he did not consider it the duty of Her Majesty's Government to find grounds for allegations contained in anonymous paragraphs of the newspapers, but he would state for information of the gentlemen and House of Commons that the relations of the Canadian, Dominion and Imperial Governments were most cordial and satisfactory.

GERMANY.

Drowning of a Princess.

BERLIN, June 29.—Princess D'Aubril, wife of the Russian Ambassador to this country, was drowned at Potsdam yesterday.

News from Central Asia.

The North German *Gazette* in an article under the heading of "Fresh Complications in Asia" says, caravans arriving from Central Asia bring reports that Yakoob Beg is arming against Russia, and it is believed he is prompted to this by agents of Great Britain. There is also a possibility of a collision between Russia and China.

FRANCE.

The Constitutional Bill.

PARIS, June 29.—In the committee of thirty, to-day, the Constitutional Bill moved by M. Casimer Perier, was rejected by a vote of 18 against 5. No vote was taken of the Bill submitted by Lambert. Dr. Sainte Croix's committee decided to draw up a Constitutional Bill of its own, and for that purpose appointed three commissioners—M. Ventavor and the Compte Daru Monarchists and M. Charles De La Combe a liberal conservative. This selection shows that a personal septennate has triumphed, and neither septennate nor definitive republic have anything to hope from a committee of thirty.

PARIS, June 29.—The death of General Concha is considered here an event of political importance. It is believed that Concha intended to proclaim Prince Alphonso King as soon as the campaign against the Carlists was brought to a successful issue, and the Madrid Government deeply mistrusted him.

MacMahon on his dignity.

PARIS, June 29.—The *La Patrie* says, that President MacMahon has recently declared that he would not cede his authority to any one for a single day, and he refused to hear of either Skodtholderate or Lieutenant General of the Kingdom. This is the confirmed declaration to same effect in an order of the day, congratulating the troops on the success of the review at Long Champs yesterday. Legitimists are very indignant at the expression to the President.

SPAIN.

Losses at Estella.

MADRID, June 29.—Besides Marshal Concha one brigadier and two staff officers were killed in the attack of the Republicans upon the Carlist intrenchment at Muro yesterday. Gen. Martinez Campos commands the Army of the North until the arrival of Seabala by orders from Madrid.

The whole army has fallen back to Levin, 3 miles from Estella.

Death of Gen. Concha.

Official despatches place the loss of the national troops in an engagement before Estella at 1,500. Gen. Concha after taking Aborguza marched directly upon Estella, where he found the Carlists had massed at Muro behind entrenchments. A general charge was ordered and Gen. Concha placed himself at the head of the troops, taking his position in the centre of the first line—while advancing rapidly with routine line he received a ball in his chest, fell from his horse and died almost the instant he touched the ground. Gen. Echogue then took command and ordered the army to retreat to Oteiza, Larraga, Berbingana and Taffullo.

This evening Marshall Zerrano has just arrived in the city. Eighteen canons have been despatched to the army of the North. The Government is organizing fifty battalions for immediate service. The spirit of the army is still good and very determined feeling prevails in Madrid. The body of General Concha will arrive here to-morrow, and will have an imposing funeral.

Battle of Estella.

BAYONNE, June 29.—The following account of the recent fighting before Estella, and the death of General Concha is derived from Carlist sources. The Republicans made their first attack on the left bank on the river Ego on Thursday and followed it upon Friday, on the evening of which day they had forced the Carlists from their first line of defence. Next day, Saturday, they attempted to carry by assault the heights immediately commanding Estella. When Gen. Concha was mortally wounded. Total loss of Republicans in killed and wounded and missing is 4,000.

UNITED STATES

The Police Commissioners.

NEW YORK, June 29.—A letter of the convicted Police Commissioners Gardner and Charlock to Mayor Havemeyer resigning their positions and defending themselves against what they call partizan prosecution of the Tammany leaders has drawn forth a reply from the Grand Sachem Kelly in which he calls the Commissioner's letter an ingenerous tissue of special pleadings, suggestive mistatements and bold falsehoods.

The appointment of their successors is held in abeyance by Mayor Havemeyer, who says he wants to consult lawyers as to the effect of their conviction. It is inferred from the Mayor's conversation that if he is advised that the convicted Commissioners have not forfeited their right to hold office under the charter, he will reappoint them.

The Plymouth Church Difficulty

NEW YORK June 29.—W. F. West, a member of Plymouth Church, writes to Rev. Leonard Bacon, correcting a statement about him in Tilton's letter. He says he prepared charges against Tilton in order to purify the Church and put an end to scandal, that the charges were adopted by the examining committee in July last, but by the negligence of the clerk were not sent to Tilton till October, and that they were intended not to investigate but to vindicate Beecher.

Great Heat.

The thermometer opened to-day at 80 and was up to 90 at ten o'clock, and has reached 110. The hottest day of this season.

Whirlwind and Thunderstorm.

A special from St. Paul, Minn., says a whirlwind passed over the State on Saturday noon, doing considerable damage. The residence of C. A. Brockett of Minneapolis was struck by lightning, a child 3 years old was killed and others seriously injured.

Police Commissioners to be re-appointed.

The opinion gains ground that Mayor Havemeyer intends to re appoint the convicted police commissioners in case the Council advise him that they are elegible in an interview with contractor Green to-day. The Mayor is reported as saying in loud tone—I dont care what they say, Oliver Charlick's record is as straight as a string; what your friends want is some men of easy virtue, like shepherd, but I will not submit to dictation.

The Cuban Difficulty.

A letter from Havana, June 24th, says the financial situation is getting daily worse, and the Captain appears no remedy for it. Advices from St. Jago de Cuba of the 17th instant, no word is mentioned about encounters reported in the papers here between two insurgent factions. On the contrary it is reported that General Morine had gone to Mongarnello in order to push matters there, and also to study the question of abandoning the small interior towns and removing the inhabitants to St. Jago de Cuba or to Guantanamo district, he not having men enough to protect them in their present location.

Suicide.

Gustave Saline, a well to do German, of Hunter's Point, was found dead in his room this morning, with evidence of death by poisoning. It is not determined whether murder or suicide.

International Yacht Race.

PUT-IN-BAY, Ohio, June 29.—The International Yacht Race took place to-day, eight yachts competed. The "Ina," of Toronto, winner of the flag last year, was ruled out for non-compliance with rules. "Cora," of Detroit, won the race in 6 hours, 13 minutes and 30 seconds. "Cuthbert," of Coburg, Ont., came in second. "Lena," of Detroit, was third.

Gagged and Robbed.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Last night two men went to the house of Mr. McCormick, Collector of Customs at San Diego, bound and gagged him, and robbed the safe in the Custom House of $3,000. The men were disguised, and escaped with the plunder.

Base Ball.

NEW YORK, June 29.—In the base ball match to-day, the game stood: Chicagos 5, Atlantics 3

The New Cable.

The new sub-marine which is being laid by the *Faraday* is enormously strong and well protected. Its conductor is made of a strand of twelve copper wires, a wire of large diameter being the centre, and eleven smaller ones around it, compounded like one solid strand. This weight 480 pounds per nautical mile. The stranded wire is covered with a thin coating of compound, and then with four coats of gutta percha, each put on separately and allowed to cool before applying another. After the waole has been covered in the manner prescribed, it is sewed with jute to the extent of three-fourths of an inch increased diameter, and is then passed into closing machines, where it is closed by ten galvanized iron wires, each wound with five strings of Manilla hemp to strengthen and protect from rust and decay. A pitchy substance, in which asphalt is the principal compound, is then applied, and after being smeared by this the rubber coating process is repeated. Italian hemp being used to hold the strands in their places until the necessary hardening is completed. The entire length of the new cable is 3,100 miles, the shore ends being about two and one-half inches in diameter, while the deep sea cable is seven-eighths of an inch in diameter. The work of laying this cable is expected to be completed in August. The rates for the transmission of intelligence will be very much lower than the rates charged by the present cables,—twenty-five cents a word being the proposed tariff. At this rate trans-atlantic messages will soon be within reach of ordinary mortals. The first cable across the Atlantic was laid on the 5th August, 1858; five or six have since been laid; but it is evident that the work is as yet only in its infancy.—*Halifax Colonist.*

A Retrospect of the Past Six Months.

The "Reference Book," published quarterly by Messrs. Dunn, Barlow & Co., in a brief review of the past season, says:

The circumstances of the past six months have not been favorable to trade. The effects of the panic last September have lingered longer than was anticipated by many; but these effects have been more apparent in restricting trade than in producing disaster. It is a fact, as surprising as it is gratifying, that within the past six months there have absolutely been fewer failures in number, and certainly fewer in prominence, than for the same period in the average of years. It is safe to say that the internal mercantile indebtedness in the country to-day is not more than two-thirds what it was at this time last year. Indeed, so great has the tendency been towards liquidations, that it alone has been as much a cause of a restricted business and a hampered trade as any want of confidence in the stability of the country or the safety of credit. If, then, it is good to be reducing debts—if it is wise to owe two dollars where last year three dollars was due—the six months of dull times, which have been experienced are not without some compensation. With this consideration in mind, the future does not wear as gloomy a look as might be anticipated, in view of the almost universally depressed tone of public service regarding the condition of business which has prevailed for some time. Should the restricted business continue, disaster may follow and failures be frequent; but is is surely a reasonable expectation that the Autumn trade will be a fair one. An unusually abundant crop of all almost every production is promised in almost all sections of the country. Prices for these products are maintained at remunerative figures, and the steady gain in the value of our exports which the past six months has shown is almost certain of repetition in the next half year. The importations show a large decrease; the stocks of all kinds of merchandise are confessedly low in all retail and consumptive quarters. The monetary institutions of the country have been well sustained, all the machinery of commerce is in running order, no violent shock has been given to the currency by legislation, and there is nothing to prevent a reasonable activity in those articles that go to make up a legitimate trade.

POND'S EXTRACT is recommended for many afflictions; but this is the result of experience. Try it. 2601.

A fine collection of flowers at Hurley's fruit store, Sussex street. 2597

FROM 10 to 30 per cent. is the average actual saving to those who buy now for cash at W. A. Lamb's special cheap sale No. 28 Sussex street, next door to the Bishop's Chapel. 2597

As the balance of Stock and Fixtures will be offered in bulk after 1st July. All parties wishing any of the great bargains that are to be had will do well to come at once, J. METCALFE. 2577

BRAIN EXHAUSTION.—Mr. James I. Fellows, St. John, N. B. SIR: Having, while at your establishment, carefully examined your prescription, and the method of preparing your Compound Syrup, I felt anxious to give it a fair trial in my practice. For the last twelve months I have done so, and I find that in Incipient Consumption, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, it has wonders. In restoring persons suffering from the effects of Diptheria, and the cough following Typhoid Fever, prevalent in this region, it is the best remedial agent I have ever used. But for persons suffering from exhaustion of the powers of the brain and nervous system, from long-continued study or teaching, or in those cases of exhaustion from which so many young men suffer, I know of no better medicine for restoration to health than your Compound Syrup. If you think this letter of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you see fit. I remain yours, &c. EDWIN CLAY, M. D.

PUGWASH, N. S., January 14, 1868. 2601

Pond's Extract affords instant relief from pain arising from burns, bruises, wounds, etc. 2607

BIRTH.

In New Edinburgh, on the 29th inst., the wife of Mr. J. W. Proctor, of a son.

POND'S EXTRACT

CURES

Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa,
etc.

POND'S EXTRACT

BEARINE

For the Hair

Prepared from the Pure Grease of

THE CANADA BEAR.

It produces a luxuriant growth.
It beautifies and strengthens the Hair.
It makes the Hair soft and pliant.
It imparts to the Hair a rich glossy finish.
It is perfectly harmless—not sticky or unclean
It stimulates the roots of the Hair.
It enlivens brashy and weak Hair.
It prolongs vitality.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25 cts per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
Sole Proprietors.
377 St. Paul Street Montreal, P. Q.

June 18, 1874.

THEY —ARE— DYING —BY— INCHES!

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system, and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital regeneration. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pustules, scaly eruptions or running sores, bronchial &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Hence these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only medicine having control over this class of diseases, is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE.

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study, and is now or the fifth time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMON,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto,
Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.

May 14, 1874.

NEW CARPETS.

SPRING 1874.

JUST OPENED—20 bales of new patterns of Brussels, Tapestry, Kidderminster and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.

Our stock being even more complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ottawa Carpet House

39 *SPARKS-ST.*

THE EUREKA TANNING PROCESS.

Patented 1872.

The undersigned is prepared to sell City, County, or Township Rights for the above process of Tanning, and at the same time be

CHALLENGES THE WORLD!

To tan as well or as expeditiously as he can under the Eureka Tanning process.

In selling the Rights, full instructions will be given as to the process.

NICHOLAS WILSON,
Whitty's Hotel, Murray-st.

June 27, 1874. 2595-3m

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B. C. L.,
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, &c.,
Main-St.,
HULL, P. Q.
2323-3m

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl of Dufferin

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

From the Producer, in France, England, Holland and Spain.

Brandies, Port AND Sherry Wine, Gin, Porter, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY!

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlisle's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Also, GLASGOW PEAS MEAL for sale at

THOS PATTERSON'S.

May 5, 1874.

BLYTH & KERR,
25 RIDEAU-ST.,

HAVING now completed the enlargement of their present premises, are prepared to execute all orders, with greater facility in

Plumbing, Gas and Steam-Fitting!

Now opening, a large and varied stock of IMPORTED HARDWARE, also CHANDELIERS in great variety. GALVANIZED IRON ROOFING, &c., &c., A SPECIALTY.

June 26, 1874. 2605-y

DRESS. DRESS.

J. R. STITT & Co.'s

CHEAP

CLEARING SALE OF COSTUMES & DRESSES

THURSDAY AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

This is a good opportunity for LADIES going to the Country or Seaside to secure a good travelling or Seaside Costume ready made, at half price, as the lot must be cleared. Materials are Galatea Stripes, Linen Lasenes, Piques, Batistes, Chambreys, Grass Linen, &c., &c.

PRINTS.

10½c.—CHEAP SALE of light ground Prints from 10½c. per yard

BATISTE.

16c.—CHEAP SALE of Batistes and Lawns at 16c. per yard.

TRELLIS MUSLINS.

19c.—CHEAP SALE of white satin stripe Muslins from 19c. to 30c. per yard.

GRENADINES.

17c.—CHEAP SALE of Grenadines at 17c.

ALPACAS.

20c.—CHEAP SALE of New Grey Alpacas and Lustres from 20c. up. Beautiful Shades.

MILLINERY.

10c.—CHEAP SALE of Hats and Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, from 10c. or cleared at half price.

UNDERCLOTHING.

60c.—CHEAP SALE of Ladies' Underclothing from 60c. up.

REMNANTS.

CHEAP SALE of Remnants, Prints and Dress Goods of every description from 3 to 10 yards, at half price.

J. R. STITT & Co.,
30 SPARKS-ST

NOTICE.

RADFORD & GOYER

HAVING purchased MR. YOUNG'S STOCK at A GREAT SACRIFICE, are now prepared to sell the same at

LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

Stock Consisting of:

Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Coloured Gold Sets, Coloured Gold Brooches, Coloured Gold Ear Rings, Coloured Gold Signet Rings, Coloured Gem Rings, Coloured Gold Ladies' Chains, Coloured Gold Gents' Chains, Coloured Gold Studs, Coloured Gold Sleeve Buttons.

JET GOODS.

Brooches and Ear Rings in Sets, Bracelets, Ear Rings, Chains, Crosses.

ELECTROPLATED WARE.

Tea Sets, Cruets, Cake Baskets, Card Baskets, Butter Coolers, Energnes. Fruit Dishes, Water Kettles, Cruet Jugs, Water Jugs, Spoons and Forks.

CLOCKS—30 HOURS AND EIGHT DAYS,

MASONIC GOODS—Blue Aprons, Collars and Jewels, R. A. Aprons, Sashes and Jewels.

Paper Machine Goods, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Glove Boxes, Portfolio, Toilet Lock Stands, Spectacles, Gold and Steel Pens, Eye Glasses—Lazarus & Morris.

***The whole stock to be disposed of by 1st of August, at less than wholesale prices, at

RADFORD & GOYER'S,

38½ SPARKS-ST., NEXT DOOR TO CHRISTIE'S DRUG STORE.

THOS. S. SARNEY,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER
AND
AGRICULTURAL MACHINIST.

Special attention given to

REPAIRS OF PRINTING PRESSES

And other appliances,

Light Engines and General Machinery

Agent for Edgar, Allen & Co., Well Meadow Steel Works, Sheffield.

Orders or enquiries at
CORNER OF DALY AND NELSON-STS.

June 18, 1874. 2535-tf

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills" I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above named Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without deriving any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 2605

SIXTH ANNUAL

PIC-NIC

—OF THE—

QUEEN FIRE COMP'Y

Will be held in

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL,

—ON—

Dominion Day.

Martin's Brass and Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

TICKETS of admission, 25c. may be had of the Committee and at the gate.

A. FAULKNER, Secretary, CHAS. DUPUIS, Captain.

June 20, 1874. 2600-3in-swas

HARNESS,

HARNESS.

THOS. SHORE & Co.,
(Successors to Thos. Lee)

SPARKS STREET,

Have constantly on hand and will make to order, Double and Single sets of Harness of all descriptions, from Heavy Draught down to the lightest and most fancy in the market. Also variety of

SADDLES, WHIPS, &c.

A call is respectfully solicited. Remember the place—Sparks-st., near Bank.

June 13, 1874. 2600w

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON,

REDUCTION.

In order to meet the wishes of the Travelling Community, we have this day reduced the price of Board for our upper, medium-sized rooms to $2.00 per day. The House contains Passenger Elevator, Cafe, &c., and will continue to be kept as a First-class Hotel in every respect. The large and excellently furnished rooms will be $4.00 per day. Those with bathing and water conveniences adjoining $3.00 per day extra.

LEWIS RICE & SON.

June 26, 1874. 2600-1

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affections. Price 25cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal. 2595-1y

OTTAWA

Agricultural Fire Insurance Co.

The Provisional Board of Directors of the Ottawa Agricultural Fire Insurance Company, organized by Act of Parliament, 1874, No. 46,

HAVE OPENED STOCK BOOKS

For the subscription of those desiring to take stock in said.

The books can be seen and all information had at the Insurance Office of the undersigned, No 36 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Signed, ROB. ANGUS, Jun., Secretary, pro tem.

June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

WANTED a good plain Cook, Kitchen and Dining Room Girls. Apply at Allan House, Perth, Ontario.

A LADY WILL TAKE A FEW

PUPILS IN DRAWING,

Also will give lessons in the most advanced as well as elementary details of WAX WORK, as well as execute orders in the same, on very moderate terms.

References kindly permitted to Messrs. Durie & Sons, Booksellers, Sparks-st.

June 26, 1874. 2605-3m

OPENING DAY.

MORRISON & ADAM,

FAMILY GROCERS,

TEA DEALERS AND WINE MERCHANTS,

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,

48 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 48

SATURDAY, JUNE 13,

D. McDONELL,

Special Family Grocer,

—IS—

Receiving Foreign Importations

And will Advertise in a Few Days.

June 5, 1874.

METCALFE'S

Change of Business!

AS the Business will positively be wound up after 1.Y, and the balance of Stock, (if any) remaining on hand will be offered in bulk, with fixtures, and interest in lease, Goods will be sold during the month of June cheaper than ever.

REMNANTS VERY CHEAP.

Balance of Light Prints of all qualities, at 11c. per Yard.

A still Further Reduction

—IN—

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Silks

Of the latter I still have about 10 half-pieces of the best of the Stock, which I offer at prices never before quoted in Ottawa.

All parties can rely on getting Great Bargains during this, the LAST MONTH OF SALE.

P. S.—The Highest Market Price Paid for Good Clean Washed Wool.

Ottawa, 30th May, 1874. J. METCALFE

Tailoring Establishment.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

MADE TO ORDER IN THE NEWEST STYLES FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS and WORKMEN

All the Novelties in

Tweeds, Coatings and Vestings

To Select from.

CHAS. BRYSON,

58 SPARKS STREET.

April 15, 1874.

REMEMBER

BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Ottawa.

All desiring Goods in the above line will find it to their interest to price our Goods before purchasing elsewhere.—TEAS in particular. Wines and Brandies directly imported by us, of guaranteed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

1874.

J. W. RYAN,

Rideau Street

BEGS respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has opened a First-class

Dress Making and Millinery Establishment

—AT—

234 WELLINGTON-ST. 234

With a large and varied assortment of Goods, such as are found only in a first-class House. In our Dress Making is used the CORNWALL CHART SYSTEM, by which a PERFECT FIT is insured. THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is second to none in the city. Our stock is now well selected, and worthy of inspection

SHOW ROOM ON GROUND FLOOR.

***We have secured the services of a first-class Dressmaker from A. T. Stewart's, New York, also a Milliner from Paris.

Call early, and leave your orders. Prices to suit the Times.

May 21, 1874

St. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

MONSTER PIC-NIC

—ON—

DOMINION DAY

Wednesday, 1st July, 1874.

At McKay's Grove!

Grand Prize List.

SEE SMALL BILLS!

Sutherland's Brass and String Band is engaged.

No Liquors allowed to be sold on the grounds. Tickets, 25c. Children under 14, 15c.

God Save the Queen.

J. YEOMAN, Secy.

June 27, 1874. 2602-2in

$100 TO SEW PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Hope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Sample free. Address, RUBBER RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King street west Toronto Ontario.

SEA SIDE SEASON, 1874.

Murray Bay,

NORTH SHORE, LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

THE LORNE HOUSE

Is now open to visitors.

Telegraph and independent Post Offices at Point à Pic.

CHAMARD & Co.

June 13, 1874. 2594-1m

OFFICES TO BE LET—Suitable for any business, in the Victoria building, Wellington-st. Rent exceedingly low. Apply to R. C. MACCAUIG, agent Travellers Ins. Co., cor. Sparks and Elgin-sts.

SPRING, 1874.

H. HODGES,

56 *SPARKS STREET,*

Opposite British Lion Hotel, has just received a full assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

FELT HATS!

Also, Lincoln, Bennette & Co's and Christies

SILK HATS,

For Spring Trade.

March 16, 1874.

Travellers' Guide.

Below we publish a Travellers' Directory, made up for the benefit of our citizens, and strangers who may visit the Capital. It is important to all travellers to have, within easy reach, information as to the arrival and departure of the various trains and stages for all places, East, West and South. The public can depend upon the correctness of this table:

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Leaves 7.00 a.m., 10.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 9.30 p.m.
Arrives, 6.30 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.00 p.m.

Canada Central Railway.

Leaves, 10.15 a.m., 5.20 p.m.
Arrives, 12.55 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Ottawa River Navigation Company.

leaves at 7 a.m.
Victoria leaves at 5 p.m.

Union Forwarding Company.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* leaves Aylmer at 8.30 a.m.

Stages.

Aylmer Stages leave the Union House every morning at 6 a.m.
Gatineau Stage leaves the Post Office at 6 p.m.
Richmond Stage leaves the Post Office at 1.30 p.m.

Commercial.

GOLD.........................111¼

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, June 29.

GRAIN.	per bush
Spring Wheat	$1 30 to 1 35
Fall Wheat	1 35 to 1 40
Oats	0 55 to 0 60
Peas	0 80 to 0 90
Barley	0 90 to 1 00
Rye	none offered
Corn	0 70 to 0 75
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	2 00 to 2 25
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	7 75 to 8 00
Extra	7 50 to 7 75
Superfine, No. 1	6 75 to 7 00
Cornmeal, per brl	4 00 to 4 25
Oatmeal, do	5 50 to 6 00
Bran, per cwt	0 90 to 1 00
DAIRY, VEGETABLE AND FRUIT.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 25 to 0 30
Tub Butter, "	0 20 to 0 22
Cheese, "	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 12 to 0 14
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 45 to 0 50
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbage	0 8 to 0 10
Onions, per bush	1 75 to 2 00
Beets	0 40 to 0 50
Parsnips per bush	0 40 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	6 00 to 7 00
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens	0 65 to 0 75
Prairie Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 20
Ducks, each	none
Turkeys, each	1 50 to 2 00
Geese, each	0 60 to 0 00
Rabbits, per pair	none
Partridges, per pair	none
Hares, per pair	none
Feathers	0 65 to 0 70
Wool	0 60 to 0 65
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 7 00
Pork do	8 50 to 9 00
Mutton, per lb	0 08 to 0 10
Lamb, do	0 10 to 0 12
Veal, do	0 06 to 0 08
Lard, do	0 12 to 0 17
Tallow, do	0 10 to 0 15
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 17
Bacon, do	0 00 to 0 14
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 30
FISH.	
Fresh Salmon, per lb	0 40 to 0 50
White Fish, do	0 00 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 00 to 0 10
Herrings, per brl	none
Oysters, per can	0 40 to 0 00
Haddock, per lb	0 9 to 0 00
Cod, do	0 9 to 0 00
Trout, do	0 00 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do do	3 25 to 3 50
Hemlock, do	2 75 to 3 00
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	9 50 to 10 00
do Egg do	9 50 to 10 00
do Soft, do	10 00 to 10 50
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
do Clover, do	25 00 to 27 00
Straw, do	9 00 to 10 00
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 7 to 0 8
Sheepskins, each	0 75 to 0 90
Calfskins per lb	0 15 to 0 17

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Cotton, heavy at 18 for Middling Uplands.

Flour, strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls.

Wheat in buyers favor; receipts, 366,000 bus., sales 86,000 bus., at $1.39 for No. 1 Spring.

Rye, shade firmer, receipts, 1,000 brls; sales 8,090 bus. Canada, in bond at $1.09.

Corn dull in buyers favor; receipts, 206,000 bus., sales, 72,000 bush.

Barley, nominal.

Oats, quiet and lower; receipts, 81,000 bush., sales 24,000 bus. at 26c.

Pork heavy at $17.75 for new mess.

Lard, 11½c for Steam.

Butter, 24c. to 30c.

Petroleum—Crude, 15¼c.; refined, 13¾c.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 29.—Erie, 26¼; refined petroleum 18¼ to 10¼ per gallon.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 29.—Cotton, sales today 6,900 bales.

Electricity! Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oil! — Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes 'send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; its cures are truly wonderful.' William Maguire, of Franklin, writes, 'I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., writes—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.O., write—"Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it to take well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

For sale by all druggists. 253

BELL & BRUNEL,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c.
J. R. BELL, M.A. | G. BRUNEL, M.A.
Office—Hay's Block, No. 25 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Money to loan.
March 17, 1874. 201 8-6m

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$50,000.00

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 168th Regular Monthly

Gift Enterprise,

To be drawn MONDAY, AUG. 10th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE OF $5,000 IN GOLD!

Two Prizes $1,000 / Two Prizes $500 / Five Prizes $100 EACH IN Greenbacks,

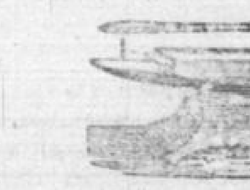
One Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500; 1 Horse and Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $600; one fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $550; five Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each; 750 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches, in all worth from $20 to $300 each; Gold Chains, Silverware, Jewelry, &c., &.

Number of Gifts, 6,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five $20.

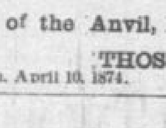
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
June 29 1874 2554 d&w



HARDWARE NOTICE

1,500 KEGS CUT NAILS,

For sale at the old prices, and delivered free to any part of the city
—ALSO—
A complete assortment of
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
AT THE USUAL PRICES.
N. B.—Remember the place
Sign of the Anvil, Rideau Street.
THOS. BIRKETT.
Ottawa, April 10, 1874.



LEA & PERKINS
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper labels, stopper*, and *bottle*.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES
FOR
CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,
Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,
SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.,
And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA. Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME

$60 a week guaranteed. Business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
S. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$5 to $20 PER DAY. Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland.
73 67 ydaw

WANTED.—We will give men and women
Business That Will Pay
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having sure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

Outfits Free. Employment at your homes or traveling. The work is congenial, honorable, and pays the best of anything ever before offered. Cash wages, samples, and complete outfit sent free. Address at once, Clermont, Daniels & Co., 236 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.
ROBERT GRAHAM,

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.
ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2192

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL
Chicago,
The largest and most Complete Hotel in the World.

The Lessees (well known as the Proprietors of the SHERMAN HOUSE before its destruction in the memorable Conflagration of October 8th and 9th, 1871) take pleasure in announcing the completion of this new enterprise, which is now open under their personal management for the accommodation of guests.
GAGE BROS. & RICE,
Lessees for Twenty Years.
Chicago, Jun 1, 1873 2295 3 law

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2513y

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.

Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway.
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., etc.
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco, Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.
United States, via Ogdensburg, Ont., per St. L. & O. Railway.
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway.
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway.
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway.
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway.
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway.
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction.
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage.
Onslow and March via Aylmer.
Aylmer, Hull, &c.
Upper-Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily (Sundays); and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
New Edinburgh.
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Matter posted up to 9.00 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12 00 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, and Newfoundland, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage Stamps and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa
May 25th, 1874.

CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE
Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist,
Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 29 1873

DATURA TATULA.
FOR
Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of
SAVORY AND MOORE
143 New Bond-st., London, W.,
And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

GRAND CLEARING SALE
—OF—
BANKRUPT STOCK.
JOSEPH NEELIN
Having purchased the stock of
Boots and Shoes
Of Preston & McLaughlin, at the old stand,
No. 12 RIDEAU STREET,

Will sell at 25 PER CENT. UNDER COST PRICE. The stock is well selected, and consists of Men's, Ladies and Misses' Overshoes, Boy's do, Felt Boots—wool lined. Rubbers of all kinds. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety and style. Slippers, Moccasins, Buckskin Mitts, &c. Country friends are invited to inspect. A most suitable assortment.
JOS. NEELIN,
[Late Preston & McLaughlin],
and 12 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No plate is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

STANDARD
AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated "*Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions*" of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.
H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York
P. O. Box 1847. 2277m

Try Noonan's 25c. Suppers.

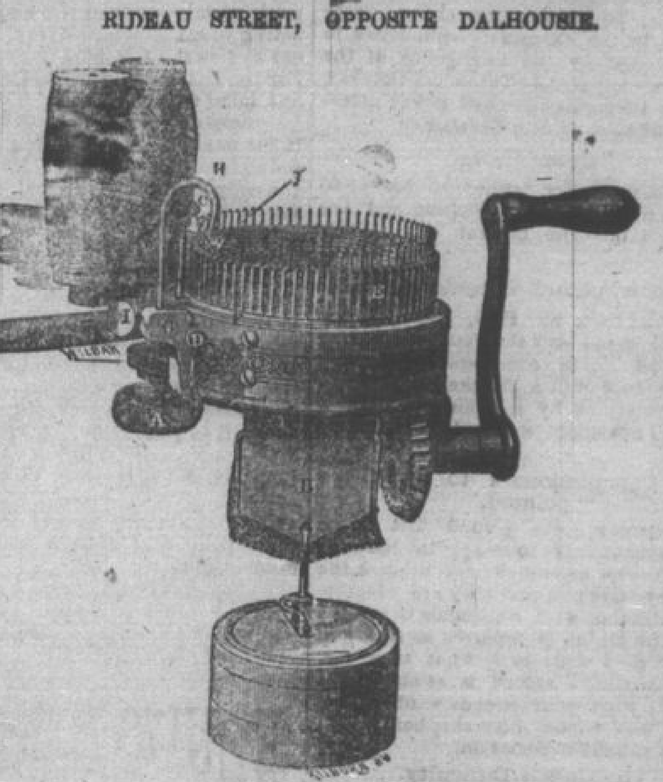
MONTHLY BOARDERS can always be accommodated at NOONAN'S.

Furnished Rooms provided in the immediate neighborhood.
NOONAN'S RESTAURANT,
Sparks-st. West.
Ottawa, May 27th, 1874.

REMOVAL

The undersigned HAS REMOVED to
Stockdale's Block,
RIDEAU STREET, OPPOSITE DALHOUSIE.

Price Thirty Dollars



—THE IMPROVED—

Price Thirty Dollars

Family Knitting Machine

A Triumph of Mechanical Genius, Warranted for Three Years, will Knit 20,000 stitches per Minute. It will Knit

Stockings with Double Heel and Toe, Drawers, Hoods, Socks, Comforts, Smoking Caps, Muffs, Fringes, Afghans, Nubias, Undersleeves, Mittens, Skating Caps, Lamp Wicks, Mats, Cord, Undershirts, Shawls, Jackets, Cradle Blankets, Leggings, Suspenders, Wristers, Tidies, Tufted Work.

JAS. BAILIFF
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
OFFICE—Stockdale's Block, Rideau-st., opposite Dalhousie.
Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1873.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

BARGAINS

T. E. MOORE
BURLINGTON
HAIR-CUTTING
ROOMS,
72 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA,

Begs to inform his lady patrons and the public generally that in consequence of delay in the arrival of his Fancy Goods from Europe, that he purchased an extensive stock in New York, and is now overstocked, and clearing out sales being the order of the day, he will for two weeks, commencing June 6th, sell all Fancy Goods at half price, or 25 per cent less than cost price.

The Goods consist of

Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,
Solid 15 karat Gold Chains,
An immense assortment of elegant sets in Gold,
Best Plate Signet Rings,
Plain and Brass Rings,
Hair Ornaments,
Perfumery,
Brushes,
Real Hair Goods,
Meerschaum Pipes,
Hand Mirrors,
Hair Brushes.

All Goods at half their market price. Ladies and gents requiring such articles will do well to call early at T. E. Moore's Burlington Hair-Dressing Rooms, 72 Sparks-st.
June 20, 1874.

$955,000
IN CASH GIFTS
TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY THE
Mercantile Prize Association
OF NEW YORK.
DAILY DRAWINGS—A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift,	$100,000	75 Cash Gifts each	$1,000	
6 " each,	50,000	200 " "	500	
12 " "	25,000	200 " "	200	
20 " "	5,000	550 " "	100	

400 Gold Watches..........$75 to 300
275 Sewing Machines..........60 to 150
75 Elegant Pianos..........250 to 700
50 " Melodeons..........50 to 200

Cash Gifts, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1,500,000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts. a sealed ticket is drawn without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of $1. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—Fair dealing can be relied on.—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. A genuine distribution.—World, Sept. 9. Not one of the humbugs of the day.—Weekly Tribune, July 7. They give general satisfaction.—Staats Zeitung, Aug. 5.

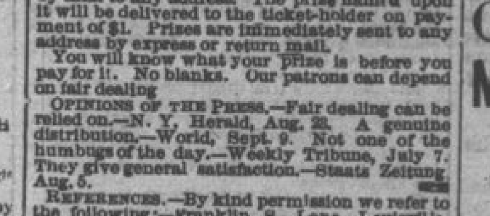
REFERENCES.—By kind permission we refer to the following:—Franklin S. Lane, Louisville, drew $13,000; Miss Hattie Banker, Charleston, $9,000; Mrs. Louisa T. Blake, St. Paul, Piano, $700; Samuel V. Raymond, Boston, $5,500; Eugene P. Brackett, Pittsburg, Watch, $300; Miss Annie Osgood, New Orleans, $500; Emory L. Pratt, Columbus, Ohio, $7,000.

One Cash Gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. 5 tickets for $1, 11 for $2, 25 for $5, 50 for $5. 150 for $15.

Agents wanted, to whom we offer liberal inducements and guarantee satisfaction. Send all money exceeding $1 by express.
Address, MUNAY, GRAY & CO.,
48 New-st.
April 29, 1874. 2550-2m

SPRING 1874.

Edwards & Rutledge,
FAMILY GROCERS,
Corner of Kent and Wellington Sts.
A full stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES
Just received. Also a large supply of
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.
Strict attention paid to the supply of Families.
A TRIAL SOLICITED.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Kent and Wellington Sts.
March 24, 1874. 2525y



S. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER
6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.
S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa
18 249c

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, April 24th, 1874.
Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 11 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

T. PRUNEAU, JUNR.,
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.
Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.
A large assortment of
ROOM PAPER
Constantly on hand
Elgin-St.: Opposite the Post Office
May 7, 1874. 2561y

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR
Savory & Moore's
PREPARATIONS, &c.

Messrs. Lymans, Clare & Co., 382 St. Paul-st., Montreal.
" Lyman Bros. & Co., 157 King-st., Toronto,
Beg to state that they have entered into arrangements for the exclusive Wholesale Agency for the PANCREATIC EMULSION and other celebrated Medicinal preparations of Messrs. Savory & Moore's Chemists to the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales H. I. H. the Emperor Napoleon, H.M. the Khedive of Egypt.
143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

COCOA FOR INVALIDS.—Nutritious and Digestive Cocoa, specially prepared for sufferers from Indigestion, Debility, and Pulmonary Complaints, is highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable, and adapted for the most delicate stomach. Sold by the Manufacturers, Savory & Moore, 143 New Bond-st. London; and all Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout Canada and the States.
March 17, 1874. 2518-12m

FIRE! FIRE!
PRATT BROS.
Have had $10,000 worth of
BOOTS AND SHOES
Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence
On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,
At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.
Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,
Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre
Feb. 6, 1874. 2485-ly

OTTAWA
Mills' Supply Agency,
OTTAWA ONT.,
No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.
CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.
Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.
March 26, 1874. 2.-6t

NOTICE

All parties indebted
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 23 1874.

HATS!

SPRING OF 1874.

Lincoln, Bennett & Co's Hats..........Peacock
Christy's Hats..........Peacock
Blair's Patent Hats..........Peacock
Duke of Edinburgh Hats..........Peacock
Wolseley Hats..........Peacock
Castellar Hats..........Peacock
Cheltenham Hats..........Peacock
Spencer Hats..........Peacock
Serento Hats..........Peacock
Cordova Hats..........Peacock
Venecti Hats..........Peacock
Clinton Hats..........Peacock

All the above Styles of Hats to be found at
PEACOCK'S
SIGN OF THE
RED HAT
33 RIDEAU STREET.
April 2, 1874.

THE ST. LAWRENCE
AND
OTTAWA RAILWAY.
Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME
And acceleration of trains.

ON AND FROM MONDAY, MAY 25th, 1874,
Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East......	3.50 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West......	7.45 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West......	7.00 P.M.
7 mix'd	2.20 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East......	6.30 A.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
2 Steamboat Express	7.00 A.M.	Royal Mail Steamers and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	9.20 A.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East......	4.20 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West & Rome & Watertown Railway......	1.00 P.M.
8 mix'd	9.30 P.M.	Grand Trunk for both East and West......	1.30 A.M.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 7 and 8.
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.
Time faster than by any other route.
Trains are run on Montreal time.
THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
May 20, 1874.

CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville & Ottawa Railways
For Ottawa via Brockville.
TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.10 a.m.	4.30 p.m.
Ottawa	10.15 a.m.,	5.20 p.m.
Renfrew	9.10 a.m.,	4.20 p.m.

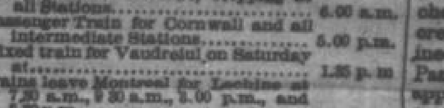
ARRIVE.

Ottawa	12.55 p.m.,	8.00 p.m.
Renfrew	2.00 p.m.,	9.10 p.m.
Brockville	1.50 p.m.,	9.10 p.m.

10.15 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 1.50 p.m.

4.20 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 8.00 p.m.

Connections made at Sand Point with Boats, and at Renfrew with Stages, to and from Pembroke.
A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, May 11 1874.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPY
OF CANADA.

1873-4 SPRING ARRANGEMENTS. 1873-4

Pullman Palace Parlor and Handsome new ordinary Cars on all through day trains, and Palace Sleeping cars on all through night trains over the whole line.

Trains now leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..........9.00 a.m.
Night Express..........9.30 p.m.
Mixed Train for Toronto, stopping at all Stations..........6.00 a.m.
Passenger Train for Cornwall and all intermediate Stations..........5.00 p.m.
Mixed train for Vaudreuil on Saturday at..........1.35 p.m.
Trains leave Montreal for Lachine at 7.00 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., and 5.30 p.m.
Trains leave Lachine for Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 10.00 a.m., 3.30 p.m., and 6.00 p.m.
The 3.00 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations..........6.45 a.m.
Mail Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations..........3.00 p.m.
Local passenger train for Richmond at..........5.15 p.m.
Night Express for Island Pond the White Mountains, Portland, Boston and the Lower Provinces at..........10.00 p.m.
Night Mail for Quebec, stopping at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinthe..........11.00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Mail Trains for St. John's and Rouse's Point connecting with Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly and South-Eastern Counties Junction Railways, and Lake Champlain Steamers, at..........3.15 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at..........3.45 p.m.

As the punctuality of the trains depends on connections with other lines the Company will not be responsible for trains not arriving at or leaving any station at the hours named.

The Steamship "Falmouth," leaves Portland every Saturday at 5.30 p.m. for Halifax, N. S.

The International Company's Steamers, also running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets issued at the Company's principal Stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all Trains at the terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 143 St. James street.
J. HICKSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Montreal, March 23rd, 1874.
W. H. GREAVES, Agent for Brockville. A. H. TAYLOR, Agent for Ottawa
May 28, 1874. 2496y

B 4 U
GO TO THE EXPENSE
OF
BUYING A BABCOCK
Or any other Extinguisher, send for copy of the Official Report to the Secretary of War for the United States, of a
COMPETITIVE TRIAL
OF THE
Johnson Forge Pump
AND THE
Babcock and other Extinguishers.

Several of the Extinguishers failed to put out the same sized fire that was extinguished by one of the Johnson Pumps. This pump costs only $9 00.
Agent for Ottawa District,
ROBERT ANGUS, Jr.,
No. 38 Sparks Street.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JAMES BUCHANAN, of the City of Ottawa, an Insolvent.

A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until 4th July next, after which dividend will be paid.
ALEX. MOFFAT,
Assignee
Montreal, June 17, 1874. 2499-2w

NEW
GOODS
Suitable for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The subscribers have just received a large assortment of English
Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.
And English and French
PERFUMERY
From the best makers; also
DRESSING CASES,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's PERFUME CASES,
SILVER-TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES,
IVORY HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS,
TOILET SETS, VASES, &c.
And a large assortment of Toilet requisites general.
A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists, Sparks-st.
244

FOR SALE.

Lot 23, 9th Range of Hull, covered with fine Maple Wood. Ten miles from the City. Fine Road.

Apply to L. W. P. Coutlee, Esq., Advocate, Hull, or to Henry Celly, Mountain Road, Hull, near the property.
Ottawa, June 19, 1874. 25-w8

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.
Bright! Cheerful! Earnest! and Progressive!
The "Home" takes rank with the best periodicals of the day. It is the
Cheapest First-Class Magazine
In the country, and more thoroughly identified with the people in their social and home life than any other. Every yearly subscriber may choose FREE of the following large and superb Steel Engravings, one of which was awarded the First Prize at the Late Provincial Exhibition in London.
"Peace Be Unto This House."
"The Christian Graces," "The Angel of Bed Time," and "The Wreath of Immortelles."
Agents wanted on salary or commission. Send at once for circulars to
J. W. JONES, London, Ont.
Sole Agent
Nov 8

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES
Patronized by all the World.
Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other exquisite fragrance.
Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.
Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.
Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.
Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, ... and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Evening Parties.
Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Lead, ... and Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.
Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent St., and 24 Cornhill, London; 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton.
Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

Caution.
GENUINE PANCREATINE
PANCREATIC EMULSION

The efficacy of these Remedies in the treatment of Indigestion, ... Pulmonary Catarrh, Consumption, ... ing, &c., &c., depending ... their purity and strength. ... SAVORY & MOORE caution ... against imitations of them ... forth as possessing the ... ties of the true preparations, ... are in reality either ... pounds, ointments or pomades ... trace of the Pancreatic principle ... tirely unfit and useless ... These imitations are calculated ... serious disappointment and ... affect the reputation which ... Pancreatine and Pancreatic ... have acquired. It is therefore important that purchasers ... on the bottles for the name ... Mark

"SAVORY & MOORE,"
The Original and only Manufacturers, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, H.I.M. Napoleon the Third, His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, &c.,
143 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Extract from an Analytical Report ... a Foreign Specimen of a so-called ... ration of Pancreatine

"This compound resembled ... ment or Pomade in appearance ... sistency, and was flavored with ... Almond or Prussic Acid. It ... alkaline, indicating free alkali, ... ing upon the fat, produced the ... nifying result; the whole forming ... lar moist mass of fat, soap, glycerine ... water. This ointment was physically ... chemically different from the true ... creatic Emulsion which I have also examined, and which, besides being ... Pancreatic juice, has the delicate ... appearance and consistency ... cream, is palatable and readily taken."

Wholesale Agents for Canada,
Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., ... Paul Street, MONTREAL.
Messrs. LYMAN BROTHERS & CO., King Street, Toronto
February 28th. 1873.

OTTAWA STEAM
Carriage and Sleigh
FACTORY.
RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA.

W. Stockdale & Co
PROPRIETORS.

At this establishment will be found on hand, or made to order ... latest and most approved styles of
Coaches, Carriages, Omnibuses,
ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES AND SLEIGHS
Which in point of finish and durability are not surpassed in any market.

All work warranted for one year, and all kinds of repairing carefully and promptly done.

A very large amount of new and improved machinery has lately been added, and as the whole is driven by steam (the only establishment so supplied in this section of country), we are in a position to produce work more promptly and cheaper than any one else.

The proprietors are practical workmen, and give personal supervision to all work.
Ottawa, March 25, 1872.

AUTUMN 1873

O'MEARA & CO.
50 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Our assortment of
Ready-made Clothing
being now complete, we have the pleasure of waiting on you with our Autumn Circular, through which medium we beg to inform you that we will submit for your inspection a complete assortment of
MANUFACTURED CANADIAN TWEEDS AND CLOTHS,
in a variety unsurpassed by any other house in the Trade. Our energies having been particularly directed to the manufacture of
CLOTHING SUITABLE FOR THE OTTAWA TRADE,
we feel assured that all orders entrusted to us will be satisfactorily filled.
Lumbermen's inspection to our ... Blankets,
Bags, Buck and Beef Moccasins
Is earnestly solicited.
O'MEARA & CO.
A. DUFF,
Ottawa, Aug 8 1873.

VOCAL MUSIC.

MRS. ROBERTSON,
A pupil of Signor Leon Corelli, the celebrated teacher of Vocalisation, wishes to give lessons in Vocalisation. She will attend pupils at their residences, or receive them at her house, between ... 6 o'clock p.m. Terms made known on application. Residence Joyce's ... Rideau Street, Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1872.

THE TIMES is printed and published by MacLEAN, ROGER & CO., at their Office, Lot Number 12, Wellington Street, (late Her Majesty's Theatre) Centre Town, Ottawa.